

# THE HOLY QUR'ĀN



# THE HOLY QUR'ĀN

# ARABIC TEXT AND ENGLISH TRANSLATION

Translated by Maulawī Sher 'Alī

Published with alternative translation of, and footnotes to, some of the verses by HADRAT MIRZĀ ṬĀHIR AHMAD Fourth Successor of the Promised Messiah (1982-2003)

under the auspices of HADRAT MIRZĀ MASROOR AHMAD Fifth Successor of the Promised Messiah and Supreme Head of the Ahmadiyya Muslim Jamā'at

2021 Islam International Publications Limited

#### THE HOLY QUR'AN—ARABIC TEXT AND ENGLISH TRANSLATION

Translated by Maulawī Sher 'Alī published with alternative translation of, and footnotes to, some of the verses by Hadrat Mirzā Ṭāhir Aḥmad Fourth Successor of the Promised Messiah. (1982-2003)

First published in Holland in 1955

Since then many editions have been published in different countries. Reprinted with an appendix 1997 (ISBN: 1 85372 314 2) New Edition (new format) 2004 (ISBN: 1 85372 779 2) Reprinted (Small Size) 2005 (ISBN: 1 85372 811 X) Soft Cover Edition USA 2012 (ISBN: 978 1 84880 010 6) Reprinted (Small Size) UK 2014 (ISBN: 978-1-84880-017-5) Reprinted (Royal Size) UK 2015, 2019 1st Edition (Composed in New font **KHATT-E-MANZOOR**) in INDIA 2021 Present 1st Edition (Composed in New font **KHATT-E-MANZOOR**) in UK 2021

© ISLAM INTERNATIONAL PUBLICATIONS LTD.

Published by: Islam International Publications Ltd. Islamabad, Sheephatch Lane, Tilford, Surrey GU10 2AQ UK

Printed and bound in UK By:

British Library Cataloguing in Publication data: [Koran. English and Arabic. 1989] The Holy Quran with English translation. 1. Ali, maulawi Sher 297'. 122

ISBN: 978-1-84880-022-9

# CONTENTS

	Pages
List of parts with page numbers	k
Alphabetical list of chapters with page numbers	k
Publisher's Note	1
Foreword	m
Foreword with System of Transliteration	0
Index of symbols denoting pauses	q
Chapter_1Al-Fātiḥah	1
Chapter2Al-Baqarah	2
Chapter3Āl-e-'Imrān	67
Chapter_4An-Nisā'	105
Chapter_5 Al-Mā'idah	146
Chapter_6Al-Anʻām	175
Chapter7Al-A'rāf	207
Chapter8Al-Anfāl	243
Chapter9At-Taubah	257
Chapter10Yūnus	284
Chapter11 Hūd	305
Chapter12Yūsuf	326
Chapter13 Ar-Ra'd	346
Chapter14Ibrāhīm	355
Chapter15Al-Hijr	365
Chapter_16An-Naḥl	375
Chapter17Banī Isrā'īl	396
Chapter_18Al-Kahf	413
Chapter19Maryam	431
Chapter_20Ţā Hā	442
Chapter21Al-Anbiyā'	458
Chapter_22Al-Ḥajj	473
Chapter23Al-Mu'minūn	487
Chapter24An-Nūr	500
Chapter25Al-Furqān	515

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \varsigma \ \varsigma \ (See details of transliteration on page 'p').$ 

	Pages
Chapter26Ash-Shu'arā'	526
Chapter_27An-Naml	543
Chapter28Al-Qaşaş	557
Chapter29Al-'Ankabūt	573
Chapter30Ar-Rūm	585
Chapter31Luqmān	595
Chapter32As-Sajdah	601
Chapter33Al-Ahzāb	606
Chapter34Sabā'	621
Chapter35Fāțir	631
Chapter36Yā Sīn	640
Chapter37Aș-Ṣāffāt	650
Chapter38Ṣād	663
Chapter39Az-Zumar	673
Chapter40Al-Mu'min	686
Chapter41Ḥā Mīm As-Sajdah	700
Chapter42Ash-Shūrā	710
Chapter43Az-Zukhruf	720
Chapter44Ad-Dukhān	731
Chapter45Al-Jāthiyah	736
Chapter46Al-Ahqāf	742
Chapter47Muḥammad	749
Chapter48Al-Fath	756
Chapter49Al-Ḥujurāt	763
Chapter50Qāf	767
Chapter_51Adh-Dhāriyāt	772
Chapter52At-Tūr	778
Chapter53An-Najm	783
Chapter54Al-Qamar	788
Chapter55Ar-Raḥmān	793
Chapter56Al-Wāqi'ah	799
Chapter57Al-Hadīd	806
Chapter58Al-Mujādalah	813
$a \ i \ u \   \ th \ \dot{\tau} \   \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \   \ dh \ \dot{s} \   \ \dot{s} \ \mathbf{h} \ \mathbf{h} \ \dot{s} \   \ \dot{s} \ \mathbf{h} \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s} \ \mathbf{h} \ \dot{s} \ $	ء'   ق q   غ

(See details of transliteration on page 'p').

	Pages
Chapter59Al-Hashr	818
Chapter60Al-Mumtahinah	823
Chapter61Aş-Ṣaff	827
Chapter62Al-Jumu'ah	830
Chapter63Al-Munāfiqūn	832
Chapter64At-Taghābun	835
Chapter65Aț-Țalāq	838
Chapter66At-Taḥrīm	842
Chapter67Al-Mulk	845
Chapter68Al-Qalam	849
Chapter69Al-Ḥāqqah	854
Chapter70Al-Maʿārij	859
Chapter71Nūh	863
Chapter72Al-Jinn	867
Chapter73Al-Muzzammil	871
Chapter74Al-Muddaththir	874
Chapter75Al-Qiyāmah	878
Chapter76Ad-Dahr	881
Chapter77Al-Mursalāt	885
Chapter78An-Nabā'	889
Chapter79An-Nāziʿāt	892
Chapter80'Abasa	895
Chapter81At-Takwīr	898
Chapter 82Al-Infițār	900
Chapter83At-Tatfif	902
Chapter84Al-Inshiqāq	905
Chapter85Al-Burūj	907
Chapter86At-Ṭāriq	909
Chapter87Al-A'lā	910
Chapter88Al-Ghāshiyah	912
Chapter89Al-Fajr	914
Chapter90Al-Balad	917
Chapter 91Ash-Shams	919
: اط ا ف أ مر ا ث الله عنه ال	ء'   ق q   غ h اظ ۶   ط ج

(See details of transliteration on page 'p').

	Pages
Chapter92Al-Lail	_921
Chapter93Ad-Duhā	_923
Chapter94Al-Inshirāh	_924
Chapter95At-Tīn	_925
Chapter96Al-'Alaq	_926
Chapter97Al-Qadr	_928
Chapter98Al-Bayyinah	_929
Chapter99Az-Zilzā1	_931
Chapter_100Al-'Ādiyāt	_932
Chapter_101Al-Qāriʿah	_933
Chapter_102At-Takāthur	_934
Chapter103Al-'Aşr	_935
Chapter_104Al-Humazah	_936
Chapter105Al-Fīl	_937
Chapter106Quraish	_937
Chapter107Al-Māʿūn	_938
Chapter108Al-Kauthar	_938
Chapter109Al-Kāfirūn	_939
Chapter110An-Nașr	_939
Chapter_111Al-Lahab	_940
Chapter112Al-Ikhlāş	_940
Chapter113Al-Falaq	_941
Chapter114An-Nās	_941
Prayer offered at the completion of the recitation of the Holy Qur'ān_	_942
Some Arabic Words Explained in the Original and Subsequent Edition	s_943
Index	_947
Explanatory List of Some Quranic Words and Expressions Explained	
by Hadrat Khalīfatul Masīh IV	1004
List of References of Proposed Translation & Notes	
by Ḥaḍrat Khalīfatul Masīḥ IV	1005

# List of Parts with Page Numbers

Part No.	Page No.	Part No.	Page No.	Part No.	Page No.
Part 1	1	Part 11	275	Part 21	580
Part 2	29	Part 12	306	Part 22	611
Part 3	56	Part 13	335	Part 23	642
Part 4	84	Part 14	365	Part 24	678
Part 5	111	Part 15	396	Part 25	707
Part 6	138	Part 16	425	Part 26	742
Part 7	165	Part 17	458	Part 27	774
Part 8	194	Part 18	487	Part 28	813
Part 9	222	Part 19	518	Part 29	845
Part 10	249	Part 20	551	Part 30	889

### Alphabetical List of Chapters with Page Numbers

-			1
Al-Aḥqāf742	Al-Ghāshiyah_912	Muhammad749	Ar-Rūm585
Al-Ahzāb606	Al-Hadīd806	Al-Mujādalah_813	Sabā'621
Al-An'ām175	Al-Hajj473	Al-Mulk845	Şād663
Al-Anbiyā'458	HāMīmAs-Sajdah_700	Al-Mu'min686	Aṣ-Ṣaff827
Al-Anfāl243	Al-Hāqqah854	Al-Mu'minūn_487	Aș-Ṣāffāt650
Al-A'rāf207	Al-Hashr818	Al-Mumtahinah_823	As-Sajdah601
'Abasa895	Al-Hijr365	Al-Munāfiqūn_832	Ash-Shams 919
Al-'Ādiyāt932	Hūd305	Al-Mursalāt_885	Ash-Shu'arā'_526
Al-A'lā910	Al-Hujurāt763	Al-Muzzammil_871	Ash-Shūrā710
Al-'Alaq926	Al-Humazah_936	An-Nabā'889	At-Taghābun_835
Al-'Ankabūt 573	Ibrāhīm 355	An-Naḥl 375	Țā Hā 442
Al-'Aşr 935	Al-Ikhlāş 940	An-Najm 783	At-Taḥrīm 842
Āl-e-'Imrān67	Al-Infițār900	An-Naml543	At-Takāthur 934
Al-Balad 917	Al-Inshiqāq 905	An-Nās941	At-Takwīr 898
Banī Isrā'īl 396	Al-Inshirāh 924	An-Nașr 939	At-Talāq 838
Al-Baqarah 2	Al-Jāthiyah 736	An-Nāzi'āt 892	At-Ţāriq 909
Al-Bayyinah 929	Al-Jinn 867	An-Nisā' 105	At-Tatfif 902
Al-Burūj907	Al-Jumu'ah 830	Nūḥ 863	At-Taubah 257
Ad-Dahr 881	Al-Kāfirūn 939	An-Nūr 500	At-Tīn 925
Adh-Dhāriyāt 772	Al-Kahf 413	Al-Qadr 928	Aț-Țūr 778
Ad-Duhā 923	Al-Kauthar 938	Qāf 767	Al-Wāqi'ah 799
Ad-Dukhān 731	Al-Lahab 940	Al-Qalam 849	Yā Sīn 640
Al-Fajr 914	Al-Lail 921	Al-Qamar 788	Yūnus 284
Al-Falaq 941	Luqmān 595	Al-Qāri'ah 933	Yūsuf 326
Al-Fath 756	Al-Ma'ārij 859	Al-Qaşaş 557	Az-Zilzāl 931
Al-Fātiḥah 1	Al-Mā'idah 146	Al-Qiyāmah 878	Az-Zukhruf 720
Fāțir 631	Maryam 431	Quraish 937	Az-Zumar 673
Al-Fīl937	Al-Mā'ūn938	Ar-Ra'd346	
Al-Furqān515	Al-Muddaththir_874	Ar-Raḥmān793	

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ \dot{c} \ (kh \ \dot{r} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ \dot{c} \ (kh \ \dot{r} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ \dot{c} \ )$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

## Publisher's Note on the English Translation of the Holy Qur'an by Hazrat Maulana Sher Ali (ra)

By the sheer grace and mercy of Allah the Almighty, under the blessed guidance and special directives of Hazrat Mirza Masroor Ahmad, Khalifatul Masih V (aba), a soft-copy of the Arabic text of the Holy Qur'an has been prepared using the InDesign software, by the Nazarat Nashro Isha'at, Qadian, according to the script of the Yassarnal Qur'an formed by Hazrat Pir Manzur Muhammad Sahib (ra). This task has been completed with a view to publish the translations of the Holy Qur'an in numerous languages following the same pattern.

To begin with, the Nazarat Nashro Isha'at, Qadian has prepared a soft-copy of the English translation of the Holy Qur'an by Hazrat Maulavi Sher Ali Sahib (ra), along with the original Arabic text.

Mr. Quraishi Mohammad Fazlullah Sahib had the honour of conducting the checking and final reading of the Arabic text, diligently comparing it with the original. Similarly, Mr. Qureshi Naeem ul Haque performed the significant tasks of incorporating corrections and undertaking the final typesetting of the Arabic text. Mr. Nooruddin Noori, Mr. Ahmad Sadiq Rather, Mr. Waseem Ahmed Azeem and Mr. Mohammad Arif Rabbani also rendered their joint efforts in proofreading the English text of the translation.

Mr. Ahsan Ghouri, Mr. K. Tariq Ahmad and Mr. Ataul Mujeeb Lone also deserve our gratitude for their exceptional cooperation and contributions in this noble endeavour.

May Allah bless this publication in every respect and richly reward all those who helped contribute to bring this noble work to fruition, *Ameen*.

Hafiz Makhdum Sharif, Nazir Nashro Isha'at Qadian 23rd March 2021



#### Foreword

In 2004 we published, under the auspices of Hadrat Mirzā Masroor Ahmad, Khalīfatul Masīh V<sup>at</sup>, the Royal Size of the Holy Qur'ān translated into English by Hadrat Maulawī Sher 'Alī with the alternative translation of, and footnotes to, some of the verses by Hadrat Mirzā Ṭāhir Ahmad, Khalīfatul Masīh IV<sup>th</sup>. It should be noted that the original translation of Hadrat Maulawī Sher 'Alī was not changed and the translation and notes by Hadrat Mirzā Ṭāhir Ahmad, Khalīfatul Masīh IV<sup>th</sup>, were both given below the relevant pages of the text and translation with asterisks. We are again privileged to publish this Royal Size edition in hardcover.

In this edition we have corrected the English names of the  $S\bar{u}rahs$  according to the system of transliteration approved by Hadrat Khalīfatul Masīh V<sup>ai</sup>.

We pray and hope that this new edition would find a large circulation especially among those who suffer from Islamophobia and do not hesitate to raise objections against the Word of Allāh, His Prophet<sup>sa</sup> and Islām.

Hadrat Mirzā Ghulām Ahmad of Qadian, the Promised Messiah and Mahdī<sup>as</sup>, addressing the entire world, says:

"Whenever Islām has been confronted with any other religion in consequence of some new condition of the age, the sharp and effective instrument that has immediately come to hand is the Holy Qur'ān. In the same way, whenever philosophic thought has been given publicity in opposition to it, the Holy Qur'ān has destroyed that poisonous plant and has so humiliated it as to provide a mirror to its students which shows up the true philosophy which is contained in the Holy Qur'ān alone and nowhere else."

> (Izāla-e-Auhām, Ruhānī Khazā'in, Vol. 3, p. 382) (The Essence of Islam, Vol. I, p.355)



"I call Allāh to witness that the Holy Qur'ān is a rare pearl. Its outside is light and its inside is light and its above is light and its below is light and there is light in every word of it... It has been disclosed to me in a vision that the garden of holiness is irrigated by the water of the Qur'ān, which is a surging ocean of the water of life. He who drinks from it, comes to life; indeed, he brings others to life."

> (Ā'īna'-e-Kamālāt-e-Islām, Rūhānī Khazā'in, Vol. 5, pp. 545-546) (The Essence of Islam, Vol. I, p.356)

We owe our gratitude and indebtedness to Munīr-ud-Dīn Shams, Additional Wakīl-ut-Taṣnīf, London, for his relentless help that he gave us in preparing that edition. We are also grateful to Mirzā Anas Aḥmad, M.A. M.Litt. (Oxon), Wakīl-ul-Ishā'at, Taḥrike-Jadīd, Rabwah and his team at Rabwah for their help in making this edition ready for publication. May Allāh reward them for this abundantly. Āmīn.

The Publisher



#### Foreword

The English translation of The Holy Qur'ān by the late Hadrat Maulawī Sher 'Alī (may Allāh be pleased with him) was first published in Holland in 1955 and since then many editions have been published in different countries. In 1997 Islam International Publications Ltd. issued a new edition with an appendix containing alternative translations of some verses, or parts of verses, as well as explanatory notes to some of them by Hadrat Mirzā Ṭāhir Ahmad, the fourth successor of the Promised Messiah (may Allāh bless his soul with His infinite mercy). In the present edition we have dropped the appendix and brought the material under relevant verses marking them with starlets\*. (The alternative translations by Hadrat Mirzā Ṭāhir Ahmad are given in bold letters. But where he has made a deletion in the original translation, no bold letters are used). This, we hope, will facilitate the reader to make full use of these additions. Starlets are also used to indicate publisher's notes, however, at the end of each such note, 'publisher' is printed in brackets. The symbols '†', '‡' indicate the original notes by the translator.

The present project was begun under the instructions of Hadrat Mirzā Ţāhir Aḥmad, the fourth successor of the Promised Messiah and Head of the World Wide Aḥmadiyya Muslim Jamā'at (May Allāh bless his soul with His infinite mercy). Before Hudur's demise, he constantly guided us and prayed for us; and made some changes in, and additions to, his own translation. After his demise, Hadrat Mirzā Masroor Aḥmad, Khalīfatul Masīḥ the Fifth, has been guiding us and praying for us. Whenever we felt that in the appendix of the old edition some typing mistakes or minor mistakes of punctuation, setting etc. needed to be corrected, we always sought guidance first from Ḥadrat Khalīfatul Masīḥ IV and later from Ḥadrat Khalīfatul Masīḥ V. Only those corrections are incorporated which were approved by Ḥadrat Khalīfatul Masīḥ IV and later by Ḥadrat Khalīfatul MasīḥV.

We are pleased to record our gratitude and indebtedness to Munīr-ud-Dīn Shams, Additional Wakīl-ut-Taṣnīf, London, for his relentless help that he gave us in preparing this edition. He was always ready to present our textual and other difficulties to Hadrat Khalīfatul Masīh and seek his guidance on our behalf. We appreciate his constantly encourging us to bring out this edition as soon as possible. We cannot, however, overlook to thank the team in Pakistan who assisted Munīr-ud-Dīn Shams in this difficult task. The team was headed by Mirzā Anas Ahmad, M.A. M.Litt. (Oxon), Wakīl-ul-Ishā'at Tahrīk-e-Jadīd, Rabwah and included Mirzā Lutfur Rahmān, Savved Mansūr Ahmad Bashīr, 'Azīz-ur-Rahmān Khālid, Ashraf Ishāq, Mubashir Ahmad and Shaikh Naseer Ahmad who typeset the manuscript and made it camera-ready for publishing; we very much appreciate his expertise in Desktop Publishing. Last, but not the least, we are extremely grateful to Chaudhary Hamīdullāh M.A., Wakīlul-A'la Tahrik-e-Jadid, Rabwah, for his guidance and encouragement to the Rabwah team and for his helping it in every possible manner whenever it needed any assistance from him.



In transliterating Arabic words we have followed the following system adopted by the Royal Asiatic Society.

- at the beginning of a word, pronounced as *a*, *i*, *u* preceded by a very slight aspiration, like *h* in the English word 'honour'.
- *th*, pronounced like *th* in the English word 'thing'.
- $\zeta$  *h*, a guttural aspirate, stronger than h.
- $\dot{\zeta}$  kh, pronounced like the Scotch ch in 'loch'.
- dh, pronounced like the English *th* in 'that'.
- s, strongly articulated s. من
- ض d, similar to the English th in 'this'.
- $\pm$  *t*, strongly articulated palatal t.
- خ. strongly articulated z.
- $\xi$  ', a strong guttural, the pronounciation of which must be learnt by the ear.
- $\dot{\varepsilon}$  gh, a sound approached very nearly in the r 'grasseye' in French, and in the German r. It requires the muscles of the throat to be in the 'gargling' position whilst pronouncing it.
- ف q, a deep guttural k sound.
- ', a sort of eatch in the voice.

Short vowels are represented by *a* for - (like *u* in 'bud'); *i* for - (like *i* in 'bid'); u for - (like *oo* in 'wood'); the long vowels by  $\bar{a}$  for - or  $\mathcal{T}$ (like *a* in 'father');  $\bar{i}$  for  $\mathcal{S}$  - or - (like *e* in 'deep'); *ai* for  $\mathcal{S}$  - (like *i* in 'site');  $\bar{u}$  for  $\mathcal{S}$  - (like *oo* in 'root'); *au* for  $\mathcal{S}$  - (resembling *ou* in 'sound').

The consonants not included in the above list have the same phonetic value as in the principal languages of Europe.

All praise belongs to Allāh to Whom we bow in sincerest gratitude for enabling us to complete this task.

The Publisher

# **Index of Symbols Denoting Pauses**

- ✓ Compulsory Stop.
- The sign at the end of a verse. It is preferable, though not necessary, to stop here.
- لط It is preferable, though not necessary, to stop here.
- Optional. To pause, or to continue.
- **?** It is better to pause.
- *u* Necessary to continue, do not pause.
- Stop vocal sound for a moment, without breaking breath.
- تص سے ز Desirable to continue, do not pause.
  - تف Recommended pause.
- Part of the verse in between these signs indicate that if you pause at words preceded by the first sign you should not pause at the second but if you do not pause at the first, pause at the second. For example,

ڂ۫ڸڬٵٮٛڮؾؙڮؙ؆ۮؽؠؾۼٞۘٛٞۘ؇ؚڣؽۅۼۿڋؽؗ؋ڂ۠ڸڬٵٮٛڮؾ۠ۑۢ؆ۮؽؠؾۼٞٝڣؽۅڋ؇ۿڋؽ ؖۑؚٙڵٛڡؙؾٙۜۊؽؾؘٵۨ

(pause here)

Dhālikal-Kitābu lā raiba fīh, hudal-lil-muttaqīn Dhālikal-Kitābu lā raib, fīhi hudal-lil-muttaqīn



AL-FĀTIHAH (Revealed before IIijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. All praise belongs to Allāh, Lord of all the worlds,

3. The Gracious, the Merciful,

4. Master of the Day of Judgment.

5. Thee alone do we worship and Thee alone do we implore for help.

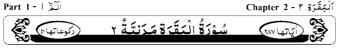
6. Guide us in the right path-

7. The path of those on whom Thou \* hast bestowed *Thy* blessings, those who have not incurred *Thy* displeasure, and those who have not gone astray. بِسْمِ اللَّوالرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () ٱلْحَصْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعُلَمِيْنَ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيْمِ مٰلِكِ يَوْمِ الرِّيْنِ اللَّ تَعْبُدُوَ إِيَّاكَ نَسْتَعِيْنُ المَحْضُوْبِ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا الضَّارِّيْنَ الْمَحْضُوْبِ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا الضَّارِّيْنَ خُ

\*7. those who have not incurred displeasure,

 $a \ i \ u \ \mid | \ th \ | \ h \ \tau | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{z} | \$ 

Note: The reader should not be misled by the word *Thy* in italics to believe that the word *maghdūb* (نغفزب) is confined only to the wrath of God incurred by the Jews. This expression is open and covers not only the wrath of God but also the wrath of people which they may incur.



**AL-BAQARAH** (Revealed after Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. Alif Lām Mīm.‡

3. This is a perfect Book; there is no  $\frac{3}{4}$  doubt in it; *it is* a guidance for the  $\frac{1}{4}$  righteous,

4. Who believe in the unseen and observe Prayer, and spend out of what We have provided for them;

5. And who believe in that which has been revealed to thee, and that which was revealed before thee, and they have firm faith in what is *yet* to come.

6. It is they who follow the guidance of their Lord and it is they who shall prosper.

\*7. Those who have disbelieved—it being equal to them whether thou warn them or warn them not—they will not believe.

 Allāh has set a seal on their hearts and their ears, and over their eyes is a covering; and for them is a great punishment.

يشمرا بله الرَّحْمَن الرَّجِيْمِ () ÷ · · · ذٰلِكَ الْكِتْبُ لَا رَيْبَ ٢ ۿڋۑڸۧۮؙؙؗؗؗؗؗۿڗۜٞڡٙؽؚؾؗ۞ الأذين يؤمنون بالغيب ويقيمون الصَّلُوةَ وَمِمَّا رَزَقْنُهُمْ يُنْفِقُوْنَ أَ وَالَّذِيْنَ يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِمَآ أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْكَ وَمَآ أُنْزِلَ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ ، وَبِالْاخِرَةِ هُمْ نُوْقَنُونَهُ ٱولَيْكَ عَلْ هُدًى مِّنْ زَّيِّهِمْ • وَ أُولَئكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُوْنَ () اتَ اللَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا سَوَاءً عَلَيْهِم ءَ ٱنْذَرْتَهُمْ آمْ لَمْ تُنْذِرْهُمْ لا ئۇمئەن 🗅 خَتَمَ اللهُ عَلَى قُلُوْسِهُمْ شمعهم، وَعَلَى ٱبْصَادِهِمْ غِشً وَّلَهُمْ عَذَاتٌ عَظِيْمٌ ٨

8

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ (h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ ) \ (see details of transitieration on page 'p').$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup>I am Allāh, the All-Knowing.

<sup>\*7.</sup> Those who have disbelieved—it is equal to them whether you warn them or warn them not—they will not believe.

R. 2.

9. And of the people there are some who say, 'We believe in Allāh and " the Last Day;' while they are not is believers at all.

10. They would deceive Allāh and those who believe, and they deceive none but themselves; only they perceive *it* not.

\*11. In their hearts was a disease, and Allāh has increased their disease to them; and for them is a grievous punishment because they lied.

12. And when it is said to them: 'Create not disorder on the earth,' they say: 'We are only promoters of peace.'

13. Beware! it is surely they who create disorder, but they do not perceive *it*.

14. And when it is said to them, 'Believe as *other* people have believed,' they say: 'Shall we believe as the foolish have believed?' Beware! it is surely they that are foolish, but they do not know.

15. And when they meet those who believe, they say: 'We believe;' but when they are alone with their ringleaders, they say: 'We are certainly with you; we are only mocking.' وَمِنَ النَّاسِ مَنْ تَيَقُوْلُ أَمَنَّا بِاللَّهِ وَ بِالْيَوْمِ الْأَخِرِ وَمَا هُمْ بِمُؤْمِنِيْنَ أَ يُخْدِعُوْنَ اللهَ وَ الَّزِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا، وَمَا يَخْدَعُوْنَ إِلَّهُ أَنْفُسَهُمْ وَمَا **ىشەرۋى**ش فى قُلُوْبِهِمْ مَّرَضٍ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَرَضًا ، وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ ٱلِيُمَّر لا بِمَا كَانُهْ ا تَكْذِبُوْنَ () وَإِذَاقِيْكَ لَهُمْ كَا تُفْسِدُوْا فِي الْآدْضِ " قَالُهَ إِنَّ مَا نَحْنُ مُصْلِحُوْنَ ١ اَلا إِنَّهُمْ هُمُ الْمُفْسِدُوْنَ وَلَكِنْ لَّا يَشْعُرُ وْنَ] وَ إِذَا قِيْلَ لَهُمْ أَمِنُوْا كَمَآ أَمَنَ النَّاسُ قَالُوْا ٱنْهُمِنُ كَمَا أَمَرِي السُّفَهَاءُ لِإِنَّا إِنَّهُمْ هُمُ السُّفَهَاءُ وَلٰكِنْ لا يَعْلَمُوْنَ @ وَ إِذَا لَقُوا الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا قَالُوْا امَنَّا \* وَ إِذَا خَلَوْا إِلَى شَيْطٍ يُنِهِمُ ا قَالُهُا انَّا مَعَكُمُ الَّمَا نَحُرُ مُشتَهْزءُوْنَ،

<sup>\*11.</sup> In their hearts was a disease, and Allāh has increased their disease to them; and for them is a grievous punishment, because they used to lie.

16. Allāh will punish their mockery and will let them continue in their transgression, wandering blindly.

17. These are they who have taken error in exchange for guidance; but their traffic has brought them no gain, nor are they rightly guided.

18. Their case is like the case of a person who kindled a fire, and when it lighted up all around him, Allah took away their light and left them in thick darkness; they see not

\*19. They are deaf, dumb and blind; so they will not return.

20. Or it is like a heavy rain from the clouds, wherein is thick darkness and thunder and lightning; they put their fingers into their ears because of the thunderclaps for fear of death, and Allāh encompasses the disbelievers.

21. The lightning might wellnigh snatch away their sight; whenever it shines upon them, they walk therein; and when it becomes dark to them, they stand still. And if Allah willed, He could take away their hearing and their sight; surely, Allāh has the

ٱللهُ يَسْتَهْزِئُ بِهِمْ وَيَمُدُّهُمْ فِيْ طُغْيَانِهِمْ يَعْمَهُوْنَ ال ٱولَّعْكَ الَّذَيْتَ اشْتَرَوُا الضَّلْكَةَ بالْهُدى م فَمَا رَبِحَتْ تِّجَارَتُهُمْ وَمَاكَانُوْا مُهْتَدِيْنَ مَتَلُهُمْ كَمَثَلِ الَّذِي اسْتَوْقَدَ نَارًا فكمما أضاءت ماحذكة ذهت الله بِنُوْدِهِمْ وَ تَرَكَّهُمْ فِيْ ظُلُمْتِ لَا <u>يُبْصِرُ وْنَ@</u> صُمُّ بُكْمَ عُمْيَ فَهُمْ لَا يَرْجِعُوْنَ<sup>®</sup> أَوْكَصَيِّب مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ فِيْهِ ظُلُمْتٌ وَرَعْدٌ وَجَرْقَ، بَجْعَلُوْتَ أصابعهم في أذانيهم تمن الصّواعق حَذَرَ الْمَوْتِ ، وَ اللهُ مُجِدُ بالْكْفِرِيْنَ. بَكَادُ الْبَرْقُ بَخْطَفُ ٱبْصَادَهُمْ م كُمَّمَا أَضَاء لَهُمْ مَّشَوْا فِيْهِ 10 وَإِذَا ٱظْلَمَ عَلَيْهِمْ قَامُوْا ﴿ وَلَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ لَذَهَبَ بسَمْعِهمْ وَ ٱبْصَارِهِمْ ـ

 $a i u \mid h = \frac{1}{2} h \tau \mid h \tau \mid h \tau \mid dh \tau \mid dh \tau \mid dh \tau \mid h \tau \mid$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

<sup>\*19.</sup> Note: This verse may apply to the category of hypocrites who are described as deaf, dumb and blind because of their resolve not to listen to truth, not to speak truth nor to see truth. So they have wilfully denied their faculties and locked themselves in.

÷

power to do all that He wills.

**R.3.** 22. O ye men, worship your Lord Who created you and those who were before you, that you may become righteous;

23. Who made the earth a bed for you, and the heaven a roof, and caused water to come down from the clouds and therewith brought forth fruits for your sustenance. Set not up, therefore, equals to Allāh, while you know.

24. And if you are in doubt as to what We have sent down to Our servant, then produce a Chapter like it, and call upon your helpers beside Allāh, if you are truthful.

25. But if you do *it* not—and never shall you do *it*—then guard against the Fire, whose fuel is men and stones, *which is* prepared for the disbelievers.

26. And give glad tidings to those who believe and do good works, that for them are Gardens beneath which flow streams. Whenever they are given a \*portion of fruit therefrom, they اِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيْرُ أَ يَا يَّهَا النَّاسُ اعْبُدُوْا رَبَّكُمُ الَّذِيْ خَلَقَكُمْ وَ الَّذِيْنَ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَقَوْنَ أَنَّ

الَّذِيْ جَعَلَ لَكُمُ الْأَرْضَ فِرَاشًا وَّ السَّمَاء بِنَاءً وَ ٱنْزَلَ مِنَ السَّمَاء مَاءً فَاخْرَجَ بِهِ مِنَ الشَّمَزتِ رِزْقًا لَّكُمْ فَلَا تَجْعَلُوْا بِلْهِ ٱنْدَادًا وَّ ٱنْتُمْ

وَ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ فِيْ رَيْبٍ مِّمَّا نَزَّلْنَا عَلَى عَبْدِنَا فَاتُوْا بِسُوْرَةٍ مِّنْ مِّثْلِهِ وَادْعُوْا شُهَدَآءَكُمْ مِّنْ دُوْ نِ اللهِ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صِدِقِيْنَ؟

فَاِنْ لَّمْ تَفْعَلُوْا وَلَنْ تَفْعَلُوْا فَاتَّقُوا النَّارَ الَّتِيْ وَقُوْدُهَا النَّاسُ وَالْحِجَارَةُ ﴾ أَعِدَّتْ لِلْحُفِرِيْنَ وَ بَشِّرِ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَ عَمِلُوا الصِّلِحْتِ آنَ لَهُمْ جَنَّتٍ تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهُرُ لا حُلَّمَا رُزِقُوْا

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rhophi | \ h \ rhophi | \ rhophi |$ 

<sup>\*26.</sup> they will say: 'This is what was given us before,' whereas only similar things shall be brought to them.

will say: 'This is what was given us before,' and gifts mutually resembling shall be brought to them. And they will have therein mates perfectly pure, and therein will they abide.

27. Allāh disdains not to give an illustration as small as a gnat or even smaller. Those who believe know that it is the truth from their Lord, while those who disbelieve say: 'What does Allāh mean by such an illustration?' Many does He adjudge by it to be erring and many by it does He guide, and none does He adjudge thereby to be erring except the disobedient,

28. Who break the covenant of Allāh after having established it, and cut asunder what Allāh has bidden to be joined, and create disorder in the earth; it is these that are the losers.

29. How can you disbelieve in Allāh? When you were without life, He gave you life, and then He will cause you to die, then restore you to life, and then to Him shall you be made to return.

30. He it is Who created for you all that is in the earth; then He

مِنْهَا مِنْ ثَمَرَةٍ رِّزْقًا " قَالُوْا هٰذَا الَّذِبْ رُذِقْنَا مِنْ قَبْلُ ، وَأَتُوْا بِهِ مُتَشَابِهَا ، وَلَهُمْ فِيْهَآ أَزْوَاجُ مُّطَهَّرَةً إِ وَّهُمْ فَبْهَا خَلِدُوْنَ اِنَّ اللهَ كَا يَسْتَخْيَ أَنْ تَضْرِبَ مَثَلًا مَّا بَعُوْضَةً فَمَا فَوْقَهَا . فَاَمَّا الَّذِينَ امَنُوْا فَمَعْلَمُوْتَ آَنَّهُ الْحَقُّ مِنْ رَّبِهِمْ ، وَاَمَّا الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا فَيقُوْلُوْنَ مَاذَآ آرَادَ اللهُ بِهٰذَا مَثَلًا م يُضِلُّ بِهِ حَثِيْرًا ، وَيَهْدِيْ بِهِ حَثِيْرًا ، وَمَا يُضِلُّ بِهَ إِلَّا الْفُسِقِيْنَ ٢ الَّذِيْنَ يَنْقُضُوْنَ عَهْدَ اللَّهِ مِنْ بَعْد مِيْتَاقِهِ م وَ يَقْطَعُوْنَ مَآ أَمَرَ اللهُ بِهَ اَنْ تُوْصَلَ وَيُفْسِدُوْنَ فِ الْكَارْضِ، أولَىك هُمُ الْخْسِرُوْنَ كَيْفَ تَكْفُرُوْنَ بِاللهِ وَ كُنْتُمْ ٱمْوَاتًا فَاَحْيَاكُمْ، ثُمَّر يُمِيْتُكُمْ ثُمَّر يُحْيِيْكُمْ ثُمَّر إلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُوْنَ<sup>®</sup> هُوَ الَّذِيْ خَلَقَ لَكُمْ مَّا فِ الْأَرْضِ

100

turned towards the heavens, and He perfected them as seven heavens; and He knows all things.

#### R. 4.

\*31. And when thy Lord said to the angels: 'I am about to place a vicegerent in the earth,' they said: 'Wilt Thou place therein such as will cause disorder in it, and shed blood?—and we glorify Thee with Thy praise and extol Thy holiness.' He answered: 'I know what you know not.'

32. And He taught Adam all the names, then He put *the objects of* these *names* before the angels and said: 'Tell Me the names of these, if you are right.'

33. They said: 'Holy art Thou! No knowledge have we except what Thou hast taught us; surely, Thou art the All-Knowing, the Wise.'

34. He said: 'O Adam, tell them their names;' and when he had told them their names, He said: 'Did I not say to you, I know the secrets of the heavens and of the earth, and I know what you reveal and what you conceal?' جَمِيْعًا وَ ثُمَّ اسْتَوَى إلى السَّمَاء فَسَوْ لَهُنَّ سَبْعَ سَلُوْتٍ وَ هُوَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيْمً شَ وَ إِذْقَالَ رَبُّكَ لِلْمَلْئِكَةِ إِنِّي جَاعِلً فِ الْأَرْضِ خَلِيْفَةً وَ قَالُوْا اَتَجْعَلُ فِيْهَا مَنْ يُّفْسِدُ فِيْهَا وَيَسْفِكُ وَيُقَرِّسُ لَكَ وَ قَالَ إِنِّي اَعْلَمُ مَا وَ عَلَّمَاءَ مَ الْاَسْمَاء كُلَّهَا ثُمَّ عَرَضَهُمْ

عَلَى الْمَلَئِكَةِ " فَقَالَ ٱنَّبِئُونِي بِآسَمَاءِ هَوُلَاءِ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَدِقِيْتَ قَالُوْا سُبْحْنَكَ لَا عِلْمَ لَنَا إِلَّا مَا عَلَّمْتَنَا ﴿ إِنَّكَ آنْتَ الْعَلِيْمُ الْحَكَيْمُ?

قَالَ آيَادَمُ ٱنَّبِئْهُمْ بِاَسْمَائِهِمْ • فَلَمَّا ٱنَّبَاهُمْ بِآسْمَائِهِمْ " قَالَ ٱلَمْ ٱقُلْ لَّكُمْ ايِّنَيَ آعْلَمُ غَيْبَ السَّلْوَتِ وَالْآَرْضِ " وَ آعْلَمُ مَا تُبْدُوْنَ وَ مَا كُنْتُمْ تَكْتُمُوْنَ؟

\*31. And when your Lord said to the angels: 'I am about to appoint a vicegerent in the earth,'

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (see details of transitieration on page 'p').$ 

\*35. And *remember the time* when We said to the angels: 'Submit to Adam,' and they *all* submitted. But Iblīs *did not*. He refused and was too proud; and he was of the disbelievers.

36. And We said: 'O Adam, dwell thou and thy wife in the garden, and eat therefrom plentifully wherever you will, but approach not this tree, lest you be of the wrongdoers.'

37. But Satan caused them both to slip by means of it and drove them out of *the state* in which they were. And We said: 'Go forth; some of you are enemies of others, and for you there is an abode in the earth and a provision for a time.'

38. Then Adam learnt from his Lord certain words *of prayer*. So He turned towards him with mercy. Surely, He is Oft-Returning *with compassion, and is* Merciful.

39. We said: 'Go forth, all of you, from here. And if there comes to you guidance from Me, then whoso shall follow My guidance, on them *shall come* no fear, nor shall they grieve.'

40. But they who will disbelieve and treat Our Signs as lies, these shall be the inmates of the Fire; therein shall they abide.

وَإِذْ قُلْنَا لِلْمَلَّيْكَةِ اسْجُدُوْا لِأَدَمَ فَسَجَدُوْا بِالْكُرَا بْبِلْبْسَ مِلْفِي وَ اسْتَكْبَرُهُ وَكَانَ مِنَ الْكَفِرِيْنَ، وَقُلْنَا آبَادَمُ اسْكُنْ أَنْتَ وَ زَوْحُكَ الْحَنَّةَ وَ كُلَّ مِنْهَا دَغَدًا حَبْتُ شِنْتُمَا م وَلا تَقْرَبَا هٰذِهِ الشَّجَرَةَ فَتَكُوْنَا مِنَ الظُّلِمِيْنَ ( فَازَتَهُمَا الشَّيْطِنُ عَنْهَا فَاخْرَجَهُمَا مِمَّا حَانًا فِيْهِ م وَ قُلْنَا اهْبِطُوْا ىغْضُكْمْ لِبَعْضٍ عَدُوًّ ، وَلَكُمْ فِ الْاَدْضِ مُسْتَقَرُّ وَ مَتَاعٌ إِلَى حِيْنِ، فَتَلَقَّى ادَمُ مِنْ رَّبِّهِ كَلِمْتٍ فَتَاب عَلَيْهِ دانَّهُ هُوَ التَّوَّابُ الرَّحِيْمُ @

قُلْنَا اهْبِطُوْا مِنْهَا جَمِيْعًا ، فَرَامًا يَاتِيَتَكُمْ مِّنِيْ هُدًى فَمَنْ تَبِحَ هُدَايَ فَلَا خَوْفً عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُوْنَ ( وَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا وَ كَذَّبُوْا بِالتِينَآ أولَبِ كَ أصْحْبُ النَّارِ ، هُمْ فِيْهَا خْلِدُوْنَ أُ

\*35. And remember the time, when We said to the angels: 'Submit to Adam,' and they all submitted except lblīs. He refused and acted with arrogance; and he was of the disbelievers.

المر ا - Part 1 - المر

R. 5.

41. O children of Israel! remember My favour which I bestowed upon you, and fulfil your covenant with Me, I will fulfil My covenant with vou, and Me alone should you fear.

42. And believe in what I have sent down which fulfils that which is with you, and be not the first to disbelieve therein, and barter not My Signs for a paltry price, and take protection in Me alone.

43. And confound not truth with falsehood nor hide the truth knowingly.

44. And observe Prayer and pay the Zakāt, and bow down with those who bow.

45. Do you enjoin others to do what is good and forget your own selves, while you read the Book? Will you not then understand?

46. And seek help with patience and Prayer; and this indeed is hard except for the humble in spirit,

47. Who know for certain that they will meet their Lord, and that to =

#### R. 6.

48. O children of Israel! remember My favour which I bestowed upon you and that I exalted you above the peoples.

لِبَنِي إِسْرَاءٍ يُلَ اذْكُرُوا نِعْمَتِي الَّتِي ٱنْحَمْتُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَٱوْفُوْا بِحَهْدِيَّ أَوْفِ بِعَهْدِكُمْ ، وَ إِيَّايَ فَارْهَبُوْنِ () وَ أَمِنُوْا بِمَا ٱنْزَلْتُ مُصَدِّقًالِّمَا مَعَكُمْ وَ لَا تَكُوْنُوْا آوَّلَ كَافِزٍ بِهِ م وَلَا تَشْتَرُوْا بِالْتِنِي ثَمَنًا قَلِيُلًا وَ إِيَّايَ فَاتَّقُوْنِ @ وَلَا تَلْبِسُوا الْحَقَّ بِالْبَاطِلِ وَ تَكْتُمُوا الْحَقَّ، وَ ٱنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُوْنَ ؟ وَ أَقْبُهُوا الصَّلُوةَ وَ أَتُوا الزُّخُوةَ وَ ارْكَعُوْا مَعَ الرَّاكِعِيْنَ ؟ ٱتَأْمُرُوْنَ النَّاسَ بِالْبَرِّ وَتَنْسَوْنَ ٱنْفُسَكُمْ وَٱنْتُمْ تَتْلُوْتَ الْكِتْبَ **افكار تَعْقِلُوْنَ** وَاسْتَعِيْنُوْا بِالصَّبْرِوَ الصَّلُوةِ ، وَ إِنَّهَا لَكَبِيْرَةُ إِلَّا عَلَى الْخُشِعِيْنَ أَ الَّذِينَ يَظُنُّوْنَ اَنَّهُمْ مُلْقُوْا رَبِّهِمْ وَ ٱنَّهُمْ إِلَيْهِ زِجِعُوْنَ ٢ لِبَنِينَ إِسْرَاءِيْلَ اذْكُرُوْا نِعْمَتِيَ الَّتِينَ ٱنْحَمْتُ عَلَيْكُمْرِوَانِّنْ فَضَّلْتُكُمْر عَلَى الْعُلَمِيْنَ ٢  $a i u \mid th \Rightarrow |\dot{p} r \mid kh \neq |dh \Rightarrow |\dot{q} \Rightarrow 0$ 

(See details of transliteration on page 'p')

49. And fear the day when no soul shall serve as a substitute for another soul at all, nor shall intercession be accepted for it; nor shall ransom be taken from it; nor shall they be helped.

50. And *remember the time* when We delivered you from Pharaoh's people who afflicted you with grievous torment, slaying your sons and sparing your women; and in that there was a great trial for you from your Lord.

51. And *remember the time* when We divided the sea for you and saved you and drowned Pharaoh's people, while you looked on.

52. And *remember the time* when We made Moses a promise of forty nights; then you took the calf *for worship* in his absence and you were transgressors.

53. Then We forgave you thereafter, that you might be grateful.

54. And *remember the time* when We gave Moses the Book and the Discrimination, that you might be rightly guided.

55. And *remember the time* when Moses said to his people: 'O my people, you have indeed wronged yourselves by taking the calf *for worship*; turn you therefore to your

وَ اتَّقُوْا يَوْمًا لَّا تَجْزِيْ نَفْسٌ عَنْ نَّفْسٍ شَيْئًا وَكَايُقْبَلُ مِنْهَا شَفَاعَةً وَّ لَا سُؤْخَذُ مِنْهَا عَدْلُ وَ لَا هُمْ ينصرون وَإِذْ نَجَّيْنَكُمْ مِّنْ أَلِ فِرْعَوْنَ يسومؤنكم سوءالعذاب يذبِّحون آبناء كمرو يستحيون يساءكم وَفِيْ ذَلِكُمْ بَلاءً مِّنْ دَّبِّكُمْ عَظِيْمً ٢ وَإِذْ فَرَقْنَا بِكُمُ الْبَحْرَ فَأَنْجَيْنُكُمْ وَ أَغْرَقْنَآ إِلَى فِرْعَوْبَ وَ أَنْتُمْ تنظروي وَإِذْ وْعَدْنًا مُوْسِّبِ ٱرْبَعِيْنَ لَيْلَةً ثُمَّر اتَّخَذْتُمُ الْعِجْلَ مِنْ بَعْدِم وَأَنْتُمْ ظَلِمُوْنَ، ثُمَّ عَفَوْنَا عَنْكُمْ مِّنْ بَعْدِ ذٰلِكَ لَعَا حُدْتَشْكُرُوْنَ. وَإِذْ أَتَبْنَا مُؤْسَبِ الْكِتْبَ وَالْفُرْقَانَ لَعَدًّكُمْ تَفْتَدُوْنَ، وَ اِذْ قَالَ مُوْسَى لِقَوْمِهِ لِقَوْمِ إِنَّكُمْ ظَلَمْتُمْ آنْفُسَكُمْ بِاتِّخَاذِكُمُ الْعِجْلَ فَتُوْبُوًا إِلَى بَارِئِكُمْ فَاقْتُلُوًا

\*Maker, and slay your own people; that is the best for you with your Maker.' Then He turned towards you with compassion. Surely, He is Oft-Returning *with compassion*, *and is* Merciful.

56. And *remember* when you said: 'O Moses, we will by no means believe thee until we see Allāh face to face;' then the thunderbolt overtook you, while you gazed.

57. Then We raised you up after your death, that you might be grateful.

58. And We caused the clouds to be a shade over you and sent down on you Manna and Salwā, *saying*: 'Eat of the good things We have provided for you.' And they wronged Us not, but it was themselves that they wronged.

59. And *remember the time* when We said: "Enter this village and eat therefrom—wherever you will plentifully; and enter the gate submissively and say: '*God*! forgive us our sins.' We shall forgive you your sins and We shall give increase to those who do good."

60. The transgressors changed *it* for a word other than that which was said to them. So We sent down upon the transgressors a

\*55. and slay your inner selves;

ٱنْفُسَكُمْ < ذٰلِكُمْ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ عِنْدَ بَادِئِكُمْ ، فَتَابَ عَلَيْكُمْ ، إِنَّهُ هُوَ التَّوَّابُ الرَّحِيْمُ @ وَ اذْ قُلْتُمْ لِمُوْسِي كَنْ تُؤْمِنَ كَكَ حَتَّى نَبَرَى اللَّهُ جَهْرَةً فَإَخَذَتْكُمُ الصْعِقَةُ وَ ٱنْتُمْ تَنْظُرُوْنَ @ ثُمَّر بَعَثْنٰكُمْ مِّنْ بَعْدِ مَوْتِكُمْ <u></u> كَعَدَّ كُمْ تَشْكُرُوْن۞ وَظَلَّنْنَا عَلَيْكُمُ الْغَمَامَ وَإَنْزَلْنَا عَلَيْكُمُ الْمَرِبَى وَ السَّيْلَهٰ عَلَيْهُا مِنْ طَيّبتِ مَا رَزَقْنُكُمْ ، وَ مَا ظكمؤنا ولكب كانوا أنفسهم يَظْلِمُوْنَ، وَإِذْ قُلْنَا ادْخُلُوْا هٰذِهِ الْقَرْيَةَ فَكُلُوْا مِنْهَا حَيْثُ شِئْتُمْ رَغَدًا وَّادْخُلُوا الْبَابَ سُجَّدًا وَّ قُوْلُوْا حِطَّةً نَّغْفِرْ لَكُمْ خَطْيَكُمْ وَسَنَزِيْدُ الْمُحْسِنِيْنَ ٢ فَبَدَّلَ الَّذِيْنَ ظَلَمُوْا قَوْلًا غَيْرَ الَّذِي قِيْلَ لَهُمْ فَأَنْزَلْنَا عَلَى الَّذَيْتَ

punishment from heaven, because they were disobedient.

#### R. 7.

61. And *remember the time* when Moses prayed for water for his people, and We said: 'Strike the rock with thy rod,' and there gushed forth from it twelve springs, *so that* every tribe knew their drinking place. 'Eat and drink of what Allāh has provided, and commit not iniquity in the earth, creating disorder.'

62. And remember the time when you said: 'O Moses, surely, we will not remain content with one kind of food; pray, then, to thy Lord for us that He bring forth for us of what the earth grows-of its herbs and its cucumbers and its wheat and its lentils and its onions.' He said: 'Would you take in exchange that which is inferior for that which is superior? Go down to some town, and there is for you what you ask.' And they were smitten with abasement and destitution, and they incurred the wrath of Allah: that was because they rejected the Signs of Allāh and would kill the Prophets unjustly; that was because they rebelled and transgressed.

ظَلَمُوْا رِجْزًا مِّنَ السَّمَاء بِمَاكَانُوْا يَفْسُقُوْنَ۞ وَ اِذِ اسْتَسْعَٰى مُوْسَى لِقَوْمِه فَقُلْنَا اَضْرِبْ بِحصاكَ الْحَجَرَ وَ فَانْفَجَرَتْ مِنْ أَنَاسٍ مََشْرَبَهُمْ وَ لَا تَعْثَوْا فِ الْآرْضِ مُفْسِرِيْنَ؟

٥ اِذْ قُلْتُمْ لِمُوْلِى لَنْ نَّصْبِرَ
 عَلٰ طَحَامٍ وَّاحِدٍ فَادْعُ لَنَا رَبَّكَ
 يُخْرِجُ لَنَا مِتَّا تُنْبِتُ الْأَرْضُ مِنْ
 يُخْرِجُ لَنَا مِتَّا تُنْبِتُ الْأَرْضُ مِنْ
 يُغْرِجُ لَنَا مِتَّا تُنْبِتُ الْأَرْضُ مِنْ
 تَعْلَمُهَا وَ قِثْالَهَا وَ فُوْمِهَا وَ عَرَسِهَا
 وَ تَصْلِهَا وَ قَثْالَهَا وَ فُوْمِهَا وَ عَرَسِهَا
 وَ تَصْلِهَا وَ قَثْالَهَا وَ فُوْمِهَا وَ عَرَسِهَا
 وَ تَصْلِهَا وَ قَثْالَهُا وَ فُوْمِهَا وَ عَرَسِهَا
 وَ تَصْلِعَا وَ قَشْلَاهِ وَ فُوْمِهَا وَ عَرَسِها
 وَ تَصْلِعَا وَ قَدْنَا لَمَا تَتَمْتَبُولُوْنَ الَّذِي هُوَ
 وَ تَصْلِعَا وَ قَدْنَا لَعْنَا سَالَتُهُ وَ وَعْنَا وَ عَرَبَهُ وَ عَنْ يَعْهَا
 وَ تَصْلِعُا وَ قَدْنَا لَهُ وَ عَنْ عَالَ اللَّهُ الْعَالَةُ وَ عَنْ عَرَبَ اللَّهُ وَ عَنْ يَعْهَا وَ عَنْ يَعْهَا الْحَرْبَ عَنْ الْعَالَةُ عَالَ اللَّهُ وَ عَنْ يَعْمَ وَ عَنْ يَعْمَ وَ عَنْ يَعْمَ عَنْ يَعْمَ وَ عَنْ يَعْمَ وَ عَنْ يَعْمَ وَ عَنْ يَعْمَ عَنْ يَعْمَا الْحَالَةُ عَالَا عَنْ الْحَبْعَا وَ عَنْ يَعْمَ عَنْ يَعْمَ عَنْ عَالَيْ عَنْ الْحَمْ عَنْ عَنْ يَعْمَ عَنْ يَعْمَ عَنْ يَعْمَ عَنْ يَعْنَا الْحَمْ عَنْ عَنْ يَعْمَ الْحَابَةُ عَنْ يَعْمَ عَنْ يَعْمَ عَنْ يَعْنَ الْحَالَةُ عَلَيْ الْحَالَةُ عَلَيْ الْحَدْ عَالَا عَنْ الْعَالَا عَنْ الْعَنْ الْعَالَةُ الْحَدْ يَعْمَ عَنْ الْحَدْ عَنْ عَنْ الْحَالَةُ عَلَيْ الْحَامَا الْحَالَةُ الْحَدْ عَنْ الْحَالَيْ الْحَالَةُ عَلَيْ الْحَامِ عَنْ الْحَالَةُ عَلَيْ عَنْ الْحَالَيْ الْحَالَةُ عَلَيْ الْحَالَقَا الْحَدْ عَلَيْ الْحَالَةُ عَلَيْ الْحَدْ عَالَيْ عَلَيْ عَنْ عَالَا عَالَا عَالَيْ الْحَدْ عَلَى الْحَدْ عَالَيْ عَلَى عَنْ عَالَيْ عَنْ الْحَالَقَا الْحَدْ عَالَيْ عَلَى الْحَالَةُ عَالَا عَالَيْ الْحَالَيْ الْحَالَقَا الْحَالَةُ عَلَى الْحَالَةُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ الْحَالَةُ عَالَيْ الْحَالَةُ عَالَيْ الْحَالَةُ عَالَيْ الْحَالَةُ الْحَالَةُ الْحَالَةُ عَلَى الْحَالَةُ عَلَيْ الْحَالَةُ الْحَالَةُ الْحَالَةُ الْحَالَعْ عَالَةُ عَا الْحَالَةُ الْحَالَةُ الْحَالَةُ الْحَالَةُ

الَمَّ Part 1 - 1

R. 8.

63. Surely, the Believers, and the Jews, and the Christians and the Sabians—whichever party *from among these truly* believes in Allāh and the Last Day and does good deeds—shall have their reward with their Lord, and no fear *shall come* upon them, nor shall they grieve.

64. And *remember the time* when We took a covenant from you and raised high above you the Mount, *saying*: 'Hold fast that which We have given you and bear in mind what is therein, that you may be saved.'

65. Then you turned back thereafter; and had it not been for Allāh's grace towards you and His mercy, you would surely have been of the losers.

66. And surely, you have known *the end of* those amongst you, who transgressed in the matter of the Sabbath. So We said to them: 'Be ye apes, despised.'

67. Thus We made it an example to those of its time and to those who came after it, and a lesson to those who fear God.

68. And *remember* when Moses said to his people: 'Allāh commands you to slaughter a cow,' they said: 'Dost thou make a jest of us?' He said: 'I seek refuge with Allāh from being one of the ignorant.'

اِتَّ الَّزِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَالَّزِيْنَ هَادُوْا وَالنَّصْرِى وَ الصَّابِئِيْنَ مَنْ أَمَنَ بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْأَخِرِ وَ عَمِلَ صَالِحًا فَلَهُمْ آجُرُهُمْ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ \* وَلَاخَوْفَ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُوْنَ عَلَيْهِمُ الطُّوْرَ خُذُوْا مَا أَتَيْ لَكُمْ بِقُوَّةٍ وَاذْ كُرُوْا مَافِيْهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَقُوْنَ \*

شُمَّرَتُولَّيْتُمَ مِّنْ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ ، فَلَوْلَا فَضْلُ اللهِ عَلَيْكُمْ وَ رَحْمَتُهُ لَكُنْتُمْ مِّنَ الْخُسِرِيْنَ وَلَقَدْ عَلِمْ تُمُ الَّذِيْنَ اعْتَدَوْا مِنْكُمْ فِ السَّبْتِ فَقُلْنَا لَهُمْ كُوْنُوْا قِرَدَةً فَجَعَلْنَهَا نَكَالًا لِّمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهَا وَمَا خَلْفَهَا وَمَوْعِظَةً لِّلْمُتَّقِيْنَ ﴾ وَ إِذْ قَالَ مُوْسِ لِقَوْمِةٍ إِنَّ اللَّه

يَامُرُكُمْ آنْ تَذْبَحُوا بَقَرَةً • قَالُوَا ٱتَتَّخِذُنَا هُزُوًا • قَالَ ٱعُوْذُ بِاللهِ آنَ ٱحُوْنَ مِنَ الْجَهِلِيْنَ @

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ (13)$ (See details of transitienation on page 'p').

69. They said: 'Pray for us to thy Lord that He make plain to us what she is.' He answered: 'God says, it is a cow, neither old nor young, full-grown, between the two; now do what you are commanded.'

70. They said: 'Pray for us to thy Lord that He make plain to us what colour she is.' He answered: 'God says, it is a cow of a dun colour, pure and rich *in tone*; delighting the beholders.'

71. They said: 'Pray for us to thy Lord that He make plain to us what she is, for *all such* cows appear to us alike; and if Allāh please, we shall indeed be guided.'

72. He answered: '*God* says, it is a cow not broken in to plough the earth or water the tilth; one without blemish; of one colour.' They said: 'Now hast thou brought the truth.' Then they slaughtered her, though they would rather not do so.

#### R. 9.

73. And *remember the time* when you slew a person and differed among yourselves about it; and Allāh would bring to light what you concealed.

74. Then We said: 'Smite him (the murderer) for a part of *the offence against* him (the murdered person).' Thus Allāh gives life to the dead and shows you His Signs that you may understand.

قَالُواادْعُ لَنَارَبَّكَ يُبَيِّنْ لَّنَا مَاهِبَ ، قَالَ إِنَّهُ يَقُوْلُ إِنَّهَا بَقَرَةُ كَلْفَارِضَ وَّلَا بِكُرَّ ؞ عَوَانَ بَيْنَ ذَلِكَ ؞ فَافْعَلُهُا مَا تُهْمَرُ وْنَ @ قَالُوا ادْعُ لَنَا رَبَّكَ يُبَيِّنْ لَّنَا مَا لَوْنُهَا ﴿ قَالَ إِنَّهُ بَقُوْلُ إِنَّهَا بَقَرَةُ صَفْرَاءُ ، فَاقِعَ لَّوْنُهَا تَسُرُّ النَّظِرِيْنَ قَالُوا ادْعُ لَنَا رَبَّكَ يُمَيِّنْ لَّنَا مَاهِيَ إِنَّ الْبَقَرَ تَشْبَهَ عَلَيْنَا ﴿ وَإِنَّا إِنَّ شاء الله كمفتك ون قَالَ انَّهُ بَقُوْلُ انَّهَا بَقَرَةً لَّا ذَلُوْلَ تُثْثِيرُ الْآرْضَ وَلَا تَسْقِي الْحَرْثَ، مُسَلَّمَةً لَّا شِبَةَ فَبْهَا \* قَالُوا الْحُنَ جِئْتَ بِالْحَقِّ ( فَذَبَحُوْهَا وَمَا تَحَادُوْا ŝ **ىفْخ**ىلەن @ وَ اذْ قَتَلْتُمْ نَفْسًا فَادْرَءْتُمْ فِبْهَا وَ اللهُ مُخْرِجُ مَّا كُنْتُمْ تَكْتُمُوْنَ أَ فَقُلْنَا اضْرِبُوْهُ بِبَحْضِهَا . كَذٰلِكَ يُثْي اللهُ الْمَوْتْ " وَ يُرِيْكُمْ أَلِتِهِ **ڵؘۼ**ڵؘۧٛۘڪؙؗؗؗؗٛؗؗؗؗؗؗػۯؾؘٛۼۊؚؚڵۉ؈ٛ

75. Then your hearts became hardened after that, till they were like stones or harder still; for of stones indeed there are some out of which gush forth streams, and of them there are some out of which flows water when they cleave asunder. And indeed, of them there are some that humble themselves for fear of Allāh. And Allāh is not unmindful of what you do.

\*76. Do you expect that they will believe you when a party of them hear the word of Allāh, then pervert it after they have understood it, and they know *the consequences thereof*?

77. And when they meet those who believe, they say: 'We believe,' and when they meet one another in private, they say: 'Do you inform them of what Alläh has unfolded to you, that they may thereby argue with you before your Lord? Will you not then understand?'

78. Do they not know that Allāh knows what they conceal and what they disclose?

79. And some of them are illiterate; they know not the Book but *their* 

ٱلْبَقَرَة Chapter 2 - ۲ ثُمَّر قَسَتْ قُلُوَبُكُمْ مِّنْ بَعْدِ ذٰلِكَ فَعْيَ كَالْحِجَارَةِ أَوْ أَشَدُّ قَسْوَةً دِوَ إِنَّ مِرْبِ الْحِجَارَة لَمَا يَتَفَجَّرُ مِنْهُ الْأَنْهُدُ وَ إِنَّ مِنْهَا لَهَا بَشَقَّقُ فَيَخْرُجُ مِنْهُ الْمَاءِ ، وَإِنَّ مِنْهَا لَمَا يَهْبِطُ مِنْ خَشْيَةِ اللهِ ﴿ وَ مَا اللهُ بِغَافِلٍ عَمَّا تَعْمَلُوْنَ ٱفَتَطْمَعُوْنَ آنْ تُؤْمِنُوْا لَكُمْ وَقَدْ كَانَ فَرِيْقٌ مِّنْهُمْ يَسْمَعُوْنَ كَلامَ اللهِ ثُمَّر يُحَرّفُوْنَهُ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا عَقَلُوْهُ وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُوْنَ ( وَ إِذَا لَقُوا الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا قَالُوَّا أَمَنَّا \* وَ إِذَا خَلَا بَعْضُهُمْ إِلَى يَعْضِ قَالُوْا ٱتُحَدِّ ثُوْنَهُمْ بِمَا فَتَحَ اللهُ عَلَيْكُمْ لِيُحَاجَوْكُمْ بِه عِنْدَ رَبِّكُمْ أَفَلَا تَعْقَلُوْنَ@ اَ وَ لَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ أَنَّ اللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا يُسِرُّوْنَ وَمَا يُعْلِنُوْنَ @ وَ مِنْهُمُ أُمِّيُّوْنَ لَا يَعْلَمُوْتَ الْكِتْ

<sup>\*76.</sup> Do you entertain the hope that they will believe in you while a party from among them has been *willfully* perverting the word of Allāh after they had heard it and understood it and knew it full well.

لنصف

own false notions, and they do nothing but conjecture.

80. Woe, therefore, to those who write the Book with their own hands, and then say: 'This is from Allāh,' that they may take for it a paltry price. Woe, then, to them for what their hands have written, and woe to them for what they earn.

81. And they say: 'The Fire shall not touch us except for a *small* number of days.' Say: 'Have you taken a promise from Allāh? Then, Allāh will never break His promise. Or, do you say of Allāh what you know not?'

82. Aye, whose does evil and is encompassed by his sins—those are the inmates of the Fire; therein shall they abide.

83. But they who believe and do good works—those are the dwellers of Heaven; therein shall they abide.

#### R. 10.

84. And *remember the* time when We took a covenant from the children of Israel: 'You shall worship *nothing* but Allāh and *show* kindness to parents and to kindred and orphans and the poor, and speak to men kindly and observe Prayer, and pay the

إِلَّا آمَانِيَّ وَإِنْ هُمْ إِلَّا يَظُنُّوْنَ @ فَوَيْلٌ لِّنَذِبْ تَكْتُبُوْتَ الْكِتْبَ باَيدِيْهم د ثُمَّر يَقُوْلُوْنَ هٰذَا مِنْ عِنْدِ الله لِيَشْتَرُوْا بِهِ ثَمَنًا قَلِيُلًا فَوَيْلُ تَهُمْ جِمّا كَتَبَتْ آيْدِيْهِمْ وَوَيْلٌ لَّهُمْ مِّمَّا يَكْسِبُوْنَ۞ وَ قَالُوْا لَنْ تَمَسَّنَا النَّارُ الَّ آَتَامًا مَعْدُوْدَةً \* قُلْ ٱتَّخَذْتُمْ عِنْدَ الله عَهْدًا فَلَرِثْ تُخْلِفُ اللهُ عَهْدَةَ آمَر تَقُوْلُوْنَ عَلَى الله مَا لَا تَعْلَمُوْنَ 🔊 بَلْى مَنْ كَسَبَ سَيِّئَةً وَّ أَحَاطَتْ بِهِ خَطِنْتُتُهُ فَأُولَتُكَ أَصْحُبُ النَّارِي هُمْ فَيْهَا خْلِدُوْنَ ٢ وَ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوا وَ عَملُوا الصَّلَحْت أولَى أَصْحْبُ الْجَنَّةِ ، هُمْ فِيْهَا خلددوْنَ ٢ وَإِذْ اَخَذْنَا مِيْثَاقَ بَبِيَّ إِسْرَاءِ يُلَكُ تَعْبُدُوْتَ إِلَّا اللهَ = وَبِالْوَالِدَيْنِ إخسابًا وَّ ذِي الْقُرْلِي وَالْيَتْلِمِ وَ الْمَسْكِيْنِ وَقُوْلُوْا لِلنَّاسِ حُسْنًا وَّ أقيْمُوا الصَّلُوةَ وَ أَتُوا الزَّكُوةَ مُتَّمَّر

- ال

Zakāt;' then you turned away in aversion, except a few of you.

85. And *remember the time* when We took a covenant from you: 'You shall not shed your blood or turn your people out of your homes;' then you confirmed *it*; and you have been witness *to it*.

86. Yet you are the people who slay your own brethren and turn out a section of your people from their homes, backing up one another them with sin against and transgression. And if they come to you as captives, you ransom them, while their very expulsion was unlawful for you. Do you, then, believe in part of the Book and disbelieve in part? There is, therefore, no reward for such among you as do this, except disgrace in the present life; and on the Day of Judgment they shall be driven to а most severe chastisement; and surely, Allah is not unmindful of what you do.

87. These are they who have preferred the present life to the Hereafter. Their punishment shall not therefore be lightened, nor shall they be helped *in any other way*.

#### R. 11.

88. And verily, We gave Moses the Book and caused after him Messengers to follow in his تَوَلَّيْتُمْ إِلَّا قَلِيْلًا مِنْكُمْ وَ ٱنْتُمْ مُعْرِضُوْنَ @ وَإِذْ أَخَذْنَا مِنْثَاقَكُمْ لَا تَسْفَكُوْنَ دِمَاءَكُمْ وَلَا تُخْرِجُوْنَ ٱنْفُسَكُمْ مِّنْ دِيَارُكُمْ ثُمَّ ٱقْرَرْتُمْ وَ ٱنْتُمْ تشهدؤن ثُمَّ آنْتُمْ هَؤُلاً عَقْتُلُونَ آنْفُسَكُمْ <u>ۅ</u>ؘ تُخْرِجُوْنَ فَرِيْقًا مِّنْ ڪُمْرِمِّنْ جِيَادِهِمْدِ تنظهرؤن عليهم بالإثم والعدوانء وَإِنْ تَأْتُوَكُمْ ٱسْرَى تُفْرُوْهُمْ وَهُوَ مُحَرَّمَ عَلَيْكُمْ إِخْرَاجُهُمْ الْفَتُؤْمِنُوْن بِبَعْضِ الْكِتْبِ وَ تَكْفُرُوْنَ بِبَعْضٍ، فَمَا جَزَاءُ مَنْ يَفْعَلُ ذٰلِكَ مِنْكُمْ إِلَّا خِزْيَّ فِ الْحَلِوةِ الدُّنْيَا ، وَيَوْمَر الْقِيْمَةِ يُرَدُّوْنَ إِلَى أَشَدِّ الْعَذَابِ، وَمَا اللهُ بِغَافِلٍ عَمَّاتَعْمَلُوْنَ ٢ أولبك المذيب اشترؤا الخلوة الدُّنْيَا بِالْاخِرَةِ دَ فَلَا يُخَفَّفُ عَنْهُمُ الْعَذَابُ وَلَا هُمْ يُنْصَرُوْنَ ٢ وَ لَقَدْ أَتَيْنَا مُوْسَى الْكِتْبَ وَ قَفَّيْنَا مِنْ بَعْدِمْ بِالرُّسُلِ ﴿ وَ أَتَيْنَا

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ \dot{\tau} \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ \dot{\tau} \ \dot$ 

Ê

footsteps; and to Jesus, son of Mary, We gave manifest Signs, and strengthened him with the Spirit of holiness. Will you then, every time a Messenger comes to you with what you yourselves desire not, behave arrogantly and treat some as liars and slay others?

89. They said: 'Our hearts are wrapped in covers.' Nay, Allāh has cursed them for their disbelief. Little is that which they believe.

90. And when there came to them a Book from Allāh, fulfilling that which is with them—and before that they had prayed for victory over the disbelievers—yet when there came to them that which they knew, they rejected it. The curse of Allāh be on the disbelievers.

91. Evil is that for which they have sold their souls: that they should disbelieve in what Allāh has revealed, grudging that Allāh should send down His grace on whomsoever of His servants He pleases. So they incurred wrath upon wrath; and there is an humiliating chastisement for the disbelievers.

92. And when it is said to them: 'Believe in what Allāh has sent down,' they say: 'We believe in what has been sent down to us;' and they disbelieve in what *has been sent down* after that, yet it is the Truth, fulfilling that which is with عِيْسَى ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ الْبَيِّنْتِ وَٱتَّيْزْنَهُ بِرُوْحِ الْقُدْسِ أَ فَكُلَّمَا جَاءَكُمْ دَسُوْلٌ بما لا تَهْوَى ٱنْفُسُكُمُ اسْتَكْبَرْتُمْ، فَفَرِيْقًا كَذَّبْتُمْد وَ فَرِيْقًا تَقْتُلُوْنَ وَ قَالُوْا قُلُوْبُنَا غُلْفً \* بَلْ لَّحَنَّهُمُ اللَّهُ بِكُفْرِهِمْ فَقَلِيْلًا مَّا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ ﴿ وَلَمَّا جَاءَهُمْ كِتْبٌ مِّنْ عِنْدِ اللهِ مُصَدِّقٌ لِّمَا مَعَهُمُ اوَكَانُوْا مِنْ قَبْلُ يَسْتَفْتِحُوْنَ عَلَى الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا فَلَمَّا جَاءَهُمْ مَّا عَرَفُوْا كَفَرُوْا بِهِ فَلَعْنَةُ اللهِ عَلَى الْكَفِرِينَ ٠ بِنْسَمًا اشْتَرَوْا بِهَ ٱنْفُسَهُمْ أَنْ يَكْفُرُوْا بِمَآ ٱنْزَلَ اللهُ بَغْيًا أَنْ يُنَزِّلُ اللهُ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ عَلَى مَنْ تَشَاءُ مِنْ عِبَادِهِ ، فَبَآءُوْ بِخَضَبِ عَلَى غَضَبِ ، وَلِلْكَفِرِيْنَ عَذَابٌ مُّهِيْنُ ٠

وَرِذَا قِيْلَ لَهُمْ أَمِنُوْا بِمَآ ٱنْزَلَ اللهُ قَالُوْا نُؤْمِنُ بِمَآ ٱنْزِلَ عَلَيْنَا وَ يَكْفُرُوْنَ بِمَا وَرَآءَهُ وَ وَهُوَ الْحَقُّ مُصَرِّقَالِمَا مَعَهُمْ أَقُلْ فَلِمَ تَقْتُلُوْنَ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rhop | \ h \ rhop | \ kh \ rhop | \ dh \ s \ of \ ransilieration on \ page \ p').$ 

them. Say: 'Why, then, did you attempt to slay the Prophets of Allāh before this, if you were believers?'

93. And Moses came to you with manifest Signs, then you took the calf *for worship* in his absence and you were transgressors.

94. And *remember the time*, when We took a covenant from you and raised high above you the Mount, *saying*: 'Hold firmly to what We have given you and hearken;' they said: 'We hear and we disobey;' and their hearts were permeated with *the love of* the calf because of their disbelief. Say: 'Evil is that which your faith enjoins on you, if you have any faith!'

95. Say: 'If the abode of the Hereafter, with Allāh, is solely for you to the exclusion of *all* other people, then wish for death, if you are truthful.'

96. But never shall they wish for it, because of what their own hands have sent on before *them*; and Allāh knows the wrongdoers well.

97. And thou shalt surely find them of all people, the most covetous of  $\int_{1}^{1}$ life, even *more* than those who set  $\int_{1}^{1}$ up equals *with God*. Every one of them wishes that he may be granted a life of a thousand years, but his being granted *such* life shall not

ٱنْبِيمَاء اللهِ مِنْ قَبْلُ إنْ كُنْتُمْ مَّؤْمنيْنَ() وَلَقَدْ جَاءَكُمْ مُّوْسَى بِالْبَيِّنْتِ ثُمَّر اتَّخَذْتُمُ الْجِجْلَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ وَٱنْتُمْ ظلِمُوْنَ؟ وَ إِذْ آخَذْنَا مِيْثَاقَكُمْ وَ رَفَعْنَا فَوْقَكُمُ الطَّوْرَ خُذُوْا مَآ أَتَيْنَكُمْ بِقُوَّةٍ وَّاسْمَعُوْا \* قَالُوْاسَمِعْنَا وَعَصَبْنَاه ݸٱشْرِبُۉاڣۣٛ قُلُۉبهمُ الْعِجْلَ بِكُفْرِهِمْ *ۥ* قُلْ بِئْسَمَا يَأْمُرُكُمْ بِهَ إِيْمَانُكُمْ اِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُّؤْمِنِيْنَ @ قُلْ إِنْ كَانَتْ لَكُمُ الدَّارُ الْأَجْرَةُ عِنْدَ اللهِ خَالِصَةً مِّنْ دُوْنِ النَّاسِ ڣؘؾؘڡڹؘؖۅؙٳٳؽڡۉؾٳؽڝؙٛڹؾؙۿڔۻڋۊؽؽ۞ وَ لَنْ تَتَمَنَّوْهُ آبَدًا بِمَا قَدَّمَتْ ٱيدِيهم والله عَلِيمَ بالظَّلِمِين ٢

وَلَتَجِكِنَّهُمُ اَحْرَصَ النَّاسِ عَلَى حَلِوةٍ وَمِنَ الَّذِيْنَ اَشْرَكُوْا ﴿ يَوَدُّ اَحَدُهُمْ لَوْ يُحَمَّرُ اَنْفَ سَنَةٍ ، وَمَا هُوَ بِمُزَحْزِحِهٖ مِنَ الْحَذَابِ اَنْ يُحَمَّرَ ؞ وَاللَّهُ بَصِيْرٌ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ c | \ h \ 7 \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ 2 \ (19)$ (See details of transilieration on page 'p').

keep him away from the punishment; and Allāh sees all that they do.

#### R. 12.

98. Say: 'Whoever is an enemy to Gabriel—for he it is who has caused it to descend on thy heart by the command of Allāh, which fulfils that which precedes it, and is a guidance and glad tidings to the believers—

99. 'Whoever is an enemy to Allāh, and His angels, and His Messengers, and Gabriel, and Michael, then surely, Allāh is an enemy to *such* disbelievers.'

100. And surely, We have sent down to thee manifest Signs, and no one disbelieves in them but the disobedient.

101. What! every time they make a covenant, will a party among them throw it aside? Nay, most of them have no faith.

102. And *now* when there has come to them a Messenger from Allāh, fulfilling that which is with them, a party of the people to whom the Book was given have thrown the Book of Allāh behind their backs, as if they knew *it* not.

103. And they pursue *the course* which the rebellious *men* followed during the reign of Solomon. And Solomon did not disbelieve; but *it was* the rebellious ones *who* 

بمَا يَعْمَلُوْنَ ٥

قُلْ مَنْ كَانَ عَدُوًّا لِّجِبْرِيْلَ فَاِنَّهُ نَزَّلَهُ عَلْى قَلْبِكَ بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ مُصَدِّقًا لِمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ وَ هُدًى وَّ بُشْرَى لِلْمُؤُمِنِيْنَ (\* مَنْ كَانَ عَدُوًّا تِلْهِ وَ مَلْئِكَتِهِ وَ رُسُلِهِ وَ جِبْرِيْلَ وَ مِيْكُمِلَ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ عَدُوًّ لِلْخُفِرِيْنَ (\*

وَ لَقَدْ ٱنْزَلْنَآ اِلَيْكَ اليتْ بَيِّنْتِ، وَمَا يَكْفُرُ بِهَآ اِلَّا الْفُسِقُوْنَ

ٱۅؘػؙڴۜٙۜؖۜ؉اڂۿۮۉٵۼۿۮٵ نَّبَذَهٔ فَرِيْقَ مِّهْمُ. بَلْٱكْثَرُهُمْ لَايُؤْمِنُوْنَ۞

وَكَمَّا جَاءَهُمْ رَسُوْلٌ مِّنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ مُصَدِّقٌ لِّمَا مَعَهُمْ نَبَذَ فَرِيقٌ مِّنَ الَّذِيْنَ أُوْتُوا الْكِتْبَ لا كِتْبَ اللَّهِ وَرَاءَ ظُهُوْدِهِمْ كَانَّهُمْ لا يَحْلَمُوْنَ أَنُ

وَاتَّبَعُوْا مَا تَتْـلُوا الشَّـلِطِيْنُ عَلَى مُلْكِ سُلَيْمَنُ ءَلَى مُلْكِ سُلَيْمَنُ ءَلَى مُلْكِ مُلْكِ مُلْكِ مُلْكِ مُنْكَمَنُ مَا كَفَرَ سُلَيْمَنُ وَلَكِنَ الشَّـلِطِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا يُعَلِّمُوْنَ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ condition a \ \dot{s} \ (20)$  (See details of transitienation on page 'p').

disbelieved. teaching people falsehood and deception. And they pursue what was revealed to the two angels in Babylon, Hārūt and Mārūt. But these two taught no one until they had said: 'We are but a trial. do not therefore disbelieve.' So men learnt from them that by which they made a difference between a man and his wife, but they harmed no one thereby, except by the command of Allah; on the contrary, these people are learning that which would harm them and do them no good. And they have certainly known that he who trafficks therein has no share of good in the Hereafter; and surely, evil is that for which they have sold their souls; had they but known!

104. And if they had believed and acted righteously, better surely would have been the reward from Allāh, had they but known!

#### R. 13.

105. O ye who believe! say not 'Rā'inā,' but say, 'Unẓurnā' and hearken. And for the disbelievers is a painful punishment.

106. They who disbelieve from among the People of the Book, or from among those who associate gods *with Allāh*, desire not that any good should be sent down to you from your Lord; but Allāh chooses for His mercy whomsoever He النَّاسَ السِّحْرَ ، وَمَا أُنْزِلَ عَلَى الْمَلَكَيْنِ بِبَابِلَ هَارُوْتَ وَمَارُوْتَ. وَمَا يُعَلِّمُنِ مِنْ آحَدٍ حَتَّى يَقُوْلَآ إِنَّمَا نَحْنُ فَتْنَةً فَلَا تَكْفُرُ فَيَتَعَلَّمُوْنَ مِنْهُمَا مَا يُفَرِّقُوْتَ بِهِ بَيْنَ الْمَرْءِ وَ زَوْجِهِ وَمَاهُمْ بِضَارِيْنَ بِهِ مِنْ اَحَدِ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِ اللهِ ﴿ وَ يَتَعَلَّمُوْنَ مَا يَضُرُّهُمْ وَلَا يَنْفَعُهُمْ ، وَ لَقَدْ عَلِمُوْا لَمَن اشْتَرْبِهُ مَا لَهُ فِ الْأَخِرَةِ مِنْ خَلَاتٍ \* وَ لَبِئْسَ مَا شَرَوْا بِمَ ٱنْفُسَهُمْ إِلَهْ كَانُوْا بَعْلَمُوْنَ وَلَوْ آنَّهُمْ أَسَنُوْا وَ اتَّقَوْا لَمَتُوْبَةً مِّنْ عِنْدِ اللهِ خَيْرٌ ، لَوْ كَانُوْا تغلَّمُوْنَ ٢ لَيا يُّهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوا لَا تَقُوْلُوا رَاعِنا وقُوْلُوا انْظُرْنَا وَاسْمَعُوْا وَلِلْكُفِرِيْنَ عَذَابَ ٱلِيْمَ مَا يَوَدُّ اللَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا مِنْ أَهْل الْكِتْبِ وَ لَا الْمُشْرِكِيْنَ أَنْ يُنَزَّلَ عَلَيْكُمْ مِّنْ خَيْرٍ مِّنْ رَّبِّكُمْ وَاللهُ يَخْتَصُ بِرَحْمَتِهِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ ، وَاللهُ

15 CO 15

pleases; and Allāh is Lord of exceeding bounty.

107. Whatever Sign We abrogate or cause to be forgotten, We bring one better than that or the like thereof. Dost thou not know that Allāh has the power to do all that He wills?

108. Dost thou not know that the kingdom of the heavens and the earth belongs to Allāh alone? And there is no protector or helper for you beside Allāh.

109. Would you question the Messenger sent to you as Moses was questioned before this? And whoever takes disbelief in exchange for belief has undoubtedly gone astray from the right path.

110. Many of the People of the Book wish out of *sheer* envy from their own selves that, after you have believed, they could turn you again into disbelievers after the truth has become manifest to them. But forgive and turn away *from them*, till Allāh brings about His decree. Surely, Allāh has the power to do all that He wills.

111. And observe Prayer and pay the Zakāt; and whatever good you send on before you for yourselves, you shall find it with Allāh; surely, Allāh sees all that you do.

ذُوالْفَضْلِ الْحَظِيْمِ ··· مَا نَنْسَخْ مِنْ أَيَةٍ أَوْ نُنْسَهَا نَاْتِ بِخَيْرِ مِّنْهَآ أَوْ مِثْلِهَا \* أَلَمْ تَعْلَمُ اَنَّ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلَّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيْرً 😔 ٱلَمْ تَعْلَمْ أَنَّ اللَّهُ لَهُ مُلْكُ السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْاَرْضِ ﴿ وَمَا لَكُمْ مِّنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ مِنْ وَلِيّ وَلَا نَصِيْرٍ ا اَهْرِتُرِيْدُوْنَ اَنْ تَسْعَلُوْا رَسُوْلَكُمْ كَمَا سُبِّلَ مُوْسى مِنْ قَبْلُ ، وَ مَنْ يَّتَبَدَّلِ الْكُفْرَ بِالْإِيْمَانِ فَقَدْضَلَّ سَوَاء السَّبيْلِ وَدَّ كَثِيْرُ مِّنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتْبِ لَوْ يَرُدُّوْنَكُمْ مِّنْ بَعْدِ إِيْمَانِكُمْ كُفَّارًا \* حَسَدًا مِّنْ عِنْدِ ٱنْفُسِهِمْ مِّنْ بَعْدِ مَا تَبَيَّى لَهُمُ الْحَقَّى ، فَاعْفُوْا وَاصْفَحُوْا حَتَّى يَاتِي اللهُ بِآمَرِمْ د اِنَّ اللهَ عَلٰى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَرْيَرُ وَ أَقَيْمُوا الصَّلُوةَ وَ أَتُوا الزَّحُوةَ \* وَمَا تُقَدِّمُوا لِأَنْفُسِكُمْ مِّنْ خَيْرِ تَجدُوْهُ عِنْدَ اللهِ وَإِنَّ اللهَ بِمَا تَعْمَلُوْنَ بَصِيْرٌ ١

الثاغة

112. And they say, 'None shall ever enter Heaven unless he be a Jew or a Christian.' These are their vain desires. Say, 'Produce your proof, if you are truthful.'

\*113. Nay, whoever submits himself completely to Allāh, and is the doer of good, shall have his reward with his Lord. No fear *shall come* upon such, neither shall they grieve.

R. 14.

114. And the Jews say, 'The Christians stand on nothing;' and the Christians say, 'The Jews stand on nothing;' while they *both* read the *same* Book. Even thus said those who had no knowledge, like what they say. But Allāh shall judge between them on the Day of Resurrection concerning that wherein they disagree.

115. And who is more unjust than he who prohibits the name of Allāh being glorified in Allāh's temples and seeks to ruin them? It was not proper for such men to enter therein except in fear. For them is disgrace in this world; and theirs shall be a great punishment in the next.

وَ قَالُوْا لَنْ يَدْخُلَ الْجَنَّةَ إِلَّا مَنْ كَانَ هُوْدًا أَوْ نُصارِبٍ مِتْلَكَ أَمَانِتُهُمْ مِ قُدْ، هَاتُوْا بُرْهَانَكُمْ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صرقيْن ١ بَلْي د مَنْ أَسْلَمَ وَجْهَهُ بِتَّهِ وَ هُوَ مُحْسِنٌ فَلَهُ ٱجْرُهٔ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِ ~ وَلَا <u>ا</u> ال خَوْفُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُوْنَ شَ وَ قَالَتِ الْيَهُوْدُ لَيْسَتِ النَّصْرِي عَلَى شَيْءٍ م وَّ قَالَتِ النَّصْرِي لَيْسَتِ الْيَهُوْدُ عَلْي شَيْءٍ " وَهُمْرِيَتْلُوْتَ الْكِتْبَ حُذْلِكَ قَالَ الَّذَيْنِ كَا يعْلَمُوْنَ مِثْلَ قَوْلِهِمْ، فَاللهُ يَحْكُمُ بَيْنَهُمْ يَوْمَرِالْقِيْمَةِ فِيْمَا كَانُوْا فِيْهِ ىخْتَلِفُوْنَ وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مِمَّنْ مَّنَعَ مَسْجدَ اللهِ آَنْ يُذْكَرَ فِيْهَا اسْمُهُ وَ سَلَّى فَيْ خَرَابِهَا ٢ أُولْبُكَ مَا كَانَ لَهُمْ ٱڹٛ تَبْدْخُلُوْهَآ إِلَّا خَائِفِيْنَ \* لَهُمْ ف الدُّنْيَا خِزْيَّ وَلَهُمْ فِ الْأَخِرَةِ عَذَاتَ عَظنهُ ٥

\*113. Nay, whoever submits himself completely to Allah, while he is excellent in conduct, shall have his reward with his Lord.

116. To Allāh belong the East and the West; so withersoever you turn, there will be the face of Allāh. Surely, Allāh is Bountiful, All-Knowing.

117. And they say, 'Allāh has taken *to Himself* a son.' Holy is He! Nay, everything in the heavens and the earth belongs to Him. To Him are all obedient.

118. *He is* the Originator of the heavens and the earth. When He decrees a thing, He does only say to \*it, 'Be!' and it is.

119. And those who have no knowledge say, 'Why does not Allāh speak to us, or a Sign come to us?' Likewise said those before them similar to their saying. Their hearts are alike. We have certainly made the Signs plain for a people who firmly believe.

120. We have sent thee with the Truth, as a Bearer of glad tidings and a Warner. And thou wilt not be questioned about the inmates of Hell.

121. And the Jews will by no means be pleased with thee, nor the Christians, unless thou follow their creed. Say, 'Surely, Allāh's guidance alone is the guidance.' And if thou follow their evil desires after the knowledge that has come to thee, وَبِلَّهِ الْمَشْرِقُ وَالْمَغْرِبُ وَ فَآيَنَمَا تُعَلَّدُا فَثَمَّ وَجْهُ الله ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ وَاسِحُ عَلِيْمُ 🕅 وَ قَالُوا اتَّخَذَ اللهُ وَلَدًا السُبْحُنَهُ \* يَلْ لَّهُ مَا فِ السَّهٰةِ وَالْأَرْضِ، كُلُّ لَّهُ قَانِتُوْنَ@ بَدِيْعُ السَّلْطُوتِ وَالْإَرْضِ ﴿ وَإِذَا قَضَى ٱشرًا فَانَّتَهَا بَقُوْلُ لَهُ كُنْ فَتِكُوْنُ 🔊 وَ قَالَ الَّذِيرِي لَا تَعْلَمُوْتَ لَوْ كَل مُكَلَّمُنَا اللهُ أَوْ تَأْتَبُنَا أَنَهُ كَذْلِكَ قَالَ الَّذِيْرِي مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ مَثْلَ قَوْلِهِمْ ﴿ تَشَابَهَتْ قُلُوْلُهُمْ ﴿ قَرْبَتَنَّ الْأَلْتِ لِقَوْمِ تُوْقِنُونَ لْمُنْكَ بِالْحَقِّ بَشِيْرًا وَّ نَذِيْرًا تُسْعَلُ عَنْ أَصْحُبِ الْجَحِيْمِ \* وَّ لَا وَ لَنْ تَدْخِي عَنْكَ الْتَهُوْدُ وَلَا النَّصْرِي حَتَّى تَتَّبِعَ مِلْتَهُمْ وِ قُلْ إِنَّ هُرَفٍ اللهِ هُوَ الْهُدْفِ ، وَ لَبِّنِ اتَّبَعْتَ اَهُوَاَءَهُمْ بَعْدَ الَّذِيْ جَاءَكَ *مِ*نَ

\*118. Note: The expression " 'Be!' And it is" does not indicate spontaneous transformation into existence from nothingness. It means that the moment God wills, His will begins to take shape and ultimately is done as He desires.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ r \ | \ h \ r \ | \ kh \ r \ | \ dh \ s \ of transitieration on page (p).$ 

## الَمِّ l - 1

thou shalt have, from All $\bar{a}h$ , no friend nor helper.

122. They to whom We have given the Book follow it as it ought to be followed; it is these that believe therein. And whoso believes not therein, these are they who are the losers.

R. 15.

123. O ye children of Israel! remember My favour which I bestowed upon you, and that I exalted you above all peoples.

124. And fear the day when no soul shall serve as a substitute for another soul at all, nor shall any ransom be accepted from it, nor any intercession avail it, nor shall they be helped.

125. And *remember* when his Lord tried Abraham with certain commands which he fulfilled. He said, 'I will make thee a Leader of men.' *Abraham* asked, 'And from among my offspring?' He said, 'My covenant does not embrace the transgressors.'

126. And *remember the time* when We made the House a resort for mankind and a *place of* security; and take ye the station of Abraham as a place of Prayer. And We commanded Abraham and Ishmael, *saying*, 'Purify My House for those who perform the circuit and those who remain *therein* for devotion and those who bow down and fall prostrate *in Prayer*.'

الْعِلْمِر المَاكَكَ مِنَ اللهِ مِنْ وَّلِيٍّ وَّلَا نَصِيْرٍ ٱلَّذِينَ أَتَبْنَهُمُ الْكِتْبَ بَتْلُوْنَهُ حَقَّ تِلَاوَتِهِ أولَئِكَ يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِهِ وَمَنْ يَكْفُرْبِهِ فَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْخُسِرُوْنَ ﴾ لَح لِبَنِينَ إِسْرَأُوسُ اذْكُرُوا نِعْمَتِي الَّتِيَ ٱنْعَمْتُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَآَنِّيْ فَضَّلْتُكُمْ عَلَى الْعْلَمِيْنَ @ وَ اتَّقُوْا يَوْمًا لَّا تَجْزِيْ نَفْسً عَنْ نَّفْس شَنْئًا وَلَا بُقْبَلُ مِنْهَا عَدْلُ وَلَا تَنْفَعُهَا شَفَاعَةً وَّ لَا هُمْ يُنْصَرُوْنَ وَ اِذِ ابْتَلْى اِبْرَهِمَ رَبُّهُ بِكَلِمْتٍ فَا تَمَّهُنَّ ، قَالَ إِنَّيْ جَاعِلُكَ لِلنَّاسِ إِمَامًا \* قَالَ وَمِنْ ذُرِّيَّتِيْ \* قَالَ لَا يَنَالُ عَهْدِي الظَّلِمِيْنَ 🕬 وَإِذْ جَعَلْنَا الْمَنْتَ مَثَامَةً تَلَنَّاسٍ وأهناء واتخجذوا موث متقام إبراهم مُصَلًّى ، وَعَهِدْنَآ إِلَى إِبْرَهِمَرُوَ إِسْمَعِيْلَ اَنْ طَهَّرًا بَيْتِي لِلطَّائِفِيْنَ وَ الْعُكِفِيْنَ وَ الرُّحَّع السُّجُوْدِ ٢

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (25)$  (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

127. And *remember* when Abraham said, 'My Lord, make this a town of peace and provide with fruits such of its dwellers as believe in Allāh and the Last Day,' He said, 'And on him too who believes not will I bestow benefits for a little while; then will I drive him to the punishment of the Fire, and an evil destination it is.'

128. And *remember the time* when Abraham and Ishmael raised the foundations of the House, *praying*, 'Our Lord, accept *this* from us; for Thou art All-Hearing, All-Knowing.

129. 'Our Lord, make us submissive to Thee and *make* of our offspring a people submissive to Thee. And show us our ways of worship, and turn to us with mercy; for Thou art Oft-Returning *with compassion and* Merciful.

130. 'And, our Lord, raise up among them a Messenger from among themselves, who may recite to them Thy Signs and teach them the Book and Wisdom and may purify them; surely, Thou art the Mighty, the Wise.'

## R. 16.

131. And who will turn away from the religion of Abraham but he who is foolish of mind? Him did We choose in this world, and in the next he will surely be among the righteous.

وَإِذْ قَالَ إِبْرَهِمُ رَبِّ اجْعَلْ هٰذَا بَلَدًا امِنًا وَّ ارْزُقْ أَهْلَهُ مِرْسَ الشَّمَات مَنْ أَمَنَ مِنْهُمْ بِاللهِ وَ الْيَوْمِ الْأَجْرِءِ قَالَ وَمَنْ كَفَرَ فَأُمَتَّعُهُ قَلِيلًا ثُمَّ ٱضْطَرُّنَّ إِلَى عَذَابِ النَّارِ ، وَ بِئْسَ الْمَصِيْرُ ٢ وَإِذْ يَرْفَعُ إِبْرَهِمُ الْقَوَاعِدَ مِنَ الْبَيْتِ وَإِسْمَعِثِلُ ﴿ رَبَّنَا تَقَتَلُ مِنَّا داِنَّكَ آنْتَ السَّمِيْحُ الْحَلِيْمُ ٢ رَتَّنَا وَ اجْعَلْنَا مُسْلَمَيْن لَكَ وَمِنْ ذُرِّيتِنا أُمَّةً مُّسْلِمَةً لَّكَ م وَاَرْنَا مَنَاسِكَنَا وَتُبْ عَلَيْنَا الْأَلَى ٱنْتَ التَّوَّابُ الرَّحِيْمُ 🕅 رَبَّنَا وَ ابْعَثْ فِيْهِمْ رَسُوْلًا مِّنْهُمْ يَتْلُوْا عَلَيْهِمْ أَيِتِكَ وَ يُعَرِّمُهُمُ الْكِتْبَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ وَيُزَكِّيْهِمْ إِنَّكَ ٱنْتَ الْعَزِيْزُ الْحَكِيْمُ ٢

وَ مَنْ تَيْرْغَبُ عَنْ مِّنَّةٍ اِبْلُهِمَ اِلَّا مَنْ سَفِهَ نَفْسَهُ • وَلَقَدِ اصْطَفَيْنُهُ فِي المُّنْيَا • وَ اِنَّهُ فِي الْأَخِرَةِ لَمِنَ الصَّلِحِيْنَ ٣

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ (26)$  (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

2000

132. When his Lord said to him, 'Submit,' he said, 'I have submitted to the Lord of the worlds.'

133. The same did Abraham enjoin upon his sons—and *so did* Jacob *saying*: 'O my sons, truly Allāh has chosen this religion for you; so let not death overtake you except when you are in a state of submission.'

134. Were you present when death came to Jacob, when he said to his sons, 'What will you worship after me?' They answered, 'We will worship thy God, the God of thy fathers, Abraham and Ishmael and Isaac, the One God; and to Him we submit ourselves.'

135. Those are a people that have passed away; for them is what they earned, and for you shall be what you earn; and you shall not be questioned as to what they did.

136. And they say, 'Be ye Jews or Christians that you may be rightly guided.' Say: 'Nay, *follow ye* the religion of Abraham who was ever inclined *to God*; he was not of those who set up gods *with God*.'

137. Say ye: 'We believe in Allāh and what has been revealed to us, and what was revealed to Abraham and Ishmael, and Isaac, and Jacob and *his* children, and what was given to Moses and Jesus, and what was given to *all other* Prophets

إِذْ قَالَ لَهُ رَبُّهُ آَسْلِمُ اقَالَ آَسْلَمْتُ
لِرَبِّ الْعُلَمِيْنَ@
وَ وَصَّى بِهَآ اِبْلَاهِمُ بَنِيْهِ وَ يَعْقُوْبُ
لِيَبَخِيَّ إِنَّ اللَّهَ اصْطَغَى لَكُمُ الدِّيْنَ فَلَا
تَمُوْتُنَّ إِلَّا وَ ٱنْتُمْ مُّسْلِمُوْنَ ٢

اَمْ كُنْتُمْ شُهَدَآء اِذْ حَضَرَ يَعْقُوْبَ الْمَوْتُ الَذْ قَالَ لِبَنِيْهِ مَا تَعْبُدُوْنَ مِنْ بَعْدِيْ قَالُوْا نَعْبُدُ الْهَكَ وَ اِلْهَ اَبَآئِكَ اِبْلَهِمَ وَ اِسْمَعِيْلَ وَ اِسْحْقَ الْهَا وَاحِدًا \*وَنَحْنُ لَهُ مُسْلِمُوْنَ تَلْكَ أُمَّةً قَدْ خَلَتْ ، لَهَا مَا كَسَبَتْ وَ لَكُمْ مَا كَسَبْتُمْ ، وَ لَا تُسْكَلُوْنَ عَمَّا كَانُوْا يَعْمَلُوْنَ اوْ نَصْلِى تَهْ تَدُوْا لَوْ تُلْ بَلْ مِلَةَ اِبْلَهِمَ حَنِيْفًا لَا وَمَا حَانَ مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِيْنَ @

قُوْلُوَّا اَمَنَّا بِاللَّهِ وَ مَمَّ ٱنْزِلَ اِلَيْنَا وَمَمَّ ٱنْزِلَ اِلَى اِبْرَاهِمَ وَ اِسْمَعِيْلَ وَ اِسْحْقَ وَ يَعْقُوْبَ وَ الْاَسْبَاطِ وَ مَآ اُوْتِي مُوْسِم وَ عِيْسِ وَمَمَ اُوْتِي

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ b \ | \ f \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ content \ content$ 

from their Lord. We make no difference between any of them; and to Him we submit ourselves.'

138. And if they believe as you have believed, then are they surely guided; but if they turn back, then they are only creating a schism, and Allāh will surely suffice thee against them, for He is All-Hearing, All-Knowing.

\*139. Say, 'We will adopt the religion of Allāh; and who is better than Allāh in *teaching* religion, and Him alone do we worship.'

140. Say: 'Do you dispute with us concerning Allāh, while He is our Lord and your Lord? And for us are our works, and for you your works; and to Him alone we are sincerely devoted.'

141. Do you say that Abraham, and Ishmael, and Isaac, and Jacob, and *his* children were Jews or Christians? Say, 'Do you know better or Allāh?' And who is more unjust than he who conceals the testimony that he has from Allāh? And Allāh is not unaware of what you do.

142. Those are a people that have passed away; for them is what they earned, and for you shall be what you earn; and you shall not be questioned as to what they did. النَّبِيُّوْتَ مِنْ رَّبِّهِمْ ، لَا نُفَرَقُ بَيْنَ ٱحَد بِّنْهُم <sup>2</sup> وَنَحْنُ لَهُ مُسْلِمُوْنَ® فَإِنْ أَمَنُوْا بِمِثْلِ مَا أَمَنْتُمْ بِهِ فَقَد اهْتَدَوْا ، وَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَانَّمَا هُمْ فَ شْقَاق ، فَسَرَكْفَنْكَهُمُ اللهُ ، وَهُوَ السميعُ الْعَلِيْمُ ٢ صنغة الله ، وَمَنْ أَحْسَنُ مِنَ الله صِبْغَةً رَوَّنَحْنُ لَهُ عَبِدُوْنَ قُلْ ٱتُحَاجَّوْنَنَا فِي اللهِ وَهُوَ رَبُّنَا وَرَبُّهُمْ ، وَلَنَا أَعْمَالُنَا وَ لَكُمْ ٱعْمَالُكُمْ ، وَنَحْنُ لَهُ مُخْلِصُوْنَ أَ أَمْ تَقُوْلُوْنَ إِنَّ إِبْرَهِمَ وَ إِسْمَعِيْلَ وَ إِسْحَقَ وَ يَعْقُوْبَ وَ الْأَسْبَاطَ كَانُوْا هُوْدًا أَوْ نَصْرِي ﴿ قُلْءَ أَنْتُمْ أَعْلَهُ أَمِرِ اللَّهُ ﴿ وَمَنْ أَظْلَهُ مِعْنَ كَتَمَ شَهَادَةً عِنْدَهُ مِنَ الله ، وَمَا الله بغَافِل عَمَّا تَعْمَلُوْنَ @

اىللە بغافِلِ عمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ () تِلْكَ أُمَّةً قَدْ خَلَتْ : لَهَا مَا كَسَبَتْ وَ لَكُمْ مَّا كَسَبْتُمْ : وَلَا تُسْئَلُونَ عَمَّا كَانُوْا يَعْمَلُونَ ()

\*139. Note: Religion of Allah does not mean that God follows any religion. It only means a religion revealed by God.

a i u + | th ش | h 7 | kh 7 | dh 7 | š | c 28 م ا خ 10 (28 م + 1 ف 1 + 1 ) (28 - 1 ) (28 - 28 - 28 - 20 ) (28 - 28 - 20 ) (28 - 20

سَيَقُوْلُ Part 2 - ۲

R. 17.

143. The foolish among the people will say: 'What has turned them away from their Qiblah which they followed?' Say: 'To Allah belong the East and the West. He guides whom He pleases to the right path.'

144. And thus have We made you an exalted nation, that you may be guardians over men, and the Messenger of God may be a guardian over you. And We did not appoint the Qiblah which thou didst follow, except that We might know him who follows the Messenger of God from him who turns upon his heels. And this is indeed hard, except for those whom Allah has guided. And it does not behove Allāh to let your faith go in vain; surely, Allah is Compassionate and Merciful to the people.

145. Verily, We see thee turning thy face often to heaven; surely, then, will We make thee turn to the Oiblah which thou likest. So, turn thy face towards the Sacred Mosque; and wherever you be, turn your faces towards it. And they to whom the Book has been given know that this is the truth from their Lord; and Allah is not unmindful of what they do.

146. And even if thou shouldst bring every Sign to those who have been يستقول الشف كماءمي النَّاس مَا وَلَّيهُمْ عَنْ قِبْلَتِهِمُ الَّتِيْ كَانُوْا عَلَيْهَا -قُلْ تِتْهِ الْمَشْرِقُ وَالْمَغْرِبُ ، يَهْدِيْ مَنْ تَشَاء إلى صِرَاط مُسْتَقْبُم ٢ وَكَذَلِكَ حَعَلْنَكُمْ أُمَّةً وَّسَطًا لِتَكُوْنُوْا شُهَدَاءَ عَلَى النَّاسِ وَ يَكُوْنَ الرَّسُوْلُ عَلَيْكُمْ شَهِيدًا ﴿ وَمَا جَعَلْنَا الْقِبْلَةَ الَّجِنِ كُنْتَ عَلَيْهَا إِلَّا لِنَعْلَمَ مَنْ يَتَبِعُ الرَّسُوْلَ مِمَّنْ يَنْقَلِبُ عَلْى عَقِبَيْهِ . وَإِنْ كَانَتْ لَكَبِيْرَةً إِلَّا عَلَى الَّذِينَ هَدَب اللهُ وَ مَا كَانَ اللهُ لِبُضِيْعَ إِنْهَانَكُمْ لِ إِنَّ اللَّهُ بِالنَّاسِ لَرَءُوْفُ رَّحِيْمُ ٢ قَدْ نَرْى تَقَلُّبَ وَجْهِكَ فِي السَّمَاءِ، فَلَنُوَ لِيَنَّكَ قِبْلَةً تَرْضِهَا م فَوَلّ وجهك شطر المشجد الخرام وَحَبْثُ مَا كُنْتُمْ فَوَلَّوْا وُجُوْهَكُمْ شَطْرَة ، وَ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ أَوْتُوا الْكِتْبَ لَيَعْلَمُوْنَ أَنَّهُ الْحَقُّ مِنْ رَّبِّهِمْ ا وَمَااللهُ بِغَافِلٍ عَمَّا يَعْمَلُوْنَ ٢ وَ لَبِنْ آتَيْتَ المَزِينَ أوْتُوا الْكِتْبَ

a i u + th أظ  $r + kh \dot{r} + dh$  أو (22) م (22) م (16)(See details of transliteration on page 'p').

given the Book, they would never follow thy Qiblah; nor wouldst thou follow their Qiblah; nor would some of them follow the Qiblah of others. And if thou shouldst follow their desires after the knowledge that has come to thee, then thou shalt surely be of the transgressors.

\*147. Those to whom We have given the Book recognize it even as they recognize their sons, but surely some of them conceal the truth knowingly.

148. *It is* the truth from thy Lord; be not therefore of those who doubt.

### R. 18.

149. And every one has a goal which dominates him; vie, then, with one another in good works. Wherever you be, Allāh will bring you all together. Surely, Allāh has the power to do all that He wills.

150. And from wheresoever thou comest forth, turn thy face towards the Sacred Mosque; for that is indeed the truth from thy Lord.

بِكُلَّ أَبَةٍ مَّا تَبِعُوْا قِبْلَتَكَ ، وَ مَا بتابع قبلتهم، وم بابع قثلة تغضء وك اَهْوَاءَهُمْ مِّنْ نَعْد مَ وقفالازم لْعِلْم النَّكَ اذًالَّ ا یک فَدْبَ اَنْنَاءَهُمْ ﴿ وَ اَنَّ فَرِيْقًا مِّنْهُمْ لَيَكْتُمُوْتِ الْحَقِّ ڗۜؾڮؘ 14 الْمُمْتَرِيْنَ ٢ وَاكُلَّ وَحْفَةً هُوَ مُ الْخُلْاتِ أَيْنَ مَا نَهْا يَاتٍ اللهُ جَمِنْعًا ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ قرير 🔊 شطكر الممشجد الحرامر

<sup>\*147.</sup> Those to whom We have given the Book recognise it as the truth even as they recognise their sons, but surely some of them conceal the truth knowingly.

**Note:** The word *it* primarily refers to the signs of the truth which they witness in the conduct of the Holy Prophet (may peace and blessings of Allāh be upon him). It is evident that he is a godly person because he displays God's attributes. As they recognise their sons from the signs and imprints of their own character upon them and know them thereby to truly belong to them, so a man of God has to be recognised by the attributes of God which are displayed in his conduct and way of life.

And Allah is not unmindful of what you do.

151. And from wheresoever thou comest forth, turn thy face towards the Sacred Mosque; and wherever you be, turn your faces towards it that people may have no argument against you, except from among those who are unjust-so fear them not, but fear Me-and that I may perfect My favour upon you; and that you may be rightly guided.

152. Even as We have sent to you a Messenger from among yourselves who recites Our Signs to you, and purifies you, and teaches you the Book and Wisdom, and teaches you that which you did not know.

153. Therefore remember Me, and I will remember you; and be thankful to Me and do not be ungrateful to Me

#### R. 19.

154. O ye who believe! seek help with patience and Prayer; surely, Allāh is with the steadfast.

155. And say not of those who are killed in the cause of Allah that they are dead; nay, they are living; only you perceive not.

مِنْ رَّبِّكَ ، وَ مَا اللهُ بِغَافِلِ عَمَّا تغمَلُهْنَ، وَمِنْ حَيْثُ خَرَجْتَ فَوَلِّ وَجْهَكَ شَطْرَ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ • وَحَيْثُ مَا كُنْتُمْ فَوَلُّوا وُجُوْهَكُمْ شَطْرَهُ ، لِكَلَّه تَكُوْبَ لِلنَّاسِ عَلَيْكُمْ حُجَّةً لا ٳڷۜٳٳۜۜۜۜڐؚؽؾؘڟؘػڡٛۉٳڡۣڹٛٛؗؗؗؗؗؗؗؠٛ؞ڣؘڵٳؾڂٛۺؘؘۉۿۿ وَاخْشَوْنِ د وَلا بَتَرْنِعْمَتِيْ عَلَيْكُمْ وَلَعَا حُدْ تَفْتَدُوْنَ كمآ آدسلنا فيكمر رسؤلا تبنكمر ىتْلُوْا عَلَىْكُمْ الْتِنَا وَ يُزَحِّيْكُمْ وَ نُعَلَّمُكُمُ الْكُتْبَ وَ الْجِكْمَةَ وَ يُعَلِّمُكُمْ مَّا لَمْ تَكُوْنُوْا تَعْلَمُوْنَ ﴾ فَا ذْ حُرُوْ نَنْ آذْ كُرْكُمْ وَ اشْحُرُوْا لِيْ وَكَا تَكْفُرُوْنَ أَن يَا يُهَا الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوا اسْتَعِيْنُوْا بالصَّبْرِ وَ الصَّلُوةِ ، إنَّ اللهُ مَعَ الصبرين وَلَا تَقُوْلُوْالِمَنْ يُقْتَلُ فِي سَبِيْلِ اللهِ أَمْوَاتٌ ﴿ يَلْ أَحْيَاءً وَّلَكِر \*

ً √تشغاؤن‱

 $a i u \mid th$  أ ل  $r \mid kh \neq dh$  أ أ  $r \mid kh \neq dh$  أ أ أ  $r \mid kh \neq dh$  ،  $r \mid h \neq dh$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

<u>م</u>ما ب

156. And We will try you with something of fear and hunger, and loss of wealth and lives, and fruits; but give glad tidings to the patient,

157. Who, when a misfortune overtakes them, say, 'Surely, to Allāh we belong and to Him shall we return.'

158. It is these on whom are blessings from their Lord and mercy, and it is these who are rightly guided.

159. Surely, Aş-Şafā and Al-Marwah are among the Signs of Allāh. It is, therefore, no sin for him who is on pilgrimage to the House, or performs 'Umrah, to go round the two. And whoso does good beyond what is obligatory, surely then, Allāh is Appreciating, All-Knowing.

160. Those who conceal what We have sent down of Signs and guidance after We have made it clear for the people in the Book, it is these whom Allāh curses; and *so* curse them those who curse.

161. But they who repent and amend and openly declare *the truth*, it is these to whom I turn with forgiveness, and I am Oft-Returning *with compassion and* Merciful.

162. Those who disbelieve and die while they are disbelievers, on

وَلَنَبْلُوَنَّكُمْ بِشَفٍ عِنَ الْخَوْفِ وَالْجُوْعِ وَ نَقْصِ مِّتْ الْآَسْوَال وَ الْأَنْفُسِ وَ الشَّمَرْتِ ، وَ بَشِّرِ الصّبِرِيْنَ الَّذِيْنَ إِذَا آصَابَتْهُمْ مُّصِيْبَةً " قَالُوْا إِنَّا بِتْهِ وَإِنَّ إِلَيْهِ لَإِجْعُوْنَ ٢ ٱولَّئِكَ عَلَيْهِمْ صَلَوْتٌ مِّنْ رَّبْهِمْ وَرَحْمَةً وأولَبْكَ هُمُ الْمُهْتَدُوْنَ @ اِتَ الصَّفَا وَالْمَرْوَةَ مِنْ شَعَائِرِ اللهِ ، فَمَنْ حَجَّ الْبَيْتَ أوِاعْتَمَرَ فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِ أَنْ يَطَّوَّفَ بِهِمَاء وَمَنْ تَطَوَّعُ خَبْرًا فَانَ الله شَاكِرُ عَلِيْمُ ٢ اتَ الَّذَيْنَ يَكْتُمُوْنَ مَآ أَنْزَلْنَا مِنَ الْبَيِّنْتِ وَالْهُدٰى مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا بَيَّنْهُ لِلنَّاسِ فِي الْكِتْبِ " أُولْبِّكَ يَلْعَنُهُمُ اللهُ وَ مَلْعَنُهُمُ اللَّعِنُهُونَ ٢ إِلَّا الَّذِينَ تَابُوْا وَ أَصْلَحُوْا وَ بَيَّانُوْا فَٱولَئِكَ ٱتُوْبُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَٱنَّاالتَّوَّابُ الرَّجيْمُ

**ِ**إِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا وَ مَا تُوْا وَ هُمْ كُفَّارً

ے ۳

them shall be the curse of Allāh and of angels and of men all together.

163. They shall remain under it. The punishment shall not be lightened for them, nor shall they be granted respite.

164. And your God is One God; there is no god but He, the Gracious, the Merciful.

# R. 20.

165. Verily, in the creation of the heavens and the earth and in the alternation of night and day, and in the ships which sail in the sea with that which profits men, and in the water which Allāh sends down from the sky and quickens therewith the earth after its death and scatters therein all kinds of beasts, and in the change of the winds, and the clouds pressed into service between the heaven and the earth—are indeed Signs for the people who understand.

166. And there are some among men who take for themselves objects of worship other than Allāh, loving them as they should love Allāh. But those who believe are stronger in *their* love for Allāh and if those who transgress could *now* see *the time* when they shall see the punishment, *they would realize* that all power belongs to Allāh and that Allāh is severe in punishing. ٱولَيْكَ عَلَيْهِمْ لَعْنَةُ اللهِ وَ الْمَلْئِكَةِ وَالنَّاسِ اَجْمَعِيْنَ ش خْلِدِيْنَ فِيْهَا ، لَا يُخَفَّفُ عَنْهُمُ الْعَذَابُ وَلَاهُمْ يُنْظُونَ وَإِلْهُكُمْ إِلْهُ قَاحِدٌ ، ݣَا إِلْهَ إِلَّهُ هُوَ الرَّحْمِنُ الرَّحْمُ 🗑 اِنَّ فِن خَلْق السَّمَوْتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَاخْتِلَافٍ الَّيْلِ وَ النَّهَادِ وَ الْفُلْتِ الَّتِيْ تَجْرِيْ فِ الْبَحْرِ بِمَا يَنْفَعُ النَّاسَ وَمَا ٱنْزَلَ اللهُ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مِنْ مَّآءٍ فَاَحْيَا بِهِ الْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا <u>ۅ</u>ؘڹڞۜٛڣؽۿٳڡؚڹؙٛؗؗڪؙڵؚۮؘٲڹؖڐ۪؞ۊۧؾٙڞڔؽڣ الرَّيْحِ وَ السَّحَابِ الْمُسَخَّرِبَيْنَ السماء و الأرض لايت يقوم يَعْقِلُوْنَ 🕾 وَمِنَ النَّاسِ مَنْ يَتَّخِذُ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللَّهِ ٱنْدَادًا يُحِبُّوْنَهُمْ كَحُبّ اللهِ دوَالَّذِينَ امَنُوْا اَشَدُّ حُبًّا تِتْهِ ، وَلَوْ يَرَى الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوٓاإِذْ يَرَوْنَ الْعَذَابِ التَّ الْقُوَةَ بِتَّهِ جَمِيْعًا وَآنَ اللهُ شَدِيدُ الْعَذَابِ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ (33)$ (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

ي بي ا

\*167. Aye, they would certainly realize if they could see the time when those who were followed shall disown their followers and shall see the punishment, and all their ties shall be cut asunder.

168. And those who followed shall say: 'If we could only return, we would disown them as they have disowned us.' Thus will Allāh show them their works as anguish for them, and they shall not get out of the Fire.

### R. 21.

\*169. O ye men! eat of what is lawful and good in the earth; and follow not the footsteps of Satan; surely, he is to you an open enemy.

170. He only enjoins upon you what is evil and what is foul, and that you say of Allāh what you do not know.

171. And when it is said to them, 'Follow that which Allāh has sent down,' they say: 'Nay, we will follow that wherein we found our fathers.' What! even if their fathers had no sense at all and no guidance?

اذْ تَهَرَّأَ الَّذِينَ اتَّبِعُوْا مِرْبَ الَّذِبْنَ كأؤا المحذاب بهمُرالأَشْت وَقَالَ الَّذِبْنَ اتَّبَعُوْا لَوْ أَتَّ لَنَا حَرَّةً فَنَتَكَرًا مِنْهُمْ حَمَا تَكَرَّءُوْا لڭ يُرثه من النَّاد شَهُ ڪُاُها ŝ طتدًا سن ني دون ا Δà مُرْكُمْ بِالشَّوْعِ دَ لَنْ تَقْوَلُوْا عَلَى اللَّهِ مَا لَا لَهُجُ إِثَّ وَ اذَا قَبْلُ أَن نُتَّبِعُ مَا اللهُ قَالَهُا ك عَلَمْهِ إِنَّاءَنَا ﴿ أَوَ لَهُ كَانَ كَا يَعْقِلُهُ نَ شَبْعًا وَّ لَا يَعْقِدُوْنَ

 $a i u + | th \stackrel{\circ}{=} | h \tau | kh \stackrel{i}{=} | dh \stackrel{\circ}{=} | s \stackrel{\circ}{=} 3 + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{$ 

<sup>\*167.</sup> *Truly, they would certainly realise if they could see the time* when those who were followed shall disown their followers and shall see the punishment, and all **the means of escape** shall be cut asunder.

<sup>\*169.</sup> O ye people! cat of what is lawful and wholesome in the earth;

**Note:** The word *tayyib* ( $\underbrace{i}_{2}$ ) may apply to personal choice as well as to the wholesome condition of that which has been declared lawful. In the first case the same food being lawful could be wholesome for one and unwholesome for others because of differences of choice, taste and circumstance. In the second case it may refer to the condition of food indicating that the believers prefer to eat food which is not only lawful but also found in a good, healthy and wholesome condition.

172. And the case of those who disbelieve is like the case of one who shouts to that which hears nothing but a call and a cry. They are deaf, dumb and blind-so they do not understand

173. O ve who believe! eat of the good things We have provided for vou, and render thanks to Allah, if it is He Whom you worship.

174. He has made unlawful to you only that which dies of itself, and blood and the flesh of swine, and that on which the name of any other than Allah has been invoked. But he who is driven by necessity, being neither disobedient nor exceeding the limit, it shall be no sin for him. Surely, Allah is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

175 Those who conceal that which Allāh has sent down of the Book and take in exchange for that a paltry price, they fill their bellies with nothing but fire. Allah will not speak to them on the Day of Resurrection, nor will He purify them. And for them is a grievous punishment.

176. It is they who have taken error in exchange for guidance and punishment for forgiveness. How great is their endurance of the Fire!

177. That is because Allah has sent down the Book with the truth; and

وَ مَثَلُ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا كَمَثَلِ الَّذِيْ يَنْعِقُ بِمَا كَا يَسْمَعُ إِلَّا دُعَاًءً وَّ بِدَاءً. صُمّْ نُكْمَ عُمْيَ فَهُمْ لَا بَعْقِلُوْنَ @ يَاً يُّهَا الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا حُلُوْا مِنْ طَيِّبْتِ مَا دَزَقْنُكُمْ وَ اشْكُرُوْا بِتَّهِ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ اتّاة تَعْسُدُوْنَ@ إِنَّهَا حَرَّمَ عَلَيْكُمُ الْمَبْتَةَ وَ الدَّمَ وَ لَحْمَ الْخِنْزِيْرِ وَ مَا أُهِلَّ بِهِ لِغَيْرِائِلَهِ ، فَمَنِ اضْطُرَّ غَيْرَ بَاغٍ وَّكَا عَادٍ فَلَرٌ إِثْمَرِ عَلَيْهِ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ غَفُوْرٌ دَّحثمَ @ اِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَكْتُمُوْنَ مَا ٱنْزَلَ اللهُ مِنَ الْكِتْبِ وَ يَشْتَرُوْنَ بِهِ ثَمَنًا قَلِيْلًا " أولَبُكَ مَا يَاكُلُوْنَ فِي بُطُوْنِهِمْ الله النَّارَ وَ لَا مُكَلِّمُهُمُ اللَّهُ يَوْمَ الْقِيْمَةِ وَكَايُزَحِّيْهِمْ \* وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ اَلِثْمُ @ أولَبْكَ اللَّذِيْنَ اشْتَرَوُا الضَّلْكَةَ بالْهُدى وَالْعَذَابَ بِالْمَغْفِرَةِ ، فَمَآ اَصْبَرَهُمْ عَلَى النَّارِ ذٰلِكَ بِأَنَّ اللهَ نَزَّلَ الْكِتْبَ بِالْحَقِّ

ء ' | ق q | جُ | gh جُ | ظ z | ط t (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

surely, they who disagree concerning the Book are gone far in enmity. うざ

## R. 22.

178. It is not righteousness that you turn your faces to the East or the West, but truly righteous is he who believes in Allah and the Last Day and the angels and the Book and the Prophets, and spends his money for love of Him, on the kindred and the orphans and the needy and the wayfarer and those who ask for charity, and for ransoming the captives; and who observes Prayer and pays the Zakāt; and those who fulfil their promise when they have made one, and the patient in poverty and afflictions and the steadfast in time of war; it is these who have proved truthful and it is these who are the Godfearing.

179. O ye who believe! equitable retaliation in the matter of the slain is prescribed for you: the free man for the free man, and the slave for the slave, and the female for the female. But if one is granted any remission by one's brother, then pursuing the \*matter for the realization of the blood money shall be done with fairness and the murderer shall pay him the blood money in a handsome manner.

وَإِنَّ الَّذِينَ اخْتَلَفُوْافِ الْكِتْبِ لَغِيْ قع ا شقَاقُ تَعتُدُهُ تُوَلَّوْا وُحُوْهَكُمْ الْحَدَّ أَدِ \* قِبَلَ الْمَشْرِقِ وَ الْمَغْرِبِ وَلَكِنَّ الْبِرَّ مَنْ أَمَنَ بِاللهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْأَخِرِ وَالْمَلْئِكَةِ وَالْكِتْبِ وَالنَّبِيِّنَ ، وَ أَتَى الْمَالَ عَلَى حُتِهِ ذَوى الْقُرْلِي وَ الْيَتْلِي وَ الْمَسْكِيْنَ وَ ابْنَ السَّبِيْلِ وَالسَّابُلِيْنَ وَبِي الرَّقَابِ ، وَ أَقَامَ الصِّلوة وَ إِنَّى الْأَجُوةَ ، وَ الْمُوْفُوْبَ بعَهْد همْ إِذَا عَاهَدُوْا ، وَالصِّبرِينَ في الْتِبْاسَاءِ وَ الضَّرَّاءِ وَ حِبْنَ الْتِبْسِ، ٱولَّئِكَ الَّذِيْرِي صَدَقُوْاء وَ أُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُتَّقُوْنَ لَا تُهَا الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُمُ الْقصَاصُ ف الْقَتْلَى ، ٱلْحُرُّ بِالْحُرّ وَ الْعَبْدُ بِالْعَبْدِ وَ الْأُنْثَى بِالْأُنْثَى ا فَمَنْ عُفِي لَهُ مِرْبَ أَخِبُهِ شَحِيرً فَاتِّبَاعٌ بِالْمَعْرُوْفِ وَ آَذَاءً إِلَيْهِ بٳحٛڛٵڹ؞ۮ۬ڸڰؾؘڂٛڣؽفٞ؈ٙؿڽٛڗؾ

\*179. Note: Meaning that the blood money should be fairly and handsomely assessed and paid to the relatives of the murdered person.

 $a i u \mid th$  أ ل  $r \mid kh \neq dh$  أ أ  $r \mid kh \neq dh$  م  $s \mid s$  م  $s \mid c$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

سَيَقُوْلُ Part 2 - ۲

This is an alleviation from your Lord and a mercy. And whoso transgresses thereafter, for him there shall be a grievous punishment.

180. And there is life for you in the law of retaliation. O men of understanding. that you may enjoy security.

181. It is prescribed for you, when death comes to any one of you, if he leave much wealth. that he make a will to parents and near relatives to act with fairness; it is an obligation on those who fear God.

182. And he who alters it after he has heard it, the sin thereof shall surely lie on those who alter it. Surely, Allah is All-Hearing, All-Knowing.

183. But whoso apprehends from a testator a partiality or a wrong, and makes peace between them (the parties affected), it shall be no sin for him. Surely, Allah is Most Forgiving, Merciful. R. 23.

184. O ye who believe! fasting is prescribed for you, as it was prescribed for those before you, so that you may become righteous.

185. The prescribed fasting is for a fixed number of days, but whoso among you is sick or is on a journey shall fast the same number of other days; and for those who are able to fast only with great difficulty is an expiation-the feeding of a poor

وَرَحْمَةً \* فَمَنِ اعْتَرَى بَعْدَ ذَلِكَ فَلَهُ عَذَاتُ ٱلنهُ وَ لَكُمْ فِ الْقِصَاصِ حَلُوةً يَّاول الْأَلْبَابِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَقَوْنَ ( كُتت عَلَيْكُمْ إِذَا حَضَرَ أَحَدَكُمُ الْمَوْتُ إِنْ تَرَكَ خَيْرًا \* إِلْوَصِيَّةُ لِلْوَالِكَيْنِ وَالْكَقْرَبِيْنَ بِالْمَعْرُوْفِ، حَقَّاعَكَ الْمُتَقَبْنَ فَمَنْ بَدَّلَهُ بَعْدَ مَا سَمِعَهُ فَإِنَّمَآ إِثْمُهُ عَلَى الَّذِينَ يُبَدِّلُوْنَهُ ، إِنَّ اللَّهُ سَمِيْخُ عَلِيْمُ أَنَّ فَمَنْ خَافَ مِنْ مُّوْصٍ جَنَفًا ٱوْ إِثْمًا فَاصْلَحَ بَيْنَهُمْ فَلَرْ إِثْمَر عَلَيْهِ ﴿ إِنَّ الله عَفْدَ رَّحِنْمَ ٢ Ę نَالَيْهَا الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُمُ الصِّيامُ كَمَا كُتِبَ عَلَى الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَّقُوْنَ أَ اَيَّامًا مَعْدُوْلاتٍ ﴿ فَمَنْ كَانَ مِنْكُمْ مَرْيُضًا أَوْ عَلَى سَفَر فَعِدَّةً مِّنْ أَيَّامِ ٱخَرَد وَعَلَى الَّذِينَ يُطِيْقُوْنَهُ فِدْيَةً طَعَامُ مِسْكِيْنٍ ، فَمَنْ تَطَوَّعَ خَيْرًا ء : ا ق p ا غ h ح ا ظ ب ا ظ ب ا ف ل ب م ع ا ف ا ل ا ف ا ب ا ف h ح ا ب ا ف h ح ا ا ف h ح ا ا ف h ح ا ا

(See details of transliteration on page 'p').

man. And whoso performs a good work with willing obedience, it is better for him. And fasting is good for you, if you only knew.

186. The month of Ramadān is that in which the Qur'ān was sent down as a guidance for mankind with clear proofs of guidance and discrimination. Therefore, whosoever of you is present *at home* in this month, let him fast therein. But whoso is sick or is on a journey, *shall fast* the same number of other days. Allāh desires *to give* you facility and He desires not hardship for you, and that you may complete the number, and that you may exalt Allāh for His having guided you and that you may be grateful.

187. And when My servants ask thee about Me, *say*: 'I am near. I answer the prayer of the supplicant when he prays to Me. So they should hearken to Me and believe in Me, that they may follow the right way.'

188. It is made lawful for you to go in unto your wives on the night of the fast. They are a garment for you, and you are a garment for them. Allāh knows that you have been acting unjustly to yourselves, wherefore He has turned to you with mercy and afforded you relief. So you may now go in unto them and seek what Allāh

فَهُوَ خَبْرٌ لَّهُ وَإِنْ تَصُوْمُوْا خَبْرٌ لَّكُمْ ان كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُوْنَ شَهْرُ رَمَضَانَ الَّذِينَ ٱنْزِلَ فِيْهِ الْقُرْانُ هُدًى لِلنَّاسِ وَبَيِّنْتٍ مِّنَ الْهُدَى وَالْفُرْقَانِ ، فَمَنْ شَهِرَ مِنْكُمُ الشَّهْرَ فَلْيَصْمْهُ ، وَ مَنْ كَانَ مَرْيَضًا أَوْ عَلَى سَفَرٍ فَعِدَّةً مِّنْ ٱيَّامِ أُخَرَ يُرِيْدُ اللهُ بِڪُمُ الْيُسْرَ وَكُمْ يُرِيْدُ بِكُمُرالْعُشرَ: وَلِتُحْمِلُوا الْعِدَّةَ وَ لِتُحَبِّرُوا اللهَ عَلْ مَا هَدْ حُمْ وَ لَعَا حُمْ تَشْكُرُوْنَ ٢ وَإِذَا سَالَكَ عِبَادِتْ عَنِّيْ فَإِنَّيْ قَرِيْبٌ د أُجِيْبُ دَعْوَةَ الدَّاع إِذَا دَعَانِ " فَلْيَسْتَجِيْبُوْا لِنْ وَلْيُؤْمِنُوْا بْي لَعَدَّهُمْ يَرْشُدُوْنَ أجلَّ لَكُمْ لَبْلَةَ الصِّبَامِ الرَّفَتُ إِلَى نسائكم ، هُنَّ لِتاسً لَكُمْ وَٱنْتُمْ لِبَاسٌ لَّهُنَّ عَلِمَ اللهُ ٱنَّحُمْ كُنْتُمْ تَخْتَانُوْنَ ٱنْفُسَكُمْ فَتَاب عَلَيْكُمْ وَعَفَاعَنْكُمْ وَفَاغْتَ كَاشُرُوْهُنَّ وَ انْتَغُوْا مَا كَتَبَ اللهُ لَكُمْرِهِ

has ordained for you; and eat \*and drink until the white thread becomes distinct to you from the black thread of the dawn. Then complete the fast till nightfall and do not go in unto them while you remain in the mosques for devotion. These are the limits *fixed* by Allāh, so approach them not. Thus does Allāh make His commandments clear to men that they may become secure against evil.

189. And do not devour your wealth among yourselves through falsehood, and offer it not *as bribe* to the authorities that you may knowingly devour a part of the \*wealth of *other* people with injustice.

## R. 24.

190. They ask thee about the new moons. Say, 'They are means for measuring time for *the general good of* mankind and for the Pilgrimage.' And it is not righteousness that you come into houses by the backs thereof; but *truly* righteous is he who fears God. And you should come into houses by the doors thereof; and fear Allāh that you may prosper.

191. And fight in the cause of Allāh against those who fight against you, but do not transgress. Surely,

وَ ڪُلُوْا وَ اشْرَبُوْا حَتَّى بَتَبَيَّتَ لَكُمُ الْخَبْطُ الْأَبْتَضُ مِنَ الْخَبْطِ الْأَسْوَدِ مِنَ الْفَجْرِ ثُمَّ ٱتَمُّهِ الصَّدَ الَّيْلَ ، وَلَا تُسَاش ر گۇھر <sup>ي</sup> عَاكِفُهْتَ "فِ الْمَسْجِدِ الْ حُدُوْدُ الله فَلَا تَقْرَبُوْهَا . كَذٰلِكَ يُبَيِّنُ اللهُ البِتِبِهِ لِلنَّاسِ لَعَدَّ يَتَّقُوْنَ 🗠 وَ لَا تَاكُلُوْا آمَوَالَكُمْ بَيْنَكُمْ وَ تُدْلُوْا بِهَآ إِلَى الْحُكَّامِ لِتَا فَرِيْقًا مِّنْ أَمْوَالِ النَّ ۳۳ بع وَإَنْتُهُ تَعْلَمُوْنَ أَسَ يَسْكَلُوْنَكَ عَنِ الْأَهِلَّةِ ﴿ قُلْ هِيَ مَوَاقِيْتُ لِلنَّاسِ وَالْحَجِّ وَكَيسَ الْبِرُّ بِأَنْ تَأْتُوا الْبُيُوْتَ مِنْ ظُهُوْرِهَا وَلَكِنَّ الْبِرَّ مَنِ اتَّتْى ، وَٱتُما الْبُيُوْتَ مِنْ ٱبْوَابِهَا م وَاتَّقُوا اللهَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلحُهْنَ٠ ۇ قاتلەر فان شىد اتلەزىگە دَلَا تَغ ار 🕄 الله

\*188. Note: In fact, white thread is associated with dawn; as such, the meaning would be: until the white thread of dawn is distinguishable to you from the dark thread of night.

\*189. Note: Here the word 'other' seems to be unnecessary since this verse seems to apply primarily to the public money or national wealth.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rhop | \ h \ rhop | \$ 

Allah loves not the transgressors.

192. And kill them wherever you meet them and drive them out from where they have driven you out; for persecution is worse than killing. And fight them not in, and near, the Sacred Mosque until they fight you therein. But if they fight you, then fight them: such is the requital for the disbelievers.

193. But if they desist, then surely Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

194. And fight them until there is no persecution, and religion is freely professed for Allah. But if they desist, then remember that no hostility is allowed except against the aggressors.

195. The violation of a Sacred Month should be retaliated in the Sacred Month; and for all sacred things there is the law of retaliation. So, whoso transgresses against you, punish him for his transgression to the extent to which he has transgressed against vou. And fear Allah and know that Allah is with those who fear Him.

196. And spend for the cause of good; surely, Allāh loves those who do good.

197. And complete the Hajj and the

ٱلْبَقَرَة Chapter 2 - ۲ آلْبَقَرَة كَا يُحِتُ الْمُعْتَدِينَ ١ وَاقْتُلُوْهُمْ حَبْثُ تَقَفْتُهُهُمْ وَاَخْرِجُوْهُمْ بِبِرْنَ حَبْثُ أَخْرَجُوْكُمْ وَ الْفَتْنَةُ ٱشَدُّ مِنَ الْقَتْلِ، وَلَا تُقْتِلُوْهُمْ عِنْدَ الْمَسْجِدِ الْجَرَامِ حَتَّى تُقْتِلُوْكُمْ فِنْهِ ، فَإِنْ قْتَلُوْكُمْ فَاقْتُلُوْهُمْ حَذَلِكَ جَزَاءُ الكفرين فَإِنِ انْتَهَوْا فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُوْرٌ رَّحِيْمٌ @ وَ قَاتِلُوْهُمْ حَتَّى لَا تَكُوْنَ فِتْنَةً وَّ يَكُوْنَ الدِّيْنُ بِلْهِ ، فَإِنِ انْتَهَوْا فَلَا عُدْوَانَ إِلَّا عَلَى الظَّلِمِيْنَ @ ٱلشَّهْرُ الْحَرّامُ بِالشَّهْرِ الْحَرّامِ وَالْحُرُمْتُ قِصَاصٌ ٤ فَمَنِ اعْتَدْع عَلَيْكُمْ فَاعْتَدُوْا عَلَيْهِ بِمِثْلِ مَا اعْتَدِي عَلَيْكُمْ مِهُ اتَّقُوا اللَّهُ وَاعْلَمُوٓا أَنَّ اللَّهُ مَعَ الْمُتَّقِيْنَ ٢ وَٱنْفِقُوْا فِنْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ وَكَا تُلْقُوْا Allāh, and cast not yourselves into بِأَيْرِيْ التَّهُرُكَةِ أَوَ آحْسِنُوْاءَ إِنَّ إِنْ يَرِيكُمُ إِلَى التَّ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ الْمُحْسِنِيْنَ وَ ٱبْشِّوا الْحَجَّ وَ الْعُمْرَةَ بِلَّهِ مِ فَانْ ء' | ق q أ ج gh أ ظ z | ط t  $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ \phi \ \dot{q} \ \dot{q} \ \dot{q} \ \dot{q} \ \dot{q} \ \dot{q}$ 

<sup>(</sup>See details of transliteration on page 'p').

'Umrah for the sake of Allah: but if you are kept back, then make whatever offering is easily available; and do not shave your heads until the offering reaches its destination. And whoever among you is sick or has an ailment of the head, should make an expiation either by fasting or almsgiving or a sacrifice. But when you are safe, then he, who would avail himself of the 'Umrah together with the should make whatever Hajj. offering is easily obtainable. But such of you as cannot find an offering should fast three days during the Pilgrimage, and seven when you return home; these are ten complete. This is for him whose family does not reside near the Sacred Mosque. And fear Allah and ۲۳ ^ کی ۲ know that Allah is severe in punishing. R. 25.

198. The months of the Hajj are well known; so whoever determines to perform the Pilgrimage in these months, *should remember that* there is *to be* no foul talk, nor any transgression, nor any quarrelling during the Pilgrimage. And whatever good you do, Alläh knows it. And furnish yourselves with *necessary* provisions, and surely, the best provision is righteousness. And fear Me *alone*, O men of understanding.

199. It is no sin for you that you seek the bounty of your Lord. But when you pour forth from 'Arafāt,

ٱحْصِرْتُمْ فَمَا اسْتَيْسَرَ مِنَ الْهَدْيِ، ۇ كە تىخىلىقەر دُءْدْ سَكْمْ حَتّْبِ بَيْلَغْ الْهَدْيُ مَجِلَّهُ \* فَمَنْ كَانَ مِنْكُمْ مَّرِيْضًا أَوْ بِهَ أَذًى مِّنْ رَّأْسِهِ فَفِدْيَةً <u>قِنْ صِيَامِ أَوْ صَدَقَةِ أَوْنُسُكِ ، فَإِذَا </u> أَمِنْتُمْ ... فَمَنْ تَمَتَّعَ بِالْعُمْرَةِ إِلَى الْحَجِّ فَمَا اسْتَيْسَرَ مِنَ الْهَدْيِ، فَمَنْ لَّمْ يَجِدْ فَصِيَامُ ثَلْثَةٍ آيَّامٍ في الْحَجِّ وَ سَبْعَةٍ إِذَا رَجَعْتُمْ ﴿ تِلْكَ عَشَرَةً حَامِلَةً ﴿ ذَلِكَ لِمَنْ تَمْرِيَكُنْ أهُلُهُ حَاضِرِي الْمَشجدِ الْحَرَامِ ا وَ اتَّقُوا الله وَ اعْلَمُوٓا أَنَّ الله شَدِيدُ الْعِقَابِ، ٱلْحَجُّ ٱشْهُرَ تَمْعُلُوْمْتَ ، فَمَنْ فَرَضَ فِيْهِنَّ الْحَجَّ فَلَا رَفَتَ وَكَا فُسُوْقَ وَ لَاجدَالَ فِ الْحَجّ ، وَمَا تَفْعَلُوْا مِنْ خَيْرِ يَعْلَمُهُ اللهُ . وَ تَزَوَّدُوْا فَإِنَّ خَيْرَ الزَّادِ التَّقْوَى : وَاتَّقُوْن آياول الألبّاب

لَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمْ جُنَاحٌ آنْ تَبْتَغُوْا فَضْلًا مِّنْ تَبِّكُمْ • فَإِذَا آفَضْتُمْ مِّنْ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ c | \ h \ 7 \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \delta \ (4)$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

### سَيَقُوْلُ Part 2 - ۲

remember Allāh at Mash'arul-Harām; and remember Him as He has guided you, although, before this, you were of those gone astray.

200. Then pour forth from where the people pour forth, and seek forgiveness from Allāh; surely, Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

201. And when you have performed the acts of worship prescribed for you, celebrate the praises of Allāh as you celebrated the praises of your fathers, or even more than that. And of men there are some who say, 'Our Lord, grant us *good things* in this world;' and such a one shall have no share in the Hereafter.

202. And of them there are some who say: 'Our Lord, grant us good in this world as well as good in the world to come, and protect us from the torment of the Fire.'

203. For these there shall be a *goodly* share because of what they have  $\overline{a}$  earned. And Allāh is swift at reckoning.

204. And remember Allāh during the appointed number of days; but whoso hastens *to leave* in two days, it shall be no sin for him; and whoso stays behind, it shall be no sin for him. *This is* for him who fears God. And fear Allāh and know that you عَرَفَاتٍ فَاذْكُرُوا اللهَ عِنْدَ الْمَشْعَر الْحَرَامِ مِ وَاذْكُرُوْهُ حَمّا هَدْ لُمُهْ ء وَإِنْ كُنْتُمْ مِّنْ قَبْلِهِ لَمِنَ الضَّالَيْنَ @ ثُمَّر أَفِيْضُوْا مِنْ حَيْثُ أَفَاضَ النَّاسُ وَاسْتَغْفِرُوا اللهُ ٤ إِنَّ اللهُ غَفُوْرُ دَّحثہُ 🖾 فَإِذَا قَضَيْتُمْ مَّنَاسِكَكُمْ فَاذْكُرُوا الله كَذِكْرُكُمْ أَبَاءَكُمْ أَوْ أَشَدَّ ذِكْرًا . فَمِرْبَ النَّاسِ مَنْ تَيْقُوْلُ رَبَّنَا اتناف الدُّنْسَا وَمَالَهُ فِي الْأَخِرَةِ مِنْ خَلَاق 🗠 وَ مِنْهُمْ مَّنْ يَقُوْلُ رَبَّنَا أَبْنَا فِي الدُّنْيَا حَسَنَةً وَّ ف الْأَخِرَةِ حَسَنَةً وَّ قِنَا عَذَابَ النَّارِ أولَى لَهُمْ نَصِيْبَ جَمَّا كَسَبُوْاء وَاللهُ سَرِيْحُ الْحِسَابِ وَ اذْكُرُوا اللهَ فِنْ ٱتَّيَامِ مَّعْدُوْدْتٍ ا فَمَنْ تَعَجَّلَ فِيْ يَوْمَيْنِ فَلَآ إِثْمَ عَلَيْهِ ، وَمَنْ تَأَخَّرَ فَلَآ إِثْمَ عَلَيْهِ لِمَن اتَّفَى ، وَاتَّقُوا اللهَ وَاعْلَمُوٓا

shall be brought together before Him.

205. And of men there is he whose talk on this life would please thee, and he would call Alläh to witness as to that which is in his heart, and yet he is the most contentious of quarrellers.

206. And when he is in authority, he runs about in the land to create disorder in it and destroy the crops and the progeny *of man*; and Allāh loves not disorder.

207. And when it is said to him, 'Fear Allāh,' pride incites him to *further* sin. So Hell shall be his sufficient reward; and surely, it is an evil place of rest.

208. And of men there is he who would sell himself to seek the pleasure of Allāh; and Allāh is Compassionate to *His* servants.

209. O ye who believe! come into submission wholly and follow not the footsteps of Satan; surely, he is your open enemy.

210. But if you slip after the clear Signs that have come to you, then know that Allāh is Mighty, Wise.

211. Are they waiting for anything but that Allāh should come to them in the coverings of the clouds with angels, and the matter be decided?

ٱنْكُمْ الْبُه تُحْشَرُ وْنَ وَمِنَ النَّاسِ مَنْ تُعْجِبُكَ قَوْلُهُ فِي الْحَلِوةِ الدُّنْيَا وَيُشْهدُ اللهَ عَلى مَافِيْ قَلْبِهِ، وَهُوَ أَلَدُّ الْخِصَامِ ٢ وَ إِذَا تَوَلَّى سَلَّى فِ الْآدُضِ لِيُفْسِدَ فِيْهَا وَيُهْبِكَ الْحَرْثَ وَالنَّسْلَ ٤ وَاللَّهُ لَا يُجِبُّ الْفَسَادَ وَ إِذَا قِيْلَ لَهُ اتَّقِ اللهَ أَخَذَتُهُ الْعِزَّةُ بِالْإِثْمِ فَحَسْبُهُ جَهَنَّمُ ٢ وَلَبِئْسَ الْمِهَادُ ٢ وَ مِنَ النَّاسِ مَنْ تَشْرِيْ نَفْسَهُ ائتغاء مَرْضَاتِ الله ، وَاللهُ رَءُوْفٌ بالعباد يَاَيُّهَا الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوا ادْخُلُوْا فِي السِّلْمِ كافَّةً ووَلَا تَتَبِعُوْا خُطُوٰتِ الشَّيْطَنِ، ٳڹۜٞ؋ؙڶػؙۿڔۼۮۊٞٞۺؙؠؽڹٞ۞ فَإِنْ ذَلَلْتُمْ مِّنْ بَعْدٍ مَا جَاءَتُكُمُ الْبَيِّنْتُ فَاعْلَمُوٓا أَنَّ اللهَ عَزِيزً حَكِيْمُ هَلْ يَنْظُرُوْنَ إِلَّا آَنْ يَّاتِيَهُمُ اللهُ فِي ظُلَل مِّنَ الْعَمَامِ وَ الْمَلْئِكَةُ وَقُضِيَ

a i u + b + 7 + b + db + db = 3(See details of transilieration on page 'p').

### سَيَقُوْلُ Part 2 - ۲

وقفالازه

And to Allah do all things return.

R. 26.

212. Ask of the children of Israel how many clear Signs We gave them. But whose changes the gift of Allah after it has come to him. surely, then, Allah is severe in punishing.

213. The life of this world is made to appear attractive to those who disbelieve; and they scoff at those who believe. But those who fear God shall be above them on the Day of Resurrection; and Allāh bestows His gifts on whomsoever He pleases without reckoning.

214. Mankind were one community. then they differed among themselves, so Allah raised Prophets as bearers of good tidings and as warners, and sent down with them the Book containing the truth that He might judge between the people wherein they differed. But now they began to differ about the Book, and none differed about it except those to whom it was given, after clear Signs had come to them, out of envy towards one another. Now has Allah, by His command, guided the believers to the truth in regard to which they (the unbelievers) differed; and Allāh guides whomsoever He pleases to the right path.

الْأَصْرُ دِوَ إِلَى اللَّهِ تُرْجَعُ الْأُمُوْرُ شَ سَلْ بَخِيْ اسْرَاءِيْلَ كَمْ أَتَبْنُهُمْ مِّنْ ايةٍ بَيِّنَةٍ . وَمَنْ يُبَرِّلْ نِعْمَةَ اللهِ مِنْ بَعْد مَاجَاءَتْهُ فَإِنَّ اللَّهُ شَدِيْدُ الْعِقَاب 🐨 زُيِّنَ لِلَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوا الْحَلِوةُ الدُّنْيَا وَيَسْخَرُوْنَ مِنَ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْام وَالَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا فَوْقَهُمْ بَوْمَ الْقِلِمَةِ ۇاىلە كەزۇڭ تىن تېشاء بغىر جسّاب كَانَ النَّاسُ أُمَّةً وَّاحِدَةً م فَبَعَثَ اللهُ النَّبِيّن مُبَشِّرِيْنَ وَمُنْزِرِيْنَ م وَٱنْزَلَ مَعَهُمُ الْكِتْبَ بِالْحَقّْ لِيَحْكُمَ بَيْنَ النَّاسِ فِيْهَا اخْتَلَفُوْا فِيْهِ، وَ مَا اخْتَلَفَ فِيْهِ إِلَّا الَّذِينَ أَوْتُوْهُ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا جَاءَتْهُمُ الْبَيِّنْتُ بَغْيًّا بَيْنَهُمْ فَهَدَب اللهُ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا لِمَا اخْتَلَفُوْا فِيْهِ مِنَ الْحَقِّ بِإِذْنِهِ، وَ اللهُ يَهْدِفْ مَنْ تَشَاءُ إِلَى صِرَاطِ مُسْتَقِيْمِ 🐨

 $a i u \mid th$  أ ل  $h \tau \mid kh \dot{\tau} \mid dh$  أ أ  $h \tau \mid kh \dot{\tau} \mid dh$  م  $i \mid \dot{c}$  م  $i \mid \dot{c}$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

215. Do you think that you will enter Heaven while there has not come over you the condition of those who passed away before you? Poverty and afflictions befell them, and they were violently shaken until the Messenger and those who believed along with him said: 'When will come the help of Allah?' Yea, surely the help of Allah is nigh.

216. They ask thee what they shall spend. Say: 'Whatever of good and abundant wealth you spend should be for parents and near relatives and orphans and the needy and the wayfarer. And whatever good you do, surely Allāh knows it well '

217. Fighting is ordained for you, though it is repugnant to you; but it may be that you dislike a thing while it is good for you, and it may be that you like a thing while it is bad for you. Allah knows all things, and you know not.

## R. 27.

218. They ask thee about fighting the Sacred Month. in Sav: 'Fighting therein is a great transgression, but to hinder men from the way of Allah, and to be ungrateful to Him and to hinder men from the Sacred Mosque, and to turn out its people therefrom, is a greater sin with

آفر حَسِبْتُمْران تَدْخُلُوا الْجَنَّةَ وَلَمَّا يَاتِكُمْ مَّثَلُ الَّذِينَ خَلَوًا مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ -مَسَّتْهُمُ الْبَاسَاءُ وَالضَّرَّاءُ وَ زُلْزِلُوْا حَتَّى بَقُوْلَ الرَّسُوْلُ وَ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا مَعَهُ مَتَّى نَصْرُ الله ، أَلَّ إِنَّ نَصْرَ الله **ت**ريبُ@ يَسْعَلُوْنَكَ مَاذًا يُنْفِقُوْنَ اللَّهُ قُلْ مَا ٱنْفَقْتُمْ مِّنْ خَيْرٍ فَلِلْوَالِدَيْنِ وَالْأَقْرَبِيْنَ وَالْيَتْلَى وَالْمَسْكِيْنِ وَابْنِ السَّبِيْلِ ، وَمَا تَفْعَلُوْا مِنْ خَيْرٍ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ بِهِ عَلِيْمُ ٢ كُتت عَلَيْكُمُ الْقَتَالُ وَهُوَكُرْةً تَكُمْ وَعَسَى أَنْ تَكْرَهُوْا شَيْئًا وَّهُوَ خَيْزٌ لَكُمْ ، وَعَلَم انْ تُحِبُّوا شَيْئًا وَّ هُوَ شَرَّ لَّكُمْ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ وَٱنْتُمْ ۲ بے اب لَا تَعْدَمُوْنَ ٢ يَسْــَلُوْنَكَ عَنِ الشَّهْرِ الْحَرَامِ قِتَالِ فِيْهِ، قُلْ قِتَالٌ فِيْهِ كَبِيْرً ، وَصَدًّ عَنْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ وَكُفْرَّ بِهِ وَالْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِرِهِ وَ إِخْرَاجُ أَهْلِهِ مِنْهُ أَكْبَرُ عِنْدَ اللهِ وَالْفِتْنَةُ ٱكْبَرُمِنَ الْقَتْلِ

a i u + th أظ  $r + kh \dot{r} + dh$  أو q = 4 أو h = 1 أو h = 1(See details of transliteration on page 'p').

Allāh; and persecution is worse than killing.' And they will not cease fighting you until they turn you back from your faith, if they can. And whoso from among you turns back from his faith and dies while he is a disbeliever, it is they whose works shall be vain in this world and the next. These are the inmates of the Fire and therein shall they abide.

219. Those who believe and those who emigrate and strive hard in the cause of Allāh, it is these who hope for Allāh's mercy; and Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

220. They ask thee concerning wine and the game of hazard. Say: 'In both there is great sin and also *some* advantages for men; but their sin is greater than their advantage.' And they ask thee what they should spend. Say: 'What you can spare.' Thus does Allāh make His commandments clear to you that you may reflect

221. Upon this world and the next. And they ask thee concerning the orphans. Say: 'Promotion of their welfare is *an act of* great goodness. And if you intermix with them, they are your brethren. And Allāh knows the mischief-maker from the وَلَا يَزَالُوْنَ يُقَاتِلُوْنَكُمْ حَتَّى يَرُدُّوْكُمْ عَنْ دِيْنِكُمْ رِنِ اسْتَطَاعُوْا ﴿ وَ مَنْ تَيْرَتَرِدْ مِنْكُمْ عَنْ دِيْنِهٖ فَيَمُتْ وَهُوَ كَافِرٌ فَاُولَرُكَ حَبِطَتْ آعْمَالُهُمْ فِ الدُّنْيَا وَالْأَخِرَةِ ، وَاُولَيْكَ

اِنَّ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا وَالَّذِينَ هَاجَرُوْا وَجَاهَدُوْا فِيْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ " أُولَئِكَ يَرْجُوْنَ رَحْمَتَ اللهِ < وَاللهُ غَفُوْرً رَحِيْمَ ®

يَسْتَلُوْنَكَ عَنِ الْخَمْرِ وَالْمَيْسِرِ قُلْ فِيْهِمَا اِثْمَ كَبِيْرَ وَ مُنَافِحُ لِلنَّاسِ وَاِثْمُهُمَا الْحَبَرُ مِنْ نَّفْحِهِمَا وَ يَسْتَلُوْنَكَ مَاذَا يُنْفِقُوْنَ \* قُلِ الْعَفْوَ - كَذٰلِكَ يُبَيِّنُ اللَّهُ لَكُمُ الْالِتِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَفَكَّرُوْنَ في الدُّنْيَا وَالْاخِرَةِ - وَ يَسْتَلُوْنَكَ عَنِ الْيَتْمِى - قُلْ اِصْلَاحً لَّهُمْ خَيْرً وَ اِنْ تُخَالِطُوْهُمْ فَاحْوَانُكُمْ - وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ الْمُفْسِدَ مِنَ الْمُصْلِحِ - وَلَوْ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ c | \ h \ 7 \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ c = 46$ (See details of transilieration on page 'p').

reformer. And if Allāh had so willed, He would have put you to hardship. Surely, Allāh is Mighty, Wise.'

222. And marry not idolatrous women until they believe; even a believing bond-woman is better than an idolatress, although she may *highly* please you. And give not *believing women* in marriage to idolaters until they believe; *even* a believing slave is better than an idolater, although he may *highly* please you. These call to the Fire, but Allāh calls to Heaven and to forgiveness by His command. And He makes His Signs clear to the people that they may remember.

## R. 28.

\*223. And they ask thee concerning menstruation. Say: 'It is a harmful thing, so keep away from women during menstruation, and go not in unto them until they are clean. But when they have cleansed themselves, go in unto them as Allāh has commanded you. Allāh loves those who turn to Him and loves those who keep themselves clean.'

224. Your wives are a tilth for you; so approach your tilth when and how you like and send ahead *some good* 

شَاءَالله كَاعْنَتَكُمْ ﴿ إِنَّا اللَّهُ عَزِيْزُ ككنم 🕅 تنكحوا المش مَةُ مُؤْمِنَةُ خَدْ مِّرْن 81 ¥1:2 \$ صّ ك ك أغختكم ءأولئه ذ عُمْد ؟ ۽ وَاللهُ اذنه ۲4 2 51 241 ا فَاعْتَزَلُوا النِّسَاءَ الْمَحِيْضِ الْ وَلَا تَقْرَبُوْهُ هُدْنَ، فَإِذَا تَطَهُّ بَ فَأَ ، كُمُ اللهُ ﴿ انَّ اللهُ لَهُ آگ ۵ سافاته نسآؤكم جذر ئْتُمْ دْ وَقَدَّمُوْ الْأَنْفُسِكُمْ ا

 $a i u + b + 7 + kh \neq dh \neq dh \neq 1$ (See details of transilieration on page 'p').

<sup>\*223.</sup> And they ask thee concerning menstruation. Say: 'It is indisposition, so keep away from women during menstruation,...

**Note:** The word *harmful* does not seem to do justice to the Arabic word  $adh\bar{a}$  ( $\vec{z}_{2}$ ) in this context. The word  $adh\bar{a}$  should be understood in the sense of indisposition and temporary discomfort. Otherwise it would reflect on God to have created something which is harmful for women, which is not correct.

for yourselves; and fear Allah and know that you shall meet Him; and give good tidings to those who obey.

225. And make not Allāh a target for your oaths that you may *thereby* abstain from doing good and acting righteously and making peace between men. And Allāh is All-Hearing, All-Knowing.

226. Allāh will not call you to account for such of your oaths as are vain, but He will call you to account for what your hearts have earned. And Allāh is Most Forgiving, Forbearing.

227. For those who vow *abstinence* from their wives, the *maximum* period of waiting is four months; then if they go back from the vow, surely, Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

228. And if they decide upon divorce, then surely, Allāh is All-Hearing, All-Knowing.

229. And the divorced women shall wait concerning themselves for three courses; and it is not lawful for them that they conceal what Allāh has created in their wombs, if they believe in Allāh and the Last Day; and their husbands have the greater right to take them back during that period, provided they desire reconciliation. And they (the women) have rights similar to those (of men) over them in equity; but men have a rank above them. And

وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَ اعْلَمُوٓا أَزَّكُمْ مُّلْقُوْلاً وَبَشِّر الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ؟ وَكَا تَجْعَلُوا اللهَ عُرْضَةً لآ يُمَانِكُمُ اَبْ تَبَرُّوْا وَتَتَقَوْا وَتُصْلِحُوْا بَيْنَ النَّاسِ وَاللَّهُ سَمِيْعُ عَلَيْمُ ٢ لَا يُؤَاخِذُكُمُ اللهُ بِاللَّغُونِيَّ أَيْمَانِكُمْ وَلَكِنْ تُؤَاخِذُكُمْ بِمَا كَسَبَتْ قُلُوْبُكُمْ د وَاللهُ غَفُوْزَ حَلِيْمُ ٢ لِلَّذِينَ يُؤُلُوْنَ مِنْ تِسَائِهِمْ تَرَبُّصُ ٱرْبَعَةِ ٱشْهُرٍ ، فَإِنْ فَأَعُوْ فَإِنَّ اللَّهُ غَفُهْ زَرَّحِبْمُ 🕬 وَإِنْ عَزَمُوا الطَّلَاقَ فَإِنَّ اللهُ سَمِنْعُ عَلَيْهُ ٢ وَ الْمُطَلَّقْتُ يَتَرَبَّضْنَ بِٱنْفُسِهِنَّ ثَلْثَةَ قُرُوْءٍ ، وَلَا يَجِلُّ لَهُنَّ آَنْ يَكْتُمْنَ مَاخَلَقَ اللهُ فَنْ آَرْحَامِهِنَّ إِنْ كُنَّ يُؤْمِنَّ بِاللهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْإِجْرِ. وَبُعُوْلَتُهُنَّ آحَقَّى بِرَدِّهِنَّ فِيْ ذٰلِكَ ابْ أَدَادُ قَارَاصَلَاحًا • وَلَهُرِبَّ مِثْلُ

الَّذِيْ عَلَيْهِنَ بِالْمَعْرُوْفِ.

وَلِلرَّجَالِ عَلَيْهِنَّ دَرَجَةً ، وَاللهُ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ (48) \ \phi \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \dot{$ 

23

Allāh is Mighty, Wise.

### R. 29.

230. Such divorce may be pronounced twice; then, either retain them in a becoming manner or send them away with kindness. And it is not lawful for you that you take anything of what you have given them (your wives) unless both fear that they cannot observe the limits prescribed by Allah. But, if you fear that they cannot observe the limits prescribed by Allāh, then it shall be no sin for either of them in what she gives to get her freedom. These are the limits prescribed by Allah, so transgress them not; and whoso transgresses the limits *prescribed* by Allah, it is they that are the wrongdoers.

231. And if he divorce her *the third time*, then she is not lawful for him thereafter, until she marries another husband; and, if he *also* divorce her, then it shall be no sin for them to return to each other, provided they are sure that they would be able to observe the limits *prescribed* by Allāh. And these are the limits *prescribed* by Allāh which He makes clear to the people who have knowledge.

232. And when you divorce<sup>‡</sup> your wives and they approach the end of their *appointed* period, then either retain them in a becoming manner; or send them away in a becoming manner; but retain them not wrongfully so that you may

عَزِيْزَ حَكِيْمَ أَ الطَّ لَاقُ مَتَرَّتْنِ مَ فَاِمْسَاكَْ بِمَعْرُوْفِ اوْ تَشْرِيْخٌ بِإِحْسَانِ ، وَلَا يَحِلُّ لَكُمْ انْ تَاخُذُوْا مِمَّآ أَتَّدِيتُمُوْهُنَّ شَيْطً انْ تَاخُذُوْا مِمَّآ أَتَدِيتُمُوْهُنَ حُدُوْدَ اللهِ فَانَ خِفْتُمْ الَّذِيقِيْمَا حُدُوْدَ اللهِ افْتَ بَلْكَ حُدُوْدُ اللهِ فَلَا تَعْتَدُوْهَا ، هُمُ الظَّلِمُوْنَ

فَانْ طَلَّقَهَا فَلَا تَحِلُّ لَهُ مِنْ بَعْدُ حَتَّى تَنْكِحَ زَوْجًا غَيْرَة د فَانْ طَلَّقَهَا فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِمَآ آنْ يَتَرَاجَعَآ إنْ ظَنَّآ آنْ يُقِيما حُدُوْدَ اللهِ وَتِلْكَ حُدُوْدُ اللهِ يُبَيِّنُهَا لِقَوْمِ يَحْدَمُوْنَ سَرَبَيَةُ مَا

وَ اِذَا طَلَّقْتُمُ النِّسَاءَ فَبَلَغْنَ
 اَجَلَهُتَ فَآمْسِكُوْهُتَ بِمَعْرُوْفٍ
 اَوْ سَرِّحُوْهُتَ بِمَعْرُوْفٍ مَ وَ لَا
 تُمْسِكُوْهُتَ ضِرَارًا لِتَعْتَدُوْاءَ

<sup>‡</sup> The revocable divorce.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ c \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ r' \ | \ dh \ s \ (see details of transitieration on page 'p').$ 

## سَيَقُوْلُ Part 2 - ۲

transgress. And whose does that, surely wrongs his own soul. And do not make a jest of the commandments of Allah. and remember the favour of Allah upon vou and the Book and the Wisdom which He has sent down to you, Allāh and know that Allāh knows

#### R. 30.

233. And when you divorce women and they reach the end of their period, prevent them not from marrying their husbands, if they agree between themselves in a decent manner. This is an admonition for him among you who believes in Allah and the Last Day. It is more blessed for you and purer; and Allah knows but you do not know

234. And mothers shall give suck to their children for two whole years; this is for those who desire to complete the suckling. And the man to whom the child belongs shall be responsible for their (the mothers') food and clothing according to usage. No soul is burdened beyond its capacity. The mother shall not make the father suffer on account of her child, nor shall he to whom the child belongs make the mother suffer on account of his child, and the same is incumbent on the heir. If they both

وَمَنْ تَيْفَحَلْ ذٰلِكَ فَقَدْ ظَلَمَ نَفْسَهُ وَكَا تَتَّخِذُوْا إِنْتِ اللهِ هُزُوّا: وَاذْكُرُوْا نغمت الله علدكم ومآ أنزل علدكم مِّنَ الْكِتْبِ وَالْحِكْمَةِ يَعِظُكُمْ بِهِ وَاتَّقُوا اللهُ وَاعْلَمُوٓا أَتَّ اللهُ بِكُلّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيْمُ ٢ وَ اذَا طَنَّقْتُمُ النَّسَاءَ فَبَلَغْنَ ٱجَلَهُنَّ فَلَه تَعْضُلُوْهُنَّ آنْ يَنْكِحْنَ آزْوَاجَهُنَّ إِذَا تَرَاضَوْا بَيْنَهُمْ بِالْمَعْرُوْفِ ، ذَلِكَ يُوْعَظُ بِهِ مَنْ كَانَ مِنْكُمْ يُؤْمِنُ باللهِ وَ الْيَوْمِ الْأَخِرِ . ذَلِكُمْ آَزْكُ أكحم وأطبقك ودابته تغكم وأنتهم لاتغكمون 📾

وَالْوَالِدِٰتُ يُرْضِعْنَ أَوْلَادَهُنَّ حَوْلَيْن كَامِلَيْن لِمَنْ آرَادَ أَنْ يُبْتَمَّر الرَّضَاعَةَ ، وَعَلَى الْمَوْلُوْدِ لَهُ رِزْقُهُنَّ وَكِسْوَتُهُنَّ بِالْمَعْرُوْفِ ﴿ لَا تُكَلَّفُ نَفْسً إِلَّا وُسْعَهَا ، لَا تُضَارَّ وَالِدَةُ بوَلَدِهَا وَلَا مَوْلُوْدٌ لَّهُ بِوَلَدِم ، وَعَلَى الْوَارِثِ مِثْلُ ذٰلِكَ ، فَإِنْ آرَادًا فِصَالًا عَنْ تَرَاضٍ مِّنْهُمَا وَ تَشَاوُدِ

 $a i u \mid h \Rightarrow h \tau \mid h \tau$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

## سَيَقُوْلُ Part 2 - ۲

decide upon weaning *the child* by mutual consent and consultation, there is no blame on them. And if you desire to engage a wet-nurse for your children, there shall be no blame on you, provided you pay what you have agreed to pay, in a fair manner. And fear Allāh and know that Allāh sees what you do.

235. And those of you who die and leave wives behind, these (wives) shall wait concerning themselves four months and ten *days*. And when they have reached the end of their period, no sin shall lie on you in anything that they do with regard to themselves according to what is fair. And Allāh is aware of what you do.

236. And there shall be no blame on you in throwing out a hint regarding a proposal of marriage to *these* women or in keeping *the desire* hidden in your minds. Allāh knows that you will think of them *in this connection*. But make not a contract with them in secret, except that you say a fair word. And resolve not on the marriage tie until the prescribed period reaches its end. And know that Allāh knows what is in your minds; so beware of it. And know that Allāh is Most Forgiving, Forbearing.

#### R. 31.

237. It shall be no sin for you if you divorce women while you have not

فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِمَا ﴿ وَإِنْ أَرَدْ تُهْرِ أَنْ تَسْتَرْضِعُوْا أَوْلَادَكُمْ فَلَا حُنَّاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ إِذَا سَتَّمْتُمْ مَّيَّ اتَيْتُمُ بالْمَعْرُوْفِ ، وَ اتَّقُوا اللهَ وَاعْلَمُوْا اَتَ اللهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُوْنَ بَصِيْرُ @ وَالَّذِيْنَ يُتَوَفَّوْتَ مِنْكُمْ وَ يَذَرُوْنَ ٱزْوَاجًا يَتَرَبَّضنَ بِٱنْفُسِهِنَّ ٱرْبَعَةً ٱشْهُروَّ عَشْرًا ، فَإِذَا بَلَغْنَ آجَلَهُنَّ فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ فِيْمَا فَعَلْنَ فَنَّ ٱنْفُسِهِنَّ بِالْمَعْرُوْفِ ، وَاللهُ بِمَا تعمدُوْن خَبِيْرُ اللهُ وَ لَا حُنَاحَ عَلَىكُمْ فَيْمَا عَرَّضْتُمْ به مِنْ خِطْبَةِ النِّسَاءِ ٱوْ ٱكْنَنْتُمْ ف ٱنْفُسْكُمْ ٤ عَلِمَ اللهُ ٱنَّكُمْ سَتَزْكُرُوْنَهُنَّ وَلَكِنْ لَّا تُوَاعِدُوْهُنَّ سِرًّا إِلَّا أَنْ تَقُوْلُوْا قَوْلًا مَّعْرُوْفًا: وَلَا تَعْزِمُوْا عُقْدَةَ النَّكَاحِ حَتَّى يَسْلُغُ الْكِتْبُ أَجَلَهُ ﴿ وَاعْلَمُوٓا أَتَّ الله يعلم مافي آنفسكم فاحذروه وَاعْلَمُوٓا أَنَّ اللهُ غَفُوْرُ حَلْهُ مَ لَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ إِنْ طَلَّقْتُمُ النِّسَاءَ

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ h \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \not = \ dh \ \not = \ \delta_1 \\ s \ i \ s \ of \ transliteration \ on \ page \ p \ ). \end{array}$ 

r. چ touched them, nor settled for them a dowry. But provide for them—the rich man according to his means and the poor man according to his means —a provision in a becoming manner, an obligation upon the virtuous.

238. And if you divorce them before you have touched them, but have settled for them a dowry, then half of what you have settled *shall be due from you*, unless they remit, or he, in whose hand is the tie of marriage, should remit. And that you should remit is nearer to righteousness. And do not forget to do good to one another. Surely, Allāh sees what you do.

239. Watch over Prayers, and the middle Prayer, and stand before Allāh submissively.

240. If you are in *a state of* fear, then *say your Prayer* on foot or riding; but when you are safe, remember Allāh as He has taught you that which you did not know.

241. And those of you who die and leave behind wives shall bequeath to their wives provision for a year without *their* being turned out. But if they *themselves* go out, there shall be no blame upon you in regard to any proper thing which they do concerning themselves. And Allāh is Mighty,

مَالَمْ تَمَسَّوْهُ نَّ آوْ تَفْرِضُوْا لَهُ نَ فَرِيْضَةً ﴾ وَ مَتِّعُوْهُنَّ ، عَلَى الْمُوْسِعِ قَدَرُهُ وَعَلَى الْمُقْبَرِ قَدَرُهُ ، مَتَاعًا بالْمَعْرُوْفِ حَقًّا عَلَى الْمُحْسِنِيْنَ ٢ وَإِنْ طَلَّقْتُمُوْهُنَّ مِنْ قَبْل آَنْ تَمَشُوْهُنَّ وَ قَدْ فَرَضْتُمْ لَهُنَّ فَرِيْضَةً فَنِصْفُ مَا فَرَضْتُمْ إِلَّهُ اَتْ يَعْفُوْنَ اَوْ يَعْفُوَا الَّذِيْ بِيَدِهِ عُقْدَةُ البِّكَاجِ ، وَأَنْ تَعْفُوْا أَقْرَبُ لِلتَّقَوى ، وَلَا تَنْسَوُا الْفَضْلَ بَيْنَكُمْ ، اتَ الله بمَا تَعْمَلُوْنَ بَصِيْرُ ٢ حَافِظُوْا عَلَى الصَّلَوْتِ وَالصَّلُوةِ الۇسطى ، وَقُوْمُوْا بِتْهِ قْنِبْدَيْنَ @ فَإِنْ خِفْتُمْ فَرِجَالًا أَوْ رُكْبَانًا، فَإِذَا آمِنْتُمْ فَإِذْ كُرُوا اللهَ حَمَا عَدَّمَكُمْ مَّالَمْ تَكُوْنُوْا تَعْلَمُوْنَ ٢ وَالَّذِينَ يُتَوَفَّوْنَ مِنْكُمْ وَ يَذَرُوْنَ ٱزْوَاجًا ﴾ وَصِيَّةً لِّا زُوَاجهم مَّتَاعًا إِلَى الْحَوْلِ غَيْرَ إِخْرَاجٍ ، فَإِنْ خَرَجْن فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ فِيْ مَا فَعَلْنَ فِنْ ٱنْفُسِهِنَّ مِنْ مَّعْرُوْفٍ . وَاللهُ عَزِيْزُ

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ h \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid \ dh \ \dot{\gamma} \ \mid \ \delta \ \dot{\gamma} \ i \ \delta \ \dot{\gamma} \ \dot{\gamma}$ 

Wise.

242. And for the divorced women *also* there should be a provision according to what is fair—an obligation on the God-fearing.

243. Thus does Allāh make His commandments clear to you that you may understand.

R. 32.

244. Dost thou not know of those who went forth from their homes, and they were thousands, fearing death? And Allāh said to them: 'Die;' then He brought them to life. Surely, Allāh is Munificent to men, but most men are not grateful.

245. And fight in the cause of Allāh and know that Allāh is All-Hearing, All-Knowing.

246. Who is it that will lend Allāh a goodly loan that He may multiply it for him manifold? And Allāh receives and enlarges, and to Him shall you be made to return.

247. Hast thou not heard of the chiefs of the children of Israel after Moses, when they said to a Prophet of theirs: 'Appoint for us a king that we may fight in the cause of Allāh'? He said: 'Is it not likely that you will not fight, if fighting is prescribed for you'? They said: 'What reason have we to abstain from fighting in the cause of Allāh when we have been driven forth

وَلِلْمُطَلَّقْتِ مَتَاعٌ بِالْمَعْرُوْفِ حَقًّا عَلَى الْمُتَّقِيْنَ @ كذلك ئتتين الله ككم التبه و لي ا لَعَلَّكُمْ تَعْقَلُوْنَ أَصَ ٱلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذَيْنَ خَرَجُوْا مِنْ دِيَادِهِمْ وَهُمْ ٱلْوُفِّ حَذَرَ الْمَوْتِ م فَقَالَ لَهُمُ اللَّهُ مُوْتُوْا مِدْتُمَّ أَحْبَاهُمْ مِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَذُوْ فَضْلِ عَلَى النَّاسِ وَلَكِنَّ ٱكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لَا يَشْكُ وْنَ وَقَاتِلُوْا فِنْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ وَاعْلَمُوْا أَنَّ اللهُ سَمِيْحُ عَلِيْمُ ٢ مَنْ ذَا الَّذِيْ يُقْرِضُ اللَّهَ قَرْضًا حَسَنًا فَيُضْعِفَهُ لَهُ أَضْعَافًا كَتِيْرَةً • وَاللهُ يَقْبِضُ وَيَبْصِّطُ ~ وَ إِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُوْنَ ٱكَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الْمَلَا مِنْ بَنِيْ إِسْرَاءِيْلَ مِنْ بَعْدِ مُوْسًى مِ إِذْ قَالُوْا لِنَبِيَّ لَّهُمُ ابْعَثْ لَنَا مَلِكًا نُّقَاتِلْ فِيْ سَبِيلِ الله ، قَالَ هَلْ عَسَبْتُمْ إِنْ كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُمُ الْقِتَالُ ٱلَّا تُقَاتِلُوْا دِقَالُوْا وَمَا لَنَّآ ٱلَّا نُقَاتِلَ فِيْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ وَقَدْ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rhop | \ hh \ rhop | \ rho$ 

from our homes and our sons'? But when fighting was ordained for them, they turned back except a small number of them. And Allāh knows the transgressors well.

248. And their Prophet said to them: 'Allāh has appointed for you Ţālūt as a king.' They said: 'How can he have sovereignty over us while we are better entitled to sovereignty than he, and he is not given abundance of wealth?' He said: 'Surely, Allāh has chosen him above you and has increased him abundantly in knowledge and body.' And Allāh gives sovereignty to whom He pleases and Allāh is Bountiful, All-Knowing.

249. And their Prophet said to them: 'The sign of his sovereignty is that there shall be given you a heart wherein there will be tranquillity from your Lord and a legacy of good left by the family of Moses and the family of Aaron the angels bearing it. Surely, in this there is a Sign for you if you are believers.'

# R. 33.

250. And when Tālūt set out with the forces, he said: 'Surely, Allāh will try you with a river. So he who drinks therefrom is not of me; and he who tastes it not is assuredly of me, except him who takes a handful

ٱخْرِجْنَا مِنْ دِيَارِنَا وَ ٱبْنَائِنَا فَلَمَّا كُتِبَ عَلَيْهِمُ الْقِتَالُ تَوَلَّوْا إلَّا قَلِدًا جَنْهُم ﴿ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بالظّٰلِمِيْنَ وَقَالَ لَهُمْ نَبِيُّهُمْ إِنَّ اللهَ قَدْ بَعَثَ لَكُمْ طَالُوْتَ مَبِكًا ﴿ قَالُوْا آنَّى كُمْنُ لَهُ الْمُلْكُ عَلَيْنَا وَ نَحْرِنُ اَحَقُّ بِالْمُلْكِ مِنْهُ وَلَمْ يُؤْتَ سَحَةً مِّنَ الْمَالِ • قَالَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ اصْطَفْدِهُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَ زَادَة بَسْطَةً فِي الْعِلْمِ وَالْجِسْمِ ؞ وَاللهُ يُؤْتِي مُلْكَهُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَاللهُ وَاسِعُ عَلِيْمُ ٢ وَقَالَ لَهُمْ نَبِيُّهُمْ إِنَّ أَيَّةً مُلْكِمَ اَنْ يَابِّيَكُمُ التَّابُوْتُ فِيْهِ سَكِيْنَةً مِّنْ رَّبِّكُمْ وَ بَقِيَّةً مِّمَّا تَرَكَ ال مُوْسى وَ أَلُ هُرُوْنَ تَحْمِلُهُ الْمَلْبُكَةُ -إِنَّ فِيْ ذَلِكَ لَأَيَةً تَكْمُ إِنْ كُنْتُمُ ۲۲ ۲ مَؤْمِنيْنَ أَ فَلَمَّا فَصَلَ طَالُوْتُ بِالْجُنُوْدِ " قَالَ رِنَّ اللَّهَ مُبْتَبِدِيكُمْ بِنَهَرٍ · فَمَنْ شَرِبَ مِنْهُ فَلَنْسَ مِنَّى ، وَمَنْ لَّمْ يَطْعَمْهُ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ s \ s \ (54)$  (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

of water with his hand.' But they drank of it, except a few of them. And when they crossed it—he and those who believed along with him —they said: 'We have no power today against Jālūt and his forces.' But those who knew for certain that they would *one day* meet Allāh said: 'How many a small party has triumphed over a large party by Allāh's command! And Allāh is with the steadfast.'

251. And when they issued forth to *encounter* Jālūt and his forces, they said: 'O our Lord, pour forth steadfastness upon us, and make our steps firm, and help us against the disbelieving people.'

252. So they routed them by the command of Allah: and David slew Jālūt. and Allāh him gave sovereignty and wisdom. and taught him of what He pleased. And had it not been for Allah's repelling men, some of them by the others, the earth would have become filled disorder. But Allah with is Munificent to all peoples.

253. These are the Signs of Allāh; We recite them unto thee with truth. Surely, thou art *one* of the Messengers. فَإِنَّهُ مِنِّيٓ إِلَّا مَنِ اغْتَرَفَ غُرْفَةً بيَدِهِ ، فَشَرِبُوْا مِنْهُ إِلَّا قَلِيْلًا مِّنْهُمْ ﴿ فَلَمَّا جَاوَزَه هُوَ وَالَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا مَعَدً قَالُوْا لَا طَاقَةَ لَنَا الْيَوْمَ بِجَالُوْتَ وَجُنُوْدٍ ٢ \* قَالَ الَّذِينَ يَظُنُّوْنَ ٱنَّهُمُ مُلْقُوا الله اكم مِّنْ فَنَة قَلْيَلَة غَلَبَتْ فِئَةً كَثِيْرَةً بِإِذْنِ اللهِ وَاللهُ مَعَ الصِّبِرِينَ وَ لَمَّا بَرَزُوْا لِجَالُوْتَ وَجُنُوْدِهِ قَالُوْا رَبَّنَآ ٱفْرِغْ عَلَيْنَا صَبْرًا وَّ ثَبِّتْ أقْدَامَنَا وَانْصُرْنَا عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْكْفِرِيْنَ أَ فَهَزَمُوْهُمْ بِإِذْنِ اللهِ 1 وَ قَتَلَ دَاؤد جَالُوْتَ وَاتْبَهُ اللهُ الْمُلْكَ وَالْجِكْمَةَ وَعَلَّمَهُ مِمَّا يَشَاءُ وَلَوْ لَا دَفْعُ اللهِ النَّاسِ بَعْضَهُمْ ببَعْضٍ اللَّفَسَدَتِ الْآرْضُ وَلَكِنَّ اللَّهُ ذُوْفَضْلِ عَلَى الْعُلَمِيْنَ @ تِلْكَ أَلِتُ اللهِ نَتْلُوْهَا عَلَيْكَ

بِالْحَقِّ دَوَاِنَّ لَكَ لَمِنَ الْمُرْسَلِيْنَ ،

تلكَ الرُّسُلَ ٣ - Part 3 - ٣

\*254. These Messengers have We Ŀ exalted. some of them above وقفالازه others: among them there are those to whom Allah spoke;; and some of them He exalted by degrees of rank. And We gave Jesus, son of Mary, clear proofs and strengthened him with the Spirit of holiness. And if Allah had so willed, those that came after them would not have fought with one another after clear Signs had come to them; but they did disagree. Of them were some who believed, and of them were some who disbelieved. And if Allah had so willed, they would not have fought with one another: ع ٢ but Allah does what He desires.

#### R. 34.

255. O ye who believe! spend out of what We have bestowed on you before the day comes wherein there shall be no buying and selling, nor friendship, nor intercession; and it is those who disbelieve that do wrong to themselves.

256. Allāh—there is no God but He. the Living, the Self-Subsisting and All-Sustaining. Slumber seizes Him not, nor sleep. To Him belongs whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is in the earth. Who is he that will intercede with Him except by His permission? He knows what

للكَ الرُّسُلَ فَضَّلْنَا تَعْضَفُهُ الله كغف م منْهُمْ و دَفَعَ تَعْضَهُمْ دَرَجْت عدْسَى ابْنَ مَرْبَعَ الْمَتَّنْتِ وَ ٱتَّدْنُهُ بِرُوْحِ الْقُدُسِ دِوَ لَوْشَاءَ اللَّهُ مَااقْتَتَكَ الَّذَيْتَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ مِّنْ بَعْدِ مَاجَاءَتْهُمُ الْبَيِّنْتُ وَلَكِنِ اخْتَلَفُوْا فَمِنْهُمْ مَّنْ أَمَنَ وَمِنْهُمْ مَّنْ كَفَرَ \* وَلَهْ شَاءَ اللهُ مَا اقْتَتَلُهُ إِنَّهُ مَا اللَّيْ اللَّهُ يَفْعَلُ مَايُرِيدُ ٢ لَا يُها الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوا أَنْفِقُوا مِمّا دَذَقْنَكُمْ مِّرْفِ قَبْلِ أَنْ يَّانِي بَوْمَ لَا مَنْعُ فَنْهُ وَ لَا خُلَّةً وَّ لَا شَفَاعَةً. وَالْكُفِرُ وْنَ هُمُ الظَّلْمُوْنَ ٢ ٱبلهُ كَمَّ إِلْهَ إِلَّا هُوَ ٢ ٱلْحَتُ الْقَبُّوْمُرَة لَا تَاخُذُهُ سِنَةً وَّلَا نَهْمَ عِلَهُ مَا فِي السمطوت و مَا ف الآدُض م ذَاالَّذِف مَشْفَعُ عِنْدَةَ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِهِ ٢ يغلم مابين أيديهمروم

ti.e. gave them a new Law.

 $a i u \mid h \hat{a} \mid h \tau \mid kh \dot{\tau} \mid dh \hat{s} \mid s \circ$ ء ' اق q ا \$ gh \$ | d ' ف z | ط t اض *ф* ر\_` (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

<sup>\*254.</sup> Note: This verse can be translated by placing a pause after the word minhum (مِنْهُمْ) and not before it. In this case the translation is more easily readable and understandable and would run as follows: These Messengers of whom We have exalted some above others, Allāh spoke to them and exalted some of them in degrees of rank.

is before them and what is behind them; and they encompass nothing of His knowledge except what He \*pleases. His knowledge extends over the heavens and the earth: and the care of them burdens Him not: and He is the High, the Great.

257. There should be no compulsion in religion. Surely, right has become distinct from wrong; so whosoever refuses to be led by those who transgress, and believes in Allah. has surely grasped a strong handle which knows no breaking. And Allah is All-Hearing, All-Knowing.

258. Allah is the friend of those who believe: He brings them out of every kind of darkness into light. And those who disbelieve, their friends are the transgressors who bring them out of light into every kind of darkness. These are the inmates of the Fire; therein shall they abide.

### R. 35.

259 Hast thou not heard of him who disputed with Abraham about his Lord, because Allah had given him kingdom? When Abraham said, 'My Lord is He Who gives life and causes death,' he said, 'I also give life and cause death.' Abraham said, 'Well, Allah brings

وَلَا يُحِيْطُوْنَ بِشَيْءٍ مِّنْ عِلْمِهَ إِلَّا شآء ، وَسِعَرُكُوْس هُ ال ŝ ، وَلَا تَشْدُدُهُ حِفْظُهُما ، وَهُوَ الْعَلْقُ الْحَظْنُمُ ٢ لاَ إِكْرَاكَ فِي الدَّيْنِ لِهُ قَدْتَّبَتَّ مِنَ الْغَيِّ ، فَمَر أَ تَكْفُرُ ، بالله فَقَد اش ٩, بِالْعُرْوَةِ الْمُثْقِبِ وَكَانْفِصَامَ وَ اللهُ سَمِنْغُ عَلَّهُ ٱللهُ وَلِيُّ الَّذِي منبفا اينخرجا ٠. ت إلى النَّوْدِ وَ الَّذِبْ مِّنَ النَّوْرِ إِلَى الظَّ Ę ۳۳ چ اَلَہْ تُکَ وتفالازه قَالَ الْإَهْمُ ذَبْيَ گ رقبال ابْرْهِمْ فَاتَّ اللهُ كَأَتْنَ

\*256. His **Throne** extends over the heavens and the earth...

Note: The word kursī (کُرَيِس) primarily means seat of power or throne. This meaning of the word has wider application and covers not only knowledge but also other requisites of government.

 $a i u \mid h \hat{\tau} \mid h \hat{\tau} \mid h \dot{\tau} \mid dh i \mid s \sigma$ ء' ا ق q | \$ h | gh | 4 ' | ظ z | ط t (See details of transliteration on

the sun from the East; bring it thou from the West.' Thereupon the infidel was dumbfounded. And Allāh guides not the unjust people.

260. Or like him who passed by a town which had fallen down upon its roofs, and exclaimed, 'When will Allah restore it to life after its destruction?' Then Allah caused him to die for a hundred years; then He raised him, and said: 'How long hast thou remained in this state?' He answered, 'I have remained a day or part of a day.' He said: 'Nay, thou hast remained in this state for a hundred years. Now look at thy food and thy drink; they have not rotted. And look at thy ass. And We have done this that We may make thee a Sign unto men. And look at the bones, how We set them and then clothe them with flesh.' And when this became clear to him, he said, 'I know that Allah has the power to do all that He wills."

261. And *remember* when Abraham said, 'My Lord, show me how Thou givest life to the dead.' He said, 'Hast thou not believed?' He said, 'Yes, but *I ask this* that my heart may be at rest.' He answered, 'Take four birds and make them attached to thyself. Then put each of them on a hill; then call them; they will come to

مِنَ الْمَشْرِقِ فَاْتِ بِهَا مِنَ الْمَغْرِبِ فَبُهِتَ الَّذِيْ كَفَرَ ، وَاللهُ لَا يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الظَّلِمِيْنَ أَ ٱوْكَالَّذِيْ مَرَّعَلْى قَرْيَةٍ وَّهِيَ خَاوِيَةً عَلَى عُرُوْشِهَا ، قَالَ أَنَّى يُحْي هَذِهِ اللهُ تَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا ، فَأَمَاتَهُ اللهُ مائَةَ عَامٍ ثُمَّ بَعَثَهُ • قَالَ كَمْ لَبِثْتَ • قَالَ لَبِثْتُ يَوْمًا أَوْ بَعْضَ يَوْمِ ﴿ قَالَ بَلْ لَبِثْتَ مِائَةَ عَامِ فَانْظُرْ إِلَى طَعَامِكَ وَشَرَابِكَ لَمْ يَتَسَنَّهُ ، وَانْظُرْ إِلَى جمارك وَلِنَجْعَلَكَ أَنَةً يَلنَّاس وَانْظُرْ إِلَى الْعِظَامِ كَيْفَ نُنْشِزُهَا ثُمَّ نَكْسُوْهَا لَحْمًا ﴿ فَلَمَّا تَتَبَّنَ لَهُ قَالَ أَعْلَمُ أَنَّ اللهَ عَلَى كُلّ شَيْءٍ قَرْيَرٌ 🕾 وَ إِذْ قَالَ إِبْرَهِمُ رَبِّ آرِنِيْ حَيْفَ تُحْي الْمَوْتْ ، قَالَ أَوْلَمْ تُؤْمِنْ. قَالَ بَلْي وَلَجِنْ لِيَطْمَئِنَ قَلْبُ، قَالَ فَخُذْ ٱ دْبَعَةً مِّنَ الطَّيْرِ فَصُرْهُنَّ رِلَيْكَ ثُمَّر اجْعَلْ عَلْى كُلَّ جَبَل

مِّنْهُنَّ جُزْءً ثُمَّر ادْعُهُنَّ يَأْتِيْنَكَ

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ h \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid \ dh \ \dot{\varsigma} \ \mid \ \delta \ s \ \dot{\varsigma} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} 58 \\ \hline 58 \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 58 \\ \hline 58 \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 58 \\ \hline 58 \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ \dot{\varsigma} \ \dot{\varsigma} \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 58 \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 58 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 58 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 58 \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ \dot{\varsigma} \ \dot{\varsigma$ 

۳۵ س

thee in haste. And know that Allāh is Mighty, Wise.'

#### R. 36.

262. The similitude of those who spend their wealth for the cause of Allāh is like the similitude of a grain of corn which grows seven ears, in each ear a hundred grains. And Allāh multiplies *it* further for whomsoever He pleases; and Allāh is Bountiful, All-Knowing.

263. They who spend their wealth for the cause of Allāh, then follow not up what they have spent with taunt or injury, for them is their reward with their Lord, and they shall have no fear, nor shall they grieve.

264. A kind word and forgiveness are better than charity followed by injury. And Allāh is Self-Sufficient, Forbearing.

265. O ye who believe! render not vain your alms by taunt and injury, like him who spends his wealth to be seen of men, and he believes not in Allāh and the Last Day. His case is like the case of a smooth rock covered with earth, on which heavy rain falls, leaving it bare, smooth and hard. They shall not secure aught of what they earn. And Allāh guides not the disbelieving سَعْيًا ، وَاعْلَمْ آَنَّ اللَّهُ عَزِيْزُ حَكِيْمٌ شَ مَثَلُ الَّذِيْنَ يُنْفِقُوْنَ آَمُوَالَهُمْ فِيْ سَبِيْلِ اللَّهِ حَمَثَلِ حَبَّةٍ آَنْبَتَتُ سَبْعَ سَنَابِلَ فِيْ حُمَّ لِ سُنْبُلَةٍ مِّانَةُ مَبْعَ سَنَابِلَ فِيْ حُلِّ سُنْبُلَةٍ مِّانَةُ مَبْعَ سَنَابِلَ فِي حُلِ سُنْبُلَةٍ مِّانَةُ مَبْعَ مَنَابِلَ فِي حُلِ سُنْبُلَةٍ مِانَةُ مَبْعَ مَنَابِلَ فِي حُلا سُنْبُلَةٍ مِانَةُ مَنْهُ وَاللَّهُ يُضْعِفُ لِمَنَ انْفَقُوا مَنَّا وَ اللَّذِينَ يُنْفِقُونَ آمُوَالَهُمْ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّذِينَ يُنْفِقُونَ آمُوَالَهُمْ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّذِينَ يُنْفِقُونَ آمُوَالَهُمْ فِي مَنْ مَنْ أَنْ اللَّذِينَ يُنْفِقُونَ آمُوَالَهُمْ وَيَ مَوْفً عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ عِنْ وَاللَّهُ عَذِي مَوْفً عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ عِنْ وَاللَّهُ عَذِي مَوْفً عَلَيْهُمْ وَلَا مَعْفِرَةً خَيْرُ مِنَ

آياً يُّهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا لَا تُبْطِلُوْا صَدَقتِحُمْ بِالْمَنِّ وَالْأَدْى الكَلَّذِي يُنْفِقُ مَالَهُ رِئَاءَالتَّاسِ وَلَا يُؤْمِنُ بِاللهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْأَخِرِ • فَمَثَلُهُ كَمَثَلِ صَفْوَاتٍ عَلَيْهِ تُرَابَ فَاصَابَهُ وَابِلَ فَتَرَكَهُ صَلْدًا • لَا يَقْدِرُوْنَ عَلٰى شَيْءٍ مِمَّا كَسَبُوْا • وَاللهُ لَا يَهْدِى

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ | \ h \ 7 \ | \ kh \ r' \ | \ dh \ s \ of transitieration on page 'p').$ 

people.

266. And the case of those who spend their wealth to seek the pleasure of Allāh and to strengthen their souls is like the case of a garden on elevated ground. Heavy rain falls on it so that it brings forth its fruit twofold. And if heavy rain does not fall on it, then light rain *suffices*. And Allāh sees what you do.

267. Does any of you desire that there should be for him a garden of palm trees and vines with streams flowing beneath it, and with all kinds of fruit for him therein while old age has stricken him and he has weak offspring—and that a fiery whirlwind should smite it and it be *all* burnt? Thus does Allāh make His Signs clear to you that you may ponder.

### R. 37.

268. O ye who believe! spend of the good things that you have earned, and of what We produce \*for you from the earth; and seek not what is bad to spend out of it when you would not take it yourselves except that you connive at it. And know that Allāh is Self-Sufficient, Praiseworthy.

الْقَوْمَ الْكَفِرِيْنَ وَ مَثَلُ الَّذِيْنَ يُنْفِقُوْنَ أَمْوَالَهُمُ ائتغاء مرضات الله وتشيئتا قِنْ ٱنْفُسِهِمْ كَمَثَل جَنَّة بَرَيْوَة ٱصَابَهَا وَابِلٌ فَاتَتْ ٱحُلَهَا ضِعْفَيْنٍ، فَبَانَ لَّحْرُيُصِبْهَا وَابِلٌ فَطَلُّ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تغملُوْن بَصِدْر 🗝 ٱ بَهَدُّ أَحَدُكُمُ أَنْ تَكُوْنَ لَهُ جَنَّةً مِّنْ تَخِيْلِ وَ ٱعْنَابِ تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهُرُ "لَهُ فَيْهَا مِرْبَ كُلّ الثَّمَرْت ، وَأَصَابَهُ الْكِبَرُ وَلَهُ ذُرَّبَةٌ ضُعَفًاء \* فَأَصَابَهَا اعْصَادُ فَنْهُ فَاحْتَرَقَتْ ، كَذَلِكَ بُبَتَرِ أَاللَّهُ Ę لَحُمُ الْأَلْتِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَفَحَّرُوْنَ ٢ نَائُهَا الَّذَيْنَ أَمَنُوْا أَنْ طَيّبِتٍ مَا كَسَبْتُمْ وَمِمَّآ أَخْرَجْنَا لَكُمْ مِّرْبَ الْأَدْضِ مِ وَلَا تَبَعَّهُ الْخَبِيْثَ مِنْهُ تُنْفِقُوْتَ وَ لَسْتُمْ باجذنبه إلا أث تُغمضوا فبه وَاعْلَمُوْا أَنَّ اللهُ غَخْتُ حَمندً

\*268. and seek not what is bad to spend out of it, when you would not take it yourselves except with eyes downcast with shame.

ع ' | ق h ∕ | kh ∕ | dh ∕ | kh ∕ | db ∕ = 0 م ۶ اخ t | ف h / اٹ kh ∕ | db / c | s → 0 (60 → 0 ) × 0 ) × 0 (5ee details of transitieration on page 'p').

269. Satan threatens you with poverty and enjoins upon you what is foul, whereas Allāh promises you forgiveness from Himself and bounty. And Allāh is Bountiful, All-Knowing.

270. He grants wisdom to whom He pleases, and whoever is granted wisdom has indeed been granted abundant good; and none would be reminded except those endowed with understanding.

271. And whatsoever you spend or whatsoever vow you vow, Allāh surely knows it; and for the wrongdoers there shall be no helpers.

272. If you give alms openly, it is well *and good*; but if you conceal them and give them to the poor, it is better for you; and He will remove from you *many* of your sins. And Allāh is aware of what you do.

273. It is not thy responsibility to make them follow the right path; but Allāh guides whomsoever He pleases. And whatever of wealth you spend, it is for yourselves, while you spend not but to seek the favour of Allāh. And whatever of wealth you spend, it shall be paid back to you in full and you shall not be wronged.

274. *These alms are* for the poor who are detained in the cause of Allāh and are unable to move about in the land. The ignorant man thinks

ٱلشَّيْطِنُ تَعدُّكُمُ الْفَقْرَ وَ يَامُرُكُمُ بالْفَحْشَاءٍ وَاللَّهُ بَعِدُكُمْ مَّغْفِرَةً قِنْهُ وَفَضْلًا • وَاللهُ وَاسِعُ عَلِيْمُ شَ يُوْتِي الْحِكْمَةَ مَنْ تَشَاء وَمَنْ يُؤْتَ الْجِكْمَةَ فَقَدْ أُوْتِي خَيْرًا كَتْيَرًا، وَمَا يَذَكَّرُ إِلَّا ٱولُوا الْأَلْبَابِ@ وَمَا ٱنْفَقْتُمْ مِّنْ نَّفَقَةٍ أَوْ نَذَرْتُمْ مِّنْ نَّذْر فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ يَعْلَمُهُ ﴿ وَ مَا لِلظُّلِمِيْنَ مِنْ ٱنْصَارِ ٢ إِنْ تُبْدُوا الصَّرَقْتِ فَبِعِمَّا هِيَ ، وَ إِنْ تُخْفُهُها وَتُؤْتُهُما الْفُقَرَاء فَهُوَ خَبْرُ تَكُمْ وَ يُكَفِّرُ عَنْكُمْ مِّنْ سَيّاتِكُمْ وَاللهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُوْنَ خَبِيْرُ ٢ لَيْسَ عَلَيْكَ هُدِيهُمْ وَلَكِنَّ اللَّهُ يَهْدِبْ مَنْ تَشَاءُ ﴿ وَمَا تُنْفِقُوْا مِنْ خَيْرٍ فَلِا نْفُسِكُمْ وَ مَا تُنْفِقُوْنَ إِلَّا ابْتِغَاءَ وَجْهِ اللهِ . وَ مَا تُنْفِقُوْا مِنْ خَيْرٍ يُوَفِّ اِلَيْكُمْ وَ ٱنْتُمْ كا تُظْلَمُوْنَ@ لِلْفُقَرَآءِ الَّذِينَ أَحْصِرُوا فِي سَبِيْلِ اللهِ لَا يَسْتَطِيْعُوْنَ ضَرْبًا فِي الْأَرْضِ:

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ (h \ 7 \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ 2 \ \dot{s} \ (6)$ (See details of transitienation on page 'p').

### تِلْكَ الرَّسُلُ ۳ - Part 3

them to be free from want because of *their* abstaining *from begging*. Thou shalt know them by their appearance; they do not beg of men with importunity. And whatever of wealth you spend, surely, Allāh has perfect knowledge thereof.

R. 38.

275. Those who spend their wealth by night and day, secretly and openly, have their reward with their Lord; on them *shall come* no fear, nor shall they grieve.

276. Those who devour interest do not rise except as rises one whom Satan has smitten with insanity. That is because they say: 'Trade *also* is like interest;' whereas Allāh has made trade lawful and made interest unlawful. So he to whom an admonition comes from his Lord and he desists, then will that *which he received* in the past be his; and his affair is with Allāh. And those who revert *to it*, they are the inmates of the Fire; therein shall they abide.

\*277. Allāh will abolish interest and will cause charity to increase. And Allāh loves not anyone who is a confirmed disbeliever and an archsinner.

تخسئهم الكاهل أغنتاء مرت لتَّحَقُف ، تَعْرفُهُمْ ب مَشْعَلُمُونَ النَّيَاسَ الْحَافَ تُنْفِقُوْا مِنْ خَيْرِ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ بِهِ عَلِ ٱلَّذِيْنَ يُنْفِقُوْنَ آمْوَالَهُمْ بِالَّيْلِ وَ النَّهَارِ سِرًّا وَّ عَلَانِيَةً فَلَهُمْ اَجْرُهُمْ عِنْدَرَبِّهِمْ، وَلَاخَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَاهُمْ ىخ**:** ئەن ٱلَّذِينَ يَاكُلُوْنَ الرِّبُوا لَا يَقُوْمُوْنَ الًا حَمَا بَقُوْمُ الَّذِي بَتَرَ الشَيْطِنُ مِنَ الْمَتِي مِذْلِكَ قَالُهُ إِنَّكُمَا الْمَبْعُ مِثْلُ الرَّلِو ا الله المتع وحرَّم الرَّلوا ، فَمَنْ جَاءَهٔ مَوْعِظَةً مِّنْ رَّبِّهِ فَانْتَهْ فَلَهُ مَا سَلَفَ \* وَٱمْرُكَمْ إِلَى اللهِ \* وَ مَنْ عَادَ فَأُولَئِكَ أَصْحْبُ النَّارِ ، هُمْ فَبْهَ خلد دُوْن 🕬 يمحق الله الرّبوا ويُرْبِي الصّدقتِ ع وَاللهُ لَا يُجِبُّ كُلَّ كَفَّارِ ٱ ثِيْمِ @

\*277. Note: This verse gives a clear-cut verdict that economies based on interest and usury are bound to perish whereas economies where charity is emphasized will prosper.

وقفالازه

278. Surely, those who believe and do good deeds, and observe Prayer and pay the Zakāt, shall have their reward from their Lord, and no fear *shall come* on them, nor shall they grieve.

279. O ye who believe! fear Allāh and relinquish what remains of interest, if you are believers.

280. But if you do *it* not, then beware of war from Allāh and His Messenger; and if you repent, then you shall have your original sums; *thus* you shall not wrong, nor shall you be wronged.

281. And if any *debtor* be in straitened circumstances, then *grant him* respite till a time of ease. And that you remit it as charity shall be better for you, if only you knew.

282. And fear the day when you shall be made to return to Allāh; then shall every soul be paid in full what it has earned; and they shall  $\xi$  root be wronged.

### R. 39.

283. O ye who believe! when you borrow one from another for a fixed period, then write it down. And let a scribe write *it* in your presence faithfully; and no scribe should refuse to write, because Allāh has taught him, so let him write and let him who incurs the liability dictate; and he should fear Allāh, his Lord, and not diminish

إِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ وَ آقَامُوا الصَّلُوةَ وَ أَتَوا الزَّحُوةَ لَهُمْ أَجْرُهُمْ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ · وَ لَا خَوْفُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَكَاهُمْ يَحْزَنُوْنَ لْيَا يُّهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوا اتَّقُوا اللَّهُ وَذَرُوْا مَا بَقِيَ مِنَ الرِّبُوا إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُّؤْمِنِيْنَ، فَإِنْ لَّمْ تَفْعَلُوْا فَأَذَنُوْا بِحَرْبٍ مِّنَ اللهِ وَ رَسُوْلِهِ ، وَ إِنْ تُبْتُمْ فَلَكُمْ رُءُوْسُ اَمْوَالِكُمْ، لَا تَظْلِمُوْنَ وَلَا تُظْلَمُوْنَ ٢٠ وَ إِنْ كَانَ ذُوْعُسْرَة فَنَظِرَةً إِلَى مَيْسَرَةٍ ، وَأَنْ تَصَرَّقُوْا خَيْرٌ آَكُمْ انْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُهُنَ ٢ وَ اتَّقُوْا يَوْمًا تُرْجَعُوْنَ فِيْهِ إِلَى اللَّهِ \* ثُمَّرتُوَفِّي ڪُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَّا كَسَبَتْ وَهُمْ لَا تُظْلَمُوْنَ ٢ يَا يُهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا إِذَا تَدَا يَنْتُمُ بِرَيْنِ إِلَى أَجَلٍ مُّسَمًّى فَاكْتُبُوْهُ. وَلْيَكْتُبْ بَيْنَكُمْ كَاتِبْ بِالْعَدْلِ. وَلَا يَاْبَ كَاتِبَ أَنْ يَكْتُبَ حَمَا عَلَّمَهُ اللهُ فَلْيَكْتُبْ، وَلْيُمْلِلِ الَّذِيْ عَلَيْهِ

الْحَقُّ وَلْيَتَّق الله رَبَّهُ وَبَّهُ وَ لَا يَبْخَس

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \dot{\tau} | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{s} | \ \dot{s} = \underbrace{63}_{63} \ o \ \dot{s} | \ \dot$ 

### يَلْكَ الرُّسُلُ Part 3 - 7

anything therefrom. But if the person incurring the liability be of low understanding or be weak or be unable himself to dictate, then let someone who can watch his interest dictate with justice. And call two witnesses from among your men; and if two men be not available, then a man and two women, of such as you like as witnesses, so that if either of two women should err in memory, then one may remind the other. And the witnesses should not refuse when they are called. And do not feel weary of writing it down, whether it be small or large, along with its appointed time of payment. This is more equitable in the sight of Allah and makes testimony surer and is more likely to keep you away from doubts; therefore omit not to write except that it be ready merchandise which you give or take from hand to hand, in which case it shall be no sin for you that you write it not. And have witnesses when you sell one to another; and let no harm be done to the scribe or the witness. And if you do *that*, then certainly it shall be disobedience on your part. And fear Allah. And Allah grants you knowledge and Allah knows all things well.

284. And if you be on a journey, and you find not a scribe, then let there be a pledge with possession. منْهُ شَبْعًا ، فَانْ كَانَ الَّذِيْ عَلَيْهِ الْحَقُّ سَفِيْهًا آوْ ضَعِنْفًا آوْ لا <u>يَ</u>شتَطِيْحُ أَنْ يُمِلَّ هُوَ فَلْيُمْلِلْ وَلَيُّهُ بالْحَدْلِ دَوَاسْتَشْهِ دُوْا شَهِيدَيْن مِنْ رِجَابِكُمْ ، فَإِنْ تَمْرَكُوْنَا رَجُلَيْن فَرَجُلُ وَآسْرَأَتْن مِمَّنْ تَرْضَوْتَ مِنَ الشُّهَدَاءِ أَنْ تَضلُّ إِحْدِيهُمَا فَتُذَبِّرَ إِجْلِالِهُمَا الْأُخْلِي ، وَ لَا يَأْت الشَّهِدَاءُ إِذَا مَادُعُوْاءٍ وَلَا تَسْعُمُوْا اَنْ تَكْتُبُوْهُ صَغِيْرًا اَوْكَبِيْرًا إِلَى اَجَلِهِ ، ذٰلِكُمْ اَقْسَطُ عِنْدَ اللهِ وَٱقْوَمُ لِلشَّهَادَةِ وَٱدْنَى ٱلَّا تَرْتَابُوْا إِلَّا أَنْ تَكُوْنَ تَجَارَةً حَاضِرَةً تىرىردى تىنى قىكى تىكى يىكىك جُنَاحُ ٱلَّا تَكْتُبُوْهَا ، وَ ٱشْهِدُوْا إذا تَسَابَعْتُمْ م وَكَا يُضَارُّ حَاتِبَ وَّ كَا شَهِيْدُ \$ وَ اِنْ تَفْعَلُوْا فَإِنَّهُ فُسُوْقٌ بِكُمْ دَوَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ دَوَ يُعَلِّمُكُمُ اللهُ وَ اللهُ بِحُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيْمَ ٢ وَ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ عَلْى سَفَرٍ وَّ لَمْ تَجِدُوْا كَاتِبًا فَرِهْنَ مَقْبُوْضَةً ، فَإِنْ

ي جع

And if one of you entrusts another with something, then let him who is entrusted surrender his trust and let him fear Allāh, his Lord. And conceal not testimony; and whoever conceals it, his heart is certainly sinful. And Allāh is well aware of what you do.

#### R. 40.

285. To Allāh belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is in the earth; and whether you disclose what is in your minds or keep it hidden, Allāh will call you to account for it; then will He forgive whomsoever He pleases and punish whomsoever He pleases; and Allāh has the power to do all that He wills.

286. This Messenger of Ours believes in that which has been revealed to him from his Lord, and so do the believers: all of them believe in Allāh, and in His angels, and in His Books, and in His Messengers, saying, 'We make no distinction between any of His Messengers;' and they say, 'We hear, and we obey. We implore Thy forgiveness, O our Lord, and to Thee is the returning.'

\*287. Allāh burdens not any soul beyond its capacity. It shall have *the reward* it earns, and it shall get دَى تَعْضُكُمْ تَعْضًا فَلْنُؤَدّ الَّذِي نته ما الشَّمَاكَةَ ، وَمَنْ فَاتَّهَ أَثْمَ قَلْبُهُ ؞ وَ اللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَ عَلِيْهُ ٢ للله مما في الشَّطوت و مما في الأَرْضِ، ۇ إِنْ تُبْدُوْا مَا فَيْ أَنْفُسِكُمْ أَوْ تُخْفَوْهُ يُحَاسِبْكُمْ بِهِ اللهُ . فَيَ لِمَرْنَ تَشَاءُ وَ يُعَذِّبُ مَنْ تَشَاءً. وَاللهُ عَلَى حُلٍّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيْرً أمَنَ الرَّسُوْلُ بِمَآ أَنْزَلَ إِلَيْهِ مِنْ رَّتِهِ وَالْمُؤْمِنُوْنَ ﴿ كُلَّ أَمَنَ بِاللَّهِ وَ مَلْئَكَتِه وَ كُتُبِه وَ رُسْلِهٍ - لَا نُفَرَّقُ بَيْنَ اَحَدَمِّنْ رُّسُله عد وَ قَالُهُ سَمِعْنَا وَ أَطَعْنَا ﴾ غُفْرًا نَكَ رَتَّنَه وَالَتُكَ الْمَصِبُرُ ٢ لَا يُكَلِّفُ اللهُ نَفْسًا الَّهِ وُسْحَهَا ﴿ لَهَا مَا حَسَبَتْ وَعَلَيْهَا مَااكْتَسَبَتْ.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{\sigma} \ | \ \dot{\sigma} \ \dot{\sigma} \ | \ \dot{\sigma} \ \dot{\sigma} \ | \ \dot{\sigma} \ \dot$ 

<sup>\*287.</sup> Note: This refers to earlier peoples who were entrusted with religious responsibilities but treated them with disrespect and deemed them to be a burden. As such professional clergy from the lower ranks of society were made to carry that burden on their shoulders and a religious clergy came to be born which monopolised the knowledge of religion while they were incapable of doing full justice to it. This process ultimately led to the creation of a religious clergy which was narrow-minded, arrogant and intolerant and few among

*the punishment* it incurs. Our Lord, do not punish us, if we forget or fall into error; and our Lord, lay not on us a responsibility as Thou didst lay upon those before us. Our Lord, burden us not with what we have not the strength to bear; and efface our *sins*, and grant us forgiveness and have mercy on us; Thou art our Master; so help us Thou against the disbelieving people.

رَبَّنَا لَا تُؤَاخِذْنَآ اِنْ نَّسِيْنَآ آوَ اخْطَانَ ، رَبَّنَا وَ لَا تَحْمِلُ عَلَيْنَآ اِصْرًا كَمَا حَمَلْتَهٔ عَلَى الَّذِيْنَ مِنْ قَبْلِنَا ، رَبَّنَا وَ لَا تُحَمِّلْنَا مَا لَا طَاقَةَ لَنَا بِهِ ، وَ اعْفُ عَنَّا وَاغْفِرْلَنَا مَلَ الْقَوْمِ الْلُفِرِيْنَ هُ

a i u + | th ش | h 7 | kh 7 | dh 7 | č | dh 7 | kh 7 | dh 7 | č + [ dh 7 | c + [ dh 7 | c + [ dh 7 | c + [ dh 7 ] c + [ d

them understood the philosophy and the magnanimity of the word of God. Such religious leadership is likened to donkeys in 62:6 (Al-Jumu'ah) whose backs are loaded with religious books for transportation but the donkeys understand little of what they earry. So the word *isran* (مور) should be understood in this context because any responsibility laid down by God cannot be treated as a burden from which true believers seek escape.

تلك الرُّسان " - Part 3 - ۳ أل عشران "Chapter 3 - ۳ **ĀL-E-'IMRĀN** 

AL-E-'IMRAN (Revealed after Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. Alif Lam Mim.‡

3. Allāh is He beside Whom there is no god, the Living, the Self-Subsisting and All-Sustaining.

- \*4. He has sent down to thee the Book containing the truth *and* fulfilling that which precedes it; and He sent down the Torah and the Gospel
- \*5. Before *this*, as a guidance to the people; and He has sent down the Discrimination. Surely, those who deny the Signs of Allāh shall have a severe punishment. And Allāh is Mighty, Possessor of the power to requite.

6. Surely, nothing in the earth or in the heaven is hidden from Allāh.

7. He it is Who fashions you in the wombs as He wills; there is no God

ماللهالرَّحْمٰن اللهُ لَآ إِلٰهَ الَّهِ هُوَ الْحَيُّ الْعَبُّوْ مُ ٣ نَزَّلَ عَلَيْكَ الْكِتْبَ بِالْحَقِّ مُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا بَيْنَ بَرَيْهِ وَ أَنْزَلَ التَّوْلِيةَ وَالْإِنْجِيْلَ ) مِنْ قَبْلُ هُدًى لِلنَّاسِ وَ ٱنْزَلَ الْفُرْقَانَ أَ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا بِالِتِ اللهِ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ شَدِيدً ، وَ اللهُ عَزَيْزُ ذُو انْتِقَام ٥ اتَ اللهَ لَا يَخْفَى عَلَيْهِ شَيْءً فِي الأدْضِ وَلَافِي السَّسَمَاً ءِ أَ هُوَ الَّذِف يُصَوّدُكُمْ فِ الْآرْحَامِ

+ i.e. I am Allāh, the All-Knowing.

Note: The word *muşaddiqan* (کفرځ) has a wider application than the expression 'fulfilling' used in the original translation. It means confirming the truth of previous revelations as well as fulfilment and realization of the prophecies contained therein. In the light of this perhaps it would be more appropriate to translate the verse under study as above in the footnote.

*Al-furqān* (تنظرخان) means incontrovertible truth as well as anything which clearly distinguishes something from another; as such it works as a criterion.

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ ch \ r | \ gh \ \dot{r} \ | \ dh \ \dot{r} \ | \ dh \ \dot{r} \ | \ \dot{r} \ (\delta e \ details \ of transliteration \ on \ page \ p').$ 

<sup>\*4.&</sup>amp; 5. He has sent down to thee the Book containing the truth and confirming that which precedes it; and He sent down the Torah and the Gospel before *this*, as a guidance to the people; and He has sent down the Discrimination.

but He, the Mighty, the Wise.

8. He it is Who has sent down to thee the Book: in it there are verses that are decisive in meaning-they are the basis of the Book-and there are others that are susceptible of different interpretations. But those in whose hearts is perversity pursue such thereof as are susceptible of different interpretations, seeking discord and seeking wrong interpretation of it. And none knows its *right* interpretation except Allah and those who are firmly grounded in knowledge; they say, 'We believe in it: the whole is from our Lord.'-And none heed except those gifted with understanding.-

9. 'Our Lord, let not our hearts become perverse after Thou hast guided us; and bestow on us mercy from Thyself; surely, Thou alone art the Bestower.

10. 'Our Lord, Thou wilt certainly assemble mankind together on the Day about which there is no doubt; surely, Allāh breaks not *His* promise.'

## R. 2.

11. Those who disbelieve—their possessions and their children shall not avail them at all against Allāh; and it is they that are the fuel of the Fire.

12. *Their case is* like the case of the people of Pharaoh and those before them; they rejected Our Signs; so

كَيْفَ يَشَاءُ . لَآ اله الله عَذ الْعَزيْزُ الْحَكْثُمُ () هُوَ الَّذِينَ ٱنْزَلَ عَلَيْكَ الْكِتْبَ مِنْهُ أَلِتَ مُحْكَمْتَ هُنَّ أُمُّر الْجِتْبِ وَأَخَرُ مُتَشْبِهِتٌ \* فَأَمَّا الَّذِيْنِ فِي قُلُوْبِهِمْ زَيْغٌ فَيَتَّبِعُوْنَ مَا تَشَابَهُ مِنْهُ انْتِغَاءَ الْفَتْنَةِ وَ انْتِغَاء وقفالازم تَاوِيْلِهِ ، وَمَا يَعْلَمُ تَاوِيْلَهُ إِلَّا اللهُ وَالرَّاسِخُوْنَ فِي الْعِلْمِ يَقُوْلُوْنَ اَمَنَّا بِهِ ا ڪُلُّ مِّنْ عِنْدِ رَبِّنَا، وَمَا يَذَّكَّرُ إِلَّا أُولُوا الْالْبَابِ ( رَبَّنَا لَا تُزِغْ قُلُوْبَنَا بَعْدَ إِذْ هَدَيْتَنَا وَهَبْ لَنَا مِنْ لَّدُنْكَ رَحْمَةً ، إِنَّكَ ٱنْتَ الْوَهَّابُ () رَبَّنَآ إِنَّكَ جَامِعُ النَّاسِ لِيَوْمِرً لا رَيْبَ ع فيْهِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُخْلِفُ الْمِبْعَادَ إِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا لَنْ تُغْنِيَ عَنْهُمْ أَمْوَالُهُمْ وَ لَآ أَوْلَادُهُمْ مِّرِي الله شَيْئًا وَ أُولَبُكَ هُمْرِوَقُوْدُ النَّارِ أَ كَدَابِ ال فِرْعَوْتَ ، وَ الَّذِيْتَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ لَذَّبُوْا بِالْتِنَا الْعَامَةُ هُمُ اللَّهُ

 $a i u + | th \rightarrow | h 7 | kh + | dh \rightarrow | \delta 0$  (68) (4) (4) (5) (7) (7) (8) (7

Allāh punished them for their sins, and Allāh is severe in punishing.

13. Say to those who disbelieve, 'You shall be overcome and gathered unto Hell; and an evil place of rest it is.'

14. Certainly there was for you a Sign in the two armies that encountered each other, one army fighting in the cause of Allāh and the other disbelieving, whom they saw to be twice as many as themselves, actually with *their* eyes. *Thus* Allāh strengthens with His aid whomsoever He pleases. In that surely is a lesson for those who have eyes.

15. Beautified for men is the love of desired things—women and children, and stored-up heaps of gold and silver, and pastured horses and cattle and crops. That is the provision of the present life; but it is Allāh with Whom is an excellent home.

16. Say, 'Shall I inform you of \*something better than that?' For those who fear God, there are Gardens with their Lord, beneath which rivers flow; therein shall they abide; and pure spouses and Allāh's pleasure. And Allāh is Mindful of *His* servants,

ذُنُوْ بِهِمْ دِوَ اللهُ شَدِيدُ الْعِقَابِ ٢ ې کې کې کې شتغ رُوْنَ إِلَى جَهَنَّهُمْ وَبِئُ الْمِهَادُ قَدْكَانَ لَكُمْ أَنَةً فِي فَنَّتَيْنِ الْتَقَتَاء فِنَةُ تُقَاتِلُ فَتْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ وَٱخْرَى كَافِرَةٌ يَبَرَوْنَهُمْ بِتَنْلَدُهِمْ رَأَى الْعَيْنِ. وَاللهُ يُؤَيّدُ بِنَصْرِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ ﴿ إِنَّ فى ذلك كعبرة لأولى الأثقار ؟ ذُبْنَ لِلنَّاسِ حُبُّ الشَّهَات مِنَ وَالْبَنِيْدِي وَالْقَنَّاطِيْرِ شياء قَنْطَرَةٍ مِنَ الذَّهَبِ وَ الْفِضَّةِ وَ الْخَبْلِ الْمُسَوَّمَةِ وَ الْأَنْعَامِ وَالْحَرْثِ وَلِكَ مَتَاعُ الْحَلُوةِ الدُّنْبَاء وَاللهُ عِنْدَة حُسْنُ الْمَأْبِ ۇنتېئىڭى بخير تېن ذلىكە. لِلَّذِيْنَ اتَّقَوْا عِنْهَ رَبِّهِمْ جَنّْتُ تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهُرُ خْلِدِيْنَ فسْهَا وَ اَزْوَاجَ مُّطَهَّرَةً وَّ رَضُوَانٌ مِّن الله والله تصيرُ بالعماد ش

a i u + h r + h

<sup>\*16.</sup> For those who fear God, there are Gardens with their Lord, beneath which rivers flow; therein shall they abide; *there are also spouses purified by Allāh* and Allāh's pleasure. And Allāh is Mindful of *Ilis* servants.

17. Those who say, 'Our Lord, we do believe; forgive us, therefore, our sins and save us from the punishment of the Fire:'

18. The steadfast, and the truthful, and the humble, and those who spend in the way of God, and those who seek forgiveness in the latter part of the night.

19. Allāh bears witness that there is no God but He—and *also do* the angels and those possessed of knowledge—

\* Maintainer of justice; there is no God but He, the Mighty, the Wise.

20. Surely, the *true* religion with Allāh is Islām (complete submission). And those who were given the Book did not disagree but after knowledge had come to them, out of mutual envy. And whoso denies the Signs of Allāh, then surely, Allāh is quick at reckoning.

21. But if they dispute with thee, say, 'I have submitted myself to Allāh, and *also* those who follow me.' And say to those who have been given the Book and to the unlearned, 'Have you submitted?' If they submit, then they will surely be guided; but if they turn back, then thy duty is only to convey the message. And Allāh is Watchful of *His* servants.

ٱلَّذِينَ يَقُوْلُوْتَ رَتَّنَّا اتَّنَّا أَمَنَّا (لَنَاذُنُهْ تَنَاوَقَنَا عَذَاتِ النَّارِقُ ٱلصِّبريْتَ وَ الصَّدِقَيْنَ وَ الْقُنتِيْنَ وَ الْمُنْفِقِيْرِي وَ الْمُسْتَغْفِرِيْرِ بالأشخار. شَهدَاللهُ ٱنَّهٰ لا إِلٰهَ إِلَّهُ هُوَ اوْ الْمَلْئِكَةُ وَأُولُوا الْعِلْمِ قَآَئِمًا بِالْقِسْطِ وَ لَآ إِلْهَ رِالَّهُوَ الْعَزِيْزُ الْحَكِيْمُ · أَ إن الدَّيْنَ عِنْدَ اللهِ الْإِسْلَامُرِةِ وَ مَا اخْتَلَفَ الَّذِينَ أَوْتُوا الْكِتْبَ إلَّا مِنْ بَعْدٍ مَا جَاءَهُمُ الْعِلْمُ بَغْبً بَيْنَهُمْ ، وَمَنْ تَكْفُرْ بِالِتِ اللهِ فَإِنَّ الله سريع الجساب فَانْ حَاَحُوْكَ فَقُلْ ٱسْلَمْتُ وَحْهِيَ بِلهِ وَمَن أَتَّبَعَن ، وَقُلْ لِّتَّذَيْنَ ٱوْتُوا الْكِتْبَ وَالْأُبِّيِّنَ ءَ أَسْلَمْتُمْد فَانْ أَسْلَمُوْا فَقَدِ اهْتَدَوْا، وَ إِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَانَّهَا عَلَيْكَ الْبَلْغُودَ اللَّهُ بَصِيْرٌ بِالْعِبَادِ أَ

 $a i u + b r | h \tau | h + dh = dh = 1$  a i  $u + b \tau | h \tau | h + dh = dh = 1$ (See details of transilieration on page 'p').

<sup>\*19.</sup> Note: In fact the Arabic expression qā'imam bil qist (تَاتِي بَالتَسْنَطِ) is much stronger than the translation 'Maintainer of justice' indicates. 'Always standing guard over justice' would be a better translation.

R. 3.

22. Surely, those who deny the Signs of Allah and seek to kill the Prophets unjustly, and seek to kill such men as enioin equitythem painful announce to а punishment.

23. Those are they whose deeds shall come to naught in this world and in the next, and they shall have no helpers.

24. Dost thou not know of those who have been given their portion of the Book? They are called to the Book of Allah that it may judge between them, but a party of them turn away in aversion.

25. That is because they say, 'The Fire shall not touch us, except for a limited number of days.' And what they used to forge has deceived them regarding their religion.

26. How will they fare when We will gather them together on the Day about which there is no doubt; and when every soul shall be paid in full what it has earned, and they shall not be wronged?

Sav. 'O Allāh, 27. Lord of sovereignty, Thou givest sovereignty to whomsoever Thou pleasest; and Thou takest away sovereignty from whomsoever Thou pleasest. Thou exaltest whomsoever Thou pleasest

اِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ يَكْفُرُوْنَ بِالْيَتِ اللهِ ۇ يَقْتُلُوْنَ النَّبِيَّنَ بِغَيْرِ حَقِّ وَّ يَقْتُلُوْنَ الَّذِيْنَ يَاْمُرُوْنَ بِالْقِسْطِ مِنَ النَّاسِ فَبَشِّرْهُمْ بِحَذَابِ ٱلِيْمِ m ٱولَئِكَ الَّذِيْنَ حَبِطَتْ أَعْمَالُهُمْ ف الدُّنْسَا وَ الْإَخْدَةِ دِ وَ مَا لَهُمْ مِّنْ ٽصرين اَ لَمْ تَرَ إِلَى اللَّذِينَ أَوْتُوْا نَصِيْبًا مِنَ الْكِتْبِ يُدْعَوْنَ إِلَى كِتْبِ اللَّهِ لِيَحْكُمَ بَيْنَهُمْ ثُمَّ يَتَوَلُّ فَرِيقً مِّنْهُمْ وَهُمْ مُعْرضُوْنَ 🐨 ذٰلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ قَالُوْا لَنْ تَمَسَّنَا النَّارُ إِلَّا ٱتَّيَامًا مَّعْدُوْدُتٍ م وَغَرَّهُمْ فِي دِيْنِهِمْ مَّا كَانُوْا يَفْتَرُوْنَ فَكَيْفَ إِذَا جَمَعْنَهُمْ لِيَوْمِ لَّا رَيْبَ فِيْهِ ٥ وَقِيْتَ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَّا كَسَبَتْ وَهُمْ لَا تُظْلَمُهُنَ ٢ قُل اللَّهُمَّ مَلِكَ الْمُلَكِ تُؤْتِي الْمُلْكَ مَنْ تَشَاءُ وَ تَنْزِعُ الْمُلْكَ مِمَّنْ تَشَاءُ دِ وَ تُعِزُّ مَرِنْ تَشَاءُ وَ تُزِلُّ مَنْ تَشَاء بِيَرِكَ الْخَيْرُ. 

(See details of transliteration on page 'p')

and Thou abasest whomsoever Thou pleasest. In Thy hand is all good. Thou surely hast power to do all things.

28. 'Thou makest the night pass into the day and makest the day pass into the night. And Thou bringest forth the living from the dead and bringest forth the dead from the living. And Thou givest to whomsoever Thou pleasest without measure.'

29. Let not the believers take disbelievers for friends in preference to believers-and whoever does that has no connection with Allāh—except that you \* cautiously guard against them. And Allāh cautions you against His punishment; and to Allah is the returning.

30. Say, 'Whether you conceal what is in your breasts or reveal it, Allāh knows it; and He knows whatever is in the heavens and whatever is in the earth. And Allāh has power to do all things.'

31. Beware of the Day when every soul shall find itself confronted with all the good it has done and all the evil it has done. It will wish there were a great distance between it and that evil. And Allāh cautions you against His punishment. And ٳڹۜٙڮؘٙۼڵۑػؙڵؚۺؘؽؚۦٟۊؘڔؽۯؘ

تُوْلِجُ الَّيْلَ فِي النَّهَارِ وَ تُوْلِجُ النَّهَادَ في الَّثِيلِ : وَ تُخْرِجُ الْحَيَّ مِنَ الْمَيّتِ وَ تُخْرِجُ الْمَيِّتَ مِنَ الْحَيِّ : وَتَرْزُقُ مَنْ تَشَاءُ بِغَيْرِ حِسَابِ ₪ لَا يَتَّخذ الْمُؤْمِنُوْتَ الْكُفِرِيْرِي اَوْلِياء مِنْ دُوْنِ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ، وَمَنْ تَفْعَلْ ذٰلِكَ فَلَنْسَ مِنَ اللهِ فَ ثَبَيْءِ إِلَّهُ أَنْ تَتَّقُوْا مِنْهُمْ تُقْـ وَ يُحَذِّ زُكُمُ اللهُ نَفْسَهُ ﴿ وَ إِلَى اللَّهِ الْمَصِيْرُ قُلْ إَنْ تُخْفُوْا مَا فَ صُدُوْبِكُمْ اَوْ تُبْدُوْهُ يَعْلَمْهُ اللهُ ، وَ يَعْلَمُ مَا فِي السَّيْطُوْتِ وَمَا فِي الْآَرْضِ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ عَلَى كُلَّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيْرً 🕞 <u>ؽ</u>ۉم*ڗ*ٙجدؙڴؙڷڹؘڡٛٛڛؚڝۜٵۼؠ خَيْر مُّحْضَرًا ﴿ وَمَا عَمِلَتْ تَوَدُّ لَهُ اَتَّ بَيْنَهَا وَ بَيْنَة

تعثدًا ٤ و مُحَذَّ دُكُمُ اللهُ نَفْسَهُ ٢

\*29. Note: The Arabic words yuhadhdhiru kumullāhu nafsāhū(يَحَزِّرُكُمُ اللهُ كَنْسَدَ) literally means that 'Allāh cautions you against Himself,' which means that He cautions you against taking liberties regarding His commands and dietates.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ h \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid \ dh \ \dot{\sigma} \ \mid \ s \ o \ \tau_{12} \\ (See details of transitieration on page \ p). \end{array}$ 

Allāh is Most Compassionate to  $\xi_{\frac{1}{2}}$ *His* servants.

32. Say, 'If you love Allāh, follow me: *then* will Allāh love you and forgive you your faults. And Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.'

33. Say, 'Obey Allāh and the Messenger;' but if they turn away, then *remember that* Allāh loves not the disbelievers.

34. Allāh did choose Adam and Noah and the family of Abraham and the family of 'Imran above all peoples —

35. A race, co-related with one another. And Allāh is All-Hearing, All-Knowing.

36. *Remember* when *the* woman of 'Imrān said, 'My Lord, I have vowed to Thee what is in my womb to be dedicated to Thy service. So do accept *it* of me; verily, Thou alone art All-Hearing, All-Knowing.'

\*37. But when she was delivered of it, she said, 'My Lord, I am delivered of a female'—and Allāh knew best what she had brought forth and the male *she was thinking of* was not like the female *she had brought forth*—'and I have named her Mary, and I commit her and her offspring to Thy protection from Satan, the rejected.' وَاللَّهُ رَءُوْفٌ بِالْعِبَادِ ٢

قُلْ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تُجِتُوْنَ اللَّهَ فَاتَّبِعُوْنَيْ <u></u>يُحْبِبْكُمُراللهُ وَيَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ ذُنُوْ يَكْ وَاللهُ غَفُوْرٌ رَّحِبْمُ ٢ قُلْ أَطِيْعُوا اللَّهَ وَالرَّسُوْلَ ، فَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَانَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُحتُ الْكُفِرِيْنَ ? ات الله اصطَفى اكمر وَ نُوْحًا وَّ أَلَ ابْلِهِنْمَ وَإِلَى عِمْدِنَ عَلَى الْعُلَمِنْنَ شَهِ ذُرِّيَّةً بَعْضُهَا مِنْ بَعْضٍ . وَاللهُ سَمِنْعُ عَلِيْهُ ٢ إِذْ قَالَتِ امْرَاتُ عِمْرُنَ رَبِّ إِنِّي نَذَرْتُ لَكَ مَا فِن بَطْنى مُحَرَّرًا فَتَقَتَّلُ مِنْيْ الْلَكَ ٱنْتَ السَّمِيْعُ الْكَلِيْمُ فَلَمَّا وَضَعَتْهَا قَالَتْ رَبِّ اِنِّي وَضَعْتُهَا ٱنْتْحْبِ د وَاللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِهَا ۇضىحىتى دۆلىشى النَّحَ كَالْمُنْ وَ إِنَّى سَمَّيْتُهَا مَرْيَمَ وَ إِنَّى أَعِدْ ىڭ ۇ دُرْتَتَهَا مِرْبَ

\*37. But when she was delivered of it, she said, 'My Lord, I am delivered of a female'—while Allāh knows best what she had **delivered** and the male she was *thinking of* was not like the female *she had brought forth* — ...

38. So her Lord accepted her with a gracious acceptance and caused her to grow an excellent growth and made Zachariah her guardian. Whenever Zachariah visited her in the chamber, he found with her provisions. He said, 'O Mary, whence hast thou this?' She replied, 'It is from Allah.' Surely, Allah gives to whomsoever He pleases without measure.

39. There and then did Zachariah pray to his Lord, saying, 'My Lord, grant me from Thyself pure offspring: surely. Thou art the Hearer of prayer.'

40. And the angels called to him as he stood praying in the chamber: 'Allah gives thee glad tidings of Yahyā<sup>‡</sup>, who shall testify to the truth of a word from Allah-noble and chaste and a Prophet, from among the righteous.'

41. He said, 'My Lord, how shall I have a son, when age has overtaken me, and my wife is barren?' He answered, 'Such is the way of Allāh: He does what He pleases.'

42. He said, 'My Lord, appoint a token for me.' He replied, 'Thy token shall be that thou shalt not speak to men for three days except by signs. And remember thy Lord much and glorify Him in the evening and in the early morning.'

† John.

فَتَقَبَّلَهَا رَبُّهَا بِقَبُوْلِ حَسَن وَٱنْبَتَهَا نَبَاتًا حَسَنًا \* وَكَفَّلَهَا زَكَرِيًّا : كُلَّمَا دَخَلَ عَلَيْهَا زَكَرِيًّا الْمِحْرَاتِ وَجَدَعِنْهُ وَجَارَ عَنْهُ وَجَارَ وَقًا ، قَالَ لِمَرْبَمُ أَنَّى لَكِ هَذَاء قَالَتْ هُوَ مِنْ عِنْدِ اللهِ د إنَّ اللهَ يَرْزُقُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ بغَيْر حِسَاب هُنَالِكَ دَعَا زَكَرِيَّا رَبَّهُ ، قَالَ رَبِّ هَبْ لِيْ مِنْ لَدُنْكَ ذُرِّيَّةً طَيِّبَةً إِنَّكَ سَمِيْعُ الدُّعَاءِ @ فَنَادَتْهُ الْمَلْئِكَةُ وَهُوَ قَائِمَ يُصَلِّى فِي الْمِحْرَابِ 1 كَنَّ اللَّهَ يُبَشِّرُكَ بِيحْي مُصَدِّقًا بِكَلِمَةٍ مِّنَ اللهِ وَ سَيّدًا وَّحَصُوْرًا وَ نَبِيًّا مِنَ الصَّلِحِيْنَ ٢ قَالَ رَبِّ ٱنَّى يَكُوْنُ لِبْ غُلْمً وَّ قَدْ بَلَغَنِي الْكِبَرُ وَ امْرَأَتْي عَاقِرً . قَالَ كَذٰلِكَ اللهُ يَفْعَلُ مَا يَشَاءُ @ قَالَ رَبِّ اجْعَلْ لِنَّيْ أَيَةً • قَالَ أَيَتُكَ ٱلَّا تُحَبِّمَ النَّاسَ ثَلْثَةَ ٱتَبَامِ إِلَّا رَمْزًا ، وَ اذْكُرْ رَّبَّكَ كَثِيْرًا وَّ سَبِّحْ بِالْعَشِيِّ وَالْإِبْكَارِ شَ

ء : ا ق q ا غ kh خ ا ظ z | ط t | ض ل ص 74 ص ع ا خ h خ ا kh خ ا h خ ا أ ث h ا ا ا ا h ا م ا ع ا م ا ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

ا ۳

R. 5.

43. And *remember* when the angels said, 'O Mary, Allāh has chosen thee and purified thee and chosen thee above the women of all peoples.

44. 'O Mary, be obedient to thy Lord and prostrate thyself and worship *God alone* with those who worship.'

45. This is of the tidings of things unseen which We reveal to thee. And thou wast not with them when they cast their arrows, as to which of them should be the guardian of Mary, nor wast thou with them when they disputed with one another.

46. When the angels said, 'O Mary, Allāh gives thee glad tidings of a word from Him; his name *shall be* the Messiah, Jesus, son of Mary, honoured in this world and in the next, and of those who are granted nearness *to God*;

47. 'And he shall speak to the people in the cradle and when of middle age, and he shall be of the righteous.'

48. She said, 'My Lord, how shall I have a son, when no man has touched me?' He said, "Such is *the way of* Allāh, He creates what He pleases. When He decrees a thing, He says to it, \*'Be!' and it is.

وَ إِذْ قَالَتِ الْمَلْئِكَةُ لِمَرْيَمُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ اصْطَفْدَكِ وَ طَهَّرَكِ وَ اصْطَفْدَكِ عَلَى نِسَاءِ الْعُلَمِيْنَ ٢ ليمزيم اقْنُجِب لِرَبِّكِ وَاسْجُدِيْ وَارْكَعِيْ مَعَ الرَّاكِعِبْنَ ؟ ذٰلِكَ مِنْ ٱنْبَاءِ الْغَيْبِ نُوْحِيْهِ إِلَيْكَ ، وَمَا كُنْتَ لَدَيْهِمْ إِذْ يُلْقُوْنَ ٱقْلَامَهُمْ الْيُهُمْ يَكْفُلُ مَرْيَمَ م وَمَا كُنْتَ لَدَيْهِمْ إِذْ يَخْتَصِمُوْنَ ٢ إِذْ قَالَتِ الْمَلْئِكَةُ لِمَرْيَمُ إِنَّ الله يُبَشِّرُكَ بِكَلِمَةٍ مِّنْهُ 5 اسْمُهُ الْمَسِيْحُ عِيْسَى ابْنُ مَرْتِمَ وَجِيْهًا فِ الدُّنْيَا وَ الْإَخِرَةِ وَمِنَ الْمُقَرَّبِيْنَ أَ وَ يُكَيِّمُ النَّاسَ فِي الْمَهْدِ وَكَهْلًا وَّمِنَ الصَّلِحِيْنَ. قَالَتْ رَبِّ أَنَّى يَكُوْنُ لِنْ وَلَدً وَّ لَمْ يمسَسْبِيْ بَشَرٍّ ، قَالَ كَذْلِبْ اللهُ بَخْلُقُ مَا بَشَاءُ ﴿ إِذَا قَضْفٍ أَمْرًا فَانَّمَا تَقُوْلُ لَهُ ڪُن**ْ فَتَكُوْنُ**™

\* 48. See the explanation of "کُن نَيَكُونُ" (" 'Be!' And it is") under 2:118. (Publisher)

تِلْكَ الرُّسُلُ ۳ - Part 3

49. "And He will teach him the Book and the Wisdom and the Torah and the Gospel;

50. "And will make him a Messenger to the children of Israel (to say): 'I come to you with a Sign from your Lord, which is, that I will fashion out for you a creation out of clay after the manner of a bird, then I will breathe into it a new spirit and it will become a soaring being by the command of Allāh; and I will heal the night-blind and the leprous, and I will quicken the dead, by the command of Allah; and I will announce to you what you will eat and what you will store up in your houses. Surely, therein is a Sign for you, if you be believers.

51. 'And *I come* fulfilling that which is before me, namely, the Torah; and to allow you some of that which was forbidden you; and I come to you with a Sign from your Lord; so fear Allāh and obey me.

52. 'Surely, Allāh is my Lord and your Lord; so worship Him: this is the right path.'"

53. And when Jesus perceived their disbelief, he said, 'Who will be my helpers in the cause of Allāh?' The disciples answered, 'We are the helpers of Allāh. We have believed

وَيُعَلِّمُهُ الْكِتْبَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ وَالتَّوْلِيةَ وَ الْانْجِيْكَ شَ وَ دَسُوْلًا إِلَى بَنِيْ إِسْرَآءِيْكَ لَا أَنِّي قَدْ جِئْتُكُمْ بِايَةٍ مِّنْ رَ<sub>بِّ</sub>يَّهُمْ ايَّنِي ٱخْلُقُ لَكُمْ مِّنَ الطِّيْنِ كَهَيْءَةِ الطَّيْرِ فَانْفُخُ فِيْهِ فَيَكُوْتُ طَيْرًا بِإِذْنِ اللهِ ، وَأَبْرِئُ الْأَخْمَة وَالْآبْرَصَ وَ أَحْيِ الْمَوْتَى بِإِذْنِ اللهِ، وَأُنَبِّئُكُمْ بِمَا تَأَكُلُوْتَ وَ مَا تَدْخِرُوْنَ افْ بْيُوْتِكُمْ إِنَّ فْ ذلك كانة آكم إن كُنتُم مممنان وَمُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا بَيْنَ يَدَتَ مِنَ التَّوْلِيةِ وَلِأُجِلَّ لَكُمْ بَعْضَ الَّذِي

حُرِّم عَلَيْكُم وَ جِئْتُكُم بِاعِنَ مَحْرِبَعَ حُرِّم عَلَيْكُم وَ جِئْتُكُم بِايَةٍ مِّنْ رَبِّحُم ه فَاتَّقُوا اللَّه وَاطِيْحُوْنِ الَّ اللَّه رَبِيْ وَ رَبُّحُم فَاعْبُدُوْهُ • هٰذَا صِرَاطَ مُسْتَقِيْمَ @ فَلَكَمَ آحَسَ عِيْسِ مِنْهُمُ الْحُفْرَ قَالَ

مَنْ ٱنْصَادِيَّ إِلَى اللَّهِ • قَالَ الْحَوَادِيُّوْنَ مَنْ ٱنْصَادِيَّ إِلَى اللَّهِ • قَالَ الْحَوَادِيُّوْنَ نَحْنُ ٱنْصَادُ اللَّهِ • أَمَنَّابِاللَّهِ • وَاشْهَدْ

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ th \ \stackrel{}{\underset{\scriptstyle =}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}}\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}{\overset{\scriptstyle =}}}\overset{\scriptstyle =$ 

in Allah. And bear thou witness that we are obedient

54. 'Our Lord, we believe in that which Thou hast sent down and we follow this Messenger. So write us down among those who bear witness.'

55. And they planned, and Allah also planned; and Allah is the Best الجاجة of planners.

### R. 6.

56. When Allah said, 'O Jesus, I will cause thee to die a natural death and will exalt thee to Myself. and will clear thee from the charges of those who disbelieve, and will place those who follow thee above those who disbelieve, until the Day of Resurrection: then to Me shall be your return, and I will judge between you concerning that wherein you differ.

57. 'Then as for those who disbelieve, I will punish them with a severe punishment in this world and in the next, and they shall have no helpers.

58. 'And as for those who believe and do good works. He will pav them their full rewards. And Allah loves not the wrongdoers.'

59. That is what We recite unto thee of the Signs and the wise Reminder.

60. Surely, the case of Jesus with

باَنَّامُشلِمُوْنَ® رَبَّنَآ أَمَنًا بِمَآ ٱنْزَلْتَ وَاتَّبَعْنَا الرَّسُوْلَ فَاكْتُبْنَامَعَ الشَّهِدِيْنَ @ وَ مَحَرُوا وَ مَكَرَابِتُهُ \* وَاللَّهُ خَبْرُ الْمَاكِرِيْنَ@

إِذْ قَالَ اللهُ لِعِيْلَى إِنَّى مُتَوَقَّيْكَ وَ دَافِعُكَ إِلَى كَمُطَهَّرُكَ مِنَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا وَجَاعِلُ الَّذِيْنَ اتَّبَعُوْكَ فَوْقَ الَّذَينَ كَفَرُوْا إِلَى يَوْمِ الْقِلِمَةِ» ثُمَّر إِلَيَّ مَرْجِعُكُمْ فَأَحْكُمُ بَيْنَكُمْ <u>ڣ</u>ؽؚؚڡؘٵڪؙڹٛؾؙۿڔڣؽۅؚؾڂؚؾٙڸڣؙۉڽ۞ فَاَمَّا الَّذَيْنَ كَفَرُوْا فَأَعَذَّبُهُمُ عَذَابًا شَدِيدًا فِ الدُّنْيَا وَالْإِخْرَةِ وَمَالَهُمْ مِّنْ نَّصِرِيْنَ ٥ وَ اَمَّا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ فَيُوَقِيْهِمْ أُجُوْدَهُمْ ، وَ اللهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الظّلميْنَ، ذٰلكَ نَتْلُوْهُ عَلَيْكَ مِنَ الْإِل وَالذِّكْرِ الْحَكْثِمِ ( اِنَّ مَثَلَ عِيْسَى عِنْدَ اللهِ كَمَثَل ء : ا ق q ا غ kh خ ا ظ z | ط t | ض ل ص 77 ص ع ا خ h خ ا kh خ ا أ ث h ا ا ا ا ا ا ا

(See details of transliteration on page 'p')

تِلْكَ الرَّسُلُ ۳ - Part 3 - ۳

Allāh is like the case of Adam. He created him out of dust, then He \* said to him, 'Be!,' and he was.

61. *This is* the truth from thy Lord, so be thou not of those who doubt.

62. Now whoso disputes with thee concerning him, after what has come to thee of knowledge, say *to him*, 'Come, let us call our sons and your sons, and our women and your women, and our people and your people; then let us pray fervently and invoke the curse of Allāh on those who lie.'

63. This certainly is the true account. There is none worthy of worship save Allāh; and surely, it is Allāh Who is the Mighty, the Wise.

64. But if they turn away, then *remember that* Allāh knows the mischief-makers well.

## R. 7.

65. Say, 'O People of the Book! come to a word equal between us and you—that we worship none but Allāh, and that we associate no partner with Him, and that some of us take not others for lords beside Allāh.' But if they turn away, then say, 'Bear witness that we have submitted to God.' ادَمَر ، خَلَقَهٔ مِنْ تُرَابٍ ثُمَّر قَالَ لَهُ كُنْ فَتَكُوْنُ 🕀 اَلْحَقُّ مِنْ رَّبِّكَ **فَلَا تَكُنْ مِّنَ** الْمُمْتَرِيْنَ فَمَنْ حَاجَكَ فِيْهِ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا جَاءَكَ مِنَ الْعِلْمِ فَقُلْ تَحَالَوْا نَدْعُ ٱبْنَاءَنَا وَٱبْنَاءَكُمْ وَ نِسَاءَنَا وَ نِسَاءَكُمْ وَٱنْفُسَنَا وَٱنْفُسَكُمْ م ثُمَّر نَبْتَهِلْ فَنَجْعَلْ تَعْنَتَ اللهِ عَلَى الْكَذِبِيْنَ ، اتَ هٰذَا لَهُوَ الْقَصَصِ الْحَقُّ، وَمَا مِنْ إِلْهِ إِلَّا اللهُ ﴿ وَ إِنَّ اللَّهُ لَهُوَ الْعَزِيْزُ الْحَكِيْمُ ؟ فَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلِيْهُ بالمفسدين قُلْ آيَاهْلَ الْكِتْبِ تَعَالَوْا إلى كَلِمَةٍ سَوَاءً بَيْنَنَا وَ مَنْنَكُمُ اللَّهُ نَعْبُدَ إِلَّهُ الله وَلا نُشْرِكَ بِهِ شَيْئًا وَّ لَا يَتَّخِذَ بَعْضُنَا بَعْضًا أَرْبَابًا مِّنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ فَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَقُوْلُوا اشْهَدُوْا بِأَنَّا مُشلِمُوْنَ

\* 60. See the explanation of "كُن ذَيْمَكُون" (" 'Be!' And it is") under 2:118. (Publisher)

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ c \ h \ 7 \ | \ h \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ \dot{\tau} \$ 

ن س

Part 3 - ۳	تِلْكَ الرُّسُلُ
------------	------------------

66. O People of the Book! why do you dispute concerning Abraham, when the Torah and the Gospel were not revealed till after him? Will you not then understand?

67. Behold! you are those who disputed about that whereof you had knowledge. Why then do you *now* dispute about that whereof you have no knowledge *at all*? Allāh knows, and you know not.

68. Abraham was neither a Jew nor a Christian, but he was ever inclined *to God and* obedient *to Him*, and he was not of those who associate gods *with God*.

69. Surely, the nearest of men to Abraham are those who followed him, and this Prophet and those who believe; and Allāh is the friend of believers.

70. A section of the People of the Book would fain lead you astray; but they lead astray none except themselves, only they perceive not.

71. O People of the Book! why do you deny the Signs of Allāh, while you are witnesses thereof?

72. O People of the Book! why do you confound truth with falsehood and hide the truth knowingly?

 $a i u + | th \stackrel{\circ}{=} | h \tau | kh \dot{\tau} | dh \dot{s} | s$ 

يَاهُلَ الْكِتْبِ لِمَ تُحَاجُّوْنَ فِيَّ إبره يمر و مآ أنزلت التورية وَ الْإِنْجِيْلُ إِلَّا مِنْ بَعْدِهِ \* أَفَلَا تعقدُوْن لْمَا نُتُمْ لْمُؤْلَاء حَاجَجْتُمْ فِيْمَا لَكُمْ بِه عِلْمَ فَلِمَ تُخَاجُّونَ فِيْمَا لَيْسَ ىَحُمْ بِه عِلْمَ وَاللهُ يَعْلَمُ وَ ٱنْتُمْ لَا تعكمون مَاكَانَ إِبْرِهِبْمُ يَهُوْدِيًّا وَ كَا نَصْرَانِيًّا وَّ لَجِنْ كَانَ حَندَفًا مُسْلِمًا ، وَمَا كَانَ مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِيْنَ إِنَّ أَوْلَى النَّاسِ بِإِبْرَهِيْمَ لَتَّذِيْنَ اتَّبَعُوْهُ وَهٰذَا النَّجِيُّ وَالَّذِيْنَ اَمَنُهُ اللهُ وَلِيُّ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ( وَدَّتْ طَّائِفَةً مِّنْ اَهْلِ الْكِتْ لَوْ يُضِلُّوْنَكُمْ وَمَا يُضِلُّوْتَ إِلَّا ٱنْفُسَهُمْ وَمَايَشْعُرُ وْنَ⊙ يَاَهْلَ الْكِتْبِ لِمَ تَكْفُرُوْنَ بِالِتِ الله وَ أَنْتُمْ تَشْهَدُوْنَ ٢ آياًهْ لَا الْكِتْبِ لِمَ تَلْبِسُوْنَ الْحَقَّ بالْبَاطِلِ وَتَكْتُمُوْنَ الْحَقَّ وَ ٱنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُوْنَ ء' | ق q | غ gh ؟ ' | ظ z | ط ا | ض أب 😋

(See details of transliteration on page 'p')

É

R. 8.

73. And a section of the People of the Book say, 'Believe in that which has been revealed unto the believers, in the early part of day, and disbelieve in the latter part thereof; perchance they may return;

\*74. 'And obey none but him who follows your religion;'—Say, 'Surely, the *true* guidance, the guidance of Allāh, is that one may be given the like of that which has been given to you'—'or they would dispute with you before your Lord.' Say, 'All bounty is in the hand of Allāh. He gives it to whomsoever He pleases. And Allāh is Bountiful, All-Knowing.

75. 'He chooses for His mercy whomsoever He pleases. And Allāh is Lord of exceeding bounty.'

76. Among the People of the Book there is he who, if thou trust him with a treasure, will return it to thee; and among them there is he who, if thou trust him with a dīnār, will not return it to thee, unless thou keep standing over him. That is وَقَالَتْ طَّائِفَةً مِّنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتْبِ امِنُوْا بِالَّذِينَ ٱنْزِلَ عَلَى الَّذِينَ امَنُوْا وَجْهَ النَّهَارِ وَاكْفُرُوٓا أَخِرَة لَعَلَّهُم ؽۯڿۼۅٛؽ۞ؖ وَلَا تُؤْمِنُوْا إِلَّا لِمَنْ تَبِعَ دِنْتَكُمْ ا قُلْ إِنَّ الْهُدٰى هُدَى اللهِ الذَي يُؤَتَّى آحَدَّ بِّشْلَ مَآ أَوْتِيْتُمْ أَوْ بُحَاصَّوْكُمْ عِنْدَ رَبِّكُمْ، قُلْ إِنَّ الْفَضْلَ بِيدِ اللهِ، ىۇتىبە مَنْ تَشَاء ، دَ الله دَاسعُ يَخْتَصُ بِرَحْمَتِهِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ ، وَ اللهُ ذُو الْفَضْلِ الْعَظِيْمِ @ وَمِنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتْبِ مَنْ اِنْ تَأْمَنْهُ بِقِنْطَارِ يُؤَدِّة إِلَيْكَ، وَمِنْهُمْ مَّنْ إِنْ تَاْمَنْهُ بِدِيْنَارِلَّا يُؤَدِّهَ اِلَيْ

مَادُمْتَ عَلَيْهِ قَآئِمًا ، ذٰلِكَ

\*74. 'And obey none but him who follows your religion;' —Say, 'O Prophet, verily the guidance is the guidance from Allāh whatever He please. What is essential is that everyone should be bestowed with a teaching like you were bestowed earlier. Otherwise they would have a right to argue against you in the presence of your Lord.'

74. **Note:** This indicates that it was not the Jews who had a case to argue against the Holy Prophet (may peace and blessings of Allāh be upon him) merely because the teachings granted to him were not exactly the same as theirs. On the contrary, it would rather have been the right of the people of Islām to argue against them, had they been deprived of a Divine teaching altogether indicating the partiality of God in favour of the people of the Book. The difference in teaching against which the Jews were taking exception is totally irrelevant.

Part 3 - ۳	تِلْكَ الرُّسُلُ
------------	------------------

because they say, 'We are not liable to blame in the matter of the unlearned;' and they utter a lie against Allāh knowingly.

77. Nay, but whoso fulfils his pledge and fears God—verily, Allāh loves the God-fearing.

78. As for those who take a paltry price in exchange for *their* covenant with Allāh and their oaths, they shall have no portion in the life to come, and Allāh will neither speak to them nor look upon them on the Day of Resurrection, nor will He purify them; and for them shall be a grievous punishment.

79. And, surely, among them is a section who twist their tongues while reciting the Book; that you may think it *to be part* of the Book, while it is not *part* of the Book. And they say, 'It is from Allāh;' while it is not from Allāh; and they utter a lie against Allāh knowingly.

\*80. It is not *possible* for a man that Allāh should give him the Book and dominion and prophethood, *and* then he should say to men: 'Be servants to me and not to Allāh;' but *he would say*: 'Be solely devoted to قَالُوْا لَيْسَ عَلَيْنَا فِي الْأُبِّيِّينَ سَبِيْلْ: وَ يَقُوْلُوْنَ عَلَى اللهِ الْكَذِبَ وَهُمْ تغكمةن ٢ بَلْى مَنْ أَوْفى بِحَهْدِ 8 وَاتَّتْى فَإِنَّ اللَّهُ مُحتُ الْمُتَّقِيْنَ@ ات المجنين يشترون بعهد الله وَأَيْمَانِهِمْ ثَمَنًا قَلِيُلًا أُولَبُكَ لَا خَلَاقَ لَهُمْ فِي الْأَخِرَةِ وَكَا يُكَبِّمُهُمُ اللهُ وَكَا يَنْظُرُ إِلَيْهِمْ يَوْمَرِ الْقِيْمَةِ وَكَا يُزَجِيْهِمْ موَلَهُمْ عَذَابَ ٱلبْمَ ٤ وَإِنَّ مِنْهُمْ لَفَرِيْقًا يَّلْوَنَ ٱلْسِنَتَهُمْ بالْكِتْب لِتَحْسَبُوْهُ مِنَ الْكِتْب وَ مَا هُوَ مِنَ الْكِتْبِ ، وَ يَقُوْلُوْنَ هُوَ مِنْ عِنْدِ اللهِ وَمَا هُوَ مِنْ عِنْدِ اللهِ وَ يَقُوْلُوْنَ عَلَى اللهِ الْكَذِبَ وَهُمَر كَعْلَمُوْنَ @ مَا كَانَ لِبَشَرِ أَنْ يُؤْتِيهُ اللهُ الْكِتْب وَارْجُ كُمَ وَالنُّبُوَّةَ ثُمَّ مَقُوْلَ لِلنَّاسِ كُوْنُوا عِبَادًا لِنْ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ وَلَكِنْ كُوْنُوْا رَبَّانِيِّنَ بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تُعَبِّمُوْنَ

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ th \ \stackrel{}{=} \ h \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \stackrel{}{\neq} \ \mid \ dh \ \stackrel{}{=} \ s \ o \ \underbrace{\mathsf{See}}_{\textbf{(see details of transliteration on page 'p').}} d \ \stackrel{}{=} \ \begin{array}{c} d \ \stackrel{}{=} \ h \ h$ 

<sup>\* 80.</sup> It is not *possible* for a man that Alläh should give him the Book and wisdom and prophethood, and then he should say to men: 'Be servants to me and not to Alläh;' but he would say: 'Be solely devoted to the Lord because you teach the Book and because you study it.'

چ ۳

the Lord because you teach the Book and because you study *it*.' 81. Nor *is it possible for him* that he should bid you take the angels and the Prophets for Lords. Would he enjoin you to disbelieve after you have submitted *to God*?

R. 9.

82. And remember the time when Allāh took a covenant from the people through the Prophets, saying: 'Whatever I give you of the Book and Wisdom and then there comes to you a Messenger, fulfilling that which is with you, you shall believe in him and help him.' And He said: 'Do you agree, and do you accept the responsibility which I lay upon you in this matter?' They said, 'We agree;' He said, 'Then bear witnesse, and I am with you among the witnesses.'

83. Now whoso turns away after this, then, surely, those are the transgressors.

84. Do they seek a religion other than Allāh's, while to Him submits whosoever is in the heavens and the earth, willingly or unwillingly, and to Him shall they be returned?

85. Say, 'We believe in Allāh and in that which has been revealed to us, and that which was revealed to Abraham and Ishmael and Isaac and Jacob and the Tribes, and that which was given to Moses and Jesus and *other* Prophets from their Lord. We make no distinction الْكِتْبَ وَبِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَدَدُسُوْنَ وَلَا يَاْمُرَكُمْ آنْ تَتَخَذُوا الْمَلْئِكَة وَالنَّبِيَّنَ آدَبَابًا آيَاْمُرُكُمْ بِالْكُفْرِ بَعْدَ إذْ آنْتُمْ مُسْلِمُوْنَ ﴾ وَ إِذْ آخَذَ الله مِيثَاقَ النَّبِيَّنَ لَمَ اتَيْتُكُمْ مِّنْ كِتْبٍ وَ حِكْمَةٍ ثُمَّ اتَيْتُكُمْ مِنْ كَتْبُ وَ حَكْمَةٍ ثُمَّ وَ اَخْذَتُهُمْ عَلْى ذَلِكُمْ اِصْرِيْ . قَالَ اَقْرَدُتُمْ وَ اَخْذَتُهُمْ عَلْى ذَلِكُمْ اِصْرِيْ . قَالَ الْعَاقَ اَقْرَدُنَ . قَالَ فَاشْهَدُوْا وَ آنَا مَعَكُمْ مَتْ الشَّهِ رَيْنَ ﴾ فَمَنْ تَوَلَّى بَعْدَ ذٰلِكَ فَاوَلَئِكَ هُمُ الْفُسقُوْنَ ﴾

افَغَدَرَ دَيْنِ اللَّهِ يَبْغُوْنَ وَلَهَ آسْلَمَ مَنْ فِي السَّلْوتِ وَ الْآدْضِ طَوْعًا وَحَرْهًا وَ اللَّهُ عُوْنَ قُلْ الْمَنَّا بِاللَّهِ وَمَآ أُنْزِلَ عَلَيْنَا وَمَآ أُنْزِلَ عَلْ ابْلَهِ وَمَآ أُنْزِلَ عَلَيْنَا وَمَآ وُرْسُحْقَ وَ يَحْقُوْبَ وَ الْأَسْبَاطِ وَ مَآ اوْتِي مُوْلِم وَعِيْلِم وَ النَّبِيُّوْنَ مِنْ دَبِّهِمْ وَلَا نُفَرِقُ بَيْنَ اَحَدٍ مِنْهُمْ،

between any of them, and to Him we submit."

86. And whoso seeks a religion other than Islām, it shall not be accepted from him, and in the life to come he shall be among the losers.

87. How shall Allah guide a people who have disbelieved after believing and who had borne witness that the Messenger was true and to whom clear proofs had come? And Allah guides not the wrongdoing people.

88. Of such the reward is that on them shall be the curse of Allah and of angels and of men, all together.

89. They shall abide thereunder. Their punishment shall not be lightened nor shall they be reprieved;

90. Except those who repent thereafter and amend. And surely, Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

91. Surely, those who disbelieve after they have believed and then increase in disbelief, their repentance shall not be accepted, and these are they who have gone astray.

92. As for those who have disbelieved, and die while they are disbelievers, there shall not be accepted from any one of them even an earthful of gold, though he offer it in ransom. It is these for whom shall be a grievous punishment, and they shall have no helpers.

وَنَحْنُ لَهُ مُسْلِمُوْنَ وَ مَنْ تَبْبَتَغ غَيْرَ الْإِسْلَامِ دِيْنًا فَكَنْ يُقْبَلَ مِنْهُ ، وَهُوَ فِي الْأَخِرَةِ مِنَ الْخُسِرِيْنَ ( كَيْفَ يَهْدِى اللهُ قَوْمًا كَفَرُوْا بَعْدَ إِيْمَانِهِمْ وَشَهِدُوًا آتَ الرَّسُوْلَ حَقَّ وَّ جَاءَهُمُ الْبَيْنَتُ ، وَ اللهُ لَا يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الظَّلِمِيْنَ أولَبْكَ جَزَاؤُهُمْ أَنَّ عَلَيْهِمْ لَعْنَةً الله وَ الْمَلْئِكَةِ وَ النَّاسِ آجْمَعِيْنَ الله خْلِدِيْنَ فِيْهَا ، لَا يُخَفَّفُ عَنْهُمُ الْعَذَابُ وَلَا هُمْ يُنْظَرُوْنَ أَ إِلَّا الَّذِينَ تَابُوْا مِنْ بَعْدٍ ذَلِكَ وَ ٱصْلَحُوْا مِد فَانَّ اللَّهُ غَفُوْرٌ رَّجِعْمٌ ٠ اِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا بَعْدَ إِيْمَانِهِمْ ثُمَّ ازْدَادُوْا كُفْرًا لَّرِبْ تُقْبَلَ تَوْبَتُهُمْ، وَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الضَّالُّونَ ( اِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا وَ مَاتُوْا وَهُمْ كُفَّارً فَلَنْ تُقْتِلَ مِنْ آحَدِهِمْ مِّلْءُ الْآرْضِ ذَهَبًا وَّكَوِ افْتَدى بِهِ \* أولَّتُكَ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ اَلْتُمَر وَ مَا لَهُمْ مِّنْ نَصِرِيْنَ ﴾ 

(See details of transliteration on page 'p')

R. 10.

93. Never shall you attain to righteousness unless you spend out of that which you love; and whatever you spend, Allāh surely knows it well.

94. All food was lawful to the children of Israel, except what Israel forbade himself before the Torah was sent down. Say, 'Bring, then, the Torah and read it, if you are truthful.'

95. Now whose forges a lie against Allāh after this, then it is these that are the wrongdoers.

96. Say, 'Allāh has spoken the truth: follow, therefore, the religion of Abraham, *who was* ever inclined *to God*; and he was not of those who associate gods *with God*.'

97. Surely, the first House founded for mankind is that at Becca<sup>‡</sup>, abounding in blessings and a guidance for all peoples.

98. In it are manifest Signs; it is the place of Abraham; and whoso enters it, enters peace. And pilgrimage to the House is a duty which men—those who can find a way thither—owe to Allāh. And whoever disbelieves, *let him remember* that Allāh is surely independent of all creatures.

كَنْ تَنْالُوا الْبِرَّ حَتَّى تُنْفِقُوْ مِمّا تُحِبُّوْنَ \* وَ مَا تُنْفِقُوْا مِنْ شَيْءٍ فَإِنَّ اللهُ بِهِ عَلِيْمُ @ حُلُّ الطَّحَام حَانَ جلَّ لِبَبِي إِسْرَاءِيلَ لِلَّا مَا حَرَّمَ إِسْرَآءِ يُلُ عَلَى نَفْسِهِ مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ تُنَزَّلَ التَّوْزِيةُ • قُلْ فَأَتُوْا بِالتَّوْرْمَةِ فَاتْلُوْهَا إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صرقين 🐨 فَمَنِ افْتَرى عَلَى اللهِ الْكَذِبَ مِنْ بَعْدٍ ذٰلِكَ فَأُولَبُكَ هُمُ الظَّلِمُوْنَ ٢ قُلْ صَكَقَ اللهُ عَنَاتَ بِعُوْا مِلَّةَ إِبْرَهِ يُمَ حَندُفًا، وَ مَا كَانَ مِنَ الْمُشْرِعَيْنَ اِتْ أَوَّلَ بَيْتٍ وُّضِعَ لِلنَّاسِ لَلَّذِيْ بِبَحَّةَ مُلْرَحًا وَّ هُدًى يَّلْعُكَمِيْنَ ٢ فيه إليت بَيّنت مّقامر إبر هيمرة وَمَنْ ٢ الْبَيْتِ مَنِ اسْتَطَاعَ إِلَيْهِ سَبِيْلًا • وَمَنْ كَفَرَفَانَ اللهَ غَنيَّ عَن الْعلميْنَ (

‡ The valley of Mecca.

99. Say, 'O People of the Book! why deny ye the Signs of Allah, while Allāh is Watchful of what you do?'

100. Say, 'O People of the Book! why hinder ye the believers from the path of Allah, seeking to make it crooked, while you are witnesses thereof? And Allah is not unmindful of what you do.'

101. O ye who believe! if you obey any party of those who have been given the Book, they will turn you again into disbelievers after you have helieved

102. How would you disbelieve, while to you are rehearsed the Signs of Allah, and His Messenger is present among you? And he who holds fast to Allah is indeed guided to the right path.

### R. 11.

103. O ve who believe! fear Allāh as He should be feared; and let not death overtake you except when you are in a state of submission.

104. And hold fast, all together, by the rope of Allah and be not divided: and remember the favour of Allah which He bestowed upon you when you were enemies and He united your hearts in love, so that by His grace you became as brothers; and you were on the brink of a pit of fire and He saved you from it. Thus does Allah explain to you His

ل عِمْرَان Thapter 3 - ۳ قُلْ يَاهَلَ الْكِتْبِ لِمَرْتَكْفُرُوْنَ بِالِيتِ اللهِ وَاللهُ شَهِيدً عَلَى مَا تَعْمَلُون ٢ قُلْ يَكَهْلَ الْجِتْبِ لِمَ تَصُدُّوْتَ عَنْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ مَنْ أَمَنَ تَبْغُوْنَهَا عِوَجًا وَّ ٱنْتُمْ شُهَدًاءُ ، وَمَا اللهُ بِغَافِلٍ عَمَّاتَعْمَلُوْنَ لَيَا تُبْهَا الّذِينَ أَمَنُوٓا إِنْ تُطِيْعُوْا فَرِيْقًا مِّنَ الَّذِينَ أَوْتُوا الْكِتْبَ يَرُدُّوْكُمْ بَعْدَا يُمَا نِكُمْ كُفِرِيْنَ ا وَكَيْفَ تَكْفُرُوْنَ وَإِنْبَتُمْ تُتْلِّي عَلَيْكُمْ الت الله وَفِيْكُمْ رَسُوْلُهُ وَمَنْ يَحْتَصِمْ بِاللهِ فَقَدْ هُدِت إلى صِرَاطِ مُشتَقنم . چ يَا يُهَا الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوا اتَّقُوا الله حَقَّ تُقْتِهِ وَلَا تَمُوْتُنَ<sub>ا</sub>لَّا وَ ٱنْتُمْ شُسْلِمُوْنَ⊛ واغتصموا بخبل الله جميعًا وَلَا **ؾؘڣؘڗ**ٙۊؙۉٳ؞ۅٙٳۮٛػؙڔؙۉٳڹۼڝؘؾٳؠڐ۠؋ؚ؏ڸؘؽػؙۿ إِذْ كُنْتُمْ اَعْدَاءً فَاَلَّفَ بَيْنَ قُلُوْبِكُمْ فكصبح تثمر بنغمية إخوائاه وكنتثم عَلى شَفَاحُفْرَةٍ مِّنَ النَّادِ فَانْقَذَكُمُ مۣتْهَا - حَذٰلِكَ يُبَيِّنُ اللهُ لَحُمْ الْيِتِم

ء : ا ق q ا غ kh خ ا dh + ا ض ل و 85 م م ع ا خ ا dh + ا ث ا ا م ا ا م ا ا م ا ا ا ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

commandments that you may be guided.

105. And let there be among you a body of men who should invite to goodness, and enjoin equity and forbid evil. And it is they who shall prosper.

106. And be not like those who became divided and who disagreed *among themselves* after clear proofs had come to them. And it is they for whom there shall be a great punishment,

107. On the day when some faces shall be white, and some faces shall be black. As for those whose faces will be black, *it will be said to them:* 'Did you disbelieve after believing? Taste, then, the punishment because you disbelieved.'

108. And as for those whose faces will be white, they will be in the mercy of Allāh; therein will they abide.

109. These are the Signs of Allāh, We rehearse them to thee while they comprise the truth; and Allāh wills not any wrong to *His* creatures.

110. And to Allāh belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is in the earth, and to Allāh shall all affairs be returned *for decision*.

R. 12.

111. You are the best people raised for the good of mankind; you enjoin what is good and forbid evil and believe in Allāh. And if the People of the Book had believed, it would

آءَ الله عَدْدَ عَدْدَ عَدْدَ وَلْتَكُنْ مِّنْكُمْ أُمَّةً يَدْعُوْنَ إِلَى الْخَيْرِ وَيَأْسُرُوْنَ بِالْمَعْرُوْفِ وَيَنْهَوْنَ عَن الْمُنْكَرِ وَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُوْنَ الْمُ وَلَا تَكُوْنُوْا كَالَّذِينَ تَفَرَّقُوْا وَاخْتَلَفُوْا مِنْ بَعْدٍ مَا جَآءَهُمُ الْبَيِّنْتُ: وَأُولَئِكَ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ عَظِنَمُ أَنَّ تَدْمَ تَسْبَضٍّ وُجُوْلًا وَ تَسْوَدُ وُجُوْلًا وَ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ عَامًا الَّذِينَ اسْوَدَّتْ وُجُوْهُهُمْ مِهَا كَفَرْ تُمْ بَعْدَ إِيْمَانِكُمْ فَذُوْقُواالْعَذَابَ بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَكْفُرُوْنِ. دَاَمًا الَّذِيْرِي ابْبَضّْتْ وُجُوْهُهُمْ فَغَ رَحْمَةِ اللهِ عُمْ فَتْهَا خَلِدُوْنَ ؾؚڷڮٙٳڸٮڎٳٮڐ؋ڹؿڷۉۿٳۼۘڵؽؚڮڔٳڷػۊٞ؞ وَمَا اللهُ يُربَدُ ظُلْمًا لِلْعُلَمِيْنَ ال وَبِتْهِ مَا فِي السَّهٰ التَّهْ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ ا وَ إِلَى اللَّهِ تُرْجَعُ الْأُمُوْرُ ٢

كُنْتُمَ خَيْرَ أُمَّةٍ أُخْرِجَتْ لِلنَّاسِ تَاْمُرُوْنَ بِالْمَعْرُوْفِ وَ تَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْمُنْكَرِ وَ تُؤْمِنُوْتَ بِاللَّهِ - وَلَوْ أَمَنَ

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ ch \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r$ 

چ

have surely been better for them. Some of them are believers, but most of them are disobedient.

112. They cannot harm you save a slight hurt; and if they fight you, they shall show you their backs. Then they shall not be helped.

113. Smitten shall they be with abasement wherever they are found, unless they have protection from Allāh, or protection from men. They have incurred the wrath of Allāh, and smitten are they with wretchedness. That is because they would reject the Signs of Allāh and kill the Prophets unjustly. That is because they rebelled and used to transgress.

\*114. They are not *all* alike. Among the People of the Book there is a party who stand *by their covenant*; they recite the word of Allāh in the hours of night and prostrate themselves *before Him*.

115. They believe in Allāh and the Last Day, and enjoin what is good and forbid evil, and hasten, vying with one another, in good works. And these are among the righteous.

116. And whatever good they do, they shall not be denied its due reward; and Allāh well knows the God-fearing.

ٱهْلُ الْحِتْبِ لَڪَانَ خَيْرًا لَّهُمْ عِنْهُمُ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَآكَتْ هُمُ الْفُسِقُونَ ١ لَنْ يَضُرُّوْ كُمْ إِلَّهُ آَذَى إِذَانَ تُقَاتِلُهُ كُمْ بُوَلُّهُ كُمُ الْآدْ بَارَتِ ثُمَّ لَا يُنْصَرُوْنَ ١ ضُربَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ الذَّلَّةُ آَيْنَ مَا ثُقَفُوٓ إِلَّا بِحَبْلِ مِّنَ اللهِ وَحَبْلِ مِّنَ النَّاسِ وَبَاءُوْ بِغَضَبٍ مِّنَ اللهِ وَضَرِبَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ الْمَسْكَنَةُ ﴿ ذٰلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمُ كَانُوْا يَحْفُرُوْنَ بِالِتِ اللهِ وَيَقْتُلُوْنَ الْأَنْبِياًء بِغَيْرِ حَقٍّ ﴿ ذَٰلِكَ بِمَا عَصَوْا وَ كَانُوْا بَعْتَدُوْنَ ٢ لَيْسُوْا سَوَاءً ومِنْ اَهْلِ الْحِتْبِ أُمَّةُ قَآئِمَةً يَتْلُوْنَ إليتِ اللهِ أَنَّاءَ الَّيْلِ وَهُمْ يَسْجُدُوْنَ ٢ يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِاللهِ وَ الْيَوْمِ الْأَخِر وَيَأْمُرُوْنَ بالْمَعْرُوْفِ وَيَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْمُنْكَرِ وَ يُسَارِعُوْنَ فِي الْخَيْرَاتِ ﴿ وَأُولْئُكَ مِنَ الصَّاحِيْنَ (1) وَمَا يَفْعَلُوْا مِنْ خَيْرٍ فَلَنْ وَاللهُ عَلِيهُ مَا الْمُتَّقِيْنَ ٢

\*114. Among the People of the Book there is a party who stand firm by their covenant; they recite the word of Alläh in the hours of night and prostrate themselves before Him.

117. As for those who disbelieve, their possessions and their children shall not avail them aught against Allāh; and these are the inmates of the Fire; therein shall they abide.

118. The likeness of what they spend for the present life is as the likeness of a wind wherein there is intense cold which smites the harvest of a people who have wronged themselves, and destroys it. And Allāh has not wronged them, but they wrong themselves.

119. O ye who believe! take not others than your own people as intimate friends; they will not fail to corrupt you. They love to see you in trouble. Hatred has already shown itself through the utterances of their mouths, and what their breasts conceal is greater still. We have made clear to you Our commandments, if you will understand.

120. Behold, you are those who love them, but they love you not. And you believe in all the Book. When they meet you, they say, 'We believe;' but when they are alone, they bite their finger-tips at you for rage. Say, 'Perish in your rage. Surely, Allāh knows well what is hidden in *your* breasts.'

121. If anything good befall you, it grieves them; and if an evil befall you, they rejoice thereat. But if you be steadfast and righteous, their

اِتَّ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا لَنْ تُغْنِيَ عَنْهُمْ أَمْوَالُهُمْ وَ كَمَّ أَوْلَادُهُمْ مِّنَ الله شَيْئًا و أولَئِكَ أَصْحُبُ النَّارِ : هُمْ فبهاخلدون مَثَلُ مَا يُنْفِقُوْنَ فِي هٰذِهِ الْحَيْوةِ الدُّنْيَا كَمَثَل دِيْجٍ فِيْهَا صِرّْ آصَابَتْ حَرْثَ قَوْمِ ظَلَمُوٓا ٱنْفُسَهُمْ فَاهْلَكَتْهُ • وَمَا ظَلَمَهُمُ اللهُ وَلٰكِنْ ٱنْفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُوْنَ ﴾ يَا يُّهَا الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا لَا تَتَّخِذُوْا بِطَانَةً تِينْ دُوْنِكُمْ لَا يَالُوْنَكُمْ خَبَالًا ، وَدُّوْا مَا عَنِتُمْ عَدْ بَدَتِ الْبَغْضَاءُمِنْ أَفْوَاهِهِمْ وَمَا تُخْفِيْ صُرُوْرُهُمْ أَكْبَرُ - قَدْ بَتَنَّا لَكُمُ الْأَلِيتِ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْقِلُوْنَ ١ هَا نُتُم أولاء تُجِبُّوْنَهُمْ وَلَا يُجِبُوْنَكُمْ وَتُؤْمِنُوْتَ بِالْكِتْبِ كُلِّهِ ، وَ إِذَا لَقُوْكُمْ قَالُوْٓا أَمَنَّا أَخَوَ إِذَا خَلَوْا عَضُّوْا عَلَيْكُمُ الْأَنَّامِلَ مِنَ الْغَيْظِ • قُلْ

عليكم أو كمول فرك العيط وك مُوْتُوا بِغَيْظِكُمْ الله عَلِيْمُ بِذَاتِ الصُّدُوْرِ®

اِتْ تَمْسَسْكُمْ حَسَنَةً تَسُؤُهُمْ: وَإِنْ تُصِبْكُمْ سَيِّئَةً يَّفْرَحُوْا بِهَا وَ إِنْ

 $a i u + | th \stackrel{\frown}{=} | h \stackrel{\neg}{=} | kh \stackrel{\rightarrow}{=} | dh \stackrel{\circ}{=} s \stackrel{\circ}{=} s \stackrel{\circ}{=} s \stackrel{\circ}{=} (see details of transitieration on page [p]).$ 

designs will not harm you at all; surely, Allah encompasses all that they do. R. 13.

122. And remember the time when thou didst go forth early in the morning from thy household, assigning to the believers their positions for battle. And Allah is All-Hearing, All-Knowing;

123. When two of your groups meditated cowardice. although Allah was their friend. And upon Allāh should the believers rely.

124. And Allah had already helped you at Badr when you were weak. So take Allāh for your Protector that you may be grateful.

125. When thou didst say to the believers, 'Will it not suffice you that your Lord should help you with three thousand angels sent down from on high?'

126. Yea, if you be steadfast and righteous and they come upon you immediately in hot haste, your Lord will help you with five thousand angels, attacking vehemently.

127. And Allah has made it only as glad tidings for you and that your hearts might be at rest thereby; and help comes from Allah alone, the Mighty, the Wise.

128. God will do so that He might cut off a part of the disbelievers or abase them so that they might go back frustrated.

تَصْبِرُوْا وَتَتَقَوْا لَا يَضُرُّ كُمْ كَيْدُهُمْ Ē شَيْئًا دانًا اللهُ بمَا يَعْمَلُوْنَ وَإِذْ غَدَوْتَ مِنْ أَهْلِكَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ مَقَاعِدَ لِلْقِتَالِ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ سَمِيْخُ عَلَيْمُ أَسَ إذْ هَمَّتْ طَّائِفَتْنِ مِنْكُمْ أَنْ تَفْشَلُا <u> ﺩ</u>ﺍﯨដﻪ<u> ﺩ ﻟﯩ</u>ដﻪﻣﺎ - ﺩ ﻣﯩﻜﺎ ﺍﯨដﻪ ﻓَﯩْ ﻛﯩﺘﺘﯘ ﺗ<del>ﯩ</del> الْمُؤْمنُون وَلَقَدْ نَصَرَكُمُ اللَّهُ بِبَدْدٍ وَّ ٱنْتُمْرَاذِ لَّةً ، فَاتَّقُوا اللهُ لَعَدَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُوْنَ 📾 اذْ تَقْوْلُ لِلْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ آلَنْ رَحْفِتِكُمْ آَنْ تُبِمدَّ كُمْرَ رَتُكُمْ بِثَلْثَةِ الْإِفِ مِّنَ الْمَلَّئِكَة مُنْزَلِبْنَ، ؠڮ؞ٳڹؾػڝٛؠڔؙۉٳۅؘؾؾۧۘڨؙۉٳۅؘڮٳٛؿؙۿ **ݥ**ٞۮۿۿۿۮؘٳؽۿۮۮؙؙۘۘۘڞٛۯڗؖؾؙۘڰٛۿڔڹڂٙؗؗۿۺ ゴネ الاف مِّن الْمَلَكَةِ مُسَوِّمِيْنَ وَ مَا حَعَلَهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَمَا حَعَلَهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَمَا حَعَلَهُ وَلِتَطْمَئِنَ قُلُوْرُكُمْ بِهِ ﴿ وَمَا النَّصْرُ إلا مِنْ عِنْدِ اللهِ الْحَزِيْزِ الْحَكِيْمِ ١ لِبَقْطَعَ طَرَفًا مِّرِبَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُواً

ٱۮؾۣڮٛڹؾۿۿڔڣؘؾڹٛۊٙڸؚڹۉٳڂٙٳۑؚؠؽڹ۞

ء : ا ق p | غ h 7 | kh 7 | dh أ ا ف ب و و و ع ا ف ا م ا ب ا ث ا ب ا ث ا ب ا ا ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

129. Thou hast no concern in the matter: He may turn to them in mercy or punish them, for they are wrongdoers.

130. And to Allāh belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is in the earth. He forgives whomsoever He pleases and punishes whomsoever  $\xi_{r}$ He pleases, and Allāh is Most  $\xi_{r}$ Forgiving, Merciful.

### R. 14.

\*131. O ye who believe! devour not interest involving diverse additions; and fear Allāh that you may prosper.

132. And fear the Fire prepared for the disbelievers.

133. And obey Allāh and the Messenger that you be shown mercy.

\*134. And vie with one another in asking for forgiveness from your Lord, and for a Paradise whose price is the heavens and the earth, prepared for the God-fearing—

135. Those who spend in prosperity and adversity, and those who suppress anger and pardon men; and Allāh loves those who do good;

136. And those who, when they commit a foul deed or wrong

لَيْسَ لَكَ مِنَ الْأَمَرِ شَيْءً اَوْ يَتُوْبَ عَلَيْهِمْ اَوْ يُحَذِّ بَهُمْ فَرَاَّهُمْ ظٰلِمُوْنَ وَ بِلْهِ مَا فِي السَّهٰوَتِ وَ مَا فِي الْاَرْضِ ـ يَغْفِرُ لِمَنْ يَشَاءُ وَيُحَذِّبُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ ـ وَ اللَّهُ غَفُوْدً تَحِيْمُ شَ

لَيَا يُّهَا الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا لَا تَأْكُلُوا الرِّبَوا أَضْعَافًا مُّضْعَفَةً م وَ اتَّقُوا الله لَعَا حُمْ تُفْلِحُوْنَ أَ وَ اتَّقُوا النَّارَ الَّتِي أُعِدَّتْ لِلْكُفِرِينَ شَ وَ أَطْبُعُوا اللَّهَ وَ الرَّسُوْلَ لَعَدَّ ؾۘۯڂڝؙۿۯؽۺؖٙ ۇ سارغةًا إلى مَغْفِرَة تِم ç وَجَنَّيةٍ عَرْضُهَا السَّيهَة تُ وَالْأَرْضَ ٱعدَّتٛ للْمُتَّقِبْنَ ش الَّذِيْرِي بُنْفِقُوْنِ فِي السَّرَّآءِ وَ بثن الْغَنْظَرَ الْعَا النَّاسِ وَ اللَّهُ بُحِتُ الْمُحْسِ وَالَّذِينَ إِذَافَعَلُهُا فَاح هُمْ ذَكَرُوا اللهُ فَاسْتَغْفَرُوْا

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \$ 

<sup>\*131.</sup> O ye who believe! devour not interest involving **multiple** additions;

<sup>\*134.</sup> And vie with one another in asking for forgiveness from your Lord, and for a Paradise whose **expanse** is the heavens and the earth, prepared for the God-fearing

themselves, remember Allāh and implore forgiveness for their sins and who can forgive sins except Allāh?—and do not persist knowingly in what they have done.

137. It is these whose reward is forgiveness from their Lord, and Gardens beneath which rivers flow, wherein they shall abide; and how good is the reward of those who work!

138. Surely, there have been *many* dispensations before you; so travel through the earth and see how *evil* was the end of those who treated *the Prophets* as liars.

\*139. This (the Qur'ān) is a clear demonstration to men, and a guidance and an admonition to the God-fearing.

140. Slacken not, nor grieve; and you shall certainly have the upper hand, if you are believers.

141. If you have received an injury, surely the *disbelieving* people have *already* received a similar injury. And such days We cause to alternate among men *that they may be admonished*, and that Allāh may distinguish those who believe and may take witnesses from among you; and Allāh loves not the unjust;

142. And that Allāh may purify those who believe, and destroy the disbelievers.

لِذُنُوْبِهِمْ وَ مَنْ تَيَغْفِرُ الذُّنُوْبِ الَّا الله ح وَلَمْ يُصِرُّوْا عَلْ مَا فَعَلْهُ ١ وَ هُمْ تَعْلَمُوْنَ ٱولَئِكَ جَزَاوُهُمْ مَّغْفِرَةً مِّنْ رَّبِّهِمْ وَجَنّْتُ تَجْرِبْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهُرُ خْلِدِيْنَ فِيْهَا وَنِعْمَراَجْرُ الْعُمِلِيْنَ، قَدْخَلَتْ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ سُنَنَّ فَسِيْرُوْا في الْأَرْضِ فَانْظُرُوْا كَيْفَ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ الْمُكَزِّبِيْنَ@ <u></u> لهذا تستانٌ للنَّباسِ وَهُدًى وَّمَهْ عِظَ للمتقنى وَلا تَهدُوْا وَلا تَحْزَنُوْا وَ أَنْ تُمُ الْأَعْلَوْنَ انْ كُنْتُمْ شُؤْمنْنْ. ان تَمْسَسْكُمْ قَرْحُ فَقَدْ مَتَّى الْقَوْمَ قَرْحَ مِّشْلُهُ • وَ تَبْلِكَ الْأَتَّامُ نُدَاوِلُهَا مَيْنَ النَّاسِ ، وَلِمَعْلَمَ اللهُ الَّذَينَ أَمَنُوْا وَ يَتَّخِذَ مِنْكُمْ شُهَدَاءً ﴿ وَاللَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الظَّلِميْنَ أَ وَلِيُمَحِّصَ اللهُ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا وَيَمْحَقَ الْحُفِرِيْنَ @

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u & \mid & | \ th \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ & | \ h \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \$ 

<sup>\*139.</sup> This, *the Qur'ān*, is a clear **pronouncement** to men, and a guidance and an admonition to the God-fearing.

143. Do you suppose that you will enter Heaven while Allāh has not yet distinguished those of you that strive *in the way of Allāh* and has not yet distinguished the steadfast?

\*144. And you used to wish for this death before you met it; now you have seen it while you were *actually* looking for *it*.

# R. 15.

145. And Muhammad is only a Messenger. Verily, *all* Messengers have passed away before him. If then he dies or be slain, will you turn back on your heels? And he who turns back on his heels shall not harm Allāh at all. And Allāh will certainly reward the grateful.

146. And no soul can die except by Allāh's leave—a decree with a fixed term. And whoever desires the reward of the present world, We will give him thereof; and whoever desires the reward of the life to come, We will give him thereof; and We will surely reward the grateful.

147. And many a Prophet there has been beside whom fought numerous \* companies of their followers. They

اَمْ حَسِبْتُمْ إَنْ تَدْخُلُوا الْحَنَّةَ وَلَمَّا يَعْلَمِ اللهُ الَّذِينَ جَاهَدُوْا مِنْكُمْ وَيَعْلَمُ الصَّبِرِيْنَ وَلَقَدْ كُنْتُمْ تَمَنَّوْنَ الْمَوْتَ قَيْلِ آَتْ تَلْقَوْهُ ﴿ فَقَرْ رَآ ء چي <u>ب</u> وَ ٱنْتُهْ تَنْظُرُوْنَ ٢ وَمَا مُحَمَّدً إِلَّا رَسُوْلَ ، قَدْ خَلَتْ مِنْ قبيله الرُّسُبُ ماكَأْبُر \* مَمَّاتُ انْقَلَبْتُمْ عَلَى آعْقَا, كُمْ رَوَمَنْ تَنْ عَلَى عَقْبَتُه فَكَنْ يَضُرَّ اللَّهُ شَبْعًا. وَسَيَجْزى اللهُ الشَّحِرِيْنَ، وَمَا كَانَ لِنَفْس اَرِ ثَنْ تَمُوْتُ اللَّهُ بِإِذْنِ اللهِ كِتْبًا مُّؤَجَّلًا، وَمَنْ يُرِدْ ثَوَابَ الدُّنْبَانُؤْتِهِ مِنْهَا ، وَمَنْ يُّرِدْ ثَوَابَ الْإِجْرَةِ نُؤْتِهِ مِنْهَا ﴿ وَسَنَجْزِي الشَّكِرِيْنَ وَ كَايَنْ مِّنْ نَّبِّ قْتَلَ " مَعَهُ دِبْيُّوْنَ كَتْبُرَّ، فَمَا وَهَنُوْا لِمَا أَصَابَهُمْ فِي

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ \tau | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau}$ 

<sup>\*144.</sup> And you used to wish for this death before you met it, now that you have seen it at last, you stand watching as if transfixed.

<sup>\*147.</sup> Note: The word *ribbīyyūn* (نَنِعْنُونَ) has been merely translated as 'companies (of their followers)' without the essential connotation of godliness which is implied in the word (نَتِعُونَ). We suggest the following alternative translation: "And many a Prophet there has been beside whom fought a large number of godly people."

20

slackened not for aught that befell them in the way of Allāh, nor did they weaken, nor did they humiliate themselves *before the enemy*. And Allāh loves the steadfast.

148. And they uttered not a word except that they said: 'Our Lord, forgive us our errors and our excesses in our conduct, and make firm our steps and help us against the disbelieving people.'

149. So Allāh gave them the reward of this world, as also an excellent reward of the next; and Allāh loves those who do good.

## R. 16.

150. O ye who believe! if you obey those who have disbelieved, they will cause you to turn back on your heels, and you will become losers.

151. Nay, Allāh is your Protector, and He is the Best of helpers.

152. We shall strike terror into the hearts of those that have disbelieved because they associate partners with Allāh for which He has sent down no authority. Their abode is the Fire; and evil is the habitation of the wrongdoers.

\*153. And Allāh had surely made good to you His promise when you سَبِيْلِ اللهِ وَ مَا ضَعُفُوْا وَ مَا اشتَكَانُوْا وَاللهُ يُحِبُّ الصُّ وَمَا كَانَ قَوْلَهُمْ إِلَّا أَنْ قَالُوْا دَتَّنَا اغْفِرْكَنَا ذُنُوْبَنَا وَ إِسْرَافَنَا فِي آَمْرِنَا وَثَبِّتْ اَقْدَامَنَا وَ انْصُرْنَا عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْكْفِرِيْنَ، فأثبه كمالله فكماب اللأني الأخزقادواند لْيَا يُّهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا إِنْ تُطِيْعُهِ ا الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا يَرُدُّوْكُمْ عَلْى أَعْقَابِكُمْ فَتَنْقَلِبُوْا خ<u>ْسِرِ</u>يْنَ⊚ ٮٙڸٳٮؾٝؗؗؗ؋ؙڡؘۉڶٮڲؙۿ<sup>ۦ</sup>ٷۿۏڿؘؽۯٳڶؾٝۛۻ قجي في قُلُوْبِ الَّذِينَ حَفَرُوا الرُّعْبَ بِمَا ٱشْرَكُوْا بِاللهِ مَالَمَ يُنَزَّلُ بِهِ سُلْطْنًا ، وَ مَاوْسِهُمُ النَّادُ -وَبِئْسَ مَثْوَى الظَّلِمِيْنَ @ وَلَقَدْ صَدَقَكُمُ اللَّهُ وَعْدَةَ إِذْ تَحُسُّ

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ \tau & | \ kh \ \tau & | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} & | \ dh \$ 

<sup>\*153.</sup> And Allāh had surely made good to you His promise when you were slaying and destroying them by His leave until when you faltered *concerning obedience to the Holy Prophet (may peace and blessings of Allāh be upon him)*, and started arguing among yourselves regarding the true intent of the order and disobeyed after He had granted you your heart's desire in the form of victory, He withdrew His help.

were slaving and destroying them by His leave, until, when you became lax and disagreed among yourselves concerning the order and you disobeved after He had shown you that which you loved, He withdrew His help. Among you were those who desired the present world, and among you were those who desired the next. Then He turned you away from them, that He might try youand He has surely pardoned you, and Allah is Gracious to the believers —

\*154. When you were running away and looked not back at anyone while the Messenger was calling out to you from your rear, then He gave you a sorrow in recompense for a sorrow, that you might not grieve for what escaped you, nor for what befell you. And Allah is well aware of what you do.

155. Then, after the sorrow, He sent down peace on you-a slumber that overcame a party of you-while the other party was anxious concerning their own selves, thinking wrongly of Allah like unto the thought of ignorance. They said, 'Is there for us any part in the government of Say, 'All government affairs?' belongs to Allah.' They hide in their minds what they disclose not to thee.

ببإذنبه ، حَتَّى إِذَا فَشَلْتُمْ وَتَنَازَعْتُمْ ف الأمر وعصيتُم مِّنْ بَعْد مَآ اَرْ ڪُمْ مَّاتُحِتُوْنَ ۽ مِنْڪُمْ مَنْ يُرِيْدُ الدُّنْسَادَمِنْكُمْ مَنْ يُرِيدُ الْإِجْرَةَ، ثُمَّ صَرَبَكُمْ عَنْهُمْ لِمَنْتَلِمَكُمْ وَلَقَدْ عَفَا عَنْكُمْ د وَاللَّهُ ذُوْفَضْل عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ @ اذْ تُصْعِدُوْنَ وَكَا تَلْهُدِبَ عَلَى آحَد وَّ الرَّسُوْلُ يَدْعُوْكُمْ فَ ٱخْرَىكُمْ فَأَثَا يَكُمْ غَمًّا بِغَمّ لِّكَثِلَا تَحْزَنُوْا عَلَى مَا فَا يَحْهُ وَلَا مَآ أَصَابَكُ ثُمَّ ٱنْزَلَ عَلَيْكُمْ مِّنْ بَعْدِ الْغَمِّ آمَنَةً نْعَاسَاتَغْشَى طَآئِفَةً مِّنْكُمْ " وَطَآئِفَةً قَدْ أَهَمَّتْهُمْ أَنْفُسُهُمْ غَيْرَ الْحَقّ ظَنَّ الْجَاهِلِيَّة ، بَقُوْلُوْن هَلْ لَّنَا مِنَ أَكَامَر مِنْ شَيْءٍ ﴿ قُلْ إِنَّ

الْأَمْرَ كُلَّهُ بِلَّهِ \* بُخْفُوْنَ فِي آَنْفُسِهِمْ

ما كا مُددون لك ، مَقُولُون لَوْ حَان لَعَا

ء : اق p | kh + | dh + | dh + و و ع اذ h + | ث h + | ث h + | ث h + | a i u + | h + | h + | dh + | a i u + | h + | h + | h + | dh + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + | h + (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

<sup>\*154.</sup> Note: Sometimes the threat of a bigger loss does away with the pain of comparatively minor losses incurred earlier. A similar situation prevailed during the battle of Uhud when the rumour of the death of the Holy Prophet (may peace and blessings of Allāh be upon him), completely dispelled consideration of all personal sufferings and losses the Muslim combatants had experienced. Then the news of his survival turned the sense of loss into a sense of deep content and thanksgiving.

They say, 'If we had any part in the government of affairs, we should not have been killed here.' Say, 'If you had remained in your homes, surely those on whom fighting had been enjoined would have gone forth to their deathbeds,' that Allah might bring about His decree and that Allah might test what was in your breasts and that He might purge what was in your hearts. And Allah knows well what is in the minds:

156. Those of you who turned their backs on the day when the two hosts met, t surely it was Satan who sought to make them slip because of certain doings of theirs. But Allāh certainly has already pardoned them. Verily, Allah is Most Forgiving, Forbearing.

#### R. 17.

157. O ye who believe! be not like those who have disbelieved, and who say of their brethren when they travel in the land or go forth to war: 'Had they been with us, they would not have died or been slain.' This is so, that Allah may make it a cause of regret in their hearts. And Allah gives life and causes death and Allāh is Mindful of what you do.

158. And if you are slain in the cause of Allāh or you die, surely forgiveness from Allah and mercy shall be better than what they hoard.

مِنَ الْآمر شَيْءَ مَّا قُتِلْنَا هُهُنَا ، قُلْ لَّوْ ڪُنْتُمْ فِيْ بُيُوْتِكُمْ لَبَرَزَ الَّذِينَ حُتِبَ عَلَيْهِمُ الْقَتْلُ إِلَى مَضَاجِعِهم، وَلِيَبْتَلِيَ اللهُ مَا فِنْ صُدُوْرِكُمْ وَلِيُمَحِّصَ مَا فِنْ قُلُوْبِكُمْ • وَاللهُ عَلِيْمٌ بِذَاتِ الصَّدُوْرِ ٢

إِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ تَوَلَّوْا مِنْكُمْ يَوْمَرِ الْتَقَى الْجَمْعْنِ النَّحَا اسْتَزَلَّهُمُ الشَّيْطْنُ ببعض ماكسبوا، وكقد عفا الله <u>ع</u> عَنْهُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهُ غَفُوْرٌ حَلِيْمُ أَنَّ

يَا يُهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا لَا تَكُوْنُوْا كَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا وَقَالُوْا لِإِخْوَانِهِمْ إِذَاضَرَبُوْا فِي الْإِ رُضِ أَوْ كَانُوْا غُزًّى لَّوْ كَانُوْ اعِنْدَنَا مَا مَاتُوْا وَمَا قُتِلُوْا، لِيَجْعَلَ اللهُ ذٰلِكَ حَسْرَةً فِنْ قُلُوْبِهِمْ وَاللهُ يُحْي وَيُحِيْتُ وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُوْنَ بَصِيْرُ ₪ وَلَئِنْ قُتِلْتُمْ فِيْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ ٱوْ مُتُّمْ لَمَغْفِرَةً مِّنَ اللهِ وَرَحْمَةً خَيْرٌ مِّمَّا <u>يَجْمَعُوْنَ@</u>

<sup>‡</sup> The battle of Uhud.

ء : ا ق q ا غ ا ب ا ط ب ا ف ل ب ا ف ب ا ف ا ب ا ف ا ب ا ف ا م ع ا ف ا م ا م ا م ا م ا م ا م ا ا ا ا ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

ź

159. And if you die or be slain, surely unto Allāh shall you be gathered together.

160. And it is by the *great* mercy of Allāh that thou art kind towards them, and if thou hadst been rough *and* hard-hearted, they would surely have dispersed from around thee. So pardon them and ask forgiveness \* for them, and consult them in matters *of administration*; and when thou art determined, then put thy trust in Allāh. Surely, Allāh loves

those who put their trust *in Him.* 161. If Allāh help you, none shall overcome you; but if He forsake you, then who is there that can help you beside Him? In Allāh, then, let the believers put their trust.

162. And it is not possible for a Prophet to act dishonestly, and whoever acts dishonestly shall bring *with him* that about which he has been dishonest, on the Day of Resurrection. Then shall every soul be fully paid what it has earned; and they shall not be wronged.

163. Is he who follows the pleasure of Allāh like him who draws on himself the wrath of Allāh and whose abode is Hell? And an evil retreat it is!

164. They have *different* grades *of grace* with Allāh; and Allāh sees what they do.

وَلَبُونَ مُّتُّمْ أَوْ قُتِلْتُمْ ݣَالَكَ الله تُخْشُهُ وْنَ الله فَبِمَا رَحْمَةٍ مِّنَ اللهِ لِنْتَ لَهُمْ، وَلَوْ كُنْتَ فَظًّا غَلِيْظَ الْقَلْبِ لَا انْفَضُّوْا مِنْ حَوْلِكَ مِ فَاعْفُ عَنْهُمْ وَ اسْتَغْفِرْ لَهُمْ وَشَاوِرْهُمْ فِي الْآمْرِ فَإِذَا عَزَمْتَ فَتَوَكَّلُ عَلَى اللهِ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ الْمُتَوَجِّلِيْنَ انْ يَنْصُرْكُمُ اللهُ فَلَا غَالِبَ لَحُمْ، وَإِنْ يَخْذُلْكُمْ فَمَنْ ذَا الَّذِي يَنْصُرُكُمْ مِّنْ بَعْدِهِ، وَعَلَى اللهِ فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ الْمُؤْمِنُوْنَ وَمَا كَانَ لِنَبِيَّ اَنْ يَغُلُّ ، وَمَنْ يَعْلُلْ يَاتِ بِمَا غَلَّ يَوْمَ الْقِيْمَةِ، ثُمَّ تُوَفَّى ڪُلُّ نَفْسِ تِمَا ڪَسَبَتْ وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُهُنَ ٱفَمَنِ اتَّبَعَ رِضْوَاتَ اللهِ حَمَنَ بَآء بسَخَطٍ مِّنَ اللهِ وَ مَأْوْلَهُ جَهَنَّمُ ا وَبِئْسَ الْمَصِيْرُ ال هُمْ < ذَجْتٌ عِنْدَ اللهِ • وَاللهُ بَصِيْزَ بمَايَعْمَلُوْنَ?

\*160. and consult them in matters of **importance**;

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ (h \ 7 | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{s} | \ 2 )$   $(See details of transitieration on page \ p').$ 

165. Verily, Allāh has conferred a favour on the believers by raising among them a Messenger from among themselves, who recites to them His Signs, and purifies them and teaches them the Book and Wisdom; and, before that, they were surely in manifest error.

166. What! when a misfortune befalls you—and you had inflicted the double of that—you say, whence is this? Say, 'It is from your own selves.' Surely, Allāh has power over all things.

167. And that which befell you, on the day when the two parties met,‡ was by Allāh's command; and *this was so* that He might distinguish the believers;

168. And that He might distinguish the hypocrites. And it was said to them, 'Come ye, fight in the cause of Allāh and repel *the attack of the enemy*;' they said, 'If we knew how to fight, we would surely follow you.' They were, that day, nearer to disbelief than to belief. They say with their mouths what is not in their hearts. And Allāh knows well what they conceal.

169. *It is these* who said of their brethren, while they *themselves* remained behind, 'If they had obeyed us, they would not have been slain.'

Say, 'Then avert death from yourselves, if you are truthful.'

<u>وَرُبُرُنَّ أَنَّ مَنْ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِ</u>يْنَ اِذْ بَعَثَ لَقَدْ مَنَّ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ اِذْ بَعَثَ عَلَيُهِمْ رَسُوْلًا مِّنَ آنْفُسِهِمْ يَتْلُوْا الْكِتْبَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ ، وَ اِنْ كَانُوْا مِنْ تَبْلُ لَغِيْ ضَلْلٍ مَّبِيْنَ اَوَلَمَّ آصَابَتْكُمْ مُصِيْبَةً قَدْ آصَبْتُمْ أَنْفُسِكُمْ ماتَ لَهُ هَذَا اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءِ قَدْ أَصَبْتُمْ وَمَا آصَابَكُمْ يَوْمَ الْتَقَى الْجَمْعِنِ فَبِرِاذْنِ اللَّهِ وَلِيَعْلَمَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ اللَّ

وَلِيَعْلَمَ الَّذِيْنَ نَافَقُوْا ﴿ وَقِيْلَ لَهُمْ تَحَالَوْا قَاتِلُوْا فِي سَبِيْلِ اللهِ آوِادْفَعُوْا ۔ قَالُوْا لَوْ نَعْلَمُ قِتَالَا لَا اتَّبَعْنَكُمْ ۔ هُمْ لِلْحُفْرِ يَوْمَئِذٍ آقْرَبُ مِنْهُمْ لِلْإِيْمَانِ ، يَقُولُوْنَ بِآفُوَا هِهِمْ مَّالَيْسَ فِيْ قُلُوْ بِهِمْ وَاللَّهُ آعْلَمُ بِمَا يَحْتَمُوْنَ أَسَ الَّذِيْنَ قَالُوْا لِإِخْوَانِهِمْ وَ قَحَدُوْا لَوْاطَاعُوْنَا مَا قُتِلُوْا ۔ قُلْ فَادْرَءُوْا عَنْ انْفُسِكُمُ الْمَوْتَانْ كُنْتُمُ مَا مَوْيَنَ آ

‡ The battle of Uhud.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rho \ | \ hh \ rho \ | \ rho \ hh \ rho \ hh \ rho \ | \ hh \ rho \ hh \ rho \ rho \ hh \ rho \ rho \ hh \ rho \$ 

وقفاوزم

3

170. Think not of those, who have been slain in the cause of Allāh, as \*dead. Nay, they are living, in the presence of their Lord, *and* are granted gifts *from Him*,

171. Jubilant because of that which Allāh has given them of His bounty; and rejoicing for those who have not yet joined them from behind them, because on them *shall come* no fear, nor shall they grieve.

172. They rejoice at the favour of Allāh and *His* bounty, and *at the fact* that Allāh suffers not the reward of the believers to be lost.

# R. 18.

173. As to those who answered the call of Allāh and the Messenger  $3\frac{1}{2}$  after they had received an injury—  $3\frac{1}{2}$  such of them as do good and act righteously shall have a great reward;

174. Those to whom men said, 'People have mustered against you, therefore fear them,' but this *only* increased their faith, and they said, 'Sufficient for us is Allāh, and an excellent Guardian is He.'

175. So they returned with a *mighty* favour from Allāh and a *great* bounty, while no evil had touched them; and they followed the pleasure of Allāh; and Allāh is the Lord of great bounty.

وَكَا تَحْسَبَتَ الَّذِيْنَ قُتِلُوا فِي سَبِيلِ وَكَا تَحْسَبَتَ الَّذِيْنَ قُتِلُوا فِي سَبِيلِ يُرْدَقُوْنَ فَرِحِيْتَ بِمَآ الله مُم الله مِنْ فَضْلِه وَيَسْتَبْشِرُوْتَ بِتَا لَا خَوْفَ عَلَيْهِم وَلَا هُم يَحْذَنُوْنَ فَي يَسْتَبْشِرُوْنَ بِنِحْمَةٍ مِّنَ الله وَفَضْلِ اوَّ انَا الله كَا يُضِيْحُ اجْرَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ أَلَ

ٱلَّذِيْنَ اسْتَجَابُوْا لِلْهِ وَ الرَّسُوْلِ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَآ اَصَابَهُمُ الْقَرْحُ لِلَّذِيْنَ اَحْسَنُوْا مِنْهُمْ وَاتَّقَوْا اَجْرَّ عَظِيْمَ شَ الَّذِيْنَ قَالَ لَهُمُ النَّاسُ إِنَّ النَّاسَ قَدْجَمَعُوْا لَحُمْ فَاخْشَوْهُمْ فَزَادَهُمْ الْوَحِيْلُ الْوَحِيْلُ عَانَقَلَبُوْا بِنِعْمَةٍ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَفَضْلٍ لَّمْ يَمْسَسْهُمْ سُوَّعْ اوَ اتَبَعُوْا رِضْوَاتَ

الله، وَاللهُ ذُوْفَضْلٍ عَظِيْمٍ ٢

\*170. Nay, they are living, in the presence of their Lord, being well provided.

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th$  نظ r | dh نظ r | dh نج  $g | \dot{c}$  م  $s | \dot{c}$  م h = 1 نظ  $r | \dot{c}$  h  $r | gh \dot{r} | dh$  is  $g | \dot{c}$  or  $g | \dot{c}$  h i  $u + | \dot{c}$  h i  $r | \dot{c}$  h i r

176. It is Satan who only frightens his friends; so fear them not but fear Me, if you are believers.

177. And let not those who hastily fall into disbelief grieve thee; surely, they cannot harm Allāh in any way. Allāh desires not to assign any portion for them in the life to come; and they shall have a severe punishment.

178. Surely, those who have purchased disbelief at the price of faith cannot harm Allāh at all; and they shall have a grievous punishment.

179. And let not the disbelievers think that Our granting them respite is good for them; *the result of* Our granting them respite will only be that they will increase in sin; and they shall have an humiliating punishment.

180. Allāh would not leave the believers as you are, until He separated the wicked from the good. Nor would Allāh reveal to you the unseen. But Allāh chooses of His Messengers whom He pleases. Believe, therefore, in Allāh and His Messengers. If you believe and be righteous, you shall have a great reward.

181. And let not those, who are niggardly with respect to what

اِنَّمَا ذَٰلِكُمُ الشَّيْطَنُ يُخَوِّفُ ٱوْلِيَا آلاً فَلَا تَخَافُوْهُمْ وَخَافُوْنِ اِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِيْنَ وَلَا يَحْزُنُكَ الَّذِيْنَ يُسَارِعُوْتَ فِى الْكُفْرِ اِنَّهُمْ لَنْ يَضُرُّوا اللَّهُ شَيْعًا يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ ٱلَّا يَجْعَلَ لَهُمْ حَظًّا فِى الْاخْرَةِ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابَ عَظِيمً الْخُرَةِ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابَ عَظِيمً اليَمْ هَذَيرً لَا نُفُسِهِمْ اِنَّمَا نُعْلِيْ لَهُمْ لَهُمْ خَيْرً لَا نُفُسِهِمْ اِنَّمَا نُعْلِيْ لَهُمْ

ىھەر خىر لا ئغسومرد رىما تىمىي تەم لِيَزْدَادُوَّارِثْمَاءوَلَهُمْ عَذَابَّ شُهِيْنَ @

مَاكَانَ اللهُ لِيَذَرَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ عَلَى مَآ ٱنْتُمْ عَلَيْهِ حَتَّى يَمِيْزَ الْخَبِيْتَ مِنَ الطَّيِّبِ وَمَاكَانَ اللهُ لِيُطْلِعَكُمْ عَلَى الْعَيْبِ وَلَكِنَّ اللهَ يَجْتَبِيْ مِنْ دُسْلِهِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ فَأُمِنُوْا بِاللهِ وَدُسُلِهِ • وَ إِنْ تُؤْمِنُوْا وَتَتَقُوْا فَلَكُمْ آجْزَ عَظِيْمٌ ﴿

ۇلايخسبىت الخزيىن يېخلۇن بِم

وقفالازه

Allāh has given them of His bounty, think that it is good for them; nay, it is evil for them. That with respect to which they were niggardly shall be put as a collar round their necks on the Day of Resurrection. And to Allāh belongs the heritage of the heavens and the earth, and Allāh is well aware of what you do.

#### R. 19.

182. And surely Allāh has heard the utterance of those who said, 'Allāh is poor and we are rich.' We shall record what they have said, and their attempts to kill the Prophets unjustly; and We shall say, 'Taste ye the punishment of burning.'

183. That is because of that which your hands have sent on before *yourselves*, and *the truth is* that Allāh is not at all unjust to *His* servants.

184. Those who say, 'Allāh has charged us not to believe in any Messenger until he bring us an offering which fire devours.' Say, 'There have already come to you Messengers before me with clear Signs and with that which you speak of. Why, then, did you seek to kill them, if you are truthful?'

\*185. And if they accuse thee of lying, even so were accused of lying Messengers before thee who came with clear Signs and books of wisdom and the shining Book. ئىرى التىمىم الله مِنْ فَضْلِم هُوَ خَيْرًا لَّهُمْ بَلْ هُوَ شَرَّلَهُمْ - سَيُطَوَّقُوْنَ مَا بَخِلُوْا بِمِيَوْمَا لَقِيْمَةِ - وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُوْتَ خَبِيْرًا اللَّهُ عَوْلَ الَّذِيْنَ قَالُوْا إِنَّا اللَّهَ بَعْدَ سَمِعَ اللَّهُ قَوْلَ الَّذِيْنَ قَالُوْا إِنَّا اللَّهَ

فَقِيْرٌ وَ نَحْنُ ٱغْنِيَاءُ مستَكْتُبُ مَا قَالُوْا وَ قَتْلَهُمُ الْآنْبِيَاء بِغَيْرِ حَقِّ وَنَقُوْلُ ذُوْقُوْا عَذَابَ الْحَرِيْقِ لَيْكَ بِمَا قَدَّمَتْ آيَدِيْكُمْ وَ آتَ اللَّهَ لَيْسَ بِظَلَامٍ لِلْعَبِيْدِيْ

ٱلَّذِينَ قَالُوَّا اِنَّ اللَّه عَمِرَ الَيْنَا ٱلَّانُوُصِنَ لِرَسُوْلِ حَتَّى يَاْتِينَا بِقُرْبَانٍ تَاحُلُهُ النَّارُ قُلْ قَدْ جَاءَكُمْ رُسُلً مِّنْ قَبْلِيْ بِالْبَيِّنْتِ وَبِالَّذِي قُلْتُمْ فَلِمَ قَتَلْتُمُوْهُمْ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَدِقِيْنَ فَإِنْ كَذَّبُوْكَ فَقَدْ كُزِّبَ رُسُلَ مِّنْ قَبْلِكَ جَاءُوْ بِالْبَيِّنْتِ وَالزُّبُرِ وَالْكِتْبِ الْمُنِيْرِ

\*185. And if they accuse you of lying, even so were accused of lying Messengers before you who came with clear Signs and books of wisdom and the illuminating Book.

186. Every soul shall taste of death. And you shall be paid in full your rewards only on the Day of Resurrection. So whosoever is removed away from the Fire and is made to enter Heaven has indeed attained his goal. And the life of this world is nothing but an illusory enjoyment.

187. You shall surely be tried in your possessions and in your persons and you shall surely hear many hurtful things from those who were given the Book before you and from those who set up equals *to God.* But if you show fortitude and act righteously, that indeed is *a matter* of strong determination.

188. And *remember* when Allāh took a covenant from those who were given the Book, *saying*, 'You shall make this *Book* known to the people and not conceal it.' But they threw it away behind their backs, and bartered it for a paltry price. Evil is that which they have purchased.

189. Think not that those who exult in what they have done, and love to be praised for what they have not done—think not that they are secure from punishment. They shall suffer a grievous chastisement.

190. And to Allāh belongs the kingdom of the heavens and the

كُلُّ نَفْسٍ ذَائِقَةُ الْمَوْتِ وَإِنَّمَاتُوَقَّوْنَ اَجُوْرَكُمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيهِمَةِ ﴿ فَمَنْ زُحْزِحَ عَنِ النَّارِ وَ اُدْخِلَ الْجَنَّةَ فَقَدْ فَازَ ﴿ وَمَا الْحَلِوةُ الدُّنْيَآ إِلَّا مَتَاعُ الْغُرُوْرِ

كَتُبْلَوُنَّ فِنَ آمَوَالِكُمْ وَٱنْفُسِكُمْ مَ وَلَتَسْمَعُنَّ مِنَ الَّذِينَ أَوْتُوا الْكِتْبَ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ وَمِنَ الَّذِينَ ٱشْرَكُوْ الَّذَى كَثِيْرًا • وَإِنْ تَصْبِرُوْا وَتَتَّقُوْا فَإِنَّ ذٰلِكَ مِنْ عَزْمِ الْأُمُوْرِ؟

 وَ اِذْ اَخَذَ اللهُ مِيْثَاقَ الَّذِيْنَ اُوْتُوا الْكِتْبَ لَتُبَيِّنُنَّهُ لِلنَّاسِ وَ لَا تَكْتُمُوْنَهُ وَ فَنَبَذُوْهُ وَرَاءَ ظُهُوْرِهِمْ
 وَاشْتَرَوْا بِهِ ثَمَنًا قَلِيْلًا ، فَبِئْسَ
 مَا يَشْتَرُوْنَ۞

لَا تَحْسَبَتَ الَّذِينَ يَفْرَحُوْنَ بِمَا ٱتَوْا وَّ يُحِبُّوْنَ آنْ يُحْمَدُوْا بِمَا لَمْ يَفْحَلُوْا فَلَا تَحْسَبَنَّهُمْ بِمَفَاذَةٍ مِّنَ الْعَذَابِ، وَلَهُمْ عَذَابَ ٱلِيْهَمُ ()

وَ بِتْهِ مُلْكُ السَّمُوْتِ وَالْأَرْضِ ،

 $a i u + | th \rightarrow | h \neg | kh + | dh | a o a o a | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + |$ 

earth; and Allāh has power over all things.

191. In the creation of the heavens and the earth and in the alternation of the night and the day there are indeed Signs for men of understanding;

192. Those who remember Allāh while standing, sitting, and *lying* on their sides, and ponder over the creation of the heavens and the earth: "Our Lord, Thou hast not created this in vain; *nay*, Holy art Thou; save us, then, from the punishment of the Fire.

193. "Our Lord, whomsoever Thou causest to enter the Fire, him hast Thou surely disgraced. And the wrongdoers shall have no helpers.

194. "Our Lord, we have heard a Crier calling *us* unto faith, 'Believe ye in your Lord,' and we have

\*believed. Our Lord, forgive us, therefore, our errors and remove from us our evils, and in death number us with the righteous.

195. "Our Lord, give us what Thou hast promised to us through Thy Messengers; and disgrace us not on the Day of Resurrection. Surely, Thou breakest not Thy promise."

196. So their Lord answered their *prayers, saying,* 'I will allow not the work of any worker from among you,

وَاللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيْرَ ٢ الَّ فَيْ خَلْقِ السَّلْوَتِ وَالْآدَضِ وَاخْتِلَافِ الَّيْ لِوَ النَّ هَارِلَاٰيتٍ لِّأُولِى الْآلْبَابِ أَنْ الَّذِيْنَ يَذْكُرُوْنَ اللَّهَ قِيَامًا وَّ قُعُوْدًا الَّذِيْنَ يَذْكُرُوْنَ اللَّهَ قِيَامًا وَ قُعُوْدًا السَّلُوْتِ وَالْآدَضِ، دَبَّنَ مَا خَلَقْتَ السَّلُوْتِ وَالْآدَضِ، دَبَّنَ مَا خَلَقْتَ النَّارِ النَّارِ دَبَّنَآ إِنَّكَ مَنْ ثُذَخِلِ النَّادَ فَقَدَ

اَخْزَيْتَهُ وَمَالِلظَّلِمِيْنَ مِنْ آنْصَارٍ آَخْزَيْتَهُ وَمَالِلظَّلِمِيْنَ مِنْ آنْصَارٍ لِلْإِيْمَانِ آنْ أَمِنُوْا بِرَبِّكُمْ فَامَنَّا رَبَّنَ فَاغْفِرْلَنَا ذُنُوْبَنَا وَكَفِّرْ عَنَّا سَيِّاتِنَ وَتَوَفَّنَامَمَ الْآبَرَارِ رَبَّنَا وَ أَتِنَا مَا وَعَدْتَّنَا عَلْ رُسُلِكَ وَلَا تُخْزِنَا يَوْمَ الْقِلِمَةِ الْآبَكَ لَا تُخْلِفُ الْمِيْعَادَ@

فَاسْتَجَابَ لَهُمْ رَبَّهُمْ أَنَّنِي لَا أَضِيْحُ عَمَلَ عَامِلٍ مِّنْكُمْ مِّنْ ذَكَرٍ آوْ أُنْخَى

<sup>\*194.</sup> Our Lord, forgive us, therefore, our sins and remove from us our evils, and in death join us with the righteous.

whether male or female, to be lost. You are from one another. Those, therefore, who have emigrated, and have been driven out from their homes, and have been persecuted in My cause, and have fought and been killed, I will surely remove from them their evils and will cause them to enter Gardens through which streams flow—a reward from Allāh, and with Allāh is the best of rewards.'

197. Let not the moving about of the disbelievers in the land deceive thee.

198. *It is* a small *and brief* advantage, then Hell shall be their abode. What an evil place of rest!

199. But those who fear their Lord shall have Gardens through which streams flow; therein shall they abide—an entertainment from Allāh. And that which is with Allāh is still better for the  $\bar{4}$ righteous.

200. And surely among the People of the Book there are some who believe in Allāh and in what has been sent down to you and in what was sent down to them, humbling themselves before Allāh. They barter not the Signs of Allāh for a paltry price. It is these who shall have their reward with their Lord. Surely, Allāh is swift to take account.

بَعْضُكُمْ مِّنْ بَعْضٍ، فَالَّذِيْنَ هَاجَرُوْا وَ أُخْرِجُوْا مِنْ دِيَادِهِمْ وَ أُوْذُوْا فَ سَبِيْلِ وَقْتَلُوْا وَقُتِلُوْا كَأُحَفِّرَتَ عَنْهُمْ سَيّاتِهِمْ وَ لَأُدْخِلَنَّهُمْ جَنّْتِ تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهُرُ ، ثَوَابًا مِّنْ عِنْدِ اللهِ وَ اللهُ عِنْدَهُ حُسْنُ الثَّوَابِ لَا يَخُرَّنَّكَ تَقَلُّبُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا فِي البلاد مَتَاعٌ قَلدلً = ثُمَّ مَاوْبِهُمْ جَهَنَّمُ ٢ وَبِئْسَ الْمِهَادُ ٢ لْحِن اللَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا رَبَّهُمْ لَهُمْ جَنّْتُ تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهُرُ خْلِدِيْنَ فِيْهَا نُزُلًا يَحِنْ عِنْدِ اللهِ ، وَمَا عِنْدَ اللهِ خَيْرُ بِّرُار @ وَ إِنَّ مِنْ آَهْ لِ الْكِتْبِ لَمَنْ يُؤْمِنُ بالله ومآ أنزل إلَيْكُم ومآ أنزل رِلَيْهِمْ خَشِعِيْنَ بِتَّهِ ، لَا يَشْتَرُوْتَ باليت الله تَمَنَّا قَلِيْلًا ، أولَئِكَ لَهُمْ أَجْرُهُمْ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهَ

سريع الجساب

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ c \ h \ 7 \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ c \ (103)$  (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

كَنْ تَنَالُوا م - Part 4	ÂL-E-'IMR	لَلِ عِمْرَان <b>٣ - Chapter 3</b>
201. O ye who believe! be stea and strive to excel in steadfas and be on <i>your</i> guard and fear that you may prosper.	stness	یَّایُّهَا الَّذِیْنَ أَمَنُوا اصْبِرُوْا وَصَابِرُوْا وَ رَابِطُوْا د وَاتَّقُوا الله لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُوْنَ۞



**AN-NISĀ'** (Revealed after Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

\*2. O ye people! fear your Lord, Who created you from a single soul and created therefrom its mate, and from them twain spread many men and women; and fear Allāh, in Whose name you appeal to one another, and *fear Him particularly respecting* ties of relationship. Verily, Allāh watches over you.

3. And give to the orphans their property and exchange not the bad for the good, and devour not their property with your own. Surely, it is a great sin.

\*4. And if you fear that you will not be fair in dealing with the orphans, then marry of women as may be agreeable to you, two, or three, or four; and if you fear you will not deal justly, then *marry only* one or what your right hands possess. That is the nearest *way* for you to avoid injustice. بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () آيَ كُيُهَا النَّاسُ اتَّقُوْا رَبَّحُمُ الَّذِي خَلَقَكُمْ مِّنْ نَّفْسٍ وَّاحِدَةٍ وَّ خَلَقَ مِنْهَا زَوْجَهَا وَبَثَّ مِنْهُمَا رِجَالًا كَثِيْرَا وَنَهَا ذَوْجَهَا وَبَثَّ مِنْهُمَا رِجَالًا كَثِيْرَا وَاتُوا الْدَحَامَ لَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ الَّذِي تَسَاءَلُوْن وَاتُوا الْيَتْمَى آمَوَالَهُمْ وَلَا تَتَبَدَّلُوا الْخَبِيْتَ بِالطَّيِّبِ مَ وَلَا تَتَبَدَّلُوا الْخَبِيْرَا مُوَالَهُمْ إِلَى أَمُوَالِحُمْ لِ إِنَّهُ كَان وَانْ خِفْتُمُ إِلَى أَمُوَالِحُمْ الْفَا فِي الْيَتْلَى وَانْ خِفْتُمُ إِلَى تُقْسِطُوْا فِي الْيَتْلَى

فَانْكِحُوْا مَا طَابَ لَكُمْ مِّنَ النِّسَاءِ مَثْنى وَثُلثَ وَ رُلبِحَ، فَإِنْ خِفْتُمْ الَّا تَعْدِلُوْا فَوَاحِدَةً آوْ مَا مَلكَتْ آيْمَانُكُمْ دِ ذٰلِكَ آدْنَى آلَا تَعُوْلُوْاچْ

 $a \ i \ u \ \mid \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{\varsigma} \ | \ \delta \ s \ \dot{\varsigma} \ (bc) \ f \ \dot{\varsigma} \ | \ \dot{\varsigma} \ \dot{\varsigma$ 

<sup>\*2.</sup> O ye people! fear your Lord, Who ercated you from a single **being** and ereated therefrom its mate, and from **the two** spread many men and women; and fear Allāh, in Whose name you appeal to one another, and *fear Him particularly respecting* ties of relationship. Verily, Allāh watches over you.

<sup>\*4.</sup> And if you fear that you, *the society*, may fail to do justice in matters concerning orphans in *the aftermath of war* then marry women of your choice two or three or four. And if you fear you will not deal justly, then *marry only* one or what your right hands possess. That is the nearest *way* for you to avoid injustice.

5. And give the women their dowries willingly. But if they, of their own pleasure, remit to you a part thereof, then enjoy it as something pleasant and wholesome.

- \*6. And give not to the foolish your property which Allāh has made for you a means of support; but feed them therewith and clothe them and speak to them words of kind advice.
- \*7. And prove the orphans until they attain *the age of* marriage; then, if you find in them sound judgment, deliver to them their property; and devour it not in extravagance and haste against their growing up. And whoso is rich, let him abstain; and whoso is poor, let him eat *thereof* with equity. And when you deliver to them their property, then call witnesses in their presence. And Allāh is sufficient as a Reckoner.

8. For men is a share of that which parents and near relations leave;

وَ أَتُوا النِّسَاءَ صَدُقْتِهِ فَ نِحْلَةً -فَانْ طِبْنَ لَكُمْ عَنْ شَيْءِ مَّنْهُ نَفْسًا نَڪُلُوْهُ هَنِيَ<sup>ع</sup>ًا هَرِيَّا © وَلا تُؤْتُه االسُّفَهَ ] ءَامَهُ الْحُمُ الَّتِي حَعَلَ اللهُ آكُمْ قَلْمًا وَّا إِذْ قُوْهُمْ فَبْهَا وَ اكْسُوْهُمْ وَقُوْلُوْا لَهُمْ قَوْلًا مَّعْرُوْفًا 🕞 وَابْتَلُواالْيَتْلِى حَتَّى إِذَا بَلَغُوا النِّكَاحَ، فَانَ أَنَسْتُمْ مَّنْهُمْ رُشْرًا فَادْفَعُوْا إلَيْهِمْ أَمْوَالَهُمْ وَلَا تَأْكُلُوْهَا إِسْرَافًا وَّ بِدَادًا أَنْ تَحْبَرُوْا ، وَ مَنْ كَانَ غَنِيًّا فَلْيَسْتَعْفِفْ، وَمَنْ كَانَ فَقِيرًا فَلْيَاكُلْ بِالْمَعْرُوْفِ فَإِذَا دَفَعْتُمْ إليهم أشوالهم فأشهدوا عليهم وَكَفَى بِاللَّهِ حَسِيْبًا۞ لِلرِّجَالِ نَصِنْتُ مِّمَّا تَرَكَ الْوَالِدُن

\*6. Do not hand over the charge of property belonging to you which Allāh has made for you as a means of support, to those who are mentally incapable of managing it properly. So feed them therewith and clothe them properly and speak kindly to them.

Note: Here the society is addressed as a whole while the property in question is not national property but belongs to the orphans whose number grows exceedingly large during wars. Obviously a considerable part of national wealth will be involved in such exceptional circumstances. If a nation as a whole does not take care of such property and leaves it entirely to the care of children, inexperienced and incapable of handling their wealth sensibly, this is bound to adversely influence the entire national economy. To resolve this problem the nation is addressed as a whole and made responsible for the proper care of the property in question as if it belonged to them. It does not mean, however, that such orphans will be disinherited or dispossessed of their individual rights permanently. The following verse and the verse 11 make the real import of this verse abundantly clear.

\*7. And test the understanding of the orphans until they attain the age of marriage;

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \exists \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ (106)$  (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

and for women is a share of that which parents and near relations leave, whether it be little or much—a determined share.

9. And when *other* relations and orphans and the poor are present at the division *of heritage*, give them *something* therefrom and speak to them words of kindness.

10. And let those fear *God* who, if they should leave behind them their own weak offspring, would be anxious for them. Let them, therefore, fear Allāh and let them say the right word.

11. Surely, they who devour the property of orphans unjustly, only swallow fire into their bellies, and they shall burn in a blazing fire.

# R. 2.

12. Allah commands you concerning vour children; a male shall have as much as the share of two females; but if there be females only. numbering more than two, then they shall have two-thirds of what the *deceased* leaves: and if there be one, she shall have the half. And his parents shall have each of them a sixth of the inheritance, if he have a child; but if he have no child and his parents be his heirs, then his mother shall have a third: and if he have brothers and sisters, then his mother shall have a sixth, after the payment of any bequests he may have وَ الْا قُرْبُهْنِ مِ وَ لِلنِّسَاءِ نَصِيْبَ بِمَّا تَرَكَ الْوَالِدْنِ وَالْأَقْرَبُوْنَ مِمَّا قَلَّ مِنْهُ أَوْكَثُرُ نَصِيْبًا مَّفْرُوْضًا ( وَ إِذَا حَضَرَ الْقَسْمَةَ أُولُوا الْقُرْلِي وَ الْيَتْلِي وَالْمَسْكِنْ فَازْ زُقُوْهُمْ مِّنْهُ وَقُوْلُوْا لَهُمْ قَوْلًا مَّعْرُوْ فَّا () وَلْيَخْشَ الَّذِيْنَ لَوْتَرَكُوْا مِنْ خَلْفِهِمْ ذُرِّيَّةً ضِعفًا خَافُوْا عَلَيْهِمْ م فَلْيَتَّقُوا الله وَلْيَقُوْلُوْا قَوْلًا سَدِيدًا ات المَّذِينَ بَاكُلُوْنَ آمَوَالَ الْيَتْلِي ظُلْمًا إِنَّمَا يَأْكُلُوْنَ فِي بُطُوْنِهِمْ نَارًا ﴿ وَ سَتَصْلَوْنَ سَعِيْرًا أَ يُوْصِيْكُمُ اللهُ فِيْ آوْلَا حِكْمَ اللَّكَرِ مِثْلُ حَظِّ الْأُنْثَيَيْنِ ، فَإِنْ كُنَّ بِسَاءً

نِعْنَى حَبِّ ( تَعَيَيْنِ ) حَوْلَ مَنْ يَعْنَا مَ فَوْقَ اثْنَتَيْنِ فَلَهُنَّ ثُلُثَا مَاتَرَكَ • وَإِنْ كَانَتْ وَاحِدَةً فَلَهَا النِّصْفُ - وَلاَ بَوَيْهِ لِكُلِّ وَاحِدٍ مِنْهُمَا السُّدُسُ مِمَّاتَرَكَ اِنْ كَانَ لَهُ وَلَدً • فَإِنْ تَمْ يَحُنْ لَهُ وَلَدًوَّ وَرِثَهَ آبَوْهُ فَلاُ مِّهِ السُّدُسُ مِنْ بَعْدِ وَصِيَّةٍ يُوْحِيْ بِهَآ آوْدَيْنِ - أَبَاؤُ حُمْ

ے ۳ bequeathed or of debt. Your fathers and your children, you know not which of them is nearest to you in benefit. *This* fixing *of portions* is from Allāh. Surely, Allāh is All-Knowing, Wise.

13. And you shall have half of that which your wives leave, if they have no child; but if they have a child, then you shall have a fourth of that which they leave, after the payment of any bequests they may have bequeathed or of debt. And they shall have a fourth of that which you leave, if you have no child; but if you have a child, then they shall have an eighth of that which you leave, after the payment of any bequests you may have bequeathed or of debt. And if there be a man or a woman whose heritage is to be divided and he or she has neither parent nor child, and he or she has a brother or a sister, then

\*each one of them shall have a sixth. But if they be more than that, then they shall be *equal* sharers in onethird, after *the payment of* any bequests which may have been bequeathed or of debt, without prejudice *to the debt. This is* an injunction from Allāh, and Allāh is All-Knowing, Forbearing.

14. These are the limits *set* by Allāh; and whoso obeys Allāh and His Messenger, He will make him

وَ ٱبْنَا أُحُمْ لَا تَدْدُوْنَ آَيُّهُمْ آقْرَبُ لَكُمْ نَفْعًا ٤ فَرِيْضَةً مِّنَ اللهِ ١ إِنَّ اللهَ كَانَ عَلِيمًا حَجِيْمًا ؟

وَ لَكُمْ نَصْفُ مَا تَرَكَ ٱزْوَاحُكُمْ اِنْ لَّمْ يَكُنْ لَّهُنَّ وَلَدً ، فَإِنْ كَانَ لَهُنَّ وَلَدَ فَلَكُمُ الرُّبُعُ مِمَّا تَرَكْنَ مِنْ بَعْدِ وَصِيَّةٍ يُوْصِيْنَ بِهَآ اَوْ دَيْنٍ وَ لَهُنَّ الرُّنُعُ مِمَّا تَرَكْتُمُ إِنْ لَمْ يَكُنْ لَكُمْ وَلَدً إِذَانَ كَانَ آَجُمْ وَلَدَّ فَلَهُنَّ الشَّمُنُ مِمّا تَرَكْتُمْ مِّنْ بَعْدٍ وَصِيّةٍ تُوْصُوْن بِهَآ اَوْ دَيْنٍ ، وَ إِنْ كَانَ رَجُلٌ يُّوْرَثُ كَلْلَةً أو اسْرَاةً وَّ لَهُ أَخْ أَوْ أُخْتُ فَلِحُلّ وَاحِدٍ مِّنْهُمَا الشّدُسُ ، فَإِنْ كَانُوْٓا آكْثَرَ مِنْ ذٰلِكَ فَهُمْ شُرَكَٓاءُ ف الثُّلُبْ مِنْ بَعْدٍ وَصِيَّةٍ يُّوْصِ بِهَآ اَوْ دَيْنِ الْغَيْرَ مُضَارً ، وَصِيَّةً مِّنَ الله ، وَ اللهُ عَلِيْمُ حَلِيْمُ شَ

تِلْكَ حُدُوْدُ اللهِ < وَمَنْ يُطِعِ اللهُ وَ رَسُوْلَهُ يُدْخِلْهُ جَنَّتٍ تَجْرِيْ مِنْ

enter Gardens through which streams flow; therein shall they abide; and that is a great triumph.

15. And whoso disobeys Allāh and His Messenger and transgresses His limits, He will make him enter into Fire; therein shall he abide; and he shall have an humiliating rpunishment.

R. 3.

16. And those of your women who are guilty of lewdness—call to witness four of you against them; and if they bear witness, then confine them to the houses until death overtake them or Allāh open for them a way.

17. And if two men from among you are guilty of it, punish them both. And if they repent and amend, then leave them alone; surely, Allāh is Oft-Returning *with compassion and is* Merciful.

18. Verily, Allāh undertakes to accept the repentance of only those who do evil ignorantly and then repent soon after. These are they to whom Allāh turns with mercy; and Allāh is All-Knowing, Wise.

19. There is no *acceptance of* repentance for those who *continue to* do evil until, when death faces one of them, he says, 'I do repent now;' nor for those who die disbelievers. It is these for whom We have prepared a painful punishment.

تحتِهَا الْاَنْهُرُ خَلِدِيْنَ فِيْهَا ، وَ ذَلِكَ الْفَوْزُ الْحَظِيمُ وَ مَنْ تَحْصِ اللهَ وَ رَسُوْلَهُ وَ يَتَعَدَّ حُدُوْدَة يُدْخِلْهُ نَارًا خَالِدًا فِيْهَا وَلَهْ عَذَابَ شُهِيْنَ أَ

وَالَّتِيْ يَأْتِيْنَ الْفَاحِشَةَ مِنْ نِّسَائِكُمْ فَاسْتَشْهِدُوْا عَلَيْهِنَّ آرْبَعَةً مِّنْكُمْ، فَإِنْ شَهِدُوْا فَآمْسِكُوْهُنَّ فِي الْبُيُوْتِ حَتى يَتَوَفَّهُنَّ الْمَوْتُ أَوْ يَجْعَلَ اللهُ لَهُنَّ سَبِيْلًا وَاتَّذْنِ يَأْتِلِيْهَا مِنْكُمْ فَاذُوْهُمَا، فَإِنْ تَابًا وَ ٱصْلَحًا فَٱعْرِضُوْاعَنْهُمَاء ان الله كَان تَوَابًا رَحِيْمًا إِنَّهَا التَّوْبَةُ عَلَى اللهِ لِلَّذِينَ بَعْمَلُوْنَ السُّوَّء بِجَهَالَةٍ ثُمَّرَيَتُوْبُوْنَ مِنْ قَرِيْبٍ فَأُولَبِّكَ يَتُوْبُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَكَانَ اللهُ عَلْمُ مَا حَكْمُهَا ( وَ لَيْسَتِ التَّوْبَةُ لِلَّذَيْنَ يَعْمَلُوْنَ السَّيّاتِ ، حَتَّى إِذَا حَضَرَ أَحَدَهُمُ الْمَوْتُ قَالَ إِنِّيْ تُبْتُ الْئِنَ وَلَا الَّذِينَ بَهُوْتُوْنَ وَهُمْ كُفَّازُ ﴿ أُوَلَّئُكَ أَعْتَدْنَا لَهُمْ عَذَابًا ٱلْنُمَّا ()

20. O ye who believe! it is not lawful for you to inherit women against their will; nor should you detain them wrongfully that you may take away part of that which you have given them, except that they be guilty of a flagrant evil; and consort with them in kindness; and if you dislike them, it may be that you dislike a thing wherein Allāh has placed much good.

21. And if you desire to take one wife in place of another and you have given one of them a treasure, take not aught therefrom. Will you take it by lying and with manifest sinfulness?

22. And how can you take it when one of you has been alone with the other, and they (the women) have taken from you a strong covenant?

23. And marry not those women whom your fathers married, except what has already passed. It is a thing foul and hateful and an evil way.

# R. 4.

24. Forbidden to you are your mothers, and your daughters, and your sisters, and your fathers' sisters, and your mothers' sisters, and brother's daughters, and sister's daughters, and your *foster*-mothers that have given you suck, and your

يَاَيَّهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا لَا يَجِلُّ لَكُمْ أَنْ تَرِثُواالنِّسَاءَ كَرْهَا ، وَكَاتَحْضُلُوْهُنَّ لِتَذْهَبُوْابِبَعْضِ مَآ أتَيْتُمُوْهُنَّ إِلَّا أَنْ ؾٛٵٛڗؚؽڹؠڣؘٳ*ڿۺؘڐٟ*ؗۺؙڹؾ۪ڹڐٟۥۘۅؘٵۺۯۉۿؾ بِالْمَعْرُوْفِ، فَإِنْ كَرِهْتُمُوْهُنَّ فَعَسَى اَنْ تَكْرَهُوْا شَيْئًا وَّ يَجْعَلَ اللهُ فِيْهِ خَيْرًا كَتْيُرًا () وَ إِنْ أَرَدْ تُمُ اسْتِبْدَالَ زَوْجٍ مَّكَان تَاخُذُوْا مِنْهُ شَيْئًا ﴿ ٱتَاخُذُوْنَهُ بُهْتَانًا وَّ إِثْمًا مَّبِيْنًا ۞ وَكَمْفَ تَاخُذُوْنَهُ وَقَدْ آفْضَى بَعْضُكُمْ إلى بَعْضٍ وَّ أَخَذْنَ مِنْكُمْ مِّيْثَاقًا غَلِبْظَ وَلَا تَنْكِحُوْا مَا نَكَحَ أَكَأَؤُكُمْ مِّنَ النِّسَاءِ إِلَّا مَا قَدْ سَلَفَ د إِنَّهُ كَانَ ± € فَاحِشَةً وَّ مَقْتًا ، وَسَاءَ سَبِيُلًا شَ حُرَّمتْ عَلَيْكُمْ أُمَّلْ تُحُمْ وَ بَنْتُكُمْ <u>ۅ</u>ؘٲڂؘۏؾؙڪؙۿڔۊۼؗؗؗؿؙػؙۿڔۊڂڶؾؙۘؗڪؙۿڔۊؠؘڶؾۘ الْأَجْ وَبَنْتُ الْأُخْتِ وَ أُمَّ لِمُتُكُمُ الَّجِيَ ٱ (ضَعْنَكُمْ وَ أَخَوْ تُكُمْ مِّنَ الرَّضَاعَةِ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ (h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ z \ \dot{s} \ (h \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ ch \ \dot{s} \ (h \ \dot{s} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ ) \ \dot{s} \ (h \ \dot{s} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ ) \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s} \ (h \ \dot{s} \ ) \ \dot{s} \ \dot{$ 

#### وَالْمُخْصَنْتُ A - 5 Part

foster-sisters, and the mothers of wives, and your stepvour daughters, who are your wards by your wives unto whom you have gone in-but if you have not gone in unto them, there shall be no sin upon vou-and the wives of vour sons that are from your loins; and it is forbidden to you to have two sisters together in marriage, except what has already passed; surely, Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

5

25. And *forbidden to you are* married women, except such as your right hands possess. This has Allah enjoined on you. And allowed to you are those beyond that, that you seek them by means of your property, marrying them properly and not committing fornication. And for the benefit you receive from them, give them their dowries, as fixed, and there shall be no sin for you in anything you mutually agree upon, after the fixing of the dowry. Surely, Allah is All-Knowing, Wise.

26. And whoso of you cannot afford to marry free, believing women, let him marry what your right hands possess, namely, your believing handmaids. And Allah knows your faith best; you are all one from another; so marry them with the leave of their masters and give them their dowries according to what is fair, they being chaste, not committing fornication, nor taking

وَ أُمَّهْتُ نِسَاءِكُمْ وَ رَبّائِيُكُمُ الَّتِيْ فِيْ حُجُوْرِكُمْ مِّنْ نِسَائِكُمُ الْتِيْ دَخَلْتُمْ بِهِنَّ رَ فَإِنْ لَّمْ تَكُوْنُوْا دَخَلْتُمْ بِهِنَّ فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ دَوَ حَلَّا بُلُ ٱبْنَائِكُمُ الَّذِيْنَ مِنْ اَصْلَابِكُمْ اوَّانْ تَجْمَعُوْا بَيْنَ الْأُخْتَيْنِ إِلَّا مَا قَدْ سَلَفَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ غَفُوْرًا رَّحِيْمًا ﴿ وَّالْمُحْصَنْتُ مِنَ النِّسَاءِ اِلَّا مَا <sup>بَ</sup> مَلَكَتْ آيْمَا نُكُمْ جِتْبَ اللهِ عَلَيْكُمْ وَ أَحِلَّ لَكُمْ مَّا وَرَآءَ ذَلِكُمْ أَنْ تَبْتَغُوْا بِأَمْوَالِكُمْ مُّحْصِنِيْنَ غَيْرَ مُسَافِحِيْنَ فَمَااسْتَمْتَعْتُمْ بِمِعِنْهُنَ فَاتُوْهُنَّ أَجُوْرَهُنَّ فَرِيْضَةً وَلا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ فِيْمَا تَرَاضَيْتُمْ بِهِ مِنْ بَعْدِ الْفَرِيْضَةِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَلِيْمًا حَكِيْمًا وَ مَنْ تَّمْرِيَسْتَطِعْ مِنْكُمْ طَوْلًا أَنْ يَنْكِحَ الْمُحْصَنْتِ الْمُؤْمِنْتِ فَحِنْ مَّا مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَا نُكُمْ مِّنْ فَتَلِبْكُمُ الْمُؤْمِنْتِ وَاللهُ أَعْلَمُ بِإِيْمَانِكُمْ ا بَعْضُكُمْ مِّنْ بَعْضٍ ، فَانْكِحُوْهُنَّ بِبِإِذْنِ أَهْلِهِنَّ وَاتُوْهُنَّ أَجُوْرَهُنَّ

ء : ا ق q ا غ kh خ ا ظ z | ط t | ض ل حرانا من ع ا ذ h h / ا kh خ ا h / ا أ ث أ ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا م (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

#### وَالْمُحْصَنْتُ Part 5 - 6

secret paramours. And if, after they are married, they are guilty of lewdness, they shall have half the punishment prescribed for free women. This is for him among you who fears lest he should commit sin. And that you restrain yourselves is better for you; and Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

# R. 5.

27. Allāh desires to make clear to you, and guide you to, the paths of those before you, and to turn to you in mercy. And Allāh is All-Knowing, Wise.

28. And Allāh wishes to turn to you in mercy, but those who follow *their* low desires wish that you should stray far away.

29. Allāh desires to lighten your burden, for man has been created weak.

30. O ye who believe! devour not your property among yourselves by unlawful means, except that *you earn* by trade with mutual consent. And kill not yourselves. Surely, Allāh is Merciful to you.

31. And whosoever does that by way of transgression and injustice, We shall cast him into Fire; and that is easy with Allāh.

بالمعروف محصنت غير مسفحت وَّلَا مُتَّخِذْتِ اَخْدَانٍ \* فَإِذَا أُحْصِنَّ فَإِنْ ٱ تَيْنَ بِفَاحِشَةٍ فَحَلَيْهِنَّ نِصْفُ مَا عَلَى الْمُحْصَنْتِ مِنَ الْعَذَابِ وَلِكَ لِمَنْ خَشِيَ الْعَنَتَ مِنْكُمْ . وَأَنْ تَصْبِرُوْا . چ خَيْرُ لَّكُمْ وَاللهُ غَفُوْرُ رَّحِنْمُ شَ يُرِيدُ اللهُ لِيُبَيِّنَ لَكُمْ وَيَهْدِيَكُمْ سُنَى اللَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ وَيَتُوْبَ عَلَيْكُمْ دَوَاللهُ عَلَيْمُ حَكِيْمُ ݸ**ﺍﯨ**ដﻪ ﺋﯩﺮ ﺋﯩﺪ ﺋﺎﻥ ﺗﯩﺘﯘ ﺑ ﻏﯩﻠﯩﯩﯩﺪ ﯞ ﺋﯩﺮ ﺋﯩﺪ الَّذِيْنَ يَتَّبِعُوْنَ الشَّهَوْتِ أَنْ تَمِيْلُوْا مَثْلًا عَظْنُمًا يُرِيْدُاللهُ أَنْ يُخَفِّفَ عَنْكُمْ، وَخُلِقَ الانسان ضعيفًا لَاَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا لَا تَاكُلُوْا ٱمْوَالَكُمْ بَيْنَكُمْ بِالْبَاطِلِ إِلَّا ٱنْ تَكُوْنَ يَجَارَةً عَنْ تَرَاضٍ مِّنْ حُمْرِ اللَّهِ تَقْتُلُوْا أَنْفُسَكُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ بِكُمْ **آحثمًا** وَمَنْ يَفْعَلْ ذَلِكَ عُدْوَانًا وَّ ظُلْمًا فَسَوْفَ نُصْلِنه بَارًا وَكَانَ ذَلِكَ عَلَى

الله تسيرًا (

 $a i u + | th \rightarrow | h \neg | kh \rightarrow | dh \rightarrow | 2$  (See details of transilieration on page 'p').

#### وَالْمُخْصَنْتُ Part 5 - 6

32. If you keep away from the more grievous of the things which are forbidden you, We will remove from you your *minor* evils and admit you to a place of great honour.

33. And covet not that whereby Allāh has made some of you excel others. Men shall have a share of that which they have earned, and women a share of that which they have earned. And ask Allāh of His bounty. Surely, Allāh has perfect knowledge of all things.

34. And to every one We have appointed heirs to what the parents and the relations leave, and *also* those with whom your oaths have ratified a contract. So give them their portion. Surely, Allāh watches over all things.

### R. 6.

35. Men are guardians over women because Allah has made some of them excel others, and because they (men) spend of their wealth. So virtuous women are those who are obedient, and guard the secrets of their husbands with Allah's protection. And as for those on whose part you fear disobedience, admonish them and leave them alone in their beds, and chastise them. Then if they obey you, seek not a way against them. Surely, Allah is High, Great.

اِنْ تَجْتَنِبُوْا كَبَرُّرَ مَا تُنْهَوْتَ عَنْهُ نُحَفِّرْ عَنْكُمْ سَيِّاتِكُمْ وَ نُدْخِلْكُمْ تُمُدْخَلًا كَرِيْمَا وَكَا تَتَمَنَّوْا مَا فَضَّلَ اللَّهُ بِه بَعْضَكُمْ عَلَى بَعْضٍ ولِلزِّجَالِ نَصِيْبَ مِتَّا اَحْتَسَبُوْا وَ وَلِلزِّسَاءِ نَصِيْبَ مِتَّا اَحْتَسَبُوا وَ وَلَكَلِ شَيْءٍ عَلِيْمًا الْوَالِدِنِ وَالْاقْرَبُوْنَ وَ الَّذِينَ عَقَدَتْ الْوَالِدِنِ وَالْاقْرَبُوْنَ وَ الَّذِينَ عَقَدَتْ

ٱلرِّجَالُ قَوَّامُوْنَ عَلَى النِّسَآءِ بِمَا فَضَّلَ اللَّهُ بَعْضَهُمْ عَلَى بَعْضٍ وَّ بِمَآ ٱنْفَقُوْا مِنْ آمُوَالِهِمْ فَالصَّلِحْتُ قَنِبْتَ خَفِظْتَ لَيْلَغَيْبِ بِمَا حَفِظَ اللَّهُ وَاللَّتِيْ تَخَافُوْنَ نُشُوْذَهُ تَ فَعِظُوْهُ تَ وَاهْجُرُوْهُ تَ فِي الْمَضَاجِعِ وَ اضْرِبُوْهُ تَ وَاهْجُرُوْهُ تَ فَانَ اطَعْنَكُمْ فَلَا تَبْغُوْا عَلَيْهِنَ سَبِيلًا انْ اللَّهُ كَانَ عَلِيًّا حَبِيْرًا @

ڲ

\*36. And if you fear a breach between them, then appoint an arbiter from his folk and an arbiter from her folk. If they (the arbiters) desire reconciliation, Allāh will effect it between them. Surely, Allāh is All-Knowing, All-Aware.

37. And worship Allāh and associate naught with Him, and *show* kindness to parents, and to kindred, and orphans, and the needy, and to the neighbour that is a kinsman and the neighbour that is a stranger, and the companion by *your* side, and the wayfarer, and those whom your right hands possess. Surely, Allāh loves not the proud *and* the boastful,

38. Who are niggardly and enjoin people to be niggardly, and conceal that which Allāh has given them of His bounty. And We have prepared for the disbelievers an humiliating punishment,

39. And for those who spend their wealth to be seen of men, and believe not in Allāh nor the Last Day. And whoso has Satan for his companion, *let him remember that* an evil companion is he.

وَ إِنْ خِفْتُمْ شِعَاقَ بَيْنِهِمَا فَابْحَثُوْا حَكَمًا مِّنْ أَهْلِهِ وَحَكَمًا مِّنْ أَهْلِهَا، ڔڬ<sup></sup>ؾؙڔؽۮٙٳڞڵٳڂٵؾؙۏڣٚۊٳٮڷ۬ؗؗ؋ڹؽٮؘؘؽۿػٳ؞ إِنَّ اللَّهُ كَانَ عَلِيْمًا خَبِيْرًا وَ اعْبُدُوا اللهَ وَلَا تُشْرِكُوْا بِهِ شَيْئًا وَّ بِالْوَالِدَيْنِ اِحْسَانًا وَّبِذِي الْقُرْلِي وَ الْيَتْلَى وَ الْمَسْكِيْنِ وَ الْجَارِ ذِي الْقُرْبِي وَالْجَادِ الْجُنُبِ وَ الصَّاحِبِ بالْجَنُّب وَ ابْنِ السَّبِيْلِ وَمَا مَلَكَتْ ٱبْمَانُكُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا بُحِتُ مَرِ بَكَانَ مُخْتَالًا فَخُوْرَا الَّذِبْ بَدْخَلُهْ وَكَامُرُوْنَ النَّاسَ بِالْبُخْلِ وَيَكْتُمُوْتَ مَا اللهُ اللهُ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ ﴿ وَ اَعْتَدْنَا لِلْكُفِرِيْنَ عَذَابًا مُّهِيْنًا أُ وَ الَّذِينَ يُنْفِقُوْنَ آمُوَالَهُمْ رِئّاءَ النَّاسِ وَلَا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِاللهِ وَ لَا بِالْيَوْمِ الْأَخِرِ -وَ مَنْ يَكُنِ الشَّيْطُنُ لَهُ قَرِيْنًا فَسَاء قرينًا

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ \tau & | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} & | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} & | \ dh$ 

<sup>\* 36.</sup> And if you fear a breach between them, then appoint an arbiter from his folk and an arbiter from her folk. If they desire reconciliation, Allāh will effect it between them. Surely, Allāh is All-Knowing, All-Aware.

Note: We consider the word "the arbiters" unnecessary because the pronoun 'they' may also refer to the parties concerned.

40. And what *harm* would have befallen them, if they had believed in Allāh and the Last Day and spent out of what Allāh has given them? And Allāh knows them full well.

41. Surely, Allāh wrongs not *any one even* by the weight of an atom. And if there be a good deed, He multiplies it and gives from Himself a great reward.

42. And how *will it fare with them* when We shall bring a witness from every people, and shall bring thee as a witness against these!

43. On that day those who disbelieved and disobeyed the Messenger will wish that the earth were made level with them, and they shall not *be able to* conceal anything from Allāh.

R. 7.

\*44. O ye who believe! approach not Prayer when you are not in *full* possession of your senses, until you know what you say, nor when you are unclean, except when you are travelling along a way, until you have bathed. And if you are ill or *\*you are* on a journey *while unclean*, or *if* one of you comes from the privy or you have touched women and you find no water, then betake yourselves to pure dust and wipe

وماذاعكيه فركؤ أمتنوا باللووا أيتؤم
الأخرو أنفقوا متمادذقهم اللهدوكان
اللهُ بِهِمْ عَلِيْمًا ۞
إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَظْلِمُ مِثْقَالَ ذَرَّةٍ ، وَ إِنْ تَلْتُ
حَسَنَةً يُضْعِفْهَا وَ يُؤْتِ مِنْ لَّدُنْهُ ٱجْرًا
عَظِيْمًا@
فؘڲؽڣٙٳۮؘٳڿؚٮٛٛڹؘٳڡؚڽٛؗڝۘۢڵؚٱؗمۜڐؙٟۑؚۺؘۿۣؽڒٟ
ۊؚۜڿؚٮؙٛڹؘٳۑػؘؘۛۜۼؙؙۜؗؗؗؗڡۿۊؙڵٳٙۦؚۺؘۿؚؽڋٳ۞
يَوْمَئِذٍ يَوَدُ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا وَ عَصَوُا
الرَّسُوْلُ لَوْتُسَوَّى بِهِمُ الْآدْضُ
وَلَا يَكْتُمُوْنَ اللهَ حَدِيَّةًا ٢

يَاكَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا لَا تَقْرَبُوا الصَّلُوةَ وَاَنْتُمْ سُكَارِ حَتَّى تَعْلَمُوْا مَا تَقُوْلُوْنَ وَلَا جُنُبًا إِلَّا عَابِرِيْ سَبِيْلٍ حَتَّى تَغْتَسِلُوْا وَ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مَّرْضَى اوْ عَلى سَفَرٍ أَوْ جَاءَ اَحَدًّ مِّنْ حُمْ مِّن الْغَائِطِ أَوْ لْمَسْتُمُ النِّسَاءَ فَلَمْ تَجِدُوْا مَاءً فَتَيَمَّمُوْا صَعِيْ دَاطَيِّ بَافَامْسَحُوْا

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ \tau | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau}$ 

<sup>\*44.</sup> O ye who believe! approach not Prayer while you are mentally dazed till you clearly know what you say, nor when you are unclean,

Note: The expression "unclean" is questionable. The Arabic word *junuban* (بغنی) is applicable to a person after intercourse or after ejaculation even without intercourse. In such cases having a bath is essential before offering Prayers.

therewith your faces and your hands. Surely, Allāh is Most Indulgent, Most Forgiving.

45. Dost thou not know of those who were given a portion of the Book? They buy error and desire that you *too* may lose the way.

46. And Allāh knows your enemies full well. And sufficient is Allāh as a Friend, and sufficient is Allāh as a Helper.

\*47. There are some among the Jews who pervert words from their *proper* places. And they say, 'We hear and we disobey,' and 'hear *thou* without being heard,' and 'Rā'inā,' screening with their tongues *what is in their minds* and *seeking* to injure the Faith. And if they had said, 'We hear and we obey,' and 'hear *thou*,' and 'Unzurnā,' it would have been better for them and more upright. But Allāh has cursed them for their disbelief; so they believe but little. بۇجۇھىكم وآيدىكم ات الله كان عَفُوًّا غَفُوْرًا ٢ ٱلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِيْنَ ٱوْتُوْا نَصِيْبًا مِّنَ الْكِتْبِ يَشْتَرُوْنَ الضَّلْلَةَ وَيُرِيدُوْنَ ٱڹ<sup></sup>ؾۻؚڵُۅٵڶۺٙؠؽڵؘ۞ وَاللَّهُ ٱعْلَمُ بِٱعْدَآئِكُمْ وَتَغْى بِاللَّهِ <u>ۅؘڸ</u>ؾٞٵ؞۬ۊۜڲڣ۬ۑڹٮڵۅڹڝؽڔٞٵ۞ مِنَ الَّذِيْنَ هَادُوْا يُحَرِّفُوْنَ الْكَلِمَ عَنْ مَّوَاضِعِهِ وَيَقُوْلُوْنَ سَمِعْنَا وَ عَصَبْنَا وَ اسْمَعْ غَيْرَ مُسْمَعٍ وَّ دَاعِنَا لَيًّا ؠٱڵڛڹؘؾؚۿؗؗؗؗۯۅؘڟؘۼڹٞٵڣٵڹڐؽڹۦۯڶۉٱنؖۿۄ قَالُوْا سَمِعْنَادَ اَطَعْنَادَ اسْمَعْ وَانْظُرْنَا ؖؖ<u>ڮ</u>ؘٵؿڂؽڔۧٳڷٞۿۿۊؘٲڨۊؘڡٙڔ؞ۊڶڮؚڽٛڷؘۼڹٞۿ اللهُ بِكُفْرِهِمْ فَلَا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ إِلَّا قَلِيْلًا ﴾

Again they uttered the word  $r\bar{a}$  'in $\bar{a}$  (زاعِتَن) with a twist of tongue to make it sound half way between  $r\bar{a}$  'in $\bar{a}$  (زاعِتَن).  $R\bar{a}$  'in $\bar{a}$  (زاعِتَن) means be lenient to us while  $r\bar{a}$  'in $\bar{a}$  (زاعِتَن) means 'O our tender of sheep.' This again was an attempt to insult the Holy Prophet (may peace and blessings of Allāh be upon him) under the cover of pronunciation. \*48. O ye People of the Book! believe in what We have sent down, fulfilling that which is with you, before We destroy *some of* the leaders and turn them on their backs or curse them as We cursed the People of the Sabbath. And the decree of Allāh is *bound* to be carried out.

49. Surely, Allāh will not forgive that any partner be associated with Him; but He will forgive whatever is short of that to whomsoever He pleases. And whoso associates partners with Allāh has indeed devised a very great sin.

50. Dost thou not know of those who hold themselves to be pure? Nay, it is Allāh Who purifies whomsoever He pleases, and they will not be wronged a whit.

51. Behold, how they forge a lie against Allāh! And sufficient is that as a manifest sin.

#### R. 8.

52. Dost thou not know of those who were given a portion of the Book? They believe in evil things and *follow* those who transgress, and they say of the disbelievers, 'These are better guided in religion than those who believe.'

53. They it is whom Allāh has cursed; and he whom Allāh curses, thou shalt not find for him a helper. ؾَۜٱؾُّهَا الَّذِينَ ٱوْتُوا الْكِتْبَ أَمِنُوْا بِمَا نَزَّ لَنَا مُصَرِّقًا لِّمَامَحَ حُمْتِنْ قَبْلِ آنْ نَّطْمِسَ وُجُوْهًا فَنَرُدَّهَا عَلَى آدْبَارِهَ آوْ نَكْنَ مَمُو حَمَا لَحَنَّ آصْحْبَ السَّبْتِ وَ وَكَانَ آمُرُ اللَّهِ مَفْحُوْلًا ۞ مَادُوْنَ ذٰلِكَ لِمَنْ يَشَاعُ وَمَنْ يُشْرِكَ بِاللَّهِ فَقَدِ افْتَرَى اِثْمًا عَظِيْمًا ۞

ٱلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِيْنَ يُزَحُّوْنَ ٱنْفُسَهُمْ بَلِ اللَّهُ يُزَحِّيْ مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَلَا يُظْلَمُوْنَ فَتَذَكُرُ كَيْفَ يَفْتَرُوْنَ عَلَى اللَّهِ الْكَذِبَ ٱنْظُرْكَيْفَ يَفْتَرُوْنَ عَلَى اللَّهِ الْكَذِبَ وَكَفَى بِهَ إِثْمَا شَبِيْنَا ۞ ٱلمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِيْنَ ٱوْتُوْا نَصِيْبًا مِّنَ وَيَقُوْلُوْنَ لِلَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا هَؤُلَاءِ آهْدى مِنَ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا سَبِيْ لَا ۞ اوْلَبْ كَ الَّذِيْنَ لَعَنَهُمُ اللَّهُ \* وَ مَنْ يَلْعَنِ اللَّهُ فَلَنْ تَجِدَلَهُ نَصِيْرًا ﴿

 $a i u + | th \stackrel{\frown}{=} h \stackrel{\frown}{=} | h \stackrel{\frown}{$ 

<sup>\*48.</sup> O ye People of the Book! Believe in what We have sent down, fulfilling that which is with you, before We inflict humiliation upon some of your leaders causing them to turn their backs and take to their heels, or curse them as We cursed the People of the Sabbath. And the decree of Allāh is *bound* to be carried out.

54. Have they a share in the kingdom? Then would they not give men even so much as the little hollow in the back of a date-stone. 55. Or do they envy men for what Allah has given them out of His bounty? If that is so, surely, We gave the Book and Wisdom to the children of Abraham also and We also gave them a great kingdom.

56. And of them were some who believed in him; and of them were others who turned away from him. And sufficient is Hell as a blazing fire.

57. Those who disbelieve in Our Signs, We shall soon cause them to enter Fire. As often as their skins are burnt up, We shall give them in exchange other skins that they may taste the punishment. Surely, Allāh is Mighty, Wise.

58. And those who believe and do good works. We shall make them enter Gardens through which streams \*flow, to abide therein for ever; therein shall they have pure spouses; and We shall admit them to a *place* of pleasant and plenteous shade.

59. Verily, Allah commands you to make over the trusts to those entitled to them, and that, when you judge between men, you judge with justice. And surely excellent is that with which Allah admonishes you! Allah is All-Hearing, All-Seeing.

15.	SA Chapter		- Ż
	يْبَ مِّنَ الْمُلْلِ فَإِذًا لَّه	لَهُمْ نَصِ	<b>آ</b> هر
	ى <i>تى نَقِ</i> يْرًا ۞	ۋن النَّا	يۇت
	نَ النَّاسَ عَلَى مَآ الْتَعْهُمُ	يحُسُدُوْ	أهر
	ؚؚؚؚؚؚؚؚ <u>ؚ</u> ؚؚؚؚؚؚؚؚؚؚؚ <u>ؚ</u> ؚ ؚؚؚ <u></u> ؚؚ <u>ؚ</u> ؚؚؚ <u></u>		
	لْحِكْمَةَ وَأَتَيْنَهُمْ شُلْكًا	يتب و ال	ال
		لميمًا @	
	ا اَمَنَ بِهِ وَمِنْهُمْ مَّنْ صَدَّ	شەھرى <i>ت</i> ىن سەر	فَمِ
	ؚ <i>ؚ</i> ؚڿؘۿڹٞۜػؘۺۼؚؽڔٞٵ۞	٦	عَدْ
	نَرُوْابِالِيرَنَاسَوْفَ نُصْلِيْهِمْ	الَّزِيْنَكَفَ	اِتَّ
	<u>ڹۻؚ</u> ڿٙؿڿؙڵۉۮۿۿڔڹڗۜڵڹٝۿۿڔ	ادڪُلُّمَا	نَارً
	رَهَا لِيَذُوْقُوا الْعَذَابَ.	نَوْدًا غَيْ	جُأ
えべ	، عَزِيزًا حَكِيْمًا ٢	اىڭە كَان	اِنَّ
	ننوا وعمِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ		
	رِ جَنَّتٍ تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا		
	دِيْنَ فِيْهَآ ٱبَدًا لِهُمْ فِيْهَآ		
		نِا <del>جُ</del> مُّطَ <del>لً</del>	ٱزْو
	ىرْكُمْرَانْ تُؤَدُّوا الْآمَنْتِ إِلَى	اىللە يام	اِتَ
	اً حَكَمْ تُمْ بَيْنَ النَّاسِ اَنْ	لِهَا" وَ إِذَ	آھ
	فذل الله نعما يعظم		
	، کَانَ سَمِيْعًا بَصِيْرًا @	داِنَّ اللهُ	به

ء : ا ق q ا غ ا ب ا ط ب ا ض ل جور ا ا م ا ب ا ا ف ا ب ا ا ف ا ب ا م ا م ا م ا م ا ا م ا ا ا ا ا ا م ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

ê

\*60. O ye who believe! obey Allāh, and obey *His* Messenger and those who are in authority among you. And if you differ in anything among yourselves, refer it to Allāh and *His* Messenger if you are believers in Allāh and the Last Day. That is best and most commendable in the end.

### R. 9.

61. Dost thou not know of those who pretend that they believe in what has been revealed to thee and what has been revealed before thee? They desire to seek judgment from the rebellious, although they were commanded not to obey them. And Satan desires to lead them far astray.

62. And when it is said to them, 'Come ye to what Allāh has sent down and to *His* Messenger,' thou seest the hypocrites turn away from thee with aversion.

\*63. Then how is it that when an affliction befalls them because of what their hands have sent on

با الَّذْبِرِي أَمَنْهُوْا أَطْبُعُوا اللَّهُ يْعُوا الرَّسُوْلَ وَ أُو لِي الْأَمْرِ مِنْكُمْ ج فَانْ تَنَازَعْتُمْ فِيْ شَيْءٍ فَرُدُّوْ لَا إِلَى اللَّهِ انْ كُنْتُمْ تُؤْم نُہْ نَ بِاللَّهِ وَ الْيَوْمِ الْأَخِرِ ذَلِكَ تَاوثيَّهُ أَ بِمَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْكَ وَمَا أُنْزِلَ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ يُرِيْدُوْنَ أَنْ تَتَحَاكَهُوْا إِلَى الطَّا 0 لَمْنُ أَنْ تُصَدَّهُ ź <u>آرکهٔ تخ</u> 11121 اللَّهُ وَ إِلَى الرَّسُوْلِ رَاَيْ ت الْـمُذ ىَصُدُّوْنَ عَنْكَ صُ فَكَثفَ اذًآ أَصَ قَدَّمَتْ ٱبْدِيْهِمْ ثُمَّرِ جَاءُوْكَ

\*60. O ye who believe! obey Allāh, and obey *IIis* Messenger and those who are in authority over you.

Note: The Arabic construction of the phrase *ūlil amri minkum* (أولى الآني ينتگذ) (who are in authority over you) has not been properly understood by some. Of particular interest is the word (ينگد) which in fact is composed of two prepositions joined together, that is (حوث) and ( $(\tilde{\lambda}_{a}, \omega)$ ) means 'from' and ( $(\tilde{\lambda}_{a}, \omega)$ ) means 'from' and ( $(\tilde{\lambda}_{a}, \omega)$ ) means 'from' and ( $(\tilde{\lambda}_{a}, \omega)$ ) means 'gou.' Literally translating this phrase some translators understand it to mean 'from among yourselves.' That is to say you should obey only that authority which happens to be from among yourselves, meaning Muslim authority alone. In this particular instance the preposition ( $\tilde{\omega}_{a}$ ) only plays a role of linking the preposition ( $\tilde{\lambda}_{a}$ ) in a possessive relationship and the translation should be **'Those who are in authority over you**.', as given above in the alternative translation.

\*63. Then how is it that when an affliction befalls them because of what their hands have sent on before them, they come to thee swearing by Allāh, *saying*, 'We meant nothing but **an act** of kindness and conciliation'?

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ \tau | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau}$ 

before them, they come to thee swearing by Allāh, *saying*, 'We meant nothing but the doing of good and reconciliation?'

64. These are they, the secrets of whose hearts Allāh knows well. So turn away from them and admonish them and speak to them an effective word concerning their own selves.

65. And We have sent no Messenger but that he should be obeyed by the command of Allāh. And if they had come to thee when they had wronged their souls, and asked forgiveness of Allāh, and *if* the Messenger *also* had asked forgiveness for them, they would have surely found Allāh Oft-Returning *with compassion and* Merciful.

66. But no, by thy Lord, they are not believers until they make thee judge in all that is in dispute between them and then find not in their hearts any demur concerning that which thou decidest and submit with full submission.

67. And if We had commanded \*them, 'Kill your people or leave your homes,' they would not have done it except a few of them; and if they had done what they are exhorted to do, it would surely have been better for them and conducive to greater strength.

بالله إنْ أَرَدْنَآ إِلَّا إحْسَانًا وَّ تَوْفَنُقًا @

ٱولَّئِكَ الَّذِينَ يَعْلَمُ اللَّهُ مَا فِيْ قُلُوْبِهِمْ وَ فَاعْرِضْ عَنْهُمْ وَ عِظْهُمْ وَقُلْ لَهُمْ فِيْ آنْفُسِهِمْ قَوْلًا بَلِيْغًا وَمَا آَدْسَلْنَا مِنْ تَسُوْلِ إِلَّالِيُطَاعَ بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ ، وَلَوْ آَنَّهُمُ إِذْ ظَّلَمُوَا آنْفُسَهُمْ جَاءُوْكَ فَاسْتَغْفَرُوا اللَّهَ وَاسْتَغْفَرَلَهُ مُ الرَّسُوْلُ لَوَجَدُوا اللَّهَ تَوَابَا رَحِيْمًا @

فَلَاوَرَبِّكَلا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ حَتَّى يُحَكِّمُوْكَ فِيما شَجَرَ بَيْنَهُم ثُمَّ لا يَجِدُوْا فِيَ انْفُسِهِم حَرَجًا قِمَّا قَضَيْتَ وَ يُسَرِّمُوْا تَسْلِيمًا تَفُسَكُم آوِ اخْرُجُوْا مِنْ دِيَارِكُم مَا انْفُسَكُم آوِ اخْرُجُوْا مِنْ دِيَارِكُم مَا فَحَلُوْا مَا يُوْعَظُوْنَ بِهِ لَكَانَ خَيْرًا لَّهُمْ وَاَشَدَّ تَشْبِيْتَانَى

<sup>\*67.</sup> Note: The expression 'Kill your people' can be misunderstood. The correct translation should have been slay yourselves. This certainly does not mean that they were told to commit suicide but is merely an expression exhorting them to kill their egos and submit themselves completely to the will of God.

ي ال

68. And then We would have surely given them a great reward from Ourself;

69. And We would surely have guided them in the right path.

70. And whoso obeys Allāh and this Messenger *of His* shall be among those on whom Allāh has bestowed His blessings, namely, the Prophets, the Truthful, the Martyrs, and the Righteous. And excellent companions are these.

71. This grace is from Allāh, and sufficient is Allāh, the All-Knowing.

# R. 10.

72. O ye who believe! take your precautions; then either go forth in separate parties or go forth all together.

73. And among you there is he who will tarry behind, and if a misfortune befall you, he says, 'Surely, Allāh has been gracious to me, since I was not present with them.'

74. But if there comes to you some good fortune from Allāh, he says, as if there were no love between you and him, 'Would that I had been with them, then should I have indeed achieved a great success!'

75. Let those then fight in the cause of Allāh who would sell the present life for the Hereafter. And whoso fights in the cause of Allāh, be he slain or be he victorious, We shall soon give him a great reward. وَّاِذًا لَا تَيْنُهُمْ مِّنْ لَكُنَّ آَجُرًا عَظِيْمًا

 دَكَهَدَنْنُهُمْ صِرَاطًامُش وَ مَنْ تُبِطِعِ اللَّهَ وَ الرَّسُوْلَ فَأُولَ عَلَيْ مَعَ الَّذِيْنَ ٱنْحَمَراللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ مِّنَّ النَّبِيَّنَ وَ الصّدِّ بْعَبْنَ وَ الشُّهَرَآءِ وَ الصّلحِيْنَ، وَحَسُنَ أُولَى الْحَافَ وَعَشَانُ ذٰلِكَ الْفَضْلُ مِنَ اللهِ ، وَكَفْ بِاللهِ عَلْبُهًا **ایا تُبقیاالَّذِبُرِبِ اٰمَنُ**هْا خُذُوْا حِذْدَ كُهْ فَانْفِرُوْا ثُبَاتِ أَوِ انْفِرُوْا جَمِيْعًا @ وَ إِنَّ مِنْكُمْ لَمَنْ لَّبُبَطِّ بَنَّ ء فَإِنْ ٱصَابَتْكُمْ مُّصِبْبَةً قَالَ قَرْ ٱنْعَمَرَابِيَّهُ عَلَى إِذْ لَمْرَاكُنْ مَّعَهُمْ شَهِيدًا @ وَلَئُنْ أَصَابَ كُمْ فَضْلَ مِّنَ اللَّهِ لَيَقُوْلَنَّ كَانَ لَّمْ تَكُنَّ بَيْنَكُمْ وَ بَيْنَهُ مَوَدَّةً يْلَيْتَخِبْ كُنْتُ مَعَهُمْ فَأَفُوْزَ فَوَزًا فَلْيُقَاتِلْ فِنْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ الَّذِينَ يَشْرُوْنَ الْحَلِوةَ الدَّنْيَا بِالْإِجْرَةِ -وَمَنْ يُقَاتِلُ فِيْسَبِيْلِ اللهِ فَيُقْتَلُ آوْ يَغْلِبْ فَسَوْفَ نُؤْتِيْهِ آجْرًا عَظِيْمًا،

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \dot{c} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ (\underline{12}) \ o \ b \ \dot{s} \ (\underline{12}) \ \dot{s} \ \dot$ 

76. And what is the matter with you that you fight not in the cause of Allah and of the weak-men, women and children-who say, 'Our Lord, take us out of this town, whose people are oppressors, and make for us some friend from Thyself, and make for us from Thyself some helper?'

77. Those who believe fight in the cause of Allah, and those who disbelieve fight in the cause of the Evil One. Fight ye therefore against the friends of Satan; surely, Satan's strategy is weak!

# R. 11.

78. Dost thou not know of those to whom it was said: 'Restrain your hands, observe Prayer and pay the Zakāt?' And when fighting has been prescribed for them, behold! a section of them fear men as they should fear Allah, or with still greater fear; and they say, 'Our Lord, why hast Thou prescribed fighting for us? Wouldst Thou not grant us respite yet a while?' Say, 'The benefit of this world is little and the Hereafter will be better for him who fears God; and you shall not be wronged a whit.'

79. Wheresoever you may be, death will overtake you, even if you be in

وَ مَا لَكُمْ كَا تُقَاتِلُوْنَ فِيْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ وَ الْمُسْتَضْعَفِيْنَ مِنَ الرِّجَالِ وَالنِّسَاءِ وَ الْوِلْدَانِ الَّذِيْنَ يَقُوْلُوْنَ رَبَّنَآ اَخْرِجْنَا مِنْ هٰذِهِ الْقَرْبَيةِ الظَّالِمِ أَهْلُهَا، <u>ۅ</u>ؘٳ؋ؚۼڸٛؖؾؘڹڡۣڹٛڐۜؠؙڹٛڮؘۏڸؾؖٵۦ۪ٚۊٞٳڿۼڸ لَّنَا مِنْ لَّدُنْكَ نَصِيْرًا ﴿ ٱلَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا يُقَاتِلُوْنَ فِي سَبِيْلِ اللهِ ، وَ الَّذِينَكَفَرُوْا يُقَاتِلُوْنَ فِي سَبِيْلِ الطَّاغُوْتِ فَقَاتِلُوًا ٱوْلِيَاً؟ الشَّيْطن ، إنَّ كَيْرَ الشَّيْطن حَانَ بع ا ضعثفاه ٱكَمْ تَرَاكَ الَّذِيْنَ قَيْلَ لَهُمْ كُفَّوْا أثدتكم و أقيموا الصّلوة وأثوا الزَّحُوةَ ، فَلَمَّا كُتِبَ عَلَيْهِمُ الْقِتَالُ إِذَا فَرِيْقٌ مِّنْهُمْ يَخْشَوْتَ النَّاسَ كَخَشْيَةِ اللهِ أَوْ أَشَدَّخَشْيَةً، وَقَالُهُ ا رَتَّنَالِمَ كَتَبْتَ عَلَمْنَا الْقِتَالَ، لَهُ كُ ٱخَّرْتَنَآ إِلَى ٱجَلِقَرِيْبِ قُلْمَتَاعُ الدُّنْيَا قَلِيْلٌ ، وَالْإَخِرَةُ خَيْرٌ لِّمَن اتَّغىدوَكا تُظْلَمُوْنَ فَتنْلاً ٱؽؚڹ*ٛ*ڡٵؾڰٛۉڹؙۉٵۑؙۮؚڔػڰؙٞۿڔٳڵؗؗؗٙؗؗؗؗؗٙۿۏؚڗؙۏؘڵۉ

 $a i u + | th \stackrel{\circ}{=} | h \tau | kh \dot{\tau} | dh \dot{s} | s \stackrel{\circ}{=} 122 \rightarrow d$ ء ' اق q اغ k | q ' اظ z | ط t | (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

strongly built towers. And if some good befalls them, they say, 'This is from Allah;' and if evil befalls them, they say, 'This is from thee.' Say, 'All is from Allah.' What has happened to these people that they come not near understanding anything?

80. Whatever of good comes to thee is from Allah; and whatever of evil befalls thee is from thyself. And We have sent thee as a Messenger mankind. to And sufficient is Allah as a Witness

81. Whoso obeys the Messenger obevs Allah indeed; and whoso turns away, then We have not sent thee as a keeper over them.

82. And they say: 'Obedience is our guiding principle;' but when they go forth from thy presence, a section of them spends the night scheming against what thou sayest. Allah records whatever they scheme by night. So turn away from them, and put thy trust in Allah. And sufficient is Allah as a Disposer of affairs.

83. Will they not, then, meditate upon the Our'an? Had it been from anyone other than Allah, they \*would surely have found therein

much disagreement.

ڰؙڹٛؾؙۿڔڣٛڹؙڔؙۉجۺٞۺٙؾۣۜڮٙۊڐۅٙٳڹٛؾؙڝؽۿۿ حَسَنَةً تَقْوَلُوْا هٰذه مِنْ عِنْدِاللهِ، وَإِنْ تُصبُهُ سَتَّكَةً يَّقُوْلُوْا هٰذَهِ مِنْ عِنْدِكَ، قُلْ كُلٌّ جِّر ﴿ عِنْهِ اللَّهِ فَصَالٍ هَؤُلًا عِ الْقَوْمِرَلا رَكَادُوْنَ يَفْقَهُوْنَ حَدِيْتًا، مَا أَصَابَكَ مِنْ حَسَبَة فَمِنَ اللهِ وَمَا اَصَابَكَ مِنْ سَيِّئَةٍ فَمِنْ نَّفْسِكَ ﴿ ۇ آژسىڭنىڭ بېلنىيى دَسْدْلا، دْكَفْي باللهِ شَهيدًا ۞ مَنْ يُبْطِع الرَّسُوْلَ فَقَدْ أَطَاعَ اللَّهَ وَمَنْ تَوَلَّى فَمَآ ٱ (سَلْنَكَ عَلَيْهِمْ حَفِيْظًا ٥ ٤ تَقْدَلُدُنَ طَاعَةً د فَاذَا بَرَزُوْا مِنْ عندك بَتَتَ طَائفَةً مِنْهُمْ غَيْرَ الَّذِي تَقُوْلُ ﴿ وَ اللَّهُ بَكْتُبُ مَا يُبَتِّتُوْنَ، فَاعْرِضْ عَنْهُمْ وَتَوَجَّلْ عَلَى اللهِ وَڪَغْي بِاللهِ وَكِيْلًا ٢ ٱفَلَا بَتَدَ تَرُوْنَ الْقُرْانَ ، وَلَهُ كَانَ مِنْ عِنْدٍ غَيْرِ اللهِ لَوَجَدُوْا فِيْهِ اخْتِه **ڪثثرً**ا (m)

ء ' ا ق p ا غ r ا ظ z ا ط t ا ف f و 123 م ص s ا خ h r | kh r | dh أ ث h r | kh r | dh أ ث h r (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

<sup>\*83.</sup> Note: The Quranic expression ikhtilāfan kathīran (اختردَفَ كثيرًا), (much disagreement) in fact indicates contradiction, meaning thereby that if anyone other than Allah had been the author of the Holy Qur'an the people would have certainly found many contradictions in it.  $\Lambda$ similar expression concerning the creation of universe is found in 67:4 (Al-Mulk) declaring that it is impossible to find a flaw or contradiction in the work of God.

\*84. And when there comes to them any tidings *whether* of peace or of fear, they spread it about; whereas if they had referred it to the Messenger and to those in authority among them, surely those of them, who can elicit *the truth from* it, would have understood it. And had it not been for the grace of Allāh upon you and His mercy, you would have followed Satan, save a few.

85. Fight, therefore, in the cause of Allāh—thou art not made responsible except for thyself—and urge on the believers. It may be that Allāh will restrain the might of those that disbelieve; and Allāh is stronger in might and stronger in inflicting punishment.

- \*86. Whoso makes a righteous intercession shall have a share thereof, and whoso makes an evil intercession, shall have a like portion thereof; and Allāh is Powerful over everything.
- \*87. And when you are greeted with a prayer, greet ye with a better

وَاذَا جَاْءَهُمْ آمْزَقِنَ الْآمْنِ آوِ الْخَوْفِ آذَاعُوْا بِهِ • وَلَوْ رَدُّوْهُ إِلَى الرَّسُوْلِ وَ إِلَى أولِي الْآ مْرِ مِنْهُمْ لَحَلِمَهُ الَّذِيْتَ يَسْتَنْبِطُوْنَهُ مِنْهُمْ • وَلَوْ لَا فَضْلُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ وَ رَحْمَتُ لَا لَا تَبِعْتُمُ الشَّيْطِنَ إِلَّا قَلِيْدَلَا؟

فَقَاتِلْ فِيْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ ، لَا تُكَلَّفُ إِلَّا نَفْسَكَ وَحَرِّضِ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ، عَسَى اللهُ اَنْ يَكُفَّ بَاْسَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا ، وَاللهُ اَشَدُّ بَاْسًاوَّ اَشَدُّ تَنْجِيلًا @

مَنْ تَشْفَعْ شَفَاعَةً حَسَنَةً تَحُنْ لَّهُ نَصِيْبَ مِّنْهَا ، وَ مَنْ يَشْفَعْ شَفَاعَةً سَيِّئَةً يَحُنْ لَهٰ كِفْلَ مِّنْهَا ، وَكَانَ اللهُ عَلى حُلِّ شَيْءٍ مُّقِيْتًا (\*) وَ اِذَا حُيِّيْتُمْ بِتَحِيَّةٍ فَحَيُّوْا بِآحْسَنَ

\*84. Note: This translation implies that the Messenger and the persons of authority among them were not all capable of drawing right conclusion. Only those among them who had the faculty of sound judgement could have discovered the reality. We propose an alternative translation as follows which does not leave this flaw and indicates that each among them had the capability of discovering the truth if he had contemplated and examined the report: "When they conceive (rumours concerning) a matter of peace or alarm they spread it about. Whereas if they had referred the matter to the Messenger and those in authority among them surely of them those who had eritically examined the reof, and whoso makes a righteous intercession shall have a share thereof, and whoso makes an evil

x 80. Whose makes a righteous intercession shall have a share thereof, and Whose makes an evil intercession, shall have a like portion of evil consequences thereof; and Alläh is Powerful over everything.

\*87. Note: This translation narrows down the application of the verse to only verbal expressions of goodwill while the admonition contained therein has much wider application. In fact, it covers not only verbal greetings but also intends gifts of all kinds to be responded to more generously or at least in the same measure.

a i u + b r | b r | kh + dh = 0 a i u + b r | b r | kh + dh = 0(See details of transilieration on page 'p'). prayer or *at least* return it. Surely, Allāh takes account of all things.

88. Allāh is He beside Whom there is none worthy of worship. He will certainly *continue to* assemble you till the Day of Resurrection, about which there is no doubt. And who is more truthful in his word than Allāh?

# R. 12.

89. What has happened to you that you are divided into two parties regarding the hypocrites? And Allāh has overthrown them because of what they earned. Desire ye to guide him whom Allāh has caused to perish? And for him whom Allāh causes to perish thou shalt not find a way.

90. They wish that you should disbelieve as they have disbelieved, so that you may become all alike. Take not, therefore, friends from among them, until they emigrate in the way of Allāh. And if they turn away, then seize them and kill them wherever you find them; and take no friend nor helper from among them;

91. Except those who are connected with a people between whom and you there is a pact, or those who come to you, while their hearts shrink from fighting you or fighting their own people. And if Allāh had so pleased, He would have given them power over you, then they

مِنْهَا ٱوْ رُدُّوْهَا ﴿ اِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ حَسِيْبًا ۞ ٱللَّهُ لَآ اِلٰهَ اِلَّا هُوَ ﴿ لَيَجْمَعَنَّ كُمْ اللَّهُ يَوْمِ الْقِيْمَةِ لَا رَيْبَ فِيْهِ ﴿ وَمَنْ ٱصْدَقُ مِنَ اللَّهِ حَدِيْتًا ۞

فَمَا لَكُمْ فِي الْمُنْفِقِيْنَ فِئَتَيْنِ وَاللَّهُ ٱڒٛػۺۿۿ بِمَا ڪَسَبُوٛا ۥ ٱ تُرِيْدُوْنَ آنْ تَهْدُوْا مَنْ آضَلَّ اللَّهُ ؞ وَمَنْ يُّضْلِلِ اللَّهُ فَلَنْ تَجِدَلَهُ سَبِيْلًا ۞

وَدُّوْا لَوْ تَحْفُرُوْنَ حَمّا حَفَرُوْا فَتَحُوْنُوْنَ سَوَاً ۚ فَلَا تَتَخِذُوْا مِنْهُمْ اوْلِيَاءَ حَتَّى يُهَاجِرُوْا فِيْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ فَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَخُذُوْهُمْ وَ اقْتُلُوْهُمْ حَيْتُ وَجَدْتُمُوْهُمْ وَ لَا تَتَخذُوْا مِنْهُمْ وَلِيَّا قَرَلا نَصِيْرًا ﴾ مُدُوْرُهُمْ أَنْ يُقَاتِلُوْ حُمْ اوْ يُقَاتِلُوْ قَوْمَهُمْ د وَلَوْ شَاء اللَّهُ لَسَلَّطَهُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ فَلَتْقَتْلُوْكُمْ قَانِ اعْتَزَلُوْكُمْ

 $a i u + | th \rightarrow | h \neg | kh + | dh \rightarrow | 2$  a i u + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a + | a

چ

would have surely fought you. So, if they keep aloof from you and fight you not, and make you an offer of peace, then *remember that* Allāh has allowed you no way *of aggression* against them.

92. You will find others who desire to be secure from you and to be secure from their own people. Whenever they are made to revert to hostility, they fall headlong into it. Therefore, if they do not keep aloof from you nor offer you peace nor restrain their hands, then seize them and kill them, wherever you find them. Against these We have given you clear authority.

#### R. 13.

93. It does not become a believer to kill a believer unless it be by mistake. And he who kills a believer by mistake shall free a believing slave, and *pay* blood money to be handed over to his heirs, unless they remit it as charity. But if *the person slain* be of a people hostile to you, and be a believer, then *the offender* shall free a believing slave; and if he be of a people between whom and you is a pact, then *the offender shall pay* blood money to be handed over to his heirs, and free a believing slave.

\*But whoso finds not *one*, then he shall fast for two consecutive months—a mercy from Allāh. And Allāh is All-Knowing, Wise. فَكَمْ يُقَاتِلُوْكُمْ وَ ٱلْقَوْا إِلَيْكُمُ السَّلَمَ"فَمَا جَعَلَ اللهُ لَكُمْ عَلَيْهِمْ سَبِيْلًا ®

ستحدون اخريري پريرون كَامَنْهُكُمْ وَبَامَنُهُا قَهْمَهُمْ مِكْلَمَ دُدُّوْاالَح بِالْفِتْبَةِ أَدْكَسُوْافِيْهَا، فَإِنْ لْمْ بَعْتَذِلُهُ كُمْ وَ بُلْقُهَ وَ يَكُفُّقَا إَبْدِيَهُمْ فَخُذُوْ هُ <sup>ف</sup> تقف تُمد هُمْ م و أو **لَكُمْ عَلَيْهِمْ سُ** وَمَا كَانَ لِمُؤْمِنِ أَنْ الله في المرشير 1 الم في ۇم**ن**ة 5 دىة مُس الَّا أَنْ تَصَدَّقُوْا ﴿ فَإِنَّ كَانَ مِنْ ا عَدُوّ آَڪُمْ وَهُوَمُؤْمِنَ فَتَحْرِيْرُ رَقَعَةِ مُّةُ منَةٍ وَادِ<sup>ن</sup> كَانَ مِنْ قَوْمَر بَيْنَكُمْ وَ بَبْنَهُمْ مَّبْتَاقٌ فَرَبَةً مُّسَ ٱۿڸ؋**ۯ**ؾؘڂڔؽۯڒۊؘػؚؠ؋ؗۿؙۄ۫ؠؘڹ؋؞ يجذ فصيائر شَهْرَيْن مُتَتَابِعَ يِّنَ الله وَكَانَ اللهُ عَلَيْهًا حَبَ

\*93. But whoso finds not *one*, then he shall fast for two consecutive months—a means of seeking forgiveness prescribed by Allāh. And Allāh is All-Knowing, Wise.

94. And whoso kills a believer intentionally, his reward shall be Hell wherein he shall abide. And Allāh will be wroth with him and will curse him and will prepare for him a great punishment.

95. O ye who believe! when you go forth in the cause of Allāh, make proper investigation and say not to anyone who greets you with the greeting of peace, 'Thou art not a believer.' You seek the goods of this life, but with Allāh are good things in plenty. Such were you before this, but Allāh conferred His *special* favour on you; so do make proper investigation. Surely, Allāh is well aware of what you do.

96. Those of the believers who sit *still*, excepting the disabled ones, and those who strive in the cause of Allāh with their wealth and their persons, are not equal. Allāh has exalted in rank those who strive with their wealth and their persons above those who sit *still*. And to each Allāh has promised good. And Allāh has exalted those who strive above those who sit *still*, by a great reward,

97. *Namely, by* degrees of excellence *bestowed* by Him, and *by special* forgiveness and mercy. And Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

وَمَنْ يَقْتُلْ مُؤْمِنًا مُّتَعَمِّدًا فَجَزَاؤُهُ جَهَنَّمُ خَالِدًا فِيْهَا وَغَضِبَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَلَعَنَهُ وَ ٱعَدَّلَهُ عَذَابًا عَظْبُهًا ٢ يَا يُهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْٓ إِذَا ضَرَبْتُمْ فِي سَبِيْلِ اللهِ فَتَبَيَّنُوْا وَكَا تَقُوْلُوْا لِمَنْ ٱلْقَى إِلَيْكُمُ السَّلْمَ لَسْتَ مُؤْمِنًا» تَبْتَغُوْنَ عَرَضَ الْحَلِوةِ الدُّنْيَار فَعِنْدَ اللهِ مَغَانِمُ كَتْ يُرَقُّ . كَذٰلِكَ كُنْتُم مِّنْ قَدْلُ فَمَنَّ اللهُ عَلَدُكُمُ فَتَبَيَّنُوْادِإِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ بِمَا تَعْمَلُوْنَ خَبِيْرًا @ لَا يَسْتَوِى الْقَاعِدُوْنَ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ غَيْرُ أولِي الضَّرَدِ وَ الْمُجَاهِدُوْتَ فِي سبيب اللوبامواليهم وأنفسهم فَضَّلَ اللهُ الْمُجْهِدِينَ بِأَمْوَالِهِمْ وَ ٱنْفُسِهِمْ عَلَى الْقَعِدِيْنَ <َرَجَةً • وَكُلُّ وَّعَدَ اللهُ الْحُسْنِي ، وَ فَضَّلَ اللهُ الْمُجْهِدِيْنَ عَلَى الْقْعِدِيْنَ أَجْرًا عَظِيْمًا ( دَرَجْتٍ مِّنْـهُ وَ مَغْفِرَةً وَّ رَحْمَـةً. ۇڭان اللهُ غَفُوْ رًا رَّجِبْهً

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rhop | \ hh \ rhop | \ rhop$ 

R. 14.

98. Verily, those whom the angels cause to die while they are wronging their own souls, they (the angels) will say *to them*: 'What were you after?' They will reply: 'We were treated as weak in the land.' They will say, 'Was not Allāh's earth vast enough for you to emigrate therein?' It is these whose abode shall be Hell, and an evil destination it is;

99. Except such weak ones among men, women and children, as are incapable of adopting any plan or of finding any way.

100. As to these, maybe Allāh will efface their sins; for Allāh is the Effacer of sins, *and* is Most Forgiving.

\*101. And whoso emigrates from his country in the cause of Allāh will find in the earth an abundant place of refuge and plentifulness. And whoso goes forth from his home, emigrating in the cause of Allāh and His Messenger, and death overtakes him, his reward lies on Allāh, and Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

#### R. 15.

102. And when you journey in the land, it shall be no sin on you to shorten the Prayer, if you fear that those who disbelieve may give you اِنَّ الَّذِينَ تَوَفَّمُمُ الْمَلَمَلَمَ عَالِحِيَ آنْفُسِهِمْ قَالُوْا فِيْمَ حُنْتُمْ قَالُوْا حُنَّا مُسْتَضْعَفِيْنَ فِي الْاَرْضِ قَالُوْا حُنَّا تَحُنْ اَرْضُ اللَّهِ وَاسِعَةً فَتُهاجِرُوْا فِيْهَا لَ فَاوَلَمُ حَفَيْرًا شَ وَسَاعَتْ مَصِيْرًا شَ وَالنِّسَاءِ وَ الْوِلْدَانِ لَا يَسْتَطِيْعُوْنَ وَالنِّسَاءِ وَ الْوِلْدَانِ لَا يَسْتَطِيْعُوْنَ فَاوُلَمْ حَفَيْ دُوْنَ سَبِيْلَا شَ فَاوُلَمْ حَفَقًا غَفُوْرًا شَ

٤ مَنْ تُهَاجِرْ فِنْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ يَجِدْ فِى الْأَرْضِ مُرْغَمًا حَثْيَرًا وَّ سَعَةً ٤ وَ مَنْ يَخْرُجُ مِنْ بَيْتِه مُهَاجِرًا إلى اللهِ وَرَسُوْلِه تُمَّ يُدْرِحُهُ الْمَوْتُ فَقَدُوَقَعَ اَجْرُهُ عَلَى اللهِ ٤ وَكَانَ اللهُ غَفُوْرًا وَذِهَ ضَرَبْتُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ فَلَيْسَ عَلَيْ حُمْ جُنَاحٌ اَنْ تَقْصُرُوْا مِنَ الصَّلُوةِ 3 إِنْ

خفْتُمْ أَنْ تَفْتَنَكُمُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُ وْادِانَ

\*101. Note: The Arabic words fi sabīlillāh (في تسبيني الله) mean for the sake of Allāh or in the cause of Allāh.

س س س

 $a i u + | th \rightarrow | h \neg | kh + | dh \rightarrow | dh \rightarrow | 2$ (See details of transilieration on page 'p'). trouble. Verily, the disbelievers are an open enemy to you.

103. And when thou art among them, and leadest the Prayer for them, let a party of them stand with thee and let them take their arms. And when they have performed their prostrations, let them go to your rear, and let another party, who have not yet prayed, come forward and pray with thee; and let them take their means of defence and their arms. The disbelievers wish that you be neglectful of your arms and your baggage that they may fall upon you at once. And it shall be no sin on you, if you are in trouble on account of rain or if you are sick, that you lay aside your arms. But you should always take your means of defence. Surely, Allāh has prepared an humiliating punishment for the disbelievers.

104. And when you have finished the Prayer, remember Allāh while standing, and sitting, and *lying* on your sides. And when you are secure *from danger*, then observe Prayer *in \* the prescribed form*; verily Prayer is enjoined on the believers *to be performed* at fixed hours.

105. And slacken not in seeking these people. If you suffer, they too suffer even as you suffer. But you hope from Allāh what they hope

الْخُفِرِيْنَ كَانُوْا لَحُمْ عَدُوًّا مَّبِيْنًا وإذا كُنْتَ فِيْهِمْ فَأَقَمْتَ لَهُمُ الصَّلْوةَ فَلْتَقُمْ طَائِفَةً مِّنْهُمْ مَّعَكَ وَلْيَاخُذُوٓ ٱشبلحتهم وفإذا سجدوا فلتكونوا مِنْ وَرَائِكُمْ م وَلْتَاتِ طَائِفَةً ٱخْدى لَمْ تُصَلُّوْا فَلْيُصَلُّوْا مَعَكَ وَلْبَاخُذُوْا جذْرَهُمْ وَ ٱسْلِحَتْهُمْ، وَدَّ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا لَهُ تَغْفُلُهْنَ عَرِثِ أَسْدَحْتَكُمْ وآمتعتكم فيميلون عليكم مهيكة وَّاحِدَةً • وَلَا حُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ إِنْ كَانَ بِڪُمْ اَذًى مِّنْ مَّطَرِ اَوْ ڪُنْ تُمْ مَتَرْضَى اَنْ تَضَعُوٓا ٱشلِحَتَكُمْ ، وَخُذُوْا حِذْرَكُمْ ؞ اِنَّ اللهُ أَعَدَّ لِلْحُفِرِيْنَ عَذَابًا مَّهِيْنًا فَإِذَا قَضَبْتُمُ الصَّلْوةَ فَإِذْ كُرُوا اللَّهَ قِيَامًا وَ قُعُوْدًا وَ عَلْى جُنُوْبِكُمْ، فَإِذَا اطْمَا نَنْتُمْ فَأَقْبُمُوا الصَّلُوةَ، إنَّ الصَّلُوةَ كَانَتْ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ كتئامةقوثا وَكَاتَهِنُوْا فِي ابْتِغَاءِ الْقَوْمِ إِنْ تَكُوْنُوْا تَالَمُوْنَ فَإِنَّهُمْ يَالَمُوْنَ كَمَا تَالَمُوْنَ • وَ تَرْجُوْنَ مِنَ اللهِ مَا لَا يَرْحُوْنَ ـ

\*104. verily Prayer is enjoined on the believers to be performed at prescribed times

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ th \ & h \ 7 \ \mid \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid \ dh \ & s \ & s \ & (12)$ 

not. And Allāh is All-Knowing, Wise. **B. 16.** 

106. We have surely sent down to thee the Book comprising the truth, that thou mayest judge between men by that which Allāh has taught \*thee. And be not thou a disputer for

the faithless; 107. And ask forgiveness of Allāh. Surely, Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful

108. And plead not on behalf of those who are dishonest to themselves. Surely, Allāh loves not one who is perfidious *and* a great sinner.

109. They seek to hide from men, but they cannot hide from Allāh; and He is with them when they spend the night plotting about matters of which He does not approve. And Allāh encompasses what they do.

110. Behold! you are they who pleaded for them in the present life. But who will plead with Allāh for them on the Day of Resurrection, or who will be a guardian over them?

111. And whoso does evil or wrongs his soul, and then asks forgiveness of Allāh, will *surely* find Allāh Most Forgiving, Merciful.

وَ حَانَ اللهُ عَلَيْهًا حَكِيْهًا صَ إِنَّا ٱنْزَلْنَا اِلَيْكَ الْكِتْبَ بِالْحَقِّ لِتَحْكُمَ بَيْنَ النَّاسِ بِمَآ ٱرْمِكَ اللهُ -وَلَا تَكُنْ لِّلْخَالِنِيْنَ خَصِيْمًا وَّ اسْتَغْفِر اللهُ إِنَّ اللهُ كَانَ غَفُوْرًا دَّ حثمًا ۞ وَلَا تُجَادِلُ عَنِ الَّذِيرِبَ بَخْتَانُوْنَ ٱنْفُسَهُمْ دِانَ اللهَ لَا يُجِبُّ مَنْ كَانَ خَوَّانًا ٱثْنُمًا أَ تَسْتَخْفُهْنَ مِنَ النَّاسِ وَكَا يَسْتَخْفُهُنَ مِنَ اللهِ وَهُوَ مَعَهُمُ إِذْ يُبَيِّدُوْنَ مَاكَا يَرْضَى مِنَ الْقَوْلِ ﴿ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ بِمَا تعمَلُوْنَ مُحتطًا، هَا نَتُمْ هَؤُلًا عِجادَلْتُمْ عَنْهُمْ فِي الْحَيْوةِ الدُّنْتا = فَمَنْ تُحَادلُ اللهُ عَنْهُمُ يَوْمَ الْقِيْمَةِ آمْ مَّنْ يَكُوْنُ عَلَيْهِمْ ۇكئلا، وَمَنْ يَعْمَلْ سُوْءً أَوْ يَظْلِمْ نَفْسَهُ ثُمَّر يَسْتَغْفِرِ اللهَ يَجِدِ اللهَ غَفُوْرًا دَّحثهًا (1)

\*106. And do not plead the cause of those who betray the trust.

 $a i u + | th \stackrel{\circ}{=} | kh \stackrel{i}{=} | dh \stackrel{\circ}{=} | s \stackrel{\circ}{=} (100 \text{ m} \text{ m}$ 

112. And whoso commits a sin commits it only against his own soul. And Allāh is All-Knowing, Wise.

113. And whoso commits a fault or a sin, then imputes it to an innocent person, certainly bears *the burden of* a calumny and a manifest sin.

## R. 17.

\*114. And but for the grace of Allāh upon thee and His mercy, a party of them had resolved to bring about thy ruin. And they ruin none but themselves and they cannot harm thee at all. Allāh has sent down to thee the Book and Wisdom and has taught thee what thou knewest not, and great is Allāh's grace on thee.

\*115. There is no good in many of their conferences except *the conferences of* such as enjoin charity, or goodness, or the making of peace among men. And whoso does that, seeking the pleasure of Allāh, We shall soon bestow on him a great reward.

116. And *as to* him who opposes the Messenger after guidance has become clear to him, and follows a way other than that of the believers,

وَمَنْ تَكْسِبُ اثْمًا فَاتَّمَا حُا على كَفْسِهِ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَ وَ مَنْ ﴾ كُسِبْ خَطْنَ بُعَا أَوْ اثْمًا يَرْمِ بِهِ بَرَيْكًا فَقَدِ احْتَمَ يح وَّ اثْمًا هُ كَا فَضْلُ الله عَلَيْكَ وَ رَحْمَتُهُ فمهُ أَنْ تُنْ 25 رعيدؤ أننزك الله علد وَكَانَ فَضُلُ الله عَلَدُ لَاخَبْرَ فِنْ كَتْبُرِ مِّنْ يصدقة أؤ مغرؤف أؤراه الم و مَنْ تَفْعَلْ ذَلِكَ اسْتَغَاءَ مَرْضَات الله فَسَوْفَ نُؤْتِبُه مًا ١ وْلَ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا قق الرَّسُ هُ الْهُدٰى وَ يَتَّبِعُ غَيْرَ سَ ىرى ئۇلە ماتەلى ۇ ئىلە

 $a \ i \ u \ \mid \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{\varsigma} \ | \ s \ \circ \ s \ (13)$ (See details of transilieration on page 'p').

<sup>\*114.</sup> And but for the grace of Allāh upon you and His mercy, a party of them had resolved to lead you astray but He frustrated their designs. In fact they lead none but themselves astray and they cannot harm you at all.

<sup>\*115.</sup> No good comes out of their secret consultations except when they decide to spend in the cause of the poor or to do works of public welfare or to effect reconciliation and reformation among people.

We shall let him pursue the way he is pursuing and shall cast him into  $\mathbb{F}$ Hell; and an evil destination it is.

# R. 18.

117. Allāh will not forgive that anything be associated with Him as partner, but He will forgive what is short of that to whomsoever He pleases. And whoso associates anything as partner with Allāh has indeed strayed far away.

\*118. They invoke beside Him none but lifeless objects; and they invoke none but Satan, the rebellious,

119. Whom Allāh has cursed. And he said, 'I will assuredly take a fixed portion from Thy servants;

120. 'And assuredly I will lead them astray and assuredly I will \*excite in them vain desires, and assuredly I will incite them and they will cut the ears of cattle; and assuredly I will incite them and they will alter Allāh's creation.' And he who takes Satan for a friend beside Allāh has certainly suffered a manifest loss.

121. He holds out promises to them and raises vain desires in them, and Satan promises them nothing but vain things.

122. These are they whose abode shall be Hell and they shall find no way of escape from it.

فَهَنَّهُمُ وَسَاءَتْ مَصِيرًا ٢

رِكَ اللَّهَ لَا يَغْفِرُ أَنْ تُشْرَكَ بِهِ وَ يَغْفِرُ مَا دُوْتَ ذٰلِكَ لِمَنْ تَشَاءُ . وَ مَنْ يُشْرِكْ بِاللهِ فَقَدْ ضَلَّ ضَلْلًا بَعِبُدًا،

اِن يَدْعُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِهَ الَّآ اِنْتَا ، وَ اِنْ يَدْعُوْنَ اِلَّا شَيْطْنًا مَّرِيْدًا اللَّ تَحْتَمُ اللَّهُ مَوَ قَالَ كَا تَحْذَتَ مِنْ عِبَادِكَ نَصِيْبًا مَقْرُوْضًا اللَّ وَكُلُصِلَّنَهُمْ وَلَا مُزَنَّهُمْ فَلَيُبَتِّكُنَّ اَذَانَ الْاَنْعَامِ وَ لَا مُرَنَّهُمْ فَلَيُغَيِّرُنَّ خَلْقَ اللَّهِ وَ مَنْ يَتَخَفِز الشَّيْطْنَ وَلِيَّا مِنْ دُوْنِ اللَّهِ فَقَدْ خَسِرَ خُسْرَانَا مَبِيْنَا الْ

هثرا وكما يع الشَّيْطِنُ الْأَغْوُ وْرًا@ المفذ حقنتكم وكايج امحثة

\*118. They invoke besides Him none but false goddesses, while in truth they invoke none but Satan, the rebellious,

\*120. and assuredly I will command them so that they will incise the ears of camels and other cattle and assuredly I will bid them and they will alter Allāh's creations.'

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ z | \ kh \ \tau | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \ \dot{\tau} |$ 

123. But *as to* those who believe and do good works, We will admit them into Gardens, beneath which streams flow, abiding therein for ever. *It is* Allāh's unfailing promise; and who can be more truthful than Allāh in word?

124. It shall not be according to your desires, nor according to the desires of the People of the Book. Whoso does evil shall be rewarded for it; and he shall find for himself no friend or helper beside Allāh.

125. But whose does good works, whether male or female, and is a believer, such shall enter Heaven, and shall not be wronged even *as much as* the little hollow in the back of a date-stone.

126. And who is better in faith than he who submits himself to Allāh, and he is a doer of good, and follows the religion of Abraham, the upright? And Allāh took Abraham for a special friend.

127. And to Allāh belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth; and Allāh encompasses all things.

## R. 19.

128. And they seek of thee the decision *of the Law* with regard to women. Say, Allāh gives you His decision regarding them. And so does that which is recited to you in the Book concerning the orphan girls whom you give not what is prescribed for them and whom you desire to

وَالَّذِينَ اٰمَنُوْا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّلِحَتِ سَنُدَخِلُهُمْ جَنَّتٍ تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْاَنْهُرُخْلِدِيْنَ فِيْهَا اَبَدًا وَعْدَاللَّهِ حَقَّا وَمَنْ اَصْدَقُ مِنَ اللَّهِ قِيْلًا لَيْسَ بِاَ مَانِيِّحُمْ وَلَا آمَانِي آهْلِ الْحِتْبِ مَنْ يَحْمَلْ سُوَّا يُجْزَبِهِ، وَلَا يَجِدْلَهُ مِنْ يَحْمَلْ سُوَّا يُحْذَبِهِ، وَلَا وَمَنْ يَحْمَلْ مِنَ الصَّلِحَتِ مِنْ ذَكَرٍ الْجَنَة وَلَا يُظْلَمُوْنَ نَقِيْرًا @

ۅؘڡؘڹٛ ٱڂڛؘڹؙ ۮؚؽڹٞٵڡؚؚٞڡۜڹٛ ٱۺڶۘڡؘڔؘۊڋۿ ۑؚڵۑۅؘۿۅؙڡؙڂڛڹٞۊٞٵؾۧڹۼ ڡؚؚڵۜةٙٳڹڔ۠ۿۣؽڡڒ حنِؽڣًا؞ۅؘٵؾۜڂؘۮؘٵٮڵٞۿٳڹڔ۠ۿؽڡڒڂڸؽلا۞ ۅؘۑڵۅڡٵڣؚٵڶۺٙڂۏڗؚۅؘڡٵڣۣٵڵٲۯۻ؞ ۅؘػٳڹٵٮڵۿۑؚػؙڸۧۺؽۛۦؚۣڡٞ۠ڿؽطًا۞

وَيَسْتَفْتُوْنَكَ فِ النِّسَاءِ - قُلِ اللَّهُ يُفْتِيكُمْ فِيْهِنَ " وَ مَا يُتْلَى عَلَيْكُمْ فِ الْكِتْبِ فِيْ يَتْحَى النِّسَاءِ الْتِيَ كَاتُؤْتُوْنَهُنَّ مَا كُتِبَ لَهُنَّ وَتَرْغَبُوْنَ اَنْ تَنْكِحُوْهُنَّ وَالْمُسْتَضْعَفِيْنَ

 $a i u + | th \stackrel{\frown}{=} h \stackrel{\frown}{=} | kh \stackrel{\overleftarrow}{=} | dh \stackrel{\frown}{=} s \stackrel{\frown}{=} s \stackrel{\frown}{=} s \stackrel{\frown}{=} h \stackrel{\frown}{$ 

ہ ⊒ءً

marry, and *concerning* the weak among children. And *He enjoins you to* observe equity towards the orphans. And whatever good you do, surely Allāh knows it well.

129. And if a woman fear illtreatment or indifference on the part of her husband, it shall be no sin on them that they be suitably reconciled to each other; and reconciliation is best. And people are prone to covetousness. If you do good and are righteous, surely Allāh is aware of what you do.

\*130. And you cannot keep perfect balance between wives, however much you may desire it. But incline not wholly *to one* so that you leave the other like a thing suspended. And if you amend and act righteously, surely Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

131. And if they separate, Allāh will make both independent out of His abundance; and Allāh is Bountiful, Wise.

132. And to Allāh belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is in the earth. And We have assuredly commanded those who were given the Book before you, and *commanded* you also, to fear Allāh. But if you disbelieve, then *remember that* to مِنَ الْوِلْدَانِ ، وَأَنْ تَقُوْمُوْا لِلْيَتْلَى بالْقِسْطِ وَمَا تَفْعَلُوْا مِنْ خَيْر فَرانَ اللهُ كَانَ بِه عَلِيمًا ٢ وَإِن امْرَاةً خَافَتْ مِنْ بَعْلِهَا نُشُوْزًا ٱوْاعْرَاضًا فَلَاجُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِمَا ٱنْ يُصْلِحَا تنتنهما صدهادة الصلح خنزءة أحضرت الْآنْفُسُ الشَّحَّدِ وَإِنْ تُحْسِنُوْا وَتَتَقُوْا فَإِنَّ اللهُ كَانَ بِمَا تَعْمَلُوْنَ خَبِيْرًا ( وَ لَنْ تَسْتَطِيْعُوْا أَنْ تَعْدِلُوْا بَيْنَ النِّسَاءِ وَكَوْ حَرَصْتُمْ فَكَرْتَمِيْلُوْا كُلَّ الْمَيْل فَتَذَرُوْهَا كَالْمُعَلَّقَةٍ ﴿ وَإِنَّ تُصْلِحُوْا وَتَتَّقُوْا فَانَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ غَفُوْرًا دَّحثهًا؟ وَ إِنْ يَتَفَرَّقَا يُغْنِ اللهُ كُلُّو مِّنْ سَعَتِهِ وَكَانَ اللهُ وَاسْعًا حَكِيْمًا @ وَبِتْهِ مَا فِي السَّمَوْتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ، وَلَقَدْ وَصَبْنَا الَّذِيْنَ أَوْتُوا الْكِتْبَ

و لفدو صيف الدين او توا الكريمب مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ وَايَّا كُمْ أَنِ اتَّقُوا اللَّهُ وَ إِنْ تَكْفُرُوْا فَإِنَّ لِلَّهِ مَا فِي السَّهٰوٰتِ وَ مَا

a i u + b r | h r | h + dh = dh a i u + b r | h r | h + dh = dh + dh(See details of transilieration on page 'p').

<sup>\*130.</sup> And you cannot keep perfect balance between wives, **despite your best intentions**, so incline not entirely *to one* lest the other should be left suspended, unattended and uncared for.

يخ ۳ اَلنِّسَاًء ٢ - Chapter 4

Allāh belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is in the earth, and Allāh is Self-Sufficient, Praiseworthy.

133. And to Allāh belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is in the earth, and sufficient is Allāh as a Guardian.

134. If He please, He can take you away, O people, and bring others *in your stead*; and Allāh has full power to do that.

135. Whoso desires the reward of this world, then *let him remember that* with Allāh is the reward of this world and of the next; and Allāh is All-Hearing, All-Seeing.

## R. 20.

\*136. O ye who believe! be strict in observing justice, and be witnesses for Allāh, even though it be against yourselves or against parents and kindred. Whether he be rich or poor, Allāh is more regardful of them both than you are. Therefore follow not low desires so that you may be able to act equitably. And if you conceal the truth or evade it, then remember that Allāh is well aware of what you do.

137. O ye who believe! believe in Allāh and His Messenger, and in the Book which He has revealed to His Messenger, and the Book which He revealed before *it*. And whoso فِي الْأَرْضِ ﴿ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ غَنِيًّا حَمِيْدًا ٢

# وَ بِلْهِ مَا فِي السَّمُوٰتِ وَ مَا فِي الْآرْضِ. وَكَفَى بِاللهِ وَحِيْلًا ٣

اِنْ تَشَا يُذْهِبْكُمْ ٱ تُبَهَا النَّاسُ وَيَأْتِ بِاخَرِيْنَ ، وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَلَى ذٰلِكَ قَرِيْرًا مَنْ كَانَ يُرِيْدُ ثَوَابَ الدُّنْيَا فَعِنْدَ اللَّهِ ثَوَابُ الدُّنْ يَاوَ الْأَخِرَةِ ، وَكَانَ اللَّهُ سَحِيْعًا بَصِيْرًا شَ

آيَايَّهَا الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا حُوْنُوْا قَوَّامِيْنَ بِالْقِسْطِ شُهَرَآء بِلْوِ وَلَوْ عَلَى اَنْفُسِكُمْ او الْوَالِدَيْنِ وَ الْاَقْرَبِيْنَ ، إِنْ يَّكُنْ غَنِيَّا اوْ فَقِيْرًا فَاللَّهُ اَوْلْ بِهِمَا قَدَرَ تَتَبِعُوا الْهَوَى اَنْ تَعْدِلُوْا ، وَ إِنْ تَعْمَلُوْنَ خَبِيْرًا تَعْمَلُوْنَ خَبِيْرًا وَرَسُوْلِهِ وَ الْكِتْبِ الَّذِيْ اَنْزَلَ عِلْ رَسُوْلِهِ وَ الْكِتْبِ الَّذِيْ اَنْزَلَ مِنْ

\*136. O ye who believe! be strict in observing justice, being witnesses for the sake of Allāh, even though it be against yourselves or *against* parents and kindred.

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ \tau & | \ kh \ \tau & | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} & | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} & | \ s \ \phi & | \ \dot{\tau} & |$ 

disbelieves in Allāh and His angels, and His Books, and His Messengers, and the Last Day, has surely strayed far away.

138. Those who believe, then disbelieve, then *again* believe, then *again* believe, then disbelieve, *and* then increase in disbelief, Allāh will never forgive them nor will He guide them to the way.

139. Give to the hypocrites the tidings that for them is a grievous punishment,

140. Those who take disbelievers for friends rather than believers. Do they seek honour at their hands? Then *let them remember that* all honour belongs to Allāh.

141. And He has already revealed to you in the Book that, when you hear the Signs of Allāh being denied and mocked at, sit not with them until they engage in a talk other than that; for in that case you would be like them. Surely, Allāh will assemble the hypocrites and the disbelievers in Hell, all together;

142. Those who wait *for news* concerning you. If you have a victory from Allāh, they say, 'Were we not with you?' And if the disbelievers have a share *of it*, they say *to them*, 'Did we not get the better of you, and protect you

قَبْلُ ، وَ مَنْ يَحْفُرْ بِاللهِ وَمَلَئِ حَتِهِ وَ ڪُتُبه وَ رُسُلِه وَالْيَوْمِ الْأَخِر فَقَدْ ضَلَّ ضَلَّ لَا بَعِيْدًا، اِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا ثُمَّ كَفَرُوْا ثُمَّ أَمَنُوْا تُمَرَ حَفَرُوْا ثُمَّر ازْدَادُوْا كُفْرًا لَّمْ يَكْنِ اىتەليتغۇركەم ولايتەرتە يەش سىيلا، بَشِّر الْمُنْفِقِيْنَ بِأَنَّ لَهُمْ عَذَابًا اَلِيْمَا 🕅 ۣ ٳڷۜؖۜؖڹؚؽؽ<u>ؘ</u>ؾؾۧڿۮؙۉؽٵۮڂڣؚڔؚؽؽٵۉڸڲٵٙٶؚڽٛ دُوْنِ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ، أَ تَبْتَغُوْنَ عِنْدَهُمُ الْعِزَّةَ فَإِنَّ الْعِزَّةَ بِلْهِ جَمِيْعًا ٢ وَقَدْنَزَّلَ عَلَيْكُمْ فِي الْكِتْبِ أَنْ إِذَا سمغتمايت اللويكفربهاويستهزأ بِهَا فَلَا تَقْحُدُوْا مَعَهُمْ حَتَّى يَخُوْضُوْا فِي حَدِيْثِ غَيْرِةٍ ٦ إِنَّكُمْ إِذًا مِّثْلُهُمْ ا إِنَّ اللَّهَ جَامِعُ الْمُنْفِقِيْنَ وَالْحُفِرِيْنَ فى جَهَنَّ مَرجَمِيْعَا إِلَّزِيْنَ يَتَرَبَّصُوْنَ بِكُمْ ، فَإِنْ كَانَ لَكُمْ فَتْحَرِّمِنَ اللهِ قَالُوْا ٱلَمْ نَكُنْ مَّعَكُمْ \* وَ إِنْ كَانَ لِلْكَفِرِيْنَ نَصِيْبُ " قَالُوْا ٱلَمْ نَسْتَحُوذْ عَلَيْكُمْ وَ نَمْنَعْكُمْ مِّ<sup>ِ</sup>

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ (h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ (136)$   $(See details of transitieration on page \ p').$ 

against the believers?' Allāh will judge between you on the Day of Resurrection; and Allāh will not grant the disbelievers a way *to prevail* against the believers.

R. 21.

\*143. The hypocrites seek to deceive Allāh, but He will punish them for their deception. And when they stand up for Prayer, they stand lazily *and* to be seen of men, and they remember Allāh but little,

144. Wavering between *this and* that, *belonging* neither to these nor to those. And he whom Allāh causes to perish, for him thou shalt not find a way.

145. O ye who believe! take not disbelievers for friends, in preference to believers. Do you mean to give Allāh a manifest proof against yourselves?

146. The hypocrites shall surely be in the lowest depth of the Fire; and thou shalt find no helper for them,

147. Except those who repent and amend and hold fast to Allāh and are sincere in their obedience to Allāh. These are among the believers. And Allāh will soon bestow a great reward upon the believers.

الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ، فَاللهُ بَحْكُمُ بَنْنَكُمْ بَوْمَ الْقِيْمَةِ \* وَلَنْ يَجْعَلَ اللهُ لِلْحُفِرِيْنَ لا لى ما م عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ سَبِيُلًا أَ اتَ الْمُنْفَقَيْنَ يُخْرِعُوْنَ اللَّهَ وَهُوَ خَادِعُهُمْ وَ إِذَا قَامُوْا إِلَى الصَّلِعَة قَامُوْا كُسَالِي " يُرَاعُوْنَ النَّاسَ وَ لَهُ ىدْ حُرُوْنَ اللهَ إِلَّا قَلِيْلًا شَ مُذَبْذَبِيْنَ بَيْنَ ذَلِكَ 7 لَآ إِلَى هَؤُلًا ع وَلَآ إِلَى هَؤُلًاءٍ • وَمَنْ يُضْلِل اللهُ فَكَنْ تَجدَلَهُ سَبِيُلًا @ آبَاتُهَا الَّذِيْرِي أَمَنُوْا لَا تَتَّخِذُوا الْكْفِرِيْنَ آوْلِيَاءَمِنْ دُوْنِ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ -ٱ تُرِيْدُوْنَ أَنْ تَجْعَلُوْا بِلَّهِ عَلَىْكُمْ سُلْطنًا مُّبِيْنًا@ إِنَّ الْمُنْفِقِيْنَ فِي الدَّرْكِ الْأَسْفَلِ مِنَ النَّارِ ، وَلَنْ تَجِزَلَهُمْ نَصِيْرًا أَ الآداتكذين تنائبذا وأضلحذا واغتصمذا باللو وَاخْلَصُوْا دِيْنَهُمْ بِلَّهِ فَأُولَ لَكَ مَحَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ، وَسَوْفَ بُؤْتِ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ أَجْرًا عَظِيْمًا

\*143. The hypocrites seek to deceive Allāh, but He will cause them to be deceived themselves.

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u & \mid & | \ th \ \not = & | \ h \ \tau & | \ kh \ \dot = & | \ dh \ \dot = & | \ c \\ (See details of transilieration on page \ p'). \end{array}$ 

148. Why should Allah punish you, if you are thankful and if you believe? And Allah is Appreciating, All-Knowing.

149. Allāh likes not the uttering of unseemly speech in public, except on the part of one who is being wronged. Verily, Allah is All-Hearing, All-Knowing.

150. Whether you make public a good deed or conceal it, or pardon an evil. Allah is certainly the Effacer of sins. and is All-Powerful.

151. Surely, those who disbelieve in Allah and His Messengers and desire to make a distinction between Allah and His Messengers, and say, 'We believe in some and disbelieve in others,' and desire to take a way in between.

152. These indeed are veritable disbelievers, and We have prepared for the disbelievers an humiliating punishment.

153. And as for those who believe in Allah and in all of His Messengers and make no distinction between any of them, these are they whom He will soon give their rewards. And Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

## R. 22.

154. The People of the Book ask thee to cause a Book to descend on them from heaven. They asked

مَا يَفْعَلُ اللهُ بِعَذَا بِكُمْ إِنْ شَكَرْتُمْ وَ أمَنْتُمْ دوَكَانَ اللهُ شَاكِرًا عَلِيْمًا كَ يُحِبُّ اللَّهُ الْجَهْرَ بِالسُّوْءِ مِنَ ﴿ الْقَوْلِ إِلَّا مَنْ ظُلِمَ، وَ كَانَ اللهُ سَمِيْعًا عَلِيْمًا @ اِنْ تُبْدُوْا خَيْرًا أَوْ تُخْفُوْهُ أَوْ تَعْفُوْا عَنْ سُوْءٍ فَإِنَّ اللَّهُ كَانَ عَفُوًّا قَدِيْرًا @ إِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ يَكْفُرُوْنَ بِاللهِ وَرُسُلِهِ وَ يُرِيدُوْنَ آنَ يُفَرِّقُوْا بَيْنَ اللهِ وَ رُسُلِهِ وَ يَقُوْلُوْتَ نُؤْمِنُ بِبَعْضٍ وَ تَكْفُرُ بِبَعْضٍ ا وَّ يُرِيْدُوْنَ أَنْ يَّتَّخِذُوْا بَيْنَ ذٰلِكَ سَبِيُلًا أَنْ أولَّئكَ هُمُ الْكُفِرُوْنَ حَقَّا، وَ اَعْتَدْنَا لِلْحُفِرِيْنَ عَذَابًا مُّهِيْنًا ݸ الَّذِ**يْنَ امَنُۋ** بِاللَّهِ وَ رُسُلِهِ وَلَمْ يُفَرِّقُوْا بَيْنَ أَحَدٍ مِّنْهُم أُولَبُكَ سَوْفَ يُؤْتِيْهِمْ أَجُوْدَهُمْ ، وَكَانَ اللهُ غَفُوْرًا دَّ حثمًا أَشَ

ؾۺۓڵڰؘٱۿڶۘٵڷڮؾ۬ڹؚٱڽٛؾ<sup>ؙ</sup>ڹٙڒۣٙڶٵؘؽڥؚۿ كِتْتَا مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ فَقَدْ سَالُوْا مُوْسَى

(See details of transliteration on page 'p')

Ę

Moses a greater thing than this: they said, 'Show us Allāh openly.' Then a destructive punishment overtook them because of their transgression. Then they took the calf *for worship* after clear Signs had come to them, but We pardoned *\*even* that. And We gave Moses manifest authority.

155. And We raised high above them the Mount while making a covenant with them, and We said to them, 'Enter the gate submissively,' and We said to them, 'Transgress not in *the matter of* the Sabbath.' And We took from them a firm covenant.

156. Then, because of their breaking of their covenant, and their denial of the Signs of Allāh, and their seeking to kill the Prophets unjustly, and their saying: 'Our hearts are wrapped in covers,'—nay, but Allāh has sealed them because of their disbelief, so they believe not but little—

157. And because of their disbelief and their uttering against Mary a grievous calumny,

\*158. And their saying, 'We did kill the Messiah, Jesus, son of Mary, the Messenger of Allāh;' whereas they slew him not, nor crucified<sup>+</sup>, him, but he was made to appear to them like ٱحْكَرَ مِنْ ذٰلِكَ فَقَالُوْ١ ٱرْنَا اللَّهَ جَهْرَةً زَتْهُمُ الصِّعقَةُ بِظُلْمِهِمْ ، ثُمَّ اتَّخَذُوا الْعِجْلَ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا جَاءَتْهُمُ الْبَيِّنْتُ فَعَفَوْنَا عَنْ ذَلِكَ ، وَ أَتَدْنَا مُوْسَى سُلْطِنًا مُّبِثِنًا، وَ دَفَعْنَا فَوْقَهُمُ الطَّوْرَ بِ وَ قُلْنَا لَهُمُ ادْخُلُوا الْبَاتِ سُ وَّ قُلْنَا لَهُمْ لَا تَعْدُوْا فِ وَ أَخَذْنَا مِنْهُمْ مَّيْثًا فَيما نَقْضِهمْ مَّبْتَاقَهُمْ وَكُفْرِهِمْ باليت الله وَ قَتْدَهُمُ الْأَنْسَاءَ بَغَ وَّ قَوْلِهِمْ قُلُوْنُنَا غُ طَبَحَ اللهُ عَلَيْهَا بِكُفُرِهِمْ فَلَا ئۇمنەن الاقلىگە وَّ بِكُفْرِهِمْ وَ قَوْلِهِمْ عَ بُهْتَانًا عَظيْهًا هُ وَّ قَوْلِهِمْ إِنَّا قَتَلْدَ ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ رَسُوْلَ اللَّهِ وَمَا قَتَلُوْ لَا وَمَا صَلَبُوْ لُوَ لُحِنْ شُبِّهَ لَهُمْ إِوَ إِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ

\* 154. And We gave Moses clear overwhelming argument.

‡. i.e. killed him by crucifixion.

a i u + b r | b r | kh + dh = 0 (See details of transilieration on page [p]).

<sup>158.</sup> Note: The emphasis is upon their failure to murder Jesus by any means. The reader is reminded that the very beginning of the verse refers to the Jewish boast that they had succeeded in murdering Jesus.

one crucified; and those who differ therein are certainly in a state of doubt about it; they have no definite knowledge thereof, but only follow a conjecture; and they did not convert this conjecture into a certainty;

\*159. On the contrary, Allāh exalted him to Himself. And Allāh is Mighty, Wise.

اخْتَكَفُوْا فنه لَغِنْ شَكَّ مِّنْهُ ما لَهُمْ بِهِ مِنْ عِلْمٍ إِلَّا اتِّبَاعَ الظَّنِّ، ۇماقتلۇ<sup>،</sup> يقِينًا بَلْ رَّفَعَهُ اللهُ إلَيْهِ ، وَكَانَ اللهُ عزيزًاحكنها

This Jewish claim is firmly rejected by the Holy Qur'ān. That is why by the end of the verse, the conclusive declaration is that whatever may have happened they certainly failed to kill him. This implies that it is not the act of crucifixion which is denied. What is denied is death by crucifixion.

Walākin shubbiha lahum ( ذَلَتَكَ نَشَبَهُ نَفَتَر): the word shubbiha ( نُتَبَهُ) in the text must be carefully studied. The context of the preceding text would not permit the implied reference to any other than Jesus or alternatively it could refer to the incident in general. In conformity with the rules of grammar the implied pronoun in the word shubbiha ( أَلْتَكَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ an refer to none other than Jesus Christ himself. This means that it was he who was obscured and made to appear to them similar to someone else. Hence as Jesus was hung upon the cross he hung in the likeness of someone clsc. Evidently the denial is not that of erucifixion or apparent death thereupon but the denial is death by crucifixion. There certainly was great confusion as to what actually had happened. So the verse continues to build the scenario of the confusion and doubt. All else is nothing but conjecture. That is the final conclusion.

If the word *shubbiha* refers to the incident as such, this would point to the divergent claims of the two disputing parties as to what had happened. Neither of the parties were certain of the validity of their claims. For instance the Christian belief of Jesus' death by crucifixion and later resurrection was not based on any tangible grounds but was merely conjectural. Likewise the Jewish claim of Jesus' death upon the cross was no less conjectural. Hence their appeal to Pilate for the possession of Jesus' body. In fact they clearly expressed their doubts regarding the entire episode of his so-called death and warned Pilate that in the likelihood of his survival he might reappear in public claiming that he had risen from the dead. (Matthew 27:63-64)

It is to this that the last part of the verse under study refers, when it says wa *innalladhīna*(كَرْفَ الَّذِينِي). Certainly those who differ about it (or about him as to what actually befell him) were themselves in doubt.

\*159. Note: Bal rafa 'ahullāhu ilaihi (تِكُنْ زَنْتُكُمُ اللَّهُ إِنْكُوهُ): the majority of orthodox Muslims infer from this part of the verse that the connotation of Bal refers to the act of crucifixion i.e., instead of letting him die upon the cross, God rescued him by raising him bodily to somewhere in the heavens. As such he should be living somewhere in space in the same corporal form that he possessed prior to the attempt of his crucifixion. This interpretation raises many difficult questions, mainly:

(a) If Jesus was not crucified at all, is the entire history of crucifixion emphatically denied and the whole episode just a fiction or delusion suffered by the Jews, the Christians and the Romans alike?

(b) Where in the verse is the claim that Jesus was raised bodily to heavens? All that is mentioned simply is that Allāh exalted him to Himself.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ c \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ (s \ c \ tau) \ (s \ c$ 

لا يُحِبُّ اللهُ Part 6 - ۲	AN-NISĀ'	اَلنِدْسَآء ۲ - Chapter 4
*160. And there is none am People of the Book but will in it before his death; and Day of Resurrection, he shall be a witness against th	on the کمة یَکُوْنُ (Jesus)	وَ اِنْ مِّنْ ٱهْلِ الْكِتْبِ الَّكَ بِه قَبْلَ مَوْتِهِ، وَ يَوْمَ الْقِيْ عَلَيْهِمْ شَهِيْدًا شَ

As to the first question the orthodox build a fantastic scenario according to which the fact of crucifixion itself is not denied but it is claimed that the person who was crucified was not Jesus but someone else who was given the likeness of Jesus by some angels at the command of God. Hence the doubts and conjectures were about the identity of the person who was crucified. Evidently this explanation creates only more problems than it solves. Moreover, the entire tale is absolutely without foundation. No scriptural evidence or evidence based on the traditions of the Holy Prophet (may peace and blessings of Allāh be on him) is ever presented to support this bizarre claim which simply adds more conjectural confusion.

It is as if this explanation of the verse dawned only upon the medieval scholars while the Messenger of God, peace be upon him, remained himself completely unaware of it.

As to the second question the weakness of the claim is apparent from the wording of the Holy Qur'ān. The word rafa'a (zi) means elevated. Whenever Allāh elevates a person the elevation always refers to the status of the person, never to his body. In fact it is impossible to translate this verse in any way other than the said meaning *i.e.*, the elevation of spiritual station.

The verse declares that Alläh elevated Jesus to Himself. Evidently no point in space of Heaven is mentioned to which Alläh raised him. He raised him to Himself while He was present there where Jesus was. No place in Heaven or earth is empty of Alläh's presence. So when someone is said to be raised to Him, a bodily movement is impossible and inconceivable. According to Ahmadiyya understanding of this verse, the connotation of 'on the contrary' refers to the Jewish claim of the accursed death of Jesus. Obviously the opposite of curse is nearness to God.

\*160. Note: This verse has been the subject of controversy regarding its real import. Some scholars believe that it refers to a remote future in relation to the time of crucifixion indicating that all Jews without exception will one day have faith in Jesus Christ and accept him as a true Prophet of God. They claim that it is also mentioned in this verse that this miracle would take place in the lifetime of Jesus Christ. This they infer from the words *qabla mautihī* (بَعَدَ مَوَتَ مَا اللَّهُ عَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَ

As the Jews have not yet accepted him, therefore, according to such scholars Jesus must be still alive.

Another commonly held view is that the expression 'before his death' refers to every member of the Jewish faith of the time of Jesus Christ. In this case this would mean that every Jew would believe in Jesus Christ before his death—a claim which can only be verified by God.

Unfortunately many problems and difficulties stand in the way of accepting these propositions in toto.

We propose a completely different and new solution to the problem. The verse under study is translated as "There is no *one* among the people of the Book but will certainly believe in him before his death."

The word in italics *i.e.*, 'one' is not literally mentioned in the verse but is only implied. If it were mentioned the verse would mean as follows:

وَاِنْ أَحَدٍ مِّنْ آهَلِ الْكِتْبِ wa in aḥadimmin ahlilkitābi

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ lh \ \textcircled{b} \ | \ h \ \hline r \ | \ kh \ \dot{r} \ | \ dh \ \textcircled{b} \ | \ z \ \end{matrix} | \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \end{matrix} | \ \dot{s} \ \end{matrix} | \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \end{matrix} | \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \end{matrix} | \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s} \ \end{matrix} | \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s} \ \end{matrix} | \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s} \ \end{matrix} | \ \dot{s} \$ 

161. So, because of the transgression of the Jews, We forbade them pure things which had been allowed to them, and *also* because of their hindering many *men* from Allāh's way,

162. And *because of* their taking interest, although they had been forbidden it, and *because of* their devouring people's wealth wrongfully. And We have prepared for those of them who disbelieve a painful punishment.

163. But those among them who are firmly grounded in knowledge, and the believers, believe in what has been sent down to thee and what was sent down before thee, and *especially* those who observe Prayer and those who pay the Zakāt and those who believe in Allāh and the Last Day. To these will We surely give a great reward.

R. 23.

164. Surely, We have sent revelation to thee, as We sent revelation to Noah and the Prophets after him; and We sent revelation to Abraham and Ishmael and Isaac and Jacob and *his* children and *to* Jesus and Job and Jonah and Aaron and فَبِظُلْمٍ مِّنَ الَّذِينَ هَادُوًا حَرَّمْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ طَيِّبْتٍ أُحِلَّتْ لَهُمْ وَ بِصَدِّهِمْ عَنْ سَبِيْلِ اللَّهِ كَثِيْرًا الَّ وَاخْذِهِمُ الرِّبُوا وَقَدْنُهُوْا عَنْهُ وَاعْتَدْنَا امْوَالَ النَّ اسِ بِالْبَ اطِلِ د وَ اَعْتَدْنَا لِلْهُوْرِيْنَ مِنْهُمْ عَذَابًا اَلِيْمًا الَ

لكِن الرَّاسخَوْنَ في وَ الْمُؤْمِنُوْنَ يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِمَآ أُنْزِلَ إِلَهْ وَمَآ أُنْبَرَلَ مِرْبٍ قَبْهِ لىكادال 2 11 لمة 5 وَ الْمُؤْم نْهْنَ باللهِ وَ Ë 51 لتر ک مِنْ بَعْدِهِ، نَهْ حِ وَّ النَّه الإهثيمة اشمعد ا کر اشد وَ يَعْقَدُ بِهِ الْأَسْبَ إِطْرَ عِدْسِي وَ ٱللَّهُ بِ

The word in bold letters is the implied word. We suggest that instead of *Ahad* being implied we should consider the word *farīq* (نَرِيّ) as the implied word. In that case the translation would be: "There is no sect or group from among the People of the Book but will have faith in him (Jesus Christ) before his death."

This requires that Jesus must have migrated to the lands occupied by the lost tribes of Israel and in doing so he fulfilled his mission of delivering his message to all the twelve flocks of the house of Israel. This view is further powerfully supported by a prophecy of Jesus Christ wherein he claimed that he would go in search of the lost sheep of the house of Israel. (Matthew 15:24)

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ \tau | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \ \dot{\tau$ 

\*Solomon, and We gave David a Book.

165. And *We sent some* Messengers whom We have already mentioned to thee and *some* Messengers whom We have not mentioned to thee—

\*and Allāh spoke to Moses particularly—

166. Messengers, bearers of glad tidings and warners, so that people may have no plea against Allāh after *the coming of* the Messengers. And Allāh is Mighty, Wise.

167. But Allāh bears witness by means of *the revelation* which He has sent down to thee that He has sent it down *pregnant* with His knowledge; and the angels *also* bear witness; and sufficient is Allāh as a Witness.

168. Those who disbelieve and hinder *others* from the way of Allāh, have certainly strayed far away.

169. Surely, those who have disbelieved and have acted unjustly, Allāh is not going to forgive them, nor will He show them any way,

170. Except the way of Hell, wherein they shall abide for a long, long period. And that is easy for Allah.

\*164. and to David We gave 'Zabūr'.

ۇيۇنىس ۋەرۇن ۋاسلىمىن، ۋاتىيىنا كاۋكى زېۋراڭ ورسىر قىرقى قىمىنەم، عىكىك مەنىقىل ورسىر تىمىنى مەمەم عىكىك، وكىتىر اىللەم ۋىلىي تىڭىلىماڭ

ۯؙڛؙۜۜڐ مُّبَشِّرِيْنَ وَ مُنْزِرِيْنَ لِنَّلَا يَكُوْنَ لِلنَّاسِ عَلَى اللَّهِ حُجَّةً بَعْدَ الرُّسُلِ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَزِيْزًا حَكِيْمًا الَّنَزَلَهُ بِعِلْمِهِ، وَ الْمَلْئِكَةُ يَشْهَدُوْنَ -وَحَفْى بِاللَّهِ شَهِيْدًا ﴿

اِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا وَصَدُّوْا عَنْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ قَدْ ضَلُّوْا ضَلْلاً بَعِيْدًا ﴿ اِنَّ الَّذِينَ تَخَفَرُوْا وَ ظَلَمُوْا لَمْ يَحُنِ اللَّهُ لِيَغْفِرَلَهُمْ وَكَالِيَهْ دِيَهُمْ طَرِيْقًا ﴾ اللَّ طَرِيْقَ جَهَنَّ مَ خْلِدِيْنَ فِيْهَآ اَ بَدًا -وَكَانَ ذٰلِكَ عَلَى اللَّهِ يَسِيْرًا ﴿

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ c + | \ h \ \tau | \ kh \ \tau | \ dh \ i \ s \ o = 4$   $(See details of transitieration on page \ p').$ 

Note:  $Zab\bar{u}r$  (زَيْرَدُ) refers to the Psalms. \* 165. Note: According to Arabic grammar when the root of a word is repeated as  $k\bar{a}f \, l\bar{a}m \, m\bar{n}m$ (حال المحالية) is repeated in  $tak l\bar{m}\bar{a}$  (کار المحالية) in this verse, it is done with an intention to indicate

<sup>(</sup>خان ن) is repeated in *taklīmā* (خان ) in this verse, it is done with an intention to indicate intensity or repetition or high quality or to clarify an ambiguity. All these connotations can be applicable simultaneously.

171. O mankind, the Messenger has indeed come to you with Truth from your Lord; believe therefore, *it will be* better for you. But if you disbelieve, verily, to Allāh belongs whatever is in the heavens and in the earth. And Allāh is All-Knowing, Wise.

172. O People of the Book, exceed not the limits in your religion, and say not of Allah anything but the truth. Verily, the Messiah, Jesus, son of Mary, was only a Messenger of Allah and a fulfilment of His word which He sent down to Mary, and a mercy from Him. So believe in Allah and His Messengers, and say not 'They are three.' Desist, it will be better for you. Verily, Allāh is the only One God. Far is it from His Holiness that He should have a son. To Him belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is in the earth. And sufficient is Allah as a Guardian.

# R. 24.

173. Surely, the Messiah will never disdain to be a servant of Allāh, nor will the angels near *unto God*; and whoso disdains to worship Him and feels proud, He will gather them all to Himself.

174. Then as for those who believed and did good works, He will give them their rewards in full and will give them more out of His bounty; but as for those who disdained and

ؽؘٱؾۢ <u>ٞ</u> ۿٵڶڬٙۜٵڛۊؘۮڿٵٙٵؘػؙڡؙڔٳڶڗۧڛؙۉڶ
بِالْحَقِّ مِنْ رَّبِّكُمْ فَأْمِنُوْا خَيْرًا لَّكُمْ -
وَ إِنْ تَكْفُرُوْا فَإِنَّ لِلْهِ مَا فِي السَّمُوْتِ
ۅؘ <i>الْاَ</i> ۯۻ؞ۅؘػؘڶڽؘٵٮڵؗؗؗؗؗؗ ڡؙڂؚڸؽؖڡٞٵڂڮؽڡۧٵ <sup>۞</sup>
نَاهَلَ الْكِتْبِ لَا تَغْلُوْا فِيْ دِينِ حُمْ
وَكَا تَقُوْلُوا عَلَى اللهِ إِلَّا الْحَقَّ، إِنَّكَمَا
الْمَسِيْحُ عِيْسَى ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ رَسُوْلُ
اللهِ وَ كَلِمَتُهُ ، ٱلْقْمَهَآ إلى مَرْيَمَ
وَ رُوْحٌ مِّنْهُ: فَأْمِنُوْا بِاللهِ وَرُسُلِهِ
وَ لا تَقُوْلُوْا ثَلْثَةً ﴿ إِنْتَهُوْا خَيْرًا لَّكُمْ .
إِنَّهَا اللهُ إِلَهُ وَّاحِدٌ ﴿ سُبْحُنَهُ أَنْ
يَحُوْنَ لَهُ وَلَدٌ م لَهُ مَا فِي السَّمُوْتِ
وَ مَا فِي الْآدْضِ • وَكَفَى بِاللَّهِ وَحِيْلًا ٢

لَنْ يَسْتَنْكِفَ الْمَسِيْحُ آنْ يَّكُوْنَ عَبْدًا تِتْهِ وَلَا الْمَلْئِكَةُ الْمُقَرَّبُوْنَ وَمَنْ يَسْتَنْكِفْ عَنْ عِبَاءَتِهٖ وَيَسْتَكْبِرْ فَسَيَحْشُرُ هُمْ إلَيْهِ جَمِيْعًا ﴾ فَكَالاً نَذِيْنَ الْمَنُوْا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ فَيُوَقِيْهِمْ أُجُوْدَهُمْ وَ يَزِيدُهُ مُرَّنْ

 $a i u + | th \rightarrow | h \tau | kh \neq | dh \Rightarrow | s \rightarrow 14$   $(b + 14) \Rightarrow | s \rightarrow 14$   $(b + 14) \Rightarrow | s \rightarrow 14$ (See details of transliteration on page 'b').

Part	6 -	Ч	اللهُ	ىڭ	ئح	Ý

were proud, He will punish them with a painful punishment. And they shall find for themselves beside Allāh no friend nor helper.

175. O ye people, a manifest proof has indeed come to you from your Lord, and We have sent down to you a clear light.

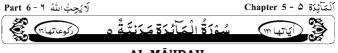
176. So, as for those who believe in Allāh and hold fast to Him, He will surely admit them to His mercy and grace and will guide them on a straight path *leading* to Himself.

177. They ask thee for instructions. Say, Allāh gives you *His* instructions concerning 'Kalālah': If a man dies leaving no child and he has a sister, then she shall have half of what he leaves; and he shall inherit her if she has no child. But if there be two sisters, then they shall have twothirds of what he leaves. And if *the heirs* be brethren—*both* men and women—then the male shall have as much as the portion of two females. Allāh explains *this* to you lest you go astray, and Allāh knows all things well.

وَ اسْتَكْبَرُوْا فَيُحَذَّبُهُمْ عَذَابًا ٱلْمُمَاةُ وَّ لَا يَجِدُوْتَ لَهُمْ مِّنْ دُوْتِ اللهِ وَلِيًّاوَّ لَا نَصِيْرًا لَاَتُها النَّاسُ قَدْ جَاءَ كُمْ بُرْهَانٌ مِّنْ رَبِّكُمْ وَ ٱنْزَلْنَا الَيْكُمْ نُوْدًا مَّبِيْنًا فكآما المذنين أمنوا باللو واعتصموا بە فَسَيُدْخِلُهُمْ فِيْ رَحْمَةٍ مِّنْهُ وَ فَضْلِ وَ يَهْدِيْهِمْ إِلَيْهِ صِرَاطًا مُّسْتَقِيْمًا أَ ىستفتونك ، قلارالله يفتيكم في الْكَلْلَةِ وَإِنِ امْرُؤًا هَلَكَ لَيْسَ لَهُ وَلَدَّوَّ لَهُ أُخْتَ فَلَعَا نَصْفُ مَا تَرَكَ، وَهُوَيَرِثُهَآ اِنْ لَّمْ يَكُنْ لَهَا وَلَدً فَإِنْ كَانَتَا اثْنَتَيْنِ فَلَهُمَا الثُّلُثُن مِمَّا تَرَكَ ، وَ إِنْ كَانُوْا إِخْوَةً رِّجَالًا وَّنِسَاءً فَلِلذَّكَرِمِثْلُ حَظِّ الْأُنْثَيَيْنِ، يُبَيِّنُ اللهُ لَكُمْ أَنْ تَضِلُّوْا إِ وَاللهُ بِڪُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيْمً ٢

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ c + | \ h \ 7 | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{s} | \ s \ of transitieration on page \ p').$ 

۳۳ ع



AL-MĀ'IDAH (Revealed after Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. O ye who believe! fulfil *your* compacts. Lawful are made to you quadrupeds *of the class* of cattle other than those which are being announced to you, except that you should not hold game to be lawful while you are in a state of pilgrimage; verily, Allāh decrees what He wills.

\*3. O ve who believe! profane not the Signs of Allah, nor the Sacred Month, nor the animals brought as an offering, nor the animals of sacrifice wearing collars, nor those repairing to the Sacred House. seeking grace from their Lord, and His pleasure. And when you put off the pilgrims' garb and are clear of the Sacred Territory, you may hunt. And let not the enmity of a people, that they hindered you from the Sacred Mosque, incite you to transgress. And help one another in righteousness and piety; but help not one another in sin and transgression. And fear Allah; surely, Allāh is severe in punishment.

4. Forbidden to you is *the flesh of an animal* which dies of itself, and blood and the flesh of swine; and

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () يَاكَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْٓ ا وَفُوْا بِ لَعُقُوْدِهُ أحِلَّتْ لَكُمْ بَهِيْمَةُ الْاَنْعَامِ الَّامَا يُتْلَ عَلَيْكُمْ غَيْرَ مُحِلِّى الصَّيْحِ وَ آنْتُمْ حُرُمٌ داِنَّ اللَّهَ يَحْكُمُ مَا يُرِيْدُ ()

يَاكَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْ الا تُحِلُّوا شَعَائِرَ اللَّه وَلا الشَّهْرَ الْحَرَامَ وَلَا الْهَدْعِي وَلَا الْقَلَا بِرُدَوَ لَآ آَمِّيْنَ الْبَيْتَ الْحَرَامَ يَبْتَغُوْنَ فَضْلًا مِّنْ تَبِهِمْ وَ رِضُوَانًا لَ وَإِذَا حَلَلْتُمْ فَاصْطَادُوْا وَلَا يَجْرِمَنَّ حُمْ الْحَرَامِ آنْ تَعْتَدُوْا وَ تَعَاوَنُوْا عَلَى الْبِرِّ وَ التَّقُوٰى مو وَ لَا تَعَاوَنُوْا عَلَى الْابِرِّ وَ التَّقُوٰى مو وَ لَا تَعَاوَنُوْا عَلَى الْا بِرِّ وَ التَّقُوٰى مو وَ لَا تَعَاوَنُوْا عَلَى الْ بِرِّ وَ التَّقُوٰى مو وَ لَا تَعَاوَنُوْا عَلَى الْا بِرِّ مَنْ اللَّهُ الْمَدْ وَ الْتَقُوْمِ اللَّهُ وَ اللَّهُ الْمُوْ اللَّهُ وَ الْتَقُوْ اللَّهُ الْمُ الْمَيْتَةُ وَ التَّقُوْ اللَّهُ مِنْ الْمَعْمَ وَ الْتَقُوْ اللَّهُ الْمُوْ الْتُعَافِي مُوَ الْتَقُوْ اللَّهُ الْمُوْ الْحَرَامِ اللَّهُ الْمُوْ الْتَعَاوَنُوْ الْحَدَامِ الْمُوْ الْتَقُوْ عَلَى الْمُوْ الْتَعْذَا عَلَى الْوَنْ اللَّهُ الْعَوْ اللَّهُ الْعَنْوَ اللَّهُ الْمُوْ الْحَدَامِ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ مُوَالَعُوْ اللَّهُ الْمُوْ الْحَدَامَ وَ الْتَقُوْ عَلَى الْمُوْ الْتُولُو اللَّهُ وَ الْتُقُوْ الْعَلَى الْحَرَامِ وَ الْتَقُوْ عَلَى الْمُوْ الْتَقُوْ عَلَى الْمُوْ الْتُنْ الْعَنْ الْمُوْ الْمُو بَعْ وَ الْقُوْ عَلَى الْتَقُوْ وَ الْتُوا عَلَى الْعَالَةُ الْتُهُ فَوْ الْدُوْا عَلَى الْحَرَامِ وَ الْتُعَالَةُ مُوَ الْعَتَدُوا اللَّهُ وَالْوَا عَلَى الْعَنْ الْمُو الْتُو بِهُ وَ الْتَعْذَارُ وَ مَنَ أَبُولُ لَوْ يَعْ يَلُو اللَهُ وَ مَا لَعْ يَا لَعْ يَا الْمُولَا عَلَى الْعُو الْمُولَا عَالَةُ الْعُو الْمُولُو الْحُونُ الْتُو الْمُ

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ | \ th \ & | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ otherapid (see details of transliteration on page [p]). \end{array}$ 

<sup>\*3.</sup> O ye who believe! Profane none of the things sanctified by Allāh. Note: The sanctified things may include certain specific periods of time, places or living beings.

that on which is invoked the name of one other than Allah: and that which has been strangled; and that beaten to death; and that killed by a fall; and that which has been gored to death: and that of which a wild animal has eaten, except that which you have properly slaughtered; and that which has been slaughtered at an altar. And forbidden is also that you seek to know your lot by the divining arrows. That is an act of disobedience. This day have those who disbelieve despaired of harming your religion. So fear them not, but fear Me. This day have I perfected your religion for you and completed My favour upon you and have chosen for you Islām as religion. But whoso is forced by hunger, without being wilfully inclined to sin, then, surely, Allah is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

5. They ask thee what is made lawful for them. Say, 'All good things have been made lawful for you; and what you have taught the beasts and birds of prey to catch for you, training them for hunting and teaching them of what Allāh has taught you. So eat of that which they catch for you, and pronounce thereon the name of Allāh. And fear Allāh. Surely, Allāh is quick in reckoning.'

6. This day all good things have been made lawful for you. And the food of the People of the Book is وَالْمُنْخَنِقَةُ وَالْمَوْقُوْذَةُ وَالْمُتَرَةِيَةُ وَالنَّطِيْحَةُ وَمَآ ٱحَلَ السَّبُعُ إلَّامَ ذَكَيْتُمْ وَمَاذُبِحَ عَلَى النَّصْبِ وَ ٱنْ تَسْتَقْسِمُوْا بِالاَ ذَلَامِ ذٰلِكُمْ فِسْقَ الْيَوْمَيَئِسَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا مِنْ دِينِكُمْ فَلَا تَخْشَوْهُمْ وَاخْشَوْنِ ، آلْيَوْمَ الْوَسْلَامَ دِيْنَا ، فَمَنِ اضْطُرَّ فِيْ مَخْمَصَةٍ غَيْرَ مُتَجَانِفٍ لِّرِثْمِ ا فَلِنَّ اللَّهُ غَفُوْرً دَّحِيْمً ()

يَسْتَلُوْنَكَ مَاذَآ اُحِلَّ لَهُمْ - قُلْ اُحِلَّ لَكُمُ الطَّيِّبِتُ وَمَاعَلَّمْتُمْ مِّنَ الْجَوَارِج مُكَلِّبِيْنَ تُعَلِّمُوْنَهُنَّ مِمَّا عَلَّمَكُمُ اللهُ نفَكُلُوا مِمَّآ اَمْسَكُنَ عَلَيْكُمْ وَاذْكُرُوا اسْمَ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ مو اتَّقُوا الله دانَ الله سَرِيْعُ الْجِسَابِ ()

ٱلْيَوْمَ أُحِلَّ لَكُمُ الطَّيِّبِنُ وَ طَعَامُ الَّذِينَ أَوْتُوا الْجِتْبَ حِلَّ لَّكُمْ م

lawful for you, and your food is lawful for them. And lawful for you are chaste believing women and chaste women from among those who were given the Book before you, when you give them their dowries, contracting valid marriage and not committing fornication nor taking secret paramours. And whoever rejects the faith, his work has doubtless come to naught, and in the Hereafter he will be among the losers.

R. 2.

7. O ye who believe! when you stand up for Prayer, wash your faces, and your hands up to the elbows, and pass your wet hands over your heads, and wash your \*feet to the ankles. And if you be unclean, purify yourselves by bathing. And if you are ill or you are on a journey while unclean, or one of you comes from the privy or you have touched women, and you find not water, betake yourselves to pure dust and wipe therewith your faces and your hands. Allah desires not that He should place you in a difficulty, but He desires to purify you and to complete His favour upon you, so that you may be grateful.

8. And remember Allah's favour upon you and the covenant which

\* See note under 4:44., (Publisher)

وَ طَعَامُكُمْ حِلٌّ لَّهُمْ دَوَ الْمُحْصَنْتُ مِرْبِ الْمُؤْمِنْتِ وَ الْمُحْصَنْتُ مِرْبَ الَّذِينَ أَوْتُوا الْكِتْبَ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ إِذَا أتَبْتُمُوْهُنَّ أَجُوْرَهُنَّ مُحْصِنِيْنَ غَيْرَ مُسَافِحِيْنَ وَلَا مُتَّخِذِيْ أَخْدَانٍ ا وَمَنْ يَحْفُرْ بِالْإِيْمَانِ فَقَدْ حَبِطَ عَمَلُهُ د وَهُوَفِي الْأَخِرَةِ مِنَ الْخُسِرِيْنَ ﴾ Ę

يَا يُهاالَّذِينَ أَمَنُوٓاإِذَا قُمْتُمْ إِلَى الصَّلُوةِ فَاغْسِلُوْا وُجُوْهَكُمْ وَ ٱبْدِيَكُمْ إِلَى الْسَرّافِق وَامْسَحُوْا بِرُءُوْسِكُمْ <u>وَ</u> اَرْجُلَڪُمْ إِلَى الْكَعْبَيْنِ ، وَ إِنْ كُنْ تُمْرَ جُنْبًا فَاطَّهَ رُوْاد وَ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مَرْضَى اَوْ عَلْى سَفَر اَوْ جَاء اَحَدَّ بِمَنْكُمْ مِنْ الْغَائِطِ أَوْلْمَسْتُمُ النِّسَاءَ فَلَمْ تَجِدُوْا مَاءً **فَتَي**مَّمُوْاصَعِيْدًا طَيِّبًا فَامْسَحُوْا بِوُجُوْهِ ڪُمْرَ آيَدِيْكُمْ مِّنْهُ مَايُرِيْدُ اللهُ لِبَجْعَلَ عَلَيْكُمْ مِّنْ حَرَج وَّلْحِنْ يُرِيْهُ لِيُطَهِّرَكُمْ وَ لِيُتِمَرَ نغمتة علدكم لعلاكم تشكرون وَإِذْكُرُوْا نِعْمَةَ الله عَلَيْكُمْ وَمِنْتَاقَهُ

ء : ا ق q ا غ ا ب ا ط ب ا ف ب (148 ص ع ا خ h ا + ا ث h ا + ا ا ف م ع ا خ h ا + ا ا ا م ا + ا ا م ا ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

He made with you, when you said, 'We hear and we obey.' And fear Allāh. Surely, Allāh knows well what is in the minds.

9. O ye who believe! be steadfast in the cause of Allāh, bearing witness in equity; and let not a people's enmity incite you to act otherwise than with justice. Be *always* just, that is nearer to righteousness. And fear Allāh. Surely, Allāh is aware of what you do.

10. Allāh has promised those who believe and do good deeds that they shall have forgiveness and a great reward.

11. And *as for* those who disbelieve and reject Our Signs, they are the people of Hell.

12. O ye who believe! remember Allāh's favour upon you when a people intended to stretch out their hands against you, but He withheld their hands from you; and fear Allāh. And on Allāh should the believers rely.

## R. 3.

13. And indeed Allāh did take a covenant from the children of Israel; and We raised among them \*twelve leaders. And Allāh said, لَّذِيْ وَاثَقَكُمْ بِهَ الذ قُلْتُمْ سَمِعْنَا ﺎ: دَ اتَّقُوا اللَّهَ دِ إِنَّ اللَّهُ عَ بذات الصُدُوْر ( تُبْهَا الَّذَيْنَ أَمَنُوْا كُوْنُوْا قَوَّام شُهَداء بالْقشط دوَ لَا يَجْرِمَ ان قَوْم عَلَى ٱلاَ تَعْدِلُوْا ﴿ إِعْدِلُوْا ا هُوَ أَقْرَبُ لِلتَّقْطِعِ بِدِوَ اتَّقْدُوا اللَّهُ اتَ اللهَ خَبِيْزُ بِمَاتَعْمَلُوْنَ () وَعَبَرَ اللَّهُ الَّذِيرِ بِ أَمَنْهُ إِذَ عَه للجت لأكمهم متخفرة قرآجز عظد ىَ كَفَرُوْا وَ كَذَّبُوْا بِالْتِنَآ أولَيْكَ أَصْحِبُ الْجَحِبْمِ ( ناكمتها المذين أمنوا اذكروا يعمت الله عَلَيْكُمْ اذْ هَمَّ قَوْمً الَدْكُمْ ٱلْدِبَهُمْ فَكَفَّ وَ اتَّقُوا اللهُ وَعَ ، الله الْـمُ**ةُمنُ**ةُنَ أخذ الله ؿٞڹؘٳڡڹٛڡؙۢۄؙٳؿٛڋؘۯۼ اللَّهُ إِنَّىٰ مَعَكُمُ لِلَكْ أَقَمْ

لي ال

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ v \ | \ th \ th \ rhop | \ h \ rhop | \ rho$ 

<sup>\*13.</sup> Note: Perhaps there is no single word which can adequately do justice to the word naqīb (نَوْيَتُنَى اللهُ does not only mean 'a leader' but also means a proclaimer, the one who has the authority to read the proclamation or pronounce judgement on behalf of a sovereign or other higher authorities.

'Surely, I am with you. If you observe Prayer, and pay the Zakāt, and believe in My Messengers and support them, and lend to Allāh a goodly loan, I will remove your evils from you and admit you into Gardens beneath which streams flow. But whoso from among you disbelieves thereafter does indeed stray away from the right path.'

14. So, because of their breaking their covenant, We have cursed them, and have hardened their hearts. They pervert the words from their *proper* places and have forgotten a *good* part of that with which they were exhorted. And thou wilt not cease to discover treachery on their part, except *in* a \* few of them. So pardon them and turn away *from them*. Surely, Allāh loves those who do good.

15. And from those *also* who say,
'We are Christians,' We took a covenant, but they too have forgotten a *good* part of that with which they
\* were exhorted. So We have caused enmity and hatred among them till the Day of Resurrection. And Allāh will soon let them know what they have been doing.

16. O People of the Book! there has

٤ اتَؽتُمُ الزَّحُوةَ وَ امَنْتُمْ بِرُسُلِيَ ٤ عَزَّرْتُمُوْهُمْ وَ اَقْرَضْتُمُ اللَّهَ قَرْضًا حَسَنًا لَّا حَقِّرَتَ عَنْكُمْ سَيِّا تِكُمْ ٥ لَا دَخِلَنَّ حُمْ جَنَّتٍ تَجْرِي مِنْ ٥ لَا دَخِلَنَ حُمْ جَنَّتٍ تَجْرِي مِنْ مَنْكُمْ فَقَدْ ضَلَّ سَوَاءَ السَّبِيْلِ مَوَاضِعِه اوَنَسُوْا حَظَّقَ مَمَا دُجَرُوْا بِهِ تَوَلا تَزَالُ تَطَلِعُ عَلى خَارْنَةٍ قِنْهُمْ وَ اصْفَحْ قَلِيْلا قِنْهُمْ فَاعْفُ عَنْهُمْ وَ اصْفَحْ اِنَّ اللَّهُ يُحِبُّ الْمُحْسِنِيْنَ ()

ۅَمِنَ الَّذِيْنَ قَالُوَّا اِنَّا نَصْرَى اَخَذْنَا مِيْثَاقَهُمْ فَنَسُوْا حَظَّامِّمَا ذُكِّرُوْا بِهِ فَاغْرَيْنَا بَيْنَهُمُ الْعَدَاوَةَ وَ الْبَغْضَاء الى يَوْمِ الْقِيْمَةِ ، وَسَوْفَ يُنَبِّئُهُمُ اللهُ بِمَاكَانُوْا يَصْنَعُوْنَ۞ يَاهْلَ الْكِتْبِ قَدْجَاً مُكْمْ رَسُوْلُنَا

\*14. So pardon them and show forbearance.

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ \tau | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\varsigma} | \ \dot{\varsigma}$ 

Note: Turning away indicates an act of forbearance and overlooking the faults of others with kindness.

<sup>\* 15.</sup> Note: The Arabie word *aghrainā* (تغريك) has the basic meaning to make something stick fast to another so that it becomes an inseparable part of it. Hence the translation we prefer is: So We made mutual enmity and hatred their lot till the Day of Resurrection.

come to you Our Messenger who unfolds to you much of what you had kept hidden of the Book and passes over much. There has come to you indeed from Allāh a Light and a clear Book.

17. Thereby does Allāh guide those who seek His pleasure on the paths of peace, and leads them out of every *kind of* darkness into light by His will, and guides them to the right path.

18. They have indeed disbelieved who say, 'Surely, Allāh is none but the Messiah, son of Mary.' Say, 'Who then has any power against Allāh, if He desire to bring to naught the Messiah, son of Mary, and his mother and all those that are in the earth?' And to Allāh belongs the kingdom of the heavens and the earth and what is between them. He creates what He pleases; and Allāh has power to do all things.

19. The Jews and the Christians say, 'We are sons of Allāh and His loved ones.' Say, 'Why then does He punish you for your sins? Nay, you are *only* human beings among those He has created.' He forgives whom He pleases and punishes whom He pleases. And to Allāh belongs the kingdom of the heavens and the earth and what is between them, and to Him shall be the return.

20. O People of the Book! there has

ؽڹؾ۪ڽؙڵؘؘۘۘۘڪؙؗۿؚػؿؚؽڔۧٵڝؚٞ؆ٵۘڲؙڹٛؾؙۿڗؾڂٛڣٛؗۅ<u>ٛ</u>ڹ مِنَ الْحِتْبِ وَ يَعْفُوْا عَنْ كَثِيْرِ هُ قَدْ جَاءَكُمْ مِّنَ اللهِ نُوْرُ وَ حِتْبَ شُبِيْنَ أَ يَهْدِيْ بِهِ اللَّهُ مَنِ اتَّبَحَ رِضُوَانَهُ سُبُلَ السليرة يُخْرِجُهُمْ مِّنَ الظُّلُمْتِ إِلَى النُّودِ بِإِذْنِهِ وَ يَهْدِيْهِمْ إِلَى صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيْمِ لَقَدْ كَفَرَ الَّذِينَ قَالُوٓا إِنَّ اللهَ هُوَ الْمَسِيْحُ ابْنُ مَزْيَمَ د قُلْ فَمَنْ يَمْلِكُ مِنَ الله شَنْعًا إِنْ أَرَادَ أَنْ تُهْلِكَ الْمَسِيْحَ ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ وَ أُمَّهُ وَ مَنْ فِي الْأَرْضِ جَمِيْعًا وَبِتَّهِ مُلْكُ السَّهٰوتِ وَالْاَدْضِ وَمَا يَبْنَهُمَا وِيَخْلُقُ مَا يَشَاءُ. وَ اللهُ عَلى كُلَّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيْرٌ ( وَقَالَتِ الْيَهُوْدُوَ النَّصْرِي نَحْنُ ٱبْنَوْا الله وَ أَجِبَّ أَوْلا ، قُلْ فَلِمَ يُعَذَّ لُكُمْ ڹۮؙڹؙۉڹؚڴۿ؞ڹؚڵٵؘٮٛؾؙۿ**ڹۺؘ**ۯٞڟؚؚڡۧؽڂڶۊؘ؞ يَخْفِرُ لِمَنْ تَشَاءُ وَ بُعَذِّبُ مَنْ تَشَاءُ وَبِتَّهِ مُلْكُ السَّلْطُوْتِ وَ الْآدْضِ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَاد وَ إِلَيْهِ الْمَصِيْرُ (

بية من مريد منويير آياهل الكِتْبِ قَدْجَاءَكُمْ رَسُوْلُنَا

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \vdots \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \varsigma \ (15)$ (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

#### لَا يُحِبُّ اللهُ Part 6 - ۲

come to you Our Messenger, after a break in *the series of* Messengers, who makes *things* clear to you lest you say, 'There has come to us no bearer of glad tidings and no warner.' So a Bearer of glad tidings and a Warner has indeed come to you. And Alläh has power to do all things.

## R. 4.

21. And *remember* when Moses said to his people, 'O my people, call to mind Allāh's favour upon you when He appointed Prophets among you and made you kings, \*and gave you what He gave not to any other among the peoples.

22. 'O my people, enter the Holy Land which Allāh has ordained for you and do not turn back, for then you will turn losers.'

23. They said, 'O Moses, there is in that *land* a haughty and powerful people, and we shall not enter it until they go forth from it. But if they go forth from it, then we will enter *it*.'

24. Thereupon two men from among those who feared *their Lord*, on whom Allāh had conferred His favour, said, 'Enter the gate, *advancing* against them; when *once* you have entered it, then surely you will be victorious. And put your trust in Allāh, if you are believers.'

25. They said, 'O Moses, we will never enter it so long as they remain in it. Therefore, go thou and thy يُبَيِّنُ لَڪُمْ عَلَى فَتْرَةٍ مِّنَ الرُّسُلِ آنَ تَقُوْلُوْا مَا جَاءَتَ مِنْ بَشِيْرٍ وَّكَا نَذِيرٍ د فَقَدْ جَاءَكُمْ بَشِيْرً وَّ نَذِيرً لَ وَ اللَّهُ عَلى حُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرً شَ

 ٥ اِذْ قَالَ مُوْسَى لِقَوْمِ ہِ لَقَوْمِ اذْ حُرُوْ ا نِعْمَةَ اللهِ عَلَيْكُمْ اِذْ جَعَلَ فِيْكُمْ اَنْبِيَاءَ وَجَعَلَكُمْ مُلُوْكَ وَ الْاللَّمُ مَّا لَمْ يُؤْتِ اَحَدًا مِّنَ الْعَلَمِيْنَ ()
 اَعْوَمِ ادْخُلُوا الْارْضَ الْمُقَدَّسَةَ الَّتِي يَقَوْمِ ادْخُلُوا الْارْضَ الْمُقَدَّسَةَ الَّتِي حَتَبَ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ وَ لَا تَرْتَدُوْا عَلَى اَدْبَارِكُمْ فَتَنْقَلِ بُوْا خُسِرِيْنَ ()
 اَدْبَارِكُمْ فَتَنْقَلِ بُوْا خُسِرِيْنَ ()
 اَدْبَارِكُمْ وَ لَا تَرْتَدُوْا عَلَى قَالُوا لِمُوْسَى اِنَّ فِيْهَا قَوْمًا جَتَارِيْنَ أَنْ عَلَى قَالُوا لَمُوْسَى اِنَّ فِيْهَا فَوَا الْا الْمُقَدَّ عَلَى الْمُقَدَّ مَا اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ مَا اللَّهُ لَكُمْ وَ لَا تَرْبَى الْمُقَدَّ عَلَى الْمُعْتَانَ الْحَقَى الْمُقَدَّ عَلَى الْمُعْذَا الْحَقَى الْمُقَدَّ عَلَى الْحَقَى الْمُقَدَّ عَلَى الْحَقَى الْمُقَدَّ عَلَى الْحَقَى الْمُقَدَّ عَلَى الْمُقَدَّ عَلَى الْمُقَا عَلَى الْمُقَدَّ عَلَى الْمُعَانَ الْمُقَدَانَ عَلَى الْمُعْتَا الْحَقَى الْمُعْذَانَ الْمُعْتَعْ عَلَى الْحَقَى الْمُعَا الْحَقَى الْحَقَى الْحَقَى عَلَى الْمُعَانَ الْمُ عَنْ عَلَى الْعَلَيْ الْمِيْعَانَ الْعَلَيْ عَلَى الْحَقَا عَلَى الْمُعَاءِ الْعَلَا الْحَامَ الْمَالَا الْمُعْتَى الْمَعْتَى الْمُعَانَ الْحُلُونَ الْحَقَى الْمُقَا عَلَى الْحَقَى الْعَلَى الْحَدَى الْحَدَى الْمُعْتَقَا الْمَا عَلَيْ الْمَعْتَى الْمَعْ عَلَيْ الْحَدَيْنَ الْمَا الْعَلَيْ عَلَيْ الْحَدَيْنَ الْمَعْتَى الْحَدَى الْحَدَى الْعَلَيْ الْحَدَى الْحَدَى الْحَدَى الْحَدَى الْعَالَ الْعَلَيْ الْحَدَى الْحَدَى الْحَدَى الْحَدَى الْعَائِ الْحَدَى الْعَامَ الْحَدَى الْحَدى الْحَدَى الْحَا

قَالُوْا لِمُوْسَى إِنَّا لَنْ تَّـدْخُلَهَا ٱبَرًا مَّا دَامُوْا فِيْهَا فَاذْهَبْ ٱنْتَ وَ رَبُّكَ فَقَا تِلَا

\*21. and gave you what He gave not to **anyone else in the whole world. Note:** The expression *whole world* applies to the people of that age.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ th \ \stackrel{}{=} \ h \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \stackrel{}{\neq} \ \mid \ dh \ \stackrel{}{=} \ s \ \stackrel{}{=} \ (52) \ \circ \ (52) \ \circ \ f \ \stackrel{}{=} \ h \ h$ 

Lord and fight, and here we sit.'

26. He said, 'My Lord, I have power over none but myself and my brother; therefore make Thou a distinction between us and the rebellious people.'

27. *God* said: 'Verily, it shall be forbidden them for forty years; in distraction shall they wander through the land. So grieve not over the rebellious people.'

## R. 5.

28. And relate to them truly the story of the two sons of Adam, when they *each* offered an offering, and it was accepted from one of them and was not accepted from the other. The latter said, 'I will surely kill thee.' The former replied, 'Allāh accepts only from the righteous.

29. 'If thou stretch out thy hand against me to kill me, I am not going to stretch out my hand against thee to kill thee. I do fear Allāh, the Lord of the universe.

30. 'I wish that thou shouldst bear my sin as well as thy sin, and thus be among the inmates of the Fire, and that is the reward of those who do wrong.'

31. But his mind induced him to kill his brother, so he killed him and became one of the losers.

32. Then Allāh sent a raven which

ٳڹۜٞٵۿۿڹؘٵۛٙۛۼۮۉؽ۞ ڡؘڶؘٙۮڔؚۜٳڹۣۨؽؗڵؘآٵٛڡ۫ڸػۢٳڵۜۮڹؘڣٛڛؚؽؚۯؘٵڿ۬ؽ ڡؘٛڣ۠ۯڨؠؽڹٮؘٵۯؠؽڹٵڷقۉڡؚٳڶڡ۬۠ڛؚۊؚؽؾ۞

قَالَ فَإِنَّهَا مُحَرَّمَةً عَلَيْهِمْ اَ (بَعِيْتَ سَنَةً • يَتِيْهُوْنَ فِي الْأَرْضِ • فَلَا تَاْسَ عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْفُسِقِيْنَ؟

ۅَ اتْلُ عَلَيْهِمْ نَبَا ابْنَيْ اٰ الْمَ بِالْحَقِّ مَ اِذْ ﴾ تَرَّ بَاقُرْبَانَا فَتُقَبِّلَ مِنْ اَحَدِهِ مَا وَلَمْ يُتَقَبَّلُ مِنَ الْأَخَرِ - قَالَ كَاقْتُلَنَّكَ -قَالَ اِنَّ مَا يَتَقَبَّلُ اللَّهُ مِنَ الْمُتَّقِيْنَ ﴿ ﴾

لَمِنْ بَسَطْتَ الَكَ يَمَكَ لِتَقْتُلَنِي مَآ اَنَا بِبَاسِطٍ يَّدِي الَيْكَ لِاقْتُلَكَ، الِنَّيَ اَخَافُ اللَّهَ دَبَّ الْعلَمِيْنَ () نَتَكُوْنَ مِنْ اَصْحْبِ النَّارِ، وَذٰلِكَ فَتَكُوْنَ مِنْ اَصْحْبِ النَّارِ، وَذٰلِكَ فَطَوَّعَتْ لَهُ نَفْسُهُ قَتْلَ اَخِيْهِ فَقَتَلَهُ فَاصْبَحَ مِنَ الْخُسِرِيْنَ ()

 $a i u + | th \stackrel{\circ}{=} | h \stackrel{\tau}{=} | kh \stackrel{i}{=} | dh \stackrel{\circ}{=} | s \stackrel{\circ}{=} s \stackrel{\circ}{=} (5e details of transilieration on page [p]).$ 

scratched in the ground, that He might show him how to hide the corpse of his brother. He said, 'Woe is me! Am I not able to be even like this raven so that I may hide the corpse of my brother?' And then he became regretful.

33. On account of this, We apprescribed for the children of Israel that whosoever killed a person—unless it be for *killing* a person or for creating disorder in the land—it shall be as if he had killed all mankind; and whoso gave life to one, it shall be as if he had given life to all mankind. And Our Messengers came to them with clear Signs, yet even after that, many of them commit excesses in the land.

34. The reward of those who wage war against Allāh and His Messenger and strive to create disorder in the land is *only this* that they be slain or crucified or their hands and their feet be cut off on alternate sides, or they be expelled from the land. That shall be a disgrace for them in this world, and in the Hereafter they shall have a great punishment;

35. Except those who repent before you have them in your power. So know that Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

اِنَّمَا جَزَّؤًا الَّذِيْنَ يُحَارِبُوْنَ اللَّهُ وَ رَسُوْلَهُ وَ يَسْحَوْنَ فِي الْاَرْضِ فَسَادًا اَنْ يُقَتَّ لُوَّااَوْ يُصَلَّبُوَااَوْ تُقَطَّعَ اَيْدِيْهِمْ وَ اَرْجُلُهُمْ مِّنْ خِلَافٍ اَوْ يُنْفَوْا مِنَ الْآرْضِ للْفِرْوَةِ عَذَابَ عَظِيْمٌ شَ

اِلَّا الَّذِينَ تَابُوْامِنْ قَبْلِ اَنْ تَقْدِرُوْا عَلَيْهِمْ، فَاعْلَمُوْا اَتَّ اللَّهَ غَفُوْرً رَحِيْمً ۞

ŝ

R. 6.

36. O ye who believe! fear Allāh and seek the way of approach unto Him and strive in His way that you may prosper.

37. Surely, if those who disbelieve had all that is in the earth and as much over again, to ransom themselves therewith from the punishment of the Day of Resurrection, it would not be accepted from them; and they shall have a painful punishment.

38. They will wish to come out of the fire, but they will not be able to come out of it, and they shall have a lasting punishment.

39. And *as for* the man who steals and the woman who steals, cut off their hands in retribution of their offence as an exemplary punishment from Allāh. And Allāh is Mighty, Wise.

40. But whoso repents after his transgression and amends, then will Allāh surely turn to him in mercy; verily, Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

41. Dost thou not know that Allāh is He to Whom belongs the kingdom of the heavens and the earth? He punishes whom He pleases and forgives whom He pleases; and Allāh has power to do all things.

42. O Messenger! let not those grieve thee who hastily fall into disbelief—those who say with their

لَا تُهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوا اتَّقُوا اللَّهُ وَ ابْتَغُوْ ا إلكيه الكوسيكة وجاهدواني سبيله لَ**حَ**اً ڪُمْ تُفْلِحُوْنَ ₪ إِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا لَوْ آَنَّ لَهُمْ مَّافِي الْأَرْضِ جَمِيْعًا وَ مِثْلَهُ مَعَهُ لِيَفْتَدُوْا بِهِ مِنْ عَذَاب يَوْمِ الْقِلِمَةِ مَا تُقُبّ لَمِهُمْ، وَلَهُمْ عَذَاتُ ٱلنَّهُ ٢ يُرِيْدُوْنَ اَنْ يَخْرُجُوْا مِنَ النَّارِ وَمَا هُمْ بخَارِجِيْنَ مِنْهَادوَلَهُمْرَعَذَابَ مُّقِيْمً ٢ وَالسَّارِقُ وَ السَّارِقَةُ فَاقْطَعُوْ آبَدِيَهُمَا جَزَاءً بِمَا كَسَبًا نَكَالًا مِّنَ اللهِ ؞ وَاللهُ عَزِيْزُ حَكِيْمُ ٢ فَمَنْ تَابَ مِنْ بَعْدِ ظُلْمِهِ وَٱصْلَحَ فَإِنَّ اللَّهُ يَتُوْبُ عَلَيْهِ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ غَفُوْزٌ رَّحنهُ ٢ ٱكَمْ تَعْلَمْ أَنَّ اللَّهَ لَهُ مُلْكُ السَّمٰوٰتِ وَ الْارْضِ ﴿ يُعَذِّبُ مَنْ تَيْشَاءُ وَ يَغْفِرُ لِمَنْ يَشَاء د وَ اللهُ عَلى كُلَّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيْرَ ٢

یَاکیُّهَاالرَّسُوْلُ کَا یَحْزُنْتَ الَّذِیْنَ یُسَارِعُوْنَ فِی الْصُفْرِ مِنَ الَّذِیْنَ قَالُوْٓا

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ th \ \overset{}{=} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \overset{}{=} \ | \ \overset{}{=} \ \overset{}{$ 

mouths, 'We believe,' but their \*hearts believe not. And among the hearts believe not. And among the فَجْ الْمَعْدُونَ لِلْكَذِبِ فَجْ أَنْ الْمَذْعَ عَنْ الْمَذْعَ عَنْ الْمَذَع Jews too are those who would fondly listen to any lie-who listen for conveying it to another people who have not come to thee. They pervert words after their being put in their right places, and say, 'If you are given this, then accept it, but if you are not given this, then beware!' And as for him whom Allāh desires to try, thou shalt not avail him aught against Allāh. These are they whose hearts Allah has not been pleased to purify; they shall have disgrace in this world, and in the Hereafter they shall have a severe punishment.

43. They are habitual listeners to falsehood, devourers of things forbidden. If, then, they come to thee for judgment, judge between them or turn aside from them. And if thou turn aside from them, they cannot harm thee at all. And if thou judge, judge between them with justice. Surely, Allah loves those who are just.

44. And how will they make thee their judge when they have with them the Torah, wherein is Allah's judgment? Yet, in spite of that they turn their backs; and certainly they will not believe.

## R. 7.

45. Surely, We sent down the Torah

أمنا بآفواهِهم و لَم تُؤْمِن قُلُوْبُهُم : ڛؘڡٞ۫ۼۉڹڸۊؘۉڡؚؚٳڂؘڔؽڹ؞ؚڮۿڔؽٳ۫ؾؙۉڮٙۦ يُحَرِّفُوْتَ الْكَلِمَ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَوَاضِعِهِ ىَقُوْلُوْتَ إِنْ أَوْتِبْتُمْ هِذَا فَخُذُوْهُ وَ إِنْ لَّمْ تُؤْتَوْهُ فَاحْذَرُوْا ، وَ مَنْ يُرِدِ اللهُ فتْنَتَهُ فَكَنْ تَمْلِكَ لَهُ مِنَ اللهِ شَيْئًا، أولَئِكَ الَّذِيْنَ لَمْ يُرِدِ اللهُ أَنْ يُطَهِّرَ قُلُوْبَهُمْ لَهُمْ فِي الدُّنْيَا خِزْيَّ \* وَّلَهُمْ فِي الْأَخِرَةِ عَذَابٌ عَظِيْمٌ ٣

سَمّْعُوْنَ لِلْكَذِبِ ٱكّْلُوْنَ لِلسُّحْتِ، فَإِنْ جَاءُوْكَ فَاحْكُمْ بَيْنَهُمْ أَوْ ٱعْرِضْ عَنْهُمْ ، وَإِنْ تُعْرِضْ عَنْهُمْ فَكَنْ يَضُرُّوْكَ شَبْعًا وَإِنْ حَكَمْتَ فَاحْكُمْ بَيْنَهُمْ بِالْقِسْطِ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ يُحِبُّ الْمُقْسِطِيْنَ ? وَكَيْفَ بُحَكَّمُوْنَكَ وَعِنْدَهُمُ التَّوْرِيةُ فِيْهَا حُكْمُ اللهِ ثُمَّر يَتَوَلَّوْنَ مِنْ بَعْدِ ذٰلِكَ ، وَمَآ أولَئِكَ بِالْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ٢ É

إِنَّآ ٱنْزَلْنَا التَّوْلِيةَ فِيْهَا هُدًى وَّنُوْرُ،

\*42. And among the Jews too are those who are overeager to listen to lies

ء : ا ق p ا \$ h 7 | kh 7 | dh أ ع ا ف أ م م الأ م الأ ب الأ ا ا ف الم الم الم الم الم الم الم الم ال (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

wherein was guidance and light. By it did the Prophets, who were obedient *to Us*, judge for the Jews, as did the godly people and those learned in the Law; for they were required to preserve the Book of Allāh, and *because* they were guardians over it. Therefore fear not men but fear Me; and barter not My Signs for a paltry price. And whoso judges not by that which Allāh has sent down, these it is who are the disbelievers.

46. And therein We prescribed for them: A life for a life, and an eye for an eye, and a nose for a nose, and an ear for an ear, and a tooth for a tooth, and for *other* injuries equitable retaliation. And whoso waives the right thereto, it shall be an expiation for his *sins*; and whoso judges not by what Allāh has sent down, these it is who are wrongdoers.

47. And We caused Jesus, son of Mary, to follow in their footsteps, fulfilling that which was *revealed* before him in the Torah; and We gave him the Gospel which contained guidance and light, fulfilling that which was *revealed* before it in the Torah, and a guidance and an admonition for the God-fearing.

48. And let the People of the Gospel judge according to what Allāh has revealed therein, and whoso judges

يَحْكُمُ بِهَا النَّبِيُّوْنَ الَّذِيْنَ ٱسْلَمُوْا لِلَّذِيْنَ هَادُوْا وَ الرَّبَّانِيُّوْنَ وَ الْاحْبَارُ بِمَا اسْتُحْفِظُوْا مِنْ كِتْبِ اللهِ وَكَانُوْا عَلَيْهِ شُهَدَاً ، فَكَ تَخْشُوُا النَّاسَ وَاخْشَوْنِ وَ لَا تَشْتَرُوْا بِالِتِيْ ثَمَنًا قَلِيْلًا وَمَنْ لَّمْ يَحْكُمْ بِمَا آنْزَلَ اللهُ فَاوِلَبِّكَ هُمُ الْحُفِرُوْنَ®

وَكَتَبْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ فِيْهَا آنَّ التَّفْسَ بِالتَّفْسِ اوَ الْعَيْنَ بِالْعَيْنِ وَ الْآنْفَ بِالْآنْفِ وَ الْأُذْنَ بِالْأُدُنِ وَ السِّنَّ بِالسِّنِ اوَالْجُرُوْحَ قِصَاصً فَمَنْ تَصَدَّقَ بِهِ فَهُوَ كَفَّارَةً لَّهُ دَوَمَنْ لَمْ يَحْكُمْ بِمَا آنْزَلَ اللَّهُ فَاوَلَمِ كَ هُمُ الظَّلِمُوْنَ

وَقَفَّيْنَاعَلَى اتَّارِهِمْ بِعِيْسَى ابْنِمَرْيَمَ مُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ مِنَ التَّوْلِقِ وَ اتَيْنُهُ الْإِنْجِيْلَ فِيْهِ هُدًى وَّ نُوْرًا وَ مُصَدِّقًالِّمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ مِنَ التَّوْلِيةِ وَ هُدًى وَ مَوْعِظَةً لِّلْمُتَّقِيْنَ ﴾

ۇلىيخىڭم آھەل الانجيل بىمآ ئىزك اللەفييو ، وَمَنْ تَمْ يَحْكُمْ بِمَآ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \vdots \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \varepsilon \ (157)$ (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

not by what Allāh has revealed, these it is who are the rebellious.

49. And We have revealed unto thee the Book comprising the truth and fulfilling that which was revealed before it in the Book, and as a guardian over it. Judge, therefore, between them by what Allah has revealed, and follow not their evil inclinations. turning away from the truth which has come to thee. For each of you We prescribed a clear spiritual Law and a manifest way in secular matters. And if Allah had enforced His will, He would have made you all one people, but He wishes to try you by that which He has given you. Vie, then, with one another in good works. To Allah shall you all return; then will He inform you of that wherein you differed.

50. And *We have revealed the Book* to thee bidding thee to judge between them by that which Allāh has revealed and not to follow their evil inclinations, and to be on thy guard against them, lest they cause thee to fall into affliction on account of part of what Allāh has revealed to thee. But if they turn away, then know that Allāh intends to smite them for some of their sins. And indeed a large number of men are disobedient.

51. Do they then seek the judgment of *the days of* Ignorance? And who is better than Allāh as a Judge for a people who have firm faith?

ٱنْزَلَ اللهُ فَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْفُسِقُوْنَ، وَٱنْزَلْنَآ إِلَيْكَ الْجِتْبِ بِالْحَقِّ مُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ مِنَ الْحِتْبِ وَمُهَيْمِنًا عَلَيْهِ فَاحْكُمْ بَيْنَهُمْ بِمَآ ٱنْزَلَ اللهُ وَكَا تَتَّبِعُ آهُوَاءَهُمْ عَمَّا جَاءَكَ مِنَ الْحَقّ د لِڪُلّ جَعَلْنَا مِنْكُمْ شِرْعَةً وَّ مِنْهَاجًا وَ لَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ لَجَعَلَكُمْ ٱمَّةً وَّاحِدَةً وَ لَحِنْ لِمَبْلُوَ حُمْ فَي مَآ اتْىكْمْرْفَاسْتَبِقُوا الْخَيْرْتِ إِلَى اللهِ مر جعكم جميعًا فَيُنَتِّ بُحُمْ بِمَا كُنْتُم فنه تَخْتَلفُوْنَ أَ ۇآن اخگە بَيْنَهُمْ بِمَآ ٱنْزَلَ اللهُ ۘۅؘۜڵٵؾ<del>ؖ</del>ؾؖؠۼٱۿۅؘٳٙٷۿؗؗؗۄۯٳڂۮؘۯۿۿڔٱڬ يَفْتِنُوْكَ عَنْ بَعْضٍ مَآ أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ ٳؚڵؽؚڮٙ ٳڵؽؚڮٙ؞ڣؘٳڽٛؾؘۅؘڷۉٳڣؘٵڠٮؘڮۿڔٱٮٚٞڝؘٵؿڔؽڋ اللهُ أَنْ يُصِيْبَهُ هَرِبِبَعْضِ ذُنُوْ بِهِمْ ا وَإِنَّ كَثَيْرًا مِّنَ النَّاسِ لَفُسقُوْنَ @

ٱنَحُكْمَ الْجَاهِلِيَّةِ يَبْغُوْنَ • وَ مَنْ ٱحْسَنُ مِنَ اللهِ حُكْمًا لِّقَوْمِ يُوْقِنُوْنَ۞

 $a i u + | th \doteq | h = | kh \neq | dh \Rightarrow | dh \Rightarrow | (18)$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

ئع

R. 8.

52. O ye who believe! take not the Jews and the Christians for friends. They are friends one to another. And whoso among you takes them for friends is indeed one of them. Verily, Allāh guides not the unjust people.

53. And thou wilt see those in whose hearts is a disease, hastening towards them, saying, 'We fear lest a misfortune befall us.' Maybe, Allāh will bring about victory or some *other* event from Himself. Then will they become regretful of what they concealed in their minds.

54. And those who believe will say, 'Are these they who swore by Allāh with their most solemn oaths that they were surely with you?' Their works are vain and they have become the losers.

55. O ye who believe! whoso among you turns back from his religion, then *let it be known that in his stead* Allāh will soon bring a people whom He will love and who will love Him, *and who will be* kind and humble towards believers, hard and firm against disbelievers. They will strive in the cause of Allāh and will not fear the reproach of a fault-finder. That is Allāh's grace; He bestows it upon whomsoever He pleases; and Allāh is Bountiful, All-Knowing.

لَاَتُيها الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا لَا تَتَّخِذُوا الْبَيْهُ ذِوَ النَّصْرَى أَوْلِبَاءَمِ بَعْضُهُمْ ٱوْلِيمَاءُ بَعْضٍ **وَمَنْ تَتَوَ**لَّهُمْ مِّنْكُمْ فَاتَهُ مِنْهُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الظَّلِمِيْنَ ٢ فَتَرَى الَّذِينَ فِنْ قُلُوْبِهِمْ مَّرَضْ يُسارِعُوْنَ فِيْهِمْ يَقُوْلُوْنَ نَخْشَى أَنْ تُصِيْبَنَا ذَائِرَةً ﴿ فَحَسَى اللَّهُ آَنْ يَّاتِي بالْفَتْحِ آوْ آمْرِ مِّنْ عِنْدِهِ فَيُصْبِحُوْا عَلَى مَنَ ٱسَرُّوا فِنْ ٱنْفُسِهِمْ نْدِمِيْنَ ٢ وَيَقُوْلُ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْٓا أَخَوُلآءِ الَّذِينَ ٱ ڡٛۺڡؙۉٳؠٳٮۨؗؗۨڷۅؚڿۿۮٙٱؽۣڝٙٳؽؚۿۄ<sub>ٛ</sub>ٳڶۛٞۿۿ لَمَعَكُمْ دَجَبِطَتْ أَعْمَالُهُمْ فَأَصْبَحُوْا خْسِرِيْنَ@ <u>ؽ</u>ؘٱؿؙۿٵڷۜڋؽؿٵڡڹؙۉٵڡڽٛؾۜۯؾڐڡؚڹٛػؙۿؚٷ دِيْنِهِ فَسَوْفَ يَأْتِي اللَّهُ بِقَوْمِرٍ يُحِبُّهُمْ

ٷؽڃؚڹٞۉنَهَ ، اَذِلَّةٍ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ اَعِزَّةٍ عَلَى الْحُفِرِيْنَ دَيُجَاهِدُوْنَ فِيْ سَبِيْلِ اللَّهِ وَلَا يَخَافُوْنَ لَوْمَةَ لَآئِمٍ ، ذٰلِكَ فَضْلُ اللَّهِ يُؤْتِيْهِ مَنْ يَّشَاءُ ، وَاللَّهُ وَاسِحٌ عَلِيْ حَرَشَ

#### لَا يُحِبُّ اللهُ Part 6 - ۲

\*56. Your friend is only Allāh and His Messenger and the believers who observe Prayer and pay the Zakāt and worship God alone.

57. And those who take Allāh and His Messenger and the believers for friends *should rest assured* that it is the party of Allāh that must triumph.

## R. 9.

58. O ye who believe! take not those for friends who make a jest and sport of your religion from among those who were given the Book before you, and the disbelievers. And fear Allāh if you are believers;

59. And *who*, when you call *people* to Prayer, take it as jest and sport. That is because they are a people who do not understand.

60. Say, 'O People of the Book! do you find fault with us because we believe in Allāh and what has been sent down to us and what was sent down previously? Or *is it* because most of you are disobedient *to God*?'

61. Say, 'Shall I inform you of those whose reward with Allāh is worse than that? *They are* those whom

اِنَّمَا وَلِيُّكُمُ اللَّهُ وَ رَسُوْلُهُ وَ الَّذِينَ امَنُوا الَّذِينَ يُقِيْمُوْنَ الصَّلُوةَ وَ يُؤْتُوْنَ الزَّكُوةَ وَهُمْ رَاكِعُوْنَ۞ وَ مَنْ يَتَوَلَّ اللَّهَ وَ رَسُوْلَهُ وَ الَّذِيْنَ امَنُوْا فَإِنَّ حِزْبَ اللَّهِ هُمُ الْغَلِبُوْنَ۞ ﴾

يَّاتَّهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا لَا تَتَّخِذُوا الَّذِينَ اتَتَخَذُوْا دِينَكُمْ هُزُوًا وَّ لَعِبًا مِّنَ الَّذِينَ أَوْتُوا الْكِتْبَ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ وَ الْكُفَّارَ آوْلِيَاءَ وَ اتَّقُوا اللَّهَ لِنْ كُنْ تُمُ مُؤُونِيْنَ ٥ كُنْ تَمُمْ مُؤُونِيْنَ ٥ هُزُوًا وَ لَعِبًا ذَلِكَ بِآنَهُمْ قَوْمً لَا يُعْقِلُونَ ٥ تَحْتَرَكُمْ فُسِقُونَ ٦ تَحْتَرَكُمْ فُسِقُونَ ٦

\*56. Your friend is only Allāh and His Messenger and the believers who observe Prayer and pay the Zakāt **bowing to Him** *with absolute sincerity*.

Allāh has cursed and on whom His wrath has fallen and of whom He has made apes and swine and *who* worship the Evil One. These indeed are in a worse plight, and farther astray from the right path.

62. And when they come to you, they say, 'We believe,' while they enter with unbelief and go out therewith; and Allāh knows best what they conceal.

63. And thou seest many of them hastening towards sin and transgression and the eating of things forbidden. Evil indeed is that which they practise.

64. Why do not the divines and those learned in the Law prohibit them from uttering falsehood and eating things forbidden? Evil indeed is that which they do.

\*65. And the Jews say, 'The hand of Allāh is tied up.' Their own hands وقفالازه shall be tied up and they shall be cursed for what they say. Nay, both His hands are wide open; He spends how He pleases. And what has been sent down to thee from thy Lord will most surely increase many of them in rebellion and disbelief. And We have cast among them enmity and hatred till the Day of Resurrection. Whenever they kindle a fire for war, Allah extinguishes it. And they strive to create disorder in

وَ حَعَلَ مِنْهُمُ الْقِرَدَةَ وَ الْخَنَا زِيْرَ وَعَتدَ الطَّاغُوْتَ ، أو لَتُكَ شَرَّةً كَانًا ۊۜٱۻؘڵٞۼڽٛڛؘۊۜٳ؞ؚٳڶۺۜؠؽؚڶ<sup>®</sup> وَ إِذَا جَاءُوْ كُمْ قَالُهُمْ أَمَنَّا وَ قَدْدَّخَلُهُ ا بالْكُفُر وَ هُمْ قَدْخَرَجُوْا بِهِ ﴿ وَ اللَّهُ ٱعْلَمُ بِمَا كَانُوْا بَكْتُمُوْنَ @ وَ تَرْى كَتْبَرَّا مِّنْهُمْ نُسَادِعُوْنَ فِ الإثبروا لمعذوان وأكبله مرالشختء لَيْنُسَ مَا كَانُوْا يَعْمَلُوْنَ 🐨 كَوْ كَا يَنْهِدِهُمُ الرَّتَيَانِيَّةُوْتَ وَالْأَحْسَارُ عَنْ قَوْلِهِمُ الْأَثْمَرَةِ أَجْلِهِمُ السُّحْتَ -لَبِئْسَ مَاكَانُوْا يَصْنَعُوْنَ<sup>@</sup> وَقَالَتِ الْبَهُوْدُ بَدُ اللهِ مَغْلُوْ لَةً إِغَلَّتُ ٱؽبد ؽه هر وَلُعِنُوْ ابِمَاقَالُوْام بَلْ يَدْلُا مېشۇطَتْن «يُنْفِقُ كَيْفَ يَشَاءً، وَ لَيَزِيْدِنَّ كَتَيْرًا مِّنْهُمْ مَّآ أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْكَ مِنْ رَّبِّكَ طُغْيَانًا وَّ كُفْرًا ﴿ وَٱلْقَيْنَا تشتنهم البعدادة والتغضآء اليتذم الْقلمة اكْتَّمَا ٱوْقَدُوْانَا رَّالِّلْحَرْبِ ٱطْفَاَهَا اللهُ اوَ يَسْعَوْبَ فِي الْأَرْضِ

\*65. And the Jews say, 'The hand of Allāh is tied up.' It is their *own* hands which are tied up and they shall be cursed for what they say.

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u & \mid & | \ th \ \forall & | \ h \ \tau & | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} & | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} & | \ \dot{\tau} & | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} & | \ \dot{\tau} & | \ \dot{\tau} & | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} & | \ \dot{\tau} & | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} & | \ \dot{\tau} & | \ \dot{\tau} & | \ \dot{\tau}$ 

غ

the earth, and Allāh loves not those who create disorder.

66. And if the People of the Book had believed and been righteous, We would surely have removed from them their evils and We would surely have admitted them into Gardens of Bliss.

67. And if they had observed the Torah and the Gospel and what has been *now* sent down to them from their Lord, they would, surely, have eaten *of good things* from above them and from under their feet.

\*Among them are a people who are moderate; but many of them—evil indeed is that which they do.

## R. 10.

68. O Messenger! convey to the people what has been revealed to thee from thy Lord; and if thou do it not, thou hast not conveyed His Message at all. And Allāh will protect thee from men. Surely, Allāh guides not the disbelieving people.

69. Say, 'O People of the Book! you *stand* on nothing until you observe the Torah and the Gospel and what has *now* been sent down to you from your Lord.' And surely, what has been sent down to thee from thy Lord will increase many of them in rebellion and disbelief; so grieve not for the disbelieving people.

فَسَادًا ، وَاللَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُفْسِرِيْنَ وَلَوْ اَنَّ اَهْلَ الْكِلْبِ أَمَـنُوْا وَ اتَّقَوْا لَكَفَّرْنَاعَنْهُمْ سَيِّاتِهِمْ وَلَا حَنْلُهُمْ جَنَّتِ النَّعِيْمِ آ

وَلَوْ ٱنَّهُمْ ٱقَامُوا التَّوْلِيةَ وَالْإِنْجِيلَ وَمَا ٱنْزِلَ إِلَيْهِمْ مِّنْ تَجْهِمْ لَا كُلُوْا مِنْ فَوْقِهِمْ وَمِنْ تَحْتِ ٱدْجُلِهِمْ مِنْهُمْ ٱمَّةً مُقْتَصِدَةً • وَكَثِيْرً مِّنْهُمْ سَاءَمًا يَعْمَلُوْنَ أَنْ

نَاكَيُهَا الرَّسُوْلُ بَلِّغُمَا ٱنْزِلَ إِلَيْكَ مِنْ رَّبِّكَ دَوَ إِنْ لَّمْ تَفْحَلْ فَمَا بَلَّغْتَ رِسْلَتَهُ وَ اللَّهُ يَعْصِمُكَ مِنَ النَّاسِ د إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَهْدِى الْقَوْمَ الْكُفِرِيْنَ ﴿

قُلْ يَاهُلَ الْكِتْبِ لَسْتُمْ عَلْ شَيْءٍ حَتَّى تُقِيْمُوا التَّوْلَاةَ وَ الْإِنْجِيْلَ وَمَا انْزِلَ الْدِكُمْ مِّنْ تَبِّكُمْ وَ لَيَزِيْدَنَّ كَثِيْرًا مِنْهُمْ مَّا أُنْزِلَ الْيَكَ مِنْ تَبِكَ طُغْيَانًا وَ كُفْرًا وَ فَلَا تَاسَ عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْكُفِرِيْنَ @

\*67. Among them there is a body of people who are moderate; but evil indeed is that which the majority of them do.

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ c + | \ h \ \tau | \ kh \ \tau | \ dh \ i \ s = | c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c +$ 

70. Surely, those who have believed, and the Jews, and the Sabians, and the Christians—whoso believes in Allāh and the Last Day and does good deeds, on them *shall come* no fear, nor shall they grieve.

71. Surely, We took a covenant from the children of Israel, and We sent Messengers to them. But every time there came to them a Messenger with what their hearts desired not, they treated some as liars, and some they sought to kill.

72. And they thought there would be no punishment, so they became blind and deaf. But Allāh turned to them in mercy; yet again many of them became blind and deaf; and Allāh is Watchful of what they do.

73. Indeed they are disbelievers who say, 'Surely, Allāh is none but the Messiah, son of Mary,' whereas the Messiah *himself* said, 'O children of Israel, worship Allāh Who is my Lord and your Lord.' Surely, whoso associates partners with Allāh, him has Allāh forbidden Heaven, and the Fire will be his resort. And the wrongdoers shall have no helpers.

\*74. They are surely disbelievers who say, 'Allāh is the third of three;' there is no God but the One God. And if they do not desist from

اِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوا وَ الَّذِيْنَ هَادُوْا وَ الصَّابِئُوْنَ وَ النَّصْرِي مَنْ أَمَنَ بِاللَّهِ <u> وَالْيَوْمِ الْإِجْرِ وَعَمِلَ صَالِحًا فَلَا خَوْفٌ</u> عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُوْنَ ا لَقَدْ أَخَذْنَا مِيْثَاقَ بَخِيَّ إِسْرَاءِيْلَ وَٱدْسَلْنَآ اِلَيْهِمْرُسُلًا ؞ كُلَّمَا جَاءَهُمْ رسُوْلٌ بِمَالَاتَهْوَى ٱنْفُسُهُمْ افَرِيْقًا كَذَّبُوْا وَفَرِيْقًا يَقْتُلُوْنَ ٥ وَ حَسِبُوٓا ٱلَّا تَكُوْنَ فِتْنَةً فَعَمُوْا <u>ۇ</u> صَمَّوْا ثُمَرْ كَابَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ ثُمَّرَ عَمُوْا وَصَمُّوا كَتْذِرَّ تِنْهُمُ دَوَاللَّهُ بَصِيْزُ بِمَا يَعْمَلُوْنَ @ لَقَدْ كَفَرَالَّذِيْنَ قَالُوٓا إِنَّ اللهَ هُوَ الْمَسِيْحُ ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ وَقَالَ الْمَسِيْحُ يبَنِيْ إِسْرَآءِيكَ اعْبُدُوا اللهَ رَبِّب وَ رَبِّكُمْ الْمَنْ يُشْرِكْ بِاللهِ فَقَدْ حَرَّمَ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ الْجَنَّةَ وَ مَأْوَلهُ النَّادُ وَمَالِلظَّلِمِيْنَ مِنْ ٱنْصَارِ ﴾ لَقَدْ كَفَرَ الَّذِينَ قَالُوٓا إِنَّ اللَّهُ ثَالِتُ ثَلْثَةٍ مِوَمَامِنْ إِلٰهِ إِلَّا إِلٰهُ وَآمِدُ وَإِنْ

\*74. They are surely disbelievers who say, 'Alläh is one of the three;' there is no God but the One God.

وتفالاز

what they say, a grievous punishment shall surely befall those of them that disbelieve.

75. Will they not then turn to Allāh and beg His forgiveness, while Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful?

\*76. The Messiah, son of Mary, was only a Messenger; surely, Messengers *like unto him* had indeed passed away before him. And his mother was a truthful woman. They both used to eat food. See how We explain the Signs for their good, and see how they are turned away.

77. Say, 'Will you worship beside Allāh that which has no power to do you harm or good?' And it is Allāh Who is All-Hearing, All-Knowing.

78. Say, 'O People of the Book! exceed not the limits in *the matter* of your religion unjustly, nor follow the evil inclinations of a people who went astray before and caused many to go astray, and *who* have strayed away from the right path.'

## R. 11.

79. Those amongst the children of Israel who disbelieved were cursed by the tongue of David, and of Jesus, son of Mary. That was because they disobeyed and used to transgress.

لَّهْ يَذْ يَقُوْا عَجَّا يَقُوْلُوْنِ . لَيَمَتَّ 🖗 الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا مِنْهُمْ عَذَابٌ ٱلِبْحُصَ ٱڣؘڮ*ٳ*ۑؾؙۉؠ۠ۉؾٳؼٵٮؾ۠؋ۊڮۺؾۼٛڣۯۉڹؘۮۦ وَاللَّهُ غَفُوْرٌ رَّحِثُمُ @ مَا الْسَسِنْحُ ابْنُ مَزْتِمَ إِلَّا رَسُوْلَ» قَدْخَلَتْ مِنْ قَبْلِيهِ الرُّسُلُ ﴿ وَ ٱصُّهُ صدِّنقَةً كَانَا بَا كُلُرِنِ الطَّعَامَ ﴿ ٱنْظُرْ كَيْفَ نُبَيِّنُ لَهُمُ الْإِيتِ ثُمَّر انْظُرْ ٱلْنِي يُهُ فَكُونَ @ قُلْ اَتَعْبُدُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللَّهِ مَالَا بَمْلِكُ لَكُمْ ضَرًّا وَّ لَا نَفْعًا ﴿ وَ اللَّهُ هُوَ السميعُ الْعَلَيْمُ قُلْ يَكَهْلَ الْكِتْبِ لَاتَغْلُوْا فِي دِيْبِكُمْ غَيْرَ الْحَقّ وَ لَا تَتَّبِعُوْا أَهْوَاء قَوْمِ قَدْضَلُّوا مِنْ قَبْلُ وَ أَضَلُّوْا كَتْيُرًا وَّضَلَّوْا عَنْ سَوَاءِ السَّبِيْلِ ٥

لُعِنَ اتَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا مِنَ بَنِيَّ اِسْرَآءِيْلَ عَلْى لِسَانِ دَاؤَدَ وَعِيْسَى ابْنِ مَرْيَمَ ذٰلِكَ بِمَا عَصَوْا وَّ كَانُوْا يَعْتَدُوْنَ ۞

الع الع

<sup>\*76.</sup> The Messiah, son of Mary, was no more than a Messenger. All Messengers before him have passed away. And his mother was righteous. Both of them used to eat food.

\*80. They did not prohibit one another from the iniquity which they committed. Evil indeed was that which they used to do.

81. Thou shalt see many of them taking the disbelievers as their friends. Surely, evil is that which they themselves have sent on before for themselves: with the result that Allah is displeased with them: and in this punishment they shall abide.

82. And if they had believed in Allah and this Prophet, and in that which has been revealed to him. they would not have taken them as their friends, but many of them are disobedient.

83. Thou shalt certainly find the Jews and those who associate partners with God to be the most vehement of men in enmity against the believers. And thou shalt assuredly find those who say, 'We are Christians,' to be the nearest of them in love to the believers. That is because amongst them are savants and monks and because they are not proud.

5 84. And when they hear what has been revealed to this Messenger, thou seest their eves overflow with tears, because of the truth which they have recognized. They say, 'Our Lord, we believe, so write us down among those who bear witness.

كَانُوْا لَا يَتَنَاهَوْنَ عَنْ مُّنْكَرٍ فَعَلُوْلاً -لَبِئْسَ مَاكَانُوْا يَفْعَلُوْنَ تَرْجِ كَتْنُوا مِنْهُمْ بَتَوَلَّهُ بِي الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْاء لَبِنْسَ حَمّا قَدَّمَتْ لَهُ هُ ٱنْفُسُهُمْ أَنْ سَخِطَ اللهُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَفَ الْعَذَابِ هُمْرِخْلِدُوْنَ ( وَلَوْ كَانُوْا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِاللهِ وَالنَّبِيّ وَمَآ اُنْزِلَ إِلَيْهِمَا اتَّخَذُوْهُمْ آوْلِيَاً ؟ وَلَحِنَّ حَثْيُرًا مِنْهُمْ فْسِقُوْنَ ؟

لَتَجِدَتَ ٱشَدَّ النَّاسِ عَدَاوَةً لِلَّذِين امَنُوا الْيَهُوْدَ وَالَّذِيْنَ أَشْرَكُوْا وَ لَتَجِدَتَ ٱقْرَبَهُمْ مَّوَدَّةً لِّلَّذِينَ أَمَنُوا الَّذِيْنَ قَالُوْٓا إِنَّا نَصْرَى ﴿ ذٰلِكَ بِاَتَّ مِنْهُمْ قِسِّيْسِيْنَ وَ رُهْبَانًا وَّ ٱنَّهُمْ لايشتكبرؤن، وَإِذَا سَمِعُوْامَا أَنْزِلَ إِلَى الرَّسُوْلِ 🕅 تَرَى اَعْيُنَهُمْ تَفِيْضُ مِنَ الدَّمْعِ مِمَّا عَرَفُوا مِنَ الْحَقِّ، يَقُوْلُوْنَ رَبَّنَآ أَمَنَّا فَاحْتُبْنَا مَعَ الشَّهِدِينَ. وَمَا لَنَالَا نُؤْمِنُ بِاللهِ وَمَا جَآءَنَا مِنَ

85. 'And why should we not believe

 $\frac{1}{80}$  They would not prohibit one another from offensive conduct which they practised. Evil indeed was that which they used to do.

ء : ا ق q ا غ ا ب ا ط ب ا ف ل ب (165 ص ع ا خ h ا م ا ۲ ا ا ث h ا ۲ ا م ا ۲ ا م ا ۲ ا ۲ ا م ا ۲ ا ۲ م (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

Ę

in Allāh and in the truth which has come to us, while we earnestly wish that our Lord should include us among the righteous people?'

86. So Allāh rewarded them, for what they said, with Gardens beneath which streams flow. Therein shall they abide; and that is the reward of those who do good.

87. And those who have disbelieved and rejected Our Signs, these are they who are the inmates of Hell.

# R. 12.

88. O ye who believe! make not unlawful the good things which Allāh has made lawful for you, and do not transgress. Surely, Allāh loves not the transgressors.

89. And eat of that which Allāh has provided for you of what is lawful and good. And fear Allāh in Whom you believe.

90. Allāh will not call you to account for *such of* your oaths as are vain, but He will call you to account for the oaths which you take in earnest. The expiation for this is the feeding of ten poor persons with *such* average *food* as you feed your families with, or the clothing of them or the freeing of a neck. But whoso finds not *the means* shall fast for three days. That is the expiation of your oaths when you have sworn *them*. And do keep your oaths. Thus does Allāh explain to you His Signs that you may be grateful. الْحَقّ اوَنَطْمَعُ آنْ يُدْخِلَنَا رَبُّنَا مَعَ الْقَوْ مِرَالصَّلِحِيْنَ ٢ فَاَثَابَهُمُ اللهُ بِمَا قَالُوْا جَنَّتِ تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهُرُ خَلِبِيْتَ فِيْهَا. وذلك جزاء المحسنين وَالَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا وَ كَذَّبُوْا بِالْيَتِنَآ ٱولَبَكَ أَصْحْبُ الْجَحِيْمِ ٢ ؖؽؘٲؿؙۿٵڷ<u>ٙ</u>ڔ۬ٛؽڹٵؗڡڹؙۉٵڵٲ<sup></sup>ؾؙۻڗۣڡ۠ۉٵڟؘؾ۪ڹؾ مَا أَجَلَّ اللهُ لَكُمْ وَلا تَعْتَدُوْا إِاتَ الله لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُعْتَدِيْنَ ( وَكُلُوْا مِمَّا رَزَقَكُمُ اللهُ حَلْلًا طَيّبًا م وَّاتَّقُوااللهَالَّذِيْ ٱنْتُمْبِهِمُؤْمِنُوْنَ لَا يُؤَاخِذُ كُمُ اللَّهُ بِاللَّغُو فِي آَيْمَانِكُمْ وَلَكِنْ يُؤَاخِذُ كُمْرِبِمَاعَقَّدْ تُمُرالَا يُمَانَ، فَكَفَّارَتُهُ إِطْعَامُ عَشَرَةٍ مَسْكِيْنَ مِنْ أَوْسَطِ مَا تُطْعِمُوْتَ أَهْلِيْكُمْ ٱوْكِسْوَتُهُمْ ٱوْتَحْرِيْرُ رَقَبَةٍ ، فَمَنْ لَّمْ يَجدْ فَصِيَامُ ثَلْثَقَةِ آيَّامٍ، ذٰلِكَ كَفَّارَةُ أَيْمَانِكُمْ إِذَا حَلَفْتُمْ وَاحْفَظُوْا ٱؽؚؚۣڝٙٳڹؘڴۿڔ؞ػۮ۬ڸؚڮؙؽؚؠٙؾڽؙٳٮؾ۠ؗؗ؋ڶڴۿڔٳڸؾؚؠ **لَحَ**ا کُہْ تَشْکُ وْنَ

- \*91. O ye who believe! wine and the game of hazard and idols and divining arrows are only an abomination of Satan's handiwork. So shun *each one of* them that you may prosper.
- \*92. Satan desires only to create enmity and hatred among you by means of wine and the game of hazard, and to keep you back from the remembrance of Allāh and from Prayer. But will you keep back?

93. And obey Allāh and obey the Messenger, and be on *your* guard. But if you turn away, then know that on Our Messenger lies only the clear conveyance of the Message.

94. On those who believe and do good works there shall be no sin for what they eat, provided they fear *God* and believe and do good works, *and* again fear *God* and believe, yet again fear *God* and do good. And Allāh loves those who do good.

R. 13.

95. O ye who believe! Allāh will surely try you in a *little* matter: the game which your hands and your lances can reach, so that Allāh may distinguish those who fear Him in secret. Whoso, therefore, will

با الّذيري أمَنْهَ النَّمَا الْخَمْرُ ءَ ۽ الشَّنطن وَا تُفْاحُوْنَ، الأجففي كارَقَ رَ 1 21 ر ۇ ئۇ £ کړ لآگ وَ الْمَ وَعَنِ الصَّلْوةِ فَهَلُ وَ أَطِيْعُوا اللَّهُ وَ أَطِيْعُوا الرَّسُ وَ اجْذَرُوْاءٍ فَانْ تَوَلَّمْ تُمْ فَاعْلَمُوْا ٱنَّتَهَا على رَسُوْلِنَا الْتَلْغُ الْمُبِيْنُ @ أمنتقا وعملوا لَدْس عَلَى الَّيْ ثِ الضاجت جُنَاحٌ فيْمَا طَعِمُوْا إذْ اتَّقَدْا دَّ أَمَنْهُا وَ عَملُهِ اللُّ اتَّقَدَا ﴿ أَمَذُهَا ثُحَّ اتَّقَدَا ﴿ أَحْسَ <u>ئەل ،</u> 100 وَاللَّهُ بُحتُ الْمُحْي آياً ثما الَّن**ن** أَحَدُهُا دى الصَّف تَغَالُبُهُ آثرن احُكُمْ لِتَعْلَمُ اللهُ مَنْ ، چ فَمَن اعْتَدْم تغدَ ذٰلكَ

<sup>\*91.</sup> O ye who believe! intoxicants and games of chance and idols and divining arrows are only an abomination of Satan's handiwork.

<sup>\*92.</sup> Satan desires only to create enmity and hatred among you by means of intoxicants and games of chance,

transgress after this shall have a grievous punishment.

96. O ye who believe! kill not game while you are in a state of pilgrimage. And whoso amongst you kills it intentionally. its compensation is a quadruped like unto that which he has killed, as determined by two just men from among you, the same to be brought as an offering to the Ka'bah: or as an explation he shall have to feed a number of poor persons, or fast an equivalent number of days, so that he may taste the penalty of his deed. As for the past, Allah forgives it; but whoso reverts to it, Allah will punish him for his offence. And Allāh is Mighty, Lord of retribution. 97. The game of the sea and the eating thereof have been made lawful for you as a provision for you and the travellers; but forbidden to you is the game of the land as long as you are in a state of pilgrimage. And fear Allah to Whom you shall be gathered.

98. Allāh has made the Ka'bah, the inviolable House, as a means of support and uplift for mankind, as also the Sacred Month and the offerings and the *animals with* collars. That is so that you may know that Allāh knows what is in the heavens and what is in the earth, and that Allāh knows all things well.

99. Know that Allah is severe in

فَلَهُ عَذَابً اَلِيْمَ آيَاتُهَا الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا لَا تَقْتُلُوا الصَّيْدَ وَ ٱنْتُمْ حُرُمً ، وَ مَنْ قَتَلَهُ مِنْكُمْ مُتَعَمِّدًا فَجَزَاءً مِثْلُ مَا قَتَلَ مِنَ النَّعَمِ يَحْكُمُ بِهِ ذَوَا عَدْلِ مِنْحُمْ مَدْيًا لِلِغَ الْكَعْبَةِ آوْ كَفَّارَةً طَعَامُ مَدْيُ لِذِهَ الْكَعْبَةِ آوْ كَفَّارَةً طَعَامُ وَبَالَ آمْرِعْ ، عَفَا اللَّهُ عَمَّا سَلَفَ وَمَنْ عَادَ فَيَنْتَقِمُ اللَّهُ مِنْهُ ، وَ اللَّهُ عَزِيْزُ ذُوانْتِقَامِ (

ٱحِلَّ لَكُمْ صَيْدُ الْبَحْرِ وَطَعَامُهُ مَتَّاعًا لَّكُمْ وَلِلسَّيَّادَةِ وَ حُرِّمَ عَلَيْكُمْ صَيْدُ الْبَرِّ مَا دُمْتُمْ حُرُمًا وَ اتَّقُوا اللَّهُ الَّذِيَ إِلَيْهِ تُحْشَرُوْنَ ۞

جَعَلَ اللهُ الْكَعْبَةَ الْبَيْتَ الْحَرَامَر قِيْمَالِلنَّاسِ وَ الشَّهْرَالْحَرَامَ وَ الْهَدْيَ وَ الْقَلَائِرَدَ ذَلِكَ لِتَعْلَمُوٓا آتَ اللهَ يَعْلَمُ مَا فِ السَّمٰوتِ وَ مَا فِ الْآدْضِ وَ آنَ الله بِكُلِ شَيْءٍ عَلِيْمً @ اِعْلَمُوٓا آنَ الله شَرِيدُ الْعِقَابِ وَ آنَ اللهَ

punishment and that Allāh is *also* Most Forgiving, Merciful.

100. On the Messenger lies only the conveying of the Message. And Allāh knows what you reveal and what you hide.

101. Say, 'The bad and the good are not alike,' even though the abundance of the bad may cause thee to wonder. So fear Allāh, O men of understanding, that you may prosper.

## R. 14.

102. O ye who believe! ask not about things which, if revealed to you, would cause you trouble; though if you ask about them while the Qur'ān is being sent down, they
\* will be revealed to you. Allāh has left them out. And Allāh is Most Forgiving, Forbearing.

103. A people before you asked about such *things, but* then they became disbelievers therein.

104. Allāh has not ordained any \*'Baḥīrah' or 'Sā'ibah' or 'Waşīlah' or 'Ḥāmi'; but those who disbelieve

# نَفُوْدَ دَّحِيْمَ ۞ مَا عَلَى الرَّسُوْلِ إِلَّا الْبَلغُ • وَ اللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا تُبْدُوْنَ وَمَا تَحْتُمُوْنَ۞ قُلْ لَّا يَسْتَوِى الْخَبِيْتُ وَ الطَّيِّبُ وَلَوْ اَعْجَبَكَ كَثْرَةُ الْخَبِيْتِ، فَاتَّقُوا اللَّه يَاوُلِى الْاَلْبَابِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُوْنَ۞ چَّ

آياً يُّهَا الَّذِيْنَ الْمَنُوا لَا تَسْتَلُوْا عَنْ اَشْيَاءَ الْنُ تُبْدَ لَكُمْ تَسُؤْكُمْ وَ اِنْ تَسْتَلُوْا عَنْهَا حِيْنَ يُنَزَّلُ الْقُرْاتُ تُبْدَ لَكُمْ عَفَا اللَّهُ عَنْهَا - وَاللَّهُ غَفُوْرُ حَلِيهُمْ تَدَسَا لَهَا قَوْمَ مِّنْ قَبْلِكُمْ تُمَرَ اَصْبَحُوْا مَا جَعَلَ اللَّهُ مِنْ بَحِيْرَةٍ وَ لَا سَآئِبَةٍ وَلَا وَصِيْلَةٍ وَ لَا حَامِ وَ لَكِنَ الَّذِيْنَ

\*102. Allāh has left them out out of kindness.

**Note:** No course of action prescribed by God for the believers can be intended to cause them trouble. Yet out of His Mercy God does not want to give instructions in minute detail lest they should be difficult for some to follow and cause unnecessary discomfort.

\* 104. Note: Baḥīrah (نَحِيرَة) is a name given by pagan Arabs to a she-camel which had given birth to seven young ones and was then let loose to feed freely after its ears were slit. It was dedicated to some god and its milk was not used nor its back.

Wasilah (زوبینک) is a she-camel (or an ewe or she-goat) let loose in the name of a god after she had given birth to seven female young ones consecutively. If at the seventh birth she bore a pair, male and female, these were also let loose.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ (h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ (16)$ (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

 $S\bar{a}'ibah$  (منزيد) is a she-camel let loose to water and pasture after giving birth to five young oncs.

forge a lie against Allāh, and most of them do not make use of their understanding.

105. And when it is said to them, 'Come to what Allāh has revealed, and to the Messenger,' they say, 'Sufficient for us is that wherein we found our fathers.' What! even though their fathers had no knowledge and no guidance?

\*106. O ye who believe! be heedful of your own selves. He who goes astray cannot harm you when you *yourselves* are rightly guided. To Allāh will you all return; then will He disclose to you what you used to do.

107. O ye who believe! the *right* evidence among you, when death presents itself to one of you, at the time of making a bequest, is of two just men from among you; or of two others not from among you, if you be journeying in the land and the calamity of death befall you. You shall detain them both after Prayer

كَفَرُوْا بَفْتَرُوْتَ عَلَى الله الْكَذِبِ وَ ٱكْثَرُهُمْ لَا يَعْقِلُوْنَ ؟ وَ إِذَا قَعْلَ لَهُمْ تَعَالَوْا إِلَى مَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ وَإِلَى الرَّسُوْلِ قَالُوْا حَسْبُنَا مَا وَجَدْنَا عَلَيْهِ إِنَّاءَنَاءٍ أَوْلَهُ كَانَ إِنَّاؤُهُمْ كَا نَعْلَمُوْنَ شَنْعًا وَّ لَا نَفْتَدُوْنَ ڸ<u>ٙ</u>ٱيُّهَا الَّذِ**يْنَ أَمَنُوْا عَلَيْكُمْ ٱنْفُسَكُمْ**، لَا يَضُرُّكُمْ مِّنْ ضَلَّ إِذَا اهْ تَحَدَيْتُهُ \* إِلَى اللهِ مَرْجِعُكُمْ جَمِيْعًا فَيُنَبّ بمَاكُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُوْنَ لَاَ تُبِهَا الَّذِينَ أَحَبُوْا شَبِهَادَةُ بَسُبَكُمُ اذَاحَضَرَ أَحَدَكُمُ الْجَوْتُ حِبْنَ الْوَصِيَّةِ اثْـنْنِ ذَوَا عَدْلِ مِّنْكُمْ ٱوْ أَخَرْ مِنْغَيْرِكُمْ إِنْ ٱنْتُمْ ضَرَّئْتُمْ فَ الأدض فكصاكتكم مصنتة المهوت

*[Jāmi* (خوز) is a camel which had fathered seven young ones. It was let loose and was not used for riding or carrying. It was free to pasture and water.

After having stated that minor matters and details have been left to man to legislate as he thinks proper, the verse fittingly draws attention to the fact that such freedom and discretion are not allowed in fundamentals, because in fundamentals unanimity is essential and divergence of opinion may prove immensely harmful. The verse gives an illustration to show that human intellect cannot be trusted with the making of the laws on fundamental matters. The Arabs used to let loose the animals mentioned in the verse in honour of their idols. Besides being based on disbelief and superstition, the practice was also highly foolish. The animals thus let loose wrought great havoe wherever they went. The Qur'ān refers to this evil practice as an example of man-made laws and warns Christians who question the pagan Arabs had resorted because they had no revealed Law to guide them.

\*106. O ye who believe! Stand guard over yourselves.

 $a i u + | th \rightarrow | h \neg | kh + | dh \rightarrow | dh \rightarrow | f \rightarrow | f$ 

for giving evidence; if you doubt, they shall both swear by Allāh, saying, 'We take not in exchange for this any price, even though he be a near relation, and we conceal not the testimony *enjoined* by Allāh; surely, in that case, we should be among the sinners.'

- \*108. But if it be discovered that the two witnesses are guilty of sin, then two others shall take their place from among those against whom the former two witnesses—who were in a better position to give true evidence—sinfully deposed, and the two latter witnesses shall swear by Allāh, saying, 'Surely, our testimony is truer than the testimony of the former two, and we have not been unfair in any way; for then, indeed, we should be of the unjust.'
- \*109. Thus it is more likely that they will give evidence according to facts or that they will fear that other oaths will be taken after their oaths. And fear Allāh and hearken. And Allāh guides not the disobedient people.

تَحْبِسُوْنَهُ مَا مِنْ بَعْدِ الصَّلْوَةِ فَيُقْسِمْنِ بِاللَّهِ إِنِ ارْتَبْتُمْ لَا نَشْتَرِي بِهِ ثَمَنًا وَ لَوْ حَانَ ذَا قُرْلِى وَ لَا نَكْتُمُ شَهَا دَةَ اللَّهِ إِنَّ إِذًا لَّحِنَ الْأَثِمِينَ ٥ فَإِنْ عُثِرَ عَلَى انَّهُمَا اسْتَحَقَّا إِثْمًا

فَاخَزنِ يَقُوْمَنِ مَقَامَهُمَا مِنَ الَّذِينَ اسْتَحَقَّ عَلَيْهِمُ الْأَوْلَلِنِ فَيُقْسِمْنِ بِاللهِ لَشَهَادَتُنَآ آرَنَّ احَقُّ مِنْ شَهَادَتِهِمَا وَمَااعْتَدَيْنَآ آرَانَّ إِنَّ إِذَالَحِنَ الظُّلِحِيْنَ۞

ذٰلِكَ ٱدْنَى آنْ يَّاتُوْا بِالشَّهَادَةِ عَلَى وَجْهِهَا آوْ يَخَافُوْا آنْ تُرَدَّ ٱيْمَانَ بَعْدَايْمَانِهِمْ وَاتَّقُوا الله وَاسْمَعُوْا لَهُ وَاللهُ لَا يَهْدِى الْقَوْمَ الْفُسِقِيْنَ أَنَ

\*108. But if it becomes evident that they have committed the sin of perjury then the other two from among those against whose interest they had witnessed should stand in their place. Then having taken oath in the name of Allāh give testimony against the former two affirming, 'Our testimony is truer than the testimony of the former two and we have not transgressed. In ease we are false we should be counted amongst the transgressors in the sight of Allāh.'

چ

\*109. Thus it is more likely *that pressure will be put upon them so* that they will remain factual in their testimony fearing that other testimonies could also be entertained after their testimony.

**Note:** This verse portrays the scenario of all the witnesses being present and the preference of bearing testimony is given to the first two more closely related. This is apparent from the preceding verse 107.

R. 15.

110. *Think of* the day when Allāh will assemble the Messengers and say, 'What reply was made to you?' They will say, 'We have no \*knowledge, it is only Thou Who art

the Knower of hidden things.' 111. When Allāh will say, "O Jesus, son of Mary, remember My favour upon thee and upon thy mother; when I strengthened thee with the Spirit of holiness *so that* thou didst

\* speak to the people in the cradle and in middle age: and when I taught thee the Book and Wisdom and the Torah and the Gospel: and when thou didst fashion a creation out of clay, in the likeness of a bird, by My command: then thou didst breathe into it a new spirit and it became a soaring being by My command; and thou didst heal the night-blind and the leprous by My command; and when thou didst raise the dead by My command: and when I restrained the children of Israel from putting thee to death when thou didst come to them with clear Signs; and those who disbelieved from among them said, 'This is nothing but clear deception.'"

بَوْمَرِ بَحْهَعُ اللَّهُ الرُّسُلَ فَبَقُوْلُ مَاذَآ ٱجبْتُمْ عَالُوْ الأعِلْمَ لَنَا داتَّكَ ٱنْتَ عَلَّامُ الْغُيُوْبِ

اذْ قَالَ اللهُ لِعِيْسَى ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ اذْ كُرْ نِعْمَتِيْ عَلَيْكَ وَعَلَى وَالِدَ تِكَ مَ اِذْ اَيَّدْ تُكَ بِرُوْج الْقُدُسِ مَ تُكَلِّمُ النَّاسَ فِ الْمَهْدِ وَكَهْلًا ، وَاذْ عَلَّمْتُكَ الْكَاس فِ الْمَهْدِ وَكَهْلًا ، وَاذْ عَلَّمْتُكَ وَالْإِنْجِيْلَ، وَ الْحِكْمَة وَ التَّوْلَاتَ وَالْإِنْجِيْلَ، وَ اذْ تَخْلُقُ مِنَ الطِّيْنِ فَتَكُوْنُ طَيْرًا بِاذْنِي وَ تُبْرِئُ الْاَحْمَة وَ الْآبْرَصَ بِاذْنِي ، وَ اذْ تُخْرِجُ الْمَوْتَى بِاذْنِي ، وَ اذْ كَفَفْتُ بَنِيْ اِسْرَاءِيلَ عَنْكَ اذَ عِنْمَهُمْ إِنْ هٰذَآ اللَّاسِحْرَ مَبِيْنَ (اللَّهُ الْمَوْتَى مَنْكَ اذْ عِنْمَهُمْ إِنْ هٰذَآ اللَّهِ السَحْرَ مَبِيْنَ (اللَّذِينَ الْمَوْتَى مَوْرُوا مِنْهُمْ إِنْ هٰذَآ اللَّاسِحْرَ مَبِيْنَ (اللَّهُ عَلَى الْوَيْ الْمَوْتَى الْعَلْ الْعَلْ الْعَرْ الْمَوْتَى الْمَوْلَى الْعَلْ الْعَرْبَيْ الْمَوْتَ الْمَوْتَى الْمَوْتَ عَنْكَ اذْ عَنْ الْعَلْمَ الْعَنْ الْمَوْتَ الْمَوْتَ الْعَنْ الْعَلْ الْعَانَ الْعَنْ الْعَرْ الْمَوْتَى الْعَنْ الْعَلْ الْعَنْ الْعَنْ الْعَرْ الْعَنْ الْ الْعُنْ الْعَنْ الْعَنْ الْعَرْ الْحُمَة عَمْ كَاءْ عَلَيْ الْعَلْهُ إِنْ الْعَانَ الْعَنْ الْعَنْ الْعَنْ الْعَالَةُ الْعَنْ الْمُولْ الْعَالَ الْعَنْ الْوَ عَالَا الْعَالَ الْعَنْ الْعَالَا الْعَالَا الْعَالَ الْعَالَ الْعَالَ الْعَنْ الْعَالَ الْعَيْلَ الْعَالَ الْعَانَ الْتَوْلَ عَالَ الْعَالَ الْعَالَ الْحَدْ الْعُرَا الْعَالَ الْعَالَ الْعَالَ الْعَالَ الْعَالَ الْعَالَ الْحَدَى الْعَالَ الْمَالْعَالَ الْعَالَ الْحَالَ الْعَالَ الْعَالَ الْعَالُ الْعَالَ الْ الْ الْعَالَ الْعَالَ الْعَالُ الْعَالَ الْعَالَ الْعَالَ الْعَالَ الْعَالِيْ الْ

\*110. it is only You Who are the Best Knower of hidden things.'

This verse is a metaphorical expression of the spiritual revolution brought about by the Prophets of God. This is a special tribute to the qualities of Jesus who out of all the Prophets of God was chosen as a model for bringing about such miraculous transformations.

<sup>\*111.</sup> Note: This is an expression indicating that Jesus spoke words of wisdom and godliness from his early childhood and continued to do so right up to his advanced years. The word *kahlan* (غَيْرُ) indicates the time when a person's hair begin to turn grey and from then on to advanced age.

112. And when I inspired the disciples *of Jesus* to believe in Me and in My Messenger, they said, 'We believe and bear Thou witness that we have submitted.'

113. When the disciples said, 'O Jesus, son of Mary, is thy Lord able to send down to us a table spread with food from heaven?' he said, 'Fear Allāh, if you are believers.'

114. They said, 'We desire that we may eat of it, and that our hearts be at rest and that we may know that thou hast spoken truth to us, and  $\overline{z}$  that we may be witnesses thereto.'

115. Said Jesus, son of Mary, 'O Allāh, our Lord, send down to us a table from heaven spread with food that it may be to us a festival, to the first of us and to the last of us, and a Sign from Thee; and provide sustenance for us, for Thou art the Best of sustainers.'

116. Allāh said, 'Surely, I will send it down to you, but whosoever of you disbelieves afterwards—I will surely punish them with a punishment wherewith I will not punish any other of the peoples.'

# R. 16.

117. And when Allāh will say, "O Jesus, son of Mary, didst thou say to men, 'Take me and my mother for two gods beside Allāh?' ", he will answer, "Holy art Thou. I could

وَإِذْ أَوْحَيْتُ إِلَى الْحَوَادِيِّنَ أَنْ أَمِنُوْا بِثِ وَبِرَسُولِنِ ، قَالُوَا أَمَنَّا وَاشْهَدْ باً نَّنَا مُشْلِمُوْنَ. اذْقَالَ الْحَوَارِيُّوْنَ لِيعِيْسَى ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ هَلْ يَسْتَطِنعُ رَبُّكَ أَنْ تُنَزَّلَ عَلَيْنَا مَا بُدَةً مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ إِقَالَ اتَّقُوا اللَّهُ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُّؤْمِنِيْنَ. قَالُوْا نُرِيْدُ اَنْ نَّاكُلَ مِنْهَا وَ تَطْمَئِنَّ قُلُوْنُنَا وَ نَعْلَمُ أَنْ قَدْ صَدَقْتَنَا وَ نَكُوْنَ عَلَيْهَا مِنَ الشَّهِدِيْنَ قَالَ عِبْسَى ابْرِ مُزْبَعَ اللَّهُمَّ دَتَّنَ آ ٱنْزِلْ عَلَيْنَامَ إِبْدَةً مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ تَكُوْنُ كَنَاعِيْدًا لِأَوَلِنَا وَاخِرِنَا وَ ايَةً مِّنْكَ، وَارْزُقْنَاوَأَنْتَ خَيْرُ الرّزقِيْنَ،

قَالَ اللهُ اِنِّيْ مُنَزِّلُهَا عَلَيْكُمْ ، فَمَنْ يَحْفُرْ بَعْدُ مِنْكُمْ فَاِنِّيَّ اُعَزِّبُهٔ عَذَابًالَّ اُعَزِّبُهَ آحَدًا مِّنَ الْعَلَمِيْنَ۞

وَ اِذْ قَالَ اللَّهُ لِعِيْسَى ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ َ ٱنْتَ قُلْتَ لِلنَّاسِ اتَّخِذُوْ نِيْ وَ أُمِّيَ اِلْهَيْنِ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللَّهِ ﴿ قَالَ سُبْحْنَكَ مَا يَكُوْنُ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \dot{=} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{=} \ | \ \dot{=} \ \dot{=} \ (173)$ (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

never say that to which I had no right. If I had said it, Thou wouldst have surely known it. Thou knowest what is in my mind, and I know not what is in Thy mind. It is only Thou Who art the Knower of hidden things.

118. "I said nothing to them except that which Thou didst command me—'Worship Allāh, my Lord and your Lord.' And I was a witness over them as long as I remained among them, but since Thou didst cause me to die, Thou hast been the Watcher over them; and Thou art Witness over all things.

119. "If Thou punish them, they are Thy servants; and if Thou forgive them, Thou surely art the Mighty, the Wise."

120. Allāh will say, 'This is a day when *only* the truthful shall profit by their truthfulness. For them are Gardens beneath which streams flow; therein shall they abide for ever. Allāh is well pleased with them, and they are well pleased with Him; that indeed is the great triumph.'

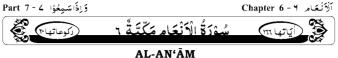
121. To Allāh belongs the kingdom of the heavens and the earth and whatever is in them; and He has power over all things.

َ لِنَهِ آَنُ ٱقُوْلَ مَا لَيْسَ لِيْ وَ بِحَقٍّ وَ إِنْ كُنْتُ قُلْتُهُ فَقَرْ عَدِمْتَهُ لَعُكُمُ مَا فِيْ نَفْسِيْ وَ لَآ أَعْلَمُ مَا فِي نَفْسِكَ إِنَّكَ ٱنْتَ عَلَّامُ الْغُيُوْبِ مَا قُلْتُ لَهُمْ إِلَّا مَآ أَمَرْتَنِيْ بِهَ أَب اعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ رَبِّبْ وَرَبَّكُمْ ، وَكُنْتُ عَلَيْهِمْ شَهِيدًا مَّا دُمْتُ فِيْهِمْ عَلَمَّا توقَيْتَنِيْ حُنْتَ ٱنْتَ الرَّقِيْبَ عَلَيْهِمْ. وَٱنْتَعَلٰى عُلِّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيدً. ٳڹٛؾؙڬڋٚؽۿؗؗؗؗڔڣٳڹۘٞۿۯۼؠٵڋڬۦۅٙٳڹٛؾؘۼٛڣۯ لَهُمْ فَإِنَّكَ ٱنْتَ الْعَزِيْزُ الْحَكِيْمُ ( قَالَ اللهُ هٰذَا يَوْمُ يَنْفَعُ الصَّدِقِيْنَ ڝۮڡؙٞۿۯ؞ڵۿۯڮڹٚ۠ؾؙؾؘٛڋڔؽۣڡؚڽٛڗڂؾؚۿٵ الأنْمُرُخْلِدِيْنَ فِيْهَا ٱبْدًا ، رَضِيَ اللهُ عَنْهُمْ وَرَضُوْا عَنْهُ إِذَا لَفَوْزُ

الْحَظِيْمُ ۞

ىِتْهِ مُنْكُ السَّمُوٰتِ وَ الْأَرْضِ وَ مَا فِيْهِنَّ وَ هُوَ عَلْى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيْزُ ٢٠

 $a i u + | th \stackrel{\frown}{=} h \stackrel{\frown}{=} | \frac{h}{2} \stackrel{\frown}{$ 



AL-AN'AM (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. All praise belongs to Allāh Who created the heavens and the earth and brought into being every *kind* of darkness and light; yet those who disbelieve set up equals to their Lord.

3. He it is Who created you from clay, and then He decreed a term. And there is *another* term fixed with Him. Yet you doubt!

4. And He is Allāh, *the God, both* in \*the heavens and in the earth. He knows your inside and your outside. And He knows what you earn.

5. And there comes not to them any Sign of the Signs of their Lord, but they turn away from it.

6. So they rejected the truth when it came to them; but soon shall come to them the tidings of that at which they mocked.

\*7. See they not how many a generation We have destroyed before them? We had established

بشم الله الرَّحْمَن الرَّحِيْمِ () ٱلْحَمْدُ بِتَّهِ الَّذِيْ خَلَقَ السَّمٰوْتِ وَ الْآدْضَ وَجَعَلَ الظُّلُمَتِ وَ النُّوْدَه ثُمَّرالَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا بِرَبِّهِمْ يَعْدِلُوْنَ آ هُوَ الَّذِيْ خَلَقَكُمْ مِّنْ طِيْنِ ثُمَّ قَضَى ٱحَلَّا، وَٱحَلَّ تُسَمَّى عِنْدَهُ ثُمَّ ٱنْتُمْ تمترون وَ هُوَ اللَّهُ فِي السَّسْطَوْتِ وَفِي الْأَرْضِ إِ يَعْلَمُ سِرَّكُمْ وَجَهْرَكُمْ وَ تَعْلَمُ مَاتَكْسِبُوْنَ) وَمَاتَاتِيْهِمْ مِّنْ ايَةٍ مِّنْ اليتِ رَبِّهِمْ إِلَّا كَانُوْا عَنْهَا مُعْرِضِيْنَ۞ فَقَدْ كَذَّبُوْا بِالْحَقِّ لِمَّا جَاءَهُ مُر فَسَوْفَ يَأْتِيْهِمْ أَنَّهَ إِقًا مَا كَانُوْا بِهِ يَشتَهْزءُوْنَ 🕑 ٱلَمْ يَرَوْا كَمْ أَهْلَكْنَا مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ مِّنْ قَرْنِ مَّكَّذْهُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ مَالَمْ نُمَكِّنْ لَّكُمْ

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ (h \ \tau | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{s} | \ \dot{s}$ 

<sup>\*4.</sup> He knows your secrets and also that which is apparent. And He knows what you earn.

<sup>\*7.</sup> See they not how many ages have We destroyed before them? We had established them in the earth as We have established you not, and We sent the clouds over them, pouring down abundant rain; and We caused streams to flow beneath them; then did We destroy them because of their sins and raised up after them another people.

them in the earth as We have established you not, and We sent the clouds over them, pouring down abundant rain; and We caused streams to flow beneath them; then did We destroy them because of their sins and raised up after them another generation.

8. And if We had sent down to thee a writing upon parchment and they had felt it with their hands, *even then* the disbelievers would have surely said, 'This is nothing but manifest sorcery.'

9. And they say, 'Why has not an angel been sent down to him?' But if We had sent down an angel, the matter would have been settled, *and* then they would not have been granted a respite.

10. And if We had appointed *as Messenger* an angel, We would have made him *appear as* a man; and *thus* We would have made confused to them what they are *themselves* confusing.

11. And surely have the Messengers been mocked at before thee, but that which they mocked at encompassed those of them who scoffed.

# R. 2.

12. Say, 'Go about in the earth, and see what was the end of those who treated *the Prophets* as liars.'

13. Say, 'To whom belongs what is in the heavens and the earth?' Say, وَ ٱ دَسَلْنَا السَّمَّاءَ عَلَيْهِمْ مِّدْدَادًا وَجَعَلْنَا الْاَنْهُرَ تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهِمْ فَاهْلَكْنُهُمْ بِذُنُوْبِهِمْ وَ ٱنْشَانَا مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ قَرْنَا اخَرِيْنَ۞

ۏؘڵۉڹؙڒؘٛڶڹؘٵۜۜۼڵؽڬۜۛڮؚؾ۠ؖ۫ؖؖٵڣۣ۬ؽۊؚۯڟؘٳڛ ڣؘڶؘڝؘڛؙۉ؇ بؚٲؽڔؽڡؚۣۿ ڶقَال الَّذِيْتَ كَفَرُوٓارِنْ هٰذَآ اِلَّاسِحْرَّشْبِيْنَ۞

وَقَالُوْا لَوْ لَآ أَنْزِلَ عَلَيْهِ مَلَكً وَلَوْ ٱنْزَلْنَا مَلَكًا لَّقْضِي الْآمُرُ ثُمَّ لَا يُنْظَرُوْنَ۞

ۇلۇ جَعَلْنْهُ مَلَكًا تَّجَعَلْنْهُ رَجُلًا وَلَلَبَشْنَاعَلَيْهِمْمَّايَلْبِسُوْنَ⊙

وَلَقَدِ اسْتُهْزِئَ بِرُسُلٍ مِّنْ قَبْلِكَ فَحَاقَ بِالَّذِيْنَ سَخِرُوْا مِنْهُمْ مَّا كَانُوْا بِه يَسْتَهْزِءُوْنَ أَ تُلْ سِيْرُوْا في الْآرضِ ثُمَّ انْظُرُوْا كَيْفَ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ الْمُكَذِّبِيْنَ ؟ قُلُ لِّمَنْ مَّافِي السَّمٰوٰتِ وَ الْأَرْضِ .

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ c + | \ h \ \tau | \ kh \ \tau | \ dh \ i \ s = | c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c + | \ c +$ 

'To Allāh.' He has taken upon Himself to show mercy. He will certainly continue to assemble you till the Day of Resurrection. There \*is no doubt in it. Those who ruin their souls will not believe.

14. To Him belongs whatever dwells in the night and the day. And He is the All-Hearing, the All-Knowing.

15. Say, 'Shall I take any protector other than Allāh, the Maker of the heavens and the earth, Who feeds and is not fed?' Say, 'I have been commanded to be the first of those who submit.'And be thou not of those who associate partners *with God*.

16. Say, 'Of a truth, I fear, if I disobey my Lord, the punishment \*of an awful day.'

17. He from whom it is averted on that day, *God* indeed has had mercy on him. And that indeed is a manifest triumph.

18. And if Allāh touch thee with affliction, there is none that can \*remove it but He: and if He touch

- thee with happiness, then He has power to do all that He wills.
- \*19. And He is Supreme over His servants; and He is the Wise, the All-Aware.

قُلْ تِتَّهِ، حَتَبَ عَلَى نَفْسِهِ الْآَحْمَةَ، حَنَّكُمُ الْي يَوْمِ الْقَلْمَةِ لَا رَبْتِ فنيه مالَّذِن خَسرُوْا انْفُسَهُمْ فَهُمْ لائةمنەن، مَاسَحَنَ فِي الَّيْلِ وَ النَّهَادِ، وَ هُوَ السمَعْ الْعَلْمُ ٢ قُلْ أَغَبْرَ اللَّهِ أَتَّخِذُوَ لِتَّافَاطِ الشَّيلَةِ ت وَالْاَدْضِ وَ هُوَ يُطْعِمُ وَ لَا يُطْعَمُ وِ قُلْ إِنَّى اُمِرْتُ اَبْ اَكُوْنَ اَوَّلَ مَنْ اَسْلَمَ وَكَل تَكُوْنَنَّ مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِيْنَ قُلْ إِنَّىٰ آخَافُ إِنْ عَصَيْتُ رَبِّيْ عَذَابَ يَوْمِ عَظِيْمِ مَنْ تُصْرَفْ عَنْهُ يَوْمَبِّزِ فَقَدْ رَحِمَهُ ـ وَذٰلِكَ الْفَوْزُ الْمُبِيْنُ وَ انْ يَمْسَسْكَ اللهُ بِضُرّ فَلَا لَهُ إِلَّهُ هُوَ ، وَ إِنْ تَيْمْسَسْكَ بِخَيْرِ فَهُوَ عَلَى ڪُل شَيْءٍ قَدِيْرً⊛ وَهُوَ الْقَاهِرُ فَوْقَ عِمَادِهِ ﴿ وَهُوَ الْحَكِيْمُ الْخَبِيْرُ ()

**<sup>\*</sup>**13. Those who **have ruined themselves** will not believe.

<sup>\*16.</sup> Note: We propose the translation be changed from 'awful day' to 'an enormous day' which has all the connotation of the word ' $az \bar{l}m$  ( $z \neq \bar{l}x = 0$ ) in this context.

**<sup>\*</sup>**18. and if He **bestows upon you good** *fortune* then He has power to do all that He wills. **\***19. And He is **All-Powerful** over His creatures—the humankind; and He is the Wise, the All-Aware.

وتفسلازم بسمهج

20. Say, 'What thing is most weighty as a witness?' Say, 'Allāh is a Witness between me and you. And this Qur'ān has been revealed to me so that with it I may warn you and whomsoever it reaches. What! do you really bear witness that there are other gods beside Allāh?' Say, '1 \* bear not witness *thereto*.' Say, 'He

is the One God, and certainly I am far removed from that which you associate *with Him.*'

21. Those to whom We gave the Book recognize him as they recognize their sons. But those who ruin their souls will not believe.

## R. 3.

22. And who is more unjust than he who forges a lie against Allāh or gives the lie to His Signs? Surely, the unjust shall not prosper.

23. And *think of* the day when We shall gather them all together; then shall We say to those who associated partners *with God*, 'Where are the partners you spoke of, those whom you used to assert?'

24. Then *the end of* their mischief will be naught save that they shall say, 'By Allāh, our Lord, we were not idolaters.'

\*25. See how they lie against themselves. And that which they fabricated has failed them. قُلْ آَيُّ شَيْءٍ آكْبَرُ شَهَادَةً • قُلِ اللهُ الل

اللَّذِين اتَيْنَهُمُ الْحِتْبَ يَعْرِفُوْنَهُ كَمَا يَعْرِفُوْنَ اَبْنَاءَ هُمْ الْحِتْبَ يَعْرِفُوْنَهُ كَمَا اَنْفُسَهُمْ فَهُمْ لا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ شَ وَمَنْ اَظْلَمُ مِمَّنِ افْتَرَى عَلَى اللهِ كَذِبًا اَوْ حَذَّبَ بِالتِبه الْتَاهُ لا يُفْلِحُ الظَّلِمُوْنَ الظَّلِمُوْنَ التَذِينَ حُنْتُم تَزْعُمُوْنَ شَ تُمَر لَمْ تَحُنْ فِتْنَتُهُمْ اللَّا اَنْ قَالُوْا وَ اللهِ رَبِنَا مَا حُنَّ مُشْرِكِيْنَ شَ انْظُر كَيفَ حَذَبُوْا عَلَى انْفُسِهِمْ وَضَلَّ عَمْهُمْ مَّاكَانُوْا يَفْتَرُوْنَ @

\*20. Say, 'He is the One God, and I am completely absolved of what you associate with Him.' \*25. See how they lie against themselves. And what they fabricated was of no avail to them.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ th \ \stackrel{}{=} \ h \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \stackrel{}{\neq} \ \mid \ dh \ \stackrel{}{=} \ s \ \stackrel{}{=} \ (see \ details \ of \ transliteration \ on \ page \ p'). \end{array}$ 

26. And among them are some who give ear to thee; but We have put veils on their hearts, that they should not understand, and deafness in their ears. And *even* if they see every Sign, they would not believe therein, so much so, that when they come to thee, disputing with thee, those who disbelieve say, 'This is nothing but fables of the ancients.'

27. And they forbid *others* to *believe* it and *themselves too* they keep away from it. And they ruin none but their own selves; only they perceive not.

28. And if thou couldst only see when they are made to stand before the Fire! They will say, 'Oh, would that we might be sent back! And *then* we would not treat the Signs of our Lord as lies, and we would be of the believers.'

29. Nay, that which they used to conceal before has *now* become clear to them. And if they were sent back, they would surely return to that which they were forbidden. And they are certainly liars.

30. And they say, 'There is nothing except *this* our present life, and we shall not be raised again.'

31. And if thou couldst only see when they are made to stand before their Lord! He will say, 'Is not this *second life* the truth?' They will say, 'Yea, by our Lord.' He will say, 'Then taste the punishment because you disbelieved.' وَمِنْهُمْ مَّنْ يَسْتَمِعُ الَيْكَ ، وَ جَعَلْنَا عَلَى قُلُو بِهِمْ آَكَنَّ تَقَاتُ يَّفْقَهُوْهُ وَ فِيَ اذَا بِهِمْ وَقُرَّا ، وَ اِنْ يَرَوْا كُلَّ اٰيَةٍ لاَ يُؤْمِنُوْا بِهَا ، حَتَّى اِذَا جَاءُوْكَ يُجَادِلُوْنَكَ يَقُوْلُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا اِنْ مُذَا رَلَّا آساطِيرُ الْاَوَلِيْنَ وَهُمْ يَنْهُوْنَ عَنْهُ وَ يَنْتَوْنَ عَنْهُ ، وَ اِنْ يُهْلِكُوْنَ اللَّ آنْفُسَهُمْ وَ مَا يَشْعُرُوْنَ ؟ يَهْلِكُوْنَ اِذْ وُقِفُوْا عَلَى النَّارِ فَقَالُوْا لِيَهْ تَنَ نُرَدُ وَ لَا نُكَذِّبَ بِالِيتِ رَبِّيْنَا لِيَهْ تَنَا نُرَدُ وَ لَا نُكَذِّبَ بِالِيتِ رَبِّيْنَا

ۇنىڭۇن مِن الْمۇمِنِيْن

بَلْ بَدَا لَهُمْ مَّا كَانُوْا يُخْفُوْنَ مِنْ قَبْلُ د وَلَوْ رُدُّوْا لَحَادُوْا لِمَانُهُوْا عَنْهُ وَانَّهُمْ لَكْذِبُوْنَ۞ وَقَالُوَّا إِنْ هِيَ إِلَّا حَيَاتُنَا الدُّنْيَا وَمَا نَحْنُ بِمَبْعُوْثِيْنَ۞ وَلَوْتَرَى إِذْ وُقِفُوْا عَلَى رَبِّهِمْ قَالَ آلَيْسَ هٰذَا بِالْحَقِّ د قَالُوْا بَلْ وَ رَبِّنَا د قَالَ فَذُوْقُوا الْعَذَابَ بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَكُفُرُوْنَ۞ بٍّ

 $a i u + | th \rightarrow | h \neg | kh \rightarrow | dh \rightarrow | 2 + 10$ (See details of transilieration on page 'p'). R. 4.

32. Those indeed are the losers who deny the meeting with Allāh, so much so, that when the Hour shall come on them unawares, they will say, 'O our grief for our neglecting this *Hour*!' And they shall bear their burdens on their backs. Surely, evil is that which they bear.

33. And worldly life is nothing but a sport and a pastime. And surely the abode of the Hereafter is better for those who are righteous. Will you not then understand?

34. We know *full well* that what they say verily grieves thee; for surely it is not thee that they charge with falsehood but it is the Signs of Allāh that the evil-doers reject.

35. And Messengers indeed have been rejected before thee; but notwithstanding their rejection and persecution they remained patient until Our help came to them. There is none that can change the words of Allāh. And there have already come to thee tidings of *past* Messengers.

36. And if their aversion is grievous to thee, then, if thou art able to seek a passage into the earth or a ladder unto heaven, and bring them a Sign, *thou canst do so*. And had Allāh *enforced* His will, He could surely have brought them together into the guidance. So be thou not of those who lack knowledge.

قَدْخَسِرَ الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوْابِلِقَاءِ اللهِ ا حَتَّى إِذَاجَاءَتْهُمُ السَّباعَةُ بَغْتَةً قَالُوْا يتحشر تتناعلى تما فترط تنا فيها وهمر يحملُوْنَ أَوْزَارَهُمْ عَلْ ظُهُوْرِهِمْ -الاساءمايز دُوْن وَمَا الْحَلِوةُ الدُّنْيَآ إِلَّا لَعِبَ وَّ لَهُؤَء وَ لَلدَّارُ الْأَخِرَةُ خَيْرٌ لِّلَّذِينَ يَتَّقُوْنَ -**افكا تغقلون** قَدْنَعْلَمُ إِنَّهُ لَيَحْزُنُكَ الَّذِيْ يَقُوْلُوْنَ فَرَانَهُمْ لَا يُكَذِّ بُوْنَكَ وَ لَكِنَّ الظَّلِمِيْنَ باليت الله يَجْحَدُوْنَ ؟ <u>ۅؘ</u>ڵڡٙٙۮػؙڋٚؠٙڎۯڛؙڸٞؖؾؚڽٛۊؠٛؠڮٷڡؘڮڔؙۉٳ عىلى مَا كُذَّبُوْا وَ اُوْذُوْا حَتَّف ٱتْبِهُمْ نَصْرُنَا ، وَ لَا مُبَدِّلَ لِكَلِمْتِ اللهِ، وَ لَقَدْ جَاءَكَ مِنْ نَّبَاى الْمُدْسَلِبْنَ@

وَ اِنْ كَانَ كَبُرَ عَلَيْكَ اِعْرَاضُهُمْ فَانِ اسْتَطَعْتَ آنْ تَبْتَغِيَ نَفَقًا فِي الْأَرْضِ اَوْ سُلَّمًا فِي السَّمَاءِ فَتَا تِيَهُمْ بِايَةٍ -وَ لَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ لَجَمَعَهُمْ عَلَى الْهُ لَى فَلَا تَكُوْنَنَّ مِنَ الْجَهِلِيْنَ ()

\*37. Only those can accept who listen. And *as for* the dead, Allāh will raise them *to life*, then to Him shall they be brought back.

38. And they say, 'Why has not a Sign been sent down to him from his Lord?' Say, 'Surely, Allāh has power to send down a Sign, but most of them do not know.'

39. There is not an animal *that crawls* in the earth, nor a bird that flies on its two wings, but they are communities like you. We have left out nothing in the Book. Then to their Lord shall they be gathered together.

- \*40. Those who have rejected Our Signs are deaf and dumb, in utter darkness. Whom Allāh wills He allows to perish and whom He wills He places on the right path.
- \*41. Say, 'What think ye? If the punishment of Allāh come upon you or there come upon you the Hour, will you call upon any other than Allāh, if you are truthful?'

42. Nay, but on Him alone will you call; then will He remove that which you call on Him *to remove*, if He please, and you will forget what you associate *with Him*.

تشتحنت الزين يشمعون المتعقفة الله ؽۯڿؘۼٛۄٛڹ۞ وَقَالُوْا لَوْ لَا نُزِّلَ عَلَيْهِ أَيَةً مِّنْ رَّبِّهِ قُلْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ قَادِرٌ عَلَى أَنْ تُنَزَّلَ أَبَةً وَ لَكُنَّ ٱ كُثْرَهُمُ لَا تَعْلَمُوْنَ ٢ وَ مَا مِنْ ذَا تَبَةٍ فِي الْآَرْضِ وَ كَا طَبُّر تَطِيْرُ بحناحثه إلاا أمرم أمثالكم ما فِي الْكِتْبِ مِنْ شَيْءٍ ثُمَّ إِلَى ىُ**خْشَرُ**ۋْنَ@ وَ الَّذِيْنَ كَذَّبُوْا بِالْيَتِدَ الظُّلُمت مَنْ تَشَااللُّهُ كُفُ تَشَأْ بَحْعَلْهُ عَلَى صِرَاطٍ مُّشتَقْبُم ٢ قْلْ أَدَءَيْتَكُمْ إِنْ أَتِّيكُمْ عَذَابُ إِبِتَّهِ أَوْ ٱتَتْكُمُ السَّاعَةُ أَغَبْرَ الله تَدْعُوْنَ، ان كُنْتُمْ صرِقِيْنَ ٢ بَلْ إِنَّالًا تَدْعُوْنَ فَبَكْشِفُ مَا إليبه إن شَآءَوَ تَنْسَهُ

\*37. Only those who listen sineerely respond.

\*41. Say, **'What do you think** *your response will be* if the punishment of Allāh comes upon you or there comes upon you the *destined* Hour, will you call upon any other than Allāh, if you are truthful?'

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ \tau | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \ \dot{\tau$ 

<sup>\*40.</sup> Those who have rejected Our Signs are deaf and dumb, in utter darkness. About whomever Allāh so adjudges He permits him to go astray. And about whomever He decides, He leads him to the straight path.

R. 5.

43. And indeed We sent *Messengers* to peoples before thee; then We afflicted them with poverty and adversity that they might humble themselves.

44. Why, then, when Our punishment came upon them, did they not grow humble? But their hearts were hardened and Satan made all that they did *seem* fair to them.

45. Then, when they forgot that with which they had been admonished, We opened unto them the gates of all things, until, when they became exultant at what they were given, We seized them suddenly, and lo! they were plunged into despair.

\*46. So the last remnant of the people who did wrong was cut off; and all praise belongs to Allāh, the Lord of all the worlds.

47. Say, 'What think ye? If Allāh should take away your hearing and your sight, and seal up your hearts, who is the God other than Allāh who could bring it *back* to you?' See how We vary the Signs, yet they turn away.

48. Say, 'What think ye? If the punishment of Allāh come upon you suddenly or openly, will any be destroyed save the wrongdoing people?'

٤ كَقَدْ ٱ رُسَلْنَآ إِلَى ٱ مَمِرِّنْ قَبْلِكَ

 فَ كَخَذْ لٰهُمْ بِالْبَاسَاءِ وَ الضَّرَّاءِ لَعَدَّهُمْ

 يتَضَرَّعُوْنَ ۞

 فَ كَوْلَا إِذْ جَاءَهُمْ بَاسُنَا تَضَرَّعُوْا وَ لَكِنْ

 فَ كَوْلَا إِذْ يَعْمَ لُوْنَ وَ الْعَالَ مَ مَا الشَّعْطَى

 فَ كَانَا تَ مُعْمَا أَ مُ مَا عَادُهُ وَ الْحَادُةُ لَحْدُوْنَا الْحَادُةُ الْحَادَةُ الْحَدُوْنَا الْحَادُةُ وَ لَكَنْ

 بَ تَ أَوْ ا يَعْمَ لُوْنَ أَ مَ مَا يَعْدَاءًا مَ مَا يَ لَهُ مَا الْحَادُةُ وَ الْحَدَانَةُ مَا يَعْمَا لَوْ الْحَدَى الْحَادَا عَادَا عَادَةًا عَادَةًا عَادَا عَادَا عَادَا عَادَ الْحَدَانَةُ عَادَةً مَا يَ حَدَّى الْحَادَةً عَادَا عَادَا عَادَ عَادَ عَادَا عَادَ الْحَدَى الْحَدَا الْحَدَى الْحَدَا الْحَدَى الْحَدَى الْحَدَا عَادَا عَادَا عَادَا عَادَ الْحَدَى الْحَدَا عَادَا عَادَا عَادَا الْحَدَانَ الْحَدَى الْحَدَانَا الْحَدَانَ الْحَدَى الْحَدَا الْحَدَى الْحَدَانَ الْحَدَا عَادَةَ الْحَدَى الْحَدَى الْحَدَى الْحَدَا عَادَا عَادَا الْحَدَى الْحَدَى الْحَدَا عَادَا عَادَا عَادَا عَادَا عَادَا عَادَا عَادَةُ عَادَا عَادَ الْحَدَا عَادَا عَادَا عَادَ عَادَا عَادَا عَادَا عَادَا عَادَ الْحَدَا عَادَ الْحَدَانَ عَادَا عَادَ عَادَا عَالَ عَالَ عَادَا عَادَا عَا عَادَا عَادَا عَادَا عَادَا ع

فَقُطِحَ دَابِرُ الْقَوْمِ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوْا وَالْحَمْدُ بِتْهِرَتِ الْعُلَمِيْنَ ( تُلْ آ رَءَيْتُمْ إِنْ آخَذَ اللَّهُ سَمْعَكُمْ وَ ٱبْصَارَكُمْ وَ خَتَمَ عَلْى قُلُوبِكُمْ مَّنْ إِلْهَ غَيْرُ اللَّهِ يَاتِيْكُمْ بِهِ أُنْظُرْ كَيْفَ نُصَرِّفُ الْأَيْتِ تُمَ هُمْ يَضْدِفُوْنَ ( تُعْذَ آ رَءَيْتَكُمْ إِنْ آتْ لَكُمْ عَذَابُ اللَّهِ الظَّلِمُوْنَ ()

**\***46. So **the very roots of the people who did wrong were cut off**; and all praise belongs to Allāh,

300

49. And We send not the Messengers but as bearers of glad tidings and as warners. So those who believe and reform *themselves*, on them *shall come* no fear nor shall they grieve.

\*50. And those who reject Our Signs, punishment will touch them, because they disobeyed.

51. Say: "I do not say to you: 'I possess the treasures of Allāh,' nor do I know the unseen; nor do I say to you: 'I am an angel.' I follow only that which is revealed to me." Say: 'Can a blind man and one who sees be alike?' Will you not then reflect?

## R. 6.

52. And warn thereby those who fear that they shall be gathered to their Lord, that they shall have no friend nor intercessor beside Him, so that they may become righteous.

53. And drive not away those who call upon their Lord morning and evening, seeking His countenance. Thou art not at all accountable for them nor are they at all accountable for thee, that thou shouldst drive them away and be of the unjust.

54. And in like manner have We tried some of them by others, that they may say, 'Is it these whom Allāh has favoured from among us?' Does not Allāh know best those who are grateful?

وَ مَا نُرْسِلُ الْمُرْسَلِيْنَ إِلَّا مُبَشِّرِيْنَ وَ مُنْذِرِيْنَ ، فَمَنْ أَمَنَ وَ أَصْلَحَ فَلَه خَوْفْ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُوْنَ 🔊 وَ الَّذِيْنَ كَذَّبُوْا بِالِيتِنَا يَمَسُّهُمُ الْعَذَابُ بِمَاكَانُوْا يَفْسُقُوْنَ ٢ قُلْ لَّآ اَقُوْلُ لَكُمْ عِنْدِيْ خَزَائِنُ اللهِ وَلا آعْلَمُ الْغَيْبَ وَلا آقُوْلُ لَكُمْ إِنَّيْ مَلَكُ إِنْ ٱتَّبِعُ إِلَّا مَا يُوْحَى إِلَيَ م قُلْ هَلْ يَسْتَوى الْأَعْمِى وَ الْبَصِيْرُ ـ آفار آفار تتفَحَّرُ وْنَ٥ ۅؘٱڹٛڹؚۯؠۅؚ**ا**ڷۜڹؚؽڹڮڿؘافُۉڹٵڽٛؾ۠ڂۺؘ ٳڸ۬ۮڗؾۿؗۯڶؽۺۘڶۿۿڔ<u>؆</u>ؚؽٛڋۉڹۣ؋ۅٙڸؿٞٞۊۜٙڵ شَفِيْحٌ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَّقُوْنَ @ وَلا تَطْرُدِ الَّذِيْنَ يَدْعُوْنَ رَبَّهُمْ بِالْغَدْوةِ وَ الْعَشِيِّ يُرِيدُوْنَ وَجْهَهُ، مَا عَلَيْكَ مِنْ حِسَابِهِمْ مِنْ شَيْءٍ وَّ مَا مِنْ ݘݽݳ**ب**ݿݝݿݵݷݥݛݻݵ ݰݔ<sub>ݴ</sub>ݸݥݻݥݛ فَتَكُوْنَ مِنَ الظَّلِمِيْنَ @ وَكَذَلِكَ فَتَنَّا بَعْضَهُمْ بِبَعْضٍ لِّيقُوْلُوْآ ٱلْهَةُ لَآءِ مَرِبٌ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ مِّنْ بَيْنَاء ٱلَيْسَ اللهُ بِٱعْلَمَ بِالشَّكِرِيْنَ @

\* 50. And those who reject Our Signs, punishment will **befall them**, because they disobeyed.  $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ c + | \ h \ 7 | \ kh \ \dot{r} | \ dh \ \dot{s} | s \ o \ (183) \ \phi \ (183) \ b \ (183)$  55. And when those who believe in Our Signs come to thee, say: 'Peace be unto you! Your Lord has taken it upon Himself *to show* mercy, so that whoso among you does evil ignorantly, and repents thereafter and amends, then He is Most Forgiving, Merciful.'

56. And thus do We expound the Signs *that you may seek forgiveness* and that the way of the sinners may become manifest.

## R. 7.

57. Say: 'I am forbidden to worship those on whom you call beside \*Allāh.' Say: 'I will not follow your evil inclinations. In that case, I shall become lost and I shall not be of the guided.'

58. Say: 'I *take my stand* on a clear evidence from my Lord and you reject it. That which you desire to be hastened is not in my *power*. The decision rests with none but Allāh. He explains the truth, and He is Best of judges.'

59. Say: 'If that which you desire to be hastened were in my *power*, surely the matter would be decided between me and you. And Allāh knows best the unjust.'

60. And with Him are the keys of the unseen; none knows them but He. And He knows whatsoever is in the land and *in* the sea. And there falls not a leaf but He knows it; nor

\* 57. Say: 'I will not follow your vain desires.

وَإِذَا جَاءَكَ الَّذِينَ يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِاليتِنَا فَقُلْ سَلْمٌ عَلَيْكُمْ كَتَبَ رَبُّكُمْ على نَفْسِهِ الرَّحْمَةَ ا اَنَّهْ مَنْ عَمِلَ مِنْكُمْ سُوَّ بِجَهَالَةٍ ثُمَّرَتَابَ مِنْ بَعْدِمَ وَنَصْلَحَ فَانَهُ غَفُوْرً رَّحِيْمَ @ وَكَذْلِكَ نُفَصِّلُ الْايتِ وَلِتَسْتَبِيْتَ سَبِيْلُ الْمُجْرِمِيْنَ @

قُلْ اِنِّيْ نُهِيْتُ اَنْ اَعْبُدَ الَّذِيْنَ تَدْعُوْنَ مِنْدُوْنِ اللهِ قُلْ لَآ اَتَّبِحُ اَهْوَا يَحُمْ ا قَدْضَلَلْتُ اِذَاوَّمَا اَنَامِنَ الْمُهْتَدِيْنَ @

قُلُ إِنِّيْ عَلَى بَيِّنَةٍ مِّنْ دَبِّيْ وَ كَذَّبْتُمْ بِهِ « مَا عِنْدِعِيْ مَا تَسْتَعْجِلُوْنَ بِهِ « إِنِ الْحُكْمُ إِلَّا بِلْهِ « يَقُصُّ الْحَقَّ وَ هُوَ حَيْرُ الْفَاصِلِيْنَ @ قُلْ لَوْ آنَّ عِنْدِيْ مَا تَسْتَعْجِلُوْنَ بِهِ لَقُضِحِ الْآمُرُبَيْنِيْ وَبَيْ يَكُمُ « وَ اللَّهُ اعْلَمُ بِالظَّلِمِيْنَ @

وَعِنْدَهُ مَفَاتِحُ الْغَيْبِ كَا يَحْلَمُهَا إِلَّا هُوَ ٥ وَيَعْلَمُ مَا فِي الْبَرِّ وَ الْبَحْرِ ٥ مَا تَسْقُطُ مِنْ وَّدَقَةٍ إِلَّا يَعْلَمُهَا وَ لَا حَبَّةٍ

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ i \ | \ th \ b \ | \ r \ | \ kh \ r \ | \ kh \ r \ | \ dh \ b \ | \ s \ of transliteration on page \ p \ ). \end{array}$ 

is there a grain in the deep darkness of the earth, nor anything green or dry, but is recorded in a clear Book.

61. And He it is Who takes your souls by night and knows that which you do by day; then He raises you up again therein, that the appointed term may be completed. Then to Him is your return. Then will He inform you of what you used to do.

# R. 8.

62. And He is Supreme over His servants, and He sends guardians to watch over you, until, when death comes to anyone of you, Our messengers take his soul, and they fail not.

63. Then are they returned to Allah, their true Lord. Surely, His is the judgment. And He is the Quickest of reckoners.

64. Say, "Who delivers you from the calamities of the land and the sea, when you call upon Him in humility and in secret, saving, 'If He deliver us from this, we will surely be of those who are grateful?""

65. Say, 'Allāh delivers you from them and from every distress, yet you associate partners with Him."

\*66. Say, 'He has power to send

آلاَ تُحَام ۲ - Chapter 6 فى ظُلُمت الآدْضِ وَكَا رَطْبِ وَلَا يَابِسِ إلافي كِتْب شبيدن، وَهُوَ الَّذِيْ بَتَوَفَّيكُمْ مَا جَرَحْتُمُ بِالنَّقَادِ ثُمَّ بَبْعَدُ ا بُقْ مُم آرً د کر د <u>ا</u> تعمَلُوْنَ ٢ وَهُوَ الْقَاهِرُ فَوْقَ عِمَادِهِ وَ يُرْسِلُ عَلَيْكُمْ حَفَظَةً، حَتَّى إِذَا جَاءَ إَحَدَكُمُ الْجَوْتُ تَوَفَّتُهُ رُسُلُنَا وَ هُمْ لَا يُفَرِّطُهْنَ ثُمَّ دُدُّوٓا إِلَى اللهِ مَوْلِيهُمُ الْحَقِّ ﴿ ٱلَّا لَهُ الْحُكْمُ وَ هُوَ آسْ ء التحابيد د ٢٠ تُنَحِّثكُمْ مِّنْ ظُلَمْتِ الْكَرّ وَالْبَحْرِ تَدْعُوْنَهُ تَضَرُّعًا وَّخُفْسَةً، لكرب أثبطينا مرب لهذبا كنكةن مِنَ الشَّكِرِيْنَ ا وَ مِنْ کَ كَرْ بِ ثُمَّ أَنْتُمْ تُشْرِكُونَ @ قُلْ هُوَ الْقَادِرُ عَلَى أَنْ تَبْعَثَ عَلَيْكُ

\*66. Say, 'He has power to send punishment upon you from above you or from beneath your feet, or make it your lot to split into mutually hostile sects and make you taste the violence of one another.' See how We expound the Signs in various ways that they may understand!

ء ' ا ق p ا غ f ا ظ z ا ط t ا ف f ر 185 م ص s ا خ h r | kh r | dh أ ث s م s ا خ 185 م ا ث h r | h r | kh r | dh (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

punishment upon you from above you or from beneath your feet, or to confound you by *splitting you into* sects and make you taste the violence of one another.' See how We expound the Signs in various ways that they may understand!

67. And thy people have rejected it, though it is the truth. Say, 'I am not a guardian over you.'

68. For every prophecy there is a fixed time; and soon will you come to know.

\*69. And when thou seest those who engage in *vain discourse concerning* Our Signs, then turn thou away from them until they engage in a discourse other than that. And if Satan cause thee to forget, then sit not, after recollection, with the unjust people.

70. And those who are righteous are not at all accountable for them, but *their duty is* to admonish them, that they may fear *God*.

71. And let alone those who take their religion for a sport and a pastime, and whom worldly life has beguiled. And admonish *people* thereby lest a soul be consigned to perdition for what it has wrought. It shall have no helper nor intercessor عَذَابًا مِّنْ فَوْقِ ڪُمْ اَوْ مِنْ تَحْتِ اَدْجُلِ ڪُمْ اَوْ يَلْبِسَكُمْ شِيَعًاوَّ يُزِيْقَ بَعْضَكُمْ بَاسَ بَعْضٍ انْظُرْ كَيْفَ نُصَرِّفُ الْأَيْتِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَفْقَهُوْنَ وَ كَذَّبَ بِهِ قَوْمُكَ وَ هُوَ الْحَقُّ قُلْ لَسْتُ عَلَيْكُمْ بِوَكِيْلِ ﴾ لِكُلِّ نَبَإِ مُسْتَقَرُّ دوَّ سَوْفَ تَعْلَمُوْنَ ﴿

نَاعَرِضْ عَنْهُمْ حَتَّى يَخُوْضُوا فِي حَدِيْتٍ غَيْرِهِ • وَ إِمَّا يُنْسِيَنَّكَ الشَّيْطِ نُ فَكَ تَقْعُدْ بَعْدَ الذِّكْرِى مَحَ الْقَوْمِ الظَّلِمِيْنَ ®

ۅَ مَا عَلَى الَّذِيْنَ يَتَقُوْنَ مِنْ حِسَابِهِم مِّنْ شَيْءٍ وَّ لَكِنْ ذِكْرَى لَعَلَّهُم يَتَقُوْنَ۞ وَذَرِ الَّذِيْنَ اتَّخَذُوْا دِيْنَهُمْ لَعِبًا وَّ لَهُوًا وَ غَرَّ تُهُمُ الْحَلُوةُ الدُّنْيَا وَ ذَخِرْ بِهَ اَنْ تُبْسَلَ نَفْشَ بِمَا كَسَبَتْ وَ لَيْ لَهَامِنْ دُوْنِ اللَّهِ وَلِيُّ وَلَا شَفِيْعُ ، وَ إِنْ

Note: The expression *yalbisakum* (یَنْسِمَا ) invokes the image of a calamity which permanently sticks and becomes a part of the body like clothes. So a faithful translation demands the use of some expression of permanence.

<sup>\*69.</sup> And when you see those who trifle with Our Signs,

#### وَاِذَاسَمِعُوْا 4 - Part 7

ي ⊮

beside Allāh; and even if it offer every ransom, it shall not be accepted from it. These are they who have been delivered over to destruction for their own acts. They will have a drink of boiling water and a grievous punishment, because they disbelieved.

# R. 9.

72. Say: "Shall we call, beside Allāh, upon that which can neither profit us nor harm us, and shall we be turned back on our heels after Allāh has guided us, like one whom the evil ones entice away *leaving him* bewildered in the land, *and* who has companions who call him to guidance, *saying*, 'Come to us?'" Say: "Surely, the guidance of Allāh is the only guidance and we have been commanded to submit to the Lord of all the worlds.

73. "And we have been given the command: 'Observe Prayer and fear Him;' and He it is to Whom you shall be gathered."

\*74. And He it is Who created the heavens and the earth in accordance with the requirements of wisdom; and the day He says, 'Be!', it will be. His word is the truth, and His will be the kingdom on the day when the trumpet will be blown. *He is* the Knower of the unseen and the seen. And He is the Wise, the All-Aware.

تَعْدِلْ ڪُلَّ عَدْلٍ لَا يُؤْخَذْ مِنْهَا ﴿ أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ أُبْسِلُوْا بِمَاكَسَبُوْا ﴾ لَهُمْ شَرَابٌ مِّنْ حَمِيْمٍ وَّ عَذَابٌ اَلِيْمً بِمَاكَانُوْا يَكْفُرُوْنَ۞

قُلْ اَنَدْعُوْا مِنْ دُوْنِ اللّٰوِمَا لَا يَنْفَعُنَا وَ لَا يَضُرُّنَا وَ نُرَدُّ عَلَى اَعْقَابِنَا بَعْدَاذْ هَدْنَا اللهُ كَالَّذِى اسْتَهْوَ ثُهُ الشَّلِطِيْنُ فِي الْاَ رُضِ حَيْرَانَ مَ لَهَ آصَحْبَ يَدْعُوْنَهَ إِلَى الْهُدَى الْمَيْنَا وَ أُمِرْنَا لِنُسْلِمَ لِرَبِّ الْعْلَمِيْنَ أَنْ

وَاَنْ اَقِيْمُوا الصَّلُوةَ وَ اتَّقُوْهُ • وَ هُوَ الَّذِيَّ إِلَيْهِ تُحْشَرُوْنَ @

وَهُوَ الَّذِيْ خَلَقَ السَّمٰوٰتِ وَ الْأَرْضَ بِالْحَقِّ، وَ يَوْمَ يَقُوْلُ كُنْ فَيَكُوْنُ قَوْلُهُ الْحَقُّ، وَ لَهُ الْمُلْكُ يَوْمَ يُنْفَخُ فِي الصُّوْرِ عٰلِمُ الْغَيْبِوَ الشَّهَادَةِ وَ هُوَ الْحَكِيْمُ الْخَبِيْرُ@

Note: See the explanation of "كُن فَيَكُون" (" 'Be!' And it is") under 2:118. (Publisher)

<sup>\*74.</sup> And He it is Who created the heavens and the earth **the right way**; and the day **when He** will say, "Be!' And it is."

وَإِذَاسَمِعُوْا ٤ - Part 7

75. And *remember the time* when Abraham said to his father, Āzar: 'Dost thou take idols for gods? Surely, I see thee and thy people in manifest error.'

76. And thus did We show Abraham the kingdom of the heavens and the earth *that he might be rightly guided* and that he might be of those who have certainty of faith.

77. And when the night darkened upon him, he saw a star. He said: 'This is my Lord!' But when it set, he said: 'I like not those that set.'

78. And when he saw the moon rise with spreading light, he said: 'This is my Lord.' But when it set, he said, 'If my Lord guide me not, I shall surely be of the people who go astray.'

79. And when he saw the sun rise with spreading light, he said: 'This is my Lord, this is the greatest.' But when it set, he said, 'O my people, surely I am clear of that which you associate *with God.* 

80. 'I have turned my face toward Him Who created the heavens and the earth, being ever inclined *to God*, and I am not of those who associate gods *with God*.'

81. And his people argued with him. He said: 'Do you argue with me concerning Allāh when He has guided me aright? And I fear not that which you associate with Him,

وَ إِذْ قَالَ إِبْرِهِيْمُ لِآبِيْهِ أَزَرَ آتَتَّخِذُ أَصْنَامًا المِهَة، إِنَّيْ أَرْمِكَ وَ قَوْمَكَ فَيْ ضَلْل مُبِيْنِ@ وَ كَذٰلِكَ نُرِثَ إِبْرَهِيْمَ مَلَكُوْتَ التسليلية وَالْأَرْضِ وَلِيَكُوْنَ مِنَ الْمُوْقنيْنَ@ فَلَمَّا جَنَّ عَلَيْهِ الَّيْلُ رَاحَوْجَاء قَالَ هٰذَا رَبِّيْ، فَلَمَّآ أَفَلَ قَالَ لَآَ أُحِبُ الافلين@ فَكَمَّارا الْقَمَرَ بَازِغًا قَالَ هٰذَا رَبِّن، فَكَمَّآ آفَلَ قَالَ لَئِنْ لَّمْ يَهْدِنِيْ رَبِّبْ كَحُوْنَتَّ مِنَ الْقَوْمِ الضَّالِّيْنَ» فَكَمَّاراً الشَّمْسَ بَاذِغَةً قَالَ لَهٰذَا رَبِّي هذآ أحْبَرُ، فَكَمَّآ أَفَكَتْ قَالَ لِقَوْمِ إِنَّى بَرِيْءَ مِمّا تُشْرِكُوْنَ @ إِنِّبْ وَجَّهْتُ وَجْهِتٍ لِلَّذِيْ فَطَرَ السَّمُوْتِ وَالْآدْضَ حَنِيْفًا وَّمَا ٱنَامِنَ الْمُشْرِكِيْنَ. وَ حَاجَة قَوْمُهُ وَقَالَ ٱ تُحَاجُوْنَيْ فِي اللهِ وَقَدْهَدْنِ وَلَآ اَخَافُ مَا تُشْرِكُوْنَ بِهَ إِلَّا أَنْ تَيْشَاءَ رَبِّي شَيْئًا ﴿ وَسِعَ رَبِّي

unless my Lord will something. My Lord comprehends all things in His knowledge. Will you not then be admonished?

82. 'And why should I fear that which you associate *with God*, when you fear not to associate with Allāh that for which He has sent down to you no authority?' Which, then, of the two parties has greater right to security, if indeed you know?

83. Those who believe and mix not up their belief with injustice—it is they who shall have peace, and who are rightly guided.

# R. 10.

84. And that is Our argument which We gave to Abraham against his people. We exalt in degrees of rank whomso We please. Thy Lord is indeed Wise, All-Knowing.

85. And We gave him Isaac and Jacob; each did We guide aright, and Noah did We guide aright aforetime, and of his progeny, David and Solomon and Job and Joseph and Moses and Aaron. Thus do We reward those who do good.

86. And *We guided* Zachariah and John and Jesus and Elias; each *one of them* was of the virtuous.

87. And *We also guided* Ishmael and Elisha and Jonah and Lot; and each one did We exalt above the people.

وَكَيْفَ أَخَافُ مَآ أَشْرَ كُتُمْ وَكَا تَخَافُهُنَ ٱنَّڪُمْٱشْرَكْتُمْرِبِاللَّهِمَالَمْ يُنَزَّلْ بِهِ عَلَيْكُمْ سُلْطنًا و فَاَيُّ الْغَرِيْقَيْنِ اَحَقَّ بالأمن، إنْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُوْنَ ٢ ٱلَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَ لَمْ يَلْبِسُوْا إِيْمَانَهُمْ بظُلْه أولَبْكَ لَهُمُ الْأَمْنُ وَهُمْ يع ٩ مُفتَدُوْنَ وَتِلْكَ حُجَّتُنَآ أَتَيْنُهَآ إِبْرِهِيْمَ عَلْي قَوْمِه، نَرْفَعُ دَرَجْتٍ مَّنْ نُّشَاءً اِنَّ رَبَّكَ حَكَثِمُ عَلِيْهُ () وَ وَهَنْنَا لَهُ إِسْحَقَ وَ بَعْقُوْتٍ ﴿ حُلَّهُ هَدَيْنَا، وَنُوْحًا هَدَيْنَا مِنْ قَبْلُ وَمِنْ ذُرَّتْتِه دَاؤَدَ وَ سُلَيْمِنَ وَ ٱبُّوْبَ وَيُوْسُفَ وَمُوْسِبٍ وَ هُرُوْنَ وَ كَذٰلِكَ نَجْزى الْمُحْسِنِيْنَ أَنْ وَ ذَكَرِيًّا وَ يَحْلِي وَ عِيْسِى وَ إِلْيَاسَ، كُلَّ مِّنَ الصَّلِحِيْنَ أَسَ <u>ۇ ا</u>شىل<del>ى</del> بىك قالىتىسىخ قۇيەنىس قەلمە. وَ حُلًّا فَضَّلْنَا عَلَى الْعُلَمِيْنَ ٥

 $a i u + | th \rightarrow | h \neg | kh \rightarrow | dh \rightarrow | s \rightarrow (19)$ (See details of transilieration on page 'p'). 88. And *We exalted* some of their fathers and their children and their brethren, and We chose them and We guided them in the straight path.

89. That is the guidance of Allāh. He guides thereby those of His servants whom He pleases. And if they had worshipped aught beside Him, surely all they did would have been of no avail to them.

\*90. It is these to whom We gave the Book and dominion and prophethood. But if these *people* are ungrateful for them, *it matters not*, for We have now entrusted them to a people who are not ungrateful for them.

91. These it is whom Allāh guided aright, so follow thou their guidance. Say: 'I ask not of you any reward for it. This is naught but an admonition for all mankind.'

# R. 11.

\*92. And they do not make a just estimate of Allāh, when they say: 'Allāh has not revealed anything to any man.' Say: 'Who revealed the Book which Moses brought, a light and guidance for the people though you treat it as scraps of paper which you show while you conceal much; and you have been taught that which neither you nor your fathers knew?'—Say: 'Allāh'. Then

وَمِنْ أَبَائِهِمْ وَ ذُرِّيَّتِهِمْ وَ إِخْوَانِهِمْ ، وَاجْتَبَيْنْهُمْ وَ هَدَيْنْهُمْ إِلَى صِرَاطِ مُسْتَقْنُم ذٰلِكَ هُدَى اللهِ يَهْدِيْ بِهِ مَنْ تَشَاءُ ڡؚڹٛۛۛۛڡؚؚۼٵڋ؋؞ۘۅؘۘۘڷۅٛٱۺٛڗۘػٛۉٳڵڂؠڟؘۼڹٛۿۿ م ا کانُه ا تغم لُهُن ٱولَّئكَ الَّذِينَ أتَيْنَهُمُ الْكِتْبَ وَ الْحُصْمَرُوَ النُّبُوَّةَ، فَإِنْ يَحْفُرُ بِهَا هَوُكاء فَقَدْ وَحَمَّلْنَا بِهَا قَوْمًا لَّيْسُوْا بهابخفرين. ٱولَبِّكَ اتَّذِيْنَ هَدَى اللهُ فَبِهُ لمُهُ اڤتَدة فُلْلا ٱسْتَلْحُمْ عَلَيْهِ آجْرًا -اِنْ هُوَ الاَدِ حُرْى لِلْعُلَمِيْنَ أَنَ ٩ وَ مَا قَدَرُوا اللهُ حَقَّ قَدْرِةٍ إِذْ قَالُوْا مَا ٱنْزَلَ اللهُ عَلَى بَشَرِ مِّنْ شَيْءٍ لا قُلْ مَنْ ٱنْزَلَ الْكِتْبَ الَّذِيْ جَآعِبِه مُوْسىنُوْرًا وَّ هُدًى لِلنَّاسِ تَجْعَلُوْنَهُ قَرَاطِيْسَ ؾؙؽؚڋۅٛڹؘۿٳؘۘۘۅؾؙڂٛڣؙۏؽڲؿؽڔۧٳ؞ۅؘۼڸؚۧڡؾؙۿڔۿ<u>ٳ</u> كَمْ تَعْلَمُوْا أَنْتُمْ وَكَرْ إِيَّا وَكُمْ مِ قُلِ اللهُ»

\*90. It is these to whom We gave the Book and the faculty of judgement and prophethood.\*92. And they failed to respect Allāh as He should be respected when they said: 'Allāh has not revealed anything to any man.'

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ \tau | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau}$ 

leave them to amuse themselves with their *vain* discourse.

93. And this is a Book which We have revealed, full of blessings, to fulfil that which preceded it, and to enable thee to warn the Mother of towns and those around her. And those who believe in the Hereafter believe therein and they keep a watch over their Prayer.

94. And who is more unjust than he who forges a lie against Allah, or says, 'It has been revealed to me,' while nothing has been revealed to him; and who says, 'I will send down the like of that which Allah has sent down?' And if thou couldst only see, when the wrongdoers are in the agonies of death, and the angels stretch forth their hands, saving, 'Yield up your souls. This day shall you be awarded the punishment of disgrace, because of that which you spoke against Allah falsely and because you turned away from His Signs with disdain.'

95. And now you come to Us one by one even as We created you at first, and you have left behind you that which We bestowed upon you, and We see not with you your intercessors of whom you asserted that they were partners *with God* in your *affairs*. Now you have been cut off from one another and that which you presumed has failed you.

ثُمَر ذَرْ هُمْ فِيْ خَوْضِهِمْ يَلْعَبُوْنَ @ وَهٰذَا كَتْتَ ٱنْزَلْنْهُ مُلْرَكٌ مُّصَدَّقُ الَّذِيْ بَيْنَ يَدَيْبِهِ وَلِتُنْذِرَ أُمَّرِ الْقُرِي وَ مَنْ حَوْلَهَا . وَالَّذِيْنَ يُؤْمِنُوْتَ بالأخرَة يُؤْمِنُوْتَ بِهِ وَ هُمْرِ عَلْ صَلَا تِبِهِمْ يُحَافِظُوْنَ 🐨 وَمَنْ اَظْلَمُ مِحَّنِ افْتَرٰى عَلَى اللهِ كَذِبًا اَوْ قَالَ أُوْجِيَ إِلَيَّ وَ لَمْ يُوْحَ إِلَيْهِ شَيْءً وَّمَنْ قَالَ سَانْزَلُ مِثْلَ مَا ٱنْزَلَ اللهُ وَلَوْتَرَى إِذِ الظَّلِمُوْنَ فِي غَمَرْتِ الْمَوْتِ <u>ۅ</u>ؘٳڵڡڵؖؠؙؚڴڎؙڹٳڛڟؙۅٛٙٵؽڍؽڣؚۿٵؘڂٛڔؚڋۅٛٙٵ ٱنْفُسَكُمْ دٱلْيَوْمَرُّجْزَوْنَعَذَابَ الْهُوْنِ بِمَاكُنْتُمْ تَقُوْلُوْنَ عَلَى اللهِ غَيْرَ الْحَقِّ وَكُنْتُمْ عَنْ البِتِهِ تَسْتَكْبِرُوْنَ ؟

وَلَقَدْ جِئْتُمُوْنَا فُرَادَى كَمَا خَلَقْنَكُمْ ٱوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ وَّ تَرَكْتُمْ شَا خَوَّلْنَكُمْ وَرَآءَ شُهُوْرِكُمْ ، وَمَانَرْى مَعَكُمْ شُفَعَاءَكُمُ الَّذِيْنَ زَعَمْتُمْ ٱنَّهُمْ فِيْكُمْ شُرَخَوُا لَقَدْ تَقَطَّعَ بَيْنَكُمْ وَ ضَلَّ عَنْكُمْ مَا حُنْتُمْ تَزْعُمُوْنَ أَ

چ

R. 12.

96. Verily, it is Allāh Who causes the grain and the date-stones to sprout. He brings forth the living from the dead, and *He* is the Bringer forth of the dead from the living. That is Allāh; wherefore, then, are you turned back?

97. He causes the break of day; and He made the night for rest and the sun and the moon for reckoning *time*. That is the decree of the Mighty, the Wise.

98. And He it is Who has made the stars for you that you may follow the right direction with their help amid the deep darkness of the land and the sea. We have explained the Signs in detail for a people who possess knowledge.

99. And He it is Who has produced you from a single person and there is *for you* a home and a lodging. We have explained the Signs in detail for a people who understand.

100. And it is He Who sends down water from the cloud; and We bring forth therewith every kind of growth; then We bring forth with that green foliage wherefrom We produce clustered grain. And from the date-palm, out of its sheaths, *come forth* bunches hanging low. And *We produce therewith* gardens of grapes, and the olive and the pomegranate—similar and dissimilar. Look at the fruit thereof

إِنَّ اللَّهَ فَلِقُ الْحَبِّ وَ النَّوٰى مُنْرِجُ الْتَيَّ مِنَ الْمَيِّتِ وَمُخْرِجُ الْمَيِّتِ مِنَ الْحَيِّد ذٰلِكُمُ اللهُ فَأَنَّى تُؤْفَكُوْنَ ٢

فَالِقُ الْاصْبَاحِ، وَجَعَلَ الَّيْلَ سَكَنًا وَ الشَّمْسَ وَ الْقَمَرَ حُشبَانًا وَ لَالَ تَقْدِيُرُ الْعَزِيْزِ الْعَلِيْمِ ۞ وَ هُوَ الَّذِيْ جَعَلَ لَكُمُ النُّجُوْمَ لِتَهْتَدُوْا بِهَافِي ظُلُمتِ الْبَرِّ وَالْبَحْرِ قَدْفَصَّلْنَا الْالِتِ لِقَوْمِ يَعْلَمُوْنَ ۞

وَهُوَاتَّذِيٓ ٱنْشَاكُمْ مِّنْ نَّفْسِ وَّاحِدَةٍ فَمُسْتَقَرَّ وَّ مُسْتَوْدَعً ، قَدْ فَصَلْنَا الْأَلِتِ لِقَوْمِ يَّفْقَهُوْنَ ٥ وَهُوَ الَّذِيٓ ٱنْزَلَ مِنَ السَّمَاء مَاًء فَاخْرَجْنَا بِهِ نَبَاتَ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ فَاخْرَجْنَا مِنْهُ خَضِرًا تُخْرِجُ مِنْهُ حَبَّا مُتَرَاكِبًا، وَ مِنَ التَّخْلِ مِنْ طَلْعِهَا قِنْوَانَ دَانِيَةً وَ الرُّمَانَ مُشْتَبِهًا وَ غَيْرَ مُتَشَابِهٍ ا ٱنْظُرُوٓا إِلَى ثَمَرِةَ إِذَا ٱثْمَرَ وَ يَنْعِهِ إِنَّ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ (h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \varepsilon \ (192)$ (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

when it bears fruit, and the ripening thereof. Surely, in this are Signs for a people who believe.

101. And they hold the Jinn to be partners with Allah, although He created them; and they falsely ascribe to Him sons and daughters without any knowledge. Holy is He and exalted far above what they attribute to Him!

## R. 13.

102. The Originator of the heavens and the earth! How can He have a son when He has no consort, and when He has created everything and has knowledge of all things?

103. Such is Allah, your Lord. There is no God but He, the Creator of all things, so worship Him. And He is Guardian over everything.

104. Eyes cannot reach Him but He reaches the eyes. And He is the Incomprehensible, the All-Aware.

105. Proofs have indeed come to you from your Lord; so whoever sees, it is for his own good; and whoever becomes blind, it is to his own harm. And I am not a guardian over you.

106. And thus do We vary the Signs the truth mav become that established, but the result is that they say, 'Thou hast learnt well;' and We vary the Signs that We may explain it to a people who have knowledge.

107. Follow that which has been revealed to thee from thy Lord; فى ذٰلِكُمْرَ لألبت لِتَقَوْم تُؤْمِنُهُ نَص

بَدِيْعُ الشَّطُوتِ وَ الْأَرْضِ ﴿ ٱنَّ يَكُوْنُ لَهُ وَلَدًوَّ لَمْ تَكُنْ لَّهُ صَاحِبَةً وَ خَلَقَ ڪُلَّ شَيْءٍ، وَ هُوَبِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيْمَ ··· ذٰلِكُمُ اللهُ رَتُكُمْ وَلَآ الْمَالَا هُوَ خَالِقُ كُلّ شَيْءٍ فَاعْبُدُوْلُا، وَ هُوَ عَلَى كُلّ شَيْءٍ وَّڪئلُ@ لَا تُدْدِكُهُ الْآبْصَارُدَوَ هُوَ يُدْدِكُ الْآبْصَارَ. وَهُوَاللَّطِيْفُ الْخَبِيْرُ @ قَدْ جَاءَكُمْ بَصَائِرُ مِنْ رَّبِّكُمْ، فَمَنْ ٱبْصَرَ فَلِنَفْسِهِ وَ مَنْ عَمِىَ فَحَلَيْهَا ﴿ وَمَآ أَنَّا عَلَيْكُمْ بِحَفِيْظٍ وَكَذٰلِكَ نُصَرّفُ الْإليبَ وَلِيقُوْلُوْا دَرَسْتَ وَلِنُبَيّنَهُ لِقَوْمٍ يَعْدَمُوْنَ ۞

إِتَّبِعْمَآ أُوْحِيَ إِلَيْكَ مِنْ رَبِّكَ، كَآبِلَهُ ء : ا ق q ا غ h ح ا ا ط t ا ض ل و (19) ص ع ا خ h ح ا h ح ا h ح ا ا ث h ح ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ع ا ا ا ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

there is no God but He: and turn aside from the idolaters

108. And if Allah had enforced His will, they would not have set up gods with Him. And We have not made thee a keeper over them nor art thou over them a guardian.

109. And revile not those whom they call upon beside Allāh, lest they, out of spite, revile Allah in their ignorance. Thus unto every people have We caused their doing to seem fair. Then unto their Lord is their return: and He will inform them of what they used to do.

110. And they swear their strongest oaths by Allah that if there came to them a Sign, they would surely believe therein. Say, 'Surely, Signs are with Allah. But what should make you understand that when the Signs come, they will not believe?'

\*111. And We shall confound their hearts and their eyes, as they believed not therein at the first time, and We shall leave them in their transgression to wander in distraction.

R. 14.

112. And even if We send down unto them angels, and the dead speak to them, and We gather to them all things face to face, they would not believe, unless Allah enforced His will. But most of them behave ignorantly.

لا هُوَ ، وَ ٱعْرِضْ عَنِ الْمُشْرِكِيْنَ 🐼 وَكَهْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ مَا ٱشْرَكُهُ الدوَ مَا جَعَلْنُه هرحَفِيْظًا، وَمَآ أَنْتَ عَلَيْه سُبَّه ا الَّذِيْنَ بَدْعُوْنَ مِ ۑؙٞۅٳٳٮڷٚؗؗۜؗ؋ۘۘۼۮۊؙٞٳؠۼؘؽڔؚۘۘۘۑڵؚڡڔ؞ػ ذَبَّنَّالِكُلُّ أُمَّةٍ عَمَلَهُمْ مِ ثُمَّ إِلَى اكانة مُوْا بِاللهِ جَهْ دَ ٱيْمَانِهِمْ لَئِنْ اَئَةُ لَّيُؤْمِنُنَّ بِهَا ﴿ قُلْ إِنَّمَا الإليت عند الله وما يشعر حُم القَا اذَاجًاءَتْ كَا يُؤْمِنُونَ. وَنُقَلَّبُ أَفْحَدَتَهُمْ وَ أَيْصَادَهُ يُؤْمِنُوْا بِهَ أَوَّلَ مَرَّبَةٍ وَ نَذَرُهُ طُغْتانيهم تعْمَهُون أ العجزؤم مُ الْمُعْدَى اّ، شَيْء قُمُلًا مَّا كَانُوْا لِمُ اَنْ تَشَاءَ اللهُ وَ لَكِنَّ اَكْثَرَ

۳ ج

ء' اق gh غ gh ج' اظ z اط t  $a i u \mid h \uparrow h \tau \mid hh \neq dh \Rightarrow s \rightarrow 194$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

<sup>\*111.</sup> And We shall cause their hearts and faculties of sight to revert to the same state as when they initially rejected Our Signs, and We shall leave them in their transgression to wander in distraction.

113. And in like manner have We made for every Prophet an enemy, evil ones from among men and Jinn. They suggest one to another gilded speech in order to deceive— and if thy Lord had *enforced* His will, they would not have done it; so leave them alone with that which they fabricate—

114. And in order that the hearts of those who believe not in the Hereafter may incline thereto and that they may be pleased therewith and that they may *continue to* earn what they are earning.

115. Shall I seek for judge other than Allāh, when He it is Who has sent down to you the Book, clearly explained? And those to whom We gave the Book know that it has been sent down from thy Lord with truth; so be thou not of those who doubt.

116. And the word of thy Lord has been fulfilled in truth and justice. None can change His words; and He is the All-Hearing, the All-Knowing.

117. And if thou obey the majority of those on earth, they will lead thee astray from Allāh's way. They follow nothing but *mere* conjecture, \*and they do nothing but lie. وَ ڪَذٰلِكَ جَعَلْنَا لِڪُلِّ نَبِيٍّ عَدُوًّا شَيٰطِيْنَ الْإِنْسِ وَ الْجِتِّ يُوْجِيْ بَعْضُهُمْ الْى بَعْضٍ ذُخْرُفَ الْقَوْلِ غُرُوْرًا دِوَلَوْشَاء رَبُّكَ مَا فَعَلُوْهُ فَذَرْهُمْ وَ مَا يَفْتَرُوْنَ @

ۘۛۏڸؾٙڞۼٚٙڸڵؽۅٱڣٛڂؚػةؙٵڶۜؖڹؚٚؽ۬ٮؘؘ؆ؙؖؽۊۢٛڝؚڹ۫ۉؾ ۑؚؚ؇ؗڿڒۊؚۏڸؽۯۻؘۉ؇ؘۏڸؾڨؾٙڔۣڡؙ۫ۉٵ؆ۿ؞ ۛؗۺڠؾٙڔڡؙ۫ۉؾ۞

اَفَحَيْرَ اللَّهِ اَبْتَعْنَى حَكَمًا وَّ هُوَ الَّذِيَ اَنْزَلَ اِلَيْكُمُ الْكِتْبَ مُفَصَّلًا وَالَّذِيْنَ اتَيْنَهُمُ الْكِتْبَ يَعْلَمُوْنَ اَنَّهُ مُنَزَّلً مِّنْ رَّبِلَ بِالْحَقِّ فَلَا تَكُوْنَتْ مِنَ الْمُمْتَرِيْنَ الْمُمْتَرِيْنَ وَتَتَعَدُ كَلِمَتْ رَبِلاً مِدْقًا وَ عَدْلًا الْعَلِيْمُ وَإِنْ تُطِعْ اَكْتَرَ مَنْ فِي الْاَرْضِ يُضِلُّوْكَ عَنْ سَبِيْلِ اللَّهِ إِنْ يَتَبْعُوْنَ إِلَّا الظَّنَ

عن سېپيل اللو، ان يېغون رلا الله وَ اِنْ هُمْ اِلَّا يَخْرُصُوْنَ@

<sup>\*117.</sup> Note: Here the word 'lie' is not sufficient to do justice to the fuller meaning of the word yakhruşūn (يَحْرَنُونَ which covers wider connotations like fabrication or professing to be able to predict the future while they only indulge in wild guesses.

118. Surely, thy Lord knows best those who go astray from His way; and He knows best those who are rightly guided.

119. Eat, then, of that over which the name of Allāh has been pronounced, if you are believers in His Signs.

120. And what reason have you that you should not eat of that over which the name of Allāh has been pronounced, when He has already explained to you that which He has forbidden unto you—save that which you are forced to? And surely many mislead *others* by their evil desires through lack of knowledge. Assuredly, thy Lord knows best the transgressors.

\*121. And eschew open sins as well as secret ones. Surely, those who earn sin will be rewarded for that which they have earned.

122. And eat not of that on which the name of Allāh has not been pronounced, for surely that is disobedience. And certainly the evil ones inspire their friends that they may dispute with you. And if you obey them, you will indeed be setting up gods *with God*.

## R. 15.

123. Can he, who was dead and We gave him life and made for him a light whereby he walks among men, be like him whose condition اِنَّ رَبَّكَ هُوَ اَعْلَمُ مَنْ يَضِلُ عَنْ سَبِيْلِهِ ، وَ هُوَ اَعْلَمُ بِالْمُهْ تَرِيْنَ () فَكُلُوْا مِتَّ ذُكِرَ اسْمُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ اِنْ كُنْتُم بِاليتِه مُؤْمِنِيْنَ () وَ مَا لَكُمُ الَّا تَاكُلُوْا مِمَّا ذُكِرَ اسْمُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ وَ قَدْ فَصَّلَ لَكُمْ مَا حَرَّمَ عَلَيْكُمْ الَّا مَا اضْطُرِ (تُم اللَيهِ ، وَ اِنَّ اِنَّ رَبَّكَ هُوَ اَعْلَمُ بِالْمُعْتَرِيْنَ ()

ٷۮؘۯۮٵڟؘڡؚؚڒٵڷٳؿٝؖؖؖؖڔۜۛۊۜڹٳڶؚؾؘ؋ۦٳؾۜٵڷۜۮؚؽؾ ؽػڛڹؙۉڹٵڷٳؿٛۛۛ؉ٙۺؽڋڒؘۉڹۑؚػٵػڹؙۉٵ ؿؾۛٛڗڔؙڣۘ۠ۉؾ۞ ػڵؿ؋ۊٳڹۜۮڶڣۺۊٞ؞ۊٳٮۧٵڶۺٞۧڸڟۣؽؾ ڶؽۉڂۉؾٳڶٙؽٵڎڸێٙڂۣۿؚۿڔڸؽؙڿٵڋڶۉػؙۿ ۊٳڽٱڟؘۼؾؙڡ۠ۉۿۿڕٳڹۧۘػؙۿڶڡؙۺٛڔؚػؙۉؾ۞ۧ

ٱوَ مَنْ كَانَ مَيْتًا فَاَحْيَيْنَهُ وَجَعَلْنَا لَهُ نُوْرًا تَيْمَشِيْ بِهٖ فِي النَّاسِ كَمَنْ مَثَلُهُ فِي الظُّلُمتِ لَيْسَ بِخَارِجٍ مِّنْهَا ـ

\* 121. And eschew sin be it apparent or hidden. a i u + | th ث | h 7 | kh 7 | dh خ | و 196 می از 1

<sup>(</sup>See details of transliteration on page 'p').

is *that he is* in utter darkness whence he cannot come forth? Thus have the doings of the disbelievers been made to seem fair to them.

\*124. And thus have We made in every town the great ones from among its sinners *such as are in utter darkness* with the result that they plot therein; and they plot not except against their own souls; but they perceive not.

125. And when there comes to them a Sign, they say, 'We will not believe until we are given the like of that which Allāh's Messengers have been given.' Allāh knows best where to place His Message. Surely, humiliation before Allāh and a severe punishment shall smite the offenders because of their plotting.

\* 126. So, whomsoever Allāh wishes to guide, He expands his bosom for *the acceptance of* Islam; and as to him whom He wishes to *let* go astray, He makes his bosom narrow *and* close, as though he were mounting up into the skies. Thus does Allāh inflict punishment on those who do not believe. كَذٰلِكَ زُيِّنَ لِلْحُفِرِيْنَ مَا كَانُوْا يَعْمَلُوْنَ @ وَكَذٰلِكَ جَحَلْنَا فِيْ حُلِّ قَرْيَةٍ اَخْبِرَ مُجْرِمِيْهَالِيَمْكُرُوْافِيْهَا. وَمَا يَمْكُرُوْنَ إِلَّا بِآنْفُسِهِمْ وَمَا يَشْحُرُوْنَ @

وَاذَا جَاءَتْهُمْ أَيَةً قَالُوْالَنْ نُّؤْمِنَ حَتَّى نُوْتَى مِثْلَ مَا اُوْتِي رُسُلُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اَعْلَمُ حَيْثُ يَجْعَلُ رِسْلَتَهُ بَ<sup>نَ</sup> سَيُصِيْبُ الَّذِيْنَ اَجْرَمُوْا صَغَارً عِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَ عَذَابٌ شَدِيدٌ بِمَا كَانُوْا يَمْكُرُوْنَ۞ فَمَنْ يُرِدِ اللَّهُ اَنْ يَهْدِيهُ يَشْرَحُ صَدْرَة مَدْرَة ضَيِّقًا حَرَجًا كَانَّما يَصَعَدُ فِ السَمَاءِ كَذْلِكَ يَجْعَلُ اللَّهُ الرِّجْسَ عَلَى الَّذِيْنَ لَا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ۞

\*124. And thus We allowed the leaders of the sinners in every township to plot therein against the truth; ...

\* 126. So whomever Allāh wishes to guide, He opens his heart for the acceptance of Islam; and as to him whom He wishes to let go astray, He constricts his heart as if he were elimbing a steep height. Thus does Allāh inflict punishment on those who do not believe. Note: The word şadra (محز؟) can be translated as heart. (See Al-Munjid.)

Note: The expression *akābira mujrimīhā* (تَعَبَّرُ مَحْرَمِيَهُ) literally means 'the great among the sinful of that township.' The word 'great' here may mean those who have the larger share of sin and as such they stand out among them as leaders or it may mean the great and influential members of a sinful society.

127. And this is the path of thy Lord *leading* straight *to Him*. We have indeed explained the Signs in detail for a people who would be admonished.

128. For them is the abode of peace with their Lord, and He is their Friend because of what they did.

129. And on the day when He will gather them all together, *He will say*, 'O company of Jinn! you sought *to make subservient to yourselves* a great many from among men!' And their friends from among men will say, 'Our Lord! we profited from one another but *now* we have reached our term which Thou didst appoint for us.' He will say, 'The Fire is your abode, wherein you shall abide, save what Allāh may will.' Surely, thy Lord is Wise, All-Knowing.

130. And in like manner do We set some of the wrongdoers over the others because of what they earned.

# R. 16.

131. 'O company of Jinn and men! did not Messengers come to you from among yourselves who related to you My Signs and who warned you of the meeting of this your day?' They will say, 'We bear witness against ourselves.' And the worldly life deceived them. And they will bear witness against themselves that they were disbelievers.

	ئستقي			
ن	ؚؾۣۜٙڐ۪ۜۜۜۜۜٞٞٞڲٞۯۉ	بِ لِقَوْمِ	ل الألية	فصملن
مَوَوَلِيُّهُمْ	<b>رَبِّهِم</b> ْرَوَهُ	چۇغنۇ	ارُ السَّلْ	لَهُمْدَ
		لُوْنَ@	فايغم	بِمَاكَانُ
شرّالْجِتِ	<b>ٿ</b> ا، ليمغة	مرجَحِيْ	ڹڂۺؙۯۿ	ۇيۇمري
٦	الإنس	<u>ۿ م</u> ِّن	ؾۮؿۯؿ	قراشه
ݽݻݥݻݞ	رتبغاه	الإثبير	ۿؗۿڔڞؚؚڹ	أوليط
نَسا الَّذِيْ	نْنَا أَجَلَا	ر ۋېڭغ	ابِبَعْضٍ	بغضذ
ئۈرگەر	لنَّارُ مَنْ	د قال ا	ك لَنَا .	ٱجَّلْتَ
للهُ ﴿ إِنَّ	شاء ال	اِگْا مَا	ى فِيْهَآ	ڂڸڔؽڒ
	Ē	عَلِيْحُ	<i>ۮ</i> ڮؽؗؗؗٞۯ	ڒڹٞڬ

ۅؘڲڋ۬ڸؚڰؙڹؙۊؚڐۣؽڹۼۻؘۜٵڶڟ۠ٚڸؚڡۣؽؚؚؾڹۼڟٞ ۑؚؚڡٙٵڲٵڹۘۉٵؽػڛڹؙۉڹ۞ ؙ ۮڛؙڶٞ ڡۣۧڹٛػؗۿ ؾقؙڞؙۉڹ ٵؽؽػۿ ٳڸؾؚؽ ۊؽڹٛۮؚۮۉٮۧڪۿ ڸقٙٵؾۉڡؚػۿڂۮٙٳ؞قالۉٳ ۺؘۿۮڹٵٵٚ؈ٙڷڹڡ۠ڛڹٵۏۼڗؿۿؙۄٵٮٛڂڸۄة ٵٮڋۨڹؽٵۏۺٙڡۣۮۉٵٵ؈ٙٵؽڡؙٛڛۿۣۿٵڹۧؠٞؗ ڲٵڹۘۉٵڬڣ۬ڕؽؾۛ۞

132. That is because thy Lord would not destroy the towns unjustly while their people were unwarned.

133. And for all are degrees of rank according to what they do, and thy Lord is not unmindful of what they do.

134. And thy Lord is Self-Sufficient, full of mercy. If He please. He can do away with you and cause to succeed you what He pleases, even as He raised you from the offspring of other people.

135. Surely, that which you are promised shall come to pass and vou cannot frustrate it.

136. Say, 'O my people, act as best you can. I, too, am acting. Soon will you know whose will be the ultimate reward of the abode.' Surely, the wrongdoers shall not prosper.

137. And they have assigned Allah a portion of the crops and cattle which He has produced, and they say, 'This is for Allah,' as they imagine, 'and this is for our idols.' But that which is for their idols reaches not Allah, while that which \*is for Allah reaches their idols. Evil is what they judge.

\*138. And in like manner have their

ذٰلِكَ أَنْ لَّمْ تَكُنْ زَّتُكَ مُهْلِكَ الْقُرِي بظُلْمرو آهد لها غفلون ا <u>ۇل</u>ىڭىلەكخىت تېتماغمىلۇا دۆمارتىك بِغَافِل عَمَّا يَعْمَلُوْنَ ٢ وَ رَبُّكَ الْغَنِيُّ ذُو الرَّحْمَةِ إِنْ يَشَا ئۈھىگە <u>و</u> يىستخلف مەن كغرىگە ت يَشَاءُ حَمَّا ٱنْشَاكُمْ مِّنْ ذُرِّيَّةٍ قَوْمِ اخَرِيْنَ، ِاتْ مَا تُوْعَدُوْنَ كَاٰتِ وَّوَمَا أَنْتُعْرِ بِمُعْجِزِيْنَ@ قُلْ لِقَوْمِ اعْمَلُوْا عَلَى مَكَانَتِكُمْ إِنَّيْ ٵڡڵٙ؞**ڣؘۺۮڣؘؾؘۼ**ڮؘۿۏؾ؞ڡؘڽٛؾۘڲؙۉڽؙڮؘ ٵ**ڹ**ؠةؙالدَّار اِنَّهٔ کَا يُفْلِحُ الظَّلِمُوْنَ@ وَجَعَلُوْا يِتَّهِ مِمَّاذَرًا مِنَ الْحَرْثِ وَ الْكُنْحَام نَصِئْتًا فَقَالُوْا هُذَا بِلَّه بِزَعْمِهِمْ وَ لهٰذَا لِشُرَكَ أَئِنَاء فَمَاكَانَ لِشُرَكًا يُهِمْ فَلَا يَصِلُ إِلَى اللهِ ، وَ مَا كَانَ بِلْهِ فَهُوَ يَصِلُ إِلَى شُرَكَآ يُهِمْ -سَاءَ مَا تَحْكُمُوْنَ® ۘۅؘػۜۮ۬ڸڬڒؘؾؘؘۜ<u>ڹ</u>ؘڮٙؿؽڔڡؚؚۜڹٱٮٛڡؙۺٛ

\*137. Evil is what they conclude.

\*138. And in like manner have their associates made the killing of their children...

ء ' اق p + kh + kh + dh ، و الم عن أو جواب عن p + ال ال ال ال a i u + lh + lh + kh + dh ، و h + lh + lh + lh + lh (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

associate-gods made the killing of their children *appear* beautiful to many of the idolaters that they may ruin them and cause them confusion in their religion. And if Allāh had *enforced* His will, they would not have done this; so leave them alone with that which they invent.

139. And they say, 'Such and such cattle and crops are forbidden. None shall eat thereof save whom we please'—so they allege—and there are cattle whose backs are forbidden, and there are cattle over which they pronounce not the name of Allāh, forging a lie against Him. Soon will He requite them for that which they have fabricated.

140. And they say, 'That which is in the wombs of such and such cattle is exclusively *reserved* for our males and is forbidden to our wives; but if it be *born* dead, then

\*they are *all* partakers thereof. He will reward them for their assertion. Surely, He is Wise, All-Knowing.

141. Losers indeed are they who kill their children foolishly for lack of knowledge, and make unlawful what Allāh has provided for them, forging a lie against Allāh. They have indeed gone astray and are not  $\bar{z}_{\mu}$ rightly guided.

## R. 17.

142. And He it is Who brings into being gardens, trellised and untrellised, and the date-palm and

\*140. He will **requite them** for their assertion.

تَتْلَ ٱوْلَادِهِمْ شُرَكَّا وُّهُمْ لِيُرْدُوْهُمْ وَلِيَلْبِسُوْا عَلَيْهِمْ دِيْنَهُمْ وَ مَا يَفْتَرُوْنَ @ اللهُ مَا فَحَلُوْهُ فَذَرْهُمْ وَ مَا يَفْتَرُوْنَ @

وَ قَالُوْا هَذِعَ ٱنْعَامَرَ وَ حَرْثَ حِجْرً ٥ لَّا يَطْعَمُهَا إلَّا مَنْ نَّشَاءُ بِزَعْمِهِم وَ ٱنْعَامَ حُرِّمَتْ ظُهُوْدُهَا وَ ٱنْعَامَ لَا يَذْكُرُوْنَ اسْمَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهَا افْتِرَاءً عَلَيْهِ. سَيَجْزِيْهِمْ بِمَا كَانُوْا يَفْتَرُوْنَ ٢

وَقَالُوْامَافِيْ بُطُوْنِ هٰذِهِ الْأَنْعَامِ خَالِصَةً لِّذُكُوْرِنَا وَ مُحَرَّمً عَلَى آزْوَاجِنَا. وَإِنْ يَكُنْ مَيْتَةً فَهُمْ فِيْهِ شُرَكَاءً. سَيَجْزِيْهِمْوَصْفَهُمْ الْمَحْكِيْمً عَلِيْمً.

قَدْ خَسِرَ الَّذِيْنَ قَتَلُوۤا اَوْلَادَهُمْ سَفَهًا بِغَيْرِ عِلْمِ وَّ حَرَّمُوٛا مَا رَزَقَهُمُ اللهُ افْتِرَاءً عَلَى اللهِ قَدْضَلُّوْا وَمَا كَانُوْا مُهْتَدِيْنَ۞

وَ هُوَ الَّذِيَٓ ٱنْشَا جَنَّتٍ مَّعْرُوْشُتٍ وَ غَيْرَ مَعْرُوْشْتٍ وَ النَّخْلَ وَ الزَّرْعَ

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ \dot{=} \ | \ h \ \tau | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{=} \ (200)$   $a \ \dot{=} \ (200)$   $a \ \dot{=} \ \dot{=} \ b \ \dot{=} \ \dot{=} \ b \ \dot{=} \ \dot{=}$ 

cornfields whose fruits are of diverse kinds, and the olive and the pomegranate, alike and unlike. Eat of the fruit of each when it bears fruit, but pay His due on the day of harvest and exceed not the bounds. Surely, Allāh loves not those who exceed the bounds.

143. And of the cattle *He has* created some for burden and some for slaughter. Eat of that which Allāh has provided for you, and follow not the footsteps of Satan. Surely, he is to you an open foe.

\*144. And of the cattle He has created eight mates: of the sheep two, and of the goats two;—say, 'Is it the two males that He has forbidden or the two females or that which the wombs of the two females contain? Inform me with knowledge, if you are truthful.'

145. And of the camels two, and of the oxen two. Say, 'Is it the two males that He has forbidden or the two females or that which the wombs of the two females contain? Were you present when Allāh enjoined this on you?' Who is then more unjust than he who forges a lie against Allāh that he may lead men astray without knowledge? Surely, Allāh guides not the unjust people. مُخْتَلِفًا ٱحُلُهُ وَ الزَّيْتُوْنَ وَ الرُّمَّانَ مُتَشَابِهًا وَّ غَيْرَ مُتَشَابِهٍ ﴿ حُلُوْا مِنْ ثَمَرِهَ إِذَا ٱثْمَرَ وَ أَتُوْا حَقَّهُ يَوْمَ حَصَادِهِ دَوَ لَاتُسْرِفُوْا ﴿ إِنَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُسْرِفِيْنَ أَسُ

وَمِنَ الْانْعَامِ حَمُوْلَةً وَّ فَرْشًا ـ كُلُوْا مِمَّا دَزَقَكُمُ اللهُ وَلَا تَتَبِعُوْا خُطُوٰتِ الشَّيْطِنِ لِنَّهُ لَكُمْ عَدُقٌ شُبِيْنَ شَ

تَمنِية ٱزْوَاجٍ ، مِنَ الضَّانِ اتْنَيْنِ وَمِنَ الْمَعْزِ اتْنَيْنِ ، قُلْ ﴿ الذَّكَرَيْنِ حَرَّمَ آمِ الْأُنْتَيَيْنِ آمَّا اشْتَمَلَتْ عَلَيْهِ آرْحَامُ الْأُنْتَيَيْنِ ، نَبِّؤْذِنِي بِعِلْمٍ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صِدِقِيْنَ أُسُ

وَمِنَ الْإِبِلِ اثْنَيْنِ وَمِنَ الْبَقَرِ اثْنَيْنِ ا قُلْ الذَّكَرَيْنِ حَرَّمَ آمِ الْأُنْثَيَيْنِ آمَّا اشْتَمَلَتْ عَلَيْهِ آرْحَامُ الْأُنْثَيَيْنِ آمَّا آمْ كُنْتُمْ شُهَدَآءَ إذْ وَصْلَمُمُ اللهُ بِهٰذَاء فَمَنَ آظْلَمُ مِمَّنِ افْتَرَى عَلَى اللهِ كَذِبًا لِيُضِلَّ النَّاسَ بِغَيْرِ عِلْمٍ ا إِنَّ اللهَ لَا يَهْرِى الْقَوْمَ الظَّلِمِيْنَ أَسَ

بِاتَّا للَّهُ لَا يَهْدِى الْقَوْمَ الظَّلِمِيْنَ شَيَّ حَجَّ التَّالِي الْقَوْمَ الظَّلِمِيْنَ شَيَّ عَجَ \* 144. He has created eight mates altogether consisting of the sheep two, and of the goats two;—

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \dot{c} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ (20)$ (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

R. 18.

146. Say, 'I find not in what has been revealed to me aught forbidden to an eater *who wishes* to eat it, except it be that which dies of itself, or blood poured forth, or the flesh of swine for *all* that is unclean—or what is profane, on which is invoked the \* name of other than Allāh. But whoso is driven by necessity, being neither disobedient nor exceeding *the limit*, then euclean Mort

then surely thy Lord is Most Forgiving, Merciful.' 147. And to those who are Jews We

forbade all animals having claws; and of the oxen and the sheep and goats did We forbid them their fats, save that which their backs bear or the intestines, or that which is mixed with a bone. That is the reward We gave them for their rebellion. And most surely We are truthful.

148. But if they accuse thee of falsehood, say, 'Your Lord is possessed of all-embracing mercy, and His wrath shall not be turned back from the guilty people.'

\*149. Those who join gods with God will say, 'If Allāh had pleased, we could not have joined gods with *Him*, nor could our fathers; nor could we have made anything unlawful.' In like manner did those who were before them accuse قُلْ لَآ أَجِدُ فِي مَآ أُوْجِيَ إِلَيَّ مُحَرَّمًا عَلْى طَاعِمٍ تَطْعَمُهُ الَآ اَنْ يَحُوْنَ مَيْتَةً اَوْ حَمَّا مَسْفُوْحًا اَوْ لَحْمَ خِنْزِيْرٍ فَإِنَّهُ اَوْ حَمَّا اللَّهِ بِهِ عَمَرَ اللَّهِ بِهِ فَمَنِ اضْطُرَ غَيْرَ بَاغٍ وَكَا عَادٍ فَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ غَفُوْذَ تَحِيْمَ @

وَ عَلَى الَّذِينَ هَادُوَا حَرَّمْنَا ڪُلَّ ذِي ظُفُرٍ، وَمِنَ الْبَقَرِ وَ الْغَنَمِ حَرَّمْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ شُحُوْمَهُ مَا الْحَايَا آوَ مَا اخْتَلَطَ نُهُوْدُهُ مَا آوِ الْحَوَايَ آوَ مَا اخْتَلَطَ بِعَظْمٍ اذٰلِكَ جَزَيْنُهُمْ بِبَغْيِهِمْ لَ بِعَظْمٍ اذٰلِكَ جَزَيْنُهُمْ بِبَغْيِهِمْ لَ وَ اللَّكَرُ وَ كَمَةً وَ اللَّحَةِ وَ لَآيُرَدُّ بَاسُهُ عَنِ الْقَوْمِ الْمُجْرِمِيْنَ مَا آشْرَكْنَا وَ لَا ابَآؤُنَ وَ لَا حَرَّمْنَا مِنْ شَيْءٍ حَذْلِكَ حَذَقُوا بَاسَنَا وَ قُلْ مَلْ

\* 149. Those who associate partners with Allāh, will say, Note: For a detailed note on (تَحْرَضون) takhrusūn, see 6:117.

<sup>\*146.</sup> Note: Here the word *idurra* (نَصْطَرُ) means compelled by starvation and famished beyond one's capacity to withstand the pressure.

*God's Messengers* of falsehood, until they tasted of Our wrath. Say, 'Have you any knowledge? Then produce it for us. You follow nothing but *mere* conjecture. And you do nothing but lie.'

\*150. Say, 'Allāh's is the argument that reaches *home*. If He had *enforced* His will, He could have surely guided you all.'

151. Say, 'Bring forward your witnesses who testify that Allāh has forbidden this.' If they bear witness, bear thou not witness with them, nor follow thou the evil inclinations of those who treat Our Signs as lies and those who believe not in the Hereafter and who set up equals to their Lord.

#### R. 19.

\*152. Say, 'Come, I will rehearse to you what your Lord has forbidden: that you associate not anything as partner with Him and *that you do* good to parents, and that you kill not your children for *fear of* poverty—it is We Who provide for you and for them—and that you approach not foul deeds, whether open or secret; and that you kill not the life which Allāh has made sacred, save by right. That is what He has enjoined upon you, that you may understand.

بِنْدَكُمْ مِّنْ عِلْمِ فَتُخْرِجُوْهُ لَنَاء ِنْ تَتَّبِعُوْنَ اِلَّا الظَّنَّ وَ اِنْ آنْتُمْ اِلَّا خْرُصُوْنَ @
نْلْ فَلِلَّهِ الْحُجَّةُ الْبَالِغَةُ ، فَلَوْ شَاءَ نَهَا بُكُمْ اَجْمَعِيْنَ۞
نْلُ هَلُمَّ شُهَدَاءَكُمُ الَّذِينَ يَشْهَدُوْنَ نَنَّ اللَّهَ حَرَّمَ لَهٰذَاء فَإِنْ شَهِدُوْا فَلَا شُهَدْ مَعَهُمْ وَلَا تَتَّبِعُ آهُوَاء الَّذِينَ مَذَّبُوْا بِاليتِنَا وَ الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤُمِنُوْنَ بِالْاخِرَةِ وَهُمْ بِرَبِّهِمْ يَعْدِلُوْنَ أَهُ

قُلْ تَعَالَوْا آتُلُ مَاحَرَّ مَرَبُّكُمْ عَلَيْ حُمْ الَّا تُشْرِكُوْا بِهِ شَيْئًا وَّ بِالْوَالِدَيْنِ إحْسَانًا وَلَا تَقْتُلُوْا اوْ لَا حُكْمَ مِّن وَ لَا تَقْرَبُوا الْفَوَاحِشَ مَا ظَهَرَ مِنْهَا وَ مَا بَطَنَ ۽ وَ لَا تَقْتُلُوا النَّفْس الَّذِيْ حَرَّمَ اللَّهُ إِلَّا بِالْحَقِّ ٤ ذٰلِكُمْ وَصْعَكُمْ بِهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَعْقِلُوْنَ ٢

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ ch \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \$ 

<sup>\*150.</sup> Say, 'To Allāh belongs the conclusive argument.

<sup>\*152.</sup> Say, 'Come, I will rehearse to you what your Lord has made inviolable for you: that you may not associate anything with Him as a partner and that you must treat parents with exceeding kindness,

153. 'And approach not the property of the orphan, except in *a way* which is best, till he attains his maturity. And give full measure and weight with equity. We task not any soul except according to its capacity. And when you speak, observe justice, even if *the concerned person* be a relative, and fulfil the covenant of Allāh. That is what He enjoins upon you, that you may remember.'

154. And *say*, 'This is My path *leading* straight. So follow it; and follow not *other* ways, lest they lead you away from His way. That is what He enjoins upon you, that you may *become able to* guard *against evils*.'

\*155. Again, We gave Moses the Book—completing the favour upon him who did good, and an explanation of all *necessary* things, and a guidance and a mercy—that they might believe in the meeting with their Lord.

#### R. 20.

156. And this is a Book which We have sent down; *it is* full of blessings. So follow it, and guard against *sin* that you may be shown mercy;

157. Lest You should say, 'The Book was sent down only to two peoples before us, and we were ۅؘڮڗؾڨؖڒؠۉٵ ڡؘڶٵڶؽؾؽؚڡؚڔٳؖڐۑؚٱؾؚؽۿۣ ٦ڂڛڽؙ ڂؾؖٚۑؾؚؽؚٮؙڿؘ٦ۺؙڐۼۦۅؘ٦ۉۏ۫ۅٵ ٵڷڪؽڶۊٵڶڡؚؽڒٙٳؾۑؚٵؽۊۺڟؚ؞ؘڮڹؙؾػؚڣ۠ ٮؘڡٛۺٵٳڴٳۅؙۺڂۿٳ؞ۊٳۮؘٵۊؙ۫ڶؾؙۿۏ۬ٵڠڕڶۉٵ ۊڶۅٛڪڮۮڐٵۊؙۯڸ۬؞ۊۑؚڂۿڔٳٮؾ۠ۅٵۉڣؙۉٳ؞ ڂ۬ڸػؙۿۊڞٮػؙۿڽؚ؋ڶڂڷؘۜۘڪۿڗٮؘۮؘڴۜۯۉؾ۞

ۅؘٱنَّ ۿذَا صِرَاطِيْ مُسْتَقِيْمًا فَاتَّبِعُوْهُ وَلَاتَتَّبِعُوا السُّبُلَ فَتَفَرَّقَ بِكُمْ عَنْ سَبِيْلِهِ ذٰلِكُمْ وَصْـلَكُمْ بِهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَقَوْنَ۞ الَّذِيَّ احْسَنَ وَ تَفْصِيْلًا لِّكُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَ هُدًى وَ رَحْمَةً لَّعَلَّهُمْ بِلِقَاءِ رَبِّهِمْ يُؤْمِنُوْنَ۞

وَ هٰذَا كِتْبَ ٱنْزَلْنْهُ مُبْرَكَ فَاتَّبِعُوْهُ وَاتَّقُوْا لَعَلَّكُمْ تُرْحَمُوْنَ۞

اَنْ تَقُوْلُوْا اِنَّى ٱنْزِلَ الْكِتْبُ عَلٰى طَّائِفَتَيْنِ مِنْ قَبْلِنَاء وَ اِنْ كُنَّا عَنْ

<sup>155.</sup> Again, We gave Moses the Book which completely fulfils the requirements of one who is excellent in conduct and explains everything to the last detail and is a guidance and blessing so that they come to believe in the meeting with their Lord.

indeed unaware of their reading;'

158. Or lest you should say, 'Had the Book been sent down to us, we should surely have been better guided than they.' There has now come to you a clear evidence from your Lord, and a guidance and a mercy. Who, then, is more unjust than he who rejects the Signs of Allāh and turns away from them? We will requite those who turn away from Our Signs with an evil punishment because of their turning away.

159. Do they expect aught but that angels should come to them or that thy Lord should come or that some of the Signs of thy Lord should come? The day when some of the Signs of thy Lord shall come, to believe in them shall not profit a soul which believed not before, nor earned any good by its faith. Say, 'Wait ye, we too are waiting.'

160. As for those who split up their religion and became divided into sects, thou hast no concern at all with them. Surely their case will come before Allah, then will He inform them of what they used to do.

161. Whoso does a good deed shall have ten times as much; but he who does an evil deed, shall have only a like reward; and they shall not be wronged.

162. Say, 'As for me, my Lord has

دِرَاسَتِهِمْ لَغْفِلِيْنَ ٥ اَوْ تَقُوْلُوْا لَوْ أَنَّا ٱنْزِلَ عَلَيْنَا الْكِتْبُ لَكُنَّآ آهَدى مِنْهُمَ، فَقَدْ جَاءَكُمْ بَيِّنَةً <u>ڡۭ</u>ۧڽٛڗۜؾؚ۪ڲؙۿۯ؋ۿڋؽۊۜٞۯڂۿڎؘٞۦڣؘڡؘڽٛٲڟٛڵۿڔ مِمَّنْ كَذَّبَ بِالْيتِ اللهِ وَصَدَفَ عَنْهَا ﴿ سَنَجْزِى الَّزِيْنَ يَصْدِفُوْنَ عَنْ اليتِنَا سُوَّءَ الْعَذَابِ بِمَاكَانُوْا يَصْدِفُوْنَ،

هَلْ يَنْظُرُوْنَ إِلَّا آَنْ تَاْتِيَهُمُ الْمَلَئِكَةُ ٱۅٛۑۜٳٛؾۣ<sub>ؖ</sub>ۯڹؙؖڮٱۅٛۑٳٛؾۣ بڂڞؙٳڸؾؚۯؾؚڮؘ؞ يۇمرياتى بىغ ايت رېخك لاينى م نَفْسًا إِنْمَانُهَا لَمْ تَكُنْ أَمَنَتْ مِنْ قَبْلُ أَوْ كَسَبَتْ فِنْ إِيْمَانِهَا خَيْرًا -قُلِ انْتَظِرُوْا إِنَّا مُنْتَظِرُوْنَ @ اِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ فَرَّقُوْا دِيْنَهُمْ وَ حَانُوْا شِيَعًا لَّسْتَ مِنْهُمْ فِي شَيْءٍ إِنَّكَمَا ٱصْرُهُ هُرالَى اللهِ ثُمَّر يُنَبِّ ثُهُمْ بِمَا كَانُوْا يَفْعَلُوْنَ مَنْ جَاء بِالْحَسَنَةِ فَلَهُ عَشْرُ ٱمْثَالِهَا، وَ مَنْ جَاءَ بِالسَّيِّئَةِ فَلَا يُجْزَى إِلَّا

مِثْلَهَا وَهُمْرَكَا يُظْلَمُوْنَ قُلْ إِنَّنِيْ هَدْمِنِيْ رَبِّيْ إِلَى صِرَاطٍ ء : ا ق q ا غ kh خ ا dh + ا ض ل 205 ص ع ا خ h ح ا h ح ا أ ث h ا ا م a i u ا ا h ح ا h ح ا h ح ا م a i u

(See details of transliteration on page 'p')

\*guided me unto a straight path—a right religion, the religion of Abraham, the upright. And he was not of those who join gods *with God*.'

163. Say, 'My Prayer and my sacrifice and my life and my death are *all* for Allāh, the Lord of the worlds.

164. 'He has no partner. And so am I commanded, and I am the first of those who submit.'

165. Say, 'Shall I seek a lord other than Allāh, while He is the Lord of \*all things?' And no soul acts but only against itself; nor does any bearer of burden bear the burden of another. Then to your Lord will be your return, and He will inform you of that wherein you used to differ.

166. And He it is Who has made you successors *of others* on the earth and has exalted some of you over the others in degrees of rank, that He may try you by that which \*He has given you. Surely, thy Lord is quick in punishment; and surely He is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

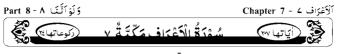
مم شتقيم أحينًا قِيمًا مِّلَّةً إبْرَهِيم حَنِيْفًا، وَمَاكَانَ مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِيْنَ قُلْ إِنَّ صَلَاتِنْ وَ نُسُكِنْ وَ مَحْيَايَ وَ مَمَاتِنْ بِتَّهِ رَبِّ الْعُلَمِيْنَ شَّ لَا شَرِيكَ لَهُ ، وَبِذَلِكَ أُمِرْتُ وَ آنَا ٱ<u>وَ</u>ّلُ الْمُشلمِنْنَ m قُلْ أَغَيْرَ الله ٱبْغِيْ رَبًّا وَّ هُوَ رَبُّ كُلّ شَحِبْءِ بِ وَ لَا يَ كُسِبُ كُلَّ بَفْسِ الْلَا عَلَيْهَا، وَلَا تَزَدُ وَاذِدَةُ وَزُدَ أُخْلِي، ثُمَّ إلى دَتِكُمْ مَرْجِعُكُمْ فَيُنَبِّئُكُمْ بِمَا كُنْتُم فنه تَخْتَلِفُهْنَ@ وَ هُوَ الَّذِيْ جَعَلَكُمْ خَلَبُفَ الْأَرْضِ وَرَفَعَ بَعْضَكُمْ فَوْقَ بَعْضِ دَرَجْتِ لِبَبَلُوَكُمْ فَيْ مَآ الْسَكْمُرِ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ ڛؘڔؽؙؚڰڔٳڷۼڤٙٳٮ؆ٙۅٙٳڵۘۧ؋ڶۼؘڣؙۉڒٞڗۧڿٮٛؠۧ

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ r + | \ kh \ r + | \ dh \ s \ o \ 2005$  (see details of transitieration on page [p]).

<sup>\*162.</sup> a right religion, the religion of Abraham who was always inclined to the right path. And he was not of those who associate partners with God.

<sup>\*165.</sup> And no soul carns aught of evil but carries its burden against itself. And no bearer shall carry the burden of another. Then to your Lord will be your return...

<sup>\*166.</sup> Surely, your Lord is swift in punishment; and surely He is Most Forgiving, Merciful.



AL-A'RĀF (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. Alif Lām Mīm Ṣād.‡

3. *This is* a Book revealed unto thee—so let there be no straitness in thy bosom concerning it—that thou mayest warn thereby, and *that it be* an exhortation to the believers.

4. Follow that which has been sent down to you from your Lord, and follow no protectors other than Him. How little do you remember!

 How many a town have We destroyed! And Our punishment \* came upon it by night or while they slept at noon.

6. So when Our punishment came upon them, their cry was nothing but that they said: 'We were indeed wrongdoers!'

7. And We will certainly question those to whom *the Messengers* were sent, and We will certainly question the Messengers.

8. Then will We certainly relate to them *their deeds* with knowledge, for We were never absent.

9. And the weighing on that day will be true. Then as for those whose scales are heavy, it is they who shall prosper.

‡ I am Allāh, I know and I explain.
\* 5. or while they were resting at noon.

بشمرا للهالترحمن الترجيم المتقرق أ كِتْبُ أَنْزِلَ إِلَيْكَ فَلَا يَكُنْ فِي صدرك حَرَجَ مِّنْهُ لِتُنْذِرَبِهِ وَذِكْرِي لِلْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ) معُدًا مَآ أُنْزَلَ إِلَيْكُمْ وَكَا تَتَّبِعُوْامِنْ دُوْنِيَهَ ٱوْلِيَاًءَ ا مَّاتَزَكَّرُوْنَ. وَ كَمْ مِّنْ قَرْيَةٍ أَهْلَكُنْهَا فَجَاءَها كأسُنَا تتاتَا أَوْ هُمْ قَائِلُوْنَ. فَيَمَا كَانَ دَعْدِيهُمُ إِذْ حَاَّعَ هُمْ كَأْسُنَّآ إِلَّا أَنْ قَالُوْا إِنَّا كُنَّا ظُلِمِيْنَ 🕙 فَكَنَسْعَكَنَّ الَّذِيْنَ أَرْسِلَ إِلَيْهِمْ وَكَنَسْعَكَ يَالْمُوْسَلِيْنَ الْ فَكَنَقُصَنَّ عَلَيْهِمْ بِعِلْمٍ وَّمَا كُنَّا غَآبُبِيْنَ۞ وَ الْوَزْنُ يَوْمَعُذِ الْحَةُ .. مَوَازِيْنُهُ فَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُ

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u & \mid & | \ th \ \forall & | \ h \ \tau & | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} & | \ dh \ \dot{\sigma} & | \ \dot$ 

10. And as for those whose scales are light, it is they who shall have ruined their souls because of their being unjust to Our Signs.

11. And We have established you in the earth and provided for you therein the means of subsistence. How little thanks you give!

# R. 2.

12. And We did create you *and* then We gave you shape; then said We to the angels, 'Submit to Adam;' and they *all* submitted but Iblis *did not*; he would not be of those who submit.

13. God said, 'What prevented thee from submitting when I commanded thee?' He said, 'I am better than he. Thou hast created me of fire while him hast Thou created of clay.'

14. *God* said, 'Then go down hence; it is not for thee to be arrogant here. Get out; thou art certainly of those who are abased.'

15. He said, 'Grant me respite till the day when they will be raised up.'

16. *God* said, 'Thou shalt be of those who are given respite.'

17. He said: 'Now, since Thou hast adjudged me as lost, I will assuredly lie in wait for them on Thy straight path.

18. 'Then will I surely come upon them from before them and from behind them and from their right ۅؘڡؘڽٛڂؘڣَّڽٛ مَوَازِيْنُهٔ فَٱولَئِكَ الَّذِيْنَ خَسِرُوَٓا ٱنْفُسَهُمْ بِمَا كَانُوَا بِاليتِنَا يَظْلِمُوْنَ وَلَقَدْمَكَّنْكُمْ فِالْاَرْضِوَجَعَلْنَا لَكُمْ فِيْهَا مَعَايِشَ - قَلِيْلًا مَّاتَشْكُرُوْنَ ﴾

 وَلَقَدْ خَلَقْنْ كُمْ ثُمَّ صَوَّدْ نَكُمْ ثُمَّ قُلْكَ لِلْمَلْئِكَةِ اسْجُدُوْ الاَحَمَ الْبَلِيْسَ لَمْ يَكُنْ قَنْ عَنْ الشْجِرِيْنَ قَالَ مَا مَنَعَكَ ٱلَّا تَسْجُدُوْ اللَّهُ قَالَ اَنَا خَيْرً قِنْهُ ، خَلَقْ تَنِيْ مِنْ تَارِ قَالَ اَنَا خَيْرً قِنْهُ ، خَلَقْ تَنِيْ مِنْ تَارِ قَالَ اَنَا خَيْرً فِيْهَا فَاخْرُجُ الَّنَكَ مِنَ الصِّحِرِيْنَ قَالَ انْظُرْ فِيْ الْمُنْظَرِيْنَ الْ قَالَ الْعَدِيمَ الْمُنْظَرِيْنَ الْ قَالَ الْمُسْتَقِيْمَ الْ

ثُمَّ لَاتِيَنَّهُمْ مِّنْ بَيْنِ آيْدِيْهِمْ وَمِنْ خَلْفِهِمْوَ عَنْ آيْمَانِهِمْوَعَنْ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \dot{=} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{=} \ | \ \dot{e} \ (208) \ o \ b \ \dot{e} \ (208) \ \dot{e} \ (208) \ \dot{e} \ \dot{e} \ (208) \ \dot{e} \ \dot{e$ 

and from their left, and Thou wilt not find most of them to be grateful.'

19. *God* said: 'Get out hence, despised and banished. Whosoever of them shall follow thee, I will surely fill Hell with you all.'

20. 'And O Adam, dwell thou and thy wife in the garden and eat therefrom wherever you will, but approach not this tree lest you be among the wrongdoers.'

\*21. But Satan whispered *evil* suggestions to them so that he might make known to them what was hidden from them of their shame, and said, 'Your Lord has only forbidden you this tree, lest you should become angels or such *beings* as live for ever.'

	1
تجداكترهم	شَمَآئِدِهِمْ • وَ لَا
	ۺؙڮڔؽڹ۞
مَذْءُوْمًا مَدْحُوْرًا	قَالَ أَخْرُجُ مِنْهَا ا
لأمكن جهنم	لَمَنْ تَبِعَكَ مِنْهُمْ
	مِنْكُمْ أَجْمَعِيْنَ (
وَزَوْجُكَ الْجَنَّةَ	وَيَادَمُ اسْكُنْ أَنْتَ
بنُتُمَا وَلَا تَقْرَبَا	فَكُلًا مِنْ حَيْثُ شِ
<u>امِنَ الظَّلِمِيْنَ</u> ۞	<u>ڂؚٳ</u> ٵڶۺؘؘؘؘؘؘۜۧؖٛؖڲۯۊؘ۬ڣؘؾػؙۅٛڹ
يْطْنُ لِيُبْدِيَ لَهُمَا	فَوَسْوَسَ لَهُمَا الشَّر
ن سۇاتيمما و قال	مَاؤْرِيَ عَنْهُمَا مِ
نَنْ هٰذِهِ الشَّجَرَةِ	مَانَهْ كُمَا دَبُّكُمَا كَ
ئَيْنِ أَوْ تَكُوْنَا مِنَ	إِلَّا أَنْ تَكُوْنَا مَكَ
	اٮٛڂ <u>ٰلِج</u> ؚؽؾ۞

It is evident, therefore, that a literal meaning is wrongfully attributed to the Holy Qur'ān. The word *sau*  $\bar{a}$  ( $z_2$ ) primarily applies to acts of shame and evil propensities. At the time of faltering the falterer discovers to his horror his own hidden weaknesses. This weakness is psychological and internal, related to mind and heart, and cannot be covered and concealed by sticking leaves over one's body. So in the context of this error, whatever it was, which Adam and Eve committed, coverage can only mean seeking forgiveness from Allāh and (seeking protection from Allāh). As such leaves of *jannah*  $z_{i}$  (garden) must be understood metaphorically to mean seeking shelter under Allāh's forgiveness and that is exactly what Adam did according to the Qur'ān where it is clearly mentioned that God Himself taught him those words which would rid him of the effects of his error and in response to those words God

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \exists \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \underbrace{209}_{(20)} \ \mathfrak{o} \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{t} \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \dot$ 

<sup>\* 21.</sup> But Satan whispered suggestions to them so that he might reveal to them their shortcomings which had remained concealed in them of their shame, and said, 'Your Lord has only forbidden you this tree, lest you should become angels or such *heings* as live for ever.' Note: Most translators have taken the scenario too literally while there is enough evidence within the text to rule out a literal application. The sin referred to is obviously related to an internal faltering as indicated by the part of the verse which declares that ( $\Delta e^{i\beta} \Delta u$ ) sauātuhumā (their weakness) became known to them. If it was a bodily nakedness how could they have remained unaware of their nakedness from the time of their birth to the time of the said incident?

22. And he swore to them, *saying*, 'Surely, I am a sincere counsellor unto you.'

23. So he caused them to fall *into disobedience* by deceit. And when they tasted of the tree, their shame became manifest to them and they began to stick the leaves of the garden *together* over themselves. And their Lord called them, *saying*, 'Did I not forbid you that tree and tell you: verily, Satan is to you an open foe?'

24. They said, 'Our Lord, we have wronged ourselves; and if Thou forgive us not and have not mercy on us, we shall surely be of the lost.'

25. He said, 'Go forth, some of you *being* enemies of others. And for you there is an abode on the earth and a provision for a time.'

26. He said, 'Therein shall you live, and therein shall you die, and therefrom shall you be brought forth.' **R.3.** 

27. O children of Adam! We have indeed sent down to you raiment to cover your shame, and to be an elegant dress; but the raiment of righteousness—that is the best. That is *one* of the Signs of Allāh, that they may remember.

28. O children of Adam! let not Satan seduce you, even as he turned

وَ قَاسَمَهُمَآ إِنِّيْ لَكُمَا لَمِنَ التْصِحِيْنَ أَ فَكَلَّهُمَا بِغُرُوْرٍ فَلَمَّاذَاقًا الشَّجَرَةَ بَدَتْ لَهُمَا سَوْأَتُهُمَا وَ طَفِقًا يَخْصِفْن عَلَيْهِمَا مِنْ وَكَقِ الْجَنَّةِ - وَنَادُ لهُمَا رَبُّهُمَا آلَمْ ٱنْهَكُمَا عَرِثْ تِلْكُمَا الشَّجَرَةِ وَ ٱقُلْ لَكُمَا إِنَّ الشَّيْطِي لَكُمَا عَدُوَّ مُّبِيْنَ @ قَالَا دَتَّنَّا ظَلَمْنَآ ٱنْفُسَنَّاءِ وَ إِدِ لَّمْ تَغْفِرْ لَنَا وَ تَرْحَمْنَا لَنَكُوْنَكَ مِنَ الْخْسِرِيْنَ. قَالَ اهْبِطُوْا بَعْضُكُمْ لِبَعْضٍ عَدُقًا وَ لَكُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ مُسْتَقَرُّ وَّ مَتَاعً إِلَى حِيْنِ@ قَالَ فِيْهَا تَحْيَوْنَ وَفِيهَا تَمُوْتُوْنَ ě وَمِنْهَا تُخْرَجُوْنَ أَ ليتبغت أدمرقذ أنزلنا علدكم لتاسا يُوادِبْ سَوْاتِكُمْرَوَ رِيْشًا وَلِبَاسُ التَّقْوى ذلكَ خَيْرً فلِكَمِنْ أَلِتِ اللَّهِ لَعَدَّهُمْ بَزَّحُرُوْنَ لِبَخِيْ ادْمَرُ لَا يَفْتِنَنَّكُمُ الشَّيْطُنُ كَمَآ

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rhop | \ hh \ rhop | \ rhop | \ hh \ rhop | \ rhop |$ 

your parents out of the garden, stripping them of their raiment that he might show them their shame. Truly he sees you, he and his tribe, from where you see them not. Surely, We have made satans friends for those who believe not.

29. And when they commit a foul deed, they say: 'We found our fathers doing it, and Allāh has enjoined it upon us.' Say, 'Allāh never enjoins foul deeds. Do you say of Allāh what you know not?'

30. Say, 'My Lord has enjoined justice. And fix your attention aright at every *time and* place of worship, and call upon Him, making yourselves sincere towards Him in religion. As He brought you into being, so shall you return.'

31. Some has He guided, and *as for* others error has become their desert. They have taken evil ones for friends to the exclusion of Allāh, and they think that they are rightly guided.

\*32. O children of Adam! look to your adornment at every *time and* place of worship, and eat and drink but exceed not the bounds; surely, He does not love those who exceed the bounds. ٱخْرَجَ ٱبَوَيْكُمْ مِّنَ الْجَنَّةِ يَنْزِعُ عَنْهُمَا لِبَاسَهُمَا لِيُرِيَهُمَا سَوْاتِهِمَا اِنَّهْ يَرْىكُمْ هُوَ وَ قَبِيْلُهْ مِنْ حَيْثُ لَا تروْنَهُمْ الَّ يَؤْمِنُوْنَ وَإِذَا فَعَلُوْا فَاحِشَةً قَالُوْا وَجَدْنَا عَلَيْهَا وَإِذَا فَعَلُوْا فَاحِشَةً قَالُوْا وَجَدْنَا عَلَيْهَا اَبَاءَنَا وَاللَّهُ ٱمَرَنَا بِهَا قُلْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَامُرُ بِالْفَحْشَاءِ ، ٱتَقُوْلُوْنَ عَلَى اللَّهِ قُلْ آمَرَ رَبِّيْ بِالْقِسْطِ \* وَ ٱقْيْ مُوْا وُجُوْ هَكُمْ عِنْهَ كُلْ مَسْجِدٍ وَ ادْعُوْهُ

وَجُوْهَكُمْ عِنْدَكَكِ مُسْجِدٍ وَّ ادْعُوْهُ مُخْلِصِيْنَ لَـهُ البِرَّيْنَةِ كَمَا بَدَاَكُمْ تَعُوْدُوْنَ شَ

فَرِيْقَاهَدى وَفَرِيْقَاحَقَّى عَلَيْهِمُ الضَّلْلَةُ -اِنَّهُمُ اتَخَذُوا الشَّلِطِيْنَ أُوْلِيَاءَ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ وَ يَحْسَبُوْنَ ٱنَّهُمُ مُّهْتَدُوْنَ @ ليبَخِيَ ادَمَ خُذُوْا زِيْنَتَكُمْ عِنْدَكُلِّ مَسْجِدٍ وَّ كُلُوْا وَ اشْرَبُوْا وَ لَا تُسْرِفُوْا -إِنَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُسْرِفِيْنَ @

بخ

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ \tau + | \ kh \ \tau + | \ dh \ s \ o \ transitieration on page \ p).$ 

<sup>\*32.</sup> O children of Adam! adorn yourselves at every *time and* place of worship with garment of fear of Allāh, and eat and drink but exceed not the bounds; surely, He does not love those who exceed the bounds.

R. 4.

33. Say, 'Who has forbidden the adornment of Allāh which He has produced for His servants, and the good things of *His* providing?' Say, 'They are for the believers in the present life *and* exclusively *for them* on the Day of Resurrection. Thus do We explain the Signs for a people who have knowledge.'

34. Say, 'My Lord has only forbidden foul deeds, whether open or secret, and sin and wrongful transgression, and that you associate with Allāh that for which He has sent down no authority, and that you say of Allāh that of which you have no knowledge.'

35. And for every people there is a term, and when their term is come, they cannot remain behind a single moment, nor can they get ahead *of it.* 36. O children of Adam! if Messengers come to you from among yourselves, rehearsing My Signs unto you, then whoso shall fear God and do good deeds, on them *shall come* no fear nor shall they grieve.

37. But those who reject Our Signs and turn away from them with disdain, these shall be the inmates of the Fire; they shall abide therein.

38. Who is, then, more unjust than he who forges a lie against Allāh or gives the lie to His Signs? It is these قُلْ مَنْ حَرَّمَ زِيْنَةَ اللهِ الَّحِنَ ٱخْرَجَ لِعِبَادِهِ وَ الطَّيِّبْتِ مِنَ الرِّ زُقِ فُلْ هِيَ لِلَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا فِي الْحَلِوةِ الدُّنْيَاخَالِصَةً تَوْمَرِالْقِلْمَةِ ﴿ كَذَلِكَ نُفَصِّلُ الْإِلْتِ لِقَوْمِ تَعْلَمُوْنَ قُلْ إِنَّمَا حَرَّمَ رَبِّيَ الْفَوَاحِشَ مَا ظَهَرَ مِنْهَا وَ مَا بَطَنَ وَ الْإِثْمَرِ وَالْبَخْىَ بِغَيْرِ الْحَقّ وَ أَنْ تُشْرَكُوْا بِاللَّهِ مَا لَمْ يُنَزِّلْ بە سُلْطنًا وْ أَنْ تَقْوْلُوْا عَلَى اللهِ مَالَا تغلمهن وَلِكُلِّ أُمَّةٍ آجَلَ، فَإِذَا جَآءَ آجَلُهُمْ لَا ؽۺؾؘٵٛڂؚۯۮڹ؊ٵۼڐؖۊؘۜڵٳؽۺؾؘڨٛڋؚڡؙۉڹ<sup>ؚ</sup>۞ <u>ل</u>ِبَنِيۡ اٰدَمَ اِمَّا يَاْتِيَنَّكُمُ دُسُلُ مِّنْكُمُ يَقُصُوْنَ عَلَيْكُمْ أَيْجِبْ الْمَنِ اتَّعْى وَٱصْلَحَ فَلَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ ىخز ئەن وَ الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوْا بِاليتِنَا وَ اسْتَكْبَرُوْا عَنْهَا ٱولَئِكَ أَصْحْبُ النَّارِ ، هُمْ فثقا خلدرون، فَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مِمَّنِ افْتَرى عَلَى اللهِ كذباآؤكذب بايتيه أوليك ينائهم

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ th \ \overset{}{=} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \overset{}{=} \ | \ \overset{}{=} \ \overset{}{$ 

disbelievers

who shall have their lot as ordained till when Our messengers shall visit them to take away their souls, they shall say, 'Where is that which you used to call upon beside Allāh?' \*They will answer, 'We cannot find them;' and they will bear witness against themselves that they were

39. He will say, 'Enter ye into the Fire among the nations of Jinn and men who passed away before you.' Every time a people enters, it shall curse its sister (people) until, when they have all successively arrived therein, the last of them will say of the first of them: 'Our Lord, these led us astray, so give them a double punishment of the Fire.' He will say, 'For each *preceding party* there shall be double *punishment*, but you do not know.'

40. And the first of them will say to the last of them: 'You have then no superiority over us; taste therefore the punishment for all that you did.'

#### R. 5.

41. Those who reject Our Signs and turn away from them with disdain, \* the gates of the *spiritual* firmament will not be opened for them, nor will they enter Heaven until a camel goes through the eye of a needle. And thus do We requite the offenders. نَصِيْبُهُمْ مِّنَ الْكِتْبِ ، حَتَّى اِذَا جَاءَتُهُمْ رُسُلُنَ يَتَوَفَّوْنَهُمْ ، قَالُوَٓ اَيْنَ مَا ڪُنْتُمْ تَدْعُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ ، قَالُوْا ضَلُّوْا عَنَّا وَ شَهِدُوْا عَلَى اَنْفُسِهِمْ اَنَّهُمْ كَانُوْا كُفِرِيْنَ؟

قَالَ ادْخُلُوْا فِنْ أُمَمِ قَدْخَلَتْ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ تَحِنَ الْجِتَّوَ الْإِنْسِ فِ النَّ ارِ مُكَمَ كَخَلَتْ أُمَّةً لَّعَنَتْ اُخْتَهَا ﴿ حَتَّى إِذَا ادَّارَكُوْا فِيْهَا جَمِيْعًا ﴿ قَالَتُ الْخُرِ لِهُمْ لِأُوْلِهُمْ رَبَّنَا هَؤُلَاءِ اَضَلُّوْنَا فَاتِهِمْ عَذَابًا ضِعْفًا مِّنَ النَّارِ أَقَالَ وَقَالَتْ أُوْلُهُمْ لِأُخْرِ لِهُمْ فَمَا كَانَ

لَكُمْ عَلَيْنَا مِنْ فَضْلٍ فَذُوْقُوا الْحَذَابَ بِمَاكُنْتُمْ تَكْسِبُوْنَ ﴾ إِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ كَذَّبُوْا بِالتِنَاوَ اسْتَكْبَرُوْا عَنْهَالَا تُفَتَّحُ لَهُمَ آبُوَابُ السَّمَاءِ وَلَا يَدْخُلُوْنَ الْجَنَّةَ حَتَّى يَلِجَ الْجَمَلُ فِيْ سَمِّرالْخِيَاطِ وَكَذْلِكَ نَجْزِى الْمُجْرِمِيْنَ @

\*38. They will answer, **\*To us they are entirely lost;** \*41. **gates of heaven** will not be opened for them,

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ r & | \ kh \ r & | \ dh \ \dot{r} & | \ \dot$ 

42. They shall have a bed of Hell, and over them coverings *of the same*. And thus do We requite the unjust.

43. But *as to* those who believe and do good works—*and* We task not any soul beyond its capacity— these are the inmates of Heaven; they shall abide therein.

44. And We shall remove whatever rancour may be in their hearts. Beneath them shall flow rivers. And they shall say, 'All praise belongs to Allāh Who has guided us to this. And we could not have found guidance, if Allāh had not guided us. The Messengers of our Lord did indeed bring the truth.' And it shall be proclaimed unto them: 'This is the Heaven which you have been given for an inheritance *as a reward* for what you used to do.'

45. And the inmates of Heaven will call out to the inmates of Hell: 'We have indeed found what our Lord promised us to be true. Have you too found what your Lord promised you to be true?' They shall say: 'Yes'. Then a proclaimer shall proclaim between them *saying*, 'The curse of Allāh is on the wrongdoers—

46. 'Who turn *men* away from the path of Allāh and seek to make it crooked, and who are disbelievers in the Hereafter.'

لَهُمْ مِّنْ جَهَنَّمَ مِهَادً وَّ مِنْ فَوْقِهِمْ غَوَاشٍ وَكَذٰلِكَ نَجْزِى الظَّلِمِيْنَ ۞ وَ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَ عَمِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ لا نُكَلِّفُ نَفْسًا إلَّا وُسْعَهَا د أولَئلِكَ أَصْحْبُ الْجَنَّةِ وَ هُمْ فِيْهَا خُلِدُوْنَ ۞ مِنْ تَحْتِهِمُ الْأَنْهُ وَ قَالُوا الْحَمْدُ بِلْهِ الَّذِيْ هَذْ نَا لِهٰذَا وَ مَا كُنَّ لِنَهْ تَدِي رَبِّنَا بِالْحَقِّ وَ نُوْدُوْا اَنْ تِلْكُمُ الْجَنَّةُ أُوْرِثْتُمُوْهَا بِمَا كُنْ تُمْ تَعْمَلُوْنَ ۞

وَ نَاذَى اَصْحْبُ الْجَنَّةِ اَصْحْبَ النَّارِ اَنْ قَدْ وَجَدْنَا مَا وَعَدَنَا رَبُّنَا حَقَّافَهَلْ وَجَدْتُمْ مَّاوَعَدَرَبُّكُمْ حَقًّا تَكْنَهُ اللَّعِمْ، فَاَذَّتْ مُؤَذِّنَّ بَيْنَهُمْ اَنْ تَحْنَهُ اللَّهِ عَلَى الظَّلِمِيْنَ أُنْ

الَّذِيْنَ يَصُدُّوْنَ عَنْ سَبِيْلِ اللَّهِ وَ يَبْغُوْنَهَا عِوَجًا ، وَ هُمْ بِالْأَخِرَةِ حُفِرُوْنَ۞

47. And between the two there shall be a partition, and on the elevated places there shall be men who will know all by their marks. And they will call out to the people of Heaven: 'Peace be on you.' These will not have *yet* entered it although they will be hoping *to do so*.

48. And when their eyes are turned towards the people of the Fire, they will say, 'Our Lord, put us not with the unjust people.'

### R. 6.

49. And the occupants of the elevated places will call out to men whom they will know by their marks, *and* say, "Your multitude availed you not, nor your arrogance.

50. "Are these the men about whom you swore that Allāh would not extend mercy to them? *To them it has been said*, 'Enter Paradise; no fear *shall come* upon you, nor shall you grieve.""

51. And the inmates of the Fire will call out to the inmates of Heaven, 'Pour out on us some water or some of that which Allāh has provided for you.' They will say, 'Verily, Allāh has forbidden them both to disbelievers—

52. 'Those who took their religion for a pastime and a sport, and whom the life of the world beguiled.' This day, then, shall We forget them as

وَبَيْنَهُمَا حِجَابٌ ، وَعَلَى الْآعْرَاف ڔؚڿٙٲڵؾۜۼڔۏؙۉؾؘؙۘڰؙڵۘٳٛؠڛؽؚڶڡۿؗؗۿ؞ۊڹٵڎۉٵ أَصْحْت الْحَنَّية أَنْ سَلْمَ عَلَيْكُم ع لَمْ تَدْخُلُوْ هَا وَ هُمْ يَطْمَعُوْنَ ٢ وَإِذَا صُرِفَتْ ٱبْصَارُهُ مْرَتِلْقَاءَ ٱصْحْب النَّادِ اقَالُوْا رَبَّخَالَا تَجْحَلْنَا مَعَ الْقَوْمِ ي الظَّلِميْنَ؟ وَ نَادَى أَصْحِبُ الْأَعْرَافِ دِجَالًا يَحْرِفُوْنَهُمْ بِسِيْمْ لِهُمْ قَالُوْا مَآ ٱغْنى عَنْكُمْ حَمْعُكُمْ وَمَا كُنْتُمْ تشتكرون ٱۿٙۅؙؙ؆ٙٵؚ ٱۿٙۅؙؙ؆ٙٵؚڷۜڋ۬ؽڹٵڨۺۿؾؙۿڕ؆ؾڹؘٵڶۿۿ اللهُ بِرَحْمَةِ وأَدْخُلُوا الْجَنَّةَ لَاخَوْفُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَلا آنْتُمْ تَحْزَنُوْنَ. وَنَاذَى أَصْحُبُ النَّادِ أَصْحُبُ الْجَنَّةِ اَنْ اَفِيْضُوْا عَلَيْنَا مِنَ الْمَاءِ اَوْ مِمَّا رَزَوَكُمُ اللهُ فَالُوْا إِنَّ اللَّهُ حَرَّ مَهُمَا عَلَى الْكَفِرِيْنَ ٥ الَّذِيْنَ اتَّخَذُوْا دِيْنَهُمْ لَهُوًا وَ لَعِبًا وَّ غَرَّتُهُمُ الْحَلُوةُ الجُّنْسَاء فَالْبَوْمَ

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u & \mid & th \ & \uparrow & \mid & h \ & \tau & \mid & kh \ & \neq & | \ dh \ & \neq & | \ & th \ & fh \ & \tau & \mid & h \ & \tau & \mid & h \ & \tau & \mid & h \ & fh \ &$ 

they forgot the meeting of this day of theirs, and as they used to deny Our Signs.

53. And surely We have brought them a Book which We have expounded with knowledge, a guidance and a mercy for a people who believe.

54. Do they wait only for the fulfilment *of warnings* thereof? On the day when the fulfilment thereof shall come, those who had forgotten it before shall say, 'The Messengers of our Lord did indeed bring the truth. Have we then any intercessors to intercede for us? Or could we be sent back so that we might do *deeds* other than that which we used to do?' They have indeed ruined their souls and that which they used to fabricate has failed them.

### **R.** 7.

55. Surely, your Lord is Allāh Who created the heavens and the earth in six periods; then He settled Himself on the Throne. He makes the night cover the day, which pursues it swiftly. And *He created* the sun and the moon and the stars, *all* made subservient by His command. Verily, His is the creation and the command. Blessed is Allāh, the Lord of the worlds.

56. Call upon your Lord in humility and in secret. Surely, He does not love the transgressors.

هَلْ يَنْظُرُوْتَ إَلَّا تَأْوِيْلَهُ • يَوْمَ يَأْتِيْ تَأْوِيْلُهُ يَقُوْلُ الَّذِيْنَ نَسُوْهُ مِنْ قَبْلُ قَدْ جَآءَتْ رُسُلُ رَبِّنَا بِالْحَقِّ • فَهَلْ لَنَا مِنْ شُفَعَآء فَيَشْفَعُوْا لَنَآ اَوْ نُرَدُ فَنَحْمَلَ غَيْرَ الَّذِعِيْ كُنَّا نَحْمَلُ • قَدْ حَسِرُوَّا آنْفُسَهُمْ وَ ضَلَّ عَنْهُمْ مَا كَانُوْا يَفْتَرُوْنَ أَ

اِنَّ دَبَّكُمُ اللَّهُ الَّذِي خَلَقَ السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْاَرْضَ فِيْ سِتَّةِ آتَامِ ثُمَّ اسْتَوٰى عَلَى الْحَرْشِد يُغْشِى الَّيْلَ النَّهَا دَيطُلُبُهُ مَتَخَيْفَ اوَ الشَّمْسَ وَالْقَمَرَ وَ التُّجُوْمَ مُسَخَّرْتُ بِآمَرِهِ ﴿ آلالَهُ الْخَلُقُ وَالْاَمُرُ حَلَرَكَ اللَّهُ رَبُّ الْعَلَمِيْنَ اَدْعُوْا دَبَّكُمْ تَضَرُّعًا وَ خُفْيَةً ﴿ إِنَّهُ لَا يُحِبُ الْمُعْتَرِيْنَ أَنْ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ b \ 7 \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ 2 \ (16)$  (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

تج ۳ 57. And create not disorder in the earth after it has been set in order, and call upon Him in fear and hope. Surely, the mercy of Allāh is nigh unto those who do good.

58. And He it is Who sends the winds as glad tidings before His mercy, till, when they bear a heavy cloud, We drive it to a dead land, then We send down water therefrom, and We bring forth therewith fruits of every kind. In like manner do We bring forth the dead that you may remember.

59. And *as for* the good land, its vegetation comes forth *plentifully* by the command of its Lord; and that which is bad, *its vegetation* does not come forth but scantily. In like manner do We vary the Signs for a people who are grateful.

### R. 8.

60. We sent Noah to his people and he said, 'O my people, worship Allāh, you have no other god but Him. Indeed, I fear for you the punishment of the great day.'

61. The chiefs of his people said, 'Surely, we see thee to be in manifest error.'

62. He said, 'O my people, there is no error in me, but I am a Messenger from the Lord of the worlds. وَلا تُفْسِدُوْا فِي الْأَرْضِ بَعْدَ اِصْلَاحِهَا وَ ادْعُوْهُ خَوْفًا وَ طَمَعًا داتَ رَحْمَتَ اللَّهِ قَرِيْبٌ مِّنَ الْمُحْسِنِيْنَ ٥ وَ هُوَ الَّذِي يُرْسِلُ الرِّلَحَ بُشْرًا بَيْنَ يَدَيُ رَحْمَتِهِ دحَتَّى اِذَا آقَلَّتْ سَحَابًا يَدَي رَحْمَتِهِ دحَتَّى اِذَا آقَلَتْ سَحَابًا يَع الْمَاءَ فَاخْرَجْنَا بِهِ مِنْ حُلِّ الشَّمَرَتِ دكَزلِكَ نُخْرِجُ الْمَوْتُ الشَّمَرَتِ دكَذلِكَ نُخْرِجُ الْمَوْتُ وَالْبَكَرُ الطَّيِّبُ يَخْرُجُ نَبَاتُهُ بِاذَنِ رَبِهِ ٥ الَّذِي خَبُتَ كَخْرَجُ الْمَوْتُ تَعَدَّكُوْنَ ۞ تَكَرًا دكَذٰلِكَ نُصَرِّفُ الْأَلْتِ لِقَوْمٍ يَشْكُرُوْنَ۞

كَقَدْ آدْسَلْنَانُوْحَالِلْ قَوْمِهٖ فَقَالَ لِقَوْمِ اعْبُدُوا الله مَا لَكُمْ مِّنْ الْهِ غَيْرُلاً لِنَيْ اَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَذَابَ يَوْمِ عَظِيْمٍ تَالَ الْمَلَأُ مِنْ قَوْمِهٖ إِنَّا لَنَزْ لَكَ فِيُ ضَلْلٍ مُبِيْنٍ ()

قَالَ لِقَوْمِ لَيْسَ بِيْ ضَلْلَةً وَّ لَكِنِّيْ رَسُوْلٌ مِّنْ رَّبِّ الْعَلَمِيْنَ ()

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ &$ 

چ

63. 'I deliver to you the messages of my Lord and give you sincere advice, and I know from Allāh what you do not know.

64. 'Do you wonder that an exhortation has come to you from your Lord through a man from among yourselves, that he may warn you and that you may become righteous and that you may be shown mercy?'

65. But they accused him of falsehood, so We saved him and those with him in the Ark, and We drowned those who rejected Our Signs. They were indeed a blind people.

#### R. 9.

66. And unto 'Ād *We sent* their brother Hūd. He said, 'O my people, worship Allāh; you have no other deity but Him. Will you not then be God-fearing?'

67. The disbelieving chiefs of his people said, 'We surely see thee *lost* in foolishness, and we surely think thee to be *one* of the liars.'

68. He replied, 'O my people, there is no foolishness in me, but I am a Messenger from the Lord of the worlds.

69. 'I deliver to you the messages of my Lord and I am to you a sincere and faithful counsellor.

70. 'Do you wonder that an

ٱبلِّعُ ڪُمْ رِسْلْتِ رَبِّيْ وَ ٱنْصَحُ لَكُمْ وَٱعْلَمُ مِنَ اللَّهِ مَا لَا تَعْلَمُوْنَ ﴿ اَوَ عَجِبْ تُمْ اَنْ جَاءَكُمْ ذِكْرٌ مِّنْ رَّبِكُمْ عَلْى رَجُلٍ مِّنْكُمْ لِيُنْذِرَكُمْ وَلِيَتَقُوْا وَلَعَلَّكُمْ تُرْحَمُوْنَ۞

فَكَذَّبُوْهُ فَانْجَيْنُهُ وَالَّذِيْنَ مَعَهُ فِي الْفُلْكِوَاغْرَقْنَاالَّذِيْنَكَذَّبُوْابِالِيتِنَا إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوْا قَوْمًا عَمِيْنَ۞

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rhop | \ hh \ rhop | \ rhop | \ rhop | \ hh \ rhop | \ r$ 

exhortation has come to you from your Lord through a man from among yourselves that he may warn you? And remember *the time* when He made you inheritors *of His favours* after the people of Noah, and increased you abundantly in constitution. Remember, then, the favours of Allāh, that you may prosper.'

71. They said, 'Hast thou come to us that we may worship Allāh alone and forsake what our fathers used to worship? Bring us, then, that which thou threatenest us with, if thou art of the truthful.'

72. He replied, 'Indeed there have *already* fallen on you punishment and wrath from your Lord. Do you dispute with me about names which you have named—you and your fathers—for which Allāh has sent down no authority? Wait then, I am with you among those who wait.'

73. And We saved him and those who were with him, by Our mercy, and We cut off the last remnant of those who rejected Our Signs. And they were not believers.

# R. 10.

74. And to Thamūd *We sent* their brother Ṣāliḥ. He said, 'O my people, worship Allāh; you have no other deity but Him. Verily there has come to you a clear evidence from your Lord—this she-camel of Allāh, a Sign for you. So leave her على رَجُلٍ مِّنْكُمْ لِيُنْزِرَكُمْ وَ اذْكُرُوْا اِذْ جَعَلَكُمْ خُلَفًا، مِنْ بَعْدِ قَوْمِ نُوْحٍ وَّ زَادَكُمْ فِي الْخَلْقِ بَصْطَةً • فَاذْكُرُوْا الاَء اللهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُوْنَ ۞

قَالُوَّا آجِئْتَنَا لِنَعْبُدَ اللَّهَ وَحْدَهُ وَنَذَرَمَا كَانَ يَعْبُدُ أَبَاؤُنَا، فَاْتِنَا بِمَا تَحِدُنَآ اِنْ كُنْتَ مِنَ الصَّدِقِيْنَ @

قَالَ قَدْوَقَعَ عَلَيْكُمْ مِّنْ رَّبِّكُمْ رِجْسً وَّ غَضَبٌ ، ٱ تُجَادِلُوْنَخِيْ فِيْ آسْمَاءٍ سَمَّيْ تُمُوْهَا آ نُتُمْوَ ابَا وُ حُمْ مَّا نَزَّلَ اللهُ بِهَا مِنْ سُلْطْنٍ ، فَانْتَظِرُوَا الِنِّي مَعَكُمْ مِّن الْمُنْتَظِرِيْنَ الْمُ فَانْجَيْنُهُ وَالَّذِيْنَ مَعَهْ بِرَحْمَةٍ مِّنَّا وَ قَطَعْنَا دَابِرَ الَّذِيْنَ أَمُ

وَ إِلَى ثَمُوْدَ اَخَاهُمْ صَلِحًا مِ قَالَ لِقَوْمِ اعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ مَا لَكُمْ مِّنْ اللَّهِ غَيْرُهُ -قَدْ جَاءَتْكُمْ بَيِّنَةً مِّنْ دَّبِكُمْ - هَذِه نَاقَةُ اللَّهِ لَكُمْ أَيَةً فَذَرُوْهَا تَاكُلُ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ b \ 7 \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ 2 \ ) \ \delta \ (19)$  (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

الح الم

that she may feed in Allāh's earth, and do her no harm, lest a painful punishment seize you.

75. And remember *the time* when He made you inheritors *of His favours* after ' $\bar{A}$ d, and assigned you an abode in the land; you build palaces in its plains, and you hew the mountains into houses. Remember, therefore, the favours of All $\bar{a}$ h and commit not iniquity in the earth, causing disorder.'

76. The chief men of his people who were arrogant said to those who were reckoned weak—those among them who believed—'Do you know *for certain* that Şāliḥ is one sent by his Lord?' They answered, 'Surely, we believe in that with which he has been sent.'

77. Those who were arrogant said, 'Verily, we do disbelieve in that in which you believe.'

78. Then they hamstrung the shecamel and rebelled against the command of their Lord, and said, 'O Ṣāliḥ, bring us that which thou threatenest us with, if thou art *indeed one* of the Messengers.'

\*79. So the earthquake seized them and in their homes they lay prostrate upon the ground.

80. Then *Sālih* turned away from them and said, 'O my people, I did deliver the message of my Lord

فِي آرْضِ اللهِ وَ كَا تَمَسُّوْهَا بِسُوْءٍ فَتَأْخُذَكُمْ عَذَابٌ ٱلنُّمُّ @ وَاذْكُرُوْاإِذْ جَعَلَكُمْ خُلَفًا عِنْ بَعْد عَادِ وَبَوَ آحُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ تَتَّجِذُوْنَ مِنْ سُهُوْلِهَا قُصُوْرًا وَ تَنْحِتُوْتَ الْجِبَالَ سُبُوْتًا، فَاذْكُرُوْا الْمَاءَ اللهِ وَلَا تَعْتَوْا في الْكَرْضِ مُفْسِدِيْنَ، قَالَ الْمَلَا الَّذِينَ اسْتَكْبَرُ وْامِنْ قَوْمِهِ لِلَّذَيْنَ اسْتُضْعِفُوْا لِحَنْ أَمَنَ مِنْهُمْ ٱتَعْلَمُوْنَ آنَّ صٰلِحًا تُرْسَلُ مِّنْ رَّبِّهِ قَالُوَّا إِنَّا بِمَا ٱ رْسِلَ بِهِ مُؤْمِنُوْنَ ۞ قَالَ الَّذِينَ اسْتَكْبَرُوْا إِنَّا بِالَّذِينَ امَنْتُمْ بِهِ كَفِرُوْنَ ٢ فَحَقَرُوا النَّاقَةَ وَعَتَوْا عَنْ أَمْرِدَبِّهِمْ وَقَالُوْا لِصْلِحُ انْتِنَا بِمَا تَعِدُنَا إِنْ كُنْتَ مِنَ الْمُرْسَلِيْنَ@ فَاخَذَتْهُمُ الرَّجْفَةُ فَاصْبَحُوْا فِ کارهم جثمین@ فَتَمَلُّ عَنْهُمْ وَ قَالَ لِقَوْمِ لَقَدْ ٱبْلَغْتُكُمْ رِسَالَةً رَبِّنْ وَ نَصَحْتُ

\*79. Then the earthquake seized them so that they turned into corpses lying prone in their houses.

unto you and offered you sincere counsel, but you love not sincere counsellors.'

81. And *We sent* Lot—when he said to his people, 'Do you commit an abomination such as no one in the world ever did before you?

82. 'You approach men with lust instead of women. Nay, you are a people who exceed *all* bounds.'

83. And the answer of his people was no other than that they said, 'Turn them out of your town, for they are men who would keep pure.'

84. And We saved him and his family, except his wife: she was of those who stayed behind.

85. And We rained upon them a rain. Now see, what was the end of the sinners!

### R. 11.

86. And to Midian *We sent* their brother Shu'aib. He said, 'O my people, worship Allāh; you have no other deity but Him. A clear Sign has indeed come to you from your Lord. So give full measure and full \* weight, and diminish not unto people their things, and create not disorder in the earth after it has been set in order. This is better for you, if you are believers. لَكُمْ وَ لَكِنْ لَا تُحِبُّوْنَ النَّصِحِيْنَ ۞

وَلُوْطًا إِذْ قَالَ لِقَوْمِهَ ٱ تَأْتُوْنَ الْفَاحِشَةَ مَاسَبَقَكُمْ بِهَامِنْ أَحَدِمِّنَ الْعُلَمِيْنَ ( ٳڹٞۜػؙۿڔڶؾٙٵٛؾ۠ۉڹٳڶڗٚڿٳؘڶۺؘۿۊؗڰٙؾؚٙڹٛۮۉڹ النِّسَاءِ دِبَلْ أَنْتُمْ قَوْمَ شُسْرِفُوْنَ ٧ وَ مَا كَانَ جَوَاتٍ قَوْمِهَ إِلَّهُ آَتُ قَالُوْا ٱخْرِجُوْهُمْ تِنْ قَرْيَتِكُمْ النَّهُمُ أَنَاسً يَتَطَقَ وْرَي فَأَنْحَمْنُهُوَ أَهْلَهُ إِلَّا امْرَأَتَهُ كَانَتْ مِنَ الْغُبِرِيْنَ ٢ وَ ٱمْطَرْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ مَّطَرًا \* فَانْظُرْ كَيْفَ ي س كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ الْمُجْرِمِيْنَ ٢ وَإِلَى مَدْيَنَ آخَاهُ هُرشُعَيْبًا وَقَالَ لِقَوْمِ اعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ مَا لَكُمْ مِّنْ إِلَهٍ غَيْرُهُ -قَدْ جَاءَتْ حُمْرَ بَيِّنَةً مِّنْ رَّبِّكُمْرِ فَأَوْفُوا الْكَيْلَ وَالْجِيْزَانَ وَلَا تَبْخَسُواالنَّاسَ ٱشْيَاءَهُمْ وَلَا تُفْسِدُوْا فِي الْأَدْضِ بَعْدَ اصلاجها ، ذلكم خَبْرُ تَجُم إنْ كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ أَ

\*86. and do not give people less than what rightfully belongs to them,

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ b \ 7 \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ 211 \ o \ 211\ o \ 2$ 

87. 'And sit not on every path, threatening and turning away from the path of Allah those who believe in Him, and seeking to make it crooked. And remember when you were few and He multiplied you. And behold, what was the end of those who created disorder!

88. 'And if there is a party among vou who believes in that with which I have been sent, and a party who does not believe, then have patience until Allah judges between us. And He is the Best of judges.'

89. The chief men of his people who were arrogant said, 'Assuredly, we will drive thee out. O Shu'aib, and the believers that are with thee, from our town, or you shall have to return to our religion.' He said: 'Even though we be unwilling?

90. 'We have indeed been forging a lie against Allah, if we now return to your religion after Allah has saved us therefrom. And it behoves us not to return thereto except that Allah, our Lord, should so will. \*Our Lord comprehends all things in His knowledge. In Allah have we put our trust. So O our Lord, decide Thou between us and between our people with truth, and Thou art the Best of those who decide.'

وَ لَا تَقْعُدُوْا بِكُلِّ صِرَاطٍ تُوْعِدُوْتَ وَتَصُدُّوْنَ عَنْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ مَنْ أَمَنَ بِهِ <u> وَتَبْغُوْنَهَا عِوَجًا، وَاذْكُرُوْا إِذْ كُنْتُهُ</u> قَبِلِيْلًا فَكَثَّرَكُمْ م وَ انْظُرُوْا كَيْفَ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ الْمُفْسِدِيْنَ وَإِنْ حَانَ طَائِفَةً مِّنْكُمْ أَمَنُوْا بِالَّذِي ٱرْسِلْتُ بِهِ وَ طَائِفَةً لَّمْ يُؤْمِنُوْا فَاصْبِرُوْا حَتَّى بَحْكُمُ اللهُ بَيْنَنا، وَهُوَخَيْرُ الْحِكَمِيْنَ قَالَ الْمَلَا الَّذِينَ اسْتَكْبَرُوْا حِنْ يَ قَوْمِهِ لَنُخْرِجَنَّكَ لِشُعَيْبُ وَ الَّذِيْنَ امَنُوْا مَعَكَ مِنْ قَرْبَتِنَا ٱوْ لَتَعُوْدُنَّ فى مِلَّتِنَا قَالَ أَوَلَوْ حُنَّا كَارِهِ يْنَ شَ قَد افْتَرَبْنَا عَلَى الله حَذِبًّا إِنْ عُدْنَا فِيْ مِلَّتِكُمْ بَعْدَ إِذْ نَجْنَا اللهُ مِنْهَا. وَ مَا يَكُوْنُ لَنَّآ آَنْ نَّعُوْدَ فِيْهَا إِلَّا آَنْ تَيَشَاءَ اللهُ رَبُّنَا وَسِعَ رَبُّنَا كُلُّ شَيْءٍ عِلْمًا لا عَلَى اللهِ تَوَكَّلْنَا لا رَبَّنَا افْتَحْ بَيْنَنَا وَبَيْنَ قَوْمِنَا بِالْحَقِّ وَ ٱنْتَ خَيْرُ الْفَاتِحِيْنَ ()

\*90. In knowledge our Lord comprehends all things.

ء i u | th أ أ ب ا kh r | kh r | dh أ أ ب 222 م ب ا ف h r | kh r | dh أ أ ب ا ث h r | kh r | dh أ م ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

91. And the chief men of his people who disbelieved said, 'If you follow Shu'aib, you shall then certainly be the losers."

92. So the earthquake seized them and in their homes they lay prostrate upon the ground.

93. Those who accused Shu'aib of lying became as if they had never Shu'aib of lving-it was they who were the losers.

94. Then he turned away from them and said, 'O my people, indeed, I delivered to you the messages of my Lord and gave you sincere counsel. How then should I sorrow for a disbelieving people?'

# R. 12.

95. And never did We send a Prophet to any town but We seized the people thereof with adversity and suffering, that they might become humble

96. Then We changed their evil condition into good until they grew in affluence and number and said, 'Suffering and happiness betided our fathers also,' Then We seized them suddenly. while thev perceived not.

97. And if the people of those towns had believed and been righteous, We would have surely opened for

وَ قَالَ الْمَلَةُ الَّذِيْرِي كَفَرُوْا مِنْ قَوْمِهِ لَبُنِ اتَّبَعْتُمْ شُعَبْيًا إِنَّكُمْ اذًا تَّخْسُدُوْنَ () فَٱخَذَ تُهُمُ الرَّجْفَةُفَاصْبَحُوْا فِيْدَارِهِمْ جثمان الَّذِبْنَ كَنَّ بُهْا شُعَدً فِيْهَا ٱلَّذِيْنَ كَذَّبُوْا شُعَيْبًا كَانُوْا إَنَّى المُحَدِّعَا اللَّهُ فَيْهَا الْمُعَدَّبُوا شُعَيْبًا كَانُوْا إِنَّ هُمُ الْخُسِرِيْنَ @ فَتَحَالَى عَنْهُمْ وَ قَالَ لِقَوْمِ لَقَدْ آبْلَغْتُكُمْ رِسْلْتِ رَبِّيْ وَنَصَحْتُ لَكُمْ، فَكَيْفَ الى على قَوْ مَرْكِفِر يُنَ ٢ Ę

> وَمَآ ٱ (سَلْنَا فِنْ قَرْيَةٍ مِّنْ نَّبِيّ إلَّا ٱخَذْنَآ آهْلَهَا بِالْبَأْسَاءِ وَ الضَّرَّاءِ لَعَدَّهُمْ يَضَّرَّعُوْنَ، ثُمَر بَدَّلْنَا مَكَانَ السَّبِّئَةِ الْحَسَنَة حَتَّى عَفَوًا وَ قَالُوْا قَدْ مَسَّ أَبَآءَنَا الضَّرَّاء وَ السَّرَّاءُ فَاخَذْنُهُمْ بَغْتَةً وَّ هُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُ وْنَ

> وَلَوْ أَنَّ أَهْلَ الْقُرْيِ أَمَنُوْا وَ اتَّقَوْا لَفَتَحْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ بَرَكْتِ مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ

ء ' ا ق p ا غ h r | kh r | dh خ l ع ا ف f ح دور ع م s ا خ h r | kh r | dh r | dh + ] ع ' ا ف h r | kh r | dh + ] (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

them blessings from heaven and earth; but they disbelieved, so We seized them because of that which they used to earn.

98. Are the people of *these* towns, then, secure from the coming of Our punishment upon them by night while they are asleep?

99. And are the people of *these* towns secure from the coming of Our punishment upon them in the early part of the forenoon while they are engaged in play?

100. Are they then secure from the design of Allāh? And none feels secure from the design of Allāh save the people that perish.

# R. 13.

101. Does it not afford guidance to those who have inherited the earth in succession to its *former* inhabitants, that if We please, We can smite them for their sins and seal up their hearts, so that they should not hear?

102. Such were the towns some of whose news We have related to thee. And their Messengers did indeed come to them with clear Signs. But they would not believe what they had disbelieved before. In this manner does Allāh seal up the hearts of the disbelievers. ۅَ الْاَرْضِ وَ لَكِنْ كَذَّبُوْا فَاَخَزْنَهُمْ بِمَاكَانُوْا يَكْسِبُوْنَ۞ اَفَاَمِنَ اَهْلُ الْقُرَى اَنْ يَّاتِيَهُمْ بَاسْنَابَيَاتًا وَّ هُمْ نَائِمُوْنَ۞ بَاسْنَاضُحَى وَّ هُمْ يَلْعَبُوْنَ۞

ٱڣَٵؘڝؚڹؙۉ١ مَكْرَ اللهِ ، فَلا يَاْمَتُ مَحْرَاللهِ إِلَّا الْقَوْمُ الْخْسِرُوْنَ ﴾

ا وَ لَمْ يَهْدِ لِتَّذِيْنَ يَرِثُوْنَ الْاَرْضَ مِنْ بَعْدِ اَهْلِهَا اَنْ لَّوْ نَشَاءُ اَصَبْنُهُمْ بِذُنُوْبِهِمْ ءَ وَ نَطْبَعُ عَلْى قُلُوْبِهِمْ فَهُمْ كَايَسْمَعُوْنَ

تِلْكَ الْقُرْى نَقُصُ عَلَيْكَ مِنْ ٱنْبَآئِهَا، وَلَقَدْ جَاءَتْهُمْ رُسُلُهُمْ بِالْبَيِّنْتِ، فَمَا كَانُوْا لِيُؤْمِنُوْا بِمَا كَذَّبُوْا مِنْ قَبْلُ مَكَذٰلِكَ يَطْبَعُ اللهُ عَلَى قُلُوْبِ الْكَفِرِيْنَ۞

\*103. And We found not in most of

وَ مَا وَجَدْنَا لِأَڪْثَرِهِمْ مِّنْ عَهْدٍ،

\*103. And We found not in most of them any regard for observance of covenant and surely We found most of them to be evil-doers.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ b \ 7 \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ 214}$   $a \ i \ u \ | \ b \ 1 \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ c_{214}$   $a \ \dot{s} \ (214) \ \dot$ 

them any observance of covenant and surely We found most of them to be evil-doers.

104. Then, after them, We sent Moses with Our Signs to Pharaoh and his chiefs, but they unjustly rejected them. Behold, then, what was the end of those who created disorder!

105. And Moses said, 'O Pharaoh, truly, I am a Messenger from the Lord of the worlds

106. 'It is not meet that I should say anything of Allah except the truth. I have come to you with a clear Sign from your Lord; therefore, let the children of Israel go with me.'

107. Pharaoh replied, 'If thou hast indeed come with a Sign, then produce it, if thou art of the truthful.'

108. So he flung down his rod, and behold! it was a serpent plainly visible.

109. And he drew forth his hand, and lo! it was white for the heholders

# R. 14.

110. The chiefs of Pharaoh's people said, 'This is most surely a skilful magician.

111. 'He desires to turn you out from your land. Now what do you advise?'

112. They said, 'Put him off and his brother awhile, and send into the cities summoners.

وَ إِنْ وَحَدْنَآ ٱكْثَرَهُمْ لَفْسِقَبْنَ ٢

ثُمَّر بَعَثْنا مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ مُوْسى باليتِنَا إِلَى فِرْعَوْنَ وَ مَلَا بِمُهِ فَظَلَمُوْا بِهَاء فَانْظُرْ كَيْفَ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ الْمُفْسِدِيْنَ @ وَ قَالَ مُوْسِى لِيفِرْعَوْنَ إِنَّى رَسُوْلٌ مِّنْ رَّبِّ الْعُلَمِيْنَ أَنْ حَقَّيْةً، عَلَى أَنْ لَّآ ٱقُوْلَ عَلَى اللهِ إِلَّا الْحَقَّد جَئْتُكُمْ بِبَيّنَةٍ مِّنْ رَّبِّكُمْ فَا دُسِلْ مَعِي بَنِيْ اِسْرَاءِ يُكَ أَ قَالَ إِنْ كُنْتَ جِئْتَ بِايَةٍ فَأْتِ بِهَآ إِنْ كُنْتَمِنَ الصَّدِقِيْنَ فَالْقَى عَصَاةُ فَإِذَا هِيَ ثُعْبَانَ مُّبِيْنَ أَ وَّ نَزَعَ يَكَ فَاِذَا هِيَ بَيْضَا عُلِلنَّظِرِيْنَ ﴾ قَالَ الْمَلَا مِنْ قَوْمِ فِرْعَوْنَ إِنَّ هٰذَا لَسْجِرً عَلْبُهُ أَنَّ ؾُرِيْدُ أَنْ يُّخْرِجَكُمْ مِنْ أَرْضِكُمْ • فَمَاذًا تَأْمُرُوْنَ. قَالُوْا اَرْجِهْ وَ اَخَالُا وَ اَرْسِلْ فِي الْمَدَائِنِ خشرين 

(See details of transliteration on page 'p').

113. 'Who should bring to thee every skilful magician.'

114. And the magicians came to Pharaoh *and* said: 'We shall, of course, have a reward, if we prevail.'

115. He said, 'Yes, and you shall *also* be of those who are placed near *me*.'

116. They said, 'O Moses, either throw thou *first*, or we shall be the *first* throwers.'

117. He replied, 'Throw ye.' And when they threw, they enchanted the eyes of the people, and struck them with awe and brought forth a great magic.

118. And We inspired Moses, *saying*, 'Throw thy rod,' and lo! it swallowed up whatever they feigned.

119. So was the Truth established, and their works proved vain.

120. Thus were they vanquished there, and they returned humiliated. 121. And the magicians were impelled to fall down prostrate.

122. *And* they said, 'We believe in the Lord of the worlds,

123. 'The Lord of Moses and Aaron.'

124. Pharaoh said, 'You have believed in him before I gave you leave. Surely, this is a plot that you have plotted in the city, that you may turn out therefrom its inhabitants, but you shall soon know *the consequences*.

قَالُوْا لِمُوْلَمَى اِمَّاَ اَنْ تُلْقِيَ وَ اِمَّا اَنْ نَّ حُوْنَ نَحْنُ الْمُلْقِيْنَ () قَالَ الْقُوْاءَ فَلَتَمَّ اَلْقَوْا سَحَرُّ وَا اَعْيُنَ النَّاسِ وَاسْتَرْهَبُوْهُمُوَ جَاءُوْ بِسِحْرٍ عَظِيْمٍ ()

٤ اَوْحَيْنَا الى مُوْسَى اَنْ اَلْقِ عَصَاكَ، فَإِذَا هِي تَلْقَفُ مَا يَافِكُوْنَ شَ فَوَقَحَ الْحَقُّ وَ بَطَلَ مَاكَانُوْا يَعْمَلُوْنَ شَ فَخْذِبُوْا هُنَالِكَ وَ انْقَلَبُوْا صْخِرِيْنَ شَ وَ ٱلْقِي السَّحَرَةُ سْجِرِيْنَ شَ قَالُوْا اَمَنَّا بِرَبِّ الْعُلَمِيْنَ شَ

كېتېمۇلىي تولھۇۋى 🐨 ئىلىرى دەرە ماردىدە .

قَالَ فِرْعَوْنُ أَمَنْتُمْ بِهٖ قَبْلَ آنَ أَذَنَ لَكُمْ الَّ الْمَالَ الْمَكْرُ مَكَرْتُمُوْهُ فِي الْمَدِيْنَةِلِتُخْرِجُوْامِنْهَآ آهْلَهَا. فَسَوْفَ تَعْلَمُوْنَ ؟

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ b \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ (226)$   $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \dot{z} \ | \ \dot{z} \ \dot{z} \ | \ \dot{z} \ | \ \dot{z} \ | \ \dot{z} \ | \ \dot{z} \ \dot{z} \ | \ \dot{z} \ \dot{z} \ \dot{z} \ | \ \dot{z} \$ 

125. 'Most surely will I cut off your hands and your feet on alternate sides. Then will I surely crucify you all together.'

126. They answered, 'To our Lord *then* shall we return.

127. 'And thou dost not wreak vengeance on us but because we have believed in the Signs of our Lord, when they came to us. Our  $\bigcup_{r}$  steadfastness and cause us to die resigned *unto Thee.*'

### R. 15.

128. And the chiefs of Pharaoh's people said, 'Wilt thou leave Moses and his people to create disorder in the land, and forsake thee and thy gods?' He answered, 'We will ruthlessly slay their sons and let their women live. And surely we are dominant over them.'

129. Moses said to his people, 'Seek help from Allāh and be steadfast. Verily, the earth is Allāh's; He gives it as a heritage to whomsoever He pleases of His servants, and the end is for the Godfearing.'

130. They replied, 'We were persecuted before thou camest to us and *even* after thou camest to us.' He said, 'Your Lord is about to destroy your enemy and make you rulers in the land, *that* He may then see how you act.'

ؘ؇ؙۊؘڟؚؚۜۜۜۜۜۜۜۜۜۜۜڮؾؘڲؙۿۅؘٵۯڋػڲۿۄۜؾٛ ڿڒ؋ؚڽؙٞٞۿٙڒٷڝڐؚؚ؉ؘؾٞڴۿٵڋڡؾۼؽؾ۞ ۊٵٮؙۅٓٵڗؾٛٳڸ۫ڒؾؾٵڡؙؽٛۊٙڸؚڋۅٛؾ۞۫ ۅؘڡٵؾؽۊؚۿۄؾٞٵٳڴٙٵڽٛٵڡٛٵڡؾٵۑٳڸؾڗڗؾؚؾٵ ڗؾۊۊۜؾٵڡ۠ۺڸۅؽؾ۞

وَ قَالَ الْمَلَا مِنْ قَوْمِ فِرْعَوْنَ ٱ تَذَرُ مُوْسِى وَ قَوْمَهْ لِيُفْسِدُوْا فِي الْارْضِ وَ يَذَرَكَ وَ الْهَتَكَ قَالَ سَنُقَتِّلُ ابْنَاءَهُمْ وَ نَسْتَحْ بِ نِسَاءَهُمْ وَ إِنَّا فَوْقَهُمْ قَاهِرُوْنَ ؟ قالَ مُوْسِى لِقَوْمِهِ اسْتَعِيْنُوْا بِاللَّهِ قالَ مُوْسَى لِقَوْمِهِ اسْتَعِيْنُوا بِاللَّهِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ مِنْ عِبَادِة وَ الْحَاقِبَة وَ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَاجِئْتَنَا قَالَ عَلى رَبُّكُمْ انْ يُهْلِكَ عَدُوَّ حُمْ وَ يَسْتَخْلُوْنَ أَنْ فِي الْاَرْضِ فَيَنْظُرَ حَيْفَ تَعْمَلُوْنَ أَنْ

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ th \ th \ rhop \ h \ rhop \ rhop \ rhop \ h \ rhop \ rhop$ 

چ

R. 16.

131. And We punished Pharaoh's people with drought and scarcity of fruits, that they might be admonished.

132. But when there came to them good, they said, 'This is for us.' And if evil befell them, they ascribed the evil fortune to Moses and those with him. Now, surely, *the cause of* their evil fortune is with Allāh. But most of them do not know.

133. And they said, 'Whatever Sign thou mayest bring us to bewitch us with, we will not believe in thee.'

134. Then We sent upon them the storm and the locusts, and the lice, and the frogs, and the blood—clear Signs; but they behaved proudly and were a sinful people.

135. And when there fell upon them the punishment, they said, 'O Moses, pray for us to thy Lord according to that which He has promised to thee. If thou remove from us the punishment, we will surely believe in thee and we will surely send with thee the children of Israel.'

136. But when We removed from them the punishment for a term which they were to reach, lo! they broke their promise.

وَ لَقَدْ أَخَذْنَا أَلَ فِرْعَوْتَ بِالسِّبْيَنَ <u>وَنَقْصٍ مِّنَ الثَّمَاتِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَذَ</u> حَرُوْنَ ٢ فإذاجاء ثهم الحسنة قالوا لناهدي وَ إِنْ تُصِبْهُمْ سَبِّئَةً يَّطَّيَّرُوْا بِمُوْسَى وَمَنْ مَّعَهُ مَالَآ إِنَّمَا طَجُرُهُمْ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَلِحِنَّ أَحْثَرَهُمْ كَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ 🕅 وَ قَالُوْا مَهْمَا تَأْتِنَا بِهِ مِنْ أَيَةٍ لِتَسْحَرَنَا بِهَا "فَمَا نَحْنُ لَكَ بمُؤْمِنِيْنَ 🐨 فَا دُسَلْنا عَلَيْهِمُ الطُّوْفَانَ وَ الْجَرَادَ وَ الْقُمَّلَ وَ الضَّفَادِعَ وَ الدَّمَ أَلِيتِ مُفَصَّلْتٍ م فَاسْتَكْبَرُوْا وَ كَانُوْا قَوْمًا مُجْرِمِيْنَ. <u>وَ</u>لَمَّاوَقَعَ عَلَيْهِمُ الرِّجْزُقَالُوْالِمُوْسَى ادْعُ لَنَارَبَّكَ بِمَاعَهِرَ عِنْدَكَ، لَئِنْ كَشَفْتَ عَنَّا الرَّجْزَ لَنُؤْمِنَنَّ لَكَ وَكُنُرْسِكُنَّ مَعَكَ بَنِي إِسْرَاءِ يُكَشَ

فَلَمَّا كَشَفْنَا عَنْهُمُ الرِّجْزَ إِلَى آجَلٍ هُمْبَالِغُوْهُ إِذَا هُمْيَنْكُثُوْنَ®

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ b \ \dot{r} \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ (228) \quad o \ (228) \quad \dot{s} \ (228) \quad$ 

137. So We took vengeance upon them and drowned them in the sea, because they treated Our Signs as lies and were heedless of them.

138. And We caused the people who were considered weak to inherit the eastern parts of the land and the western parts thereof, which We blessed. And the gracious word of thy Lord was fulfilled for the children of Israel because they were steadfast; and We destroyed all that Pharaoh and his people had built and all that they had erected.

139. And We brought the children of Israel across the sea, and they came to a people who were devoted to their idols. They said, 'O Moses, make for us a god just as they have gods.' He said, 'Surely, you are an ignorant people.

140. 'As to these, surely destroyed shall be all that they are engaged in, and vain shall be all that they do.'

141. He said, 'Shall I seek for you a god other than Allāh, while He has exalted you above all peoples?'

142. And *remember the time* when We delivered you from Pharaoh's people who afflicted you with grievous torment, slaughtering your sons and sparing your women. And therein was a great trial for you from your Lord.

فَانْتَقَمْنَا مِنْهُمْ فَأَغْرَقْنْهُمْ فِي الْبَمْ نَّهُمْ كَذَّبُوْا بِالْبِتِنَا وَ كَانُوْا عَنْهَا وَ أَوْرَثْنَا الْقَوْمَ الَّذِينَ كَانُوْا ؽۺؾؘڞٛ۬*ڂ*فُۅٛڹؘڡؘۺٙادقٙٵڵۘۘۯۻۣۊؘڡؘڂؘادِبَهَا الَّتِيْ لِرَكْنَا فِيْهَا ﴿ وَتَمَّتْ كَلِمَتُ رَبِّكَ الْحُسْنِي عَلَى بَنِيْ إِسْرَاءِيْلَهُ بِمَا صَبَرُوْا وَوَمَتَمْزُنَا مَا كَانَ تصْنَعُ فِيرْعَوْنُ وَقَوْمُهُ وَمَا كَانُوْا づれ يغرشُوْنَ 🔊 وَجَاوَذْنَابِبَنِيْ إِسْرَآءِيْكَ الْبَحْرَفَا تَوْا عَلَى قَوْمِ يَعْكُفُوْنَ عَلَى آصْنَامِ لَّهُمْ، قَالُوْا لِمُوْسَحِ احْعَلْ لَنَّنَّا الْهَا حَمَا لَهُمْ البِهَةُ • قَالَ إِنَّكُمْ قَوْمَرْ تَجْهَلُوْنَ @ إِنَّ هَهُ كَمَّ مِتَتَزَقًا هُمْ فنه وَ لِطِلَّ مَّا كَانُوْا تَعْمَلُوْنَ. قَالَ أَغَيْرَ اللهِ ٱبْغِيْكُمْ إِلْهًا وَّ هُوَ فَضَّلَكُمْ عَلَى الْعُلَمِيْنَ () وَإِذْ ٱنْجَيْـنْكُمْ مِّنْ الِ فِرْعَوْنَ يَسُوْمُوْنَكُمْ سُوْءَ الْعَذَابِ، يُقَتِّلُوْنَ اَنْنَاءَكُمْ وَ تَسْتَحْلُوْنَ نِسَاءَكُمْ ا Ê ۅؘڣ۬ۮ۬ڸۘۘڪؙۿڔؠؘڵٙٲ<sup>ۣ</sup>ٷٙڝؚٙڽٛڗۜؾؚۘڲۿڔۼڟۣؽ

R. 17.

143. And We made Moses a promise of thirty nights and supplemented them with ten. Thus the period appointed bv his Lord was completed—forty nights. And Moses said to his brother. Aaron, 'Act for me among my people in my absence, and manage them well. and follow not the way of those who cause disorder.'

144. And when Moses came at Our appointed time and his Lord spoke to him, he said, 'My Lord, show Thyself to me that I may look at Thee,' He replied, 'Thou shalt not see Me, but look at the mountain; if it remains in its place, then shalt thou see Me.' And when his Lord manifested Himself on the mountain. He broke it into pieces and Moses fell down unconscious. And when he recovered, he said, 'Holy art Thou. I turn towards Thee, and I am the first to believe.'

145. *God* said, 'O Moses, I have chosen thee above the people *of thy time* by My messages and by My word. So take hold of that which I have given thee and be of the grateful.'

146. And We wrote for him upon the tablets about everything—an admonition and an explanation of all things. 'So hold them fast and bid thy people follow the best thereof. Soon shall I show you the abode of the transgressors.' وَوْعَدْنَامُوْسَى ثَلْثِيْنَ لَيْلَةً وَّ ٱَتْمَمْنُهَا بِعَشْرٍ فَتَمَّمِيْقَاتُ رَبِّهَ آ (بَعِيْنَ لَيْلَةً وَ قَالَ مُوْسَى لِآخِيْهِ هُرُوْنَ اخْلُفْخِيْ فِيْ قَوْمِيْ وَ آصْلِحْ وَ لَا تَتَبِعْ سَبِيْلَ الْمُفْسِدِيْنَ @

وَ لَمَّا جَاءَ مُوْسَى لِمِيقَاتِنَا وَ كَلَّمَهُ رَبُّهُ " قَالَ رَبِّ اَرِنِيَ اَنْظُرُ إِلَيْكَ " قَالَ لَنْ تَرْىغِيْ وَ لَكِنِ انْظُر إِلَى الْجَبَلِ فَإِنِ اسْتَقَرَّ مَكَانَهُ فَسَوْفَ تَرْمِنِيْ فَانِ اسْتَقَرَّ مَكَانَهُ فَسَوْفَ تَرْمِنِيْ فَلَمَّا تَجَلَّى رَبُّهُ لِلْجَبَلِ جَعَلَهُ حَكَّة قَالَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ قَالَ الْمُوْسَى إِنِّى اصْطَفَيْتُكَ عَلَى التَاسِ بِرِسْلَتِيْ وَ بِكَرْمِيْ \* فَخُذْ مَا

اتَيْتُكَوَكُنْ مِّنَ الشَّكِرِيْنَ وَكَتَبْنَالَهْ فِي الْالْوَاج مِنْ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ مَوْعِظَةً وَتَفْصِيْلًا لِّكُلِّ شَيْءٍ فَخُذْهَا بِقُوَّةٍ وَّامُرْ قَوْمَكَ يَاخُذُوْا بِكَمَسِنِهَا -سَاوِرِيْكُمْ دَارَالْفْسِقِيْنَ۞ 147. I shall soon turn away from My Signs those who behave proudly in the land in an unjust manner; and even if they see all the Signs, they will not believe therein; and if they see the way of righteousness, they will not adopt it as *their* way; but if they see the way of error, they will adopt it as *their* way. That is because they treated Our Signs as lies and were heedless of them.

148. And those who disbelieve in Our Signs and the meeting of the Hereafter—their works are vain. Can they *expect to* be rewarded *for anything* except for what they do?

#### R. 18.

149. And the people of Moses made, in his absence, out of their ornaments a calf—a *lifeless* body producing a lowing sound. Did they not see that it spoke not to them, nor guided them to any way? They took it *for worship* and they were transgressors.

150. And when they were smitten with remorse and saw that they had indeed gone astray, they said, 'If our Lord do not have mercy on us and forgive us, we shall surely be among the losers.'

151. And when Moses returned to his people, indignant and grieved, he said, 'Evil is that which you did in my place in my absence. Did you hasten to devise a way for yourselves without waiting for the command of your Lord?' And he put down the سَٱصْرِفُ عَنْ أَيْتِي الَّذِيْنَ يَتَكَبَّرُوْنَ فِي الْاَرْضِ بِغَيْرِ الْحَقِّ وَإِنْ يَّرَوْا صُلَّ أَيَةٍ لَّا يُؤْمِنُوْا بِهَا ، وَإِنْ يَرَوْا سَبِيْلَ الرُّشْرِ الْغَيِّ يَتَحِذُوْهُ سَبِيْلًا ، وَ إِنْ يَرَوْا سَبِيْلَ الْغَيِّ يَتَحَدُوُهُ سَبِيْلًا ، وَ إِنْ يَرَوْا سَبِيْلَ الْغَيِّ يَتَحَدُوُوْهُ سَبِيْلًا ، وَ إِنْ يَرَوْا عَنْهَا غُفِلِيْنَ وَ الَّذِيْنَ كَذَّبُوْا بِأَيتِنَا وَ لِقَاءَ الْأُخْرَةِ حَبِطَتْ ٱعْمَائُهُمْ مَلْ يُجْزَوْنَ إِلَّا مَا كَانُوْا يَعْمَلُوْنَ أُنْ

وَاتَّخَذَ قَوْمُ مُوْسِى مِنْ بَعْدِمٌ مِنْ حُلِيِّهِمْ عِجْلًا جَسَدًا لَّهُ خُوَارً • ٱلَمْ يَرَوْا ٱنَّهْ لَا يُكَلِّمُهُمْ وَ لَا يَهْدِيْهِمْ سَبِيْلًا ماتَخَذُوْهُ وَكَانُوْا ظْلِمِيْنَ ®

ٷۘ لَمَّا سُقِطَ فِيَّ ٱيُوِيْهِمْ وَ دَاوَا ٱنَّهُمْ قَدْ ضَلُّوَا " قَالُوْا لَئِنْ تَّمْ يَرْحَمْنَا دَبُّنَا وَيَخْفِرْلَنَالَنَكُوْنَتَّ مِنَ الْخُسِرِيْنَ@

وَ لَمَّا رَجَحَ مُوْسَى إلى قَوْمِه غَضْبَانَ ٱسِفًا " قَالَ بِئْسَمَا خَلَفْتُمُوْنِيْ مِنْ بَعْدِيْ " ٱ عَجِلْتُمْ آمْ رَ رَبِّكُمْ وَ ٱلْقَى الْأَلْوَاحَ وَ آخَذَ بِرَأْسِ أَخِيْهِ

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a & i & u & | & th & | & h & \tau & | & kh & \neq & | & dh & | & s & \\ a & i & u & | & th & \tau & | & h & \tau & | & kh & \neq & | & dh & | & s & \\ (See details of transliteration on page 'p'). \end{array}$ 

وقفالازم

tablets, and caught hold of his brother's head, dragging him towards himself. He (Aaron) said, 'Son of my mother, the people indeed deemed me weak, and were about to kill me. Therefore make not the enemies rejoice over me, and place me not with the unjust people.'

152. He (Moses) said, 'My Lord, forgive me and my brother, and admit us to Thy mercy, and Thou art the Most Merciful of those who show mercy.'

### R. 19.

153. *As to* those who took the calf *for worship*, wrath from their Lord shall overtake them and abasement in the present life. And thus do We reward those who invent lies.

154. But those who did evil deeds and repented after that and believed, surely thy Lord is thereafter Most Forgiving, Merciful.

155. And when the anger of Moses was appeased, he took the tablets, and in their writing there was guidance and mercy for those who fear their Lord.

156. And Moses chose of his people seventy men for Our appointment. But when the earthquake overtook them, he said, 'My Lord, if Thou hadst pleased, Thou couldst have destroyed them before *this*, and me *also*. Wilt Thou destroy us for that

قَالَ دَبِّ اغْفِرْ بِيْ وَ لِأَخِيْ وَ اَدْخِلْنَا فِيْ دَحْمَتِكَ ۖ وَ ٱنْتَ اَدْحَمُ الرَّحِمِيْنَ۞ چْ

اِنَّ الَّذِينَ اتَّخَذُوا الْعِجْلَ سَيَنَا لَهُمْ غَضَبَ مِّنْ رَّبِهِمْ وَ ذِلَةً فِي الْحَلُوةِ الدُّنْيَاءو كَذٰلِكَ نَجْزِى الْمُفْتَرِيْنَ @ وَالَّذِينَ عَمِلُوا السَّيِّاتِ ثُمَّرَتَا بُوْا مِنْ بَعْدِهَا وَأَمَنُوَا د اِنَّ رَبَّكَ مِنْ بَعْدِهَا لَحَفُوْدً تَحِيمً @ الْآلُوَاحَة وَفِيْ نُسْخَتِهَا هُدًى وَّ رَحْمَةً الْآلُوَاحَة وَفِيْ نُسْخَتِهَا هُدًى وَ رَحْمَةً

لِّلَّذِيْنَ هُمْ لِرَبِّهِمْ يَرْهَبُوْنَ۞ وَاخْتَارَ مُوْسَى قَوْمَهْ سَبْعِيْنَ رَجُلًا لِّمِيْقَاتِنَا ، فَلَمَّآ اَخَذَتْهُمُ الرَّجْفَةُ قَالَ رَبِّ لَوْ شِئْتَ اهْلَكْتَهُمْ مِّنْ قَبْلُ وَ إِيَّايَ < اَتُهْلِكُنَا بِمَا فَعَلَ السُّفَهَا ۚ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ b \ \dot{r} \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ (23)$ (See details of transilieration on page 'p').

which the foolish among us have done? This is nothing but a trial from Thee. Thou causest to perish thereby whom Thou pleasest and Thou guidest whom Thou pleasest. Thou art our Protector; forgive us then and have mercy on us, for Thou art the Best of those who forgive.

- \*157. 'And ordain for us good in this world, as well as in the next; we have turned to Thee *with repentance.' God* replied, 'I will inflict My punishment on whom I will; but My mercy encompasses all things; so I will ordain it for those who act righteously, and pay the Zakāt and those who believe in Our Signs—
- \*158. 'Those follow who the Messenger. the Prophet. the Immaculate one, whom they find mentioned in the Torah and the Gospel which are with them. He enjoins on them good and forbids them evil, and makes lawful for them the good things and forbids them the bad, and removes from them their burden and the shackles that were upon them. So those who shall believe in him, and honour and support him, and help him, and follow the light that has been sent with him-these down shall prosper.

مِنَّا ، اِنْ هِيَ اِلَّا فِتْنَةَ تَكَ ، تُضِلُّ بِهَا مَنْ تَشَاءُ وَ تَهْدِيْ مَنْ تَشَاءُ ، آنْتَ وَلِيُّنَا فَاغْفِرْلَنَا وَ ادْحَمْنَا وَ آنْتَ خَيْرُ الْغَافِرِيْنَ®

وَ اكْتُبْ لَنَافٍ هٰذِهِ الدُّنْيَا حَسَنَةً وَّ فِي الْاحْدَةِ اتَّبَا هُدْنَبَا الْعُكَمَ قَالَ عَذَانَ أَصِنْبُ بِهِ مَنْ ، ڪُلَّ شَرِيءَ ، فَسَر أكحتُدُمًا وَ يُؤْتُونَ إِلَّ كُولاً <u>ىت</u>ىقەرت ۍ ۲ ۽ با زنى ھُ هْلَ النَّجَّ الْأَجَّعَ ى كَتَّىعُوْنَ الرَّسُ لذف تجدؤنه مكتؤتا عندهم NI 53 عَرَّمُ عَ ٤, وَ دَضَعُ عَدْ رُوْلادُ اللَّ عتاكفه

\*157. 'And ordain for us good in this world, as well as in the next; we have turned to You *seeking forgiveness*.'

Ę

<sup>\*158. &#</sup>x27;Those who follow the Messenger, the Prophet, the unlettered one,

R. 20.

159. Say, 'O mankind! truly I am a Messenger to you all from Allāh to Whom belongs the kingdom of the heavens and the earth. There is no

\*God but He. He gives life, and He causes death. So believe in Allāh and His Messenger, the Prophet, the Immaculate one, who believes in Allāh and His words; and follow him that you may be rightly guided.'

160. And of the people of Moses \* there is a party that exhorts *people* to truth and does justice therewith.

161. And We divided them into twelve tribes, *distinct* peoples. And We revealed to Moses, when his people asked drink of him, *saying*, 'Strike the rock with thy rod;' and from it there gushed forth twelve springs; every tribe knew their drinking place. And We caused the clouds to overshadow them, and We sent down for them Manna and Salwā: 'Eat of the good things We have provided for you.' And they wronged Us not, but it was themselves that they wronged.

162. And when it was said to them, "Dwell in this town and eat therefrom wherever you will, and

قُدْ، لَمَا تُعَا النَّاسُ إِنَّى رَسُوْلُ اللَّهِ إِلَيْ هُمُ حَمِيْكا اللَّذَي لَهُ مُلْكُ السَّمَوْتِ وَ الْإَرْضِ بِحَالِيهِ اللَّهُ مَهُوَ يُحْيَوَ بُمِنْتُ فأمنهاب بە النّبو س اىتەركە ۽ ل الَّذِيْ يُؤْمِنُ بِاللَّهِ وَ كَلِمْتِهِ وَ اتَّبِ لَعَا حُدْ تَفْتَدُوْنَ، وَ مِنْ قَوْمِ مُوْسَى أُمَّةُ يَهْدُوْنَ بِالْحَقِّ ۇبەيغدلۇن. وَ قَطَّعْنَهُمُ اثْنَتَىْ عَشْرَةَ أَسْبَهِ وَ أَوْجَبْنَا إِلَى مُوْسَحِي إِذَاه <u>؞</u> ۵ کَن اضْربْ تِحَصَ فَانْبَرَجَسَتْ مِنْهُ إِثْنَةَ تَاعَشُو قَاعَنَةً قَدْ عَلَمَ كُلُّ أَنَّاس وَظَلَّلْنَا عَلَيْهِمُ الْغَمَامَ وَ ٱنْزَ عَلَيْهِمُ الْمَنَّ وَ الشَّلْهِ عِلْمُ الْمَنَّ طَيِّبِتٍ مَا دَزَقْنُكُمْ ، وَ مَا ظَلَمُهُ نَا وَ لَكِنْ كَانُهُا آنْفُسَهُمْ تَظْلِمُوْنَ وَ إِذْ قِبْلَ، لَهُمُ إِنَّ كُنُوْا هٰذِهِ الْقَرْبَةَ وَ ڪُلُوْا مِنْهَا حَيْثُ شِبْتُهُ وَ قُوْلُوْا ح

\*160. ... a party that guides with truth...

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ th \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \$ 

<sup>\*159.</sup> He gives life, and He causes death. So believe in Allāh and His Messenger, the Prophet, **the unlettered one**, who believes in Allāh and His words; and follow him that you may be rightly guided.'

say, 'God! lighten our burden,' and enter the gate in humility, We shall forgive you your sins, and surely We shall give increase to those who do good."

163. But the transgressors among them changed it for a word other than that which was said to them. So We sent upon them a punishment from heaven, because of their wrongdoing.

#### R. 21.

164. And ask them concerning the town which stood by the sea. When they profaned the Sabbath; when 🕏 their fish came to them on their Sabbath day appearing on the surface they did not keep the Sabbath, they came not to them. Thus did We try them because they were rebellious.

165. And when a party among them said, 'Wherefore do you preach to a people whom Allah is going to destroy or punish with a severe \*punishment?' They said, 'As an excuse before your Lord, and that they may become righteous.'

166. And when they forgot all that thev with which had been admonished. We saved those who forbade evil, and We seized the transgressors with а severe \*punishment because they were rebellious.

وَّ ادْخُلُوا الْبَاتِ سُجَّا تَغْفِدْ لَكُهُ <u>ؿڹؙؾۘػؖ</u>ۿ؞؊ڹ۬ۯؽٵۮ

فَيَدَّلَ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوْا مِنْهُمْ قَوْلًا غَيْرَ الأذي قدل لَهُم فَآ رُسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِم رِجْزًا مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ بِمَاكَانُوْا يَظْ چ

وَسْئَلْهُمْ عَنِ الْقَرْبَةِ الَّجْبِ حَاضِرَةَ الْبَحْرِ إِذْ يَعْدُوْنَ فِي ٳۮ۬ؾٵٛؾؽۿۿڔڃؽؾٵڹؙۿۿٮ*ؘ*ۿۄؘ؊ of the water, but on the day when وَتَعَوْمَ لَا يَسْبِتُوْنَ لَا تَاتِيْهِمْ عَجْزَلِكَ إَلَيْ وَالم نَبْلُوْهُمْ بِمَا كَانُوْا يَفْسُقُوْنَ ؟ وَ إِذْ قَالَتْ أُمَّةً مِّنْهُمْ لِمَ تَعظُوْنَ **ۊ**ؘۄٛڡؘٳٳۑڷٚؗۿؙۿڸڲؙۿۯٳؘۘۅٛؗؗڡؙۼڋۜؠؙۿۿڔۼۮؘٳۑٙٳ شَدِيدًا . قَالُوْا مَعْذِرَةً إلى رَبِّكُمْ وَلَعَلَّهُمْ بَتَقَوْنَ 🕬 فَكَمَّانَسُوْامَاذُكِّرُوْابِهَٱنْجَيْنَاالَّذِيْنَ يَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ السُّوْءِ وَ أَخَذْنَا الَّذَيْنَ ظَلَمُوْا بِحَذَابٌ بَئِيْشٍ بِمَا كَانُوْا كفُسُقُهْنَ

\*165. They said, 'In order to be absolved in the sight of your Lord and that perchance they fear Allah?

\*166. because of the sins they used to commit.

ء ' اق q اغ kh خ اظ t اظ t اظ t ا ض h ح 23 م ص s اذ h r | kh خ ا kh خ ا h r | kh م ا ت a i u ا ا ض h (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

167. And when they insolently rebelled against that which they had been forbidden, We said to them, 'Be ve apes, despised!'

168. And *remember the time* when thy Lord proclaimed that He would truly raise against them, till the Day of Resurrection, those who would afflict them with grievous torment. Surely, thy Lord is quick in retribution, and surely He is *also* Most Forgiving, Merciful.

169. And We broke them up into *separate* peoples in the earth. Among them are those that are righteous and among them are those that are otherwise. And We tried them with good things and bad things that they might return.

170. Then there has come an *evil* generation after them who inherited the Book. They take the paltry goods of this low *world* and say, 'It will be forgiven us.' But if there came to them similar goods *again*, they would take them. Was not the covenant of the Book taken from them, that they would not say of Allāh *anything* but the truth? And they have studied what is therein. And the abode of the Hereafter is better for those who are righteous. Will you not then understand?

171. And *as to* those who hold fast by the Book, and observe Prayer, surely We suffer not the reward of *such* righteous *people* to perish.

فكمتاعتواعن متانهواعنه قلناكهم كُوْنُوْا قِرَدَةً خَاسَبُنَ وَإِذْ تَاذَّنَ رَبُّكَ لَيَبْعَثَنَّ عَلَيْهِمْ إِلَى بَوْمِ الْقَلْمَةِ مَنْ تَسْوْمُهُمْ سُوْء الْحَذَابِ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَسَرِيْحُ الْعِقَابِ \* وَ انَّهُ لَغَفُوْ رُجْعَمُ ٢ وَقَطَّعْنُهُمْ فِ الْأَرْضِ أُمِّمًا، مِنْهُمُ الصْلِحُوْتَ وَمِنْهُمْ دُوْتَ ذَلِكَ وَبَكَوْنُهُمْ بِالْحَسَنْتِ وَ السَّيِّاتِ **ؘ**ڵؘۘۼڐۜۿؗؗؗؗؗؗؗۿۯؾۯڿۼۅٛڹۛۜ۞ فَخَلَفَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ خَلْفٌ وَرَثُوا الكتب بَاخُذُوْنَ عَرَضَ هِذَا الْأَدْنِي وَيَقُوْلُوْنَ سَيُغْفَرُلَنَا، وَ إِنْ يَّاتِهِمْ عَرَضٌ مِّثْلُهُ يَاخُذُوْهُ 1 لَمْ يُؤْخَذُ عَلَيْهِمْ مِّيْتَاقُ الْكِتْبِ أَنْ لا يَقُوْلُوْا عَلَى اللهِ إِلَّا الْحَقَّ وَ دَرَسُوْا مَا فِيْهِ

ى اللور ، الحق و درسوا ما ويبور و الدَّارُ الْاخِرَةُ خَيْرً لِّنَّذِينَ يَتَقُوْنَ. اَفَلَا تَعْقِلُوْنَ@

وَالَّذِيْنَ يُمَسِّكُوْنَ بِالْكِتْبِ وَاتَى مُواالصَّلُوةَ واتَّ لا نُضِيعُ اَجْرَ الْمُصْلِحِيْنَ

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ th \ \stackrel{\scriptstyle \leftarrow}{=} \ | \ h \ 7 \ | \ kh \ \dot{7} \ | \ dh \ \dot{9} \ | \ \dot{7} \ | \ \dot{6} \ \dot{7} \ | \ \dot{7} \ \dot{7} \ | \ \dot{7} \ \dot{7} \ \dot{7} \ | \ \dot{7} \ \dot{7} \ \dot{7} \ | \ \dot{7} \ \dot{7$ 

\*172. And when We shook the mountain over them as though it were a covering, and they thought it was going to fall on them, *We said*, 'Hold fast that which We have given you, and remember what is therein that you may be saved.'

# R. 22.

الله 173. And when thy Lord brings forth from Adam's children—out of their loins—their offspring and makes them witnesses against their own selves by saying: 'Am I not your Lord?' They say, 'Yea, we do bear witness.' *This He does* lest you should say on the Day of Resurrection, 'We were surely unaware of this.'

174. Or *lest* you should say, 'It was only our fathers who attributed copartners to *God* in the past and we were *merely* a generation after them. Wilt Thou then destroy us for what was done by those who lied?' 175. And thus do We make clear the Signs, *that they may be admonished* and that they may return *to Us*.

176. And relate to them the story of him to whom We gave Our Signs, but he stepped away from them; so Satan followed him up, and he became *one* of those who go astray.

\*177. And if We had pleased, We

٤ اِذْ نَتَقْنَا الْجَبَلَ فَوْقَهُمْ كَانَّهُ

 ظُلَّةً وَّ ظَنُّوًا ٱنَّهُ وَاقِعٌ بِهِمْ حُذُوًا

 مَا اتَيْنَكُمْ بِقُوَّةٍ وَ اذْ حُرُوًا مَا فِيْهِ

 كَا اتَيْ عُدَتَتَقُوْنَ أَنْ

٥ اِذْ ٱخَذَ رَبُّكَ مِنْ بَنِيَ اٰدَمَ مِنْ
 خُهُوْرِهِمْ ذُرِّيَّتَهُمْ وَ ٱشْهَدَهُمْ عَلَى
 ٱنْفُسِهِمْ ، ٱ لَسْتُ بِرَبِّحُمْ ، قَالُوْا
 بَلْ: شَهِدْنَا ؛ آنَ تَقُوْلُوْا يَوْمَ الْقِيْمَةِ يَٰ
 إِنَّا حُنَّا عَنْ هٰذَا غٰفِلِيْنَ أَ

اَوْ تَقُوْلُوْا اِنَّمَا اَشْرَكَ اٰبَاَؤُنَا مِنْ قَبَلُ وَ كُنَّا ذُرِّيَّةً مِّنْ بَعْدِهِ مَ اَفَتُهْ لِكُنَا بِمَا فَحَلَ الْمُبْطِلُوْنَ ﴾ وَكَذٰلِكَ نُفَصِّلُ الْالِيتِ وَ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْجِعُوْنَ۞

ݸ اتْلُ عَلَيْهِمْ نَبَا الَّذِيَّ اتَيْنُهُ الِيتِنَا فَانْسَلَخَ مِنْهَا فَاتْبَعَهُ الشَّيْطُنُ فَكَانَ مِنَ الْغُوِيْنَ۞ وَلَوْ شِئْنَا لَرَفَعُنْهُ بِهَا وَ لَكِنَّهُ اَخْلَدَ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ r \ | \ h \ r \ | \ kh \ r \ | \ dh \ s \ of \ ransilieration on \ page \ p').$ (See details of transilieration on page \ p').

<sup>\*172.</sup> And when We caused the mountain to lean over them as though it were a canopy and they thought it was about to fall upon them,

<sup>\*177.</sup> And if We had so desired, We could have exalted him thereby; but he inclined to the earth and followed his evil inclination. His case is like that of a dog that hangs out his tongue in

could have exalted him thereby; but he inclined to the earth and followed his evil inclination. His case therefore is like the case of a *thirsty* dog; if thou drive him away, he hangs out his tongue; and if thou leave him, he hangs out his tongue. Such is the case of the people who disbelieve in Our Signs. So give *them* the description that they may ponder.

178. Evil is the case of the people who treat Our Signs as lies. And it was their own selves that they wronged.

179. He whom Allāh guides is on the right path. And they whom He adjudges astray, these it is who shall be the losers.

180. Verily, We have created many of the Jinn and men whose end shall be Hell! They have hearts *but* they understand not therewith, and they have eyes *but* they see not therewith, and they have ears *but* they hear not therewith. They are like cattle; nay, they are *even* more astray. They are indeed *quite* heedless.

181. And to Allāh *alone* belong *all* perfect attributes. So call on Him by these. And leave alone those who deviate from the right way with respect to His attributes. They shall be repaid for what they do.

اِلَى الْأَرْضِ وَ اتَّبَحَ هَوْدَهُ فَمَتَلَهُ كَمَتَلِ الْكَلْبِ ، اِنْ تَحْمِلْ عَلَيْهِ يَلْهَتْ آوْ تَتُرُكْهُ يَلْهَتْ ، ذٰلِكَ مَتَلُ الْقَوْمِ الَّذِيْنَ كَذَّبُوْا بِالتِنَا، فَاقْصُصِ الْقَصَصَ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَفَكَّرُوْنَ@

سَاءَمَتَكَ الْقَوْمُ الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوْا بِاليتِنَا وَٱنْفُسَهُمْ كَانُوْا يَظْلِمُوْنَ۞ مَنْ يَّهْدِ اللَّهُ فَهُوَ الْمُهْتَدِعِيْء وَمَنْ يُضْلِلْ فَأُولَلِكَ هُمُ الْخُسِرُوْنَ۞ وَ الْإِنْسِ لَهُمْ قُلُوْبَ لَا يَفْقَهُوْنَ بِهَا وَ لَهُمْ اَعْيُنَ لَا يُبْصِرُوْنَ بِهَا وَ لَعُمْ انْخُولُوْنَ مِها وَ مُمْ اَضَلُ أُولَلِكَ هُمُ الْخُولُوْنَ؟

exhaustion while barking at you regardless of whether you make a motion of casting a stone at him or leave him alone, he hangs out his tongue. Such is the case of the people who disbelieve in Our Signs. So narrate episodes from history so that they may ponder to draw lessons from them.

ڠ

182. And of those We have created there are a people that guide *men* with truth and do justice therewith.

R. 23.

183. And those who reject Our Signs, We will draw them *to destruction* step by step in a manner which they do not know.

184. And I give them the rein; surely, My plan is mighty.

185. Have they not considered *that* there is no insanity about their companion? He is only a plain Warner.

186. And have they not looked into the kingdom of the heavens and the earth, and all things that Allāh has created? And *do they not see* that, maybe their *own* term has already drawn nigh? Then in what thing will they believe thereafter?

187. Whomsoever Allāh adjudges astray, there can be no guide for him. And He leaves such in their transgression, wandering in distraction.

188. They ask thee respecting the Hour: 'When will it come to pass?' Say, 'The knowledge thereof is only with my Lord. None can ' manifest it at its time but He. It lies ' heavy on the heavens and the earth. It shall not come upon you but of a sudden.' They ask thee as if thou wert well acquainted therewith. Say, 'The knowledge thereof is only with Allāh; but most men do not know.'

وَ مِمَّنْ خَلَقْنَآ أَمَّةً يَّهْدُوْنَ بِالْحَقِّ ۇبەيغدلۇن، ݸݳ<u>ݴ</u>ݚݵݵ*ݤ*ݴݑݸݕݳݐݓ*ݵ*ݳݾݩݾݻݚݛݲݡݥ مِّنْ حَيْثُ لَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ ﴿ وَ ٱمْلِىٰ لَهُمْ دَانَ كَيْدِيْ مَتِيْنَ» اَوَلَمْ يَتَفَكَّرُوْاحَ مَا بِصَاحِبِهِمْ مِّنْ جِنَّةٍ انْ هُوَ اللَّا نَزِيْرُ شُبِيْنَ ٢ ٱوَلَمْ يَنْظُرُوْا فِنْ مَلَكُوْتِ السَّمَوْتِ وَ الْآَدْضِ وَ مَا خَلَقَ اللَّهُ مِنْ شَيْءٍ اوَّ أَنْ عَسَى أَنْ يَكُوْنَ قَدِاقْتَرَبَ أَجَلُهُمْ، فَباَيِّ حَدِيْثٍ بَعْدَة يُؤْمِنُوْن⊛ مَنْ يُشْلِل اللهُ فَلَا هَادِتَ لَهُ وَيَذَرُهُمْ فَيُ طُغْيَانِهِمْ يَعْمَهُوْنَ

يَسْتَلُوْنَكَ عَنِ السَّاعَةِ ٱيَّانَ مُرْسْهَا، قُلْ اِنَّمَا عِلْمُهَا عِنْدَ رَبِّيْ، لا يُجَلِّيْهَا لِوَقْتِهَآ اِلَّا هُوَ ثَقُلَتْ فِي السَّمٰوْتِ وَالْأَرْضِ ، لا تَأْتِيْكُمْ الَّا بَغْتَةً، يَسْتَلُوْنَكَ كَانَّكَ حَغِيًّ عَنْهَا، قُلْ اِنَّمَا عِلْمُهَا عِنْدَ اللهِ وَلٰكِنَّ ٱكْتَرَ النَّاسِ لَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ۞

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rhop | \ h \ rhop | \ hh \ rhop | \ hh \ rhop | \ rh$ 

189. Say, 'I have no power to do good or harm to myself, save as Allah please. And if I had knowledge of the unseen. I should have secured abundance of good; and evil would not have touched me. I am only a Warner and a Bearer of good tidings to a people who believe.'

### R. 24.

\*190. He it is Who has created you from a single soul, and made therefrom its mate, that he might find comfort in her. And when he knows her, she bears a light burden, and goes about with it. And when she grows heavy, they both pray to Allah, their Lord, saying: 'If Thou give us a good *child*, we will surely be of the thankful.'

191. But when He gives them a good child, they attribute to Him partners in respect of that which He has given them. But exalted is Allah above what they associate with Him.

192. Do they associate with Him as partners those who create nothing, and are themselves created?

193. And they can give them no help, nor can they help themselves.

194. And if you call them to guidance, they will not follow you.

قُلْ لَّهُ آمَلِكُ لِنَفْسِيْ نَفْعًا وَّ كَا ضَرًّا الم ما شَاء الله و لَه كُنْتُ أَعْلَم الْغَيْبَ لَاسْتَكْثَرْتُ مِرْبَ وَ مَا مَسَّنَّى الشَّوْءُ عَانَ أَنَا إِلَّا نَذِيرُ وَّ مَشْبُرٌ لِقَوْمِ يُؤْمِنُونَ أَسَ هُوَ الَّذِيْ خَلَةَ كُمْ مِّنْ نَّفْسٍ وَّاحِدَة وَّ جَعَلَ مِنْهَا ذَوْجَهَا لِيَسْكُنَ إِلَيْهَا، فكمها تغشيها حمكث حمله خفنفا فَحَرَّث بِهِ، فَلَمَّآ ٱثْقَلَتْ دَّعَهَ الله رَبَّهُمَا لَبُنْ أَتَبْتَنَا صَالِحًا لَّنَكُوْنَنَّ مِنَ الشَّكِرِيْنَ. فَكَمَّآ الْبِهُمَا صَالِحًا حَعَلَهُ لَهُ شُرَكَّاء فثمآ البهماء فتلغل الله عما يُشْرِكُوْنَ® اَ يُشْرِكُوْنَ مَا لَا يَخْلُوُ ى ئىخىك شەن ش ۇ لَا ئىشىتَە : اَنْفُسَهُمْ يَنْصُرُونَ، وَإِنْ تَدْعُوْهُ هُرِإِلَى الْهُدِي لَا يَتَّبِ

ء ' ا ق q ا غ kh خ ا ظ z ا ط t ا ف ل و 240 م م ا ذ h ح ا kh خ ا kh خ ا c (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

<sup>\*190.</sup> He it is Who has created you from a single being and made from that its mate, that he might find comfort in her. And when he covered her she conceived and carried a light burden and walked about with it. And when she grew heavy, they both prayed to Allah: 'If You give us a healthy righteous *child* we shall surely be of those who are grateful.'

It is the same to you whether you call them or you remain silent.

195. Surely, those whom you call on beside Allah are mere servants like you. Then call on them and let them answer you, if you are truthful.

196. Have they feet wherewith they walk, or have they hands wherewith they hold, or have they eves wherewith they see, or have they ears wherewith they hear? Say, 'Call upon the partners you associate with God, then contrive ye all against me, and give me no time.

197. 'Truly, my protector is Allāh Who revealed the Book And He protects the righteous.

198. 'And they whom you call on beside Him have no power to help you, nor can they help themselves."

199. And if you invite them to guidance, they hear not. And thou seest them looking towards thee, but they see not.

200. Take to forgiveness, and enjoin kindness, and turn away from the ignorant.

201. And if an evil suggestion from Satan incite thee, then seek refuge

سَوَاغَعَلَنْكُمْ أَدْعَوْتُهُوْ هُمْ أَمْ أَنْتُمْ صامِتُوْنَ؟ إِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ تَدْعُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ عِبَادُ ٱ<sup></sup>مَثَالُكُمْ فَادْعُوْهُمْ فَلْيَسْتَجِيْبُوْا <u>ٱ</u>حُمْرانْ حُنْتُمْ صَدِقِيْنَ ٥ ٱڵؘۿۿۯٱۯجُڶ<u>ۗ</u>ؾۜٛۿۺ۠ۉڹؠۿٙٳۮٲۿڔڶۿۿۯٱؽؠ يَبْطِشُوْنَ بِهَا د آمْ لَهُمْ اَعْيُنَ يُبْصِرُوْنَ بهآ د آمرلهُمْ إذانَ يَسْمَعُوْتَ بِهَا -قُلِ ادْعُوْا شُرَكَاءَ حُمْ ثُمَّ حِيدُوْنِ فَلَا تُنْظِرُوْن اِنَّ وَ لِيِّ يَ اللهُ الَّذِيْ نَزَّلَ الْكِتْبَ وَهُوَيَتَوَلَّى الصَّلِحِيْنَ @ وَ الَّذِيْنَ تَدْعُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِهِ كَا يَسْتَطِيْعُوْنَ نَصْرَكُمْ وَلَآَ ٱنْفُسَهُمْ كنصرون وَ إِنْ تَدْعُوْهُمْ إِلَى الْهُدِي لَا يَسْمَعُوْا ﴿ وَ تَبْرِيهُمْ يَنْظُرُوْنَ إِلَيْكَ وَ هُمْ كَمْ يُبْصِرُ وْنَ (١٩) خُذِ الْعَفْوَ وَأَمُرْ بِالْعُرْفِ وَ آَعْرِضْ عَنِ الْجُهلِيْنَ. وَإِمَّا يَنْزَغَنَّكَ مِنَ الشَّيْطِنِ نَزْغُ

(See details of transliteration on page 'p').

in Allāh; surely, He is All-Hearing, All-Knowing.

202. As to those who are righteous, when a suggestion from Satan assails them, they remember God: and behold! they begin to see things rightly.

203. And their brethren make them continue in error, and then they relax not.

204. And when thou bringest not to them a Sign, they say, 'Wherefore dost thou not forge it?' Say, 'I follow only that which is revealed

\*to me from my Lord. These are evidences from your Lord, and guidance and mercy for a people that believe.'

205. And when the Our'an is recited, give ear to it and keep silence, that you may be shown mercy.

206. And remember thy Lord in thy mind with humility and fear, and without loudness of speech, in the mornings and evenings; and be not of the neglectful.

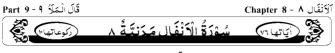
207. Truly, those who are near to thy Lord, turn not away with pride from His worship, but they glorify Him and prostrate themselves before Him.

فَاسْتَعِزْبِاللهِ وانَّهُ سَمِيْحُ عَلِيْمُ ٢ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا إِذَا مَسَّهُمْ طَيْفً قِنَ الشَّيْطِنِ تَذَكَّرُوْا فَإِذَا هُمْ مَّبْصرُ وْنَ وَ إِخْوَانُهُمْ يَمُدُّوْنَهُمْ فِ الْغَيِّ ثُمَّ لَا يُقْصِرُ وْنَ] وَ إِذَا لَمْ تَأْتِهِمْ بِأَيَةٍ قَالُوْا لَوْ كَا اجْتَبَيْتَهَا قُلْ إِنَّمَآ ٱتَّبِعُمَا يُوْخَ إِلَيَّ مِنْ زَبِّنْ اللَّهُ المَصَائِرُ مِنْ زَبَّكُمْ وَ هُدًى وَّرَحْمَةً لِّقَوْمِ تُؤْمِنُوْنَ؟ وَ إِذَا قُرِئَ الْقُرْانُ فَاسْتَمِعُوْا لَهُ وَ ٱنْصِتُوْا لَعَلَّكُمْ تُرْحَمُوْنَ،

وَ اذْكُرْ رَّبَّكَ فِنْ نَفْسِكَ تَضَرُّعًا وَّخِيْفَةً وَّ دُوْنَ الْجَهْرِمِنَ الْقَوْلِ بِالْخُدُوِّ وَالْأَصَالِ وَكَا تَحُنْ مِّنَ الْغُفِلِيْنَ 💮 إِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ عِنْدَ رَبِّكَ لَا مَسْتَكْبُرُوْنَ عَنْ عِبَادَتِهِ وَ يُسَبِّحُوْنَهُ وَلَهُ <u>ک</u>شکاه ا

ء ' اق p | غ kh خ | dh أ م ب (242 م ع ا خ h ا ا ث ا ب ا ا ث ا ب ا ا ا ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

<sup>\*204.</sup> These are illuminating Signs from your Lord and a guidance and blessing for a people that believe.'



**AL-ANFĀL** (Revealed after Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. They Ask thee concerning the spoils *of war*. Say, 'The spoils belong to Allāh and the Messenger. So fear Allāh, and set things right among yourselves, and obey Allāh and His Messenger, if you are believers.'

3. *True* believers are only those whose hearts tremble when *the name of* Allāh is mentioned, and when His Signs are recited to them they increase their faith, and who put their trust in their Lord.

4. Who observe Prayer and spend out of that which We have provided for them.

5. These it is who are true believers. They have grades of rank with their Lord, as well as forgiveness and an honourable provision.

6. As *it was* thy Lord *Who* rightfully brought thee forth from thy house, while a party of the believers were averse, *therefore He helped thee against thy enemy.* 

7. They dispute with thee concerning the truth after it has become manifest, as though they are being driven to death while they actually see *it*.

بشيرا للوالرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () يَسْحُلُوْنَكَ عَنِ الْاَنْفَالِ دَقُلِ الْاَنْفَالُ يِتَّهِ وَ الرَّسُوْلِ، فَاتَّقُوا اللهَ وَ ٱصْلِحُوْا ذات تشبي شكر مواطيعوا الله ورسوكة انْ كُنْتُمْ مُّؤْمنيْنَ () إِنَّمَا الْمُؤْمِنُوْنَ الَّذِيْنَ إِذَا ذُكِرَ اللَّهُ وجلت قُلُوبُهُم وَإِذَا تُلِيَتْ عَلَيْهِم إلَيتُهُ ۯؘٵۮؚؿۿۿڔٳؽۣڝٵڹٞٵۊۜٙۼڸؙۯؾؚۿۿڔؾؾؘۊڴؖڵۉؚؿ۞ؖ۫ اللَّذَيْنَ يُقْيَمُوْنَ الصَّلُوةَ وَمِمَّا رزَقْنْهُمْ بُنْفِقُوْنَ أَ أولَّئِكَ هُمُرِ الْمُؤْمِنُوْنَ حَقًّا ﴿ لَعُدْ دَرَجْتٌ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ وَ مَغْفِرَةً وَ رِزْقُ كَرِيْمُ كمآ أخرجك ربلك مِنْ بَيْتِكَ بِالْحَقِّ وَإِنَّ فَرِيْقًا مِّنَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ لَكُرِهُوْنَ 🖑 يُجَادِلُوْنَكَ فِ الْحَقَّ بَعْدَ مَا تَبَيَّنَ كَانَّمَا يُسَاقُوْنَ إِلَى الْمَوْتِ وَ هُمْ

يَنْظُ وْنَيْ

a i u + b i + 7 kh + dh = 0 a i u + b i + 7 kh + dh = 0(See details of transilieration on page 'p'). 8. And *remember the time* when Allāh promised you one of the two parties<sup>‡</sup> that it should be yours, and you wished that the one without sting should be yours, but Allāh desired to establish the truth by His words and to cut off the root of the disbelievers,

9. That He might establish the truth and bring to naught that which is false, although the guilty might dislike it.

10. When you implored the assistance of your Lord, and He answered you, *saying*, 'I will assist you with a thousand of the angels, following one another.'

11. And Allāh made it only as glad tidings, and that your hearts might thereby be set at rest. But help comes from Allāh alone; surely, Allāh is Mighty, Wise.

### R. 2.

12. When He caused sleep to come upon you as a *sign of* security from Him, and He sent down water upon you from the clouds, that thereby He might purify you, and remove from you the filth of Satan, and that He might strengthen your hearts and make *your* steps firm therewith.

13. When thy Lord revealed to the angels, *saying*, 'I am with you; so give firmness to those who believe.

وَ إِذْ يَعِدُكُمُ اللهُ إِحْدَى الطَّائِفَتَيْن ٱنَّهَا آكُمْ وَ تَوَدُّوْنَ أَرِبٍ غَبْرَ ذَات الشَّوْحَةِ تَحُوْنُ لَحُمْرِ وَيُرِيدُ اللَّهُ اَنْ يُحِقَّ الْحَقَّ بِكَلِمْتِهِ وَ يَقْطَعَ دَابِرَ الْكَفِرِيْنَ ٨ لِيُحِةً ١ الْحَقِّ وَ يُبْطِلُ الْسَاطِلُ وَلَوْ كركا المجرمون اذْ تَسْتَعْدَثُونَ رَوَّكُمْ فَاسْتَحَ <u>ٱ</u>حُمْراَنِّى مُحدَّكُمْ بِٱلْفِ مِّنَ الْمَلْئِكَةِ مُرْدِفَيْنَ وَ مَا حَعَلَهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ عُشَاء وَ لِتَطْمَئُنَّ بِهِ قُلُوْبُكُمْ، وَ مَا النَّصْرُ إِلَّا مِنْ عِنْدِ الله، إنَّ الله عَزِيزُ حَكِيْمُ أَن اذ بُغَشَّبْكُمُ النُّعَاسَ ) مَنَةً مِّنْهُ وَيُنَزَّلُ عَلَيْكُمْ مِّتَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً لِيُطَهِّرَكُمْ بِه وَ يُذْهِبَ عَنْكُمْ رِجْزَ الشَّيْطْنِ وَ لِيَرْبِطَ عَلْى قُلُوْبِكُمْ وَيُثَبِّتَ بِهِ الْأَقْدَامَ أَ

اِذْ يُوْجِيْ رَبُّكَ اِلَى الْمَلْئِكَةِ ٱلْمَيْ مَعَكُمُ فَتَبِّتُوا الَّذِيْنَ اٰمَنُوْا - سَالْقِيْ فِي قُلُوْبِ

*t.e.* The well-equipped Meccan army and the caravan which, only lightly armed, was proceeding to Mecca from the north.

ل ا

I will cast terror into the hearts of those who disbelieve. Smite, then, the upper parts of *their* necks, and smite off all finger-tips.'

14. That is because they have opposed Allāh and His Messenger. And whoso opposes Allāh and His Messenger, then Allāh is surely severe in retribution.

15. That *is your punishment*, taste it then; and *know* that for disbelievers there is the punishment of the Fire.

16. O ye who believe! when you meet those who disbelieve, advancing in force, turn not *your* backs to them.

17. And whoso turns his back to them on such a day, unless manoeuvring for battle or turning to *join another* company, he indeed draws upon himself the wrath of Allāh, and Hell shall be his abode. And an evil resort it is.

18. So you killed them not, but it was Allāh Who killed them. And thou threwest not when thou didst throw, but it was Allāh Who threw, that He might overthrow the \*disbelievers and that He might confer on the believers a great favour from Himself. Surely, Allāh is All-Hearing, All-Knowing.

19. That *is what happened*; and *know* that Allāh is He Who weakens the design of the disbelievers.

الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوا الرُّعْبَ فَاضْرِبُوْا فَوْقَ الْآعْنَاقِ وَاضْرِبُوْا مِنْهُمْ كُلَّ بَنَانِ ٣ ذٰلِكَ بِٱنَّهُمْ شَاقُوا اللهُ وَ رَسُوْلَهُ، وَ مَنْ يُشَاقِقِ اللهَ وَ رَسُوْلَهُ فَإِنَّ اللهُ شَدِيدُ الْعِقَاب ذٰلِكُمْ فَذُوْقُوْهُ وَ آَنَّ لِلْحُفِرِيْنَ عَذَابَ التَّار كَفَرُوْا زَحْفًا فَلَا تُوَلَّوْهُمُ الْأَدْبَارَ أَ وَمَنْ يُوَلِّهِمْ يَوْمَئِذٍ دُبُرَةَ إِلَّهُ مُتَحَرَّفًا يِّقِتَال أَوْ مُتَحَيِّزًا إلى فِئَةٍ فَقَدْ بَاءَ بِغَضَبٍ مِّنَ اللهِ وَ مَأْوْسَهُ جَهَنَّمُ \* وَبِئْسَ الْمَصِيْرُ ا فَكَمْ تَقْتُلُوْهُمْ وَلَكِنَّ اللَّهَ قَتَلَهُمْ مِ وَ مَا رَمَنْتَ إِذْ رَمَنْتَ وَ لَكِنَّ اللَّهُ رَمِّي \* وَ لِيُبْلِيَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ مِنْهُ بَلَّاءً حَسَنًا \* إِنَّ اللهُ سَمِيْحٌ عَلِيْمٌ (

ذٰلِکُمْ وَ اَتَّ اللَّهَ مُوْهِنُ ڪَد الْكْفِرِيْنَ ()

\*18. and that He might confer on the believers a **trial** from Himself—**a goodly trial**— surely Allāh is All-Hearing, All-Knowing.

a i u + b i + 7 kh + dh = 0 a i u + b i + b i = 1(See details of transilieration on page 'p'). 20. If you sought a judgment, then judgment has indeed come to you. And if you desist, it will be better for you; but if you return *to hostility*, We *too* will return. And your party shall be of no avail at all to you, however numerous it be, and *know* that Allāh is with the believers.

R. 3.

21. O ye who believe! obey Allāh and His Messenger, and do not turn away from him while you hear *him speak*.

22. And be not like those who say, 'We hear,' but they hear not.

23. Surely, the worst of beasts in the sight of Allāh are the deaf *and* the dumb, who have no sense.

24. And if Allāh had known any good in them, He would certainly have made them hear. And if He *now* makes them hear, they will turn away, in aversion.

25. O ye who believe! respond to Allāh, and the Messenger when he calls you that he may give you life, and know that Allāh comes in between a man and his heart, and that He it is unto Whom you shall be gathered.

26. And beware of an affliction which will not smite exclusively those among you who have done wrong. And know that Allāh is severe in requiting. اِنْ تَسْتَفْتِحُوْا فَقَدْ جَاّعَكُمُ الْفَتْحُ، وَاِنْ تَنْتَهُوْافَهُوَ خَيْرًا كَمْ وَاِنْ تَعُوْدُوْا نَعُدْ، وَ لَنْ تُغْنِيَ عَنْكُمْ فِنَتُكُمْ شَيْطً وَلَوْ كَثُرَتْ اوَ آَنَّ اللَّهَ مَحَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ﴾

يَايَّهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوَّا اَطِيْعُوا اللَّهَ وَ رَسُوْلَهُ وَ لَا تَوَلَّوْا عَنْهُ وَ اَنْتُمْ تَسْمَعُوْنَ شَ وَ لَا تَكُوْنُوْا كَالَزِيْنَ قَالُوْا سَمِعْنَا وَ هُمْ لا يَسْمَعُوْنَ @ الْبُكُمُ الَّذِيْنَ لا يَعْقِلُوْنَ @ وَ لَوْ عَلِمَ اللَّهُ فِيْهِمْ خَيْرًا لَّا سَمَعَهُمْ د وَ لَوْ عَلِمَ اللَّهُ فِيْهِمْ خَيْرًا لَّا سَمَعَهُمْ د

يَاكَيُّهَا الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوا اسْتَجِيْبُوْا لِتُو وَلِلرَّسُوْلِ إِذَا دَعَاكُمْ لِمَا يُحْيِيْكُمْ وَ اعْلَمُوْا اَنَّ اللَّهَ يَحُوْلُ بَيْنَ الْمَرْءِ وَ اتَّقُوْا فِتْنَةً لَّلَا تُصِيْبَتَ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوْا مِنْكُمْ خَاصَّةً وَ اعْلَمُوْا اَنَّ اللَّهُ شَرِيْدُ الْعِقَابِ @

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \overset{\frown}{=} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \overset{\circ}{=} \ \overset{\circ}{=$ 

27. And remember *the time* when you were few *and* deemed weak in the land, *and* were in fear lest people should snatch you away, but He sheltered you and strengthened you with His help, and provided you with good things that you might be thankful.

\*28. O ye who believe! prove not false to Allāh and the Messenger, nor prove false to your trusts knowingly.

29. And know that your possessions and your children are but a trial and that it is Allāh with Whom is a great reward.

30. O ye who believe! if you fear Allāh, He will grant you a distinction and will remove your evils from you and will forgive you; and Allāh is *Lord* of great bounty.

31. And *remember the time* when the disbelievers plotted against thee that they might imprison thee or kill thee or expel thee. And they planned and Allāh *also* planned, and Allāh is the Best of planners.

32. And when Our verses are recited to them, they say, 'We have heard. If we wished we could certainly utter the like of this. This is nothing

رِقَلِيْلٌ مُّسْتَضْعَفُوْنَ	وَ اذْكُرُوْا إِذْ ٱنْتُمْ
ن يَتَخَطَّفَكُمُ النَّاسُ	في الأرض تَخَافُوْنَ أ
م بِنَصْرِهٖ وَ رَزَقَكُمْ	فَالو لَكُمْ وَ آيَّدَكُ
	مِّنَ الطَّيِّبْتِ لَعَلَّ
فذوا كاتخونوا الله	یک ٹیک ٹیھا ال <b>کزین</b> ام
لْوَا أَمْنْتِكُمْ وَ ٱنْتُمْ	وَ الرَّسُوْلَ وَ تَخُوْنُ
	تَعْلَمُوْنَ۞
ۇالْكُمْرۇ أَوْكَادْكُمْر	وَ اعْلَمُوْا أَنَّمَا أَمْ
عِنْدَةَ آجْرُ عَظِيْمٌ أَ	
نُوَّالِ ثَتَقَوا الله	<b>ی</b> ا تُبْهَا الَّذِيْرِبِ اِمَ
لَّالًا وَ يُكَفِّر عَنْكُم	
فَفِرْلَكُمْ ﴿ وَ اللهُ	
	َدُوالْفَضْلِ الْحَظِ
يمبرن ، الَّذِيْنَ ڪَفَرُوْا	•
لى لۇڭ اۋ يُخْرِجُوْكَ،	•
لىر الله في مرجون م لىر الله فير	
ڪر الله ڏو الله ڪير	ويستروني ويسم الماكرين،
1	
التُنَاقَالُوْا قَدْسَمِعْنَا بر ب	
نُلَ هٰذَآ النَّ هٰذَآ الَّ	<u>لَوْنَشْآءُلْقَلْنَامِ</u>
d the Messenger while	<u> </u>

\*28. O ye who believe! Do not betray Alläh and the Messenger while you so often betray your trusts and you know it.

a i u + b r | b r | kh + dh = 0 (See details of transilieration on page [p]).

but mere tales of the ancients.'

33. And *remember the time* when they said, 'O Allāh, if this be indeed the truth from Thee, then rain down upon us stones from heaven or bring down upon us a grievous punishment.'

34. But Allāh would not punish them while thou wast among them, and Allāh would not punish them while they sought forgiveness.

35. And what excuse have they *now* that Allāh should not punish them, when they hinder *men* from the Sacred Mosque, and they are not its *true* guardians? Its *true* guardians are only those who are righteous, but most of them know not.

36. And their prayer at the House is nothing but whistling and clapping of hands. 'Taste then the punishment because you disbelieved.'

\*37. Surely, those who disbelieve spend their wealth to turn *men* away from the way of Allāh. They will surely continue to spend it; *but* then shall it become a *source of* regret for them, *and* then shall they be overcome. And the disbelievers shall be gathered unto Hell;

38. That Allāh may separate the bad

اَسَاطِبْرُ الْأَوَّ لَبْنَ ؟ وَإِذْ قَالُوا اللَّهُمَّ إِنْ كَانَ هُذَا هُوَ الْحَقِّ مِنْ عِنْدِكَ فَٱصْطِرْ عَلَيْنَا حِجَارَةً مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ أوائْتِنَا بِعَذَابِ ٱلِيْمِ ٣ وَ مَا كَانَ اللهُ لِيُعَذِّبَهُمْ وَ ٱنْتَ فِيْهِمْرِ وَمَا كَانَ اللَّهُ مُعَذِّبَهُمْ وَ هُمْر تشتغفر ون وَ مَالَهُمْ ٱلَّا بُعَذِّ بَعُمُ اللَّهُ وَ هُمْ بَصُرُّوْنَ عَنِ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ وَمَا كَانُوْا ٱوْلِيَاءَةُ دِانْ ٱوْلِيَاؤُهُ إِلَّا الْمُتَّقُدْنِ وَ لَكِنَّ آَكْثُرَهُمْ كَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ، وَ مَا كَانَ صَلا تُهُمْ عنْدَ الْمَنْتِ الَّا مُكَاءً وَّ تَصْدِيَةً فَذُوْقُوا الْعَذَابَ بِمَا كنتم تكفرون اِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا بُنْفِقُوْنَ أَمْوَالَهُمْ لتصدَّدْا عَنْ سَيْبْلِ اللهِ وَفَسَيْنَ ثُمَرتكُوْنُ عَلَيْهِمْ حَسْرَةً ثُمَر يُغْلَبُوْنَهْ وَ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا إِلَى جَهَنَّهُمْ يُحْشَرُوْنَ 🖑

لِيَحِيْزَ اللهُ الْخَبِيْثَ مِنَ الطَّيِّبِ

<sup>\*37.</sup> Surely, those who disbelieve spend their wealth to turn *people* away from the way of Allāh. They will surely continue to spend it, *but* then it will result for them in *nothing but* lament *and mourning at their utter failure* and then shall they be *roundly* defeated.

چ م

from the good, and put the bad, one upon another, and heap them up all together, and then cast them into Hell. These indeed are the losers.

## R 5

39. Say to those who disbelieve, if they desist, that which is past will be forgiven them; and if they return thereto, then verily, the example of the former peoples has already gone before them.

40. And fight them until there is no persecution and religion is wholly for Allah. But if they desist, then surely Allah is Watchful of what they do.

41. And if they turn their backs, then know that Allah is your Protector. What an excellent Protector and what an excellent Helper!

10

42. And know that whatever you take as spoils *in war*, a fifth thereof shall go to Allah and to the Messenger and to the kindred and orphans and the needy and the wayfarer, if you believe in Allah and in what We sent down to Our servant on the Day of Distinction<sup>‡</sup>—the day when the two armies met-and Allah has the power to do all things.

43. When you were on the nearer bank of the valley, and they were on the farther bank, and the caravan \*was below you. And if you had to make a mutual appointment, you

وَيَجْعَلُ الْخَسْتُ بَعْضَهُ عَ فكر كمذحمثها فتخعكذن حقنم أولبك كهم المخبسه قُلْ لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوٓا إِنْ يَنْتَهُوْا يُغْفَرُ لَهُمْ مَّا قَدْ سَلَفٌ ، وَ إِنْ تَعُوْدُوْا فَقَدْ مَضَتْ سُنَّتُ الْأَوَّلِيْنَ.

وَ قَاتِلُوْهُمْ حَتَّى لَا تَكُوْنَ فِتْنَةً وَّ رَكُوْنَ الدَّيْنُ كُلُّهُ بِلْهِ، فَإِنِ انْتَهَوْا فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ بِمَا يَعْمَلُوْنَ بَصِيْرٌ ٢ وَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَاعْلَمُوْا أَنَّ اللَّهَ مَوْلِدِ كُمْ نِعْمَر الْمَوْلِي وَنِعْمَر النَّصِيْرُ @

**ۘ**ٵڠڵؙڡؙۅٛٙٵٱنَّمَاغَنِمْتُمْ مِّنْشَيْءِفَٱنَّ يِتْهِ خُمُسَهٔ وَ لِلرَّسُوْلِ وَ لِذِي الْقُرْبِي وَالْيَتْمَى وَالْمَسْكِيْنِ وَابْنِ السَّبِيْلِ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ أَمَنْتُمْ بِاللهِ وَمَا ٱنْزَلْنَا عَلى عَبْدِنَا يَوْمَرِ الْفُرْقَانِ يَوْمَرِ الْتَقَى الْجَمْعْنِ وَاللهُ عَلَى حُلَّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيْرُ ٢ إِذْ ٱنْتُمْ بِالْعُدْوَةِ الدُّنْيَا وَهُمْ بِالْعُدْوَةِ الْقُصْلِي وَالرَّحْبُ ٱسْفَلَ مِنْكُمْ وَلَوْ تواعد تُمرلاختكف تُم فى المنعددة لكن

<sup>‡</sup> The battle of Badr.

\*43. And if you, both the belligerent parties, were to decide the time of encounter, you ء ' اق p + kh + kh + dh + ع ' اظ t | ط t | ض h و 240 م ص s | ذ h + kh + kh + dh + ع (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

would have certainly differed with regard to the appointment. But the encounter was brought about that Allah might accomplish the thing that was decreed; so that he who had already perished through a clear Sign might perish, and he who had *already* come to life through a clear Sign might live. And certainly Allah is All-Hearing, All-Knowing. 44. When Allah showed them to thee in thy dream as few; and if He had shown them to thee as many, you would have surely faltered and would have disagreed with one another about the matter: but Allah saved vou. Surely, He has full knowledge of what is in vour breasts.

45. And when at the time of your encounter He made them appear to you as few in your eyes, and made you appear as few in their eyes, that Allāh might bring about the thing that was decreed. And to Allāh are all affairs referred *for final decision*.

### R. 6.

46. O ye who believe! when you encounter an army, remain firm, and remember Allāh much that you may prosper.

47. And obey Allāh and His Messenger and dispute not with one another, lest you falter and your

لِّيَقْضِي اللَّهُ آَسُرًا كَانَ مَفْعُوْلًا لِيَهْلِكَ مَنْ هَلَكَ عَنْ بَيِّنَةٍ وَّ يَحْيٰ مَنْ حَيَّ عَنْ بَيِّنَةٍ • وَ إِنَّ اللَّهُ لَسَمِيْحُ عَلِيْحٌ أَسُ

اِذْ يُرِيْكَهُمُ اللَّهُ فِيْ مَنَامِكَ قَلِيْلًا لَهُ وَ لَوْ اَرْحَهُمْ كَثِيْرًا تَّفَشِلْتُمْ وَ لَتَنَازَعْتُمْ فِي الْآمْرِ وَ لَكِنَّ اللَّهُ سَلَّمَ الَّهُ عَلِيْمٌ بِذَاتِ الصَّدُوْرِ ؟

وَاذْ يُرِيْكُمُوْهُمْ اِذِ الْتَقَيْتُمْ فِيَ اَعْيُنِكُمْ قَلِيْلًا وَ يُقَلِّلُكُمْ فِيَ اَعْيُنِهِمْ لِيَقْضِيَ اللهُ اَمْرًا كَانَ مَفْعُوْلًا وَ إِلَى اللهِ تُرْجَعُ الْأُمُوْدُهَ

ؾۜٵؿؙۿٵڷۜۜۜڋ۬ؽؾٵؗڡٮؙۉٓٳٳۮ۬ٳڶۊؽؚؾؙۿڔڣٮٞڐ ڣؘؿ۫ڹؙؾؙۉٳ ۅؘٳڐ۠ػؙۯۅٳٳٮؿؗۿػؿؚؽڔۧٳڷۜۼٮٞۜػؙۿ ؾؙڣٛڸؚڂۉؾ۞۫

ۘ وَ اَطِيْحُوا اللهُ 
الله 
الله </p

چ

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ th \ th \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid \ dh \ \dot{s} \ \mid \ s \ o \ (250) \ d \ \dot{s} \ \mid \ th \ \dot{s} \ \mid \ ch \ \dot{s} \ \mid \ \dot{s} \ \mid \ \dot{s} \$ 

would have differed regarding the time to suit your own interests. But it was destined that Allāh would decide the time to accomplish that which had already been decreed so that they may perish who are doomed to perish by manifest justification, and they may survive who deserve to survive on the strength of manifest justification.

power depart *from you*. And be steadfast; surely, Allāh is with the steadfast.

\*48. And be not like those who came forth from their homes boastfully, and to be seen of men, and who turn *men* away from the path of Allāh, and Allāh encompasses all that they do.

49. And when Satan made their deeds *seem* fair to them and said, 'None among men shall prevail against you this day, and I am your protector.' But when the two armies came in sight of each other, he turned on his heels, and said, 'Surely, I have nothing to do with you; surely, I see what you see not. Surely, I fear Allāh; and Allāh is severe in punishing.'

### R. 7.

50. When the hypocrites and those in whose hearts is a disease said, 'Their religion has deluded these *men*.' And whoso puts his trust in Allāh, then surely, Allāh is Mighty, Wise.

51. And if thou couldst see, when the angels take away the souls of those who disbelieve, smiting their faces and their backs, *saying*: 'Taste ye the punishment of burning!

52. 'That is because of that which your hands have sent on before *yourselves*, and *know* that Allāh is not at all unjust to *His* servants.'

اِنَّ اللَّهُ مَعَ الصَّبِرِيْنَ ٢

وَ لَا تَحُوْنُوْا كَالَّزِيْنَ خَرَجُوْا مِنْ وِيَارِهِمْ بَطَرًا وَ رِئَاءَ النَّاسِ وَ يَصُدُّوْنَ عَنْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ وَ اللهُ بِمَا يَحْمَلُوْنَ مُحِيْطُ وَإِذْ زَيَّنَ لَهُمُ الشَّيْطُنُ اَعْمَالَهُمْ وَ قَالَ كَا غَالِبَ لَكُمُ الْيَوْمَ مِنَ النَّاسِ وَ إِنِّي عَلْ عَقِبَيْهِ وَ قَالَ إِنِي بَرِيَّ عَنِيَ مَرْ وَ اللهُ شَدِيْدُ الْعِقَابِ شَ

اِذْ يَقُوْلُ الْمُنْفِقُوْنَ وَ الَّذِيْنَ فِي قُلُوْ بِهِمْ تَمَرَضَ غَرَّ هَؤُلَا حِدِيْنُهُمْ وَمَنْ يَتَوَكَّلْ عَلَى اللهِ فَإِنَّ اللهَ عَزِيزَ حَكِيْمَ ۞ وَلَوْ تَرَى اِذْ يَتَوَفَّى الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوا ا الْمَلْئِكَةُ يَضْرِبُوْنَ وُجُوْهَهُمْ وَادْبَارَهُمْ وَذُوْقُوْاعَذَابَ الْحَرِيْقِ ذٰلِكَ بِمَا قَدَّ مَتْ آيَدِيْكُمْ وَآتَ اللّٰهَ لَيْسَ بِظَلًا مِلْلْعَبِيْدِ

چ

 $a i u + h \tau + h$ 

<sup>\*48.</sup> And be not like those who came forth from their homes to boast of their deeds and to make a display to the people and they prevent people from reaching the path of Allāh, and Allāh encompasses all that they do.

53. *Their case is* like the case of the people of Pharaoh and those before them: they disbelieved in the Signs of Allāh; so Allāh punished them for their sins. Surely, Allāh is Powerful *and* severe in punishing.

54. This is because Allāh would never change a favour that He has conferred upon a people until they change their own condition, and *know* that Allāh is All-Hearing, All-Knowing.

55. *Their case is* like the case of the people of Pharaoh and those before them: they rejected the Signs of their Lord, so We destroyed them for their sins. And We drowned the people of Pharaoh, for they were all wrongdoers.

\*56. Surely, the worst of beasts in the sight of Allāh are those who are ungrateful. So they will not believe,

57. Those with whom thou didst make a covenant; then they break their covenant every time, and they do not fear God.

58. So, if thou catchest them in war, then by *routing* them strike fear in those that are behind them, that they may be admonished.

59. And if thou fearest treachery from a people, throw back to them *their covenant* with equity. Surely, Allāh loves not the treacherous.

كَدَابِ ال فِرْعَوْنَ ، وَ الَّذِيْنَ مِنْ قببهم كغروا بايت الله فأخذهم اللهُ بِذُنُوْبِهِمْ النَّ اللهُ قَوِيٌّ شَرِيدُ الْعِقَاب@ ذٰلِكَ بَانَّ اللَّهُ لَمْ يَكُ مُغَيَّرًا بَّعْمَةً ٱنْعَمَهَا عَلْى قَوْمِ حَتَّى يُغَيِّرُوْا مَا ؠٵؘٮٛٛڣؙڛۿۄ۠؞ۅؘٵۜؾٞٵٮڷ۬؋*ڛٙ*ڝؽڿؙۼڸؽۿٙڕ۞ كَدَابِ الِ فِزْعَوْنَ اوَالَّذِيْنَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ ا كَذَّبُوْا بايتِ رَبِّهِمْ فَأَهْلَكْنْهُمْ بِذُنُوْبِهِمْ وَ ٱغْرَقْنَآ الَ فِرْعَوْنَ، وَ حُلَّ كَانُوْا ظَلِمِيْنَ@ إِنَّ شَرَّ الدَّوَآبِ عِنْدَ اللهِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا فَهُمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُهُ مَنْهُ مَنْ ٱلَّذِيْنَ عَاهَدْتَ مِنْهُمْ ثُمَّرَيْنْقُضُوْنَ ۼۿۮۿۿڔ**ؽ۬**ؙٛؗۘؗڴۜڵڡؘڒٙ؋ٚۊٞۿۿڔؘڵٳؽؾٞؖڨؙۉؽ۞ فَإِمَّا تَثْقَفَنَّهُمْ فِي الْحَرْبِ فَشَرِّدْ بِهِمْ مَنْ خَلْفَهُمْ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَذَّكُّرُوْنَ، وَإِمَّا تَخَافَتَ مِنْ قَوْمِ خِيَانَةً فَانْبِذْ إِلَيْهِمْ عَلَى سَوَآءٍ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ لَا يُجِبُّ الْخَالْنِنْنُ أَنْ

\*56. Surely, the worst of creatures in the sight of Allāh are those who are ungrateful. So they will not believe,

Ę.

R. 8.

60. And let not those who disbelieve think that they have outstripped Us. Surely, they cannot frustrate God's purpose.

61. And make ready for them whatever you can of armed force and of mounted pickets at the frontier, whereby you may frighten the enemy of Allah and your enemy and others besides them whom you know not, but Allah knows them. And whatever you spend in the way of Allah, it shall be repaid to you in full and you shall not be wronged.

62. And if they incline towards peace, incline thou also towards it, and put thy trust in Allah. Surely, it is He Who is All-Hearing, All-Knowing.

63. And if they intend to deceive thee, then surely Allah is sufficient for thee. He it is Who has strengthened thee with His help and with the believers:

64. And He has put affection between their hearts. If thou hadst expended all that is in the earth, thou couldst not have put affection between their hearts, but Allah has put affection between them. Surely, He is Mighty, Wise.

65. O Prophet, Allah is sufficient for thee and for those who follow thee of the believers.

## R. 9.

66. O Prophet, urge the believers to

وَلَا يَحْسَبَنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا سَبَقُوْا ـ اِنَّهُمْ لَا يُعْجِزُوْنَ 💮 وَ أَعِدُّوا لَهُمْ مَّا اسْتَطَعْتُمْ مِّنْ قُوَّة ۊۜڝؚڽٛڗؚؠؘٳڂؚؚٵؽڂؽڸ<sup></sup>ؾؙۯڝؚؠؙۉۘؽؠ؋ۘۘۼڋۊۜ الله وَ عَدُوَّ ڪُمْرَ وَ أَخَرِيْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِهِمْ ، لَا تَعْلَمُوْنَهُمْ ، آَبِلَّهُ بَعْلَمُهُمْ وَ مَا تُنْفِقُوا مِنْ شَيْءٍ فِيْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ يُوَفَّ الَيْكُمْرُوَ ٱنْتُمْ كَاتُظْلَمُوْنَ • <u>ۆ</u>رەن جَنَحُوْالِلسَّلْم فَاجْنَحْ لَهَاوَ تَوَكَّلْ عَلَى الله دانَّهُ هُوَ السَّمِعُ الْعَلْمُ ( وَإِنْ يُّرِيدُوٓا أَنْ يَخْدَعُوْكَ فَإِنَّ حَسْبَكَ اللهُ وهوَ الَّذِي آيَرَكَ بِنَصْرِهِ وَبِالْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ أَ وَ أَلَّفَ بَيْنَ قُلُوْبِهِمْ لَوْ آنْفَقْتَ مَا ف الْأَرْضِ جَمِيْعًا مَّآ ٱلَّفْتَ بَيْنَ قُلُوْبِهِمْ وَ لَكِنَّ اللهَ ٱلَّفَ بَيْنَهُمْ ٳڹٞٙ؋ۘۼڔ۬ؽۯؘ۫ڂڮؽؘؚؗؗؗۄ۫۞ يٓٱتُيها النَّجيُّ حَسبُكَ اللهُ وَمَن Ê اتَّبَعَكَ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ أَ يَا يُها النَّبِيُّ حَرِّضِ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ عَلَى ض أو 253 م ص s اخ dh + r | kh + | dh - 253 م ط ف ء' اق q اغ k ا d ' ' اظ z اط t | (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

fight. If there be of you twenty who are steadfast, they shall overcome two hundred; and if there be a hundred of you, they shall overcome a thousand of those who disbelieve, because they are a people who do not understand.

67. For the present Allāh has lightened your burden, for He knows that there is weakness in you. So, if there be a hundred of you who are steadfast, they shall overcome two hundred; and if there be a thousand of you, they shall overcome two thousand by the command of Allāh. And Allāh is with those who are steadfast.

68. It does not behave a Prophet that he should have captives until he engages in regular fighting in the land. You desire the goods of the world, while Allāh desires *for* you the Hereafter. And Allāh is Mighty, Wise.

69. Had there not been a decree from Allāh which had gone before, great distress would have surely overtaken you in *connection with that* which you took.

70. So eat of that which you have won *in war* as lawful and good, and fear Allāh. Surely, Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

## R. 10.

71. O Prophet, say to the captives who are in your hands, 'If Allāh knows any good in your hearts, He will give you better than that which الْقِتَالِ ، لِنْ يَحُنْ قِنْحُمْ عِشْرُوْنَ صَابِرُوْنَ يَغْلِبُوْا مِانَتَيْنِ ، وَ إِنْ يَّكُنْ تِنْكُمْ قِانَةً يَّغْلِبُوْا الْفًا مِّنَ الَّذِينَ حَفَرُوْا بِانَّهُمْ قَوْمَ لَا يَفْقَهُوْنَ الْنِي حَفَّفُ الله عَنْكُمْ وَ عَلِمَ انَّ فِيْكُمْ ضَعْفًا وَ فَإِنْ يَحُنْ مِّنْ حُمْ مِانَةً مَابِرَةً يَغْلِبُوْا مِانَتَيْنِ ، وَ إِنْ يَكُنْ وَاللهُ مَعَ الصِّبِرِيْنَ ﴾

مَا كَانَ لِنَبِي آنَ يَّكُوْنَ لَهَ آسْرَى حَتَّى يُثْخِنَ فِي الْكَارَضِ ، تُرِيدُوْنَ عَرَضَ الدُّنْيَا ، وَاللَّهُ يُرِيدُ الْأَخِرَةَ ، وَاللَّهُ عَزِيزً حَكِيمً () لَوْ كَا كِتْبٌ مِّنَ اللَّهِ سَبَقَ لَمَسَّكُمُ فِيْمَا آخَذْ تُمْ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمً ()

فَكُلُوْا مِحَا غَنِمْتُمْ حَلْلًا طَيِّبًا <sup>ت</sup>َ وَاتَّقُواالله الله الله عَفُوْدَ رَحِيْمَ الله

يَاكَيُّهَا النَّبِيُّ قُلْ لِمَنْ فِيَّ آيُوِيُكُمْ مِّنَ الْأَسْرَى الِنْ يَعْلَمِ اللَّهُ فِي قُلُوْبِكُمْ

a i u + | th + | h + | h + | dh + |

has been taken from you, and will forgive you. And Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.'

- \*72. And if they intend to deal treacherously with thee, they have already dealt treacherously with Allāh before, but He gave *thee* power over them. And Allāh is All-Knowing, Wise.
- \*73. Surely, those who have believed and fled from their homes and striven with their property and their persons for the cause of Allah, and those who have given them shelter and help-these are friends one of another. But as for those who have believed but have not left their homes, you are not at all responsible for their protection until they leave their homes. But if they seek your help in the matter of religion, then it is your duty to help them, except against a people between whom and yourselves there is a treaty. And Allah sees what you do.

74. And those who disbelieve they are friends one of another. If you do it not, there will be mischief in the land and great disorder.

75. And those who have believed and left their homes and striven for the cause of Allāh, and those who خَيْرًا يُؤْتِكُمْ خَيْرًا مِّمَّا أَخِذَ مِنْكُمْ وَ يَخْفِرْ لَكُمْ وَ اللَّهُ غَفُوْرً رَّحِيْمً ۞ وَ إِنْ يُوِيُدُوْا خِيَانَتَكَ فَقَدْ خَانُوا اللَّهَ مِنْ قَبْلُ فَاَمْكَنَ مِنْهُمْ وَ اللَّهُ عَلِيْمَ حَكِيْمَ ۞

اِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَ هَاجَرُوْا وَ جَاهَدُوْا بِاَمَوَالِهِمْ وَ آنْفُسِهِمْ فِيْ سَبِيْلِ اللَّهِ وَالَّذِيْنَ أَوَوَاوَّنَصَرُوَّا أُولَئِكَ بَعْضُهُمْ آوَلِيَا مَ بَحْضٍ • وَالَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوا وَ لَمْ يُهَاجِرُوْا مَا لَكُمْ مِّنْ وَالَذِينَ أَمَنُوا وَ لَمْ يُهاجِرُوْا مَا لَكُمْ مِّنْ وَالَذِينَ أَمَنُوا وَ لَمْ يَهاجِرُوْا مَا لَكُمْ مِّنْ وَالَذِينَ أَمَنُوا وَ لَمْ يَعْ حَمْدُوْا مَا لَكُمْ مِّنْ وَالَخِينَ اللَّهُ وَا وَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا بَحْفُهُمْ آوَلِيَا مُحَضْ وَ الَّذِينَ مَعْدُوْا بَحْضُهُمْ آوَلِيَا مُبَحْضٍ -وَالَّذِينَ مَعْدُوْا بَحْفُهُمْ آوَلِيمَا مُحَضْ وَالَّذِينَ مَعْدَوْهُ تَكُنْ فِنْتَنَةً فِي الْأَرْضِ

وَفَسَاءً كَبِيْزَشْ وَ الَّذِيْتَ أَمَنُوْا وَ هَاجَرُوْا وَ جَاهَدُوْا فِيْسَبِيْلِ اللَّهِ وَ الَّذِيْتَ أَوَوَا وَ نَصَرُوْا

<sup>\*72.</sup> And if they intend to betray your trust, they have already betrayed the trust of Alläh before. So He rendered them powerless. And Alläh is All-Knowing, Wise.

<sup>\*73.</sup> Surely, those who have believed and left their homes and striven with their property and their persons for the cause of Allāh, and those who have given *them* shelter and help—are indeed mutual friends.

have given them shelter and helpthese indeed are true believers. For them is forgiveness and an honourable provision.

76 And those who have believed since then and left their homes and striven for the cause of Allah along with you-these are of you; and as to blood relations, they are nearer

أولَبْكَ هُمُر الْمُؤْمِنُوْنَ حَقًّا • لَهُمْ مَغْفِرَةً وَّرِزْقُ كَرِيْمٌ @ وَ اتَّزِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا مِنْ بَعْدُ وَ هَاجَرُوْا وَ جَاهَدُوْا مَعَكُمْ فَأُولَئِكَ مِنْكُمْ -وَ أُولُوا الْآرْحَامِ بَعْضُهُمْ آوْلَى بِبَعْضٍ 



**AT-TAUBAH** (Revealed after IIijrah)

1. *This is* a declaration of *complete* absolution on the part of Allāh and His Messenger *from all obligation* to the idolaters with whom you had made promises.

2. So go about in the land for four months, and know that you cannot frustrate *the plan of* Allāh and that Allāh will humiliate the disbelievers.

3. And *this is* a proclamation from Allāh and His Messenger to the people on the day of the Greater \*Pilgrimage, that Allāh is clear of the idolaters, and so is His Messenger. So if you repent, it will be better for you; but if you turn away, then know that you cannot frustrate *the plan of* Allāh. And give tidings of a painful punishment to those who disbelieve,

4. Excepting those of the idolaters with whom you have entered into a \* treaty and who have not *subsequently* failed you in anything nor aided anyone against you. So fulfil to these the treaty *you have* made with them till their term. Surely, Allāh loves those who are righteous.

\*5. And when the forbidden months have passed, kill the idolaters wherever you find them and take ؠؘۯۜآءةٞ قِنَ اللهِ وَ رَسُوْلِمَ إِلَى الَّذِيْنَ عاهَدْتُمْ قِنَ الْمُشْرِكِيْنَ أَ

فَسِيْحُوْا فِ الْأَرْضِ أَرْبَعَةَ أَشْهُر وَّ اعْلَمُوَّا ٱنَّكُمْ غَيْرُ مُعْجِزِى اللهِ وَ آَتَ اللهَ مُخْزِى الْكُفِرِيْنَ 🕤 وَ اَذَانَ مِّنَ اللهِ وَ رَسُوْلِهَ إِلَى النَّاسِ يَوْمَ الْحَجّ الْآَكْبَر أَنَّ اللَّهَ بَرِيٓءً مِّن الْمُشْرِكِيْنَ لَا وَ رَسُوْلُهُ وَفَإِنْ تُبْتُمْ فَهُوَ خَبْرٌ آَڪُمْ وَإِنْ تَوَلَّعْتُمْ فَاعْلَمُوْا ٱنَّ ڪُمْ غَيْرُ مُعْجِزِي اللهِ، وَبَشِّرِ الَّذِيْنَ حَفَرُوْابِعَذَابِ ٱلِيُمِ خُ الَّا الَّذِبْنَ عَاهَدَتُهُمْ مِّنَ الْمُشْرِكِيْنَ ثُمَّ لَمْ بَنْقُصُوْ حُمْ شَبْعًا وَ لَمْ يُظَاهِرُوْا عَلَدْكُمْ آحَدًا فَآتِمُّوٓا إِلَيْهِمْ عَهْدَهُمْ إلى مُدَّيْهِمْ إِنَّ اللَّهُ يُحِتُ الْمُتَّقِيْنَ ؟ فَاذَا انْسَلَخَ الْأَشْهُرُ الْحُرُمُ فَاقْتُلُوا رېيْنَ حَنْتُ وَجَدْتُّمُهْ هُ

\* 5. And when the **consecrated** months have passed,

<sup>\*3.</sup> that Allāh is absolved of the idolaters, and so is His Messenger.

<sup>\*4.</sup> and who have not **fallen short of fulfilling their obligations to you** nor aided anyone against you.

Ę

them *prisoners*, and beleaguer them, and lie in wait for them at every place of ambush. But if they repent and observe Prayer and pay the Zakāt, then leave their way *free*. Surely, Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

6. And if anyone of the idolaters ask protection of thee, grant him protection so that he may hear the word of Allāh; then convey him to his place of security. That is because they are a people who have no knowledge.

## R. 2.

7. How can there be a treaty of *these* idolaters with Allāh and His Messenger, except those with whom you entered into a treaty at the Sacred Mosque? So, as long as they stand true to you, stand true to them. Surely, Allāh loves those who are righteous.

8. How *can it be* when, if they prevail against you, they would not observe any tie of relationship or covenant in respect of you? They would please you with their mouths, while their hearts refuse, and most of them are perfidious.

9. They barter the Signs of Allāh for a paltry price and turn *men* away from His way. Evil indeed is that which they do.

10. They observe not any tie of

وَخُذُوْهُمْ وَ احْصُرُوْهُمْ وَاقْحُدُوْا لَهُمْ حُلَّ مَرْصَدٍ • فَإِنْ تَابُوْا وَ اَقَامُوا الصَّلُوةَ وَ اَتَوُا الزَّحُوةَ فَخَلُّوْا سَبِيْلَهُمْ د اِنَّ اللَّهُ غَفُوْرً رَّحِيْمً ۞ وَ اِنْ اَحَدَّمِّنَ الْمُشْرِحِيْنَ اسْتَجَارَكَ فَ اَجِرْهُ حَتَّى يَسْمَعَ حَلْمَ اللَّهِ ثُمَّر اَبْلِغْهُ مَامَنَهُ دِ ذَلِكَ بِاَ نَّهُمْ قَوْمَ لَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ أَنْ

كَيْفَ يَكُوْنُ لِلْمُشْرِكِيْنَ عَهْدً عِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَعِنْدَ رَسُوْلِمَ إِلَّا الَّذِيْنَ عَاهَدْ تُّمْ عِنْدَ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ قَمَا اسْتَقَامُوْا لَكُمْ فَاسْتَقِيْمُوْا لَهُمْ التَّاسَة يُحِبُّ الْمُتَّقِيْنَ۞

كَيْفَ وَ اِنْ تَظْهَرُوْا عَلَيْكُمْ لَا يَرْقُبُوْا فِيْكُمْ اِلَّا وَّلَا فِتَدَّهُ يُرْضُوْنَكُمْ بِآفُوَاهِهِمْ وَتَابِى قُلُوْبُهُمْ ءوَ آكْثَرُهُمْ فْسِقُوْنَ أَ

اِشْتَرَوْا بِاليتِ اللهِ ثَمَنًا قَلِيلًا فَصَدُّوْا عَنْ سَبِيْلِهِ دَانَّهُمْ سَاءَمَا كَانُوْايَعْمَلُوْنَ۞

لَا يَرْقُبُوْنَ فِيْ مُؤْمِنٍ إِلَّا وَّكَا ذِمَّةً ﴿

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ c + | \ h \ 7 | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{s} | \ s \ c_{258} \qquad 0 \qquad (258)$  (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

relationship or covenant in respect of anyone who trusts *them*. And it is they who are transgressors.

11. But if they repent and observe Prayer and pay the Zakāt, then they are your brethren in faith. And We explain the Signs for a people who have knowledge.

12. And if they break their oaths \*after their covenant, and attack your religion, then fight *these* leaders of disbelief—surely, they have no regard for their oaths—that they may desist.

13. Will you not fight a people who have broken their oaths, and who plotted to turn out the Messenger, and they were the first to commence *hostilities* against you? Do you fear them? Nay, Allāh is most worthy that you should fear Him, if you are believers.

14. Fight them, that Allāh may punish them at your hands, and humiliate them, and help you *to victory* over them, and relieve the minds of a people who believe;

15. And that He may take away the wrath of their hearts. And Allāh turns with mercy to whomsoever He pleases. And Allāh is All-Knowing, Wise.

16. Do you think that you would be left alone, while Allāh has not yet known those of you who strive *in the cause of Allāh* and do not take *anyone* for an intimate friend beside

\*12. and revile your religion,

وَ أُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُعْتَدُوْنَ

فَرَانْ تَابُوْا وَ آقَامُوا الصَّلُوةَ وَ أَتَوَا الزَّحُوةَ فَرَخْوَانُكُمْ فِي الدِّيْنِ وَ نُفَصِّلُ الأليتِ لِقَوْمِ يَعْلَمُوْنَ () وَرَانْ تَحَثُّوًا آَيْمَانَهُمْ مَوْنَ بَعْدِ عَهْدِهِمْ وَطَعَنُوْا فِي دِينِكُمْ فَقَاتِلُوَا أَئِمَةَ الْكُفْرِ الَّهُمُ لَآ آَيْمَانَ لَهُمْ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَنْتَهُوْنَ () وَهَمُوَا بِرِخْرَاجِ الرَّسُوْلِ وَهُمْ بَدَءُوْ حُمْ آوَلَ مَرَّةٍ وَآتَ خَشُوْنَهُمْ فَاللَّهُ آَحَقُ آنَ

قَاتِلُوْهُمْ يُعَذِّبْهُمُ اللهُ بِآيَدِيَكُمْ وَيُخْزِهِمْ وَيَنْصُرْكُمْ عَلَيْهِمْ وَيَشْفِ صُدُوْدَ قَوْمِ تُؤْمِنِيْنَ ﴾ وَيُذْهِبْ غَيْظَ قُلُوْبِهِمْ وَيَتُوْبُ اللهُ عَلٰى مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَاللهُ عَلِيْمَ حَكِيْمً ()

اَمْ حَسِبْتُمْ اَنْ تُتْرَكُوْا وَلَمَّا يَعْلَمِ اللَّهُ الَّذِيْنَ جَاهَدُوْا مِنْكُمْ وَ لَمْ يَتَّخِذُوْا مِنْ دُوْنِ اللَّهِ وَ لَا دَسُوْلِهِ Allāh and His Messenger and the believers? Allāh is well aware of what you do.

R. 3.

- \*17. The idolaters cannot keep the Mosques of Allāh in a good and flourishing condition while they bear witness against themselves to disbelief. It is they whose works shall be vain, and in the Fire shall they abide.
- \*18. He alone can keep the Mosques of Allāh in a good and flourishing condition who believes in Allāh, and the Last Day, and observes Prayer, and pays the Zakāt, and fears none but Allāh; so these it is who may be among those who reach the goal.

19. Do you hold the giving of drink to the pilgrims, and the maintenance of the Sacred Mosque as *equal to the works of* him who believes in Allāh and the Last Day and strives in the path of Allāh? They are not *at all* equal in the sight of Allāh. And Allāh guides not the unjust people.

20. Those who believe and emigrate from their homes for the sake of God and strive in the cause of Allāh

وَلَا الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ وَلِيْجَةً ، وَ اللَّهُ خَبِيْزٌبِمَا تَعْمَلُوْنَ شَبِمَا تَعْمَلُوْنَ شَمَا كَانَ لِلْمُشْرِكِيْنَ آنْ يَعْمُرُوْامَا كَانَ لِلْمُشْرِكِيْنَ آنْ يَعْمُرُوْامَا كَانَ لِلْمُشْرِكِيْنَ عَلَى آنْفُسِهِمْمَا جَانَ لِلْمُشْرِكِيْنَ عَلَى آنْفُسِهِمْمَا كَانَ لِلْمُشْرِكِيْنَ عَلَى آنْفُسِهِمْمَا كَانَ لِلْمُشْرِكِيْنَ عَلَى آنْفُسِهِمْبِالْكُفْرِ أولَلْ لَكَ حَبِطَتْ آعْمَالُهُمْوَفِي النَّارِ هُمْ خَلِدُوْنَالتَّارِ هُمْ خَلِدُوْنَالتَّامَة مَا يَا اللَّهِ مَنْ أَمَنَ بِاللَّهِالتَّامَة مَا يَا اللَّهُ اللَّهِ مَنْ أَمَنَ بِاللَّهِالتَّحْمَرُ الْحَارِ مَا يَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَا يَعْمَارُ اللَّهُ عَانَ الْحَارِ مَنْ الْمَا يَا يَا يَعْمَارُهُالتَّحْدَرُ الْحَارِ مَنْ الْمَا يَحْدَرُ أَنَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ الْحَارِ مُ الْحَارِ مَ الْمُنْ يَا الْحَارِ مُ الْمَا يَحْدَرُ الْحُدَارِ مُ حَدَارَ مَ الْمَنْ بِاللَّهُ الْحَارِ مِ حَدَى الْمُنْ حَدَارَةُ مَ الْمَا يَا الْحَارِ مُ حَدَا الْمَا الْحُدَارِ الْحَدَارِ مَ حَدَالَةُ الْمُ حَدَانَ الْمُ حَدَا الْحَارَ مُ حَدَانَ الْمُ حَدَا الْحَدَارِ مَ حَدَارَ مُ حَدَانَ الْحَدَارَ مُ حَدَا الْحَدَارَ الْحَدَانَ الْحَدَارِ مَ حَدَالَ مَ الْحَارِ الْحَدَانَ الْحَدَانَ مَ حَدَانَ مَ حَدَانَ الْحَدَانَ مُ حَدَانَ مَ حَدَا مَ حَدَانَ مَ حَدَانَ مَ حَدَانَ مَ حَدَانَ مُ حَدَانَ مَ حَدَا

المَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ كَمَنْ أَمَنَ بِاللَّهِ وَ الْيَوْمِ الْأَخِرِ وَ جَاهَدَفِيْ سَبِيْلِ اللَّهِ لَا يَسْتَوْنَ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَ اللَّهُ لَا يَهْدِى الْقَوْمَ الظَّلِمِيْنَ۞ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَ هَاجَرُوْا وَ جَاهَدُوْا فِيْ سَبِيْلِ اللَّهِ بِآمُوَالِهِمْ وَ آنْفُسِهِمْ ا

وقفالازم

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ h \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid \ dh \ \dot{s} \ \mid \ s \ of \ \underline{cases} \ of \ transitieration \ on \ page \ p \ ). \end{array}$ 

<sup>\*17.</sup> It is not for the idolaters to do justice to the purposes for which the Mosques are built for Allāh and to maintain them accordingly while they stand witness to their own disbelief.

<sup>\*18.</sup> Verily, he alone is worthy of maintaining the Mosques of Allāh who believes in Allāh, and the Last Day, and observes Prayer, and pays Zakāt, and fears none but Allāh; so these it is who are far more likely to be *counted* among the guided.

with their property and their persons have the highest rank in the sight of Allāh. And it is they who shall triumph.

21. Their Lord gives them glad tidings of mercy from Him, and of *His* pleasure, and of Gardens wherein there shall be lasting bliss for them;

22. They will abide therein for ever. Verily, with Allāh there is a great reward.

23. O ye who believe! take not your fathers and your brothers for friends, if they prefer disbelief to faith. And whoso befriends them from among you, it is they that are wrongdoers.

24. Say, if your fathers, and your sons, and your brethren, and your wives, and your kinsfolk, and the wealth you have acquired, and the trade whose dullness you fear, and the dwellings which you love are dearer to you than Allāh and His Messenger and striving in His cause, then wait until Allāh comes with His judgment; and Allāh guides not the disobedient people.

## R. 4.

25. Surely, Alläh had helped you on many a battlefield, and on the Day of Hunain, when your great numbers made you proud, but they availed you nought; and the earth,

ٱعْظَمُردَرَجَةً عِنْدَ اللهِ • وَ أُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْغَابُزُوْنَ. ؽڹۺۧۯۿۿۯڒڹۘ۠ۿۿڔڹؚۯڂڡؘڐٟڡؚؚۧڹٛۮۏڕۻٛۏ<u>ٳ</u>ڹ وَّ جَنْت لَهُمْ فَنْهَانَعِنْمُ مُقَنْمُ أ خْلِدِيْنَ فَيْهَا آبَدًا إِنَّ اللَّهَ عِنْدُكُمْ آجْزُ عَظِنْمُ ؖۑٙٱؾؙۿٵڷؖۮؽڹؘٳڡڹؙۉٵ**؇ؾؘ**ؾۧڿڋؙۉٓٵٳؠٙٳ۫ٶؙۘۿڔ وَإِخْوَانَكُمْ أَوْلِيَاءَ إِنِ اسْتَحَبُّوا الْكُفْرَ عَلَى الْإِيْحَانِ ﴿ وَ مَنْ يَّتَوَلَّهُمْ مِّنْكُمْ فَأُولَبَكَ هُمُ الظَّٰلِمُوْنَ @ قُلْ إِنْ كَانَ أَمَا أُكْمُ مَوَ آَيْنَا أُحُهُمُ <u>ڔ</u>ٳڂٛۊؚٳڹؙڪؙۿڔۊۜٳۮٛۊٳڿؙۘؗؗڝٞۿڔۊۼۺؽڗؾؙػٛۿڔ وَ آمَوَ الْ إِقْتَرَفْتُمُوْهَا وَ يَجَارَةً تَخْشَوْنَ كَسَادَهَا وَ مَسْكِنُ تَرْضَوْنَهَا آحَتَ اِلَيْكُمْ تِيْنَ اللهِ وَ رَسُوْلِهِ وَجِهَادٍ فَيْ سَبِيلِم فَتَرَبَّصُوْا حَتَّى يَأْتِيَ اللَّهُ بِأَمْرِهِ. چی ا وَاللَّهُ لا يَهْدِى الْقَوْمَ الْفُسِقِيْنَ شَ لَقَدْ نَصَرَكُمُ اللهُ فِيْ مَوَاطِنَ كَثِيْرَةٍ ا ۊۜۑۉمرح<mark>ؙ</mark>ڹٙؽڹ؞ٳۮٛٵڠڿؠؘؿػؙۿڔػؿٛۯؾؙػٛۿڔ فَلَمْ تُغْنِ عَنْكُمْ شَيْعًا وَّ ضَاقَتْ

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ th \ \mathring{o} \ \mid \ h \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid \ dh \ & \ s \ & \ (261) \ o \ (261) \ & \ (261$ 

with *all* its vastness, became straitened for you, *and* then you turned your backs retreating.

\*26. Then Allāh sent down His peace upon His Messenger and upon the believers, and He sent down hosts which you did not see, and He punished those who disbelieved. And this is the reward of the disbelievers.

27. Then will Allāh, after that, turn with compassion to whomsoever He pleases; and Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

28. O ye who believe! surely, the idolaters are unclean. So they shall not approach the Sacred Mosque after this year of theirs. And if you fear poverty, Allāh will enrich you out of His bounty, if He pleases. Surely, Allāh is All-Knowing, Wise.

29. Fight those from among the People of the Book who believe not in Allāh, nor in the Last Day, nor hold as unlawful what Allāh and His Messenger have declared to be unlawful, nor follow the true \*religion, until they pay the tax with *their own* hand and acknowledge their subjection.

#### R. 5.

30. And the Jews say, Ezra is the son of Allāh, and the Christians say, \* the Messiah is the son of Allāh; that

عَلَيْكُمُ الْأَدْضُ بِمَا دَحُبَتْ ثُمَّ وَلَّيْتُمْ مَّرْبِرِ يُنَ@ ثُمَّ ٱنْزَلَ، اللهُ سَكِنْنَتَ وَ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِيْنِ وَ أَنْزَلَ حُنُوْدًا لَّهْ تَدَوْهَا، وَعَذَّبَ الَّذِيْرِ بَ كَفَرُوْا. وَذَلِكَ جَزَاءُ الْكُفِرِيْنَ ٢ ثُمَّ تَتُهْ بُ اللهُ مِنْ بَعْد ذٰلِكَ عَلٰى مَنْ تَشَاعُدوَ اللهُ عَفُوْدَ تَحْتُمُ لَاَتُهَا الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا الَّمَا الْمُشْرِكُوْنَ نَجَسَّ فَلَا يَقْرَبُوا الْمَسْجِرَ الْحَرَامَ بَعْدَ عَامِهِمْ هٰذَا ۦ وَإِنْ خِفْتُمْ عَدِ فَسَهْفَ يُغْنِثُكُمُ اللهُ مِنْ فَضْلِمَ إِنْ شَاء الله عليم حكيم 🔊 قَاتِلُوا الَّذِيْنَ كَايُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِاللَّهِ وَلَا بالْيَوْمِ الْأَخِرِ وَكَا يُحَرِّمُوْنَ مَا حَرَّمَ اللهُ وَ رَسُوْلُهُ وَ لَا يَدِيْنُوْنَ دِيْنَ الْحَقِّ مِنَ الَّذِينَ أَوْتُوا الْكِتْبَ حَتَّى يُعْطُوا الْجزْيَةَ عَنْ يَدِوَّ هُمْ صَ

وَ قَالَتِ الْيَهُوْدُ عُزَيْرُ إِبْنُ اللّٰهِ وَ قَالَتِ النَّصْرَى الْمَسِيْحُ ابْنُ اللّٰهِ • ذٰلِكَ

Ę

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ \tau & | \ kh \ \tau & | \ dh \ s \ o \\ (see details of transilteration on page \ p'). \end{array}$ 

<sup>\* 26.</sup> Then Allāh caused tranquillity to descend upon His Messenger and upon the believers,
\* 29. until they pay the tax with *their own* hand *submissively* and acknowledge their subjection.
\* 30. they are but a word of their mouths.

is what they say with their mouths. They imitate the saying of those who disbelieved before them. Allāh's curse be on them! How are they turned away!

31. They have taken their learned men and their monks for lords beside Allāh. And *so have they taken* the Messiah, son of Mary. And they were not commanded but to worship the One God. There is no god but He. Too Holy is He for what they associate *with Him*!

32. They desire to extinguish the light of Allāh with their mouths; but Allāh will permit nothing except that He will perfect His light, though the disbelievers may dislike *it*.

33. He it is Who sent His Messenger with guidance and the religion of truth, that He may make it prevail over every *other* religion, even though the idolaters may dislike *it*.

34. O ye who believe! surely, many of the priests and monks devour the wealth of men by false means and turn *men* away from the way of Allāh. And those who hoard up gold and silver and spend it not in the way of Allāh—give to them the tidings of a painful punishment,

35. On the day when it shall be made hot in the fire of Hell, and their foreheads and their sides and

قَوْلُهُمْ بِأَفْوَاهِ هِمْ، يُضَاهِ خُوْنَ قَوْلَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا مِنْ قَبْلُ إِ قَاتَلَهُمُ اللَّهُ ا اَنِّى *بُ*هُ فَكُهْنَ 🕞 اتَخَذُوْا آحْمَادَهُمْ وَرُهْبَانَهُمْ آدْبَابًا مِّنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ وَ الْمَسِيْحَ ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ ، وَمَا أُمِرُوْا إِلَّا لِيَعْبُدُوْا إِلٰهَا وَّاحِدًا \* لَا ٳڶؗۿٳڴۜۿۅؘ؞ڛٛڋڂڹٙۮؘۼڝۜٙٵؿۺٝڔڲٛۏ<sup>ۣ</sup>ؽ۞ يريدون أن يُطْفِعُوا نُوْرَ اللهِ بِأَفْوَاهِهم وَ يَابِي اللهُ إِلَّا أَنْ تُبِتِعَرِنُوْرَةً وَ لَوْ كَرِهَ الكفرۇن 🕅 هُوَ الَّذِينَ ٱ دُسَلَ رَسُوْلَهُ بِالْهُدى وَ دِيْنِ الْحَقّ لِيُظْهِرَهُ عَلَى الدِّيْنِ كُيِّهِ ، وَكُوْ النصف كَرِة أَلْمُشْرِكُوْنَ @ يَاكَيْهَا الَّبَنِينَ أَمَنُوٓا إِنَّ كَتْثِرًا مِّنَ الْكَحْبَارِ وَ الرُّهْبَانِ لَيَا كُلُوْنَ آمَوَالَ النَّاسِ بالْبَاطِلِ وَ يَصُدُّوْتَ عَنْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ وَ الَّذِيْنَ يَكْزِزُوْنَ الذَّهَبَ وَالْفِضَةَ وَلَا يُنْفِقُوْنَهَا فِي سَبِيْلِ اللهِ ا فَبَشِّرْهُمْ بِعَذَابِ ٱلِيْحِ<sup>ْ</sup> يَوْمَ يُحْمَى عَلَيْهَا فِيْ نَارٍ جَهَنَّمَ فَتُكُوى بها جبّاهُهُمْ وَجُنُوْبُهُمْ وَظُهُوْدُهُمْ ؞

their backs shall be branded therewith *and it shall be said to them*: 'This is what you treasured up for yourselves; so now taste what you used to treasure up.'

36. The reckoning of months with Allāh has been twelve months by Allāh's ordinance since the day when He created the heavens and the earth. Of these, four are sacred.

\*That is the right creed. So wrong not yourselves therein. And fight the idolaters all together as they fight you all together; and know that Allāh is with the righteous.

37. Surely, the postponement of a Sacred Month is an addition to disbelief. Those who disbelieve are led astray thereby. They allow it one year and forbid it another year, that they may agree in the number of *the months* which Allāh has made sacred, and thus may make lawful what Allāh has forbidden. The evil of their deeds is made *to seem* fair to them. And Allāh guides not the disbelieving people.

### R. 6.

38. O ye who believe! what is the matter with you that, when it is said to you, go forth in the way of Allāh, you sink heavily towards the earth? Would you be contented with the present life in preference to the \*Hereafter? But the enjoyment of

the present life is but little, as compared with the Hereafter.

اِنَّ عِدَّةَ الشُّهُوْرِ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ اثْنَا عَشَرَ شَهُرًا فِيْ كِتْبِ اللَّهِ يَوْمَ خَلَقَ السَّمُوْتِ وَالْاَرْضَ مِنْهَآ اَرْبَعَةً حُرُمً الْإِلَى الرِّيْنُ الْقَتِمُ لا فَلَا تَظْلِمُوْا فِيْهِنَّ آنْفُسَكُم وَ قَاتِلُوا الْمُشْرِكِيْنَ كَافَّةً حَمَا يُقَاتِلُونَ حُمْ كَافَّةً وَاعْلَمُوْا اَنَّ اللَّهُ مَعَ الْمُتَقَبْنَ

إِنَّمَا النَّسِيَّءُ زِيَادَةً فِي الْكُفْرِ يُضَلُّ بِهِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا يُحِلُّوْنَهُ عَامًا وَ يُحَرِّمُوْنَهُ عَامًا لِّيُوَاطِئُوا عِدَّةً مَا حَرَّمَ اللَّهُ فَيُحِلُّوْا مَا حَرَّمَ اللَّهُ لَا يَهْدِى الْقَوْمَ الْكُفِرِيْنَ جَ

يَاكَيْهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا مَالكُمْ إِذَاقِيْلَ لَكُمُ انْفِرُوْافِيْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ اتَّاقَلْتُمْ إِلَى الْآدْضِ آرَضِيْتُمْ بِالْحَيْوةِ الدُّنْيَا مِنَ الْأَخْرَةِ إِلَّا قَلِيْلَ @

\* 36. This is the religion that stays.

ے ای

<sup>\*38.</sup> The gains of the present life will but seem small and insignificant in the Hereafter.  $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ b | \ h \ 7 | \ kh \ \dot{r} | \ dh \ \dot{s} | \ \varsigma = 263$   $\Im \ b | \ \dot{c} + |$ 

39. If you do not go forth *to fight*, He will punish you with a painful punishment, and will choose in your stead a people other than you, and you shall do Him no harm at all. And Allāh has full power over all things.

40. If you help him not, then *know that* Allāh helped him *even* when the disbelievers drove him forth while he was one of the two when they were both in the cave, when he said to his companion, 'Grieve not, for Allāh is with us.' Then Allāh sent down His peace on him, and strengthened him with hosts which you did not see, and humbled the word of those who disbelieved, and it is the word of Allāh alone which is supreme. And Allāh is Mighty, Wise.

41. Go forth, light and heavy, and strive with your property and your persons in the cause of Allāh. That is better for you, if only you knew.

42. If it had been an immediate gain and a short journey, they would certainly have followed thee, but the hard journey seemed too long to them. Yet they will swear by Allāh, *saying*, 'If we had been able, we would surely have gone forth with you.' They ruin their souls; and Allāh knows that they are liars.

R. 7.

43. Allāh remove thy cares. Why didst thou permit them to stay

لِلَّا تَنْفِرُوْا يُعَذِّبُكُمْ عَذَابًا ٱلِيُحَاةُ وَ يَسْتَبُدِلْ قَوْمًا غَيْرَكُمْ وَ لَا تَضُرُّوْهُ شَيْئًا وَ اللَّهُ عَلْى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَرِيْرً @

رِلَّاتَنْصُرُوْهُ فَقَدْ نَصَرَهُ اللهُ إِذْ آخْرَجَهُ الَّذِينَ حَفَرُوْا ثَانِي اتْنَيْنِ اِذْ هُمَا فِي الْغَارِ اِذْ يَقُوْلُ لِصَاحِبِهِ لَا تَحْزَنْ رِانَّ اللهُ مَعَنَاء فَانَزَلَ اللهُ سَكِيْنَتَهُ عَلَيْهِ وَآتَكَ لَا بِجُنُوْدٍ لَّمْ تَرَوْهَا وَ جَعَلَ صَلِمَةَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا السُفْلْ. وَكَلِمَةُ اللهِ هِيَ الْعُلْيَا. وَاللهُ عَزِيْزُ حَجَيْمَ ؟

اِنْفِرُوْا خِفَافًا وَّ ثِقَالًا وَّ جَاهِدُوْا بِآمَوَالِكُمْوَ ٱنْفُسِكُمْ فِيْسَبِيْلِ اللَّهِ ذٰلِكُمْ خَيْرً لَّكُمْ اِنْ حُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُوْنَ لَوْ حَانَ عَرَضًا قَرِيْبًا وَّ سَفَرًا قَاصِدًا لَا تَّبَعُوْكَ وَ لٰكِنْ بَعُدَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ الشُّقَةُ وَسَيَحْلِفُوْنَ بِاللَّهِ لَوَاسْتَطَعْنَا كَخَرَجْنَا مَعَكُمْ الْيُهْ لَحُوْنَ ٱنْفُسَهُمْ ، وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ اِنَّهُمْ لَحُذِبُوْنَ أَنْ

عَفَا اللهُ عَنْكَ لِمَ أَذِنْتَ لَهُمْ حَتَّى

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \dot{-} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{-} \ | \ dh \ \dot{\circ} \ | \ s \ \dot{-} \ s \ \dot{-} \ c \ \dot{-} \ c \ \dot{-} \ \dot{-}$ 

*behind* until those who spoke the truth had become known to thee and *until* thou hadst known the liars?

44. Those who believe in Allāh and the Last Day will not ask leave of thee *to be exempted* from striving with their property and their persons. And Allāh well knows the righteous.

45. Only those will ask leave of thee *to be exempted* who do not believe in Allāh and the Last Day, and whose hearts are full of doubt, and in their doubt they waver.

46. And if they had intended to go forth they would certainly have made some preparation for it; but Allāh was averse to their marching forth. So He kept them back, and it was said: 'Sit ye *at home* with those who sit.'

47. If they had gone forth with you, they would have added to you nothing but trouble, and would have hurried to and fro in your midst, seeking *to create* discord \*among you. And there are among you those who would listen to

them. And Allāh well knows the wrongdoers.

48. They sought *to create* disorder even before *this*, and they devised plots against thee till the truth came and the purpose of Allāh prevailed, though they did not like *it*. يَتَبَيَّنَ لَكَ الَّزِيْنَ صَدَقُوْا وَ تَعْلَمَ الْحُزِبِيْنَ لا يَشتَاذِنُكَ الَّزِيْنَ يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْأَخِرِ اَنَ يُّجَاهِ دُوْابِاَمُوَالِهِمْ وَ اَنْفُسِهِمْ وَ اللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِالْمُتَّقِيْنَ التَّما يَشتَاذِنُكَ الَّذِيْنَ لا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِاللَّهِ وَ الْيَوْمِ الْأَخِرِ وَ ارْتَابَتْ قُلُوْبُهُمْ فَهُمْ فِيْ رَيْبِهِمْ يَتَرَةَ دُوْنَ قَلْحِنْ حَرِهَ اللَّهُ الْبِعَاتَهُمْ فَتَبَّطَهُمْ وَ يَوْ الْتَعْ دُوْا مَعَ الْقُورِ الْحَرِوَ الْتَعْ عَرْدَى وَ لَوْ الْتَعْ دُوْا مَعَ اللَّهُ الْبِعَاتَهُمْ فَتَبَّطَهُمْ وَ يَوْ يَنَ الْتُعْدَرُوْا مَعَ الْقُورِ الْمَ

لَوْخَرَجُوْافِيْكُمْ مَّازَادُوْكُمْ اِلَّاخَبَالَا وَكَ آوْضَعُوْا خِلْلَكُمْ يَبْغُوْنَكُمُ الْفِتْنَةَ • وَفِيْكُمْ سَمَّعُوْنَ لَهُمْ • وَاللَّهُ عَلِيْمٌ بِالظَّلِمِيْنَ؟

لَقَدِ ابْتَغَوًا الْفِتْنَةَ مِنْ قَبْلُ وَ قَلَّبُوًا لَكَ الْأُمُوْرَ حَتَّى جَاءَ الْحَقُّ وَ ظَهَرَ اَمْرُ اللهِ وَهُمْ حُرِهُوْنَ۞

\*47. And there are among you those who **are wont to** listen to them.

49. And among them is he who says, 'Permit me to stay behind and put me not to trial.' Surely, they have already fallen into trial. And surely, Hell shall encompass the disbelievers.

50. If good befall thee, it grieves them, but if a misfortune befall thee, they say, 'We had indeed taken our precaution beforehand.' And they turn away rejoicing.

51. Say, 'Nothing shall befall us save that which Allah has ordained for us. He is our Protector, And in Allah then should the believers put their trust."

52. Say, 'You do not await for us anything except one of the two good things; while as regards you, we await that Allah will afflict you with a punishment either from Himself or at our hands. Wait then: we also are waiting with you.'

'Spend willingly 53. Say, or unwillingly, it shall not be accepted from you. You are indeed а disobedient people.'

54. And nothing has deprived them of the acceptance of their contributions save that they disbelieve in Allāh and His Messenger. And they come not to Prayer except lazily and they make no contribution save reluctantly.

55. So let not their wealth nor their

وَ مِنْهُم مَّنْ تَقُوْلُ انْزَنْ لِّيْ وَ لَا تَفْتِتِّيْء ٱكَابِي الْفِتْنَةِ سَقَطُوْا ﴿ وَإِنَّ جَهَنَّهُمُ لَمُحِيْطَةً بِالْكَفِرِيْنَ @ إِنْ تُصِبْكَ حَسَنَةً تَسُؤُهُمْ، وَإِنْ تُصنك مُصنية تَقُولُوا قَدْ آخَذْنَآ آمْرَنَا مِنْ قَبْلُ وَيَتَوَلَّوْا وَّ هُمْ فَرِحُوْنَ ۞ قُلْ لَّنْ تُصِبْبَنَا الَّا مَا كَتَبَ اللَّهُ لَنَاءٍ هُوَ مَوْلِينًا ، وَعَلَى اللهِ فَلْيَتَوَكَّل المؤمنة قُلْ هَلْ تَرَبَّصُوْنَ بِنَآ الَّ آ اِحْدَى الْحُسْنَيَيْنِ ، وَنَحْنُ نَتَرَبَّصُ بِكُمْ اَنْ تَصِيْبَكُمُ اللهُ بِعَذَابِ مِّنْ عِنْدِهَ ٱۉ بٱؽ<u>ڋ</u>ؽنا <sup>٦</sup> فَتَرَبَّصُوٓا إنَّا مَعَكُم مُ تَرَ بِّصُوْنَ۞ قُلْ ٱنْفِقُوْا طَوْعًا ٱوْ كَرْهَالَّنْ تُتَقَتَّلَ مِنْكُمْ وانْكُمْ كُنْتُمْ قَوْمًا فْسِقِيْنَ @ وَمَا مَنَعَهُمْ إَنْ تُقْبَلَ مِنْهُمْ نَفَقْتُهُمْ إِلَّا ٱنَّهُمْ كَفَرُوْا بِاللهِ وَ بِرَسُوْلِهِ وَ لَا بَاتُوْبَ الصَّلْوَةَ إِلَّا وَ هُمْ كُسَالِي وَكَا يْنْفِقُوْنَ إِلَّا وَ هُمْ كُرِهُوْنَ @ فكر تُعْجِبْكَ أَمْوَالُهُمْرَوَ كَآ أَوْلَادُهُمْ دِ

(See details of transliteration on page 'p').

children excite thy wonder. Allāh only intends to punish them therewith in the present life and that their souls may depart while they are disbelievers.

56. And they swear by Allāh that they are indeed of you, while they are not of you, but they are a people who are timorous.

57. If they could find a place of refuge, or caves, or *even* a hole to enter, they would surely turn thereto, rushing uncontrollably.

58. And among them are those who find fault with thee in *the matter of* alms. If they are given thereof, they are content; but if they are not given thereof, behold! they are discontented.

59. Had they but been content with what Allāh and His Messenger had \*given them and said, 'Sufficient for us is Allāh; Allāh will give us of His bounty, and so will His Messenger; to Allāh do we turn in supplication,' *it would have been better for them*.

#### R. 8.

60. The alms are only for the poor and the needy, and for those employed in connection therewith, and for those whose hearts are to be reconciled, and for the *freeing of* slaves, and for those in debt, and for the cause of Allāh, and for the wayfarer—an ordinance from Allāh. And Allāh is All-Knowing, Wise.

إِنَّهَا يُرِيْدُ اللَّهُ لِيُعَذِّ بَهُمْ بِهَا فِي الْحَلُوةِ الدُّنْسَاوَ تَزْهَةً إِلَّ وَ هُمْ كَفِرُ وْنَ ٢ وَ يَحْلِفُوْنَ بِاللهِ إِنَّهُمْ لَمِنْكُمْ وَ مَا ۿؗۿڔٞڣٙڹٛڴۿڔؘۊڵڮؚڹۜٞۿۿڔۊؘۉۿؘڗؾڣٛڒۊؙۉڹ۞ لَوْ يَجدُوْنَ مَلْجَاً أَوْ مَغْرَبٍ أَوْ مُدَّخَلًا لَّهُ لَهُ إِلَيْهِ وَهُمْ يَجْمَحُوْنَ @ وَمِنْهُمْ مَّنْ يَلْمِزُكَ فِي الصَّدَقْتِ، فَإِنْ أعطؤا منبقا دضوا وَإِنْ لَحْرِيُعْطَوْا مِنْهَا إذًا هُمْ بَسْخَطُوْنَ ٥ وَ لَوْ اَنَّهُمْ رَضُوْا مَا الْتِهُمُ اللَّهُ وَ رَسُوْلُهُ لا وَ قَالُوْا حَسْنُنَا اللهُ سَلُوْتَبْنَا اللهُ مِرْبٍ فَضْلِهِ وَ رَسُوْلُهُ إِإِنَّا إِلَى اللَّهِ رَاغِنُهْنَ أَنْ

اِنَّمَا الصَّدَقْتُ لِلْفُقَرَآءِ وَ الْمَسْكِيْنِ وَ الْعُمِلِيْنَ عَلَيْهَا وَالْمُؤَلَّفَةِ قُلُوْبُهُمْ وَ فِي الرِّقَابِ وَ الْغَارِمِيْنَ وَ فِيْ سَبِيْلِ اللَّهِ وَابْنِ السَّبِيْلِ «فَرِيْضَةً مِّنَ اللَّهِ « وَ اللَّهُ عَلِيْمٌ حَكِيْمٌ ۞

\* 59. 'Sufficient for us is Allāh—and His Messenger; surely Allāh will bestow on us of His bounty;

س س

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ (h \ 7 | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{s} | \ s \ of \ cases details of transitieration on page 'p').$ 

### وَاعْلَمُوَّا ا - Part 10 - 10

\*61. And among them are those who annoy the Prophet and say, 'He gives ear to all.' Say, 'His giving ear to all is good for you; he believes in Allāh and believes the Faithful, and is a mercy for those of you who believe.' And those who annoy the Messenger of Allāh shall have a grievous punishment.

62. They swear by Allāh to you to please you; but Allāh and His Messenger are more worthy that they should please him *and God*, if they are believers.

63. Have they not known that whoso opposes Allāh and His Messenger, for him is the fire of Hell, wherein he shall abide? That is the great humiliation.

64. The hypocrites fear lest a Sūrah should be revealed against them, informing them of what is in their hearts. Say, 'Mock ye! surely, Allāh will bring to light what you fear.'

65. And if thou question them, they will most surely say, 'We were only talking idly and jesting.' Say, 'Was it Allāh and His Signs and His Messenger that you mocked at?

66. 'Offer no excuse. You have certainly disbelieved after your believing. If We forgive a party from among you, a party shall We punish, for they have been guilty.' بْنُهُمُ الَّذِينَ يُؤْذُونَ النَّبِيَّ وَ يَقُوْلُونَ ، م قُلْ أَذُنُ خَبْر لَّ • وَ رَحْمَةً ىالله وَ يُؤْمِنُ لِلْمُؤْم امَنُوْا مِنْكُمْ وَالَّذِيْرِي ؠؙۉٙٛۮؙۉڹؘۘۘۘۘۘۯڛؙۉڵٵٮڷٚڣڵؘۿۿ؏ يحلفون بالله ككم ليرضوكم، والله وَ رَسُوْلُهُ آحَقُّ آنَ يُرْضُوْهُ إِنْ كَانُوْا مُؤْمننن اَ لَهْ **بَعْلَمُ**ّا اَن**َّ**هُ <del>مَ</del>رْبُ تُحَادد الله وَ دَسُهْلُهُ فَاَنَّ لَهُ نَادَ جَهَنَّمَ خَالِرًا فشها، ذلكَ الْجِزْيُ الْعَظْنُمُ 🐨 ىخذر المنفقون آن تُنَزَّل عَلَيْهِم سُوْرَةً تُنَبِّئُهُمْ بِمَافِيْ قُلُوْ بِهِمْ اقْلُ اسْتَهْزِءُوْا، إِنَّ اللَّهَ مُخْرِجُ مَّا تَحْذَ دُوْنَ ٣ ۇ ئىك ساڭتەھ ئىتەركى كَلْحَبْ وَقُلْ أَبِاللَّهِ وَ الْتِيهِ ۇرَسەلەڭنْتە تَش *لا تغت*زرُوْا قَرْكَ ان تَعْفُ عَرِبَ طَائفة مّ ئْفَةً بَا تَهُمْ كَانُوْا مُجْرِمِيْنَ أَ

<sup>\*61.</sup> And among them are those who hurt the Prophet and say, 'He is all ears.' Say, 'His disposition to listen to all is good for you; he believes in Allāh and has trust in the believers, and is a mercy for those of you who believe.'

R. 9.

67. The hypocrites, men and women, are *all connected* one with in another. They enjoin evil and forbid good, and keep their hands closed. They neglected Allāh, so He has neglected them. Surely, it is the hypocrites who are the disobedient.

68. Allāh promises the hypocrites, men and women, and the disbelievers the fire of Hell, wherein they shall abide. It will suffice them. And Allāh has cursed them. And they shall have a lasting punishment,

69. Even as those before you. They were mightier than you in power and richer in possessions and children. They enjoyed their lot for a short time, so have you enjoyed your lot as those before you enjoyed their lot. And you indulged in idle talk as they indulged in idle talk. It is they whose works shall be of no avail in this world and the Hereafter. And it is they who are the losers.

70. Has not the story reached them of those before them—the people of Noah, ' $\bar{A}$ d, and Tham $\bar{u}$ d, and the people of Abraham, and the dwellers of Midian, and the cities which were overthrown? Their Messengers came to them with

ٱلْمُنْفِقُوْنَ وَ الْمُنْفِقْتُ بَعْضُهُمْ مِّنْ بَعْضٍ مَيَاْمُرُوْنَ بِالْمُنْكَرِ وَيَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْمَعْرُوْفِ وَيَقْبِضُوْنَ آيَرِيَهُمْ نَسُوا الله فَنَسِيَهُمْ التَّ الْمُنْفِقِيْنَ هُمُ الْفُسِقُوْنَ وَ عَذَ اللهُ الْمُنْفِقِيْنَ وَ الْمُنْفِقْتِ هِيَ حَسْبُهُمْ ، وَ لَحَنَهُمُ اللهُ ، وَ لَهُمْ عَذَابَ مُقْفِيْمَ أُن

كَالَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ كَانُوَّا اَشَدَّ مِنْكُمْ قُوَّةً وَ اَحْتَرَ اَمْوَالًا وَ اَوْلَادًا. فَاسْتَمْتَعُوْا بِخَلَاقِهِمْ فَاسْتَمْتَعْتُمْ بِخَلَا قِكُمْ بِخَلَاقِهِمْ وَخُضْتُمْ كَالَّذِي مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ بِخَلَاقِهِمْ وَخُضْتُمْ كَالَّذِي خَاصُوْا. أولْئِكَ حَبِطَتْ اَعْمَالُهُمْ وَاللَّ نَيَا وَ الْأَخْرَةِ ، وَ أُولْئِكَ هُمُ الْخْسِرُوْنَ.

ٱلَمْيَاْتِهِمْنَبَاٰالَّذِيْنَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْقَوْمِ نُوْحٍ وَّ عَادٍ وَّ ثَمُوْدَة وَ قَوْمِ إِبْلِهِيْمَ وَ آصْحٰبٍ مَدْيَنَ وَ الْمُؤْتَفِحْتِ. ٱتَتْهُمْ رُسُلُهُمْ بِالْبَيِّنْتِ، فَمَا حَانَ

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \mathring{o} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{r} \ | \ dh \ & | \ s \ & \circ \ (270) \ & \ (270) \ & \ (270) \ & \ (270) \ & \ (270) \ & \ (270) \ & \ (270) \ & \ (270) \ & \ (270) \ & \ (270) \ & \ (270) \ & \ (270) \ & \ (270) \ & \ (270) \ & \ (270) \ & \ (270) \ & \ (270) \ & \ (2$ 

clear Signs. So Allāh would not wrong them, but they wronged themselves.

71. And the believers, men and women, are friends one of another. in They enjoin good and forbid evil is and observe Prayer and pay the Zakāt and obey Allāh and His Messenger. It is these on whom Allāh will have mercy. Surely, Allāh is Mighty, Wise.

72. Allāh has promised to believers. men and women. Gardens beneath which rivers flow, wherein they will abide, and delightful dwelling-places in Gardens of Eternity. And the pleasure of Allah is the greatest of all. That is the supreme triumph.

## **R.** 10.

73. O Prophet, strive against the disbelievers and the hypocrites. And be severe to them. Their abode is Hell, and an evil destination it is.

74. They swear by Allāh that they said nothing, but they did certainly use blasphemous language, and disbelieved after they had embraced \*Islām. And they meditated that

الله لتظلمهم ولكر في كَانُهَا أنفسهم تظلمون وَ الْمُؤْمِنُوْتِ وَ الْمُؤْ آۋليتاءً تغض مركاْمُرُوْنَ بِالْمَعْ وَ يَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْمُنْكَرِ وَ يُقِيْمُ الصَّلُوةَ وَ يُؤْتُوْنَ الزَّحُوةَ وَ يُطِيْعُوْنَ الله وَ رَسُوْلَهُ ٢ أُولَعْ ٢ اللهُ إِنَّ اللهُ عَزِيْزُ حَكَثِمُ () وَعَدَ اللهُ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنِ وَ الْمُؤْمِنِي جَنّْتِ تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهُرُ خْلِدِيْنَ فيْهَا وَمَسْحِنَ طَيِّبَةً فَيْ جَنّْتِ عَدْنٍ ـ وَ رَضُوَاتٌ مِّنَ اللهِ أَكْبَرُ ﴿ ذَلِكَ هُوَ لج الح الْفَوْذُ الْعَظِيْمُ ٢ ڸ<u>ٙ</u>ٱ يُّهَا النَّبِّ جَاهِدِ الْڪُفَّارَ وَ الْ ۇ اغْلُظْ عَلَيْهِمْ ﴿ وَ مَأْوِىهُمْ جَهَنَّ وَبِئْسَ الْمَصِيْرُ @ يَحْلِفُوْنَ بِاللَّهِ مَا قَالُوْا ﴿ وَ لَقَا كَلِمَةَ الْكُفْرِ وَكَفَرُوْا بَعْدَ إِسْ وَ هَمُّوْا بِمَا لَمْ يَنَالُوْا ۗ وَ مَا نَقَ

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ r + | \ kh \ r' + dh \ s \ s \ transliteration on page \ p).$ (See details of transliteration on page \ p).

<sup>\*74.</sup> And they meditated **upon** that which they *subsequently* failed to attain. And they **nourished** hatred only because Allāh and His Messenger had enriched them out of His bounty. So if they repent, **it would** be better for them; but if they turn away, Allāh will punish them with a grievous punishment in this world and the Hereafter, and they shall have neihter friend nor helper in the earth.

which they could not attain. And they cherished hatred only because Allāh and His Messenger had enriched them out of His bounty. So if they repent, it will be better for them; but if they turn away, Allāh will punish them with a grievous punishment in this world and the Hereafter, and they shall have neither friend nor helper in the earth.

75. And among them there are those who made a covenant with Allāh, *saying*, 'If He give us of His bounty, we would most surely give alms and be of the virtuous.'

76. But when He gave them of His bounty, they became niggardly of it, and they turned away in aversion.

77. So He requited them with hypocrisy *which shall last* in their hearts until the day when they shall meet Him, because they broke their promise to Allāh, and because they lied.

\*78. Know they not that Allāh knows their secrets as well as their private counsels and that Allāh is the Best Knower of all unseen things?

79. Those who find fault with such of the believers as give alms of their own free will and with such as find nothing *to give* save *the earnings of* their toil. They thus deride them. Allāh shall requite them for their derision, and for them is a grievous punishment.

اَنْ اَغْنَى اللهُ وَ رَسُوْلُهُ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ -فَإِنْ يَتُوْبُوْا يَكُ خَيْرًا لَّهُمْ - وَ إِنْ يَتَوَلَّوْا يُحَذِّبُهُمُ اللهُ عَذَابًا الِيْمًا افِ الدُّنْيَا وَ الْأَخِرَةِ - وَمَالَهُمْ فِي الْأَدْضِ مِنْ وَ لِيِّ وَلَا نَصِيْرِ @

وَ مِنْهُمْ مَّنْ عَهَدَ اللهَ لَئَنْ أَتْبَنَّا مِنْ فَضْله لَنَصَدَقَنَ وَ لَنَكُوْنَنَ مِنَ الصّرحين فَكَمَّآ أَتْبِهُمْ مِّنْ فَضْلِهِ بَجْلُوْا بِهِ وَ تَوَلَّوْاوَّ هُمْ تُعْرِضُوْنَ ﴾ فَاعْقَبَهُمْ نِفَاقًا فِن قُلُوْبِهِمْ إِلى يَوْمِر يَلْقَوْنَهُ بِمَآ أَخْلَفُوا اللَّهَ مَا وَعَدُوْهُ وَبِمَاكَانُوْا يَكْذِبُوْنَ أكَمْ تَعْلَمُوٓا أَتَّ اللهُ تَعْلَمُ سِرَّهُمْ وَنَجْوِ مِهْمَرُوَ أَنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَّامُ الْغُيُوْبِ ٥ ٱلَّزِيْنَ يَلْمِزُوْنَ الْمُطَّوِّعِيْنَ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ فِي الصِّرَقْتِ وَ الَّذِينَ كَا ݵݼݙݸݵ<u>ٳ</u>ݱݙݲۿݢۿۿۏ**ؘ**ڲۺڂؘۯݸݵݦݔٛۿۮ سَخِرَ اللهُ مِنْهُمْ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابَ ٱلْمُرْصَ

\*78. Know they not that Allāh knows their secrets **and covert deliberations** and that Allāh is the Best Knower of the unseen things?

#### وَاعْلَمُوَّا 1 - Part 10

±يئ∸

80. Ask thou forgiveness for them, or ask thou not forgiveness for them; even if thou ask forgiveness for them seventy times, Allāh will never forgive them. That is because they disbelieved in Allāh and His Messenger. And Allāh guides not the perfidious people.

### R. 11.

\*81. Those who were left behind rejoiced in their sitting *at home* behind *the back of* the Messenger of Allāh, and were averse to striving with their property and their persons in the cause of Allāh. And they said, 'Go not forth in the heat.' Say, 'The fire of Hell is more intense in heat.' Could they but understand!

82. They must laugh little and weep much as a reward for that which they used to earn.

83. And if Allāh return thee to a party of them, and they ask of thee leave to go forth *to fight*, say then, 'You shall never go forth with me and shall never fight an enemy with me. You chose to sit *at home* the first time, so sit now with those who remain behind.'

\*84. And never pray thou for any of them that dies, nor stand by his grave; for they disbelieved in Allāh

اِسْتَغْفُ لَهُمْ أَوْ لَا تَسْتَغْفُ لَهُمْ ا ان تَسْتَغْفُ لَهُمْ سَبْعِدْنَ مَرَّةً فَلَنْ ىر اللهُ لَهُمْ الْخِلِكَ ر اَ قَدْمُ **دَ** بِاللَّهِ وَرَسُوْلِهِ وَاللَّهُ لَا تَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الفسقش فرح المخلفون بمقع رَسُوْلِ اللهِ وَ كَرِهُوْا أَنْ يُجَاهِدُوْا بِآمَوَالِهِمْ وَ ٱنْفُسِهِمْ فِيْ سَبِيْلِ اللَّهِ وَ قَالُهُ الكَتْنُفِرُوْ فِ الْحَرِّ فَلْ نَارُ جَهَنَّهُمَ أَشَدُّ حَرًّا إِلَهْ كَانُوْا يَفْقَهُوْنَ ٨ فَلْتَضْحَكُوْا قَلْبُلَّهِ وَّلْتَتْكُوْا كَتْتُرًا، جَزاءً بِمَاكَانُوْا يَكْسِبُوْنَ ﴿ فَانْ تَحْجَكَ اللهُ الحربِ طَآئِفَة مَّنْهُمْ فَاسْتَاذَنُوْكَ لِلْخُرُوْجِ فَقُلْ تَخْرُجُوْا مَعِيَ أَكَرًا وَّ كَنْ تُقَاتِلُوْا مَعَى عَدُوًا إِنَّكُمْ رَضِيْتُمْ بِالْقُعُوْدِ أَوَّلَ مَرَّة فَاقْعُدُوْا مَعَ الْخَالِفِيْنَ @ وَلَا تُصَلَّ عَلَى اَحَدِ مِنْهُمْ مَّاتَ اَ بَدًا وَكَا تَقْمَر عَلَى قَبْرِهِ ﴿ إِنَّهُمْ كَفَرُوْا بِاللَّهِ

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ \tau & | \ kh \ \tau & | \ dh \ s & | \ s & z \\ (See details of transitieration on page 'p'). \end{array}$ 

<sup>\*81.</sup> Those who contrived to be left behind rejoiced at their staying back in contradiction to the Messenger of Alläh, and were averse to striving with their property and their persons in the cause of Alläh.

<sup>\*84.</sup> Never say prayer over any of them when he dies, nor stand by his grave to pray; for they disbelieved in Alläh and His Messenger and died while they were disobedient.

and His Messenger and died while they were disobedient.

85. And their possessions and their children should not excite thy wonder; Allah only intends to punish them therewith in this world and that their souls may depart while they are disbelievers.

86. And when a Sūrah is revealed. enioining, 'Believe in Allah and strive in the cause of Allah in company with His Messenger,' those of them who possess affluence ask leave of thee and say, 'Leave us that we be with those who sit at home."

87. They are content to be with the womenfolk, and their hearts are sealed so that they understand not.

88. But the Messenger and those who believe with him strive in the cause of Allah with their property and their persons, and it is they who shall have good things, and it is they who shall prosper.

89. Allāh has prepared for them Gardens underneath which flow rivers; therein they shall abide. That is the supreme triumph.

# R 12

90. And those who make excuses from among the desert Arabs, came that exemption might be granted them. And those who were false to Allah and His Messenger stayed at home. A grievous punishment shall befall those of them who disbelieve.

وَرَسُوْلِهِ وَمَاتُوْا وَهُمْ فْسِقُوْنَ @ وَ لَا تُعْجِبُكَ آمْوَالُهُمْ وَ أَوْكَادُهُمْ مَ ٳ<sup>ڹ</sup>ؘؘؘٞٛٛؖٵؽڔؽۮٵٮڷؗ؋ٵؘڽٛؾؙۼڒؚٙڹۿ<sub>ۿ</sub>ڔؚؠۿٳڣۣٵڵڎ۠ؽؾٵ وَ تَزْهَقَ آنْفُسُهُمْ وَ هُمْ كُفِرُ وْنَ وَ إِذَآ أُنْزِلَتْ سُوْرَةً أَنْ أَمِنُوْا بِاللهِ وَ جَاهِدُوْا مَعَ رَسُوْلِهِ اسْتَأَذَ نَكَ ٱولُوا الطَّوْلِ مِنْهُمْ وَقَالُوْا ذَرْنَا نَحُنْ مَّجَ الْقُعديْنَ ٢ رَضُوْا بِأَنْ يَحُوْنُوْا مَعَ الْخَوَالِفِ وَطُبِحَ عَلَى قُلُوْبِهِمْ فَهُمْ لَا يَفْقَهُوْنَ ٢ لحِن الرَّسُوْلُ وَ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا مَعَهُ جَاهَدُوْا بِآمَوَالِهِمْ وَ ٱنْفُسِهِمْ -وَ ٱولَيْكَ لَهُمُ الْخَبْرَتُ رَوَ ٱولَيْكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُوْنَ ٱعَدَّ اللهُ لَهُمْ جَنَّتِ تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الأثهرُ خلدير فشها وذلك الْفَوْرُ الْعَظِنْمُ ٢ وَجَاء الْمُعَذِّرُوْنَ مِنَ لِيُؤْذَنَ لَهُمْرِ وَ قَحَدَ الَّذِيْنَ حَذَبُوا الله و رَسُوْلَهٔ ، سَيُصِيْبُ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا مِنْهُمْ عَذَابٌ ٱلنُّمَّ ٠

ء : ا ق q ا غ h ت ا ل ا ف ا ف ا ف م و 274 م ص s ا ف h ت ا ل ا ف ا ب م ا ث h ت ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

ق الا

91. No blame lies on the weak, nor on the sick, nor on those who find naught to spend, if they are sincere to Allah and His Messenger. There is no cause of reproach against those who do good deeds; and Allah is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

92. Nor against those to whom, when they came to thee that thou shouldst mount them, thou didst say, 'I cannot find whereon I can mount you;' they turned back, their eyes overflowing with tears, out of grief that they could not find what they might spend.

93. The cause of reproach is only against those who ask leave of thee. while they are rich. They are content to be with the womenfolk. And Allah has set a seal upon their hearts so that they know not.

**5** 94. They will make excuses to you when you return to them. Say, 'Make no excuses; we will not believe you. Allāh has already informed us of the facts about you. And Allah will observe your conduct, and also His Messenger; then you will be brought back to Him Who knows the unseen and the seen, and He will tell you all that you used to do.'

95. They will swear to you by Allāh, when you return to them, that you may leave them alone. So

لَبْسَ، عَدَى الضَّحَفَاءِ وَكَاعَدَى الْمَرْضِي وَ لَا عَلَى الَّذِيْنَ لَا يَجِدُوْنَ مَا يُنْفِقُوْنَ حَرَجٌ إِذَا نَصَحُوْا بِتَّهِ وَ رَسُوْلِهِ ، مَا عَلَى الْمُحْسِنِيْنَ مِنْ سَبِيْلٍ ﴿ وَ اللَّهُ غَفُوْرٌ تَحْدَجُ أَنَ ٷ*ۜ*ۘڒعؘػٵڷۜڋؽڹٳۮٙٵڡٙٵٙٵؘؿۉڮٙڸؾؘڂڝؚڬۿۯ قُلْتَ لَآ أَجِدُ مَآ أَحْمِلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ م تَوَلَّوْا وَّ أَعْيُنُهُمْ تَغِيْضُ مِنَ الدَّمْجِ حَزَنًا ٱلَّا يَجدُوْا مَا يُنْفِقُوْنَ أَ إِنَّهَا السَّبِيْلُ عَلَى اتَّذِيْنَ يَسْتَاذ نُوْنَكَ وَهُمْ أَغْنِياً ﴾ رَضُوْا بِأَنْ يَّكُوْنُوْا مَعَ الْخَوَالِفِ " وَ طَبَعَ اللهُ عَلَى قُلُوْبِهِمْ فَهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ ؟ يَعْتَذِرُوْنَ اِلَيْكُمْ اِذَا رَجَعْتُمْ 🕺 اِلَيْهِمْ ، قُلْ لَّا تَعْتَذِرُوْا لَنْ نُّؤْمِنَ لَحُمْ قَدْ نَبَّانَا اللهُ مِنْ أَخْبَارِكُمْ -وَ سَكَرَب اللهُ عَمَاكُمْ وَ رَسُوْلُهُ ثُمَّرتُرَدُّوْن إلى عليمِ الْغَيْبِ وَالشَّهَا حَقِ فَيُنَبِّئُكُمْ بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُوْنَ @ سَيَحْلِفُوْنَ بِاللهِ لَكُمْ إِذَا انْقَلَبْتُمْ إليهم لتعرضوا عنهم فأعرضوا

(See details of transliteration on page 'p').

\*leave them alone. Surely, they are an abomination, and their abode is Hell—a *fit* recompense for that which they used to earn.

96. They will swear to you that you may be pleased with them. But *even* if you be pleased with them, Allāh will not be pleased with the rebellious people.

97. The Arabs of the desert are the worst in disbelief and hypocrisy, and most apt not to know the ordinances of the Revelation which Allāh has sent down to His Messenger. And Allāh is All-Knowing, Wise.

\*98. And among the Arabs of the desert are those who regard that which they spend *for God* as a fine and they wait for calamities to *befall* you. On themselves shall fall an evil calamity. And Allāh is All-Hearing, All-Knowing.

99. And among the Arabs of the desert are those who believe in Allāh and the Last Day and regard that which they spend as means of drawing near to Allāh and *of receiving* the blessings of the Prophet. Aye! it is for them certainly a means of drawing near *to God*. Allāh will soon admit them to His mercy. Surely, Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

عَنْهُمْ - إِنَّهُمْ رِجْسَ ، وَ مَاوْ لَهُمْ جَهَنَّمُ ، جَزَاءً بِمَا كَانُوْا يَكْسِبُوْنَ يَحْلِفُوْنَ لَكُمْ لِتَرْضَوْا عَنْهُمْ ، فَاِنَ تَرْضَوْا عَنْهُمْ فَاِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَرْضَى عَنِ الْقَوْمِ الْفُسِقِيْنَ الْآعْرَابُ اشَدُّ كُفْرًا وَ نِفَاقًا وَ اجْدَرُ الَّا يَعْلَمُوْا حُدُوْدَ مَا آنْزَلَ اللَّهُ عَلٰى رَسُوْلِهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيْمٌ حَكِيْمٌ @

وَمِنَ الْأَعْرَابِ مَنْ يَّتَّخِذُ مَا يُنْفِقُ مَخْرَمًا وَّ يَتَرَبَّصُ بِحُمُ الدَّوَآئِرَد عَلَيْهِمْ كَآئِرَةُ السَّوْءِ ، وَاللَّهُ سَمِيْخُ عَلِيْمً ®

وَ مِنَ الْأَعْرَابِ مَنْ يُؤْمِنُ بِاللَّهِ وَ الْيَوْمِ الْأَخِرِوَ يَتَّخِذُ مَا يُنْفِقُ قُرُلتٍ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَصَلَوْتِ الرَّسُوْلِ 1 أَلَّ النَّهَا قُرْبَةً لَّهُمْ سيُدْخِلُهُمُ اللَّهُ فِيْ رَحْمَتِهِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُوْرٌ رَّحِيْمٌ ۞

\*95. Surely, they are foul,

÷

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rhop | \ hrow rhop | \ hrop | \ hrow rhop | \ hrow rhop | \ hrow rhop |$ 

<sup>\*98.</sup> And among the Bedouin there are those who consider what they spend in the cause of Allāh a penalty and wishfully await calamities to befall you. Let evil befall them instead.

R. 13.

100. And *as for* the foremost *among the believers*, the first of the \*Emigrants† and the Helpers‡, and those who followed them in the best possible manner, Allāh is well pleased with them and they are well pleased with Him; and He has prepared for them Gardens beneath which flow rivers. They will abide therein for ever. That is the supreme triumph.

101. And of the desert Arabs around you *some* are hypocrites; and of the people of Medina *also*. They persist in hypocrisy. Thou knowest them not; We know them. We will punish them twice; then shall they be given over to a great punishment.

102. And *there are* others who have acknowledged their faults. They mixed a good work with another *that was* evil. It may be that Allāh will turn to them with compassion. Surely, Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

103. Take alms out of their wealth, so that thou mayest cleanse them and purify them thereby. And pray for them; thy prayer is indeed a *source of* tranquillity for them. And Allāh is All-Hearing, All-Knowing.

وَالسَّبِقُوْنَ الْأَوَّلُوْنَ مِنَ الْمُهْجِرِيْنَ وَالْاَنْصَارِوَالَّذِيْنَا تَّبَعُوْهُمْ بِإِحْسَانٍ تَضِيَ اللهُ عَنْهُمْ وَرَضُوْا عَنْهُ وَ اَعَدَّلَهُمْ جَنَّتٍ تَجْرِيْ تَحْتَهَا الْأَنْهُرُ خْلِدِيْنَ فِيْهَآ اَبَدًا د ذٰلِكَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيْمُ ۞

وَمِحَىْ حَوْلَكُمْ مِّنَ الْآعْرَابِ مُنْفِقُوْنَ أَ
 وَمِنْ آهْلِ الْمَدِيْنَةِ قَدْ مَرَدُوْا عَلَى أُ
 النِّفَاقِ لَا تَعْلَمُهُمْ لَا نَحْنُ نَعْلَمُهُمْ لَا الْمَدِيْنَةِ وَ مَرَدُوْا عَلَى أُ
 النِّفَاقِ لَا تَعْلَمُهُمْ لَا نَحْنُ نَعْلَمُهُمْ لَا الْمَدِيْنَةِ وَ مَرَدُوْا عَلَى أُ
 مَنْ عَذْ بَهُمْ مَّرَ تَعْلَمُهُمْ لَا نَحْنُ نَعْلَمُهُمْ لَا الْمَدِيْنَةِ وَ الْحَدْمُ الْحَدْرُ الْحَدْ الْحَدْمُ الْحَدْ الْحَدْقُ الْحَدْمُ الْحَدْقُ الْحَدْقُ الْحَدْقُ الْحَدْمُ الْحَدْقُ الْحَدْقُ الْحَدْقُ الْحَدْقُ الْحَدْقُ الْحَدْقُونَ الْحَدْقُ الْحَدْقُونَ الْحَدْقُونَ الْحَدْقُونَ الْحَدْقُ الْحَدْقُ الْحَدْقُ الْحَدْقُ الْحَدْقُونَ الْحَدْقُونَ الْحَدْقُونَ الْحَدْعُنُ اللَّهُ الْحَدْقُ الْحَدْقُ الْحَدْقُونَ الْحَدْقُونَ الْحَدْقُونَ الْحَدْقُونَ الْحَدْقُ الْحَدْ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ الْحَدْقُونَ الْحَدْقُونَ الْحَدْقُونَ الْحَدْقُونَ الْحَدْرُونَ الْحَدْقُونَ الْحَدْقُ الْحَدْ الْحَدْعُلُ الْحَدْعُنُونَ عَمَلَةُ الْحَدْقُونَ الْحَدْ الْحَدْقُونَ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْ الْحَدْعُنُ الْحُدْ الْحَدْعُنُونَ الْحَدْ الْحَدْعُنُ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْ الْحَدْ عَلَيْ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْ عَامَةُ الْحَدْ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْ عَلَيْ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْعُ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَاقُ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْعَاقُ حَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْعَالَةُ عَلَى الْحَدْعَالَ الْحَدْعَاقُ حَدْعَائَ الْحَدْعَالَ لَالْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْعَانَ الْحَدْعَائَ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْعَائَ الْحَدْعَالَ الْحَدْعَاقُ الْحَدْ الْ<</li>

خُذْ مِنْ آمُوَالِهِمْ صَنَقَةً تُطَهِّرُهُمْ وَتُزَحِّيْهِمْ بِهَا وَ صَلِّ عَلَيْهِمْ • اِنَّ صَلُوتَكَ سَكَنَ لَّهُمْ • وَ اللهُ سَمِيْخَ عَلِيْمً

† from Mecca. ‡ in Medina.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ th \ th \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid \ dh \ \dot{s} \ \mid \ s \ o \ constraints \\ (See details of transitieration on page 'p'). \end{array}$ 

<sup>\* 100.</sup> and those who follow them excellently, Allāh is well pleased with them and they are well pleased with Him;

لكذئون

104. Know they not that Allāh is He Who accepts repentance from His

\*servants and takes alms, and that Allāh is He Who is Oft-Returning with compassion, and is Merciful?

- \*105. And say, 'Work, and Allāh will surely see your work and *also* His Messenger and the believers. And you shall be brought back to Him Who knows the unseen and the seen; then He will tell you what you used to do.'
- \*106. And *there are* others *whose* case has been postponed for the decree of Allāh. He may punish them or He may turn to them with compassion. And Allāh is All-Knowing, Wise.
- \*107. And *among the hypocrites are* those who have built a mosque in order to injure *Islām* and *help* disbelief and cause a division among the believers, and prepare an ambush for him who warred against Allāh and His Messenger before *this*. And they will surely swear: 'We meant nothing but good;' but Allāh bears witness that they are certainly liars.

ٱكَمْ تَعْلَمُوٓا أَنَّ اللَّهَ هُوَ تَقْتَلُ التَّوْبَةَ عَنْ عِبَادٍ لا وَ يَأْخُذُ الصَّرَقْتِ وَ أَنَّ الله هُوَ التَّوَّابُ الرَّحِثْمُ @ وَقُل اعْمَلُوْا فَسَيَرَبِ اللَّهُ عَمَلَكُمْ وَ رَسُوْلُهُ وَ الْهُؤُمِنُوْنَ ﴿ وَ سَتُرَدُّوْنَ إِلَى غليم الْغَيْبِ وَالشَّهَادَةِ فَيُنَبِّئُكُمْ بمَاكُنْتُمْرَتَعْمَلُوْنَ وَ أَخَرُوْنَ مُرْجَوْنَ لِأَمْرِ اللهِ إِمَّا يُعَذِّبُهُمْ وَإِمَّا يَتُوْبُ عَلَيْهِمْ دَوَ اللَّهُ عَلِيْمُ حَكَيْمُ وَ الَّذِيْنَ اتَّخَذُوْا مَسْجِدًا ضِرَارًا وَّ كُفْرًا وَ تَفْرِيَقًا بَيْنَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ وَإِذْصَادًا لِّحَنْ حَادَتِ اللَّهَ وَ دَسُوْلَهُ مِنْ قَبْلُ هِ وَ لَيَحْلِفُونَ إِدِبْ أَرَدْنَآ الَّهِ الْحُسْخِي مِرْوَ اللَّهُ مَشْهَدُ انَّهُمْ

\*104. and acknowledges alms, and that Allāh is He Who is Oft-Returning with compassion, and is Merciful.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \dot{-} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{-} \ | \ dh \ \dot{-} \ | \ \delta \ \dot{-} \ \delta \ \dot{-} \ \delta \ \dot{-} \ \delta \ \dot{-} \$ 

<sup>\*105.</sup> And say, 'Do what you may, surely, Allāh will watch your acts, so also will His Messenger and the believers. And you shall be made to return to the Knower of the unseen and the seen; then He will tell you what you used to do.'

<sup>\*106.</sup> And *there are* others who are kept awaiting the decree of Allāh. He may decide to punish them or He may turn to them with compassion.

<sup>\*107.</sup> And *among the hypocrites are* those who have built a mosque in order to injure *Islām* and *help* disbelief and **cause division among the believers, and to provide a place of hiding for** those who have already waged war against Allāh and His Messenger.

108. Never stand *to pray* therein. A mosque which was founded upon piety from the *very* first day is surely more worthy that thou shouldst stand *to pray* therein. In it are men who love to become purified, and Allāh loves those who purify themselves.

- \*109. Is he, then, who founded his building on fear of Allāh and His pleasure better or he who founded his building on the brink of a tottering water-worn bank which tumbled down with him into the fire of Hell? And Allāh guides not the wrongdoing people.
- \*110. This building of theirs, which they have built, will ever continue to be a source of disquiet in their hearts, unless their hearts be torn to pieces. And Allāh is All-Knowing, Wise.

## R. 14.

111. Surely, Allāh has purchased of the believers their persons and their \*property in return for the Garden they shall have; they fight in the cause of Allāh, and they slay and are slain—a promise *that He has made* incumbent on Himself in the Torah, and the Gospel, and the Our'ān. And who is more faithful لَا تَقُمْ فِيْهِ اَبَدًا لَمَسْجِدُ أُسِّسَ عَلَى التَّقُوٰى مِنْ اَوَّلِ يَوْمِ اَحَقُّ اَنْ تَقُوْمَ فِيْهِ عِنْهِ رِجَالَ يُحِبُّوْنَ اَنْ يَتَطَهَّرُوْا لِ وَ اللَّهُ يُحِبُّ الْمُطَّهِّ رِيْنَ ۞

ٱفَمَنْ ٱتَسَسَّ بُنْكَانَهُ عَلَى تَقْوَى مِنَ اللَّهِ وَ رِضْوَاتٍ خَيْرً آمُ مَّنْ ٱتَسَسَ بُنْكَانَهُ عَلَى شَفَاجُرُفٍ هَا دٍ فَانْهَا رَبِهِ فِيْ نَارِ جَهَنَّمَ وَ اللَّهُ لَا يَهْدِمَ الْقَوْمَ الظَّلِمِيْنَ.

لَا يَزَالُ بُنْ يَانُهُمُ الَّذِيْ بَنَوْا رِيْبَةً فِيْ قُلُوْبِهِمْ إِلَّا آنْ تَقَطَّحَ قُلُوْبُهُمْ ٥ اللهُ عَلِيْمٌ حَكِيْمٌ شَ

اِتَّ اللهَ اشْتَرَى مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ٱنْفُسَهُمْ وَآمَوَالَهُمْ بِآنَّ لَهُمُ الْجَنَّةَ يُقَاتِلُوْنَ فِيْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ فَيَقْتُلُوْنَ وَيُقْتَلُوْنَ وَعَدَاعَلَيْهِ حَقَّافِ التَّوْلِيةِ وَ الْإِنْجِيْلِ وَ الْقُرْانِ وَمَنْ آوْفْ

<u>ال</u> ل

\*111. ... in return for the Paradise they shall have;

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ (kh \ r' | \ kh \ r' | \ dh \ (kh \ r' | \ dh \ s \ (279))$  (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

<sup>109.</sup> Is he, then, who laid his foundation on fear of Alläh and His pleasure better or he who laid his foundation on the brink of a tottering water-worn bank which tumbled down with him into the fire of Hell? And Alläh does not guide a people who transgress.

<sup>\*110.</sup> This building of theirs, they have raised, will ever be a source of disquiet and uncertainty in their hearts, until their hearts split and are torn into pieces. And Allāh is All-Knowing, Wise.

to his promise than Allāh? Rejoice, then, in your bargain which you have made with Him; and that it is which is the supreme triumph.

112. They are the ones who turn to God in repentance, who worship Him, who praise Him, who go about in the land serving Him, who bow down to God, who prostrate themselves in Prayer, who enjoin good and forbid evil, and who watch the limits set by Allāh. And give glad tidings to those who believe.

113. It is not for the Prophet and those who believe that they should ask *of God* forgiveness for the idolaters, even though they may be kinsmen, after it has become plain to them that they are the people of Hell.

114. And Abraham's asking forgiveness for his father was only because of a promise he had made to him, but when it became clear to him that he was an enemy to Allāh, he dissociated himself from him. Surely, Abraham was most tenderhearted, forbearing.

115. And it is not for Allāh to cause a people to go astray after He has guided them until He makes clear to them that which they ought to guard against. Surely, Allāh knows all things full well.

116. Surely, it is Allah to Whom

بِعَهْدِمَ مِنَ اللهِ فَاسْتَبْشِرُوْا بِبَيْعِكُمُ الَّذِيْ بَايَعْتُمْ بِهِ وَ ذٰلِكَ هُوَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيْمُ (() التَّايُبُوْتَ الْعَبِدُوْتَ الْحَامِدُوْتَ السَّايُحُوْنَ الرَّاكِعُوْتَ السَّاجِدُوْنَ الْمُنْكَرِ وَ الْحَفِظُوْتَ لِحُدُوْدِ اللَّهِ

مَا كَانَ لِلنَّبِيِّ وَ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوَّا آنَ يَسْتَغْفِرُوْا لِلْمُشْرِكِيْنَ وَ لَوْ كَانُوَّا أولِيْ قُرْلِي مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا تَبَيَّنَ لَهُمْ انَّهُمْ أَصْحُبُ الْجَحِيْمِ ( وَ مَا كَانَ اسْتِغْفَارُ إِبْلِهِيْمَ لِآبِيْهِ إِلَّا عَنْ مَوْعِدَةٍ وَعَدَهَآ إِيَّاهُ \* فَلَمَّا تَبَيَّن

لَهَ ٱنَّهٔ عَدُوًْ تِلْهِ تَبَرَّا مِنْهُ ؞ اِتَّ اِبْرِٰهِيْمَرَلَاَوَّاةً حَلِيْمَ @

وَ مَا ڪَانَ اللَّهُ لِيُضِلَّ قَوْمًا بَعْدَ إِذْ هَدْ لِهُمْ حَتَّى يُبَيِّنَ لَهُمْ مَّا يَتَقُوْنَ -إِنَّ اللَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيْمً @

إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَهُ مُلْكُ السَّمُوْتِ وَ الْأَرْضِ ا

belongs the kingdom of the heavens and the earth. He gives life and causes death. And you have no friend nor helper beside Allāh.

117. Allāh has certainly turned with mercy to the Prophet and *to* the Emigrants and the Helpers who followed him in the hour of distress after the hearts of a party of them had well-nigh swerved. He again turned to them with mercy. Surely, He is to them Compassionate, Merciful.

\*118. And *He has turned with mercy* to the three whose *case* was deferred, until the earth became too strait for them with *all* its vastness, and their souls were *also* straitened for them, and they became convinced that there was no refuge from Allāh save unto Himself. Then He turned to them with mercy that they might turn *to Him*. Surely, it is Allāh Who is Oft-Returning *with compassion and is* Merciful.

# R. 15.

119. O ye who believe! fear Allāh and be with the truthful.

120. It was not proper for the people of Medina and those around them from among the Arabs of the desert that they should have remained behind the Messenger of Allāh or that they should have preferred their own lives to his. That is يُحْي وَ يُحِيْتُ ، وَ مَا لَكُمْ مِّنْ دُوْنِ اللَّهِ مِنْ وَ لِيِّ وَ كَا نَصِيْرٍ لَقَدْ تَّابَ اللَّهُ عَلَى النَّبِيّ وَ الْمُهْجِرِيْنَ وَالْاَنْصَارِ الَّذِينَ اتَّبَعُوْهُ فِيْ سَاعَةِ الْعُسْرَةِ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا كَا حَيْزِيْخُ قُلُوْبُ فَرِيْقٍ مِنْهُمْ ، ثُمَّ تَابَ عَلَيْهِمْ ، الَّهُ بِهِمْ رَءُوْفَ تَحِيْمُ الْا رَضُ مَا قَتْ عَلَيْهِمْ الْا رَضُ بِمَا رَحُبَتُ وَضَاقَتْ عَلَيْهِمْ الْا رَضُ بِمَا رَحُبَتُ تَرْمَلْجَاً مِنَ اللَّوْ الْا رَفُ مِنَا رَحُبَتُ عَلَيْهِمْ لِيَتُوْبُوْا الْقَ اللَّهُ هُوَ التَّوَّا اَنْ الرَّحِيْمُ أَنْ

آيَا يُّهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوا اتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَكُوْنُوْا مَحَالصَّوِقِيْنَ۞ مَاكَانَ لِآهْلِ الْمَدِيْنَةِ وَ مَنْ حَوْلَهُمْ مِّنَ الْاَعْرَابِ آنْ يَتَخَلَّفُوا عَنْ تَسْوُلِ اللَّهِ وَلَا يَرْغَبُوْا بِآنْفُسِهِمْ عَنْ نَّفْسِهِ • ذٰلِكَ بِآنَّهُمْ لَا يُصِيْبُهُمْ ظَمَاً

\*118. And the three who remained behind, until the earth seemed too narrow for them despite all its vastness,

چ

because there distresses them neither thirst nor fatigue nor hunger in the way of Allāh, nor do they \*tread a track which enrages the disbelievers, nor do they cause an enemy any injury whatsoever, but there is written down for them a good work on account of it. Surely, Allāh suffers not the reward of

those who do good to be lost. 121. And they spend not any sum, small or great, nor do they traverse a valley, but it is written down for them, that Allāh may give them the best reward for what they did.

122. It is not possible for the believers to go forth all together. Why, then, does not a party from \* every section of them go forth that they may become well versed in religion, and that they may warm their people when they return to them, so that they may guard against evil?

#### R. 16.

123. O ye who believe! fight such of the disbelievers as are near to \*you and let them find hardness in you; and know that Allāh is with the righteous.

124. And whenever a Sūrah is sent down, there are some of them who say: 'Which of you has this *Sūrah* increased in faith?' But, as to those وَّ لَا نَصَبَّ وَّلَا مَخْمَصَةً فِيْ سَبِيْلِ اللَّهِ وَ لَا يَطَحُوْنَ مَوْطِئًا يَّغِيْظُ الْكُفَّا رَ وَ لَا يَنَالُوْنَ مِنْ عَدُوٍّ نَّيْلًا إِلَّا حُتِبَ لَهُمْ بِهِ عَمَلُ صَالِحٌ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُضِيْحُ اَجْرَ الْمُحْسِنِيْنَ أَسُ

ۅَلَا يُنْفِقُوْنَ نَفَقَةً صَغِيْرَةً وَّلَا كَبِيْرَةً وَّلَا يَقْطَعُوْنَ وَاحِيَّا لِلَّا حُتِبَ لَهُمْ لِيَجْزِيَهُمُ اللَّهُ اَحْسَنَ مَا كَانُوْا يَعْمَلُوْنَ ۞ وَ مَا كَانَ الْمُؤْمِنُوْنَ لِيَنْفِرُوْا كَآفَةً ٩ فَلَوْ لَا نَفَرَ مِنْ كُلِّ فِرْقَةٍ مِّنْهُمُ طَآئِفَةً لِيَتَفَقَّهُوْا فِي الحِرْيَنِ وَلِيُنْذِدُوْا قَوْمَهُمْ إِذَا رَجَعُوْا إِلَيْهِمْ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَحْذَدُوْنَ ﴾ چُ

يَّايَّهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا قَاتِلُوا الَّذِينَ يَلُوْنَكُمْ مِّنَ الْحُقَّارِ وَلْيَجِدُوْا فِيْكُمْ غِلْظَةً • وَ اعْلَمُوَّا اَنَّ اللَّهَ مَعَ الْمُتَّقِيْنَ وَ إِذَا مَآ اُنْزِلَتْ سُوْرَةً فَمِنْهُمْ مَّنَ يَقُوْلُ اَيُّحُمْ زَادَتْهُمْ إِيْمَانًا • فَاَمَّا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا فَزَادَ تُهُمْ إِيْمَانًا • فَاَمَّا

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{\gamma} \ | \ dh \ \dot{\gamma} \ | \ \dot{\gamma} \ \dot{\gamma} \ | \ \dot{\gamma} \ \dot{\gamma} \ | \ \dot{\gamma} \ \dot{\gamma}$ 

<sup>\* 120. ...</sup> nor do they gain an advantage over the enemy,

<sup>\*122. ...</sup> that they may gain better understanding of religion,

<sup>\*123. ...</sup> let them find **uncompromising firmness** in you;

who believe, it increases their faith and they rejoice.

125. But as for those in whose hearts is a disease, it adds *further* filth to their *present* filth, and they die while they are disbelievers.

\*126. Do they not see that they are tried every year once or twice? Yet they do not repent, nor would they be admonished.

127. And whenever a Sūrah is sent down, they look at one another, *saying*, 'Does any one see you?' Then they turn away. Allāh has turned away their hearts because they are a people who would not understand.

128. Surely, a Messenger has come unto you from among yourselves; grievous to him is that you should fall into trouble; *he is* ardently desirous of your *welfare; and* to the believers *he is* compassionate, merciful.

129. But if they turn away, say, 'Allāh is sufficient for me. There is no God but He. In Him do I put my trust, and He is the Lord of the mighty Throne.'

كشتَبْشرُ وْنَ@ وَ آمَّا الَّذِينَ فِيْ قُلُوْبِهِمْ مَّرَضً فَزَادَتْهُمْ رِجْسًا إِلَى رِجْسِهِمْ وَ مَاتُوْا وَهُمْ كَفِرُوْنَ، اَ وَ لَا يَرَوْنَ اَنَّهُمْ يُفْتَنُوْنَ فِيْ كُلِّ عَامِ مَرَّةً اَوْ مَرَّتَيْنِ ثُمَّرَ لا يَتُوْبُوْنَ وَ لَا هُمْ ىزىچە ۋرى، وَ إِذَا مَآ أُنْزِلَتْ سُوْرَةً نَّظَرَ بَعْضُهُمْ الى بَعْضِ ، هَلْ يَرْكُمْ مِّنْ أَحَدِثُمَّ انْصَرَفُوْا حَصَرَفَ اللَّهُ قُلُوْبَهُمْ بِٱنَّهُمْ قَوْ مَرَلًا يَفْقَهُوْنَ ٢ لَقَدْ جَاءَكُمْ رَسُوْلٌ مِّنْ أَنْفُسِكُمْ ݞزؽزَ عَلَيْهِ مَاعَنِتُّمْ حَرِيْضَ عَلَيْكُمْ بالْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ رَءُوْفُ رَّحِيْمُ ٢

فَاِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَقُلْ حَسْبِيَ اللَّهُ لَآ اِلٰهَ اِلَّا هُوَ ، عَلَيْهِ تَوَكَّلْتُ وَ هُوَ رَبُّ الْحَرْشِ الْمَظِيْمِ شَ

# \*126. Do they not see that they are **put to trial** every year, once or twice?

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ c + | \ h \ 7 | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{s} | \ s \ c_{283} \qquad o \ f \ s \ c_{283} \qquad o \ f \ \dot{s} | \ dh \ \dot{s} | \ \dot{s} \ dh \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s} \ dh \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s} \ dh \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s}$ 



**YŪNUS** (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. Alif Lām Rā.<sup>‡</sup> These are the verses of the Book that is full of wisdom.

\*3. Is it a *matter of* wonder for men that We have inspired a man from among them, *saying*, 'Warn mankind and give glad tidings to those who believe that they have a true rank *of honour* with their Lord?' The disbelievers say, 'Surely, this is a manifest enchanter.'

4. Verily, your Lord is Allāh Who created the heavens and the earth in six periods, then He settled Himself \*on the Throne; He governs everything. There is no intercessor with Him save after His permission. That is Allāh, your Lord, so worship Him. Will you not, then, be admonished?

5. To Him shall you all return. The promise of Allāh is true. Surely, He originates the creation; then He reproduces it, that He may reward those who believe and do good works, with equity; and *as for* those

ۑؚۺؚؚؗؖڔؚٵٮڷٚۅٵڵڗۜڂٮؙؗڹٵڵڗۜڿؽؚڔ۞ ٵڵڒ؞ؾؚڵػٳؽڎٵؽڮؾ۬ۑؚٵؽػڮؽۄ۞

ٱكَانَ لِلنَّاسِ عَجَبًا آنَ آوْحَيْنَآ إلى رَجُلِ مِنْهُمْ آنَ آنْزِرِ النَّاسَ وَبَشِّرِ الَّزِيْنَ أَمَنُوَّا آنَّ لَهُمْ قَدَمَ مِدْقٍ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ \* قَالَ الْكُفُرُوْنَ انَّ هٰذَا لَسْحِرَّ شَبِيْنَ () وَ الْاَرْضَ فِي سِتَّةِ آتَامِ تُحَالَ السَّمُوْتِ الْحَرْشِ يُدَتِرُ الْآمَرَ مَا مِنْ شَفِيْعِ الْحَرْشِ يُدَتِرُ الْآمَرَ مَا مِنْ شَفِيْعِ الْحَرْشِ يُحَدِ إِذْنِهِ \* ذٰلِكُمُ اللَّهُ رَبُّكُمْ الْحَرْشِ يَحَدِ إِذْنِهِ \* ذٰلِكُمُ اللَّهُ رَبُّكُمْ الْحَدْقِ مَنْ بَعْدِ إِذْنِهِ \* ذٰلِكُمُ اللَّهُ رَبُّكُمْ الْحَدْقِ مَنْ يَحْدِ إِذْنَهِ \* ذَلِكُمُ اللَّهُ وَتَبَعْمَ الْحَدْقِ مَنْ يَحْدَ لَنْ الْمَنْ مَعْهِ مِنْ شَفِيْعِ الْحَدْقِ مَنْ يَحْدَ الْحَدْقَ تُمَ يُعْدَا لَحْذَى اللَّهُ وَتَبَامُ أَنْ

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ \tau & | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} & | \ dh \ \dot{\varsigma} & | \ c \ sh \ \dot{\varsigma} & | \ \dot{\varsigma}$ 

<sup>‡</sup> I am Allāh Who is All-Seeing.

<sup>\* 3.</sup> Is it a *matter of* wonder for **people** that We have **sent down revelation** to a man from among them *saying*, 'Warn mankind and give glad tidings to those who believe that **for them there is** a station of truth with their Lord.'

<sup>\*4.</sup> He regulates everything.

who disbelieve, they shall have a drink of boiling water, and a painful punishment, because they disbelieved.

\*6. He it is Who made the sun *radiate* a brilliant light and the moon *reflect* a lustre, and ordained for it stages, that you might know the number of years and the reckoning *of time*. Allāh has not created this but in truth. He details the Signs for a people who have knowledge.

7. Verily, in the alternation of night and day, and in all that Allāh has created in the heavens and the earth there are Signs for a God-fearing people.

8. Those who look not for the meeting with Us and are content with the life of this world and feel at rest therewith, and those who are heedless of Our Signs—

9. It is these whose abode is Fire, because of what they earned.

10. But *as for* those who believe, and do good works—their Lord will guide them because of their faith. Rivers shall flow beneath them in the Gardens of Bliss.

11. Their prayer therein shall be, 'Glory be to Thee, O Allāh!' and their greeting therein shall be, 'Peace.' And the conclusion of their

بالقشطدة التذين تحفروا كمهم شرائ مِّنْ حَمدُم وَّ عَذَابٌ ٱلِيُمُّر بِمَا كَانُوْا ككفكون هُوَ الَّذِبْ جَعَلَ الشَّمْسَ ضِيَاً وَّالْقَمَرَ نُوْرًاوً قَدَّرَة مَنَازِلَ لِتَعْلَمُوْا عَدَدَ السّنيْنَ وَ الْجِسَابَ دِمَا خَلَقَ اللهُ ذٰلِكَ إِلَّا بِالْحَقِّ ، يُفَصِّلُ الْأَلِيتِ لِقَوْمِ يَعْلَمُوْنَ () إِنَّ فِي اخْتِلَافِ الَّيْلِ وَ النَّهَارِ وَ مَا خَلَقَ اللهُ في السَّمَوْتِ وَالْأَرْضِ لَا لِيتِ لِّقَوْمِ يَتَتَقَوْنَ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ لَا يَرْجُوْنَ لِقَاءَنَا وَ رَضُوْا بالْحَلِوةِ الدُّنْيَاوَاطْمَا تُوْابِهَاوَالَّذِيْنَ هُمْ عَنْ الْبِتِنَاغُفِلُوْنَ ٨ أولَبُكَ مَأْوْسَهُمُ النَّارُ بِمَا كَانُوْا ككسكون إِنَّ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ يَهْدِيْهِمْ رَبُّهُمْ بِإِيْمَانِيهِمْ • تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْبِيهِ مُراكَا نْهُرُفْ جَنُّبَ النَّعِيْمِ · دَعْدِيهُمْ فَنْهَا سُنْخَنَّكَ اللَّقُمَّ وتجتثهم فبهاسلم واخر دعويهم

**\***6. He it is Who made the sun **radiant and the moon lambent**,

prayer shall be, 'All praise be to  $\xi_{\overline{1}}$ Allāh, the Lord of the worlds.'

12. And if Allāh were to hasten for men the ill *they have earned* as they would hasten on the *acquisition of* wealth, *the end of* their term *of life* would have been already brought upon them. But We leave those who look not for the meeting with Us to wander distractedly in their transgression.

- \*13. And when trouble befalls a man, he calls on Us, lying on his side, or sitting, or standing; but when We have removed his trouble from him, he goes his way as though he had never called on Us for the *removal of the* trouble that befell him. Thus it is that the doings of the extravagant are given a fair appearance in their eyes.
- \*14. And We destroyed the generations before you when they did wrong; and there came to them their Messengers with clear Signs, but they would not believe. Thus do We requite the guilty people.

15. Then, We made you *their* successors in the earth after them, that We might see how you would act.

16. And when Our clear Signs are

ٱن الْحَمْدُ يِلْهِ رَبِّ الْعُلَمِيْنَ شَ الشت وَ لَهْ يُعَجِّلُ اللهُ للنَّ اسْتِعْجَالَهُمْ بِالْخَيْرِ لَقُضِيَ إِلَيْهِمْ ٱجَلُهُمْ فَنَذَرُ الَّذِيْرِ كَلا يَرْحُوْنَ لِقَاءَنَا فِي طُغْيَانِهِمْ يَعْمَهُوْنَ ٠

ۅؘڔۮؘٵڡؘۺۜٵ۠ۮٟٮٛٛۺٵڹٵڶڞۜ۠ڒؙۮٵڬٳڮڹٛٛۑؚ؋ ٵۉۊٵۼؚڐٵ٦ۉۊٙٳ۫ؠؙڡٵ؞ڣؘڮڲٵڪۺڣٛڹٵۼؽۿ ڞؙڗۜ؇ڡڒۜڲٵڽٛڷۿۑۮۼڹؘٵۑڶ؈ڞؙڗٟۿۺڂ ڲڿؙڸڮٙۯؙؾۣٮٙڸڵڡؙۺڔڣۣؽڽؘڡٵڲٵٮؙۉٵ ؽۼڡڵۉؾ۞

 وَلَقَدْ اَهْلَكْنَا الْقُرُوْنَ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ لَمَّا ظَلَمُوْا اوَ جَاءَتْهُمْ دُسُلُهُمْ بِالْبَيِّنْتِ
 وَمَا كَانُوْا لِيُؤْمِنُوْا المَّذْلِكَ نَجْزِى
 الْقَوْمَ الْمُجْرِمِيْنَ ()
 تُمَرَ جَعَلْنُكُمْ خَلَمْفَ فِ الْأَدْنِ مِنْ
 بَعْدِهِمْ لِنَنْظُرَ كَيْفَ تَعْمَلُوْنَ ()
 وَإِذَا تُتْلَى عَلَيْهِمْ ايَاتُنَا بَيِّلْتِ اللَّانَ وَالَهُ وَالَهُ عَامَ وَالَا عَامَ وَالَّهُ مَا الْمَعْرَبِي مَنْ

\*14. And We destroyed many a generation before you when they transgressed, while their Messengers had come to them before that with manifest Signs, but they would not believe.

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ \tau | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \ \dot{\tau$ 

<sup>\*13.</sup> And when affliction befalls a man, he calls on Us, lying on his side, or sitting, or standing; but when We relieve him of his distress, he walks away as if he had never beseeched Us to attend to the misery afflicting him.

recited unto them, those who look not for the meeting with Us say, 'Bring a Qur'ān other than this or change it.' Say, 'It is not for me to change it of my own accord. I only follow what is revealed to me. Indeed, I fear, if I disobey my Lord, \*the punishment of an awful day.'

17. Say, 'If Allāh had *so* willed, I should not have recited it to you nor would He have made it known to you. I have indeed lived among you a *whole* lifetime before this. Will you not then understand?'

\*18. Who is then more unjust than he who forges a lie against Allāh or *he* who treats His Signs as lies? Surely, the guilty shall never prosper.

19. And they worship, instead of Allāh, that which neither harms them nor profits them; and they say, 'These are our intercessors with Allāh.' Say, 'Would you inform Allāh of something He knows not \*in the heavens or in the earth?' Holy is He, and high exalted above *all* that which they associate *with Him*.

\*20. And mankind were but one community, then they differed

الكذين كايرجون لِقاءنا انْتِ بقُرْان غَبْرِ هٰذَا أَوْ بَدَّلْهُ وَقُلْ مَا بَكُوْنُ لِنَّ أَنْ ٱبَدِّلَهُ مِنْ تِلْقَانَ نَفْسِيْ ۽ إِنْ ٱتَّبِعُ إلَّا مَائِهْ خَيالِكَةٍ إِنَّيْ أَخَافُ إِنْ عَصَبْتُ زَبِيْ عَذَابَ يَوْمِ عَظِيْمِ ( قُلْ لَّهُ شَاءَ اللهُ مَا تَكَوْتُهُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَلَا ٱدْالِكُمْ بِهِ <sup>7</sup> فَقَدْ لَبِثْتُ فِيْكُمْ عُمُرًا مِّنْ قَبْلِهِ، أَفَلَا تَعْقِلُوْنَ ٢ فَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مِمَّنِ إِفْتَرَى عَلَى اللهِ كَذِبًا ٱوْ حَذَّبَ بِاليتِهِ إِنَّهُ لَا يُفْلِحُ الْمُجْرِمُوْنَ. ۊؘتڂؠؙۮۏٛڹ*ڝ*ڹٛۮۉڹ اٮڵ۫ۅؚمَا لَا يَضَرُّهُ ۿ وَ لَا تَنْفَعُهُمْ وَ يَقُوْلُوْنَ هَؤُلًّا مِشْفَعًا وَأَنَّا عِنْدَ اللهِ قُلْ ٱتُنَبِّعُوْتَ اللهَ بِمَالَا يَعْلَمُ فِ السَّبْطُوْتِ وَلَا فِ الْآَرْضِ ﴿ سُدْخِنَهْ وَتَعْلَى عَمَّا يُشْرِكُون ، وَ مَا جَادٍ النَّاسُ الَّهُ أُمَّةً وَّاحِدَةً

\*16. ... the punishment of an Enormous Day.

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ \tau | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau}$ 

<sup>\*18.</sup> Who violates justice more blatantly than the one who forges a lie against Allāh or *he* who treats His Signs as lies?

<sup>\*19.</sup> Glorious is He, exalted far above that which they associate with Him.

<sup>\*20.</sup> And mankind were but one community, then they differed; and had it not been for a word gone before from your Lord, their fate would have been sealed in accordance with all they differed therein.

*among themselves*; and had it not been for a word that had gone before from thy Lord, it would have *already* been judged between them concerning that in which they differed.

21. And they say, 'Why has not a Sign been sent down to him from \*his Lord?' Say, 'The unseen belongs only to Allāh. So wait; I am with you among those who wait.'

## R. 3.

\*22. And when We make people taste of mercy after adversity has touched them, behold, they begin to plan against Our Signs. Say, 'Allāh is swifter in planning.' Surely, Our messengers write down all that you plan.

23. He it is Who enables you to journey through land and sea until, when you are on *board* the ships and they sail with them with a fair \*breeze and they rejoice in it, there overtakes them (the ships) a violent wind and the waves come on them from every side and they think they are encompassed, *then* they call upon Allāh, purifying *their* religion for Him, *saying*, 'If Thou deliver us from this, we will فَاخْتَلَفُوْا - وَ لَوْ لَا كَلِمَةً سَبَقَتْ مِنْ رَّبِّكَ لَقُضِيَ بَيْنَهُمْ فِيْمَا فِيْهِ يَخْتَلِفُوْنَ۞

ۅؘؾڠؙۉڵۉؚۜۜ؈ؘۜڵۉ؇ۜٛٵؙڹٛۯؚڶ علَيْهِ ايَةً تِّنْ ڒؾؚ؋ۦڣؘۘڨؙڵٳڹۜٛٙ؉ٵٮٛۼؘؽٮۘۢڽڵؚۑۏڣؘٳڹٛؾڟؚۯۉٳ؞ ٳڹۣٚؽۛڡؘۘۼػؙۿڕڡؚؚٙؾٵٮٛڡؙڹٛؾٙڟؚڕؽؾ۞

وَ إِذَآ اَذَقْنَا النَّاسَ رَحْمَةً مِّنَّ بَعْدِ ضَرَّاءَمَسَّتُهُمْ إِذَا لَهُمْ مَّكُرَّ فِيَّ إِياتِنَاء قُلِ اللهُ اَسْرَعُ مَكْرًا ، إِنَّ رُسُلَنَا يَكْتُبُوْنَ مَا تَمْكُرُوْنَ @

هُوَ الَّذِيْ يُسَيِّرُكُمْ فِي الْبَرِّ وَ الْبَحْرِ حَتَّى إِذَا كُنْتُمْ فِى الْفُلْكِ ، وَجَرَيْنَ بِهِمْ بِرِيْحٍ طَيِّبَةٍ وَّ فَرِحُوْا بِهَا جَاءَتُهَا رِيْحُ عاصِفٌ وَّجَاءَهُمُ الْمَوْجُ مِنْ حُلَّ مَكَانٍ وَ ظَنُّوْا آنَهُمْ أحِيْطَ بِهِمْ ، دَعَوُا اللهُ مُخْلِصِيْنَ لَهُ الذِيْنَ ذَلَكِنْ آنْجَيْتَنَا

 <sup>\*21.</sup> Say, 'To Alläh belongs the unseen. Wait therefore; I am with you among those who wait.'
 \*22. The moment We give a taste of mercy to a people stricken by calamity, they begin to plot against Our Signs forthwith. Say, 'Swifter is Alläh in planning.' Surely, Our messengers maintain a record of what you plan.

<sup>\*23....</sup> there overtakes them a ferocious wind and the waves come on them from every side and they think they are encompassed, *then* they call upon Allāh, promising sincerity of faith for Him, *saying*; 'If Thou deliver us from this, we will surely be of the thankful.'

surely be of the thankful.'

24. But when He has delivered them, lo! they begin to commit excesses in \* the earth wrongfully. O ye men, your excesses are only against your own selves. *Have* the enjoyment of the present life. Then to Us shall be your return; and We will inform you of what you used to do.

\*25. The likeness of the present life is only as water which We send down from the clouds, then there mingles with it the produce of the earth, of which men and cattle eat till, when the earth receives its ornature and looks beautiful and its owners think that they have power over it, there comes to it Our command by night or by day and We render it a field that is mown down, as if nothing had existed there the day before. Thus do We expound the Signs for a people who reflect.

26. And Allāh calls to the abode of peace, and guides whom He pleases to the straight path.

27. For those who do good deeds,

مِنْ هٰذه لَنَكُوْنَنَّ مِنَ الشَّكِرِيْنَ 🕤 فَكَمَّآ ٱنْحِدِهُمْ إذا هُمْ تَنْغُوْنَ فِي الْآدْضِ بِغَيْرِ الْحَقِّ لَيَا يُّهَا النَّاسُ إِنَّكَا بَغْبُكُمْ عَلَى ٱنْفُسِكُمْ الْمَتَاعَ الْحَلْمَة الدَّنْبَادِثُمَّ الَبْنَامَ (حِعُكُمْ فَنُنَتِئُكُمْ ىمَاكُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُهُنَm انَّمَامَثَلُ الْحَلِوةِ الدُّنْيَاكَمَاءِ ٱنْزَلْنْهُ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ فَاخْتَلَطَ بِهِ نَبَاتُ الْأَرْضِ مصَّابَاكُلُ النَّاسُ وَ الْأَنْعَامُ مِحَتًى إِذَا ٱخَذَت الْأَدْضُ ذُخْرُفَهَا وَا زَّ تَنَتَ وَظَنَّ ٱهْلُهَا ٱنَّهُمْ قُدرُوْنَ عَلَيْهَا، ٱتْبِهَا ٱمْرُنَا لَبْلَّهُ إَوْ نَقَادًا فَجَعَلْنُهَا حَصِبُرًا كَإِنْ لَّحْ تَغْنَ بِالْآمُسِ حَذَلِكَ نُفَصِّلُ الْإِلِت لقَوْم يَتَفَكَّرُوْنَ وَ اللَّهُ يَدْعُوَّا إِلَى دَارِ السَّلْمِ وَ يَهْدِيْ مَنْ تَشَاءُ إِلَى صِرَاطٍ مُّسْتَقَيْمٍ 🕅

لِلَّذِيْنَ آحْسَنُوا الْحُسْلَى وَ زِيَادَةً -

\*24. O ye men, your excesses are only against your own selves a mere enjoyment of the present life. Then to Us shall be your return; and We will inform you of what you used to do. \*25. The example of life on earth is like that of water that We cause to descend from heaven. Then with it mingles the vegetation of the earth of which both the people and the cattle partake. It continues to be so until the earth blossoms forth in full bloom and ripens into loveliness — then while those who possess it deem themselves supreme over it, there suddenly descends Our decree at night or during the day. Then We render it a field that is mown down as if it had not existed the day before. Thus do We expound the Signs for a people who reflect.

 $a i u + | th \rightarrow | h \neg | kh \rightarrow | dh \rightarrow | 2$  (see details of transitieration on page [p]).

there shall be the best *reward* and *yet* more *blessings*. And neither darkness nor ignominy shall cover their faces. It is these who are the inmates of Heaven; therein shall they abide.

28. And *as for* those who do evil deeds, the punishment of an evil shall be the like thereof, and ignominy shall cover them. They shall have none to protect them against Allāh. *And they shall look* as if their faces had been covered with dark patches of night. It is these who are the inmates of the Fire; therein shall they abide.

- \*29. And *remember* the day when We shall gather them all together, then shall We say to those who ascribed partners *to God*, "*Stand back in* your places, you and your 'partners'". Then We shall separate them widely, one from another, and their 'partners' will say: 'It was not us that you worshipped.
- \*30. 'So Allāh is *now* sufficient as a Witness between us and you. We were certainly unaware of your worship.'

31. There shall every soul realize what it shall have sent on before. And they shall be brought back to Allāh, their true Master, and all that

وَ لَا يَبْهُمُ وَجُوْهُهُمْ قَتَرً وَّ لَا ذَلَّةً. لى أَصْحْبُ الْحَنَّةَ ، هُ خلد ۋى وَ الَّذِيْنَ كَسَبُوا السَّيَّاتِ جَزَّاءُ ثْلِهَا رِوَ تَرْهَقُهُمْ ذِلَّةً إِمَا نْ عَاصِمَ كَأَنَّمَآ لَـهُمْ مَّرِبَ اللهِ مِ ا مَّنَ الَّعْلَ ۇخەھەم قطع ای اَصْحٰ ے الت مظلماه أولئه فثقاخلدؤن وَ بَوْمَ نَحْشُرُهُمْ حَمِدْهًا ثُمَّ نَقُوْلُ ذيرت أشْرَكُوْا مَكَانَكُمْ أَنْتُمْ وَ شُرَكًا وُكُمْ إِ فَزَتَلْنَا شُركاًةُ هُمْ مَّاكُنْتُمْ إِيَّانَاتَعْبُدُوْنَ @ فَكَفَى بِاللَّهِ شَهِيْدًا بَيْنَنَا وَبَيْنَكُمْ إِنْ ڪُنَّاعَنْ عِبَادَتِكُمْ لَغْفِلِيْنَ 🕾

ھُنَالِكَ تَبْلُوْا كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَّآ اَسْلَفَتْ وَ رُدُّوَّا إِلَى اللَّهِ مَوْلَمُهُمُ الْحَقِّ وَ ضَلَّ

<sup>\*29.</sup> Beware of the day when We shall gather them all together, then shall We say to those who ascribed partners to God, 'Stay put where you are—you and your associate gods.' Then shall We separate them; and those whom they had considered partners will say, 'It is not we whom you worshipped.'

<sup>\*30. &#</sup>x27;So Allah is sufficient Witness between us and you. We were absolutely unaware of your devotion.'

عَنْهُمْ مَّاكَانُوْا يَفْتَرُوْنَ ٢

they used to forge shall be lost to  $\frac{1}{4}$ , them.

32. Say, 'Who provides sustenance for you from the heaven and the earth? Or who is it that has power over the ears and the eyes? And who brings forth the living from the dead and brings the dead out of the living? And who governs all affairs?' They will say, 'Allāh'. \*Then say, 'Will you not then seek *His* protection?'

\*33. Such is Allāh, your true Lord. So what *would you have* after *discarding* the truth except error? How then are you being turned away *from the truth*?

34. Thus is the word of thy Lord proved true against those who rebel, that they believe not.

\*35. Say, 'Is there any of your associate-gods who originates creation and then reproduces it?' Say, 'It is Allāh *alone* Who originates creation and then reproduces it. Whither then are you turned away?'

36. Say, 'Is there any of your associate-gods who leads to the truth?' Say, 'It is Allāh Who leads to the truth. Is then He Who leads to the truth more worthy to be followed or he who finds not the way *himself* unless he be guided?

<sup>م</sup> تُلْمَنْ تَكْرُزُ تُكْمُرِمِّنَ السَّمَاءِ وَ الْآرْضِ اَمَّنْ تَعْمَلِكُ السَّمْعَ وَ الْآبْصَارَ وَ مَنْ يُخْرِجُ الْحَيَّ مِنَ الْمَيِّتِ وَ يُخْرِجُ الْمَيِّتَ مِنَ الْحَيَّ وَ مَنْ يُدَبِّرُ الْأَمْرَ . فَسَيَقُوْلُوْنَ اللَّهُ . فَقُلْ اَفَلَا تَتَقُوْنَ @

ڣؘۜۮ۬ڸؚڲؙؙؙؙؙؙؙؙؙؗۯٵٮٚٞۿؙڒڹؙؙؙؖػؙؙؙؙؙؙؙؗؗؗؗۯٵٮٛٛڂۊٞۘ۠؞ڣؘڝٙٵۮؘٵؠؘڠػ ٵٮٛڂۊؚؚٞٳڴٵڶڞۜڶڵۦ۪ڣؘٵؘؽ۬۬ۨؾؙڞڗڡؙۉڹ۞

كَذٰلِكَ حَقَّتْ كَلِمَتُ رَبِّكَ عَلَى الَّذِيْنَ فَسَقُوْا اَنَّهُمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ @ قُلْ هَلْ مِنْ شُرَكَا يُكُمْ مَّنْ يَبْدَؤُا الْخَلْقَ ثُمَّ يُعِيْدُهُ فَاَنْ تُؤْفَكُوْنَ @

قُلْ هَلْ مِنْ شُرَكَ أَئِكُمْ مَّنْ يَّهْدِيَ إِلَى الْحَقِّ قُلِ اللَّهُ يَهْدِيْ لِلْحَقِّ أَفَمَنْ يَهْدِيَ إِلَى الْحَقِّ اَحَقُّ آَنْ يُتَبَعَ امَّنْ لَا يَهِدِيْ آِلَا آَتْ يُهْدِى، فَمَا لَكُمْ س

\*35. Say, 'Is there one among your associates who originates creation then repeats it?' Say, 'It is Alläh *alone* Who initiates creation and then repeats it. How could you then be led astray?'

<sup>\* 32.</sup> Then say, 'Will you not then **desist** *from your wrong pursuits?*'

<sup>\*33.</sup> Such is Allāh, your true Lord. So what is left after truth but manifest error?

What, then, is the matter with you? How judge ye?'

37. And most of them follow \*nothing but conjecture. Surely, conjecture avails nothing against truth. Verily, Allāh is well aware of what they do.

38. And this Qur'ān is not such as might be devised by any one except Allāh. On the contrary, it fulfils that which is before it and is an exposition of the Law *of God.* There is no doubt about it. *It is* from the Lord of the worlds.

39. Do they say, 'He has forged it'? Say, 'Bring then a Sūrah like unto it, and call for help on all you can besides Allāh, if you are truthful.'

40. Nay, but they have rejected that the knowledge of which they did not encompass nor has the *true* significance thereof yet come to them. In like manner did those before them reject *the truth*. But see what was the end of those who did wrong!

41. And of them there are *some* who believe therein, and of them there are *others* who do not believe \*therein, and thy Lord well knows

those who act corruptly.

R. 5.

\*42. And if they accuse thee of lying,

كَنْفَ تَحْكُمُوْنَ وَ مَا يَتَّبِعُ اَحْثَرُهُمْ إِلَّا ظَنًّا وإِنَّ الظَّنَّ كَا يُغْنِيْ مِنَ الْحَقِّ شَيْئًا ؞ إتَّ الله عليم بما يفعلون ٢ وَجَاكَانَ هُذَا الْقُدَادِ بِي أَنْ تُفْتَدَى مِنْ دُوْبِ اللهِ وَ لَكِنْ تَصْدِيقَ الَّذِيْ يَيْنَ يدَيه وَتَفْصِيْلَ الْكِتْبِ لَارَيْبَ فِيْهِ **مِنْ رَّبِّ الْعُلَمِيْنَ** آمْ بَقُوْلُوْنَ افْتَرْبِهُ ، قُلْ فَأَتُوْا بِسُوْرَةٍ مِّثْلِهِ وَ ادْعُوْا مَنِ اسْتَطَعْتُمْ مِّنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَدِقَيْنَ ٢ بَلْ كَذَّبُوْا بِمَا لَمْ يُجِيْطُوْا بِعِلْمِهِ وَلَمَّا يَا تِهِمْ تَاْوِيْلُهُ ، كَذْلِكَ كَذَّبَ الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ فَانْظُرْ كَيْفَ كَانَ عَ الظَّلِميْنَ٠

وَ مِنْهُمْ مَّنْ يُّؤْمِنُ بِهِ وَ مِنْهُمْ مَّنْ لَا يُؤْمِنُ بِهِ وَرَبُّكَ اَعْلَمُ بِالْمُفْسِدِيْنَ ﴾َ

وَ إِنْ كَذَّبُوْكَ فَقُلْ لِّي

<sup>\*37.</sup> Surely, conjecture cannot substitute truth in the least.

**\***41. and **your Lord knows best those who provoke disorder.** 

<sup>\*42.</sup> And if they accuse you of lying, say, 'I am accountable for my actions and you for yours.

say, 'For me is my work and for you is your work. You are not responsible for what I do and I am not responsible for what you do.'

43. And among them are *some* who give ear to thee. But canst thou make the deaf hear, even though they understand not?

44. And among them are *some* who look towards thee. But canst thou guide the blind, even though they see not?

45. Certainly, Allāh wrongs not men at all, but men wrong their own souls.

46. And on the day when He will gather them together, *it will appear* to them as though they had not tarried *in the world* save for an hour of a day. They will recognize one another. Losers indeed are those who deny the meeting with Allāh \* and would not follow guidance.

\*47. And if We show thee *in thy lifetime the fulfilment of* some of the things with which We have threatened them, *thou wilt know it;* or if We cause thee to die *before that,* then to Us is their return, *and thou wilt see the fulfilment in the next world;* and Allāh is Witness to all that they do.

48. And for every people there is a Messenger. So when their Messenger comes, it is judged وَلَكُمْ عَمَلُكُمْ الْتُمْ بَرِيْعُوْنَ مِمَّآ ٱعْمَلُ وَ ٱنَّابَرِيْءَ تِمَّاتَعْمَلُوْنَ ؟ وَمِنْهُمْ مَّنْ تَسْتَمِعُوْنَ إِلَيْكَ أَفَأَنْتَ تُسْمِعُ الصَّمَّ وَلَوْ كَانُوْا لَا يَعْقِلُوْنَ وَ مِنْهُمْ مَّرِ بْ يَنْظُرُ الْمُكَ مِ أَفَانَتِ تَهْدِي الْعُمْيَ وَلَهْ كَانُوْا لَا يُبْصِرُوْنَ ٢ إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَا يَظْلَمُ النَّاسَ شَنْكًا وَّ لَكُنَّ، النَّاسَ ٱنْفُسَفُمْ بَظْلِمُوْنَ، وَ بَوْمَ يَحْشُرُهُمْ كَأَنْ لَّمْ بَلْبَتُوْا الَّا سَاعَةً مِّنَ النُّهَادِ يَتَعَادَفُوْنَ بَيْنَهُمْ ﴿ قَدْخَسِرَ الَّذِيْنَ كَذَّبُوا بِلِقَاءِ اللهِ وَمَاكَانُوْا مُهْتَدِيْنَ ٢ وَ إِمَّا نُرِيَنَّكَ بَعْضَ الَّذِيْ نَعِدُهُ هُر ٱۅٛڹؘؾؘۅؘڣۜٞؾڹۜۧڬ ڣؘٳڶؽڹٵڡۯجِعُهُ ثَمَّر اللهُ شَهِيدً عَلَى مَا يَفْحَلُوْنَ

ۘۅؘڸؚڮؙڷؚٱۻٙڐٟڗۧڛؙۉڶٛ؞ڣؘٳۮ۬ٵؘۜؖؖڔٙٵؘ؆ڗڛؙۉڵۿؗۿ

\*46. ... and would not be guided.

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ \tau & | \ kh \ \tau & | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} & | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} & | \ ch \ \dot{\tau} & | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} & | \ ch \$ 

<sup>\*47.</sup> And if We make you witness a part of what We promised them or cause you to die *before that*, to Us shall be their return; then will Allāh stand witness against what they do.

between them with equity, and they are not wronged.

49. And they say, 'When will this promise be *fulfilled*, if you are truthful?'

50. Say, 'I have no power for myself over any harm or benefit, save that which Allah wills. For every disbelieving people there is an appointed term. When their term is come, they cannot remain behind a single moment, nor can they get ahead of it.'

51. Say, 'Tell me, if His punishment comes upon you by night or by day, \*how will the guilty run away from it?

52. 'Is it then when it has befallen you that you will believe in it? What! Now! And before this you used to demand its speedy coming?'

53. Then will it be said to those who did wrong, 'Taste ye the abiding punishment. You are not requited save for that which you used to earn."

54. And they enquire of thee, 'Is it true?' Say, 'Yea, by my Lord! It is most surely true; and you cannot frustrate it.'

## R. 6.

55. And if every soul that does wrong possessed all that is in the earth, it

قُضِيَ بَيْنَهُمْ بِالْقِسْطِ وَ هُمْرَكَ يُظْلَمُوْنَ ٢ وَ بَقُوْلُوْنَ مَتَّى هٰذَا الْوَعْدُ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صرقيْن قُلْ كَمَا آمْدِكُ لِنَفْسِيْ ضَرًّا وَّلَا نَفْعًا إِلَّا مَاشَاء اللهُ دِلْكُلّ أُمَّةٍ أَجَلَّ دِاذَاجًاء ٱحَلُهُمْ فَلَهُ مَسْتَاجْرُوْنَ سَاعَةً وَّ لَه ىَسْتَقْدِمُوْنَ۞ قُلْ آدَءَيْتُمْ إدِبْ آتْبِكُمْ عَذَابُهُ بَيَاتًا اَوْ نَهَادًا مَّاذَا يَسْتَعْجِلُ مِنْهُ الْمُجْرِمُوْنَ@ ٱ ثُمَّر إذا مَا وَقَعَ أَمَنْ تُمْرِبِهِ • آَلْنَ <u>وَقَدْكُنْتُمْ بِهٖتَسْتَعْجِلُوْنَ۞</u> ثُمَر قِيْلَ لِلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوْا ذُوْقُوْا عَذَاب الْخُلْدِ، هَلْتُجْزَوْنَ إِلَّا بِمَاكُنْتُمْ تَكْسِبُوْنَ@ ۘۘۊؾۺؾڹٛٛڹٷٛڹؘڬٙٵؘۘۘۘۘۘۘۘۘ<del>ؘ</del>ۊ۫ۿۊ؞ۊؙڶٳؽۣۊۯؾ۪ٚؽٓ إِنَّهٰ لَحَقٌّ دُوَمَآ ٱنْتُمْ بِمُعْجِزِيْنَ ٢ وَلَوْ أَنَّ رِجُلّ نَفْسٍ ظَلَمَتْ مَافِ الْأَرْضِ

\* 51. ... how could the guilty escape it however hastily?

ء : ا ق q ا غ h ح ا ظ t ا ظ t ا ف ب و 294 م ع ا ف ا h ح ا h ح ا h خ ا h خ ا h خ ا h خ ا h خ ا h خ ا م ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

Ę

would surely offer to ransom itself therewith. And they will conceal *their* remorse when they see the punishment. And judgment shall be passed between them with equity, and they shall not be wronged.

\*56. Know ye! to Allāh, surely, belongs whatever is in the heavens and the earth. Know ye, that Allāh's promise is surely true! But most of them understand not.

57. He it is Who gives life and causes death, and to Him shall you be brought back.

58. O mankind! there has indeed come to you an exhortation from your Lord and a cure for whatever *disease* there is in the hearts, and a guidance and a mercy to the believers.

59. Say, '*All this is* through the grace of Allāh and through His mercy; therein, therefore, let them rejoice. That is better than what they hoard.'

60. Say, 'Have you considered that Allāh sent down provision to you, then you made *some* of it unlawful and *some* lawful?' Say, 'Has Allāh permitted you *that* or do you invent lies against Allāh?'

61. What think those who invent lies against Allāh of the Day of Resurrection? Surely, Allāh is gracious towards mankind, but most of them are لَافْتَدَتْ بِهِ ﴿ وَ ٱسَرُّوا النَّدَامَةَ لَمَّا دَاَوُا الْ**حَذَ**ابَ، وَقَضِىَ بَيْنَهُمْ ب وَ هُمْ لَا تُظْلَمُوْنَ، ٱلآاِنَّ بِلهِ مَا في السَّمٰوتِ وَ الْأَرْضِ، ٱلَآبِانَ وَعْدَ الله حَقُّ وَ لَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَهُمْ كا تغلَّمُوْنَ، ھُوَيُحْي وَيُمِيْتُ وَ إِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُوْنَ @ لَاَتُهَا النَّاسُ قَدْ جَاءَتُكُمْ مَّهْعِظَةً مِّنْ ڗ<u>ۜ</u>ؾؙؚؚۘۘڿؙۿڔۊؘۺؚڣۜٲۦٞڷؚؚۣٙڝٙٳڣۣٵڵڞؙۮۉڔ؇۪ۊۿڋۑ وَّرَحْمَةً لِّلْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ۞ قُلْ بِفَضْلِ اللهِ وَبِرَحْمَتِهِ فَبِذٰلِكَ فَلْيَفْرَحُوْاء هُوَ خَبْرُ مَّمَّا يَجْمَعُوْنَ، قُلْ آرَءَيْتُمْ مَّآ ٱنْزَلَ اللهُ لَكُمْ مِّنْ ڗۯٛۊ؋ؘڿڂڷؿۿڔڣؽۿڂڗٳڡٞٳۊٚڂڶڋۦۊؙڵ آىتە دن <u>ر</u>ىكى مەرەر تىكى اللە تەتەر ۋى وَمَا ظَنُّ الَّذِيْنَ يَفْتَرُوْنَ عَلَى اللهِ الْكَذِبَ بَوْمَ الْعَلْمَةِ ، إِنَّ اللَّهُ لَذُوْ فَضْلٍ عَلَى النَّاسِ وَ لٰكِنَّ ٱكْثَرَهُ مُ

\*56. Lo! To Allāh, surely, belongs whatever is in the heavens and the earth. Lo! Verily, the promise of Allāh is true. But most of them know not.

not thankful.

# R. 7.

\*62. And thou art not engaged in anything, and thou recitest not from Him any portion of the Qur' $\bar{a}n$ , and you do no work, but We are witnesses of you when you are engrossed therein. And there is not hidden from thy Lord even an atom's weight in the earth or in heaven. And there is nothing smaller than that or greater, but it is *recorded* in a clear Book.

63. Behold! the friends of Allāh shall certainly have no fear, nor shall they grieve—

\*64. Those who believed and kept to righteousness—

65. For them are glad tidings in the present life and *also* in the Hereafter—there is no changing the words of Allāh; that indeed is the supreme triumph.

- \*66. And let not their words grieve thee. Surely, all power belongs to Allāh. He is the All-Hearing, the All-Knowing.
- \*67. Behold! whoever is in the heavens and whoever is in the earth is Allāh's.

ىشك ۋى 💮

وَمَا تَكُوْنُ فِي شَانٍ وَّمَا تَتْلُوْا مِنْهُ مِنْ قُرْأَن وَّ لَا تَعْمَلُوْنَ مِنْ عَمَل إِلَّا كُنَّا عَلَيْكُمْ شُهُوْدًا إِذْ تُفْيُضُوْنَ فَيْهِ وَ مَا يَعْزُبُ عَنْ رَّبِّكَ مِنْ مِّثْقَالِ ذَرَّةٍ فِي الْاَرْضِ وَ لَا فِي السَّبَمَاءِ وَ لَآ أَصْغَرَ مِنْ كَبَرَ اللافي حِتْب مُبِيْتٍ ذلكَوَلَآ í ٱلَآ إِنَّ ٱوْلِيَاءَ اللهِ كَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْ وَلَاهُمْ يَحْزَنُهُنَ شَ ٱلَّذِبْنَ أَمَنُهُا وَ كَانُهُ ا يَتَقَهُونَ لَهُمُ الْبُشَرِي ف الْجَلُوة وَ فِ الْأُخِرَةِ ﴿ لَا تَبْدِيْلَ إِكَلِمْتِ الله ذلك هو الفَوْ زُ الْعَظِيمُ ش الْعِزَّةَ بِتْهِ وَ لَا يَحْزُنْكَ قَوْلُهُمْ مِ إِنَّ جَمِنْعًا المَصْمِنْعُ الْعَلِيْمُ ٱلآاتَ بِتْبِهِ مَنْ فِ السَّمْوَتِ وَ مَنْ

- \*64. Those who believed and acted ever righteously.
- \*66. And let not their words grieve you. Surely, all majesty belongs to Allāh.
- \*67. Lo! To Allāh belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is in the earth. Those who pray to partners beside Allāh do not *really* follow them. They follow nothing but faney and indulge not but in conjectures.

<sup>\*62.</sup> And you are not engaged in anything, and you recite not from Him any portion of the Qur'ān, and you do not do anything but We watch you when you are engrossed therein. And nothing is hidden from the view of your Lord—even that which weighs no more than a particle or less thereof, or greater than that in the earth or in the heavens—but it is recorded in a clear Book.

Those who call on others than Allāh do not *really* follow *these* 'partners'; they follow only a conjecture, and they do nothing but guess.

\*68. He it is Who has made for you the night *dark* that you may rest therein, and the day full of light. Surely, therein are Signs for a people who listen.

69. They say, 'Allāh has taken unto Himself a son.' Holy is He! He is Self-Sufficient. To Him belongs whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is in the earth. You have no authority for this. Do you say against Allāh what you know not?

70. Say, 'Those who invent a lie against Allāh shall not prosper.'

\*71. *They will have some* enjoyment in this world. Then to Us is their return. Then shall We make them taste a severe punishment, because they used to disbelieve.

#### R. 8.

72. And recite unto them the story of Noah, when he said to his people, 'O my people, if my station *with God* and my reminding you *of your duty* through the Signs of Allāh offend you—and in Allāh do I put my trust—muster then *all* your designs, *you* and your 'partners'; then let not your course of action be obscure to

في الْآرْضِ، وَ مَا مَتَّبِعُ الَّذِينَ مَدْعُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللَّهِ شَرَكًاءَ مِهِ إِدِ بْ الم الظَّنَّ وَ إِنْ هُمْ الْمَا يَخْدُ صُوْنَ؟ هُوَ الَّذِيْ حَجَلَ لَكُمُ الَّثِلَ لِتَشِكُنُوْا فنه وَ النَّهَارَ مُبْصِرًا إِنَّ فِي ذَٰلِكَ كالت لِقَوْمِ يَسْمَعُوْنَ 🐨 قَالُما اتَّخَذَ اللهُ وَلَدًا سُبْحُنَهُ \* هُوَ الْغَنْيُ لَهُ مَا فِي السَّهٰ مُوت وَ مَه الْأَدْضِ إِنْ عِنْدَكُمْ مِّنْ سُ ٱ تَقُوْلُوْنَ عَلَى اللهِ مَا كَا تَعْلَمُوْنَ قُلْ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ مَفْتَرُوْنَ عَلَى الله الْكَذِبَ لَا يُفْلِحُوْنَ ٢ مَتَاعٌ فِي الدُّنْمَا ثُمَّ الَيْنَا ثُمَّرُ نُذِيْقُهُمُ الْحَذَابَ الشَّدِيرَ بچ كَانُدْا يَكْفُرُوْنَ ٢ وتفارز <u> دَاثْلُ عَلَيْهِ هُرْنَبَا نُوْحٍ م</u> لْقَوْمِ إِنْ كَارَبَ كَبُرَ عَلَيْكُمْ ۇ ئىزى بايت اىلە فىكى فَأَجْمِعُوْا أَمْرَكُمْ وَ شُ يَكُنْ أَمْرُكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ غُمَّ

\*68. He it is Who has made for you the night that you may rest therein, and the day illuminating.
\*71. They will have a small transient gain in this world. Then to Us is their return. Then shall We make them taste a severe punishment, because they would not believe.

you; then carry out *your designs* against me and give me no respite.
73. 'But if you turn back, *remember*, I have not asked of you any reward.
\*My reward is with Allāh alone, and I have been commanded to be of those who are resigned *to Him*.'

74. But they rejected him, so We saved him and those who were with \*him in the Ark. And We made them inheritors of Our favours, while We drowned those who rejected Our Signs. See then, how was the end of those who had been warned!

75. Then We sent, after him, *other* Messengers to their *respective* peoples, and they brought them clear proofs. But they would not believe *in them*, because they had rejected them before. Thus do We seal the hearts of transgressors.

76. Then did We send, after them, Moses and Aaron to Pharaoh and his chiefs with Our Signs, but they behaved arrogantly. And they were a sinful people.

77. And when there came to them the truth from Us, they said, 'This is surely a manifest enchantment.'

78. Moses said, 'Do you say *this* of the truth when it has come to you? Is this enchantment? And the enchanters never prosper.'

79. They said, 'Hast thou come to

وَ لَا تُنْظِرُ وْنِ ٢ فَانْ تَوَلَّىْ تُمْ فَمَا سَالْتُكُمْ مِّنْ آجْدٍ ِإِنْ أَجْرِيَ إِلَّا عَلَى اللَّهِ « وَ أُمِرْتُ أَبْ أَكُوْنَ مِنَ الْمُسْلِمِيْنَ @ فَكَذَّبُهُ فَنَحَّبْنُهُ وَ مَرْنَ مَّعَهُ فِي الْفُلْكَ وَ حَعَلْنُهُمْ خَلَّيْفَ وَ أَغْرَقْنَا الَّذِيْنَ كَذَّبُوْا بِالبِتِنَا ، فَانْظُرْ كَيْفَ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ الْمُنْذَرِيْنَ ثُمَّرَبَعَثْنَا مِنْ بَعْدِهِ رُسُلًا إِلَى قَوْمِهِمْ فجآء وهمربا لتتنب فماكانوا ليؤمنوا بمَاكَذَّبُوْا بِهِ مِنْ قَبْلُ لَكَذٰلِكَ نَطْبَعُ عَلَى قُلُوْبِ الْمُعْتَدِيْنَ ثُمَّ *تَعَ*ثْنَا مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ مُّوْسى وَ هُرُوْن ٳ**ڶى فِرْعَ**ۋْنَ وَ مَلَاْئِهِ بِالِيتِنَا فَاسْتَكْبَرُ وْا وَكَانُوْا قَوْمًا مُّجْرِمِيْنَ ﴾ فَكَمَّا جَاءَهُمُ الْحَقُّ مِنْ عِنْدِنَا قَالُوْا إِنَّ هٰذَا لَسِحْرٌ مُّبِيْنَ ٢ قَالَ مُوْسَى ٱ تَقُوْلُوْنَ لِلْحَقِّ لَمَّا جَاءَكُمْ ٱبدخرَّ هٰذَاء وَلَا بُفْلِحُ السَّاجِرُوْنَ قَالُهُ إحَمْتَنَا لِتَلْفِتَنَا عَمَّا وَحَ

<sup>\*73...</sup> and I have been commanded to be of those who have submitted.

<sup>\*74.</sup> And We made them inheritors *of the land*, while We drowned those who rejected Our Signs.

us that thou mayest turn us away from what we found our fathers following, and that you two may have greatness in the land? But we will not believe in either of you.' 80. And Pharaoh said, 'Bring to me every expert magician."

81. And when the magicians came, Moses said to them, 'Cast ve what vou would cast.'

82. And when they had cast, Moses said, 'What you have brought is mere sorcery. Surely, Allah will make it vain. Verily, Allah does not allow the work of mischief-makers to prosper.

83. 'And Allah establishes the truth by His words, even though the sinners be averse to it." R. 9.

\*84. And none obeved Moses save some youths from among his people, because of the fear of Pharaoh and their chiefs, lest he should persecute them. And of a truth, Pharaoh was a tyrant in the land and surely he was of the transgressors.

85. And Moses said, 'O my people, if you have believed in Allah, then in Him put your trust, if you indeed submit to His will.

86. And they said, 'In Allah do we

عَلَيْهِ أَبَاءَنَا وَتَكُوْنَ لَكُمَا الْكِبْرِيَاءُ فِي الْآدْضِ، وَمَا نَحْنُ لَكُمَا بِمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ﴾ وَقَالَ فِرْعَوْنُ انْتُوْنِيْ بِكُلِّ السَحِرِعَلِيْمٍ ۞ فَكَمَّا جَاءَ السَّحَرَةُ قَالَ لَهُمْ مُّوْسَى اَلْقُوْامَآ اَنْتُمْ مُلْقُوْنَ ( فَكَمَّآ ٱلْقَوْا قَالَ مُوْسى مَا جِئْتُمْ بِهِ السِّحْرُ إِنَّ اللَّهَ سَبُبْطِلُهُ إِنَّ اللَّهِ كَا يُصْلِحُ عَمَلَ الْمُفْسِدِيْنَ 🕼 وَ يُحِقُّ اللهُ الْحَقَّ بِحَلِمَتِهِ وَلَوْ كَرِهَ الے الے الْمُجْرِمُوْنَ ٢ فَمَآامَن لِمُوْسَى إِلَّا ذُرِّيَّةً مِّنْ قَوْمِهِ عَلى خَوْفٍ مِّنْ فِرْعَوْنَ وَ مَلَا يُهم أَنْ يَفْتِنَهُمْ \* وَإِنَّ فِرْعَوْنَ لَعَالٍ فِي الْأَرْضِ \* وَإِنَّهُ لَمِنَ الْمُسْرِفِيْنَ @ وَقَالَ مُوْسِى لِقَوْمِ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ أَمَنْتُمْ بِاللهِ فَحَلَيْهِ تَوَكَّلُوْا إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُسْلِمِيْنَ@ فَقَالُوْا عَلَى اللهِ تَوَكَّلْنَا ، رَتَّنَا لَا

ء ' ا ق p ا غ r | dh + | dh أ ف p و و 200 م ص s ا خ h r | kh r | dh أ ث h r | kh r | dh أ ث h r (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

<sup>\*84.</sup> And none obeyed Moses except a generation from among his people, because of the fear of Pharaoh and their chiefs, lest he should persecute them. And verily, Pharaoh was a tyrant in the land, and certainly he was of the transgressors.

put our trust. Our Lord, make us not a trial for the wrongdoing people. 87. 'And deliver us by Thy mercy from the disbelieving people.'

- \*88. And We spoke to Moses and his brother, *saying*, 'Take, ye twain, *some* houses for your people in *the* town, and make your houses so as to face one another, and observe Prayer. And give glad tidings to the believers.'
- \*89. And Moses said, 'Our Lord, Thou hast bestowed upon Pharaoh and his chiefs embellishment and wealth in the present life, with the result, our Lord, that they are leading *men* astray from Thy path. Our Lord! destroy their riches and attack their hearts—and they are not going to believe until they see the grievous punishment.'

90. He said, 'Your prayer is accepted.

تَجْعَلْنَا فِتْنَةً لِّلْقَوْمِ الظَّلِمِيْنَ ( وَ نَجِّنَا بِرَحْمَتِكَ مِنَ الْقَوْمِ الْحُفْرِيْنَ ( وَ اوْحَيْنَا إِلَى مُوْسَى وَ اَخِيْهِ اَنْ تَبَوَّ الْعَوْمِكْمَا بِمِصْرَ بُيُوْتًا وَ اجْعَلُوْا بَيُوْتَحُمْ قِبْلَةً وَ اقَيْمُوا الصَّلُوةَ بَيُوْتَحُمْ قِبْلَةً وَ اقَيْمُوا الصَّلُوةَ وَ مَلَاهُ زِيْنَةً وَ اَمَوَالًا فِي الْحَلُوةِ الدُّنْيَا وَ مَلَاهُ زِيْنَةً وَ اَمُوالًا فِي الْحَلُوةِ الدُّنْيَا وَ مَلَاهُ زِيْنَةً وَ اَمُوالًا فِي الْحَلُوةِ الدُّنْيَا وَ مَلَاهُ زِيْنَةً وَ الْعَدَابَ الْعَذَابَ الْالِيْمَ ( فَلَا يُؤْمِنُوا حَتَّى يَرَوُ الْعَذَابَ الْالِيْمَ (

**\***88. And We spoke to Moses and his brother, *saying*, 'Build houses for your people in *the* city and make your houses **facing in the same direction**, and observe Prayer.

Note: The Arabic words waj alū buyūtakum qiblatan (زابتَعُنُوابَيُوْ تَكُمُرَ تَبَانُوَ عَالَمُ أَن in this verse may mean: facing the Qiblah i.e., the point or place to which the worship is oriented or facing each other or facing in the same direction.

As for the first meaning it is difficult to adopt this because there was no definite Qiblah prescribed for the Children of Israel before the building of the Temple of Solomon.

If the second meaning is preferred then the scenario will be that of houses built facing each other for the purpose of security.

We prefer the third option, meaning: **build your houses facing the same direction.** This has the advantage of enabling all the dwellers of the houses to worship in the same direction which creates a sense of unity and discipline among them.

Immediately after this instruction the believers are admonished to observe Prayer which further strengthens our view. Because the Arabie word *aqīmuşşalāta* (آَيَنِمُواالصَّلُوة) does not merely enjoin performance of individual Prayer but emphasises the performance of Prayer in congregation.

\*89. And Moses said, 'Our Lord, You have bestowed upon Pharaoh and his chiefs ornaments and wealth in this life. Our Lord, it results only in their leading *people* astray from Your path. Our Lord, obliterate their riches and be severe on their hearts, because *it seems* they would not believe until they see a grievous punishment.'

So be ye twain steadfast, and follow not the path of those who know not.'

- \*91. And We brought the children of Israel across the sea; and Pharaoh and his hosts pursued them wrongfully and aggressively, till, when *the calamity of* drowning overtook him, he said, 'I believe that there is no God but He in Whom the children of Israel believe, and I am of those who submit *to Him*.'
- \*92. What! Now! while thou wast disobedient before *this* and wast of those who create disorder.

93. So this day We will save thee in thy body *alone* that thou mayest be a Sign to those *who come* after thee. And surely, many of mankind are heedless of Our Signs.

## **R.** 10.

94. And We assigned to the children of Israel an excellent abode, and We provided them with good things, and they differed not until there came to them the knowledge. Surely, thy Lord will judge between them on the Day of Resurrection concerning that in which they differed.

95. And if thou art in doubt concerning that which We have sent down to thee, ask those who have been reading the Book before thee. Indeed the truth has come to

 حَنِّ سَبِيْلَ الَّذِيْنَ لَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ الْإِينَ الْمَوْنَ وَجَاوَزْنَا بِبَخِتَ إِسْرَاءِنْكَ الْبَحْرَ فَآثْبَعَهُمْ فِرْعَوْتُ وَجُنُوْدُهُ بَغْبًا وَّ عَدْوًا مِحَتَّى إِذَآ أَدْرَكَهُ الْغَرَقُ بِقَالَ امَنْتُ ٱنَّهُ كَآرِلْهَ إِلَّا الَّذِيَّ امْنَتْ بِهِ تنُوْا إِسْرَاءِيْكَ وَ أَنَا مِنَ الْمُسْلِمِيْنَ () آ<sup>نى</sup>، دَ قَدْعَصَنْتَ قَنْهُ، دَ كُنْتَ م الْمُفْسِدِيْنَ آ فَالْيَوْمَ نُنَجَّيْكَ بِبَرَنِكَ لِتَك لِمَنْ خَلْفَكَ أَبَةً ، وَ إِنَّ كَتُنْزًا مِّنَ ين مو النَّاسِ عَنْ التنَا لَغْفِلُوْنَ أَسْ وَ لَقَدْ بَوَّ أَنَا بَخِنَّ إِسْرَاءِ يُلَ مُبَوَّ أَصِدْق وَّ رَزَقْنُهُمْ مِنْ الطَّبِّلِتِ، فَمَا اخْتَلَفُوْا حَتَّى جَاءَهُمُ الْعِلْمُ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ بَقْضِ تنتكفه تذم القلمة فشماكانها فثه ىختىلغەن، فَانْ كُنْتَ فِي شَلِيٍّ مِّمَّآ ٱنْزَلْنَآ إ فَسْعَلِ الَّذِيْنَ يَقْرَءُوْنَ الْجِتْبَ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ ، لَقَدْ جَاءَكَ الْحَقُّ مِنْ رَّبِّكَ

 $a i u + | th \stackrel{\circ}{=} | kh \stackrel{\tau}{=} | dh \stackrel{\circ}{=} | d \stackrel{\circ}{=} 0 \stackrel{\circ$ 

<sup>\*91.</sup> And We brought the children of Israel across the sea; and Pharaoh and his hosts pursued them with evil intent and enmity.

<sup>\*92.</sup> What! Now! while you have been disobedient before and were of those who do mischief.

thee from thy Lord; be not, therefore, of those who doubt.

96. And be not thou of those who reject the Signs of Allāh, or thou shalt be of the losers.

97. Surely, those against whom the word of thy Lord has taken effect will not believe,

98. Even if there come to them every Sign, till they see the grievous punishment.

99. Why was there no *other* people, save the people of Jonah, who should have believed so that their belief would have profited them? When they believed, We removed from them the punishment of disgrace in the present life, and We gave them provision for a while.

100. And if thy Lord had *enforced* His will, surely, all who are on the earth would have believed together. Wilt thou, then, force men to become believers?

101. And no soul can believe except by the permission of Allāh. And He makes *His* wrath *descend* on those who will not use their reason.

102. Say, 'Consider what is *happening* in the heavens and the earth.' But Signs and Warners avail not a people who will not believe.

فَلَا تَحُوْنَتَ مِنَ الْمُمْتَرِيْنَ أَ وَكَا تَكُوْنَنَّ مِنَ الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوْا بِالِتِ اىتلوفتكۇن مِنَ الْخْسِرِيْنَ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ حَقَّتْ عَلَيْهِمْ كَلِمَتُ رَبِّكَ لَا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ ٥ وَكَهْ جَاءَتْهُمْ كُلُّ ابَةٍ حَتَّى يَرَوُا الْعَذَاتِ الْأَلْمَم ٥ فَلَوْ لَا كَانَتْ قَرْبَةُ امَّنَتْ فَنَفَعَهَا إِسْمَانُهُمَا إِلَّا قَوْمَرِيُوْنُسَ ﴿ لَمَّا أَمَنُوْا كَشَفْنَا عَنْهُمْ عَذَابَ الْخِزْي فِ الْحَلُوةِ الدُّنْيَاوَمَتَّعْنُهُمْ إِلَى حِيْنِ ١ وَلَوْ شَاءَ رَبُّكَ لَأَ مَنَ مَنْ فِي الْآَرْضِ ڪُڏُهُم جَمِيْعًا < آفَانَتَ تُكُر كُو النَّاسَ حَتى كَكُوْنُوْا مُؤْمِنَيْنَ. وَمَاكَانَ لِنَفْسٍ أَنْ تُؤْمِنَ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِ اللهِ ، وَ يَجْعَلُ الرَّجْسَ عَلَى الَّذَيْنَ كا تغقلەن. قُل انْظُرُوْا مَاذَانِي السَّلطوٰتِ وَالْأَرْضِ ، وَ مَا تُغْنِي الْإِلْتُ وَ النُّبِذُدُ عَنْ قَوْمٍ لَّا يؤمنون

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u & \mid & | \ th \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ & | \ h \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \$ 

103. What then do they expect save the like of the days of *punishment suffered by* those who passed away before them? Say, 'Wait then, *and* I am with you among those who wait.'

104. Then shall We save Our Messengers and those who believe. Thus *does it always happen;* it is incumbent on Us to save believers.

## R. 11.

105. Say, "O ye men, if you are in doubt as to my religion, then *know that* I worship not those whom you worship beside Allāh, but I worship Allāh *alone* Who causes you to die, and I have been commanded to be of the believers,

106. "And *I have also been commanded to say*: 'Set thy face toward religion as one ever inclined *to God*, and be not thou of those who ascribe partners *to Him*.

107. 'And call not, beside Allāh, on any other that can neither profit thee nor harm thee. And if thou didst so, thou wouldst then certainly be of the wrongdoers.'"

108. And if Allāh touch thee with harm, there is none who can remove it but He: and if He desire good for thee, there is none who can repel His grace. He causes it to reach whomsoever of His servants He wills. And He is the Most Forgiving, Merciful.

109. Say, 'O ye men, now has the truth come to you from your Lord.

<u>مَعَلْ يَنْتَظِرُوْنَ الَّامِيْنَ</u> فَهَلْ يَنْتَظِرُوْنَ الَّامِشِ مِثْلَ آَيَّامِ الَّذِيْنَ مَحَكُمْ مِّنَ الْمُنْتَظِرِيْنَ شَمَّ نُنَجِّيْ رُسُلَنَا وَ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا كَذٰلِكَ، حَقَّاعَلَيْنَانُنْجِ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ أَمَ

قُلْ يَاكَيْهَا النَّاسُ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ فِيْ شَاحٍّ مِّنْ وِيْنِيْ فَلَا الْتَّاسُ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ فِيْ شَاحٍّ مِّنْ وَيْنِي فَلَا اعْبُدُ اللَّذِينَ تَعْبُدُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِ وَامْ رُتُ اَنْ اَكُوْنَ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ فَ وَاَنْ اَقِمْ وَجْهَكَ لِلدِّيْنِ حَنِيفًا، وَلَا تَكُوْنَنَّ مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِيْنَ ()

وَ لا تَدْعُ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللّٰهِ مَا لا يَنْفَعُكَ وَ لَا يَضُرُّكَ ، فَإِنْ فَعَلْتَ فَإِنَّ اللَّهِ مِنَ الظَّلِمِيْنَ مَنَ الظَّلِمِيْنَ اللهُ بِضُرٍّ فَلَا كَاشِفَ وَإِنْ يَمْسَسُكَ اللّٰهُ بِضَرٍّ فَلَا كَاشِفَ وَإِنْ يَمْسَسُكَ اللّٰهُ بِضَرٍّ فَلَا كَاشِفَ وَإِنْ يَمْسَسُكَ اللّٰهُ بِضَرٍّ فَلَا كَاشِفَ وَ إِنْ يَمْسَدُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ مِنْ عِبَادِةٍ وَ هُوَ الْغَفُوُ دُالتَّرِحِيْمُ ()

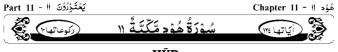
قُلْ آيَاتَيْهَا النَّاسُ قَدْ جَاءَكُمُ الْحَقُّ

 $a i u + | th \stackrel{\circ}{=} | h \stackrel{\tau}{=} | kh \stackrel{i}{=} | dh \stackrel{\circ}{=} | s \stackrel{\circ}{=} (33) \stackrel{\circ}{=} | dh \stackrel{\circ}{=} | s \stackrel{\circ}{=} | s$ 

So whosoever follows the guidance, follows it only for the good of his own soul, and whosoever errs, errs only against it. And I am not a keeper over you.'

110. And follow that which is revealed to thee and be steadfast He is the Best of judges.

مِنْ زَّبَّكُمْ، فَمَنِ اهْتَدٰى فَإِنَّمَا يَهْتَدِيْ لِنَفْسِهِ ، وَمَنْ ضَلَّ فَإِنَّمَا بَضِلُّ عَلَيْهَا، وَمَآ أَنَا عَلَيْكُمْ بِوَكِيْلٍ أَ ۇ اتَّبِعْ مَايُوْخى اِلَيْكَ وَ اصْبِرْ حَتَّى يحْكُمُ اللَّهُ ٢ وَهُوَ خَيْرُ الْحَكِمِيْنَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَامَ اللَّهُ عَامَ اللَّهُ عَامَ اللَّهُ عَامَ ال



**HŪD** (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

\*2. Alif Lām Rā.‡ *This is* a Book whose verses have been made unchangeable *and* then they have been expounded in detail. *It is* from One Wise, *and* All-Aware.

3. *It teaches* that you should worship none but Allāh. I am to you a Warner, and a Bearer of glad tidings from Him;

4. And that you seek forgiveness of your Lord, *and* then turn to Him. He will provide for you a goodly provision until an appointed term. And He will grant His grace to \*every one possessed of merit. And

if you turn away, then surely, I fear for you the punishment of a dreadful day.

5. To Allāh is your return; and He has power over all things.

6. Now surely, they fold up their breasts that they may hide themselves from Him. Aye, *even* when they cover themselves with their garments, He knows what they conceal and what they reveal. Surely, He is well aware of what is in *their* breasts.

ۑؚۺؗڡؚؚٵٮڷۅٵٮڗۜڂٮؗۻٵٮڗۜڿؽڡؚؚۯ ٵٮٚڒڐڮؾ۠ڹۘٵؙڂڮڡؘڎٵڸؾؙ؋ؿؙۿٙۏؙڞؚڶڎ ڡؚڽٛڷۜۮڹٛ ؼڲؽڝٟڂؚۑؚؽڔۣڽ

ٱلَاتَعْبُدُوٓا اللَّا اللَّهَ النَّهَ عَالَيْ فَيْ لَكُمْ مِّنْهُ نَزِيرً وَّبَشِيرً جُ

وَّ آنِ اسْتَغْفِرُوْا رَبَّكُم ثُمَّ تُوْبُوَّا اِلَيْهِ يُمَتِّعُكُم مَّتَاعًا حَسَنًا إِلَى اَجَلٍ تُسَمَّى وَّ يُؤْتِ كُلَّ ذِيْ فَضْلٍ فَضْلَهُ • وَ إِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَإِنَيْ آَخَافُ عَلَيْكُم عَذَابَ يَوْمِ كَبِيْرِ ۞

اِلَى اللَّهِ مَرْجِعُكُمْ، وَ هُوَ عَلْى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَرِيْرً۞ ٱلَآرَانَّهُمْ يَثْنُوْنَ صُدُوْرَهُمْ لِيَسْتَخْفُوْا مِنْهُ مَا يُسِرُّوْنَ وَمَا يُعْلِنُوْنَ ، اِنَّهُ عَلِيْمٌ بِذَاتِ الصُّدُوْرِ۞

<sup>‡</sup> I am Allāh Who is All-Seeing.

<sup>\*2.</sup> Alif Lām Rā. This is a book whose verses are fortified and made flawless and then they have been expounded in detail.

x 4. And if you turn away, then surely, I fear for you the punishment of a colossal day.

7. And there is no creature that moves in the earth but it is for Alläh \*to provide it with sustenance. And He knows its lodging and its home. All *this is recorded* in a clear Book.

8. And He it is Who created the heavens and the earth in six periods, and His Throne rests on water, that He might prove you *to show* which of you is best in conduct. And if thou say, 'You shall surely be raised after death,' those who disbelieve will certainly say, 'This is nothing but clear deception.'

9. And if We put off their punishment until a reckoned time, they would certainly say, 'What withholds it?' Now surely, on the day that it shall come unto them, it shall not be averted from them, and that which they used to mock at shall encompass them.

#### R. 2.

10. And if We make man taste of mercy from Us, and then take it away from him, verily, he is despairing, ungrateful.

11. And if after an adversity has touched him We cause him to taste of prosperity, he will assuredly say, 'Gone are the ills from me.' Lo! he is exultant, boastful;

12. Save those who are steadfast and do good works. It is they who

**وَ مَامِنْ <َ آبَّةٍ** فِي الْأَرْضِ الَّلَّ عَلَى اللَّهِ رِزْقُهَا وَ يَعْلَمُ مُسْتَقَرَّهَا وَمُسْتَوْدَعَهَا حُلَّ فِيْ حِتْبِ مَّبِيْنٍ ﴾ وَ هُوَ الَّذِيْ خَلَقَ السَّهٰوَتِ وَ الْآَرْضَ فِي سِتَّةِ آيَّامٍ وَ كَانَ عَرْشُهُ عَلَى الْمَآءِ فِي سِتَّةِ آيَّامِ وَ كَانَ عَرْشُهُ عَلَى الْمَآءِ مُعْدَةً النَّا فِي نَعْدَةُ فَوْنَ مِنْ بَعْدِ الْمَوْتِ لَيَقُوْلَنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوَّا إِنْ هٰذَآ اللَّا سِحْرً مُعِيْنَ ٥

ۘۅؘڵؘؖۑؙؚؚڹٛ١ڂۜۯڹٵڠؠؙؙٛٛؗؗؗؗؗؠؙٵڶٛۼۮؘٵڹٳڶؖٵٞؾۊ ؉ٙڂۮۮڬۊ۪ ڷٙؽقُۅٛڶؾۜٞٵؿڂۑؚڛؙۀ؞ٲڵٳؾۉ؉ ؾٱؾؚؽۿؚؚۿڵؽۺ؉ڞۯۉڣٞٵۼٮٛۿۿڔۅؘڂٵۊ ؠۿۣۿ؆ٵڪٵڹۘۉٵۑؚ؋ؾۺؾۿۯؚٷڽ۞۫

وَ لَئِنْ اَذَقْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ مِنَّا رَحْمَةً ثُمَّ نَزَعْنَهَا مِنْهُ واِنَّهْ لَيَغُوْسَ كَفُوْرً وَ لَئِنْ اَذَقْنَهُ نَعْمَاء بَعْدَ ضَرَّاء مَسَّتُهُ لَيَقُوْلَنَ ذَهَب السَّيِّاتُ عَنِيْ اِنَّهْ لَفَرِحٌ فَخُوْرَ أُ

\*7. And He knows its place of temporary settlement and permanent abode.

E

will have forgiveness and a great reward.

13. *They imagine that* thou art now perhaps going to abandon part of that which has been revealed to thee; and thy bosom is becoming straitened thereby because they say, 'Wherefore has not a treasure been sent down to him or an angel come with him?' Verily, thou art only a Warner, and Allāh is Guardian over all things.

14. Do they say, 'He has forged it'? Say, 'Then bring ten Chapters like it, forged, and call on whom you can beside Allāh, if you are truthful.'

15. And if they do not respond to you, then know that it has been revealed *replete* with Allāh's knowledge and that there is no God but He. Will you then submit?

16. Whoso desires the present life and its embellishment, We will fully repay them for their works in this *life* and they shall not be wronged therein.

17. Those are they who shall have nothing in the Hereafter save the Fire, and that which they wrought in this *life* shall come to naught, and vain shall be that which they used to do. ٱۅڵۑؚٝڲۜڶۿؗؗؗۿؚۛۜ؆ؘۼٛڣۯۊ۫ٞۊۜٵڋڗٞڲۑؚؽۯۛ ڣؘۜڶۘۼڷۜػ؆ڔڴٞڹۼڞؘڡٵؽۅٛڂۧڔٳؽڲ ۊۻؘٳؾٞٞۛ؋ۑ؋ڞۮۯػٲڽٛؾٞڨ۠ۉڶۉٳڶۅٛ؆ٚ ٱڹٛڔؘؚڶۼڶؽۅؚػڹٛڗ۫ٲۉڋؘٵٙٵؚڡؘۼۮڡڶػٞ؞ ٳؾۜڡٙ٦ٲڹٛؾڹڔ۬ؽڒٙ؞ۊٵٮڐؗۿۼڶڮ۠ڷؚۺؽۦٟ ۊۜۜڮؚؽڵٙ۞ۨ

آمريتُوْلُوْن افْتَرْمَهُ ، قُلْ فَاتُوْا بِعَشْرِ سُوَرٍ مِتْدِه مُفْتَرَيْتٍ وَّادْعُوْا مَنِ اسْتَطَعْتُمْ مِنْ مَوْنِ اللهِ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ ضروِيْنَ ﴾ فَوَلَّمْ يَسْتَجِيْبُوْا لَكُمْ فَاعْلَمُوْا اتَّمَا انْزَلَ بِعِلْمِ اللهِ وَ اَنْ لَآ الله اللَّه هُوَ انْزَلَ بِعِلْمِ اللهِ وَ اَنْ لَآ الله اللَّه هُوَ مَنْ كَانَ يُرِيْدُ الْحَلُوةَ الدُّنْ يَاوَ زِيْنَتَها مَنْ كَانَ يُرِيْدُ الْحَلُوةَ الدُّنْ يَاوَ زِيْنَتَها مَنْ كَانَ يُرِيْدُ الْحَلُوةَ الدُّنْ يَاوَ زِيْنَتَها اوَلَيْ خَسُوْنَ () اوَلَيْ التَّارُ وَحَبِطَ مَاصَنَعُوْا فِيْهَا وَ الْحِرَةِ مَاكَانُوا تَعْمَلُوْنَ ()

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (see details of transiteration on page 'p').$ 

\*18. Can he, then, who possesses a clear proof from his Lord, and *to testify to whose truth* a witness from Him shall follow him, and who was preceded by the Book of Moses, a guide and a mercy, *be an impostor?* Those *who consider these matters* believe therein, and whoever of the *opposing* parties disbelieves in it, Fire shall be his promised place. So be not thou in doubt about it. Surely, it is the truth from thy Lord; but most men do not believe.

19. And who is more unjust than he who forges a lie against Allāh? Such shall be presented before their Lord, and the witnesses will say, 'These are they who lied against their Lord.' Now surely, the curse of Allāh is on the unjust:

20. Who turn *men* away from the path of Allāh and seek to make it crooked. And these it is who disbelieve in the Hereafter.

ٱفَمَنْ كَانَ عَلَى بَيِّنَةٍ مِّنْ ذَيِّهِ وَيَتْلُوْهُ شَاهِدٌ مِّنْهُ وَ مِنْ قَبْلِه كِتْبُ مُوْسَى إمَامًا وَّ رَحْمَةً - أولَمِّكَ يُؤُمِنُوْنَ بِهِ -وَ مَنْ يَحْفُرُ بِهِ مِنَ الْاَحْزَابِ فَالنَّارُ مَوْعِدُهُ - فَلَا تَكُ فِيْ مِرْيَةٍ مِّنْهُ وَإِنَّهُ الْحَقُّ مِنْ دَيِّلَتَ وَ لَكِنَّ آكْتُرَ النَّاسِ لَا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ⊛

وَمَنْ اَظْلَمُ مِمَّنِ افْتَرَى عَلَى اللهِ كَذِبًا -أولَّ بِلكَ يُعْرَضُوْنَ عَلَى دَبِّهِمْ وَ يَقُوْلُ الْاَشْهَادُ هَؤُلَاءِ الَّذِيْنَ كَذَبُوْا عَلَى دَيِّهِمْ - اَلَا لَعْنَةُ اللهِ عَلَى الظّٰلِمِيْنَ اللهِ الَّذِيْنَ يَصُدُّوْنَ عَنْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ وَيَبْغُوْنَهَا عِوَجًا - وَهُمْ بِالْأَخِرَةِ هُمْ كُفِرُوْنَ

Some have understood the pronoun 'they' (ulā'ika أولَئِكَ) to refer to Moses and his people.

$$a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rho | \ h \ rho | \ rh$$

<sup>\* 18.</sup> Can he, then, be an impostor, who possesses a clear proof from his Lord, and to testify to whose truth a witness from Him shall follow him, and who was preceded by the Book of Moses, a guide and a mercy? They believe in him; and whoever from among the different sects rejects him, Fire shall be his promised abode. So be not in doubt about it. Surely, it is the truth from your Lord; but most people do not believe.

**Note:** It is very important to determine to whom the pronoun 'they' refers. The only two persons mentioned in this verse are the Holy Prophet (may peace and blessings of Allah be upon him) and the Divine witness who is to follow him. As far as Moses is concerned, it is not he but his Book to which reference is made because Books do not believe. It leaves us with the only option that a body of people is implied in the verse. The pronoun refers not only to the Prophet himself but also to his subordinate witness and some others.

The above verse should be understood in the same context that not only the Prophet and his witness believe in the truth of the Prophet and testify to it, but also the large number of their followers do the same.

It should be remembered that sometimes great Prophets are mentioned in the singular as one person but they have the potential to multiply and spread out. They are referred to as  $ummah(z_1)$ , a large body of people in themselves. For reference see chapter 16 verse 121.

21. Such can never frustrate God's plans in the land, nor have they any friends beside Allah. Punishment will be doubled for them. They can neither hear, nor can they see.

22. It is these who have ruined their souls, and that which they fabricated shall fail them.

23. Undoubtedly, it is they who shall be the greatest losers in the Hereafter.

24. Verily, those who believe and do good works, and humble themselves before their Lordthese are the inmates of Heaven: therein shall they abide.

25. The case of the two parties is like that of the blind and the deaf, and the seeing and the hearing. Is the case of the two alike? Will you not then understand?

## R. 3.

26. And We sent Noah to his people, and he said, 'Truly, I am a plain Warner to you,

27. 'That you worship none but Allāh, Indeed, I fear for you the punishment of a grievous day."

28. The chiefs of his people, who disbelieved, replied, 'We see in thee nothing but a man like

أولَبِّكَ لَمْرِيَكُوْنُوْا مُحْجِزِيْنَ فِي الْاَرْضِ وَ مَا حَانَ لَهُمْ مِّنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ مِنْ ٱوْلِيَاءَديُضْعَفُ لَهُمُ الْعَذَابُ مَا لَجُ كَانُوْا بَسْتَطْبُعُوْتِ السَّمْعَ وَ مَا كَانُهْ الْمُصرُونَ (1) أولَى اللَّذِينَ خَسرُوْا أَنْفُسَهُمْ وَضَلَّ عَنْهُمْ مَّاكَانُوْا بَفْ تَرُوْنَm لا جَرَمَ أَنَّهُمْ فِ الْإِجْرَةِ هُمُ الأخسكرون اِنَّ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا وَ عَمِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ وٱخْبَتُوٓا إلى دَبِّهِمْ اللَّئِكَ ٱصْحُبُ الْحَنَّية، هُمْ فنها خْلِدُوْنَ ؟ مَثَلُ الْفَرِيْقَيْنِ كَالْاَعْلَى وَ الْاَصَحِر وَ الْبَصِيْرِ وَ السَّحِيْجِ ، هَلْ يَسْتَولِنِ Ę مَثْلًا، إَذَارَ تَنَكَّ وْنَهُ وَ لَقَدْ ٱدْسَلْنَا نُوْحًا إِلَى قَوْمِةِ دَإِنَّىٰ ڵڴۿۯڹٙۮؚؽۯٞ ۺۨؠؚؽۜڽؘٛ اَنْ لَّا تَعْبُدُوْٓا إِلَّا اللهَ ، إِنِّيٓ اَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَذَابَ يَوْمِ ٱلْيُمِ

فَقَالَ الْمَلَأُ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا مِنْ قَوْمِهِ مَانَا مِكَ الَّهُ بَشَرًا مَثْلَنَا وَ مَانَا مِكَ ء' اق g k ج gh ج ظ ج ط ض لج رون من ع اخ h r | kh r | dh اث ع من ع ا

(See details of transliteration on page 'p')

ourselves, and we see that none have followed thee but those who, to all outward appearance, are the meanest of us. And we do not see in you any superiority over us; nay, we believe you to be liars.'

29. He said, "O my people, tell me: if I stand on a clear proof from my Lord and He has bestowed upon me from Himself a great mercy which has been rendered obscure to you, shall we force it upon you, while you are averse thereto?

30. "And O my people, I ask not of you any wealth in return for it. My reward is due from Allāh alone. And I am not going to drive away those who believe. They shall certainly meet their Lord. But I consider you to be a people who act ignorantly.

31. "And O my people, who would help me against Allāh, if I were to drive them away? Will you not then consider?

32. "And I say not to you, 'I possess the treasures of Allāh,' nor do I know the unseen, nor say I, 'I am an angel.' Nor say I concerning those whom your eyes despise, 'Allāh will not bestow any good upon them'—Allāh knows best whatever is in their minds—Surely, I should then be of the unjust."

33. They said, 'O Noah, thou hast indeed disputed with us *long* and hast disputed with us many a time;

 اتَّ بَعَكَ الَّا الَّزِيْنَ هُمْ اَ رَاذِلُنَا بَادِيَ الرَّ أَيِ ، وَ مَا نَرْى لَكُمْ عَلَيْنَا مِنْ فَضْلُ بَلْ نَظُنُّ كُمْ لَمْ بِيْنَ @ قال لِقَوْمِ اَ رَعَيْتُمُ اِنْ كُنْتُ عَلْ بَيِّنَةٍ قرن تَرْيِ وَ اللَّرِي رَحْمَةً مِّنْ عِنْدِم فَحْمِيتَ مَا يَنْ مُحُوْى وَ لِقَوْمِ كَمَ اسْتَلُ هُمْ عَلَيْهِ مَا اَنَا بِطَارِد وَ لَكِنِيْ آرْدَكُمْ قَوْمًا تَجْهَلُوْنَ @

ۅؘ ليقوْمِ مَنْ يَّنْصُرُ نِيْ مِنَ اللهِ اِنْ طَرَدْ تُهُمْ الفَلَا تَذَكَّرُوْنَ @

وَلَآ اَقُوْلُ لَكُمْ عِنْدِيْ خَزَائِنُ اللهِ وَلَآ اَعْلَمُ الْغَيْبَ وَلَآ اَقُوْلُ إِنِّيْ مَلَكً وَلَآ اَقُوْلُ لِلَّذِيْنَ تَزْدَرِيَّ اَعْيُنُكُمْ لَنْ يُؤْتِيَهُمُ اللهُ خَيْرًا اللهُ اَعْلَمُ بِمَا فِيَ اَنْفُسِهِمْ آانِيَّ خَيَرًا اللهُ اَعْلَمِينَ تَالُوْا لِنُوْحُ قَدْ جَادَلْتَنَا فَاَحْتَرَتَ جِدَالَنَا فَاتِنَا بِمَا تَعِدُنَآ إِنْ كُنْتَ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \dot{$ 

۳ ۳

bring us now that with which thou threatenest us, if thou art of those who speak the truth.'

34. He said, 'Allāh alone will bring it to you, if He please, and you cannot frustrate *God's purpose*.

\*35. 'And my advice will profit you not if I desire to advise you, if Allāh intends to destroy you. He is your Lord and to Him shall you be made to return.'

36. Do they say, 'He has forged it'? Say, 'If I have forged it, on me be my sin and I am clear of the sins you commit.'

#### R. 4.

37. And it was revealed to Noah, 'None of thy people will believe except those who have already believed; grieve not therefore at what they have been doing.

38. 'And build thou the Ark under Our eyes and *as commanded by* Our revelation. And address not Me concerning the wrongdoers. They are surely going to be drowned.'

39. And he was making the Ark; and every time the chiefs of his people passed by him, they mocked at him. He said, 'If *now* you mock at us, *the time is coming when* we shall mock at you even just as you mock *now*.

مِنَ الصَّدِقِيْنَ

قَالَ إِنَّمَا يَأْتِيكُمْ بِهِ اللهُ إِنْ شَاء وَمَآ أَنْتُمْ بِمُعْجِزِيْنَ ? وَلَا يَنْفَعُكُمْ نُصْحِنَّ إِنْ أَرَدْتُ أَنْ آَنْصَحَ لَكُمْ إِنْ كَانَ اللهُ يُرِيدُ أَنْ يُغْوِيَكُمْ ا هُوَ رَبُّكُمْ = وَ الْنَهِ تُرْجَعُوْنَ ٢ آمريقُوْلُوْنِ افْتَرْبِهُ ﴿ قُلْ إِنِ افْتَرَ يَتُهُ فَحَكَتَ إِجْرَامِيْ وَ أَنَا بَرِيْءٌ مِّمَّا ؾؙڿٛڔڡؙۏؽ۞ؘ وَ اُوْجِيَ إِلَّى نُوْجٍ إَنَّهُ لَنْ تُؤْمِنَ مِنْ قَوْمِكَ إِلَّا مَنْ قَدْ أَمَنَ فَلَا تَبْتَبْسُ بمَا كَانُوْا يَفْعَلُوْنَ وَاصْنَع الْفُلْكَ بِأَعْيُنِنَا وَ وَحْيِنَا وَكَمْ تُخَاطِبْنِيْ فِ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوْا. انَّهُمْ مُغْرَقُهْنَ، وَ بَصْنَعُ الْفُلْكَ \* وَ كُلَّمَا مَرَّ عَلَيْهِ مَلَأٌ مِّنْ قَوْمِهِ سَخِرُوْا مِنْهُ • قَالَ إِنْ تَسْخَرُوْا مِنَّا فَإِنَّا نَسْخُرُ مِنْكُمْ كَمَا تشخرون

\*35. 'And my **admonishment** will profit you not, **however much** I desire to **admonish** you, if Allāh intends to destroy you. He is your Lord and to Him shall you be made to return.'

40. 'Then you shall know who it is on whom will come a punishment that will disgrace him, and on whom will fall a lasting punishment.'

41. Till, when Our command came and the fountains of the earth gushed forth, We said, 'Embark therein two of every kind, male and female, and thy family, except those against whom the word has already gone forth, and those who believe.' And there did not believe and live with him except a few.

42. And he said, 'Embark therein. In the name of Allāh be its course and its mooring. My Lord is assuredly Most Forgiving, Merciful.'

43. And it moved along with them on waves like mountains. And Noah cried unto his son, while he was *keeping* apart, 'O my son, embark with us and be not with the disbelievers.'

44. He replied, 'I shall soon betake myself to a mountain which will shelter me from the water.' He said, 'There is no shelter *for anyone* this day, from the decree of Allāh, excepting those to whom He shows mercy.' And the wave came in between the two; so he was among the drowned.

45. And it was said, 'O earth, swallow thy water, and O sky, cease *raining*.' And the water was made to subside and the matter was ended. And *the Ark* came to rest on al-Jūdī. And it was said, 'Cursed be the wrongdoing people.'

فَسَوْفَ تَعْلَمُوْنَ " مَنْ يَّاْتِيهِ عَذَابً يُخْزِيهِ وَيَحِلُّ عَلَيْهِ عَذَابً مُّقِيْمً حَتَّى إذَا جَاءَ آمُرُنَا وَفَارَ التَّنُّوُرُ "قُلْنَا احْمِلْ فِيْهَا مِنْ حُلٍّ ذَوْجَيْنِ اتْنَيْنِ وَ مَنْ امْنَ دوَمَآ امْنَ مَعَهَ إِلَّا قَلِيْلُ @

وَقَالَ ا(ْكَبُوْا فِيْهَا بِسْمِ اللَّهِ مَجْرِلهَا وَمُرْسْهَا لَقَ رَبِّي لَعُفُوْرً لَآ حِيْمَ ( وَ هِي تَجْرِيْ بِهِمْ فِيْ مَوْجٍ كَالْجِبَالِ وَ نَادَى نُوْحُ إِبْنَهُ وَ كَانَ فِي مَعْزِلٍ يُبْنَيَ الْكَبْ مَعْنَا وَلا تَكُنْ مَعَ الْكُفِرِيْنَ ( الْمَاءِ قَالَ لَا عَاصِمَ الْيَوْمَ مِنْ الْمَوْجُ فَكَانَ مِنَ الْمُغْرَقِيْنَ ()

وَقِيْلَ يَادَضُ ابْلَعِيْ مَاءَكِ وَ يُسَمَّاءُ ٱقْلِعِيْ وَ غِيْضَ الْمَاءُ وَ قُضِيَ الْآمُرُ وَاسْتَوَتْ عَلَى الْجُوْدِيِّ وَقِيْلَ بُعْدًا لِّلْقَوْمِ الظَّلِمِيْنَ۞

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ \dot{c} \ \dot{c}$ 

しった

46. And Noah cried unto his Lord and said: 'My Lord, verily, my son is of my family, and surely, Thy promise is true, and Thou art the Most Just of judges.'

47. He said: 'O Noah, he is surely not of thy family; he is indeed a man of unrighteous conduct. So ask not of Me that of which thou hast no knowledge. I advise thee lest thou become one of the ignorant."

48. He said: 'My Lord, I beg Thee to protect me from asking Thee that whereof I have no knowledge. And unless Thou forgive me and have mercy on me, I shall be among the losers.'

49. It was said, 'O Noah, descend then with peace from Us and blessings upon thee and upon peoples to be born of those with thee. And there will be other peoples whom We shall grant provision for a time, then shall a grievous punishment touch them from Us.'

50. This is of the tidings of the unseen which We reveal to thee. Thou didst not know them, neither thou nor thy people, before this. So the God-fearing.

# R. 5.

51. And to 'Ad We sent their brother Hūd. He said, 'O my people, worship Allah alone. You have no وَ نَادى نُوْحُ رَّبَّهُ فَقَالَ رَبِّ إِنَّ ابْنِيْ مِنْ أَهْلِيْ وَ إِنَّ وَعْدَكَ الْحَقُّ وَ أَنْتَ أَحْكَمُ الْحٰكِمِيْنَ m قَالَ لِنُوْحُ إِنَّهُ لَيْسَ مِنْ أَهْلِكَ، إِنَّهُ عَمَلٌ غَيْرُ صَالِحٍ أَ فَلَا تَسْكَلْنِ مَالَيْسَ لَكَ بِهِ عِلْمُ انْتَى أَعِظُكَ أَنْ تَكُوْنَ مِنَ الْجُهلِيْنَ ٢ قَالَ رَبِّ إِنَّى آَعُوْذُبِكَ أَنْ أَسْعَلَكَ مَاكَيْسَ لِيْ بِه عِلْمً اوَ إِلَّا تَغْفِرُ بِيْ وَتَرْحَمْنِيْ ٱكُنْ مِّنَ الْخُسِرِيْنَ ٢ قِيْلَ لِنُوْحُ اهْبِطْ بِسَلْمٍ مِّنَّا وَبَرَكْتٍ عَلَيْكَ وَ عَلَى أُمَم مِّمَّنْ مَّعَكَ وَ أُمَمَ سَنُمَتِّعُهُمْ ثُمَّ يَمَسُّهُمْ مِّنَّا عَذَاتُ اَلْتُمُ 🕅

تِلْكَ مِنْ ٱنْبَآءِ الْغَيْبِ نُوْحِيْهَا البْكَ، مَاكُنْتَ تَعْلَمُهَا أَنْتَ وَكُلّ إِنَّ الْعَاقِبَةَ لِلْمُتَّقِيْنَ ٥ ي سيخ

وَ إِلَى عَادٍ أَخَاهُمْ هُوْدًا ﴿ قَالَ لِقَوْمِ اعْبُدُوا اللهُ مَا لَكُمْ مِّنْ إِلَه غَبْرُهُ إ

ء i u | th ش h 7 | kh 7 | dh 3 | 3 ص ع اذ h 7 | kh 7 | dh 3 | 3 ص ع اذ g | 3 | 1 ش ال 7 | kh 7 | kh 7 | dh 3 | 3 (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

God beside Him. You are but forgers of lies.

52. 'O my people, I do not ask of you any reward therefor. My reward is not due except from Him Who created me. Will you not then understand?

53. 'And O my people, ask forgiveness of your Lord, then turn to Him, He will send over you clouds pouring down abundant rain, and will add strength to your strength. And turn not awav sinners.'

54. They said, 'O Hūd, thou hast not brought us any clear proof, and we are not going to forsake our gods merely because of thy saving, nor are we going to believe in thee.

55. 'We can only say that some of our gods have visited thee with evil.' He replied, 'Surely, I call Allah to witness, and do ye also bear witness that I am clear of that which you associate as partners with God

56. 'Beside Him. So devise plans against me, all of you, and give me no respite.

57. 'I have indeed put my trust in Allah, my Lord and your Lord. There is no creature that moves on the earth but He holds it by the forelock. Surely, my Lord stands on the straight path.

58. 'If then, you turn away, I have already conveyed to you that with

اِنْ ٱنْتُمْ اِلَّا مُفْتَرُوْنَ ( لِقَوْمِ كَمْ أَسْتَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ أَجْرًا إِنْ ٱجْرِيَ إِلَّا عَلَى الَّذِيْ فَطَرَنِيْ. أَفَلَا تعقلون وَ لِقَوْمِ اسْتَغْفِرُوْا رَبِّكُمْ ثُمَّ تُوْبُوًا إِلَيْهِ يُرْسِلِ السَّمَاءَ عَلَيْكُمْ مِّدْرَارًا وَ يَزِدْكُمْ قُوَّةً إِلَى قُوَّتِكُمْ وَلَا تَتَوَلَّوْا مُجْرِمِيْنَ@ قَالُوْا لِهُوْدُ مَا جِئْتَنَا بِبَيِّنَةٍ وَّمَا نَحْنُ بِتَادِكِيْ البِهَتِنَا عَنْ قَوْلِكَ وَمَا نَحْنُ لَكَ بِمُؤْمِنِيْنَ @ إِنْ نَّقُوْلُ إِلَّا اعْتَرْمِكَ بَعْضُ الْهَتِنَا بِسُوْءٍ مِ قَالَ إِنَّيْ ٱشْهِدُ اللهَ وَ اشْهَدُوْا ٱن**ٚؽ** بَرِيۡٓءً مِّمَّا تُشۡرُكُوْنَ۞ مِنْ دُوْنِهِ فَكِيْدُوْنِيْ جَمِيْعًا ثُمَر لَا تُنْظِرُوْن@ إِنِيْ تَوَحَّلْتُ عَلَى اللهِ دَبِّيْ وَ دَبِّ<sup>ِ</sup> حُمْ مَا مِنْ ذَآبَةٍ إلَّا هُوَ أَخِذَّ بِنَاصِيَتِهَا اِنَّ رَبِّيْ عَلْى صِرَاطٍ مُّسْتَقِيْمٍ @

فَإِنْ تَوَكَّوْا فَقَدْ ٱبْلَغْتُكُمْ مَّآ ٱرْسِلْتُ

 $a i u \mid h \stackrel{\circ}{=} |\dot{h} \tau| kh \dot{\tau} | dh \stackrel{\circ}{=} |\dot{c} \stackrel{\circ}{=} (314) \stackrel{\circ}{=} \dot{h} \tau | \dot{h} \dot{\tau} | dh \overset{\circ}{=} |\dot{c} \stackrel{\circ}{=} (314) \stackrel{\circ}{=} \dot{h} \stackrel{\circ}{=} (314) \stackrel{\circ}{=} \dot{h} \stackrel{\circ}{=} \dot{h} \stackrel{\circ}{=} (214) \stackrel{\circ}{=} \dot{h} \stackrel{\to$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

which I have been sent to you, and my Lord will make another people take your place. And you cannot harm Him at all. Surely, my Lord is Guardian over all things.'

59. And when Our command came, We saved Hūd and those who believed with him, by Our *special* mercy. And We saved them from a severe torment.

60. And these were ' $\bar{A}d$ . They denied the Signs of their Lord and disobeyed His Messengers and followed the bidding of every haughty enemy *of truth*.

61. And a curse was made to follow them in this world, and on the Day of Resurrection. Behold! *the tribe* of ' $\bar{A}d$  behaved ungratefully to their Lord. Behold! cursed are ' $\bar{A}d$ , the people of H $\bar{u}d$ !

#### R. 6.

62. And to *the tribe of* Thamūd *We* send their brother Ṣāliḥ. He said, 'O my people worship Allāh; you have no God but Him. He raised you up from the earth, and settled you therein. So ask forgiveness of Him, then turn to Him *whole*-*heartedly*. Verily, my Lord is Nigh, and answers prayers.'

63. They said, 'O Şālih, thou wast among us one in whom we placed our hopes. Dost thou forbid us to worship what our fathers worshipped? And we are surely in disquieting doubt concerning that to which thou callest us.' بِهَ الَيْكُمْ - وَ يَسْتَخْلِفُ رَبِّي قَوْمًا غَيْرَكُمْ - وَ لا تَضُرُّوْنَهُ شَيْعًا - اِنَّ رَبِّي على حُلِّ شَيْءٍ حَفِيْظَ (\*) وَلَمَّا جَاءَامُرُنَانَجَّيْنَا هُوْدًا وَّ الَّذِيْنَ امَنُوْا مَحَهُ بِرَحْمَةٍ مِّنَّا ء وَ نَجَّيْهُمُ مِنْ عَذَابٍ غَلِيْظٍ (\*) وَ عَصُوْا رُسُلَهُ وَ اتَّ بَعُوَّا آمرَ حُلِّ جَبَّا إِ عَنِيْدٍ (\*) الْقِيمَةِ - اَلَا اِنَّ عَادًا حَفَرُوْا رَبَّهُمْ -الْقِيمَةِ - اَلَا اِنَّ عَادًا حَفَرُوْا رَبَّهُمْ -الْقِيمَةِ - اَلَا اِنَّ عَادًا حَفَرُوْا رَبَّهُمْ -

وَ إِلَى تَمُوْدَ آخَاهُمْ صَلِحًا مَ قَالَ لِتَقَوْمِ إَ:
 اعْبُدُوا اللَّهُ مَا لَكُمْ مِّنْ اللهِ غَيْرُهُ مُوَ
 ٱنْشَاكُمْ مِّنَ الْآدَضِ وَ اسْتَعْمَرَ كُمْ
 فِيْهَا فَ اسْتَغْفِرُوْهُ ثُمَّ تُوْبُوًا إِلَيْهِ فِيْهَا فَ اسْتَغْفِرُوْهُ ثُمَ تُوْبُوًا إِلَيْهِ فَ مَعْ اللَّهُ الْحَالَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَامَةُ مَ حَمْرًا اللَّهُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ حَمْرَةً أَحْمَ حَمْرَةً الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ حَدْ حَنْتَ فَيْ عَامَةً مُوْمُوًا إِلَيْ حَدْمَةً الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ حَدْمَةً حَدْمَةً مَ حَدْمَةً الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ حَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ حَدْمَةً حَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ حَدْمَةً حَدْمَةً حَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ حَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ مَ حَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ حَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ مَ حَدْمَةً مَ الْحَدْمَةُ حَدْمَةً الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ حَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ حَدْمَةً الْحَدْمَةُ مَ حَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ مَالَةً الْحَدْمَةُ مَا الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ مَا الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ مُعْمَةُ مُ حَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ مُ حَدْمَةُ مُ مَالَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ مُعْذَالْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ مُ حَدْمَةُ مُ مُ حَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَ

 $a i u + h \tau + h$ 

م ال

64. He said, 'O my people, tell me: if I stand on a clear proof from my Lord, and He has granted me mercy from Himself, who then will help me against Allāh, if I disobey Him? So you will not but add to my destruction.

65. 'And O my people, this is the she-camel of Allāh as a Sign for you, so let her alone that she may feed in Allāh's earth, and touch her not with harm lest a near punishment seize you.'

66. But they hamstrung her; then he said, 'Enjoy yourselves in your houses for three days. This is a promise which is not a lie.'

67. So when Our command came, we saved Şāliḥ and those who believed with him by Our *special* mercy, and *We saved them* from the ignominy of that day. Surely, thy Lord is Powerful, Mighty.

\*68. And punishment overtook those who had done wrong, and they lay prostrate in their houses,

69. As though they had never dwelt therein. Behold! Thamūd behaved ungratefully to their Lord; Behold! cursed are *the tribe of* Thamūd.

R. 7.

70. And surely, Our messengers came to Abraham with glad tidings. They said, '*We bid you* peace.' He answered, 'Peace *be on you*,' and was not long in bringing a roasted calf. قَالَ لِقَوْمِ آرَءَيْتُمْ إِنْ كُنْتُ عَلَى بَيِّنَةٍ مِّنْ رَبِّى وَ اتْدِيْ مِنْـهُ رَحْمَةً فَمَنْ يَنْصُرُنِيْ مِنَ اللَّهِ إِنْ عَصَيْتُهُ \* فَمَا تَزِيْدُوْنَبِيْ غَيْرَ تَخْسِيْر @ وَ لِقَوْمِ هِذِهِ نَاقَةُ اللهِ لَكُمْ أَيَةً فَذَرُوْهَا تَأَكُلُ فَيْ آَرْضِ اللهِ وَلَا تَمَسُّوْهَا بسُوٓءٍ فَيَاخُذَكُمْ عَذَابٌ قَرِيْبٌ ۞ فَحَقَرُوْهَا فَقَالَ تَمَتَّعُوْا فِيْ دَارِكُمْ ثَلْثَةَ ٱيَّامِ اللَّهُ وَعَدَّغَيْرُ مَكْذُوْب فَكَمَّا جَاءَ آمُرُنَا نَجَّيْنَا صِلِحًا وَّ الَّذِينَ امَنُوْا مَعَهُ بِرَحْمَةٍ مِّنَّا وَ مِنْ خِزْي <u>يَوْمِئِذِ ا</u>نَّ رَبَّكَ هُوَ الْقَوِيُّ الْعَزِيزُ · وَ أَخَذَ الَّذَيْنَ ظَلَمُوا الصَّبْحَةُ فَٱصْبَحُوْا فِيْ دِيَارِهِمْ جِبْمِيْنَ أَ كَانْ لَّمْ بَغْنَوْا فِيْهَا ﴿ أَكَّلَّ إِنَّ ثُمُوْدَا كَفَرُوْا رَبَّهُمْ إَلَا بُعَدًا تَّبْهُوْ دَشَ وَ لَقَدْ حَاءَتْ دُسُلُنَا إِبْرَهِ بْمَ

بِالْبُشْرَى قَالُوْا سَلْمًا ﴿ قَالَ سَلْمً فَمَا لَبِثَ آنْ جَآءَ بِعِجْلٍ حَنِيْذٍ ۞

\* 68. And a thunderous blast overtook those who had done wrong, and as the morning broke they lay prostrate in their homes.

چ

- \*71. But when he saw their hands not reaching thereto, he knew not what they were, and conceived a fear of them. They said, 'Fear not, for we have been sent to the people of Lot.'
- \*72. And his wife was standing *by*, and she *too* was frightened, whereupon We gave her glad tidings of the birth of Isaac and, after Isaac, of Jacob.

73. She said, 'Oh, woe is me! Shall I bear a child when I am an old woman, and this my husband is an old man? This is indeed a strange thing!'

74. They said, 'Dost thou wonder at Allāh's decree? The mercy of Allāh and His blessings are upon you, O people of the House. Surely, He is Praiseworthy, Glorious.'

75. And when fear left Abraham, and the glad tidings came to him, he began disputing with Us about the people of Lot.

76. Indeed, Abraham was clement, tender-hearted, and oft-turning *to God.* 

77. 'O Abraham, turn away from this. Surely, the command of thy Lord has gone forth, and surely, there is coming to them a punishment that cannot be averted.'

مَارَا ٱيْدِيَهُمُ لَا تَصِلُ اِلَيْهِ نَكِرَهُمْ	فَدَ
ؘۉڿؘڛٙڡؚؚڹٛۿۿڔڂؽڣؘڐٙ؞ۊؘٲڵۉٵڵڗؾڂؘڣٛ	و آ
ٱ اُدْسِ <b>لْنَآ اِلٰى قَوْمِرُلُوْطِ</b> ۞	
مْرَاتُهُ قَائِمَةً فَضَحِكَتْ فَبَشَّرْنَهَا	وًا
ىلىخى ومِنْ وَرَاءِ إِسْحَق يَعْقُوْبَ»	
۶ ۲ <i>۰</i> .	
نْتْ لِوَيْكَتْفَ ؟ آلِدُ وَ آنَا عَجُوْذُ	
لهذا بَعْلِيْ شَيْخًا ﴿ إِنَّ لَهُذَا لَشَيْءً	ۇ د
چیْبٌ@	ع
نْوْا ٱتَعْجَبِيْنَ مِنْ ٱمْرِاللهِ رَحْمَتُ	قَالُ
لهِ وَ بَرَحْتُهُ عَلَيْكُمْ آهْلَ الْبَيْتِ .	اىد
؋ڂڡؚؽۮٞڡۧڿؚؽۮؘ۞	
لَمَّا ذَهَبَ عَنْ اِبْزَهِيْمَ الرَّوْعُ	
جَاءَتْهُ الْبُشْرَى يُجَادِلُنّا فِيْ قَوْمِ	
طِ۞	
ڔڹڔ ڔڹڒڡؚؽؚڡڒڬڂڸؽۿؘۯٲۊۜٵۼٞڡٞڹؽڹؚٞ۞	اڭ
ڹڒۿؚؽۿۯٵۼڔۣڞٛۼڽٛۿۮؘٳ؞ٳٮٚٞۿۊۮۻٙٳ	ؽٳ
ۯڒؾؚؚڬ؞ۊٳڹٚۘۿۯٳؾؽۅؚۿ؏ؘۮؘٳڹ <i>ٞ</i> ۼؽۯ	
ِدُوْ <b>د</b> ِي	

 $a \ i \ u \ \mid \ h \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid \ dh \ \dot{s} \ \mid \ \delta \ \dot{s} \ \downarrow \ \dot{s} \ \dot{$ 

<sup>\*71.</sup> But when he saw their hands not reaching thereto, he took them as unfriendly strangers, and conceived a fear of them.

<sup>\*72.</sup> And his wife was standing by, she chuckled, whereupon We gave her glad tidings of the birth of Isaac and, after Isaac, of Jacob.

78. And when Our messengers came to Lot, he was grieved on account of them and felt helpless on their behalf and said, 'This is a distressful day.'

79. And his people came running towards him, trembling *with rage*; and before this *too* they used to do

\*evil. He said, 'O my people, these are my daughters; they are purer for you. So fear Allāh and disgrace me not in the presence of my guests. Is there not among you any rightminded man?'

80. They answered, 'Thou surely knowest that we have no claim on thy daughters, and thou surely knowest what we desire.'

81. He said, 'Would that I had power *to deal* with you, or l should betake myself to a mighty support *for shelter*.'

\*82. *The messengers* said, 'O Lot, we are the messengers of thy Lord. They shall by no means reach thee.

وَ لَمَّا جَاءَتْ دُسُلُنَا لُوْطًا سِيْءَ بِهِمْ وَ ضَاقَ بِهِمْ ذَرْعًا وَّ قَالَ هٰذَا يَوْمَ عَصِنْتُ (٥) وَ حَاءَة قَوْمُهُ يُهْرَعُوْنَ إِلَيْهِ ﴿ وَمِنْ قَبْلُ كَانُوْا يَعْمَلُوْنَ السَّيَّاتِ ، قَالَ لِقَوْمِ هَؤُلاء بَنْتِي هُتَ أَطْهَرُ لَكُمْ فَاتَّقُوا الله وَ لَا تُخْزُونِ فِيْ ضَيْفِيْ. ٱلَيْسَ مِنْكُمْ رَجُلُ رَّشْيُدُ<sup>@</sup> قَالُوْا لَقَدْ عَلَمْتَ مَا لَنَا فِي مَنْتِكَ مِنْ حَقّ، وَإِنَّكَ لَتَعْلَمُ مَانُرِيدُ قَالَ لَوْ آَتٍ لِنْي بِكُمْ قُوَّةً آوْ أَدِي إِلَى رُڪْنِ شَجِ ڀُجِ 🔊 قَالُوْا لِلُوْطُ إِنَّا رُسُلُ رَبِّكَ لَنْ يَصِلُوْا ِالَيْكَ فَاَسْرِ بِاَهْلِكَ بِقِطْعِ مِّنَ الَّيْلِ

\*79. He said, 'O my people, these are my daughters. They are most chaste for you. So fear Allāh and do not disgrace me concerning my guests. Is there not among you any rightminded man?'

\* 82. Note: This advice of the visiting messengers indicates that the dialogue between Lot and his people took place in camera and that so far they had no direct access to him or to any one else in the house. Having failed in their attempt they might have intended to revisit Lot better prepared for forcing their entry into the house. This was denied them by the advice of the messengers to Lot that he should depart from the house during the latter part of the night with his members of the family except his wife .

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \overset{\frown}{\tau} \ | \ h \ \overset{\frown}{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \overset{\circ}{\tau} \ | \ \overset{\circ}{\tau} \ \overset{\circ}{\tau$ 

Note: It was a most apt and disarming retort to a people who were not interested in the charms of the opposite sex. Virtually women were chaste for them. It is to this that the expression 'most chaste' refers. However the wicked gave this reply a perverted twist and posed as if Lot had offered them his own daughters so that the honour of his guests could be protected at the cost, as if he were inviting them to abuse their innocence. Evidently this reply was a reflection of their perverted nature.

So depart with thy family in a part of the night, and let none of you look back, but thy wife. Surely, what is going to befall them shall *also* befall her. Verily, their appointed time is the morning. Is not the morning nigh?'

83. So when Our command came, We turned that *town* upside down and We rained upon it stones of clay, layer upon layer,

84. Marked *for them* in the decree of thy Lord. And such *punishment* is not far from the wrongdoers of .

R. 8.

85. And to Midian *We sent* their brother Shu'aib. He said, 'O my people, worship Allāh. You have no God other than Him. And give not short measure and short weight. I see you in *a state of* prosperity and I fear for you the punishment of a destructive day.

\*86. 'And O my people, give full measure and full weight with equity, and defraud not people of their things and commit not iniquity in the earth, causing disorder.

87. 'That which is left *with you* by Allāh is better for you, if you are believers. And I am not a keeper over you.' وَلَا يَلْتَفِثْ مِنْكُمْ اَحَدًّالَّا امْرَاتَكَ؞ اِنَّهُ مُصِيْبُهَا مَآ اَصَابَهُمْ الَّ مَوْعِدَهُمُ الصُّبْحُ د اَكَيْسَ الصُّبْحُ بِقَرِيْبٍ ۞

فَلَمَّا جَآءَ آَمُرُنَا جَعَلْنَا عَالِيَهَا سَافِلَهَا وَآَمُطَرْنَا عَلَيْهَا حِجَارَةً مِّنْ سِجِّيْلٍهْ مَّنْضُوْدٍ شُ مُسَوَّمةً عِنْدَ رَبِّكَ • وَ مَا هِيَ مِنَ الظَّلِمِيْنَ بِبَعِيْدٍ شُ

وَالْى مَدْيَنَ ٱخَاهُمْ شُعَيْبًا قَالَ لِقَوْمِ اعْبُدُوا اللَّهُ مَا لَكُمْ مِّنْ اللَّهِ غَيْرُهُ وَكَاتَنْقُصُوا الْمِكْيَالَ وَ الْمِيْزَانَ الِنَّيَ الْاللَّمْ بِخَيْرٍ وَ الْخِيَ اَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ عذَابَ يَوْمِ مُحِيْطٍ ( عَذَابَ يَوْمِ مُحِيْطٍ ( مُفْسِرِيْنَ ( مُفْسِرِيْنَ اللَّهِ خَيْرَ تَكُمْ إا فَ الْمَوْيَظِ ( مُؤْمِنِيْنَ أَوَ مَآ آنَا عَلَيْكُمْ بِحَفِيْنَظٍ (

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau | \ kh \ \tau | \ kh \ \tau | \ dh \ s \ (31)$ (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

<sup>\*86. &#</sup>x27;And O my people, give full measure and full weight with equity, and do not deprive people of things which by right belong to them and commit not iniquity in the earth, causing disorder.

88. They replied, 'O Shu'aib, does thy Prayer bid thee that we should leave what our fathers worshipped, or that we cease to do with our property what we please? Thou art *indeed* very intelligent *and* rightminded.'

89. He said, 'O my people, tell me: if I stand on a clear evidence from my Lord, and He has provided me from Himself with a handsome provision, *what answer will you give to Him?* And I do not desire to do against you the *very* thing which I ask you not to do. I only desire reform as far as I can. There is no power in me save through Allāh. In Him do I trust and to Him do I return.

90. 'And O my people, let not *your* hostility towards me lead you *to this* that there should befall you the like of that which befell the people of Noah or the people of Hūd or the people of Ṣāliḥ; and the people of Lot are not far from you.

91. 'And seek forgiveness of your Lord; then turn to Him *whole-heartedly*. Verily, my Lord is Merciful, Most Loving.'

92. They replied, 'O Shu'aib, we do not understand much of that which thou sayest, and surely, we see that thou art weak among us. And were it not for thy tribe, we would surely \*stone thee. And thou holdest no strong position among us.'

قَالُوْا لِشُعَيْبُ أَصَلِوتُكَ تَأْمُرُكَ أَنْ نَبْدُكَ مَا بَعْبُدُ إِبَاؤُنَّ آَوْ أَنْ نَّفْعَلَ فْ أَمْوَالْنَا مَا نَشْؤُا ﴿ إِنَّكَ كَانُتَ الْجَلْنُمُ الرَّشْيُدُ قَالَ لِقَوْمِ آرَءَيْتُمْ إِنْ كُنْتُ عَلَى بَيِّنَةٍ مِّنْ رَّبِّيْ وَ رَزَقَنِيْ مِنْهُ رِزْقًا حَسَنًا وَ مَآ أَدِيدُ أَنْ أَخَالِفَكُمْ إِلَى مَآ ٱنْهٰىكُمْ عَنْهُ دانْ ٱدِيْدُ إِلَّا الْاصْلَاحَ مَا اسْتَطَعْتُ ، وَ مَا تَوْفِيْقِيْ إِلَّا بِاللَّهِ -عَلَيْهِ تَوَكَّلْتُ وَإِلَيْهِ أَنِيْبُ ( وَ لِقَوْمِ لَا يَجْرِمَنَّكُمْ شَقَاقَ آنَ يُصِيْبَكُمْ بِتَثْلُ مَآ أَصَابَ قَوْمَ نُوْجٍ اَوْ قَوْمَرِهُوْدِ اَوْ قَوْمَرْ صَلِحٍ <sub>ا</sub> وَمَا قَوْمُ لُوْطِ مِّنْكُمْ بِبَعِيْدِ وَ اسْتَغْفِرُوْا رَبَّكُمْ ثُمَّر تُوْبُوْا إِلَيْهِ، اِنَّ رَبِّيْ رَحِيْمٌ وَحُوْدٌ ( قَالُوْا لِشُعَيْبُ مَا نَفْقَهُ كَثْيُرًا مِّمَّا تَقُوْلُ وَ إِنَّا لَنَزَىكَ فِيْنَا ضَعِيْفًا، وَ لَوْ كَا رَهْطُكَ لَرَجَمْنُكَ رَ وَ مَا ٱنْتَ عَلَيْنَا بِعَزِيْزِ @

\*92. As for you, you hold no power over us."

93. He said, 'O my people, is my tribe mightier with you than Allāh? And you have cast Him behind your backs as neglected. Surely, my Lord encompasses all that you do.

94. 'And O my people, act as best you can, 1 *too* am acting. You will soon know on whom lights a punishment that will disgrace him, and who it is that is a liar. And wait; surely, I wait with you.'

95. And when Our command came, We saved Shu'aib and those who had believed with him by Our *special* mercy; and chastisement seized those who had done wrong, so that they lay prostrate in their houses,

96. As though they had never dwelt therein. Behold! how Midian was cut off, even as Thamūd had been cut off.

R. 9.

97. And, surely, We sent Moses with Our Signs and manifest authority

98. To Pharaoh and his chiefs; but they followed the command of Pharaoh, and the command of Pharaoh was not at all rightful.

\*99. He will go before his people on the Day of Resurrection and will bring them down into the Fire, *even as cattle are brought to a wateringplace.* And evil is the wateringplace arrived at.

قَالَ لِقَهْمِ أَ رَهْطِيَٓ أَعَزُّ عَلَيْكُمْ مِّرِي الله ، وَ اتَّخَذْتُهُوْ وَرَاءَكُمْ ظِهْرِتَّا، اِنَّ رَبِّيْ بِمَا تَعْمَلُوْنَ مُحِيْطُ 🐨 وَ لِقَوْمِ اعْصَلُوْا عَلَى مَكَانَتِكُمُ إِنَّيْ عَامِلُ ﴿ سَوْفَ تَعْلَجُوْنَ \* مَنْ تَأْتِدُ عَذَاتَ يُّخْزِنُه وَمَرْنَ هُوَ كَاذِر ۇ اڭتقىئۇلا تىي ئىغىڭمە رقىد وَ لَسًّا حَاءً أَهُ 5 ŝ أمنه معه اڭ ئ الكشكة وَ اَخَذَت الَّذَ ٢٠ ظكموا الصدحة فَٱصْبَحُوْا فِي دِيَادِهِمْ جُ تغنَّدًافيْهَاء ألائغه - كَتْ تُمُوْ دُ<sup>(1)</sup> تحتماد آ *ش*لْنَامُوْسىبال إلى فِرْعَوْنَ وَ مَلَأْنُهِ فَاتَّبَعُوْا آمَرَ فِرْعَوْنَ ، وَمَآ أَمْرُ فِرْعَوْنَ بِرَشِيْرِ 🚯 يَقْدُمُ قَوْمَهُ يَوْمَ الْقِيْمَةِ فَأَوْرَدَهُمُ النَّارَ دَوَبِئْسَ الْوِرْدُ الْمَوْرُوُدُ

\*99. He will walk in front of his people on the Day of Resurrection and will lead them on to the *pit of* Fire even as cattle are brought to a watering-place. Evil is the watering-place and those who are led to it.

\*100. And a curse was made to follow them in this *life* and on the Day of Resurrection. Evil is the gift which shall be given *them*.

101. That is of the tidings of the *ruined* cities, We relate it to thee. Of them *some* are standing and *some* have been mown down *like the harvest*.

102. And We did not wrong them, but they wronged themselves; and their gods on whom they called beside Allāh were of no avail to them at all when the command of thy Lord came; and they added to them naught but perdition.

103. Such is the grasp of thy Lord when He seizes the cities while they are doing wrong. Surely, His grasp is grievous *and* severe.

104. In that surely is a Sign for him who fears the punishment of the Hereafter. That is a day for which *all* mankind shall be gathered together and that is a day *the proceedings of* which shall be witnessed *by all*.

105. And We delay it not save for a computed term.

106. The day it comes, no soul shall speak except by His permission; then *some* of them will prove unfortunate and *others* fortunate.

107. As for those who will prove unfortunate, they shall be in the Fire, wherein there shall be for them sighing and sobbing,

وَمَاظَلَمْنْهُمْ وَلَكِنْ ظَلَمُوَّا ٱنْفُسَهُمْ فَمَآ ٱغْنَتْ عَنْهُمُ الِهَتُهُمُ الَّتِيْ يَدْعُوْن مِنْ دُوْنِ اللَّهِ مِنْ شَيْءٍ لَمَّا جَآء آمُرُ رَبِّكَ دوَمَا زَادُوْهُمْ غَيْرَ تَتَبِيْبٍ وَكَذْلِكَ آخْذُ رَبِّكَ إِذَآ آخَذَ الْقُرى وهِيَظَالِمَةً داِنَّ آخْذَةَ آلِيْمَ شَدِيدً الأُخِرَةِ د ذٰلِكَ كَايَةً لِمَنْ خَافَ عَذَاب الأُخِرَةِ د ذٰلِكَ يَوْمَ شَجْمُوْعً اللَّهُ

ۏۜٮٵڹؙۏؘؘڂؚۨۯٷٚ ٳؘۜ؆؇ؘؚڮڸٟ مَعدُۉ دٍ۞ ؽۅٛؗم ؽٱتؚ لا تَكَلَّم نَفْسَ اِلَّا بِإِذْنِهِ، فَمِنْهُمْ شَعِيَّ وَ سَعِيدً۞ فَامَا الَّذِينَ شَقُوْا فَفِي النَّارِ لَهُمْ فِيْهَا ذَفِيْرً وَ شَهِيْقً۞

100. They are chased by a curse in this *life* and on the Day of Resurrection. Evil is the gift and so are those given such a gift.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ | \ dh \ i \ | \ c \ (322)$  (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

108. Abiding therein so long as the heavens and the earth endure, excepting what thy Lord may will. Surely, thy Lord does bring about what He pleases.

109. But as for those who will prove fortunate, they shall be in Heaven; abiding therein so long as the heavens and the earth endure, excepting what thy Lord may will a gift that shall not be cut off.

110. So be not in doubt concerning that which these *people* worship. They only worship as their fathers worshipped before, and We shall surely pay them in full their portion undiminished.

#### R. 10.

111. And We certainly gave Moses the Book, but differences were created therein; and had it not been for a word already gone forth from thy Lord, surely, *the matter* would have been decided between them *long before*; and *now* these *people* are in a disquieting doubt concerning it.

112. And surely, *the works of all these have* not yet *been requited but* thy Lord will certainly repay them in full, according to their works. He is surely well aware of all that they do.

113. So stand thou upright, as thou hast been commanded, and *also* those who have turned *to God* with thee; and exceed ye not the bounds, *O believers; for* surely, He sees what you do.

خْلِدِيْنَ فِيْهَا مَا دَامَتِ السَّمَوْتُ وَ الْأَرْضُ إِلَّا مَا شَاءَ رَبُّكَ \* إِنَّ رَبُّكَ **فَ**عَّالٌ لِّمَا يُرِيدُ⊛ وَ اَمَّهَا الَّذِيْنَ سُعِدُوْا فَغِي الْجَنَّه خليدين فيها ما دامت الشموت وَ الْدَرْضُ الَّكْ مَاشَاءَ دَتُكَ مِعَطَّاءً غَبْدَ مَحْذُوْ ذ فَلَا تَكُ فِي مِرْيَةٍ مِّمَّا يَعْبُدُ هَؤُلاً ع مَا تَعْبُدُوْنَ إِلَّا كَمَا يَعْبُدُ أَبَّأَؤُهُمْ ى<del>ت</del>ىن **ق**ېل <sub>"</sub> زاتا كەزۇۋە ھەر ئېيى بەھەر غَدْرَ مَنْقُوص الله وَ لَقَدْ أَتَنْنَامُوْسَى الْكِتْبَ فنبه ۽ وَلَوْ كَا ڪَلِمَةً سَتَقَتْ مِنْ رَّبِّكَ لَقُضِيَ بَيْنَهُمْ < وَ إِنَّهُمْ لَغِيْ شَكِّ مِنْهُ مُرِيْبِ () وَ إِنَّ كُلًّا لَّيَّا لَهُوَفِّيَّتُهُمْ رَتُكَ ٱعْمَالَهُمْ دِانَّهْ بِمَا يَعْمَلُوْنَ خَبِيْرً · (

فَاسْتَقِمْ كَمَّا أُمِرْتَ وَ مَنْ تَابَ مَعَكَ وَلا تَطْغَوْا مَ اِنَّهْ بِمَا تَعْمَلُوْنَ بَصِيْرً \*

114. And incline not toward those who do wrong, lest the Fire touch you. And you shall have no friends beside Allāh, nor shall you be helped.

\*115. And observe Prayer at the two ends of the day, and in the hours of the night *that are nearer the day*. Surely, good works drive away evil works. This is a reminder for those who would remember.

116. And be thou steadfast; for surely, Allāh suffers not the reward of the righteous to perish.

117. Why, then, were there not among the generations before you persons possessed of understanding who would have forbidden corruption in the earth—except a few of those whom We saved from among them? But the wrongdoers followed that by which they were afforded ease and comfort, and they became guilty.

118. And thy Lord would not destroy the cities unjustly while the people thereof were righteous.

119. And if thy Lord had *enforced* His will, He would have surely made mankind one people; but they would not cease to differ,

120. Save those on whom thy Lord has had mercy, and for this has He created them. But the word of thy

وَكَا تَرْكَنُوْٓا إِلَى الَّذِيْنَ ظَلَمُوْا فَتَحَسَّكُمُ النَّارُ ، وَ مَا لَكُمْ مِّرْبُ دُوْنِ الله مِنْ أَوْ لِمَاء ثُمَّ لا تُنْصَرُوْنَ ٢ وَ آقِمِ الصَّلوةَ طَرَفَي النَّهَادِ وَ زُلَفًا مِّنَ الَّثِلِ ﴿ إِنَّ الْحَسَنَتِ يُذْهِبْنَ السَّبِيّاتِ ذلِكَ ذِكْرَى لِلذَّاكِرِيْنَ أَسْ وَ اصْبِرْ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُضِيْعُ أَجْرَ الْمُحْسِنِيْنَ فَكَوْكَ كَانَ مِنَ الْقُرُوْنِ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ أولُوْا بَقِتَّبَةٍ يَّنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْفُسَادِ فِي الْأَدْضِ الْكَاقَلِيْ الْمَعْمَنْ ٱنْحَدْنَا مِنْهُمَ الْأَدْضِ اللَّهُ الْعَامَةُ الْمُعْمَةِ الْ وَ اتَّبَحَ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوْا مَآ أُثْرِفُوْا فِيْهِ وَكَانُوْا مُجْرِمِيْنَ وَمَا كَانَ رَبُّكَ لِيُهْلِكَ الْقُرْي بِظُلْمِ

و ما كان ربك لِيهلِك العرلى بِطرمٍ وَ لَوْ شَاء رَبُّكَ لَجَعَلَ النَّاسَ اُمَّةً وَاحِدَةً وَ لَا يَزَالُوْنَ مُخْتَلِفِيْنَ أَسَّةً إِلَّا مَنْ رَّحِمَرَ بُّكَ وَلِذٰلِكَ خَلَقَهُمْ ﴿

رة من رحمر بك، ويريك حلقهم، وَ تَمَتْ كَلِمَةُ رَبِّكَ لَأَمْلَئَنَّ جَهَنَّمَ

\*115. And observe Prayer at the two ends of the day, and parts of the night close to the day. Surely virtues drive away evils.

Lord shall be fulfilled: 'Verily, I will fill Hell with *the disobedient* Jinn and men all together.'

121. And all of the tidings of the Messengers, whereby We make thy heart firm, We relate unto thee. And herein has come to thee the truth and an exhortation and a reminder for believers.

122. And say to those who believe not: 'Act as best you can, we *too* are acting.

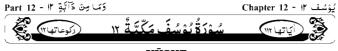
123. 'And wait ye, we too are waiting.'

124. And to Allāh belongs the hidden things of the heavens and the earth, and to Him shall the whole affair be referred. So worship Him and put thy trust in Him *alone*. And thy Lord is not unmindful of what you do.

مِنَ الْجِنَّةِ وَ النَّاسِ اَجْمَعِيْنَ ®

وَ ڪُرَّد تَقَقُّ عَلَيْكَ مِنْ ٱ نُبْمَاء الرُّسُلِ
 مَا نُتُبَتْ بِه فُؤَادَكَ ، وَجَاءَكَ فِيْ هٰزِعِ
 مَا نُتُبَتْ بِه فُؤَادَكَ ، وَجَاءَكَ فِيْ هٰزِعِ
 الْحَقُّ وَ مَوْعِظَةً وَ ذِكْرَى لِلْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ()
 وَ قُلْ لِلَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ اعْمَانُوْ
 عَلَى مَكَانَتِكُمْ داتًا عملُوْنَ أَ
 عَلَى مَكَانَتِكُمْ داتًا عملُوْنَ أَ
 وَ انْتَظْرُوْا ء إِنَّا مُنْتَظْرُوْنَ ()
 وَ لِتُع عَيْبُ السَّمُونِ وَ الْاَ رُضِ
 وَ لِتُع عَيْبُ السَّمُونِ وَ الْاَرْضِ
 وَ لِتَع عَيْبُ السَّمُونِ وَ الْاَرْمَ عَلَيْهُ فَاعْبُدُهُ
 وَ لِتَع عَيْبُو نَعَ الْحَمْرُ حُتُه فَاعْبُدُهُ
 وَ لِتَع عَيْبُ السَّمُونِ وَ مَا رَبُّكَة فَاعْبُدُهُ
 وَ لِتَع عَيْهُ وَ مَا رَبُعَا مَعْمَانَ لِحَامِ لَا عَامَة عَانَ الْحَامَة مَا مَ مَكَانَة مُنْ عَظْرُونَ ()

er.



**YŪSUF** (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. Alif Lām Rā.<sup>+</sup> These are verses of the clear Book.

- \*3. We have revealed it—the Qur'ān in Arabic—that you may understand.
- \*4. We narrate unto thee the most beautiful narration by revealing to thee this Qur'ān, though thou wast, before this, of those not possessed of *requisite* knowledge.

5. *Remember the time* when Joseph said to his father, 'O my father, I saw *in a dream* eleven stars and the sun and the moon, I saw them making obeisance to me.'

6. He said, 'O my darling son, relate not thy dream to thy brothers, lest they contrive a plot against thee; for Satan is to man an open enemy.

\*7. 'And thus shall it be as thou hast seen, thy Lord will choose thee and teach thee the interpretation of things and perfect His favour upon thee and upon the family of Jacob as He

م الله الرَّحْمٰنِ الرَّحْد هُ قَنْ ا 1 نَحْنُ زَقَتُر. عَلَدُ الحَاكَ الكَ الْقَاصَ ىمآ أؤخشناً الشك كُنْتَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِ لَمِنَ الْغُ اذْ قَالَ مُوْسُفٌ لِأَبِيْهِ آيَا بَتِ إِنِيْ دَائِتُ أَجَدَ عَشَرَ كَمْ كَبًا دَّ الشَّمْسَ دَ الْقَمَرَ رَايْتُهُمْ لِيْ سْجِدِيْنَ () كاتق صف راءك Ī اتے فک ֈ مِنْ تَادِيْلِ الْأَجَادِيْ عكثك وّعلى ال تعقّدت كمّ

<sup>‡</sup> I am Allāh Who is All-Seeing.

<sup>\*3.</sup> We have revealed it the Qur'ān *an oft recited Book* in Arabic *a clear eloquent language*—that you may understand.

<sup>\*4.</sup> We narrate unto you the most beautiful narration by revealing to you this Qur'an, while before this, you were of those who were unaware.

<sup>\*7. &#</sup>x27;And thus *shall it be as you have seen*, your Lord will choose you and teach you the interpretation of narrated matters and perfect His favour upon you and upon the family of Jacob as He perfected it upon two of your forefathers—Abraham and Isaac. Verily, your Lord is All-Knowing, Wise.

perfected it upon two of thy forefathers-Abraham and Isaac. 2 Verily, thy Lord is All-Knowing, Wise.' R. 2.

8. Surely, in Joseph and his brethren there are Signs for the inquirers.

9. When they said, 'Verily, Joseph and his brother are dearer to our father than we are, although we are a strong party. Surely, our father is in manifest error.

10. 'Kill Joseph or cast him out to some *distant* land, so that your father's favour may become exclusively yours and you can thereafter become a righteous people.'

11. One of them said, 'Kill not Joseph, but if you must do something, cast him into the bottom of a deep well; some of the travellers will pick him up.'

12. They said, 'O our father, why dost thou not trust us with respect to Joseph, when we are certainly his sincere well-wishers?

13, 'Send him with us tomorrow that he may enjoy himself and play, and we shall surely keep guard over him."

14. He said, 'It grieves me that you should take him away, and I fear lest the wolf should devour him while you are heedless of him.'

15. They said, 'Surely, if the wolf

(See details of transliteration on page 'p').

عَلَى آبَةَتُكَ مِنْ قَتْلُ إِبْاهِتْمَ وَإِسْحَقَ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ عَلَيْهُ حَكَيْهُ ٥ لَقَدْ كَانَ فِيْ يُوْسُفَ وَ اِخْوَتِهَ المنَّ للسائلين إِذْ قَالُوْا لَبُوْسُفُ وَ أَخُوْلُا أَحَتُ إِلَى ٱبيْنَامِنَّاوَنَحْنُ عُصْبَةً إِنَّ ٱبَانَا <u></u> كَفِٰؽؚۻؘڶڹ ۺؠؽڹ۞ إِقْتُلُوْا يُوْسُفَ أَوِ اطْرَحُوْهُ أَرْضَا يَخْلُ لَكُمْ وَجْهُ ٱبِيْكُمْ وَ تَكُوْنُوْا مِنْ بَعْدِمْ قۇمًا صلحِيْنَ ا قَالَ قَابِلٌ مِّنْهُمْ لَا تَقْتُلُوْا يُوْسُفَ وَ ٱلْقُوْمُ فِيْ غَيْبَتِ الْجُبِّ يَلْتَقِطْهُ يَعْضُ السَّبَّارَةِ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ فْعِلِيْنَ () قَالُوْا آيَانَا مَا لَكَ لَا تَأْمَنَّا عَلْي ئەشف وَإِنَّا لَهٰ لَنَاصِحُوْنَ ٱ دْسِلْهُ مَعَنَّا غَدًا تَيْرْتَعْ وَ يَلْعَبْ وَ إِنَّا كَة لَحْفَظُوْنَ ٣ قَالَ إِنَّىٰ لَيَحْزُنُنِيْ آَنْ تَذْهَبُوْا بِم وَ اَخَافُ اَنْ يَاْكُلَهُ الذِّئْبُ وَ اَنْتُمْ عَنْهُ غَفِلُوْنَ ٢ قَالُوْا لَبَنْ اَڪَلَهُ الذَّئْبُ وَ نَحْنُ عُصْبَةٌ ء : ا ق p | غ h 7 | kh 7 | dh أ ع ب أ ح (327) ص ع إ خ h 7 | kh 7 | dh أ ث h 7

devour him while we are a strong party, then we shall indeed be *great* losers.'

\*16. So, when they took him away, and agreed to put him into the bottom of a deep well, *they had their malicious design carried out*; and We sent a revelation to him, *saying*, 'Thou shalt surely *one day* tell them of this affair of theirs and they shall not know.'

17. And they came to their father in the evening, weeping.

18. They said, 'O our father, we went forth racing with one another, and left Joseph with our things, and the wolf devoured him, but thou  $\overline{3}$  wilt not believe us even if we speak  $\overline{3}$  the truth.'

19. And they came with false blood \* on his shirt. He said, 'Nay, but your souls have made a *great* thing appear light in your eyes. So *now* comely patience *is good for me*. And it is Allāh *alone* Whose help is to be sought against what you assert.'

20. And there came a caravan of travellers and they sent their waterdrawer. And he let down his bucket *into the well*. 'Oh, good news!' said he, 'Here is a youth!' And they concealed him as a piece of merchandise, and Allāh knew full well what they did. إِنَّ إِذًا لَّخْسِرُوْنَ

فَكَمَّاذَهَبُوْا بِهِ وَ اَجْمَعُوَّا اَنْ يَجْعَلُوْهُ فِيْ غَيْبَتِ الْجُبِّ ، وَ اَوْحَيْنَآ اِلَيْهِ لَتُنَبِّئَنَّهُمْ بِاَصْرِهِمْ لهٰذَا وَ هُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُوْنَ٣

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ (h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \delta \ (328)$   $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ (h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \delta \ (328)$  (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

<sup>\*16.</sup> So, when they took him away, and agreed to put him into the bottom of a deep well, We sent a revelation to him, *saying*, 'You shall surely *one day* tell them of this affair of theirs while they will be unaware of your identity.'

<sup>\*19.</sup> He said, 'Nay, but your minds have made this *sinful* deed appear attractive to you. So now dignified patience is good for me.

\*21. And they sold him for a paltry price, a few dirhems, and they were not desirous of it.

₹.	3.

22. And the man from Egypt who bought him said to his wife, 'Make his stay honourable. Maybe he will be of benefit to us; or we shall adopt him as a son.' And thus did We establish Joseph in the land, and *We \*did so* that We might *also* teach him the interpretation of things. And Allāh has full power over His decree, but most men know *it* not.

\*23. And when he attained his *age of* full strength, We granted him judgment and knowledge. And thus do We reward the doers of good.

24. And she, in whose house he was, sought to seduce him against his will. And she bolted the doors, and said, 'Now come.' He said, 'I seek refuge with Allāh. He is my Lord. He has made my stay with you honourable. Verily, the wrongdoers never prosper.'

\*25. And she made up her mind with regard to him, and he made up his mind with regard to her. If he had not seen a manifest Sign of his Lord, *he could not have shown such determination*. Thus was it, that We

وَشَرَوْهُ بِثَمَنَ بَخْسٍ دَرَاهِمَ مَعْدُوْدَةٍ، er L وَ كَانُوْا فِنه مِنَ الزَّاهديْنَ شَ وَقَالَ الَّذِى اشْتَرْدِهُ مِنْ مِّصْرَ لِامْرَا تِبَهَ أكرمى مَثْلوم عَلَمي أَنْ يَنْفَعَنَا أَوْ نَتَّخذَهُ وَلَدًا وَكَذٰلِكَ مَكَّنَّا لِبُوْسُفَ فى الأرْضِ د وَلِنْعَلَّمَهُ مِنْ تَاوِيْل الْاَحَادِيْتْ ، وَاللَّهُ غَالِتَ عَلَى آمره وَلَكِنَّ ٱكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ وَلَمَّا بَلَغَ أَشُرَّ فَإِنَّدْنَهُ حُكْمًا وَّ عِلْمًا إِ وَ كَذٰلكَ نَجْزى الْمُحْسِنِيْنَ ] وَ رَاوَدَ ثَهُ الَّتِيْ هُوَ فِيْ بَيْتِهَا عَنْ نَّفْسِه وَ غَلَّقَتِ الْآبُوَابِ وَ قَالَتْ هَيْتَ لَكَ ، قَالَ مَعَاذَ اللهِ إِنَّهُ رَبِّيٓ أَحْسَنَ مَتْوَايَ إِنَّهُ لَا يُفْلِحُ الظُّلْمُوْنَ @ وَ لَقَدْ هَمَّتْ بِهِ ، وَ هَمَّر بِهَا ، لَوْ ݣَا أَنْ رَّا بُرْهَانَ رَبِّهِ . حَذٰلِكَ لِنَصْرِفَ عَنْهُ الشَّهْءَ وَ الْفَحْشَاءَ \* اتَّهُ مِنْ

- \*23. And when he reached the age of maturity, We granted him judgement and knowledge.
- \*25. And she fell for him and he too would have fallen for her, had he not seen the sign of his Lord.

<sup>\*21.</sup> And they sold him for a paltry price, a few dirhems, and they were not keen to profit from him.

<sup>\*22. ...</sup>We might *also* teach him the interpretation of **narrated matters**.

might turn away from him evil and indecency. Surely, he was *one* of Our chosen servants.

26. And they both raced to the door, and she tore his shirt from behind, and they found her lord at the door. She said, 'What shall be the punishment of one who intended evil to thy wife, save imprisonment or a grievous chastisement?'

27. He said, 'She it was who sought to seduce me against my will.' And a witness of her household bore witness *saying*, 'If his shirt is torn from the front, then she has spoken the truth and he is of the liars.

28. 'But if his shirt is torn from behind, then she has lied and he is of the truthful.'

29. So when he saw his shirt torn from behind, he said, 'Surely, this is a device of you women. Your device is indeed mighty.

30. 'O Joseph, turn away from this and thou, *O woman*, ask forgiveness for thy sin. Certainly, thou art of the guilty.'

## R. 4.

31. And women in the city said, 'The wife of the 'Azīz seeks to seduce her slave-boy against his will. He has infatuated her with love. Indeed, we see her in manifest error.'

32. And when she heard of their crafty design, she sent for them and prepared for them a repast, and

عِبَادِنَا الْمُخْلَصِيْنَ،

وَ اسْتَمَعًا الْمَابَ وَ قَدَّتْ قَمِيْصَهُ مِنْ دُبُرٍ وَّ ٱلْفَياسَيّدَهَا لَدَا الْبَابِ قَالَتْ مَا جَزَاءُ مَنْ آَرَادَ بِآَهْلِكَ سُوْءً الَّا أَنْ يُّسْجَنَ أَوْ عَذَاتَ ٱلْمُ 🕅 قَالَ هِيَ دَاوَدَتْنِيْ عَنْ نَّفْسِيْ وَشَهدَ شَاهِ زَمِّنْ أَهْلِهَا إِنْ كَانَ قَمِنْصُهُ قُرَّمِنْ قُبُلٍ فَصَدَقَتْ وَ هُوَ مِنَ الْكُذِبِيْنَ @ وَ إِنْ كَانَ قَمِيْصُهُ قُدَّمِنْ دُبُرِ فَكَذَبَتْ وَ هُوَ مِنَ الصَّدِقَيْنَ ٢ فَكَمَّا رَأ قَمِيْصَهُ قُدَّ مِنْ دُبُرٍ قَالَ إِنَّهُ مِنْ كَيْدِكْتَ دانَ حَيْدَ كُنَّ عَظِيْمَ يُوْسُفُ أَعْرِضْ عَرِثْ هُذَاع وَ اسْتَغْفِرِيْ لِذَنْبِكِ \* اِنَّكِ كُنْتِ ي م مِنَ الْخُطِعْدِينَ شَ وَقَالَ نِسْوَةً فِي الْمَدِيْنَةِ امْرَاتُ الْعَزِيْزِ تُرَاوِدُ فَتْبَهَا عَنْ نَّفْسِهِ ، قَدْ شَغَفَهَا حُبًّا ، إِنَّا لَنَارِ مَهَا فِي ضَلْلٍ مُّبِيْنٍ @ فَكَمَّا سَمِعَتْ بِمَكْرِهِنَّ ٱرْسَلَتْ الَيْهِنَّ وَ اَعْتَدَتْ لَهُنَّ مُتَّكًأً وَّ اتَّتْ كُلَّ

gave every one of them a knife and then said to Joseph, 'Come forth to them.' And when they saw him they \* thought much of him and cut their hands, and said, 'Allāh be glorified! This is not a human being; this is but a noble angel.'

33. She said, 'And this is he about whom you blamed me. I did seek to seduce him against his will, but he preserved himself *from sin*. And now if he do not what I bid him, he shall certainly be imprisoned and become *one* of the humbled.'

34. He said, 'O my Lord, I would prefer prison to that to which they invite me; and unless Thou turn away their guile from me I shall incline towards them and be of the ignorant.'

35. So his Lord heard his prayer, and turned away their guile from him. Verily, He is the All-Hearing, the All-Knowing.

36. Then it occurred to them (the men) after they had seen the signs *of his innocence* that, *to preserve their good name*, they should imprison him for a time.

وَاحِدَةٍ مِّنْهُنَّ سِكِّيْنًا وَّ قَالَتِ اخْرُجُ عَلَيْهِ \* . \* فَلَحًا دَايْنَهُ آكْتَرْنَهُ وَ قَطَّحْنَ آبْدِيَهُنَّ وَ قُلْنَ حَاشَ بِتُهِ مَا لْهُذَا تَشَرًّا إِنَّ هُذَا الْأَمَلَكُ كُرِيْحُ 💬 قَالَتْ فَزْلِكُنَّ الَّذِي لُمْتُنَّخْ فَيْهِ وَ لَقَدْ دَاوَدْتُهُ عَنْ نَفْسِهِ فَاسْتَعْطَ وَ لَئِنْ لَّمْ تَفْعَلْ مَآ أُمُرُةُ لَئُسْجَنَنَّ وَ لَيَكُوْنًا مِّنَ الصّْغِرِيْنَ 🕤 قًالَ رُبِّ ال 115 ختي اكم د ط تَ أَصْبُ الَيْهِنَّ وَ لَهٔ دَتُ أؤا الأله

\* 32. Note: The words *qatta na aidiyahunna* (تَمَعَن *i يَوِيَهُنَ*) 'cut their hands' ean be understood to apply literally or metaphorically as Hadrat Imām Rāghib has mentioned both usages with reference to the use of this word in the Holy Qur'ān.

بع

Here the literal meaning of (تَعَنَّدُنَ 'نَوَيُهُنُ) would be to sever one's hand with some sharp instrument. This obviously is not meant by the Holy Qur'ān and is inconceivable in this context. As an alternative, some scholars have attempted to attribute a minimised action of cutting, indicating just a few minor cuts, but the Arabic usage does not approve of it because the force and the intensity of the root meaning in the measure of (يَنَدُ) does not permit this mild connotation. The only choice therefore is between the literal and metaphorical meaning and we believe that this expression in the given context can only be rightly understood metaphorically, meaning that they accepted defeat by considering him inaccessible and beyond the reach of their hands.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ h \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid \ dh \ \dot{s} \ \mid \ \delta \ s \ of \ ransilieration \ on \ page \ p'). \end{array}$ 

R. 5

37. And with him there entered the prison two young men. One of them said, 'I saw myself *in a dream* pressing wine.' And the other said, 'I saw myself *in a dream* carrying upon my head bread of which the birds are eating. Inform us of the interpretation thereof; for we see thee to be of the righteous.'

38. He replied, 'The food which you are given shall not come to you but I shall inform you of the interpretation thereof before it comes to you. This is on account of what my Lord has taught me. I have renounced the religion of the people who do not believe in Allāh and who are disbelievers in the Hereafter.

39. 'And I have followed the religion of my fathers, Abraham and Isaac and Jacob. We cannot indeed associate anything as partner with Allāh. This is of Allāh's grace upon us and upon mankind, but most men are ungrateful.

40. 'O my two companions of the prison, are diverse lords better or Allāh, the One, the Most Supreme?

41. 'You worship nothing beside Allāh, but *mere* names that you have named, you and your fathers; Allāh has sent down no authority for that. The decision rests with Allāh alone. He has commanded وَ دَخَلَ مَعَهُ السِّجْنَ فَتَلِنِ < قَالَ احَدُهُمَآ الِنِّنَ الرَيْنَ آعَصِرُ خَمْرًا وَ قَالَ الْأَخَرُ الِنَّيَ الرَيْنَ آعَصِرُ خَمْرًا رَاسِيُ خُبْرًا تَاكُلُ الطَّيْرُ مِنْهُ < نَبِّئْنَا بِتَاوِيْلِهِ التَّانَرُ لَكَ مِنَ الْمُحْسِنِيْنَ عَالَ لا يَأْتِيْكُمَا طَعَامَ تُرْزَقْنِهَ اللَّا نَبَّاتُكُمَا بِتَاوِيلِهِ قَبْلَ آنَ يَأْتِيكُمَا خَلِكُمَ مِمَّا عَلَّمَنِيْ رَبِّي < النِّي تَرَكْتُ مِلَّةَ قَوْمِ لَا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِاللَّهِ وَ هُمْ بِالْأُخِرَةِ هُمْ كُفَرُوْنَ @

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \overset{}{=} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \overset{}{=} \ | \ \overset{}{=} \ \overset{$ 

that you shall not worship anything \*save Him. That is the right religion, but most men know *it* not.

42. 'O my two companions of the prison, as for one of you, he will pour out wine, for his lord to drink; and as for the other, he will be crucified so that the birds will eat from off his head. The matter about which you inquired has been decreed.'

43. And of the two, he said to him whom he thought to be the one who would escape: 'Mention me to thy lord.' But Satan caused him to forget mentioning *it* to his lord, so he remained in prison for some years.

#### R. 6.

\*44. And the King said, 'I see *in a dream* seven fat kine which seven lean ones eat up, and seven green ears of corn and *seven* others withered. O ye chiefs, explain to me the meaning of my dream if you can interpret a dream.'

45. They replied, 'They are confused dreams, and we do not know the interpretation of such confused dreams.'

لَحْلِكَ الرِّيْنُ الْقَيِّمُ وَ لَكِنَّ ٱكْثَرَ النَّاسِ كَايَعْلَمُوْنَ۞ لِصَاحِبِي السِّجْنِ ٱمَّآ اَحَدُكُمَافَيَسْقِيْ رَبَّهْ خَمْرًا ، وَاَمَّا الْأَخَرُ فَيُصْلَبُ فَتَاكُلُ الطَّيْرُمِنْ رَّاسِهِ وَقُضِيَ الْأَمُرُ الَّذِيْ فِيْهِ تَسْتَفْتِلِنِ شَ

وَقَالَ لِلَّذِيْ ظَنَّ ٱنَّمْنَاجٍ مِّنْهُمَا اذْكُرْ نِيْ عِنْدَ دَبِّكَ د فَٱنْسْسَهُ الشَّيْطُنُ ذِكْرَ رَبِّهِ فَلَبِثَ فِي السِّجْنِ بِضْحَ سِنِيْنَ أَنَّ جُ

وَقَالَ الْمَلِكُ ازِنَى آدَى سَبْحَ بَقَرْتٍ سِمَانٍ يَّاڪُلُهُنَّ سَبْعَ عِجَافً وَّ سَبْعَ سُنْبُلْتٍ خُضْرٍ وَّ أَخَرَ لِبِسْتٍ آيَا يُّهَا الْمَلَا ٱفْتُونِي فِيْ دُءْيَايَ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ لِلرُّءَيَا تَعْبُرُوْنَ ٣ قَالُوْا آضْغَاتُ آحْلَامٍ ، وَمَا نَحْنُ بِتَاوِيْلِ الْاَحْلَامِ بِعْلِمِيْنَ ®

 $a \ i \ u \ \mid \ h \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid \ dh \ \dot{s} \ \mid \ \delta \ \dot{s} \ of \ xasiliteration on \ page \ p).$ 

<sup>\*41.</sup> Note: The word qayyim (تَحَمَّهُ) according to the usage of the Holy Qur'ān has a connotation of being strong, powerful, right and possessing a staying power. It also signifies the ability to straighten and correct. Hence the fundamental, unchangeable constituents of faith common to all religions are referred to in the Holy Qur'ān as dīnul-qayyimah (دَيْنُ الْقَتِمَةُ). See 98:6 (Al-Bayyinah)

<sup>\*44.</sup> And the king said, 'I see *in a dream* seven fat **cows whom** seven lean *cows* **arc cating**, and seven green ears of corn and *seven* others **dried up**.

46. And he of the two who had escaped, and who *now* remembered after a time, said, 'I will let you know its interpretation, therefore send ye me.'

47. 'Joseph! O thou man of truth, explain to us the meaning of seven fat kine which seven lean ones devour, and of seven green ears of corn and *seven* others withered; that I may return to the people so that they may know.'

48. He replied, 'You shall sow for seven years, working hard and continuously, and leave what you reap in its ear, except a little which you shall eat.

49. 'Then there shall come after that seven hard years which shall consume all that you shall have laid by in advance for them except a little which you may preserve.

\*50. 'Then there shall come after that a year in which people shall be relieved and in which they shall give presents *to each other*.'

R. 7.

51. And the King said, 'Bring him to me.' But when the messenger came to him, he said, 'Go back to thy lord and ask him how fare the \*women who cut their hands: for,

وَ قَالَ الَّذِيْ نَجَامِنْهُمَا وَ ادَّحَرَ بَعْدَ أُمَّةٍ آنَا أُنَبِّئُكُمْ بِتَأْوِيْلِهِ فَأَرْسِلُوْنِ @ يُوْسُفُ ٱ يُّهَا الصِّرِّ يْقُ أَفْتِنَا فِيْ سَبْعِ بَقَرْتٍ سِمَانٍ يَّاكُلُهُنَّ سَبْحٌ عِجَافً وَّسَبْعِ سُنْبُلْتٍ خُضْرِوَّ أَخَرَ لِبِسْتِ ا لَّعَكِّيَ آرْجِعُ إِلَى النَّاسِ لَعَلَّهُمْ تَعْلَمُوْنَ ٢ قَالَ تَزْرَعُوْنَ سَبْعَ سِنَبْنَ دَاَيًا ، فَمَا حَصَدْتُّمْ فَذَرُوْهُ فِيْ سُنَّبُلِمْ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا مممّاتأكُلُون ثُمَر يَأْتِيْ مِنْ بَعْدِ ذٰلِكَ سَبْعُ شِدَادً يَّا ڪُلْنَ مَا قَرَّمْتُمْ لَهُنَّ إِلَّا قَلِيْ لَا مِّمَا تُحْصِنُوْنَ 🕅 ثُمَّ يَأْتَىٰ مِنْ بَعْدٍ ذٰلِكَ عَامَ فَيْهِ يُغَاثُ النَّاسُ وَفِيْدِي يَعْصِرُ وْنَ ٢ لج وَقَالَ الْمَلِكُ انْتُوْنِيْ بِهِ، فَلَمَّا جَاءَهُ الرَّسُوْلُ قَالَ ارْجِعْ الْي رَبِّكَ فَسْكَلْهُ

الرسول قال ارجِع إلى ربِك فسئله مابَالُ النِّشوَةِ الْتِيْ قَطَّعْنَ آيْدِيَهُتَ.

\*50. 'Then a year will follow when people will be granted abundant rain and therein they will have plenty of fruits and oil seeds to press for juices and oils.' \*51. See Note verse 32.

my Lord well knows their crafty design.'

52. He (the King) said to the women, 'What was the matter with you when you sought to seduce \*Joseph against his will?' They said.

- 'He kept away *from sin* for fear of Allāh—we have known no evil against him.' The wife of the 'Azīz said, 'Now has the truth come to light. It was I who sought to seduce him against his will, and surely, he is the truthful.'
- \*53. Joseph said, 'I asked for that enquiry to be made so that he (the 'Azīz) might know that I was not unfaithful to him in his absence and that Allāh suffers not the device of the unfaithful to succeed.
- \*54. 'And I do not hold my own self to be free from weakness; for, the soul is surely prone to enjoin evil, save that whereon my Lord has mercy. Surely, my Lord is Most Forgiving, Merciful.'

55. And the King said, 'Bring him to me that I may take him specially for myself.' And when he had spoken to him, he said, 'Thou art this day *a man* of established position *and* trust with us.'

اِنَّ دَبِّيْ بِكَيْرِهِنَّ عَلِيْمَ ۞ قَالَ مَا خَطْبُكُنَّ اِذْ رَاوَدْتُّنَّ يُوْسُفَ عَنْ نَّفْسِهِ • قُلْنَ حَاشَ بِتْهِ مَا عَلِمْنَا عَلَيْهِ مِنْ سُوَءٍ • قَالَتِ امْرَاتُ الْعَزِيزِ الْنُنَ حَصْحَصَ الْحَقُّ د آنَارَاوَدْتُّهُ عَنْ نَّفْسِهِ وَ إِنَّهُ لَحِنَ الصَّرِقِيْنَ ۞

ذٰلِكَ لِيَعْلَمَ آنَيْ لَمْ أَخُنْهُ بِالْغَيْبِ وَ آَنَّ اللَّهُ لَا يَهْدِيْ كَيْرَ الْخَائِنِيْنَ @

**وَ مَـَا ٱبَرِّيُّ نَفْسِيْ ۽ اِتَّ النَّفْسَ بَ**رَّ كَامَارَةً بِالسُّوَءِ اِلَّا مَا رَحِمَ رَبِّيْ ۽ اِتَ <sup>اَ</sup> رَبِيْ غَفُوْرٌ رَّحِيْمً @

وَ قَالَ الْمَلِكُ انْتُوْنِيْ بِمَ اَسْتَخْلِصْهُ لِنَفْسِيْ • فَلَمَّاكَلَّمَهُ قَالَ إِنَّكَ الْيَوْمَ لَدَيْنَا مَكِيْنَ آمِيْنَ @

\* 54. 'And I do not **absolve myself of** weakness; for, the soul is surely prone to enjoin evil, save that whereon my Lord has mercy. Surely, my Lord is Most Forgiving, Merciful.'

<sup>\*52.</sup> They said, 'Allāh be glorified for creating such a man—we have known no evil against him.'

<sup>\*53.</sup> Joseph said, 'I asked for that enquiry to be made so that he (the 'Azīz) might learn that I did not betray his trust in his absence and also that it should become known that Allāh does not permit the guile of dishonest people to succeed.

56. He said, 'Appoint me over the treasures of the land, for I am a good keeper, *and* possessed of knowledge.'

57. And thus did We establish Joseph in the land. He dwelt therein wherever he pleased. We bestow Our mercy on whomsoever We please, and We suffer not the reward of the righteous to perish.

58. And surely, the reward of the Hereafter is better for those who believe and fear God.

## R. 8.

- \*59. And Joseph's brethren came and entered in unto him; and he knew them, but they knew him not.
- \*60. And when he had provided them with their provision, he said, 'Bring me your brother on your father's side. Do you not see that I give you full measure *of corn* and that I am the best of hosts?

61. 'But if you bring him not to me, then there shall be no measure *of corn* for you from me, nor shall you come near me.'

62. They replied, 'We will try to induce his father to part with him and we will certainly do *it*.'

63. And he said to his servants, 'Put their money *also* into their

قَالَ اجْعَلْنِيْ عَلَى خَزَاَئِنِ الْأَرْضِ، إِنَّيْ حَفد ظُعَلهُ @ وَ كَذٰلكَ مَكَّنَّا لِيُوْسُفَ فِي الْأَرْضِ، تتكوا منها خنث نشاء لفصك بِرَحْمَتِنَا مَنْ نَّشَاءُ وَلَا نُصْبُعُ آجْرَ الْمُحْسنيْنَ@ وَلَاجُرُ الْأَخِرَةِ خَيْرٌ لِّلَّذَيْنَ Ś وَ كَانُوْا مَتَّ قُوْنَ هُ وَجَاءَ إِخْوَةُ نُوْسُفَ فَدَخَلُوْا عَلَيْهِ فَعَرَفَهُمْ وَهُمْلَهُ مُنْكِرُ وْنَ، وَلَمَّا جَهَّزَهُمْ بِجَهَا ذِهِمْ قَالَ انْتُوْنِيْ بِأَخٍ لَّكُمْ مِّنْ ٱبِيْكُمْ ، ٱكَا تَرَوْنَ إَنَّيْ ٱوْفِ الْكَيْلَ وَٱنَّا خَيْرُ الْمُنْزِلِيْنَ ٠ فَإِنْ تَمْ تَاتُوْنِيْ بِهِ فَلَا حَيْلَ لَكُمْ عِنْدِيْ وَكَا تَقْرَبُوْنِ ١ قَالُوْا سَنْزَاودُ عَنْهُ أَبَاهُ وَ إِنَّا كَفَاعِ لُوْنَ @ وَ قَالَ لِفِتْلِنِهِ اجْعَلُوْا بِضَ

\*59. And Joseph's brethren came and **appeared before him and he recognised them, but they took him as a stranger.** 

\*60. And when he had provided them with their provision, he said, 'Bring me your brother on your father's side. Do you not see that I give you full measure and that I am the best of hosts?

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ (h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (see details of transitieration on page \ p').$ 

saddlebags that they may recognize it when they return to their family; haply they may come back.'

64. And when they returned to their father, they said, 'O our father, *a further* measure *of corn* has been denied us, so send with us our brother that we may obtain our measure, and we will surely take care of him.'

65. He said, 'I cannot trust you with him, save as I trusted you with his brother before. But Allāh is the best Protector, and He is the Most Merciful of those who show mercy.'

66. And when they opened their goods, they found their money returned to them. They said, 'O our father, what more can we desire? Here is our money returned to us. We shall bring provision for our family, and guard our brother and we shall have in addition the measure of a camel-load. That is a measure which is easy to obtain.'

67. He said, 'I will not send him with you until you give me a solemn promise in the name of Allāh that you will surely bring him to me, unless you are encompassed.' And when they gave him their solemn promise, he said, 'Allāh watches over what we say.'

68. And he said, 'O my sons, enter not by one gate, but enter by different gates; and I can avail you nothing against Allāh. The decision rests only with Allāh. In Him do I رِحَالِهِمْ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَعْرِفُوْنَهَّا اِذَا انْقَلَبُوَّا اِلْى اَهْلِهِمْ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْجِعُوْنَ @ فَلَمَّ رَجَعُوَّا اِلْى اَبِيْهِمْ قَالُوْا يَا بَانَا مُنِعَ مِنَّا الْكَيْلُ فَاَرْسِلْ مَعَنَّا اَخَانَا نَحْتَلْ وَ اِنَّا لَهْ لَحْفِظُوْنَ @

قَالَ هَلْ أَمَنْكُمْ عَلَيْهِ إِلَّا كَمَّآ مِنْتُكُمْ عَلْى آخِيْهِ مِنْ قَبْلُ ، فَاللَّهُ خَيْرً خفِظًا وَ هُوَ آرْحَمُ الرَّحِمِيْنَ ۞ وَ لَمَّا فَتَحُوْا مَتَاعَهُمْ وَجَدُوْا بِضَاعَتَهُمْ رُدَّتْ الَيْهِمْ ، قَالُوْا آيَا بَانَا مَانَبْغِيْ ، هٰذِه بِضَاعَتُ نَا رُدَّتْ الَيْنَا ، وَ نَمِيْرُ آهْلَنَا وَ نَحْفَظُ آخَانَ وَ نَزْدَادُ كَيْلَ بَعِيْرٍ ، ذٰلِكَ كَيْلُ آيَسِيْرُ ۞

قَالَ لَنْ أَدْسِلَهُ مَعَكُمْ حَتَّى تُؤْتُوْنِ مَوْثِقًا مِّنَ اللهِ لَتَا تُنَّخِيْ بِهَ إَلَّا آَنَ يُحَاطَ بِكُمْ ، فَلَمَّآ أَتَوْهُ مَوْثِقَهُمْ قَالَ اللهُ عَلَى مَانَقُوْلُ وَحِيْلً @

وَ قَالَ لِبَنِيَّ كَاتَدْخُلُوْا مِنْ بَابٍ وَّاحِدٍ وَّ ادْخُلُوْا مِنْ آبُوَابٍ مُّتَفَرِّقَةٍ ؞ وَ مَآ اُغْنِيْ عَنْكُمْ مِّنَ اللهِ مِنْ شَيْءٍ ـ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \varsigma \ \varsigma \ (337)$   $(See details of transilieration on page \ p').$ 

E

put my trust and in Him let all who would trust put their trust.'

\*69. And when they entered in the manner their father had commanded them, it could not avail them anything against Allāh, except that there was a desire in Jacob's mind which he *thus* satisfied; and he was surely possessed of *great* knowledge because We had taught him, but most men know not.

## R. 9.

70. And when they visited Joseph, he lodged his brother with himself. *And* he said, 'I am thy brother; so *now* grieve not at what they have been doing.'

71. And when he had provided them with their provision, he put the drinking-cup in his brother's saddlebag. Then a crier cried, 'O ye *men of the* caravan, you have been guilty of theft.'

72. They said, turning towards them, 'What is it that you miss?'

73. They replied, 'We miss the King's measuring-cup, and whoso brings it shall have a camel-load, and I am surety for it.'

74. They answered, 'By Allāh, you know well that we came not to act corruptly in the land, and we are not thieves.'

ين الْحُكْمُ الَّا بِلَّهِ مَعَلَيْهِ تَوَكَّلْتُ وَ عَلَيْهِ فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ الْمُتَوَكِّلُوْنَ وَ لَمَّ دَخَلُوْا مِنْ حَيْثُ اَمَرَهُمْ اَبُوْهُمْ مَاكَانَ يُغْنِيْ عَنْهُمْ مِّنَ اللَّهِ مِنْ شَيْءٍ إِلَّا حَاجَةً فِيْ نَفْسِ يَعْقُوْبَ قَضْلهَا ، وَ إِنَّهْ لَذُوْ عِلْمٍ لِّمَا عَلَّمْنُهُ وَلٰكِنَّ اَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ أَنَ

وَ لَمَّ دَخَلُوْا عَلَى يُوْسُفَ أوَى الَيْهِ اَخَاهُ قَالَ انْنَى آنَا اَخُوْكَ فَلَا تَبْتَئِسْ بِمَاكَانُوْا يَعْمَلُوْنَ۞ فَلَمَا جَهَّزَهُمْ بِجَهَازِهِمْ جَعَلَ السِّقَايَة فِنْ رَحْلِ اَخِيهِ ثُمَّ اذَّنَ مُؤَذِّنَ اَيَّتُهَا الْعِيْرُ اِنَّكُمْ لَسَارِقُوْنَ۞ قَالُوْا وَ اَقْبَلُوْا عَلَيْهِمْ مَاذَا تَفْقِرُوْنَ۞ قَالُوْا تَامَتُهِ لَقَدْ عَلِمْتُمْ مَّا جِئْنَا لِنُفْسِدَفِ الْاَرْضِ وَ مَا كُنَّا سَارِقِيْنَ۞

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \stackrel{}{=} \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \stackrel{}{\neq} \ | \ dh \ \stackrel{}{\Rightarrow} \ | \ \stackrel{}{=} \ \circ \ \varsigma \ \stackrel{}{=} \ (\text{See details of transitieration on page } p).$ 

<sup>\*69.</sup> And when they entered in the manner their father had commanded them, it could not avail them anything against Alläh, except that Jacob had an intuitive urge within him which he so fulfilled; and he was surely possessed of great knowledge because We had taught him, but most men know not.

75. They said, 'What then shall be the punishment for it, if you *are found to* have told a lie?'

76. They replied, 'The punishment for it—he in whose saddlebag it is found shall himself be the penalty for it. Thus do we punish the wrongdoers.'

77. Then he began *the search* with their sacks before the sack of his brother; then he took it out from his brother's sack. Thus did We plan for Joseph. He could not have taken his brother under the King's law unless Allāh had *so* willed. We raise in degrees of rank whomsoever We please; and over every possessor of knowledge is One, Most-Knowing.

78. They said, 'If he has stolen, a brother of his had *also* committed theft before.' But Joseph kept it secret in his heart and did not disclose it to them. He *simply* said, 'You seem to be in the worst condition; and Allāh knows best what you allege.'

79. They said, 'O exalted one, he has a very aged father, so take one of us in his stead; for we see thee to be of those who do good.'

80. He replied, 'Allāh forbid that we should take *any* save him with whom we found our property; for then we should certainly be unjust.' تَالُوْافَمَا جَزَاؤُةَ إِنْ كُنْ تُمْ كُذِبِيْنَ قَالُوْا جَزَاؤُهُ مَنْ قُجِرَ فِيْ رَحْلِهِ فَهُوَ جَزَاؤُهُ - كَذٰلِكَ نَجْزِي الظَّلِمِيْنَ @

فَبَدَا بِأَوْعِيَتِهِمْ قَبْلَ وِعَاءِ اَخِيْهِ ثُمَّ اسْتَخْرَجَهَا مِنْ وِّعَاءِ اَخِيْهِ «كَذْلِكَ كِدْنَا لِيُوْسُفَ «مَاكَانَ لِيَاخُذَ اَخَاهُ فِيْ وَيْنِ الْمَلِكِ إِلَّا اَنْ يَشَاءَ اللهُ «نَرْفَعُ دَرَجْتٍ مَّنْ نَشَاءُ « وَ فَوْقَ كُلِّ ذِيْ عِلْمٍ عَلِيْجً @

قَالُوْا اِنْ يَسْرِقْ فَقَدْ سَرَقَ اَخَ لَّهُ مِنْ قَبْلُ ، فَاسَرَّهَا يُوْسُفُ فِيْ نَفْسِهِ وَ لَمْ يُبْدِهَا لَهُمْ ، قَالَ اَنْتُمْ شَرَّ مَكَانًا، وَاللَّهُ اَعْلَمُ بِمَا تَصِفُوْنَ@

قَالُوْا آيَا يُّهَا الْعَزِيْزُ اِنَّ لَهَ ٱبَّا شَيْخًا حَبِيْرًا فَخُذْ آحَدَنَا مَكَانَهُ - اِنَّا نَزِيكَ مِنَ الْمُحْسِنِيْنَ ۞ قَالَ مَعَاذَ الله أَنْ تَاخُذَ الَّه مَنْ وَحَدْنَا

مَتَاعَنَاعِنْدَةَ «اِنَّنَا اِذًا لَظْلِمُوْنَ۞ ﴾

R. 10.

\*81. And when they despaired of him, they retired, conferring together in private. Their leader said, "Know ye not that your father has taken from you a solemn promise in the name of Allāh and how, before this, you failed in your duty with respect to Joseph? I will, therefore, not leave the land until my father permits me or Allāh decides for me. And He is the Best of judges.

82. "Return ye to your father and say, 'O our father, thy son has stolen and we have stated only what we know and we could not be guardians over the unseen.

83. 'And inquire of *the people of* the city wherein we were, and of the caravan with which we came, and certainly we are speaking the truth.'"

\*84. He replied, 'Nay, but your souls have embellished to you this thing. So *now* comely patience *is good for me*. May be Allāh will bring them all to me; for He is the All-Knowing, the Wise.' فَلَمَّا اسْتَايَّسُوَا مِنْهُ خَلَصُوَا نَجِيًّا قَالَ كَبِيْرُهُمْ آلَمْ تَعْلَمُوَا آنَّ آبَا حُمْ قَدْ آخَذَ عَلَيْكُمْ مَوْثِقًا مِّنَ اللهِ وَمِنْ قَدْ آخَذَ عَلَيْكُمْ مَوْثِقًا مِّنَ اللهِ وَمِنْ ابْرَحُ الْأَرْضَ حَتَّى يَاذَنَ لِنَ آبَيْ آوَ يَحْكُمُ اللهُ لِنْ وَهُوَ خَيْرُ الْحَكِمِيْنَ الْ اِنَّ ابْنَكَ سَرَقَ ، وَمَا شَهِدْنَ إِلَّا بِمَا

رَبِّ . عَلِمْنَا وَمَا ڪُنَّا لِلْعَيْبِ خَفِظِيْنَ ۞ وَسْتَلِ الْقَرْيَةَ الَّتِيْ كُنَّا فِيْهَا وَ الْعِيْرَ الَّتِيَآ قُبَلْنَا فِيْهَا - وَإِنَّا لَصْدِقُوْنَ ۞

قَالَ بَلْ سَوَّلَتْ لَكُمْ آنْفُسُكُمْ آمُرًا دفَصَبْرَ جَمِيْلُ دعَسَى اللهُ آنْ يَاتِيَنِيْ بِهِمْ جَمِيْعًا داِنَّهُ هُوَ الْعَلِيْمُ الْحَكِيْمُ وَتَوَلَّى عَنْهُمْ وَقَالَ لَاَسَفَى عَلْى بُوْسُفَ

\*85. And he turned away from them

\* 81. And when they despaired of him, they retired, conferring together in private. Their elder brother said, 'Know you not that your father had taken from you a solemn promise in the name of Allah and remember the injustice you did to Joseph before this. I will, therefore, not leave the land until my father permits me or Allah decides for me. And He is the Best of judges.

\*85. And he turned away from them and said, 'O my grief for Joseph!' And his eyes were filled with tears because of grief, and he was suppressing his sorrow.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ r \ | \ h \ r \ | \ kh \ r \ | \ dh \ s \ of \ ransiliteration on \ page \ p).$ 

<sup>\* 84.</sup> He replied, 'Nay, but your minds have deceived you in presenting it to you as something good. So *I turn to* dignified patience.

and said, 'O my grief for Joseph!' And his eyes became white because of grief, and he was suppressing *his sorrow*.

\*86. They said, 'By Allāh, thou wilt not cease talking of Joseph until thou art wasted away or thou art of those who perish.'

87. He replied, 'I only complain of my sorrow and my grief to Allāh, and I know from Allāh that which you know not.

88. 'O my sons, go ye and search for Joseph and his brother and despair not of the mercy of Allāh; for none despairs of Allāh's mercy save the unbelieving people.'

89. And, when they came before him (Joseph), they said, 'O exalted one, poverty has smitten us and our family, and we have brought a paltry sum of money, so give us the full measure, and be charitable to us. Surely, Allāh rewards the charitable.'

90. He said, 'Do you know what you did to Joseph and his brother, when you were ignorant?'

\*91. They replied, 'Art thou Joseph?' He said, '*Yes*, I am Joseph and this is my brother. Allāh has indeed been gracious to us. Verily, whoso

وَ ابْيَضَّتْ عَبْنَهُ مِنَ الْحُزْنِ فَهُوَ كظئم ٢ قَالُوْا تَابِلُه تَفْتَوُا تَذْكُرُ بُوْسُفَ حَتَّى تَكُوْنَ حَرَضًا ٱوْ تَكُوْنَ مِنَ الْهَالِكِيْنَ 🕬 قَالَ إِنَّهَا ٱشْكُوْا بَثِّيْ وَحُزْنَيْ إِلَى اللهِ وَ ٱعْلَمُ مِنَ اللهِ مَا كَا تَعْلَمُوْنَ لِيَحْيَّ اذْهَلُوْا فَتَحَسَّسُوْا مِنْ تُوْسُفَ وَ أَخِنْهِ وَ لَا تَانْتُسُوْا مِنْ رَّوْحِ اللَّهِ -إِنَّهُ كَا يَانْتَسُ مِنْ دَوْجِ اللَّهِ إِلَّا الْقَوْمُ الكفرون فَلَمَّا دَخَلُوْا عَلَيْهِ قَالُوْا آيَا يُّهَا الْعَزِيْزُ مَسَّنَاوَ ٱهْلَنَا الْضُرُّوَجِئْنَا بِبِضَاعَةٍ مُزْجِبةٍ فَاوْفٍ لَنَا الْكَثِلَ وَتَصَدَّقْ عَلَيْنَا وإِنَّ اللهُ يَجْزِى الْمُتَصَرِّقِيْنَ ( قَالَ هَلْ عَلِمْتُمْ مَّا فَحَلْتُمْ بِيُوْسُفَ وَ أَخِنه إِذْ أَنْتُمْ جَاهِلُوْنَ ٠ قَالُوْاء إِنَّكَ لَانْتَ يُوْسُفُ دِقَالَ أَنَا يُوْسُفُ وَهٰذَا آخْنِ فَدْمَنَّ اللَّهُ عَلَيْنَا -

<sup>\*86.</sup> They said, 'By Alläh, you will not cease talking of Joseph until you fall ill or even die.' \*91. They replied, 'Is it really you who is Joseph?' He said, 'Yes, I am Joseph and this is my brother. Alläh has indeed been gracious to us *both*. Verily whoever is righteous and is steadfast—Alläh does not permit the reward of those who do good deeds to be lost.'

وَ مَا أَبَرِّئُ ٣ - Part 13

is righteous and is steadfast-Allāh will never suffer the reward of the good to be lost.'

92. They replied, 'By Allah! Surely has Allah preferred thee above us and we have indeed been sinners."

93. He said, 'No blame shall lie on vou this day; may Allah forgive you! And He is the Most Merciful of those who show mercy.

94. 'Go with this shirt of mine and lay it before my father: he will come to know. And bring to me the whole of your family.'

## R. 11.

95. And when the caravan departed, their father said, 'Surely, I feel the scent of Joseph, even though you take me to be a dotard.'

96. They replied, 'By Allah, thou art assuredly in thy old error.'

97. And when the bearer of glad tidings came, he laid it before him and he became enlightened. Then he said, 'Did I not say to you: I know from Allah what you know not?'

98. They said, 'O our father, ask forgiveness of our sins for us; we have indeed been sinners.'

99. He said, 'I will certainly ask forgiveness for you of my Lord. Surely, He is the Most Forgiving, the Merciful.'

100. And when they came to Joseph, he put up his parents with himself, and said, 'Enter Egypt in

اِنَّهُ مَنْ يَتَّق وَ يَصْبِرْ فَإِنَّا اللَّهَ لَا يُضِيعُ آجْرَ الْمُحْسِنِيْنَ () قَالُوْا تَاللهِ لَقَدْ أَثَرَكَ اللهُ عَلَيْنَا وَ انْ كُنَّالَخْطِيْنَ @ قَالَ كَا تَثْرِيْبَ عَلَيْكُمُ الْيَوْمَ إِيَغْفِرُ اللهُ لَكُمْ دَوَ هُوَ أَرْحَمُ الرَّحِمِيْنَ ؟ إِذْهَبُوْا بِقَمِيْمِيْ هٰذَا فَالْقُوْهُ عَلْ وَجْهِ أَبِثِ يَاْتِ بَصِيْرًا، وَأَتُوْنِيُ يتيغ باَهْلِكُمْ اَجْمَعِيْنَ أَ وَلَمَّا فَصَلَتِ الْعِيْرُ قَالَ ٱبْوَهُمْ إِنَّى كَجِدُ رِيْحَ يُوْسُفَ لَوْ لَآ اَنْ تُفَبِّدُوْنِ ٠ قَالُوْا تَاللهِ إِنَّكَ لَغِيْ صَلْلِكَ الْقَرِيمِ 🕀 🚡 فَلَمَّآ أَنْ جَاءَ الْبَشِيْرُ ٱلْقَدِهُ عَلَى وَجْهِم فَارْتَدَّ بَصِيْرًا ، قَالَ آلَمْ آقُلْ لَّكُمْ \* إِنَّى أَعْلَمُ مِنَ اللهِ مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ۞ قَالُوْا لَكَانَا اسْتَغْفِرْ لَنَا ذُنُوْمَنَا إِنَّا ڪُٽًا خٰطِئِينَ. قَالَ سَوْفَ ٱسْتَغْفِرُ لَكُمْرَ رَبِّيْ الْأَهْ هُوَ الْعَفُوْرُ الرَّجِنْمُ فَلَمَّا دَخَلُوْا عَلْ يُوْسُفَ أَوْى الَتِيهِ آيَةَتِيهِ وَقَالَ ادْخُلُوْا مِصْرَ 

(See details of transliteration on page 'p')

peace, if it please Allah.'

101. And he raised his parents upon the throne, and they *all* fell down prostrate *before God* for him. And he said, 'O my father, this is the fulfilment of my dream of old. My Lord has made it true. And He bestowed a favour upon me when He took me out of the prison and brought you from the desert after Satan had stirred up discord between me and my brethren. Surely, my Lord is Benignant to whomsoever He pleases; for He is the All-Knowing, the Wise.'

\*102. 'O my Lord, Thou hast bestowed power upon me and taught me the interpretation of dreams. O Maker of the heavens and the earth, Thou art my Protector in this world and the Hereafter. Let death come to me in a state of submission *to Thy will* and join me to the righteous.'

103. That is of the tidings of the unseen, *which* We reveal to thee. And thou wast not with them when they agreed upon their plan while they were plotting.

104. And most men will not believe even though thou eagerly desire *it*.

إِنْ شَاءَ اللهُ أَمنيُنَ أَ وَ دَفَعَ آبَوَنه عَلَى الْعَرْشِ وَخَرُّوْا لَهُ سُجَّدًا ، وَقَالَ آيَا بَتِ هٰذَا تَاوِيلُ دُءْيَايَ مِنْ قَبْلُ د قَدْ جَعَلَهَا دَبِّنْ حَقًّا -وَقَرْ ٱحْسَنَ بِنْيَ إِذْ ٱخْرَجَنِيْ مِنَ السِّجْنِ وَجَاءَ بِكُمْ مِّنَ الْبَدْدِ مِنْ بَعْدِ أَنْ تَنْزَعُ الشَّيْطِنُ بَيْنِيْ وَبَيْنَ الْخُوتِي . اِتْ رَبِّي لَطِيفٌ لِمَا يَشَاءُ واتَّهُ هُوَ الْعَلِيْمُ الْحَكِيْمُ ( رَبِّ قَدْ أَتَيْتَنِيْ مِنَ الْمُلْكِ وَ عَلَّمْتَنِيْ مِنْ تَأْوِيْلِ الْأَحَادِ يُبْ، فَاطِرَ السَّلْوَتِ وَالْاَ رْضِ ٥ اَنْتَ وَلِيٍّ فِي الدُّنْيَا وَ الْأَجْرَةِ ، تَوَفَّىٰ مُسْلِمًا وَّ ٱلْجِقْنِي بالصّرحيْن ذٰلِكَ مِنْ ٱنْبَاءِ الْغَيْبِ نُوْحِيْهِ اِلَيْكَ، وَمَاكُنْتَ لَدَيْهِمْ إِذْ أَجْمَعُوْا آمرَهُمْ وَهُمْ يَمْكُرُوْنَ وَ مَا ٱكْثَرُ النَّاسِ وَلَوْ حَرَضْتَ بمؤمنين

وَ مَاتَسْكُهُمْ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ آجْرِ دِإِنْ هُوَ

\*105. And thou dost not ask of them

<sup>\*102. &#</sup>x27;O my Lord you have blessed me with a share of sovereignty and taught me the interpretation of things.

<sup>\*105.</sup> And you do not ask of them any reward for it. It is only an admonishment for all mankind.

any reward for it. On the contrary,  $\xi$  it is but a source of honour for all mankind.

### R. 12.

106. And how many a Sign is there in the heavens and the earth, which they pass by, turning away from it.

107. And most of them believe not in Allāh without *also* attributing partners *to Him.* 

108. Do they, then, feel secure from the coming on them of an overwhelming punishment from Allāh or the sudden coming of the Hour upon them while they are unaware?

\*109. Say, 'This is my way: I call unto Allāh on sure knowledge, I and those who follow me. And Holy is Allāh; and I am not of those who associate gods *with God.*'

110. And We sent not before thee *as Messengers* any but men, whom We inspired, from among the people of the towns. Have they not then travelled in the earth and seen what was the end of those before them? And surely, the abode of the Hereafter is better for those who fear God. Will you not then understand?

\*111. Till, when the Messengers

الاذخر تلغلمه

وَكَآتِن مِّنْ ايَةٍ فِي السَّمٰوٰتِ وَ الْأَرْضِ يَمُرُّوْنَ عَلَيْهَا وَ هُمْ عَنْهَا مُعْرِضُوْنَ وَمَا يُؤْمِنُ آكَثَرُهُمْ بِاللهِ إلَّا وَهُمْ مُشْرِعُوْنَ مُشْرِعُوْنَ عَذَابِ اللهِ آوْتَاتِيَهُمُ السَّاعَةُ بَخْتَةً وَ هُمْ لَايَشْعُرُوْنَ.

قُلْ هٰذِم سَبِيْلِيَّ آدْعُوَّا اِلَى اللّٰهِ تَعَلَّى بَصِيْرَةٍ آنَا وَمَنِ اتَّبَعَنِيْ ﴿ وَسُبُحْنَ اللَّهِوَ مَآ آنَا مِنَ الْمُشْرِحِيْنَ () وَمَآ اَدْسَلْنَامِنْ قَبْلِكَ الْمُرْحِيْنَ () الَّذِهِمَ مِّنْ آهْلِ الْقُرْى ﴿ اَفَلَمْ يَسِيْرُوْا فِي الْآدْضِ فَيَنْظُرُوْا كَيْفَ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ الَّذِيْنَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ ﴿ وَ لَمَارُ الْأُخْرَةِ خَيْرً لِّنَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا ﴿ آفَلَا تَعْقِلُوْنَ ())

حَتَّى إِذَا اسْتَايْكَسَ الرُّسُلُ وَ ظُنُّوْا

<sup>\*109.</sup> Say, 'This is my way: I call unto Allāh. I occupy a position of manifest knowledge, so do also those who follow me.

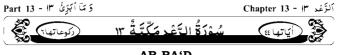
<sup>#111.</sup> Until the time, when the Messengers despaired and perceived themselves to have been taken as liars, suddenly there came Our help to them and then was saved he whom We pleased.

ي ا

despaired of the disbelievers and they (the disbelievers) thought that they had been told a lie, Our help came to them, then was saved he whom We pleased. And Our chastisement cannot be averted from the sinful people.

112. Assuredly, in their narrative is a lesson for men of understanding. It is not a thing that has been forged, but a fulfilment of that which is before it and a detailed exposition of all things, and a guidance and a mercy to a people who believe. ٱنَّهُمْ قَدْكُذِبُوْا جَاّءَهُمْ نَصْرُنَا فَنُجِّيَ مَنْ نَّشَاءً وَلَا يُرَدُّ بَٱسُنَاعَتِ الْقَوْمِ الْمُجْرِمِيْنَ()

لَقَدْ كَانَ فِي قَصَصِهِمْ عِبْرَةً لِأُولِى الْأَلْبَابِ ، مَا كَانَ حَدِيْقًا تُفْتَرٰى وَ لَكِنْ تَصْدِيْقَ الَّذِيْ بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ وَتَفْصِيْلَ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَّ هُدًى وَ رَحْمَةً لِقَوْمِ يُؤْمِنُوْنَ أَ



**AR-RA'D** (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. Alif Lām Mīm Rā.‡ These are verses of the Book. And that which has been revealed to thee from thy Lord is the truth, but most men believe not.

3. Allāh is He Who raised up the heavens without any pillars that you can see. Then He settled Himself on the Throne. And He pressed the sun and the moon into service: each pursues its course until an appointed term. He regulates it all. He clearly explains the Signs, that you may have a firm belief in the meeting with your Lord.

- \*4. And He it is Who spread out the earth and made therein mountains and rivers. And fruits of every kind He made therein in two sexes. He causes the night to cover the day. Therein, verily, are Signs for a people who reflect.
- \*5. And in the earth are *diverse* tracts, adjoining one another, and gardens of vines, and corn-fields,

بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () الَّمَّرَ تَ تَلْكَ الْتُ الْكِتْبِ وَ الَّذِيَ ٱنْزِلَ اِلَيْكَ مِنْ رَّبِّكَ الْحَقُّ وَ لَكِنَّ آكْتُرَ النَّاسَ لا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ () تَرَوْنَهَ أُمَّرَ النَّمَوَ يَفَيَ الْعَرْشُ وَ سَخَّرَ الشَّمْسَ وَ الْقَمَرَ - كُلَّ يَّجْرِي لِأَجَلٍ مُسَعَى ايُدَبِّرُ الْأَمْرَ يُفَصِّلُ الْالِيتِ لَعَلَّكُمْ بِلِقَاءِ رَبِّكُمْ تُوْقِنُوْنَ ()

وَهُوَ الَّذِيْ مَدَّ الْأَرْضَ وَ جَعَلَ فِيْهَا رَوَاسِيَوَ ٱنْهُرًا ﴿ وَمِنْ كُلِّ الشَّمَرْتِ جَعَلَ فِيْهَا ذَوْ جَيْنِ اثْنَيْنِ يُغْشِى الَّيْلَ النَّهَا رَ ﴿ اِنَّ فِيْ ذَٰلِكَ لَا يَتٍ لِقَوْمِ يَتَفَكَّرُوْنَ؟ وَفِ الْأَرْضِ قِطَحٌ مُتَجْوِرْتَ وَ جَنْتَ

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ \tau | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau}$ 

<sup>‡</sup> I am Allāh, the All-Knowing, the All-Seeing.

<sup>\*4.</sup> And He it is Who spread out the earth and made therein mountains and rivers. And of the fruits He has made them in pairs, male and female.

<sup>\*5.</sup> And in the earth are *diverse* tracts, adjoining one another, and gardens of vines, and **fields** of grain, and date-palms, growing together from one root and *others* not so growing;

and date-palms, growing together from one root and *others* not so growing; they are watered with the same water, yet We make some of them excel others in fruit. Therein are Signs for a people who understand.

6. And if thou dost wonder, then wondrous indeed is their saying: 'What! when we have become dust, shall we then be in *a state of* new creation?' These it is who disbelieve in their Lord; and these it is who shall have shackles round their necks, and they shall be the inmates of the Fire, wherein they shall abide.

\*7. And they want thee to hasten on the punishment in preference to good, whereas exemplary punishments have *already* occurred before them. And verily, thy Lord is full of forgiveness for mankind despite their wrongdoing, and verily, thy Lord is *also* strict in condign punishment.

8. And those who disbelieve say, 'Wherefore has not a Sign been sent down to him from his Lord?' Thou art, surely, a Warner. And there is a Guide for every people.

R. 2.

9. Allāh knows what every female bears, and what wombs diminish and what they cause to grow. And with Him everything has a *proper* measure.

وَ غَيْرُ صِنْوَانِ تُسْتَى بِمَاءٍ وَاحِدٍ وَ نُفَضِّلُ بَعْضَهَا عَلَى بَعْضٍ فِي الْأَجُلِ؛ ات فى ذلك كالبت تقوم تعقلون

وَ إِنْ تَعْجَبُ فَعَجَبٌ قَوْلُهُمْ ءَإِذَا كُنَّا تُرْبًاءَ إِنَّا لَغِيْ خَلْق جَدِيْدٍ أُولْ الَّذِيْرِي كَفَرُوْا بِرَبِّهِمْ، وَ أُولَئ الْأَغْلُلُ فَيْ أَعْنَاقِهِمْ ، وَ أُو أصحب النَّارِ هُمْ فِيْهَا خ وَ يَسْتَعْجِلُوْنَكَ بِالسَّيِّئَةِ قَبْلَ الْحَسَنَة وَ قَدْ خَلَتْ مِنْ قَمْلِهُمُ تُ ، وَ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَزُوْ مَغْفِرَة لِّلنَّاسِ عَلَى ظُلْمِهِمْ، وَ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ كَشَدِيدُ الْعِقَابِ) وَ بَقُوْلُ الَّذِيرِ بَ كَغَرُوْا لَوْ لَآ أَنْ عَلَيْهِ أَيَةً مِّنْ رَّبِّهِ ، إنَّمَآ أَنْتَ مُنْذِرً وَّ لَكُلِّ قَوْمِ هَادٍ ٨ Ś ٱللهُ تَعْلَمُ مَا تَحْمِلُ كُلَّ أَنْتَى وَ مَا تَعْنُفُ إِلاَ دْجَامُرُوَ مَا تَزْدَادُ وَكُلُّ شَيْءٍ عِنْدَة بِمِقْدَادِ ()

\*7. And they are eager to demand from you that you may have evil brought upon them rather than good, whereas exemplary punishments have *already* occurred before them.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ th \ \stackrel{}{=} \ h \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \stackrel{}{\neq} \ \mid \ dh \ \stackrel{}{=} \ s \ \ s \ \ s \ \ s \ \ s \ s \ \ s \ \ s \ \ s \ \ s \ \ s \ \ s$ 

10. *He is the* Knower of the unseen and the seen, the Incomparably Great, the Most High.

11. He among you who conceals *his* word, and he who utters it openly are equal *in His sight*; and *also* he who hides by night, and he who goes forth *openly* by day.

12. For him (the Messenger) is a succession *of angels* before him and behind him; they guard him by the command of Allāh. Surely, Allāh changes not the condition of a people until they change that which is in their hearts. And when Allāh wishes to punish a people, there is no repelling it, nor have they any helper beside Him.

13. He it is Who shows you the lightning *to inspire* fear and hope, and He raises the heavy clouds.

14. And the thunder glorifies Him with His praise and *likewise do* the angels for awe of Him; and He sends the thunderbolts, and smites therewith whom He wills, yet they dispute concerning Allāh, while He is severe in punishing.

\*15. Unto Him is the true prayer. And those on whom they call beside Him answer them not at all, except as he *is answered* who stretches forth his two hands toward water that it may reach his mouth, but it reaches it not. And the prayer of the disbelievers is but a thing wasted.

عْلِمُ الْغَيْبِ وَ الشَّهَا دَةِ الْكَبِيْرُ الْمُتَعَالَ ( سَوَاً عَنْكُمْ مَّنْ اَسَرَّ الْقَوْلَ وَمَنْ جَهَرَ بە *وَ*مَنْ ھُوَمُسْتَخْفَ بِالَّيْلِ وَسَارِبُّ بالنَّهَار ڵۮؙڡؙۼڦؚؚٙۨڸؚؾؘٞڝؚۧڽؘٛؠؽڹؾڗؽ<u>ۅ</u>ۘڗڝؽڂڵڣ يحفظون خون آمراللودات الله لايغير مَا بِقَوْمٍ حَتَّى يُغَيّرُوْا مَا بِأَنْفُسِهِمْ -وَإِذَا آَرَادَ اللهُ بِقَوْمٍ سُوْءً فَلَا مَرَدَّ لَهُ. <u>وَمَالَهُمْ مِّنْ دُوْنِهِ مِنْ وَّال</u> هُوَ الَّذِيْ يُرِيْكُمُ الْبَرْقَ خَوْفًا وَّ طَمَعًا وَّ يُنْشِئُ السَّحَابَ الثِّقَالَ شَ <u>وَيُسَبِّحُ الرَّعْدُ بِحَمْدِهِ وَ الْمَلَّئِكَةُ مِنْ الْمَعْلَى الْمَعْلَى الْمَعْمَةِ مِنْ الْمَ</u> خِيْفَتِهِ، وَيُرْسِلُ الصَّوَاعِقَ فَيُصِيْبُ بِهَا مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَ هُمْ يُجَادِلُوْنَ فِي اللَّهِ، وَهُوَ شَدِيدُ الْمِحَالَ أُ لَهُ دَعْوَةُ الْحَقِّ ، وَالَّذِيْنَ يَدْعُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِهِ لا يَسْتَجِيْبُوْنَ لَهُمْ بِشَيْءٍ إِلَّا حَبَاسِطِ حَفَّيْهِ إِلَى الْمَاءِ لِيَبْلُغَ فَاهُ وَمَا هُوَبِبَالِغِهِ ﴿ وَمَا دُعَاءُ الْكُفِرِيْنَ اِلَّافِيْ ضَلْلِ@

\*15. To Him alone is addressed true prayer.

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \ \dot{\tau}$ 

16. And to Allāh submits whosoever is in the heavens and the earth willingly or unwillingly and *likewise do* their shadows, in the mornings and the evenings.

17. Say, 'Who is the Lord of the heavens and the earth?' Say, 'Allāh.' Say, 'Have you then taken beside Him helpers who have no power for good or harm *even* for themselves?' Say, 'Can the blind and the seeing be equal? Or, can darkness be equal to light? Or, do they assign to Allāh partners who have created the like of His creation so that the *two* creations appear similar to them?' Say, 'Allāh *alone* is the Creator of all things, and He is the One, the Most Supreme.'

18. He sends down water from the sky, so that valleys flow according to their measure, and the flood bears *on its surface* swelling foam. And from that which they heat in the fire, seeking *to make* ornaments or utensils, *comes out* a foam similar to it. Thus does Allāh illustrate truth and falsehood. Now, as to the foam, it goes away as rubbish, but as to that which benefits men, it stays on the earth. Thus does Allāh set forth parables.

19. For those who respond to their Lord is *eternal* good; and *as for* those who respond not to Him, if they had all that is in the earth and

وَبِتَّبِهِ يَسْجُدُ مَنْ فِي السَّلْطُوْتِ وَ الْأَرْضِ طَوْعًا وَّ كَرْهًا وَّ ظِلْلُهُمْ بِالْغُدُوِّ وَالْأُصَالَ أَثْ قُلْ مَنْ رَّبُّ السَّمَوْتِ وَ الْآرْضِ مَقْلِ اللهُ فَلْ أَفَاتَّخَذْ تُمْمِّنْ دُوْنِهَ أَوْلِيَاء <u>كَانِمُوْنَ لِانْفُسِهِمْ نَفْعَاوَ لاَضَرًّا وَتُلْ</u> هَلْ يَسْتَوى الْأَعْمِى وَالْبَصِيْرُهُ آمْ هَلْ تَشتَوى الظُّلُمْتُ وَ النُّوْرُ أَمْرَجَعَلُوْا ۑؚڐ؋ۺؙڒڲٵٙٷڂڵڨؙۉٵػڂٛڵڣ؋**ۏؘؾ**ۺؘٵؠؘ؋ الْخَلْقُ عَلَيْهِمْ ﴿ قُلِ اللَّهُ خَالِقُ كُلّ شَيْءِوَّ هُوَ الْوَاحِدُ الْقَهَّارُ ( ٱنْذَلَ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً فَسَالَتْ ٱوْدِيَةٌ بِقَدَرِهَا فَاحْتَمَلَ السَّيْلُ ذَبَدًا رَّابِيًا -وَمِمَّا يُوْقِدُوْنَ عَلَيْهِ فِي النَّارِ ابْتِغَاء حِلْيَةِ أَوْ مَتَاعٍ زَبَدٌ مِّثْلُهُ . كَذٰلِكَ يَضْرِبُ اللهُ الْحَقَّ وَ الْبَاطِلَ \* فَأَمَّا الزَّيَدُ فَيَذْهَبُ جُفَاءً وَاَمَّامَا يَنْفَعُ النَّاسَ فَبَمْكُتُ فِي الْأَرْضِ \* حَذٰلِكَ يَضْرِبُ اللهُ الْأَمْثَالَ ( لِلَّذِيْنَ اسْتَجَابُوْا لِرَبِّهِمُ الْحُسْنى -وَ الَّذِيْنَ لَمْ يَسْتَجِيْبُوْا لَهُ لَوْ

 $a i u + | th \stackrel{\circ}{=} | h \stackrel{\tau}{=} | kh \stackrel{i}{=} | dh \stackrel{\circ}{=} | s \stackrel{\circ}{=} s \stackrel$ 

the like of it added thereto, they would *readily* ransom themselves therewith. It is these that shall have an evil reckoning, and their abode is Hell. What a wretched place of rest!

R. 3.

20. Is he, then, who knows that what has been revealed to thee from thy Lord is the truth, like one who is blind? But only those gifted with understanding will reflect:

21. Those who fulfil Allah's pact, and break not the covenant:

22. And those who join what Allah has commanded to be joined, and fear their Lord, and dread the evil reckoning;

23. And those who persevere in seeking the favour of their Lord, and observe Prayer, and spend out of that with which We have provided them, secretly and openly, and repel evil with good. It is these who shall have the best reward of the final Abode-

24. Gardens of Eternity. They shall enter them and also those who are righteous from among their fathers, and their wives and their children. And angels shall enter unto them from every gate, saying:

25. 'Peace be unto you, because

ٱنَّ لَهُمْ مَّا فِي الْأَرْضِ جَمِيْعًا وَّ مِثْلَهُ مَعَهُ لَافْتَدَوْا بِهِ ﴿ أُولَيْكَ لَهُمْ سُوْءُ الْحِسَابِ أَ وَمَأْوْلُهُمْ جَهَنَّكُمُ ا النصف وَبِئْسَ الْمِهَادُشَ ٱ فَمَنْ يَعْلَمُ ٱنَّمَآ ٱنْزِلَ إِلَيْكَ مِنْ رَّبِّكَ الْحَقُّ كَمَنْ هُوَ أَعْلَى ﴿ إِنَّهَا يَتَذَكَّرُ أُولُوا الْأَلْبَابِ الَّذِيْنَ يُوْفُوْنَ بِعَهْدِ اللَّهِ وَكَا يَنْقُضُوْنَ الْمِيْثَاقَشْ وَ الَّذِيْنَ يَصِلُوْنَ مَآ أَمَرَ اللهُ بِهَ أَنْ يُوْصَلَ وَيَخْشَوْنَ رَبَّهُمْ وَيَخَافُوْنَ سُوْء الْحِسَاب وَالَّذِيْنَ صَبَرُوا ابْتِغَاءَوَجْهِ رَبِّهِمْ وَ أَقَامُوا الصَّلُوةَ وَ أَنْفَقُوْا مِمَّا دَزَقْنُهُمْ سِرًا وَ عَلَانِيةً وَ يَدْرَءُوْنَ بِالْحَسَنَةِ السَّيِّئَةَ أُولَئِكَ لَهُمْ عُقْبَى الدَّارِ شَ جَنّْتُ عَدْنٍ يَدْخُلُوْنَهَا وَ مَنْ صَلَحَ مِنْ أَبَائِهِمْ وَ آزْوَاجِهِمْ وَ ذُرِّيْتِهِمْ وَ الْمَلَئِكَةُ يَدْخُلُوْنَ عَلَيْهِمْ مِّنْ ڪُڵؚؠؘٳڹ۞

سَلْمً عَلَيْكُمْ بِمَا صَبَرْتُمْ فَنِعْمَ

ء : ا ق q ا غ h ح ا kh خ | dh أ ظ ع ا ط ب ا ض ل (350 ص ع ا خ h h ح ا kh خ ا dh ا ث h ا ا ث h ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

لچ

you were steadfast; behold how excellent is the reward of the final Abode!'

26. And those who break the covenant of Allāh, after having established it and cut asunder what Allāh has commanded to be joined, and act corruptly in the earth—on them is the curse and they shall have a grievous abode.

27. Allāh enlarges *His* provision for whomsoever He pleases and straitens *it for whomsoever He pleases.* And they rejoice in the present life, while the present life is but a temporary enjoyment as compared with that which is to come.

## R. 4.

28. And those who disbelieve say, 'Why is not a Sign sent down to him from his Lord?' Say, 'Allāh lets go astray those whom He wills and guides to Himself those who turn to Him:

29. 'Those who believe, and whose hearts find comfort in the remembrance of Allāh. Aye! it is in the remembrance of Allāh that hearts can find comfort;

30. 'Those who believe and do good works—happiness shall be theirs, and an excellent place of return.'

31. Thus have We sent thee to a people, before whom other peoples have passed away, that thou mayest recite to them what We have revealed to thee, yet they disbelieve

عُقْبَى الدَّارِ أَ

ۅَٵؖۜڿؚٚؽؚڹۜ يَنْقُضُوْنَ عَهْدَ اللهِ مِنْ بَعْدِ مِيْتَاقِ وِيَقْطَعُوْنَ مَآ اَ مَرَ اللهُ بِهَ اَنْ يُوْصَلَ وَيُفْسِدُوْنَ فِي الْأَرْضِ اللهُ بِهَ اَنْ لَهُمُ اللَّغْنَةُ وَلَهُمْ سُوَّءُ الدَّارِ اللَّذِيَافِ الْحِزَةِ الدُّنْيَا. وَمَا الْحَلُوةُ الدُّنْيَافِ الْاخِرَةِ إِلَّا مَتَاعً عَ

وَ يَقُوْلُ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا لَوْ لَآ اُنْزِلَ عَلَيْهِ أَيَةً مِّنْ رَّبِّهِ ، قُلْ اِنَّ اللَّه يُضِلُّ مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَ يَهْدِيَّ الِيْهِ مَنْ آنَابَ شَّ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَ تَطْمَئِنُّ قُلُوْبُهُمْ بِذِكْرِ اللَّهِ ، آلَا بِذِكْرِ اللَّهِ تَطْمَئِنُ الْقُلُوْبُ شَ

ٱكَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَ عَمِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ طُوْبِى لَهُمْ وَحُسْنُ مَابٍ ۞ كَذٰلِكَ ٱدْسَلْنُكَ فِيٓ أُمَّةٍ قَدْ خَلَتْ

مِنْ قَبْلِهَا ٱمَمَّ لِتَتْلُوَأَعَلَيْهِمُ mayest مِنْ قَبْلِهَا ٱمَمَّ لِتَتْلُوَأَعَلَيْهِمُ have have believe

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \dot{=} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{=} \ | \ \dot{=} \ (35)$ (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

in the Gracious *God*. Say, 'He is my Lord; there is no God but He. In Him do I put my trust and towards Him is my return.'

32. And if there were a Our'an by which mountains could be moved or by which the earth could be cut asunder or by which the dead could be spoken to, they would not believe in it. Nay, the matter rests entirely with Allah. Have not the believers vet come to know that, if Allah had enforced His will, He could have surely guided all mankind? And as for those who disbelieve, disaster shall not cease to befall them for what they have wrought or to alight near their home, until the promise of Allah comes to pass. Surely, Allah fails not in His promise.

# R. 5.

33. And surely, Messengers have been mocked at before thee; but I granted respite to those who disbelieved. Then I seized them, and how was then My punishment!

34. Will then He, Who stands over every soul to note what it earns, let them go unpunished? Yet, they ascribe partners to Allāh. Say, 'Name them.' Would you inform Him of what He does not know in the earth? Or, is it a mere empty saying? Nay, but the design of the disbelievers has been made to appear beautiful in their eyes, and they have been kept back from the right way. And he whom Allāh lets go astray shall have no guide.

35. For them is a punishment in the

بِالرَّحْمَٰنِ . قُلْ هُوَرَبِّيْ كَآ اِلٰهَ اِلَّا هُوَ عَلَيْ وَتَوَكَّلْتُ وَ اِلَيْ وِ مَتَّابِ () وَ لَوْ اَتَّ قُرُانًا سُيِّرَتْ بِو الْجِبَالُ اَوْ قُطِّحَتْ بِو الْآرْضُ اَوْ كُلِّمَ بِو الْمَوْتَٰ. بَلْ تِتْو الْآمْرُ جَمِيْعًا . اَفَلَمْ يَايَّسِ النَّاسَ جَمِيْعًا وَلَا يَزَالُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا النَّاسَ جَمِيْعًا وَلَا يَزَالُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا قَرِيْبًا مِّنْ دَارِهِمْ حَتَّى يَانِيَ وَعْدُ اللَّهِ. إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُخْلِفُ الْمِيْعَادَ ﴾

وَ لَقَدِ اسْتُهْزِئَ بِرُسُلٍ مِّنْ قَبْلِكَ فَامَلَيْتُ لِلَّزِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا ثُمَّ آخَذْتُهُمْ لَ فَكَيْفَ كَانَ عِقَابِ @ افَمَنْ هُوَ قَائِمً عَلْى عُلِّ نَفْسُ بِمَا افْمَنْ هُوَ قَائِمً عَلْى عُلْ عُلَى عُلَمَ فَ الاَرْضَ آمْ بِظَاهِرِ مِّنَ الْقَوْلِ لَكَ يَعْلَمُ فِ الآرض آمْ بِظَاهِرِ مِنَ الْقَوْلِ لَكُ ذَيِّنَ السَّبِيْلِ الله فَمَا لَهُ مِنْ هَا إِ لَهُمْ عَذَابً فِ الْحَلُوةِ الدُّنْيَا لَهُمْ عَذَابً فِ الْحَلُوةِ الدُّنْيَا

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ th \ \overset{}{=} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \overset{}{=} \ | \ \overset{}{=} \ \overset{}{$ 

present life; and, surely, the punishment of the Hereafter is harder, and they will have no defender against Allāh.

36. The similitude of the Heaven promised to the God-fearing is, that through it flow streams: its fruit is everlasting, and *so is* its shade. That is the reward of those who are righteous; and the reward of the disbelievers is Fire.

37. And those to whom We have given the Book rejoice in what has been revealed to thee. And of the *different* parties there are *some* who deny a part thereof. Say, 'I am only commanded to worship Allāh and not to set up equals to Him. Unto Him do I call, and unto Him is my return.'

38. And thus have We revealed it as a clear judgment. And if thou follow their evil desires after the knowledge that has come to thee, thou shalt have no friend nor defender against Allāh.

# R. 6.

39. And, indeed, We sent Messengers before thee, and We gave them wives and children. And it is not possible for a Messenger to bring a Sign save by the command of Allāh. For every term there is a *divine* decree.

وَلَعَذَابُ الْإِجْرَةِ أَشَقُّ ، وَمَالَهُمْ مِّنَ الله مِنْ وَاق مَثَلُ الْجَنَّةِ الَّجْبُ وُعِدَ الْمُتَّقَوْنَ، تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهُرُ . أَكُلُهَا دَائِمَ وَ ظِلُّهَا ﴿ تِلْكَ عُقْبِي الَّذِيرِي اتَّقَوْا \* وَ عُقْبَى الْكَفِرِيْنَ النَّارُ @ وَ الَّذِيْنَ أَتَيْنَهُمُ الْكِتْبَ يَفْرَحُوْنَ بِمَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْكَ وَ مِنَ الْأَخْزَابِ مَنْ يُنْكِرُ بَعْضِهُ ، قُلْ إِنَّهَا أُمِرْتُ أَبْ ٱعْبُدَ اللهَ وَكَلَّ ٱشْرِكَ بِهِ الَّيْهِ ٱدْعُوْا ۇ الىيە تاب، وَكَذٰلِكَ ٱنْزَلْنَهُ حُكْمًا عَرَبِيًّا <br/>
<b اتَّبَعْتَ أَهْوَأَءَهُمْ بَعْدَ مَا جَاءَكَ مِنَ الْعِلْمِ " مَالَكَ مِنَ اللهِ مِنْ وَلِيِّ

مِن الْعِلْمِ ا مَالَكَ مِن اللَّهِ مِن وَلِي وَ لَقَدْ آَرْسَلْنَا رُسُلًا مِّنْ قَبْلِكَ وَ جَعَلْنَا لَهُمْ آَزْوَاجًاوَّ ذُرِيَّةً • وَ مَا كَانَ لِرَسُوْلِ آَنْ يَّاتِيَ بِأَيَةٍ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِ

الله دلِكُلّ أَجَل كِتَابَ

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ ch \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \$ 

م س \*40. Allāh effaces what He wills and established *what He wills*, and with Him is the source of *all* commandments.

41. And whether We make thee see *the fulfilment of* some of the things with which We threaten them or *whether* We make thee die, *it makes little difference*, for on thee lies only the delivery of the Message, and on Us the reckoning.

42. Do they not see that We are visiting the land, reducing it from its outlying borders? And Allāh judges; there is none to reverse His judgment. And He is swift at reckoning.

43. And those who were before them did *also* devise plans, but all *effective* devising of plans belongs to Allāh. He knows what every soul earns; and the disbelievers shall soon know whose will be the final reward of *this* abode.

44. And those who disbelieve say, 'Thou art not a Messenger.' Say, 'Sufficient is Allāh as a Witness between me and you, and *so is* he who possesses knowledge of the Book.'

ؽڹٛڹؚ <b>ؚ</b> ڽٞ <del>ۥ</del> ؘۊ؏ڹٛػٷؘ	يمحوا اللهُ مَا يَشَاءُو
	ٱمُّر الْكِتْبِ۞
، الَّذِيْ <b>نَعِ</b> دُهُمْ	وَ إِنْ مَّا نُرِيَنَّكَ بَعْضَ
عَلَيْكَ الْبَلْخُ	ٱۉ نَتَوَفَّيَ <sup>تَ</sup> كَ فَإِنَّمَا
	وَعَلَيْنَا الْحِسَابُ @

ا وَ لَمْ يَرَوْا اَنَّ اَنَانِ الْاَرْضَ نَنْقُصُهَا مِنْ اَطْرَافِهَا - وَ اللَّهُ يَحْكُمُ لَا مُعَقِّبَ لِحُحْحِهِ - وَ هُوَ سَرِيْحُ الْحِسَابِ ۞ وَ قَدْ مَكَرَ الَّذِيْنَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ فَلِلَّهِ الْمَكْرُ جَمِيْعًا - يَعْلَمُ مَا تَحْسِبُ حُلُّ نَفْسٍ. وَ سَيَعْلَمُ الْكُفْرُ لِمَنْ عُقْبَى الدَّارِ ۞

ۘۜۏؘێؾؙؖۉڵ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُۉٛا لَشتَ مُۯْسَلًا؞ ۊؙڵػۼ۬۠ بِاللهِ شَهِيْدًّا بَيْنِيْ وَ بَيْنَكُمْ ا وَمَنْ عِنْدَة لْعِلْمُ الْحِتْبِ ٢

# \*40. Allāh effaces what He wills, and establishes *what* He *wills*, and with Him is the source of *all* **decrees**.

ي پ

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ ch \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ h \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r | \ r$ 



IBRAHIM (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. Alif Lām Rā.‡ *This is* a Book which We have revealed to thee that thou mayest bring mankind out of every *kind of* darkness into light, by the command of their Lord, to the path of the Mighty, the Praiseworthy—

3. Allāh, to Whom belongs whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is in the earth. And woe to the disbelievers for a terrible punishment:

4. Those who prefer the present life to the Hereafter, and hinder *men* from the way of Allāh and seek to make it crooked. It is these who have gone far off in error.

5. And We have not sent any Messenger except with the language of his people in order that he might make *things* clear to them. Then Allāh lets go astray whom He wills, and guides whom He wills. And He is the Mighty, the Wise.

6. And We did send Moses with Our Signs, *saying*, 'Bring forth thy people from every *kind of* darkness into light, and remind them of the days of Allāh.' Surely, therein are بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () الَّلِدَ كِتْبَ ٱنْزَلْنُهُ إِلَيْكَ لِتُخْرِجَ النَّاسَ مِنَ الظُّلُمَتِ إِلَى النُّوْرِ دِّبِاذْنِ رَبِّهِمْ إِلَى صِرَاطِ الْعَزِيْزِ الْحَمِيْحِ ()

اللهِ الَّذِيْ لَهُ مَا فِي السَّمٰوٰتِ وَ مَا فِي الْاَرْضِ دو وَيْلَ لِلْكَفِرِيْنَ مِنْ عَذَابٍ شَرِيُرِ إِلَّذِيْنَ يَسْتَحِبُّوْنَ الْحَيْوةَ الدُّنْيَا عَلَى الْاخِرَةِ وَ يَصُدُّوْنَ عَنْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ وَ يَبْغُوْنَهَا عِوَجًا د أولَئِكَ فِيْ ضَلْلُ بَعِيْدِ

وَمَا اَ دَسَلْنَا مِنْ دَّسُوْلٍ إلَّا بِلِسَانِ قَوْمِه لِيُبَيِّنَ لَهُمْ • فَيُضِلُّ اللَّهُ مَنْ يَشَاءُوَيَهْدِيْ مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَهُوَ الْعَزِيْزُ الْحَكِيْمُ ©

وَ لَقَدْ اَدْسَلْنَا مُوْسَى بِاليَّتِنَا آَنْ اَخْرِجْ قَوْمَكَ مِنَ الظُّلُمَتِ إِلَى النُّوْدِدُ وَ ذَكِّرْهُ هُ بِاَيَّ مِرَاللَّهِ وَ إِنَّ فِيْ ذَٰلِكَ

‡ I am Allāh, the All-Seeing.

Signs for every patient *and* thankful person.

7. And *call to mind* when Moses said to his people, 'Remember Alläh's favour upon you when He delivered you from Pharaoh's people who afflicted you with grievous torment, slaying your sons and sparing your women; and in that there was a great trial for you from your Lord.'

#### R. 2.

8. And *remember also the time* when your Lord declared, 'If you are grateful, I will, surely, bestow more *favours* on you; but if you are ungrateful, *then know that* My punishment is severe indeed.'

9. And Moses said, 'If you disbelieve, you and those who are in the earth all together, *you can do no harm to God*; verily, Allāh is Self-Sufficient, Praiseworthy.'

10. Have not the tidings come to you of those before you, the people of Noah, and *the tribes of* 'Ād and Thamūd, and those after them? None shows them *now* save Allāh. Their shows them *now* save Allāh. Their shows them *now* save to them with clear \* Signs, but they turned their hands to

ت لّكُلّ صَتّار شَكُوْر 🕞 ذُكُرُوْانعُمَةً مُدْملي لِقَدْم چ كَازِيدَتْكُمْ وَ لَبُنْ كَفَرْتُمْ إِنَّ عَذَانِي لَشَّد يُدًَ. الأ (ض حَميْعًا ا فانَّ کُمْ نَدَهُا

\*10. Note: The Quranic expression faraddū aidiyahum fī afwāhihim (نَوَوْفَا أَيْرِيَهُمْ فَيْ أَفُوْ وَهِمْ) (they turned their hands to their mouths) paints a picture of somebody putting his hand to his mouth indicating blockade. Before explaining this special expression one has also to determine as to who is referred to in this verse. Evidently this act is attributed to non-believers; so it has two possibilities of interpretation. It can be translated as: they, the non-believers, thrust their hands into their own mouths. This means that they refused to have any dialogue with the Messengers and their followers. This stage is reached when a person is ultimately nonplussed and is left with no arguments. So he acquires this posture of boycott, indicating that he has nothing more to say.

In the second reading the reference may be to the mouths of the Messengers. It also indicates the same break in dialogue but in a different way. Hence the message would be that the non-believers finally stop Messengers from further preaching telling them to shut their mouths. This alternative is further supported by the remaining part of the verse where the nonbelievers continue to develop the theme by saying further: 'We have rejected the message with which you were sent and verily we are in manifold doubt regarding that to which you call us.'

their mouths, and said, 'We disbelieve in that with which you have been sent and surely, we are in disquieting doubt concerning that to which you call us.'

11. Their Messengers said, 'Are you in doubt concerning Allāh, Maker of the heavens and the earth? He calls you that He may forgive you your sins, and grant you respite till an appointed term.' They said, 'You are but men like ourselves; you desire to turn us away from that which our fathers used to worship. Bring us, then, a clear proof.'

12. Their Messengers said to them, 'We are indeed only men like yourselves, but Allāh bestows *His* favour on whomsoever He wills from among His servants. And it is not for us to bring you a proof except by the command of Allāh. And in Allāh *alone* should the believers put their trust.

13. 'And why should we not put our trust in Allāh when He has showed us our ways? And we will, surely, bear with patience *all* the harm you do us. So in Allāh let those who trust put their trust.'

## R. 3.

14. And those who disbelieved said to their Messengers, 'We will, surely, expel you from our land unless you return to our religion.' Then their Lord sent unto them the revelation: 'We will, surely, destroy the wrongdoers.

ٱيْدِيَهُمْ فِيَّ ٱفْوَاهِهِمْ وَقَالُوَّا إِنَّا كَفَرْنَا بِمَآ أُرْسِلْتُمْرِبِهِ وَ إِنَّا لَغِيْ شَكٍّ مِّمَّا تَدْعُوْنَنَآ اِلَيْهِ مُرِيْبِ قَالَتْ رُسُلُهُمْ أَفِي اللهِ شَكُّ فَاطِر السَّيلِية وَالْاَ دُضِ مِبْدَعُهُ كُمْ لِيَغْفِرَ لَكُمْ مِّنْ ذُنُوْبِكُمْ وَ يُؤَخِّرَكُمْ اِلَى ٱجَل مُّسَمًّى ﴿ قَالُوٓا إِنْ ٱنْتُمْ إِلَّا بَشَرً <u>بِّ</u>شْلُنَا - تُربِدُوْنَ اَنْ تَصُدُّوْنَا عَمَّاكَانَ ىغبد اباؤنا فاتونابسلطن مُبين. قَالَتْ لَهُمْ رُسُلُهُمْ إِنْ نَّحْنُ إِلَّا بَشَرَّ مَثْلُكُمْ وَ لَكِنَّ اللَّهَ يَمُنُّ عَلَى مَنْ يَشَاءُ مِنْ عِبَادِةٍ ، وَ مَا كَانَ لَنَا آنْ تَّاتِيَكُمْ بِسُلْطَنٍ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ ﴿ وَعَلَى اللهِ فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ الْمُؤْمِنُوْنَ ] وَمَا لَنَّا ٱلَّا نَتَوَجَّلَ عَلَى الله وَقَدْ هَدْيْنَا سُبُلَنَا ﴿ وَلَنَصْبِرَنَّ عَلَى مَآ اٰذَيْتُمُوْنَا ؞ وَعَلَى اللهِ فَلْيَتَوَكَّل يلي م الْمُتَوَكِّلُوْنَ أَ وَ قَالَ الَّذِيرِي لَنُخْرِجَنَّكُمْ تِنْ آرْضِنَآ آوْ لَتَعُوْدُنَّ ا ، فَاوْتَى اِلَيْهِمْ دَبُّهُمْ لَنُهْلِكَنَّ الظَّلِمِنْنُ أَ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \dot{=} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{=} \ (357) \ d\omega \ \dot{=} \ (357) \ d\omega \ \dot{=} \ \dot{=} \ (357) \ \dot{=} \$ 

- \*15. 'And We will, surely, make you dwell in the land after them. This is for him who fears to stand before My Tribunal and fears My warning.' 16. And they praved for victory, and as a result thereof every haughty enemy of truth came to naught. 17. Before him is Hell: and he shall be made to drink boiling water.
- \*18. He shall sip it and shall not be able to swallow it easily. And death shall come to him from every quarter, vet he shall not die. And besides that there shall be for him a severe chastisement.

19. The case of those who disbelieve in their Lord is that their works are like ashes on which the wind blows

- "violently on a stormy day. They shall have no power over what they earned. That, indeed, is extreme ruin.
- $\approx 20$ . Dost thou not see that Allāh created the heavens and the earth in accordance with the requirements of wisdom? If He please, He can do away with you, and bring a new creation.

21. And that is not at all hard for Allāh.

22. They shall all appear before Allāh; then shall the weak say to those who behaved proudly:

M	Chapter 14 - II	برهيم
ں مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ،	كِنَنَّكُمُ الْأَدْخَ	ۇ لَنْش
نِوَ خَافَ وَعِيْدِ®	بِمَنْ خَافَ مَقَامِ	ذٰلِكَ لِ
ٮڷ۫۫ؖۜۼڹۜٵڔؘؚٟۘۛؖۼڹؽڋؚ	لَتَحُوْا وَخَابَ كُ	ۇاشتىغ
بشڠٰی مِنْ مَّآءٍ	[ [ إلم جَهَنَّمُ وَ بُ	مِّنْ وَّأ
	د ())	ضريم
بسِيْغُهٰ وَيَأْتِيْهِ	عُهْ وَ لَا يَكَادُ بُ	ؾۜؿؘڿڗ
نِكَانٍ وَ مَا هُوَ	نی مِنْ ڪُلِّ ۃ	الْمَوْنُ
عَذَابٌ غَلِيْظُ	؞ۅؘڡؚؚڽٛۊ <u>ٞۯ</u> ٳٞؽؚؚ؋	ڔؗڡؾؚۨڗ
زېبوم آغمالُهُم		
و الرِّيْحُ فِيْ يَوْمٍ	ادِ اِشْتَدَّتْ بِ	ڪَرَمَـ
بِمَّاكَسَبُوْاعَلْى		
لُ الْبَعِيْدُ®	ذلك هُوَ الضَّلْ	<b>بَ</b> ئِيءٍ <sub>ا</sub>
فكق الشموت	رَ أَنَّ اللهُ خَ	اَكَمْ تَ
ى يَشَا يُزْهِبْكُمْ	ضَ بِالْحَقِّ ﴿ إِنْ	و الأثر
	ۥۑؚڂؘڷۊٟڿؘڔؚؽڋؚ <sup>ڂ</sup>	
ڹۯؽڒؚ۞	بِكَ عَلَى اللَّهِ بِعَ	وَّمَاذٰ
فَقَالَ الضَّعَفَوُ	ۋا بِتْهِ جَمِيْعًا	و بَرَزُ
ا كُنَّا لَكُمْرَ تَبَعًا	ن اشتَكْبَرُوْا إِذَّ	ڸڷؘؖۮؽۯ

ء ' اق p | غ h r | kh r | dh ن q ص 358 م ص و ( + 1 ا ث h r | kh r | dh r | kh r | dh r | kh r | dh r (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

<sup>\*15. &#</sup>x27;And We will, surely, make you dwell in the land after them. That is for him who stands in awe of My station and takes heed of My warning."

<sup>\*18.</sup> He will drink it sip by sip, reluctantly, being unable to quaff it.

<sup>\* 19.</sup> They shall have no power over what they earned. That, indeed, is utter destruction.

<sup>\*20.</sup> Do you not see that Allah created the heavens and the earth with Truth. If He so pleases, He can do away with you, and bring a new creation.

200

'Surely, we were your followers; can you not then avail us aught against Allāh's punishment?' They will say, 'If Allah had guided us, we would, surely, have guided you. But it is now equal for us whether we show impatience or remain patient: there is no way of escape for us."

## R 4

23. And when the matter is decided. Satan will say, 'Allah promised you a promise of truth, but I promised you and failed you. And I had no power over you except that I called you and you obeyed me. So blame me not, but blame your own selves. I cannot succour you nor can you succour me. I have already disclaimed your associating me with God. For the wrongdoers there shall, surely, be grievous а punishment.'

24. And those who believe and do good works will be admitted into Gardens through which rivers flow, wherein they will abide by the command of their Lord. Their greeting therein will be 'Peace'.

25. Dost thou not see how Allah sets forth the similitude of a good word? It is like a good tree, whose root is firm and whose branches reach into heaven.

26. It brings forth its fruit at all times by the command of its Lord. And Allah sets forth similitudes for men that they may reflect.

فَهَلْ آنْتُمْ مُّغْنُوْنَ عَنَّا مِنْ عَذَاب الله مِنْ شَيْءٍ ﴿ قَالُوْا لَوْ هَذِّينَا اللَّهُ لَهَدَيْنَكُمْ سَوَاءً عَلَيْنَا ٱجْزَعْنَا أَمْ صَبَرْنَامَا لَنَا مِنْ مَّجِنْص شَ

وَ قَالَ الشَّيْطِنُ لَمَّا قُضِيَ الْأَمْرُ إِنَّ الله وَعَدَكُمْ وَعْدَ الْحَقِّ وَ وَعَدْ تُكُمْ فَاَخْلَفْتُكُمْ إِذَ مَاكَانَ لِيَ عَلَيْكُمْ مِّنْ سُلْطَنِ إِلَّا أَنْ دَعَوْتُكُمْ فَاسْتَجَبْتُمْ ڔڮ؞ڣؘڵٳؾڵۉڡٛۅڹؽۘۘۘۏڵۉڡؙۉٙٵڹٛڣؙۺػؙۿ؞ڡؘٵ اَنَا بِمُصْرِخِكُمْ وَمَا اَنْتُمْ بِمُصْرِخِيَّ ِ اِنْيْ كَفَرْتُ بِمَا ٱشْرَكْتُمُوْنِ مِنْ قَبْلُ الظَّلِمِيْنَ لَهُمْ عَذَابَ ٱلِيْمُ ٢ وَ أُدْخِلَ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا وَ عَمِلُوا الصِّلِحْتِ جَنَّتِ تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الكأنمل رخليرين فيمها بباذن رتبهم تحتَّتُهُمْ فنهَا سَلْمُ ٱلَمْ تَرَجَيْفَ ضَرَبَ اللَّهُ مَثَلًا كَلِمَةً طَيّبَةً كَشَجَرَةٍ طَيّبَةِ ٱصْلُهَا ثَابِتُ وَّفَرْعُهَا فِي السَّهَاءِ الْ تُؤْتِيٓ ٱكُلَها كُلَّ حِيْنٍ بِإِذْنِ رَبِّهَا وَيَضْرِبُ اللَّهُ الْأَمْثَالَ لِلنَّاسِ لَعَ ؽؾٙڒؘڴٞۯۏؽ۞ ء i u + th ش + r | kh + dh خ | dh أ ف ج (359) ص ع ا خ h r | kh + dh أ ث h r

(See details of transliteration on page 'p')

Part	13	-	۳	ٱبَرِّئُ	ۇ مَآ
------	----	---	---	----------	-------

يع ال

27. And the case of an evil word is like *that of* an evil tree, which is uprooted from above the earth and has no stability.

28. Allāh strengthens the believers with the word that is firmly established, *both* in the present life and in the Hereafter; and Allāh lets the wrongdoers go astray. And Allāh does what He wills.

## R. 5.

29. Dost thou not see those who changed Allāh's favour into ingratitude and landed their people into the abode of ruin—

30. *Which is* Hell? They shall burn therein; and an evil place of rest is that.

31. And they have set up rivals to Allāh to mislead *people* from His way. Say, 'Enjoy yourselves a while, then, surely, your journey is toward the Fire.'

32. Say to My servants who have believed, that they should observe Prayer and spend out of what We have given them, secretly and openly, before there comes a day wherein there will be neither bargaining nor friendship.

33. Allāh is He Who created the heavens and the earth and caused water to come down from the clouds, and brought forth therewith fruits for your sustenance; and He

وَ مَثَلُ كَلِمَةِ خَبِيْثَةٍ كَشَجَرَة خَبِيْ ثَةٍ إِجْتُثَتْ مِنْ فَوْقِ الْأَرْضِ مَالَهَا مِنْ قَرَادِ @ يُثَبّت اللهُ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا بِالْقَوْلِ الثَّابِتِ فِي الْحَلِوةِ الدُّنْيَاوَ فِي الْأَخِرَةِ ، وَ يُضِلُّ اللهُ الظَّلِمِيْنَ \* وَ يَفْعَلُ اللهُ مَا يَشَاءُهُ ٱلَمْ تَزَبِكَ الَّذِينَ بَدَّلُوْا بِعُمَتَ اللَّهِ كُفْرًا وَّ آحَلُّوْا قَوْمَهُمْ دَارَ الْبَوَارِ أَن جَهَنَّمَ، يَصْلَوْنَهَا ، وَبِئْسَ الْقَرَارُ ج وَجَعَلُوا بله أَنْدَادًا لِّ يُضَلُّوا عَرِث سَبِيْلِهِ ، قُلْ تَمَتَّحُوْا فَإِنَّ مَصِيْرَكُمْ إِلَى النَّادِ @ قُلْ لِعِبَادِيَ الَّذِيْنِ الْمَنُوْا بُقِبْمُوا الصَّلْوةَ وَ يُنْفِقُوْا مِمَّا رَزَقْنُهُمْ سِرًّا ۊؘۜۼؘڒڹۑڐؘڡؚؚۧڽٛ ۊؘؠٛڶٵؘؽؾۜٳٛؾ<sub>ؙ</sub>ؾۄٛمٙ؇ؖڹؽڿ فِيْهِ وَكَاخِلْلَ ٣ ٱللهُ الَّذِيْ خَلَقَ السَّمَوْتِ وَ الْأَرْضَ وَ ٱنْزَلَ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً فَاَخْرَجَ بِهِ ڡؚڹٳڷڷٞؖؖؖػڔؙڗڕۯٛۊٞٵڗۧۘڲۿ؞۪ۅؘ؊ڂٛۜڔؘڵػؙۿڔ

24

has subjected to you the ships that they may sail through the sea by His command, and the rivers *too* has He subjected to you.

\*34. And He has *also* subjected to you the sun and the moon, both performing their work constantly. And He has subjected to you the night as well as the day.

35. And He gave you all that you wanted of Him; and if you *try to* count the favours of Allāh, you will not be able to number them. Verily, man is very unjust, very ungrateful.

R. 6.

36. And *remember* when Abraham said, 'My Lord, make this city *a city* of peace, and keep me and my children away from worshipping idols.

37. 'My Lord, they have indeed led astray many among mankind. So whoever follows me, he is certainly of me; and whoever disobeys me— Thou art, surely, Most Forgiving, Merciful.

38. 'Our Lord, I have settled some of my children in an uncultivable valley near Thy Sacred House our Lord—that they may observe Prayer. So make men's hearts incline towards them and provide them with fruits, that they may be thankful. الفُلك لِتَجْرِيَ فِ الْبَحْرِ بِآمَرِهِ وَسَخَّرَ لَكُمُ الْكَنْهَرَ وَسَخَّرَ لَكُمُ الشَّمْسَ وَالْقَمَرَ دَآئِبَيْنِ، وَسَخَّرَ لَكُمُ الَّيْلَ وَ النَّهَارَ شَ وَ الْمَحُمَرِقِنْ كُلِّ مَاسَا لَتُمُوْهُ • وَ إِنْ

تَعُدُّوْا نِعْمَتَ اللَّهِ كَا تُحْصُوْهَا ﴿ اِنَّ الْإِنْسَانَ لَظَلُوْمَ كَفَّادً ۞

وَاِذْ قَالَ اِبْلِهِ يَمُ دَبِّ اجْعَلْ هٰذَا الْبَلَدَ أُمِنًا وَّ اجْنُبْنِيْ وَ بَنِيَّ اَنْ نَّحْبُدَ الْاَصْنَامَ شَ

رَبِّ اِنَّهُنَّ ٱضْلَلْنَ كَثِيْرًا مِّنَ النَّاسِ، فَمَنْ تَبِعَنِيْ فَإِنَّهُ مِنِّيْ ، وَ مَنْ عَصَانِيْ فَإِنَّكَ غَفُوْرٌ رَّحِيْمً ®

رَبَّنَآ اِنِّيَ آَسُكَنْتُ مِنْ ذُرِّيَّتِي بِوَا ﴿ نَجْيَرٍ ذِيْ زَرَعٍ عِنْهَ بَيْتِكَ الْمُحَرَّمِ ا رَبَّنَالِيُقِيْمُوا الصَّلُوةَ فَاجْعَلْ آفْئِدَةً مِّنَ النَّاسِ تَهْوِيَّ اِلَيْهِمْ وَ ارْزُقْهُمْ مِنَ الثَّمَاتِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَشْكُرُوْنَ @

**\***34. And He has pressed into your service the sun and the moon moving constantly. Also He has subjected the night and the day to serve you.

2

39. 'Our Lord, certainly, Thou knowest what we conceal and what we make known. And nothing whatsoever is hidden from Allāh, whether in the earth or in the heaven.

40. 'All praise belongs to Allāh, Who has given me, despite *my* old age, Ishmael and Isaac. Surely, my Lord is the Hearer of prayer.

\*41. 'My Lord, make me observe Prayer, and my children *too*. Our Lord! *bestow Thy grace on me* and accept my prayer.

42. 'Our Lord, grant forgiveness to me and to my parents and to the believers on the day when the reckoning will take place.'

# R. 7.

43. And think not that Allāh is unaware of what the wrongdoers do. He only gives them respite till the day on which the eyes will fixedly stare,

44. Hurrying on in fright, raising up their heads, their gaze not returning to them, and their minds *utterly* void.

45. And warn men of the day when *the promised* chastisement will come upon them, and the wrongdoers will say, 'Our Lord, grant us respite for a short term. We will respond to Thy call and will

رَبَّنَآ اِنَّكَ تَعْلَمُ مَا نُخْفِيْ وَ مَا نُعْلِنُ ﴿ وَ مَا يَخْفَى عَلَى اللَّهِ مِنْ شَيْءٍ فِي الْاَرْضِ وَ لَا فِي السَّمَآءِ® الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِيْ وَهَبَ لِيْ عَلَى الْحِبَرِ اللَّعْآءِ؟ الدُّعَآءِ؟ رَبِّ اجْعَلْنِيْ مُقِيْمَ الصَّلُوةِ وَ مِنْ ذُرِّيَّتِي تَرَبَّنَا وَ تَقَبَّلُ دُعَآءِ @ رَبَّنَا اغْفِرْ لِيْ وَ لِوَالِدَيَّ وَ لِلْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ يَوْمَ يَقُوْ مُالْحِسَابُ ۞

وَ لَا تَحْسَبَنَّ اللَّهُ غَافِلًا عَمَّا يَحْمَلُ الظَّلِمُوْنَ اللَّهُ غَافِلًا عَمَّا يَحْمَلُ تَشْخَصُ فِيْهِ الْآبَصَارُ مُهْطِعِيْنَ مُقْنِعِيْ دُءُوْسِهِمْ كَا يَرْتَدُ مُهْطِعِيْنَ مُقْنِعِيْ دُءُوْسِهِمْ كَا يَرْتَدُ الَيْهِمْ طَرْفُهُمْ اوَ آفْئِرَتُهُمْ هَوَاءً آبَدُ النَّاسَ يَوْمَ يَاتِيْهِمُ الْعَذَابُ فَيَقُولُ الَّزِيْنَ ظَلَمُوْا رَبَّنَآ آخْرُنَآ إِلَى اجَلٍ قَرِيْبِ النَّجِبْ دَعْوَتَكَ وَ نَتَّبِعِ الرُّسُلَ اوَ لَمْ تَكُونُوْا آقْسَمْ تُمْ مِّنْ

\*41. 'My Lord, make me observe Prayer, and my children too. Our Lord! Do accept my prayer.

follow the Messengers.' 'Did you not swear before this *that* you would have no fall?

46. 'And you dwell in the dwellings of those who wronged themselves, and it has become plain to you how We dealt with them; and We have set forth *clear* parables for you.'

\*47. And they have already made their designs; but their designs are with Allāh. And even though their designs be such as to make the mountains move, *they cannot succeed*.

48. Think not then that Allāh will fail to keep His promise to His Messengers. Surely, Allāh is Mighty, Lord of retribution,

49. On the day when this earth will be changed into another earth, and the heavens *too*; and they will *all* appear before Allāh, the One, the Most Supreme;

50. And thou shalt see the guilty on that day bound in chains.

51. Their garments shall be of pitch, and the fire shall envelop their faces.

52. *It will be so* that Allāh may requite each soul for what it has wrought. Surely, Allāh is swift at reckoning.

قَبْلُ مَالَكُمْ مِّنْ ذَوَالٍ ۞

وَّ سَكَنْتُمْ فِيْ مَسْكِنِ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوَّا اَنْفُسَهُمْ وَ تَبَيَّنَ لَكُمْ كَيْفَ فَعَلْنَا بِهِمْ وَضَرَبْنَالَكُمُ الْآمْثَالَ وَ قَمْ مَكَرُوْا مَكْرَهُمْ وَ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ مَكْرُهُمْ وَ إِنْ كَانَ مَكْرُهُمْ لِتَزُوْلَ مِنْهُ الْجِبَالُ؟

فَكَر تَحْسَبَتَ الله مُخْلِفَ وَعْدِم رُسُلَهٔ داِنَّ الله عَزِيْزَ ذُو انْتِقَامٍ ﴿

يَوْمَ تُبَدَّلُ الْآَرْضُ غَيْرَ الْآَرْضِ وَ السَّلْوَتُ وَ بَرَزُوْا بِتُهِ الْوَاحِدِ الْقَهَّارِ®

وَ تَرَى الْمُجْرِمِيْنَ يَوْمَئِذٍ مُّقَرَّنِيْنَ فِي الْاصْفَادِ مَرَابِيُلُهُمْ مِّنْ قَطِرَانٍ وَّ تَغْشَى وُحُوْهِ مُهُ النَّارُهُ

لِيَجْزِيَ اللهُ كُلَّ نَفْسٍ مَّا كَسَبَتْ. إِنَّ اللهَ سَرِيْحُ الْحِسَابِ @

\*47. And they employed whatever deceit they could but *the outcome of* their deceit lies with Allāh, even if their deceit were powerful enough to move mountains.

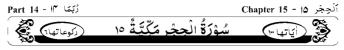
 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ th \ th \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid \ dh \ \dot{\varsigma} \ \mid \ \varsigma \ o \ (363) \ d \ \dot{\varsigma} \ \mid \ th \ \dot{\varsigma} \ \mid \ \dot{\varsigma} \ \dot{\varsigma} \ \mid \ \dot{\varsigma} \ \dot{\varsigma} \ \mid \ \dot{\varsigma} \ i \ \dot{\varsigma} \ \dot$ 

وَ مَآ أَبَرِّئُ ٣٢ - Part 13	IBRĀHĪM	اِبْرَهِيْم ۲۲ Chapter 14
*53. This is a sufficient add for mankind <i>that they may</i> <i>by it</i> , and that they may be thereby, and that they may that He is the only One C that those possesse	<i>v benefît</i> warned نُحَدَّ y know خَ God, and ال	هذا بَلغٌ لِلنَّاسِ وَ لِيُنْذَرُا وَلِيَعْلَمُوَا ٱنَّمَاهُوَ لِلهَّ وَاحِدً وَلِيَ ٱولُوا الْالْبَابِ۞

understanding may ponder.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ lh \ \stackrel{\frown}{=} \ |h \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \stackrel{\frown}{=} \ |dh \ \stackrel{\frown}{=} \ |s \ \stackrel{\frown}{=} \ \stackrel{\frown}{=}$ 

<sup>53.</sup> This is a message manifestly delivered for the benefit of mankind that they may be warned thereby, and they may know that He is the only One God, and that those possessed of understanding may ponder.



AL-HIJR (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allah, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. Alif Lām Rā.<sup>‡</sup> These are verses of the Book and of the illuminating Our'ān.

4. Leave them alone that they may eat and enjoy themselves and that vain hope may beguile them; but they will soon know.

5. And We have never destroyed any town but there was for it a known decree.

6. No people can outstrip their appointed time, nor can they remain behind.

7. And they said, 'O thou to whom this Exhortation has been sent down, thou art surely a madman.

8. 'Why dost thou not bring angels to us, if thou art of the truthful?"

9. We do not send down angels but by due right, and then they are granted no respite.

10. Verily, We Ourself have sent down this Exhortation, and most surely We will be its Guardian.

<sup>†</sup>I am Allāh Who is All-Seeing.

بشمرالله الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () الرد تِلْكَ أَيْتُ الْكِتْبِ مُبِيْنِ] تَجَعَّدُ الَّذِيْنَ تَخَفَرُوْا لَوْ كَانُوْا بَيْ اللَّهُ عَامَاً يَوَدُّ الَّذِيْنَ تَخَفَرُوْا لَوْ كَانُوْا بَيْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَامَاً يَوَدُّ الَّذِيْنَ تَخَفَرُوْا لَوْ كَانُوْا بَيْ اللَّهُ عَامَاً عَامَانَ عَامَاً عَامَاً عَامَاً عَامَاً عَامَانَ عَامَاً عَامَاً عَامَانَ عَامَاً عَامَاً عَامَاً عَامَاً عَامَانَ عَامَانَ عَامَانُوْا عَلَيْهُمَا عَلَى عَمَا عَامَانَ عَامَانَ عَامَانَ عَامَانُ عَامَانَ عَمَانُوْ عَانُوْا بَقُلْ عَامَانَ عَامَانَ عَمَامَ اللَّهُ عَامَانَ عَمَانُوا عَلَيْنُوا عَلَيْ عَامَانُ عَامَانُ عَلَيْ عَامَانُ عَلَى عَمَانُ عَلَى عَلَيْ عَلَى عَلَى عَلَى عَلَى عَلَى عَامَانُ عَلَى عَلَيْنُوا عَلَى عَلَيْنُوا عَلَيْ عَامَانُ عَلَى عَمَانُ عَامَانُ عَلَى عَمَانُ عَلَى عَلَى عَلَيْ عَامَانِ عَلَيْنُ عَلَى عَلَيْ عَامَانُ عَلَى عَامَانُ عَلَى عَلَى عَلَيْ عَامَانُ عَلَى عَلَى عَامَانُ عَلَى عَامَانُ عَامَانُ عَلَى عَامُ ذَرْهُمْ يَأْكُلُوْا وَيَتَمَتَّعُوْا وَيُلْهِهِمُ الأمَلُ فَسَوْفَ تَعْلَمُوْنَ ٢ وَمَآ ٱهْلَكْنَامِنْ قَرْيَةٍ إِلَّا وَلَهَا كِتَابً مَعْلُهُمْ مَا تَشبقُ مِنْ أُمَّةٍ أَجَلَهَا وَمَا ىشتاخرۇن() وَ قَالُوْا يَاكَيُهَا الَّذِيْ نُزِّلَ عَلَيْهِ الذِّحُرُ انَّكَ لَمَحْنُوْنُ أَنَ لَوْ مَا تَاتِيْنَا بِالْمَلَئِكَةِ إِنْ كُنْتَ مِ الصّرقيْنَ ( مَانُنَزَّلُ الْمَلَئِكَةَ إِلَّا بِالْحَقِّ وَمَاكَانُوٓ ادًا مُّنْظَرِيْنَ () اتًا نَحْنُ نَزَّلْنَا الذِّحْرَ وَ إِنَّا لَهُ للخفظةدي

ء ' ا ق p ا غ r ا ظ z ا ط t ا ف f و 365 م ص s ا خ h r | kh r | dh أ ث h r | kh r | dh أ ث s م 365 م ص (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

\*11. And We sent *Messengers* before thee among parties of ancient peoples.

12. And there never came to them any Messenger but they mocked at him.

13. Thus do We cause this *habit of mocking* to enter into the hearts of the sinful people;

14. They believe not therein, though the example of the former peoples has gone *before them*.

15. And even if We opened to them a door from heaven, and they began ascending through it,

16. They would surely say, 'Only our eyes are dazed; rather we are a bewitched people.'

## R. 2.

\*17. And We have, indeed, made mansions *of stars* in the heaven and have adorned it for beholders.

18. And We have protected it against every rejected satan.

19. But if any one hears stealthily, there pursues him a bright flame.

20. And the earth have We spread out, and set therein firm mountains and caused everything to grow therein in proper proportion. وَ لَقَدْ ٱرْسَلْنَا مِنْ قَبْلِكَ فِي شِيَحِ الكولين وَمَايَأْتِيْهِمْ مِّنْ رَّسُوْلِ إِلَّا كَانُوْا بِهِ يشتهز ، ون كَذْلِكَ نَسْأُكُهُ فِي الْمُجْرِمِيْنَ أَ كَا يُؤْمِنُوْتَ بِهِ وَ قَدْ خَلَتْ سُنَّ الْكَوَّ لَيْنَ @ وَكَوْ فَتَحْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ بَابًا مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ فَظَلُّوْا فِيْهِ يَعْرُجُوْنَ ٥ كَقَالُهْ النَّحَاسُكِّ تُ اَبْصَادُنَا **تَهْ مُ**مَّسْحُهْ رُوْنَ أَسَ وَ لَقَدْ جَعَلْنَا فِ السَّمَاءِ بُرُوْجًا وَ زَيَّنْهَا لِلنَّظِرِيْنَ ٥ <u>ۇ</u> خە<u>ظ</u>نىھامىن گ تەيطن <sup>7</sup> إِلَّا مَن اسْتَرَقَ السَّمْعَ فَأ شِهَابٌ مُّبِيْنُ وَ الْاَدْضَ مَدَدْنُهَا وَ ٱلْقَبْنَا فِبْهَا رَوَاسِيَ <u>ۅؘ</u>ٱنْ**بَتْنَاف**َيْهَامِنْ ڪُلَّ شَيْءِمَّوْذُوْن.

\* 11. And We sent Messengers before you among various denominations of earlier people.
 \* 17. Verily, in the heavens We have made constellations and adorned them for those who behold.

É

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ h \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid \ dh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid \ s \ \dot{\sigma} \ s \ \dot{\sigma} \ s \ \dot{\sigma} \ s \ \dot{\sigma} \ \dot$ 

21. And We have made for you therein means of livelihood, and *also* for *all* those for whom you do not provide.

22. And there is not a thing but with Us are the treasures thereof and We send it not down except in a known measure.

23. And We send impregnating winds, then We send down water from the clouds, then We give it to you to drink; and you are not the ones to store it up.

24. And verily, it is We Who give life, and We Who cause death; and it is We Who are the *sole* Inheritor.

25. And We do know those who go ahead among you and We do know those who lag behind.

26. And surely, it is thy Lord Who will gather them together. Surely, He is Wise, All-Knowing.

# R. 3.

- \*27. And, surely, We created man from dry ringing clay, from black mud wrought into shape.
- \*28. And the Jinn We had created before from the fire of hot wind.

29. And *remember* when thy Lord said to the angels, 'I am about to create man from dry ringing clay, from black mud wrought into shape;

وَ جَعَلْنَا لَكُمْ فِيْهَا مَعَايِشٌ وَ مَنْ لَّشتُمْ لَهُ بِزِرْقِيْنَ وَ إِنْ مِّنْ شَيْءٍ إِلَّا عِنْدَنَا خَزَانُهُ إِ وَمَانُنَزِّلُهُ إِلَّابِقَدَدٍ مَّعْلُوْمٍ @ وَ ٱرْسَلْنَا الرِّيْحَ لَوَاقِحَ فَٱنْزَلْنَا مِنَ السَّهِ مَاءً فَأَسْقَدْ نُكُمُوْهُ وَمَآ ٱنْتُمْ لَهُ بِخَازِنِيْنَ @ وَإِنَّا لَنَحْنُ نُعْيَوَ نُمِيْتُ الْوَ ارثُوْنَ @ وَ لَقَدْ عَلَمْنَا الْمُسْتَ وَكَقَدْ عَلَمْنَا الْمُسْتَأْخِرِيْنَ، الله المحكمة وَ إِنَّ رَتَّكَ هُوَ يَحْشُ عَلِيْهُ 🕅 وَ لَقَدْ خَلَقْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ مِ مِّنْ حَمَا مَّسْنُوْن شُ وَ الْجَانَةُ خَلَقْنُهُ مِنْ قَبْلُ تَّار السَّمُوْمِ 🕅 وَ اذْ قَالَ رَتُكَ لَلْمَ بَشَرًا مِّنْ صَلْصَالٍ مِّنْ حَدَ

\*27. And, surely, We created man from dry ringing clay, *fashioned out* of stagnant mud. \*28. And the Jinn We had created earlier from the fire of blazing winds.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ th \ \stackrel{}{=} \ h \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \stackrel{}{\neq} \ \mid \ dh \ \stackrel{}{=} \ s \ o \ \stackrel{}{\underbrace{367}} \ o \ \frac{1}{367} \ d \ \stackrel{}{=} \ h \ \stackrel{}{=} \ 1 \ \stackrel{}{=} \ h \ \stackrel{}{=} \ h$ 

بغ ب 30, 'So when I have fashioned him in perfection and have breathed into him of My Spirit, fall ye down in submission to him."

31. So the angels submitted, all of them together,

32. Except Iblīs; he refused to be among those who submit.

33. God said, 'O Iblīs, what is the matter with thee that thou wouldst not be among those who submit?'

34. He answered, 'I am not going to submit to man whom Thou hast created from dry ringing clay, from black mud wrought into shape.'

35. God said, 'Then get out hence, for, surely, thou art rejected.

36. 'And, surely, on thee shall be My curse till the Day of Judgment.' 37. He said, 'My Lord, then grant me respite till the day when they shall be raised.'

38. God said, 'Thou art of those that are granted respite,

39. 'Till the day of the appointed time.'

40. He answered, 'My Lord, since Thou hast adjudged me as lost, I will surely make evil appear beautiful to them on the earth, and I will surely lead them all astray,

41. 'Except Thy chosen servants from among them.'

42. God said, 'This is a path leading straight to Me.

43. 'Surely, thou shalt have no

فَاذَا سَوَّنتُهُ وَ نَفَخْتُ فِنْهِ مِنْ رُّوْحِيْ فقعواكة سجدين فَسَجَدَ الْمَلْئَكَةُ كُلُّهُمْ آجْمَعُوْنَ أَ إِلَّهُ إِبْلِيْسَ ، أَنَّى أَنْ يَّكُوْتُ مَعَ الشجدِيْنَ قَالَ آبَائُنْكُسُ مَالَكَ أَلَّا تَكُوْنَ مَعَ الشجدين قَالَ لَمْ اَكُنْ لِّكَسْجُدَ لِبَشَرٍ خَلَقْتَهُ مِنْ صَلْصَال تِنْ حَمَا مَسْنُوْن 🐨 قَالَ فَاخْرُج مِنْهَا فَإِنَّكَ رَجِيْمُ أَ وَّاِنَّ عَلَيْكَ اللَّعْنَةَ إِلٰى يَوْمِ الجَّيْنِ @ قَالَ رَبِّ فَا نْظِرْ نِنْي إِلٰى يَوْمِ يُبْعَثُوْنَ ٢ قَالَ فَإِنَّكَ مِنَ الْمُنْظَرِيْنَ ٢ إلى يَوْمِ الْوَقْتِ الْمَعْلُوْمِ قَالَ رَبٍّ بِمَآ أَغْوَيْتَنِيْ لَأُزَيِّنَتَ لَهُمْ <u>فِي الْأَرْضِ وَ كَأْغُويَنَّ هُمْ اَجْمَعِيْنَ ٢</u> إلَّا عِمَادَكَ مِنْهُمُ الْمُخْلَصِيْنَ ٢ قَالَ هٰذَا صِرَاطً عَلَىَّ مُسْتَقِيْمُ ٢ اِنَّ عِبَادِيْ لَيْسَ لَكَ عَلَيْهِمْ سُلْطْنَ  $a i u + | th + 7 | kh \neq | dh | c$  م s = 368 م s = 368 م s = 368 م s = 1

(See details of transliteration on page 'p')

٢

power over My servants, except such of the erring ones as *choose to* follow thee.'

44. And, surely, Hell is the promised place for them all.

45. It has seven gates: *and* each gate has a portion of them allotted *to it*.

#### R. 4.

46. Verily, the righteous will be *placed* amid gardens and fountains.47. 'Enter therein with peace, in safety.'

\*48. And We shall remove whatever of rancour may be in their breasts *so that they will become* as brothers *seated* on thrones, facing one another.

49. Fatigue shall not touch them there, nor shall they *ever* be ejected therefrom.

50. Tell My servants that I am surely the One Most Forgiving, the Merciful;

51. And *also* that My punishment is the grievous punishment.

52. And tell them about Abraham's z

53. When they entered in unto him and said, 'Peace,' he answered, 'Verily, we feel afraid of you.'

54. They said, 'Fear not, we give thee glad tidings of a son *who shall be* endowed with knowledge.'

إلَّا مَنِ اتَّبَعَكَ مِنَ الْغُوِيْنَ @

وَانَّ جَهَنَّمَ لَمَوْعِدُهُمْ آجْمَعِيْنَ ﴾
 لَهَا سَبْعَةُ ٱبْوَابٍ الكُلِّ بَابٍ مِّنْهُمْ
 جُزْءً مَّقْسُوْمٌ ﴿
 اَحْذَءً مَقْسُوْمٌ ﴿
 اَحْذُعُ مَقْسُوْمٌ ﴿
 اَحْدُلُوْهَا بِسَلْمِ أمِنِيْنَ ﴿
 وَ نَزَعْنَا مَا فِنْ صُدُوْرِهِمْ مِّنْ غِلٍّ
 اِخْوَانًا عَلْى سُرُر مُتَقْبِلِيْنَ ﴿

لَا يَمَسُّهُمْ فِيْهَا نَصَبَّ وَّمَا هُمْ مِّنْهَا بِمُخْرَجِيْنَ۞ نَبِّئُ عِبَادِيَٓ اَنِّيۡ آَنَا الْغَفُوْرُ الرَّحِيْمُ۞

ۅَٱنَّ عَذَابِيْ هُوَالْعَذَابُ الْآلِيْمُ۞ وَنَبِّئُهُمْ عَنْ ضَيْفِ اِبْرِهِيْمَ۞ اِذْ حَخَلُوْا عَلَيْهِ فَقَالُوْا سَلْمًا ٤ قَالَ اِنَّامِنْكُمْ وَجِلُوْنَ۞ قَالُوْا لَا تَوْجَلْ اِنَّا نُبَشِّرُكَ بِغُلْمٍ عَلِيْمٍ۞

\*48. And We shall remove whatever of rancour may be in their breasts *so that they will become* as brothers **reclining on couches**, facing one another.

55. He said, 'Do you give me the glad tidings in spite of the fact that old age has overtaken me? Of what then do you give me the glad tidings?'

\*56. They said, 'We have, indeed, given thee glad tidings in truth; be not therefore of those who despair.'

57. He said, 'And who can despair of the mercy of his Lord save those who go astray?'

58. He said, 'What *now* is your business, O ye messengers?'

59. They said, 'We have been sent unto a guilty people

60. 'Excepting the family of Lot. Them we shall save all,

61. 'Except his wife. We surmise that she shall be of those who remain behind.'

#### R. 5.

62. And when the messengers came unto the family of Lot,

63. He said, 'Verily, you are a party of strangers.'

64. They said, 'Nay, but we have come to thee with that about which they doubted.

65. 'And we have come to thee with the truth, and surely we are truthful. 66. 'So go forth with thy family in the *latter* part of the night, and follow thou in their rear. And let none of you look back, and *now* proceed to where you are commanded.' قَالَ آبَشَرْتُمُوْنِ عَلَى آنْ مَّشَخِيَ الْكِبَرُ فَبِمَرْتُبَشِّرُوْنَ، قَالُوْا بَشَّرْنْكَ بِالْحَقِّ فَلَا تَكُنْ مِّن الْقَانِطِيْنَ@ قَالَ وَ مَنْ تَقْنَطُ مِنْ تَحْمَةِ رَبِّهَ إِلَّا الضَّالُّهُنَ@ قَالَ، فَمَا خَطْئُكُمْ ٱتُّهَا الْمُرْسَلُوْنَ @ قَالُوْا إِنَّ ٱ ٱ (سَلْنَآ إِلَى قَوْمِ مُّجْرِمِيْنَ أَهُ الأَ أَلَ لُوْطِيانًا لَمُنَحُوْهُمُ آجْمَعِ مُنَ أَن إلاً اسْرَاتَهُ قَدَّرْنَاً " إِنَّهَا لَمِرْ أ الْغْبِرِيْنَ أَ فَكَمَّا جَاء أَلَ لُوْطِ إِلْمُرْسَلُوْنَ شَ قَالَ إِنَّكُمْ قَوْمَرُ شُنْكُرُ وْنَ قَالُوْا بَلْ جِئْنْكَ بِمَا كَانُوْا فِيْهِ ىمتر ۋنm وَٱتَيْنْكَ بِالْحَقِّوَ إِنَّالَصْدِقُوْنَ @ فَٱسْرِبِٱهْلِكَ بِقِطْحٍ مِّنَ الَّيْلِ وَاتَّبِحْ اَدْتَارَهُمْ وَ لَا يَلْتَفِتْ مِنْكُمْ أَحَدً وَّ امْضُوْا حَبْثُ تُوْمَرُوْنَ

**\*** 56. They said, **'We have but given you glad tidings based on truth**; be not therefore of those who despair.'

ίĘ,

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rhop | \ hh \ rhop | \ rhop | \ hh \ rhop | \ rhop |$ 

67. And We communicated to him this decree that the root of them was to be cut off by the morning.

68. And the people of the city came rejoicing.

69. He said, 'These are my guests, so put me not to shame;

70. 'And fear Allāh and disgrace me not.'

71. They said, 'Did we not forbid thee *to entertain* all *sorts of* people?'

\*72. He said, 'These are my daughters if you must do something.'

73. By thy life, these *too* in their *mad* intoxication are wandering in distraction—

74. Then the punishment seized them at sunrise.

75. We turned it upside down, and We rained upon them stones of clay.

76. Surely, in this are Signs for those who can read *signs*.

77. And it lies on a road that *still* exists.

78. Surely, in this is a Sign for believers.

79. And the People of the Wood *too* were surely wrongdoers.

\*80. So We chastised them *also*. And they both lie on a manifest way.

#### R. 6.

81. And the People of the Hijr also

 $a \ i \ u \ \mid \ | \ th \ \not= \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{\varsigma} \ | \ \varsigma \ s \ (see details of transitieration on page [p]).$ 

 وَ قَضَيْنَآ اِلَيْهِ ذَٰلِكَ الْآَمْرَ اَنَّ دَابِرَ هَؤُلَاً مِتَقَطُوْعٌ مُّصْبِحِيْنَ وَ جَاءَ اَهْلُ الْمَرِيْنَةِ يَسْتَبْشِرُوْنَ تَالُوْا اَوَ لَمْ نَنْهَكَ عَنِ الْعَلَمِيْنَ ﴾ قَالَهْ أَوَ بَانِتِيْآِنَ كُنْتُمُ فَعِلِيْنَ ﴾

ڶؘۼۿۯڮٳڹۜٞۿۿڔۘڵۼؚؽ۫ۺػٛڗؾؚڥۣۿڒؾڠڡؘۿۉ<sup></sup>ؾ۞

فَاحَذَتْهُمُ الصَّدِحَةُ مُشْرِقِيْنَ ﴾ فَجَعَلْنَا عَالِيَهَا سَافِلَهَا وَ ٱمْطَرْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ حِجَارَةً قِنْ سِجِّيْلِ۞ اِنَّ فِيُ ذٰلِكَ لاٰيَةٍ تِلْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ۞ وَانَّ هَالَبِسَبِيْلِ مُقِيْمٍ ۞ اِنَّ فِي ذٰلِكَ اَحَدَ الْأَيْكَةِ لَظْلِمِيْنَ۞ فَانْتَقَمْنَا مِنْهُمْ مَوَانَّهُمَا لَبِرَامَامٍ مُبِيْنِ۞ وَ لَقَدْ كَذَّبَ آصَحْبُ الْحَجْرِ

<sup>\*72.</sup> He said, 'My daughters are *also standing* here. *Be mindful of this* if you are bent upon doing anything.'

<sup>\*80.</sup> So We chastised them. And they both lie *buried* by a prominent highway.

did treat the Messengers as liars.

82. And We gave them Our Signs, but they turned away from them.

83. And they used to hew out houses in the mountains, in security.

84. But the punishment seized them in the morning,

85. And all that they had earned availed them not.

\*86. And We have not created the heavens and the earth and all that is between the two but in accordance with the requirements of wisdom; and the Hour is sure to come. So turn away *from them* in a comely manner.

87. Verily, it is thy Lord Who is the Great Creator, the All-Knowing.

88. And We have, indeed, given thee the seven oft-repeated *verses*, and the Great Qur'ān.

- \*89. Stretch not thy eyes towards what We have bestowed on some classes of them to enjoy for a short time, and grieve not over them; and lower thy wing *of mercy* for the believers.
- \*90. And say, 'I am, indeed, a plain Warner.'

لمْ سَلِيْهُ اللَّهُ تننفذ التنافكانهاعذ وَ كَانُوْا يَنْحِتُوْنَ مِنَ الْج أمنثن مُ الصَّدْحَةُ ىدەن 🔊 وَ مَا خَلَقْنَا الشَّهٰ تِ وَالْأَيْضَ وَمَابَيْنَهُمَآ إِلَّابِالْحَقِّ وَإِنَّ السَّاعَةَ كَلْتِبَةً فَاصْفَحِ الصَّفْحَ الْحَمِيْلَ ٢

اِنَّ رَبَّكَ هُوَ الْخَلْقُ الْعَلِيْمُ ﴾ وَ لَقَدْ اتَيْنُكَ سَبْعًا مِّنَ الْمَثَانِ وَ الْقُرْانَ الْعَظِيْمَ ۞ اَذْوَاجًا مِّنْهُمْ وَ لَا تَحْزَنُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَ اخْفِضْ جَنَاحَكَ لِلْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ۞ وَ قُلْ إِنِيْ آَنَا النَّذِيْرُ الْمُبِيْنُ ۞

\*90. And say, 'I am a plain Warner indeed.'

 $a \ i \ u \ \mid \ | \ th \ \not= \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{\varsigma} \ | \ \varsigma \ s \ (see details of transilteration on page \ p).$ 

<sup>\*86.</sup> And We have not created the heavens and the earth and that which lies between the two but with truth; and the Hour is sure to come. So turn away *from them*, a turning away with grace.

<sup>\*89.</sup> Stretch not your eyes with greed towards the transient pleasure We have bestowed upon some sections from among them, and grieve not over them; and lower your wing of mercy for the believers.

- \*91. Because We *have decided to* send down *punishment* on those who have formed themselves into groups *against thee*;
- \*92. Who have pronounced the Qur'ān to be *so many* lies;

93. So by thy Lord, We will, surely, question them all

94. Concerning that which they is used to do.

95. So declare openly that with which thou art commanded and turn aside from those who ascribe partners *to God*.

96. We will, surely, suffice thee against those who mock:

97. Who set up another god with Allāh, but soon shall they come to know.

كَمَا ٱنْزَلْنَاعَلَى الْمُقْتَسِمِيْنَ أَ

الَّذِينَ جَعَلُوا الْقُرَانَ عِضِيْنَ ( فَوَرَبِّكَ لَنَسْتَلَنَّهُمْ آجْمَعِيْنَ ( عَمَّاكَانُوْا يَعْمَلُوْنَ ( فَاصْدَعْ بِمَا تُؤْمَرُ وَ آعْرِضْ عَنِ الْمُشْرِكِيْنَ ( الْمُشْرِكِيْنَ ( الْمُشْتَهْزِءِيْنَ أَخْرَ، الَّذِينَ يَجْعَلُوْنَ مَعَ اللَّهِ إِلٰهَا أَخَرَ، فَسَوْفَ يَعْلَمُوْنَ (

\*91. Like always We shall send down *punishment* upon those who become split into sects, \*92. And who would split the Qur'ān into segments.

**Note:** We prefer to translate the verses (88-92) in the future tense rather than the past because we consider them to possess a grave warning to Muslims. There is no wonder why the past tense is used to indicate future, because most of such prophecies as are inevitably bound to be fulfilled are expressed in the past tense in the Holy Qur'ān. The past is unchangeable. Prophecies in the past tense emphasise certainty. Thus the translation should run as follows:

"And We have, indeed given thee the seven oft repeated verses and the great Qur'ān. Do not stretch your cycs with greed towards the transient pleasure We have bestowed upon various groups among them, and grieve not over them; and lower your wing of mercy for the believers. And say, I am a plain Warner indeed. Like always, We shall send down punishment upon those who become split into sects, and who would split the Qur'ān into segments."

This translation becomes evidently more appropriate when we bring into view the context of these verses and discover that the preceding verses begin with a dramatic introduction of the Holy Qur'ān as a great Book. So all those who, despite claiming subservience to the Qur'ān, disregard its most central message of unity, and get split into sects and to prove their own interpretation to be right end up by practically splitting the Qur'ān into segments: each group sticking to some verses interpreting them to their own advantage as against others who stick to some other verses interpreting them to their own advantage. This split is described to be so sharp and final that there is left no possibility of compromise between different warring factions. This causes people of the same *ummah* to split into sects and in the same process to divide the Qur'ān into segments.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ th \ \vdots \ \mid h \ 7 \ \mid \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid \ dh \ \dot{s} \ \mid \ s \ of \ ransiliteration \ on \ page \ p'). \end{array}$ 

Part	14	- 16	رُبُمَا
------	----	------	---------

98. And, indeed, We know that thy bosom becomes straitened because of what they say.

99. But glorify thy Lord praising Him, and be of those who prostrate themselves *before Him*.

100. And continue worshipping thy Lord, till death comes to thee.

	•	
نا	دَنَعْلَمُ ٱنَّلَكَ يَضِيقُ صَدْدُكَ بِ	ۇكقً
	فَى	يَقُوْلُوْ
	<i>څ</i> بِحَمْدِ رَبِّل <sup>ي</sup> وَ ڪُنْ مِّر	فَسَبِّ
	حِدِيْنَ 🕅	
ie de	؞ ۮڒڹۜڮؘػؾ۠ۨؽٵٛؾؚؽػٵڷؾۊؚؽڽۢ	ۇ اغب



**AN-NAḤL** (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. The decree of Allāh is coming, so seek ye not to hasten it. Holy is He, and exalted above all that which they associate *with Him*.

\*3. He sends down the angels with revelation by His command on whomsoever of His servants He pleases *saying*, 'Warn *people* that there is no God but I, so take Me *alone* for your Protector.'

4. He has created the heavens and the earth in accordance with the requirements of wisdom. Exalted is He above all that they associate *with Him*.

5. He has created man from a drop of fluid, but lo! he is an open disputer.

\*6. And the cattle too He has created; you find in them warmth and *other* uses; and some of them you eat.

 And in them there is beauty for you when you bring *them* home in the evening, and when you drive *them* forth to pasture in the morning.
 And they carry your loads to a land which you could not reach except with great hardship to بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () ٱتٓى ٱمْرُ اللهِ فَلَا تَسْتَعْجِ لُوْهُ، سُبْحْنَهُ وَتَعْلَى عَمَّا يُشْرِكُوْنَ ﴿

يُنَزِّلُ الْمَلَئِكَةَ بِالرُّوْجِ مِنْ آمْرِ بِعَلْى مَنْ يَشَاءُ مِنْ عِبَادِ بِآنَ آنْزُرُوَّا آنَّهُ كَآ اِلْهَ الَّآ آنَا فَاتَّقُوْنِ ؟

خَلَقَ السَّمٰوٰتِ وَ الْأَدْضَ بِالْحَقِّ ـ تَعْلَى عَمَّا يُشْرِكُوْنَ۞

خَلَقَ الْإِنْسَانَ مِنْ تُّطْفَةٍ فَإِذَا هُوَ خَصِيْمَ مُبِيْنَ۞ وَ الْأَنْعَامَ خَلَقَهَا ، لَكُمْ فِيْهَا دِفْعً وَ مَنَافِعُ وَمِنْهَا تَاكُلُوْنَ۞ وَ لَكُمْ فِيْهَا جَمَالُ حِيْنَ تُرِيْحُوْنَ وَحِيْنَ تَسْرَحُوْنَ۞

ݸ ﺗَحْمِلُ ٱثْقَالَكُمْ الْى بَلَدٍ لَّمْ تَكُوْنُوْا بْلِغِيْمِ الَّا بِشِقِّ الْآنْفُسِ - اِنَّ دَبَّكُمْ

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ \tau | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau}$ 

<sup>\*3.</sup> He sends down the angels with revelation by His command on whomsoever of His servants He pleases saying, 'Warn people that there is no God but I, so fear Me alone.'

<sup>\*6.</sup> And the cattle too He has created; you find in them warmth and many other benefits; and some of them you cat.

yourselves. Surely, your Lord is Compassionate, Merciful.

9. And *He has created* horses and mules and asses that you may ride them, and as *a source of* beauty. And He will create what you do not *yet* know.

10. And upon Alläh rests the *showing of the* right way, and there are ways which deviate *from the right course*. And if He had *enforced* His will, He would have guided you all.

R. 2.

11. He it is Who sends down water for you from the clouds; out of it you have your drink, and there *grow* from it trees on which you pasture *your cattle*.

\*12. Therewith He grows corn for you, and the olive and the datepalm, and the grapes, and all kinds of fruits. Surely, in that is a Sign for a people who reflect.

13. And He has pressed into service for you the night and the day, and the sun and the moon; and the stars *too* have been pressed into service by His command. Surely, in that are Signs for a people who make use of their reason.

14. And *He has pressed into service* the things He has created for you in

لَرَءُوْفَ رَّحِيْمٌ ۞ وَ الْخَيْلَ وَ الْبِخَالَ وَ الْحَمِيْرَ لِتَرْكَبُوْهَا وَ زِيْنَةً • وَ يَخْلُقُ مَا لَا تَعْلَمُوْنَ۞ وَ عَلَى اللَّهِ قَصْدُ السَّبِيْلِ وَ مِنْهَا جَائِرً • وَلَوْ شَآءَلَهَ لِكُمْ اَجْمَعِيْنَ۞ خُ

هُوَ الَّذِي ٱنْزَلَ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً تَكُمْ مِنْهُ شَرَابَ وَّ مِنْهُ شَجَرً فِيْهِ تُسِيْمُوْنَ() يُنْبِتُ لَكُمْ بِهِ الزَّرْعَ وَ الزَّيْتُوْنَ وَ النَّخِيْلَ وَ الْاَعْنَابَ وَ مِنْ حُلِّ التَّمَرْتِ لِنَ فِي ذٰلِكَ لَايَةً لِّقَوْمٍ وَ سَخَّرَ لَكُمُ الَّيْلَ وَ النَّهَارَدوَ الشَّمْسَ وَ الْقَمَرَ وَ النَّجُوْمُ مُسَخَّرْتَ بِآمَرِةٍ إِنَّ فِي ذٰلِكَ لَاٰيَتٍ لِقَوْمٍ يَحْقِلُوْنَ أَ

وَمَاذَرًا لَكُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ مُخْتَلِفًا

\*12. Therewith He grows crops of all kinds for you, and the olive and the date-palm, and the grapes, and all sorts of fruits. Surely, in that is a Sign for a people who reflect.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ \tau & | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} & | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} & | \ dh$ 

the earth, varying in colours. Surely, in that is a Sign for a people who take heed.

15. And He it is Who has subjected *to you* the sea that you may eat therefrom fresh flesh, and may take forth therefrom ornaments which you wear. And thou seest the ships ploughing through it, *that you may thereby journey* and that you may seek of His bounty and that you may be grateful.

\*16. And He has placed in the earth firm mountains lest it quake with you, and rivers and routes that you may take the right way.

17. And, *other* marks *too; by them* and by the stars they follow the right direction.

18. Is He, then, Who creates like one who creates not? Will you not then take heed? ٱلْوَانُهُ دَاِنَّ فِنْ ذَٰلِكَ لَا يَةً لِّقَوْمٍ تَذَكَّرُوْنَ۞ وَهُوَ الَّذِيْ سَخَّرَ الْبَحْرَ لِتَاْحُلُوْا مِنْهُ لَحْمًا طَرِيًّا وَ تَسْتَخْرِجُوْا مِنْهُ حِلْيَةً تَلْبَسُوْنَهَا ، وَ تَرَى الْفُلْكَ مَوَاخِرَ فِيْهِ وَ لِتَبْتَعُوْا مِنْ فَضْلِهِ وَ لَعَلَّحُمْ فِيْهِ وَ لِتَبْتَعُوْا مِنْ فَضْلِهِ وَ لَعَلَّحُمْ وَ الْفُرُونَ۞ وَ الْفُرَا وَ سُبُلًا لَتَكَلَّحُمْ مَهْ يَهْ تَدُوْنَ۞ وَ عَلْمَتٍ وَ بِالنَّجْمِ هُمْ يَهْ تَدُوْنَ۞ افَمَنْ يَخْلُقُ كَمَنْ لَا يَخْلُقُ دِ أَفَلَا تَذَكَرُوْنَ۞

\*16. And He has placed in the earth firm mountains to sustain you, and rivers and paths so that you keep to the right path.

Note: Many scholars have translated the phrase an tamīda bikum (أَنْ تَعْيَدُوْ كُمْلُ) as 'quake' which if accepted would mean that God is counting His bounties upon mankind by reminding them that He has created mountains to cause great earthquakes spelling destructions far and wide. Unfortunately, it has been ignored that the word tamīda ( $z_{0,2}$ ) is derived from  $m\bar{a}da$  ( $z_{0,3}$ ) which means to provide food. The word  $m\bar{a}$  idah ( $z_{0,2}$ ) used in the Holy Qur'ān is from the same infinitive. With this meaning in view the entire understanding of this verse will be transformed. It will remind mankind that God has created mountains which are essential for providing food to all living beings. The water is constantly lifted from lakes, seas and oceans by evaporation carried by higher altitude to get condensed into thicker particles. The existence of mountains is essential for turning the vapour into water again, thus producing wide-spread rains which are channelled back to carth to create immense food chains. This translation is the only one which fits into the context and is in perfect agreement with the remaining part of the verse. The correct meaning, therefore, would be: 'He has entrenched mountains over the earth so that they may provide you with food, and rivers and tracks so that you may be guided.'

The relation of water and food is obvious. In the history of civilisation it was rivers which played the most important role in making the mountainous terrains possible and paths were carved along the courses of rivers. Ě

چ

19. And if you try to count the favours of Allah, you will not be able to number them. Surely, Allah is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

20. And Allah knows what you conceal and what you disclose.

21. And those on whom they call beside Allah create not anything, but they are themselves created.

22. They are dead, not living; and they know not when they will be raised.

# R. 3.

23. Your God is One God. And as to those who believe not in the Hereafter, their hearts are strangers to truth, and they are full of pride.

24. Undoubtedly, Allah knows what they conceal and what they disclose. Surely, He loves not the proud.

25. And when it is said to them, 'What think ye of that which your Lord has sent down?', they say, 'Stories of the ancients.'

26. That they may bear their burdens in full on the Day of Resurrection, and also a portion of the burdens of those whom they lead astray without knowledge. Behold! evil is that which they bear.

## R. 4.

27. Those who were before them did also plan, but Allah came upon structure their the at verv

وَ إِنْ تَعُدُّوا نِعْمَةَ اللهِ لَا تُحْصُوْهَا. إِنَّ اللَّهُ لَغَفُوْ رَّجْمَمُ () وَ اللهُ مَعْلَمُ مَاتُسِرُّوْنَ وَ مَاتُعْلِنُوْنَ ٢ وَ الَّذَيْنَ يَدْعُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ كَا يَخْلُقُوْنَ شَنْعًا وَّ هُمْ يُخْلَقُوْنَ أُ اَمْوَاتٌ غَيْرُ اَحْتَاءٍ ، وَ مَا يَشْعُرُونَ ا اَتّان سُنعَتُون ش الْهُكُمْ إِلْهُ وَاحِدً ، فَاتَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِالْاخِرَةِ قُلُوْبُهُمْ مُنْكِرَةً وَّ هُمْ مُسْتَكْبِرُوْنَ] لَا جَزَمَ أَتَّ اللَّهُ مَعْلَمُ مَا يُسِرُّوْنَ وَ مَا يُعْلِنُوْنَ \* إِنَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُسْتَكْبِرِيْنَ @ وَ إِذَا قَعْلَ لَهُمْ مَّاذَآ أَنْزَلَ رَبُّهُمْ مّ قَالُهْ الساطِعْرُ الْأَوَّ لِعْنَاهُ ۣڸؾڿڡڵۉۤٵۘۯ**ڒؘٳۯۿۿڒػٳ**ڡ۪ڵڎٙؾۜۉڡٙڔٳڷۊڸڝٙ وَمِنْ أَوْزَارِ الَّذِيْتَ يُضِلُّوْنَهُمْ بِغَيْرِ عِلْمِ اللسَاءَمَا يَزِرُوْنَ ٢

قَدْ مَكَرَ الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ فَاتَى اللَّهُ بُنْيَانَهُمْ مِّنَ الْقَوَاعِدِ فَخَرَّ عَلَيْهِمُ ء ' | ق q | غ k | gh ؛ | ظ z | ط t م ص s اذ th ث h ۲ | kh ۲ | dh اث s ص ص ض h رح (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

foundations, so that the roof fell down upon them from above them; and the punishment came upon them from where they knew not.

28. Then on the Day of Resurrection He will disgrace them and will say, "Where are My 'partners' for whose sake you used to oppose *the Prophets*?" Those endowed with knowledge will say, 'This day disgrace and affliction will surely *fall* on the disbelievers,'

29. Those whom the angels cause to die while they are wronging their souls. Then will they offer submission, *saying*, 'We used not to do any evil.' Nay, surely, Allāh knows well what you used to do.

30. So enter the gates of Hell, to abide therein. Evil indeed is the abode of the proud.

31. And *when* it is said to the righteous, 'What *think ye of* that which your Lord has revealed?' they say, 'The best.' For those who do good there is good in this world. And the home of the Hereafter is even better. Excellent indeed is the abode of the righteous—

32. Gardens of Eternity, which they will enter; through them flow streams. They will have therein what they wish for. Thus does Allāh reward the righteous,

33. Those whom the angels cause to die while they are pure. They

السَّقْفُ مِنْ فَوْقِهِمْ وَ ٱتْسَهُمُ الْعَذَابُ مِنْ حَنْتُ لَا يَشْعُرُوْنَ ثُمَّ يَوْمَ الْقِيْمَةِ يُخْزِيْهِمْ وَيَقُوْلُ آَيْنَ شُرَكَاءِي الَّذِينَ كُنْتُمْ تُشَاقُون فِيْهِمْ قَالَ الَّذِيْنَ أَوْتُوا الْعِلْمَرِ إِنَّ الْجِزْيَ الْيَوْمَرَ السُّوْءَ عَلَى الْكُفِرِيْنَ الْ المَنْيِنَ تَتَوَفْيهُمُ الْمَلْئِكَةُ ظَالِحِيَ ٱنْفُسِهمْ فَٱلْقَوْا السَّلَمَ مَاكُنًا نَعْمَلُ مِنْ سُوَءٍ ، بَلَّى إِنَّ اللهَ عَلِيْمُ بمَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُوْنَ فَادْخُلُوْا آثوابَ جَهَنَّهُ خِلِدِيْنَ فَيْهَا فَكَبِئْسَ مَثْوَى الْمُتَكَبَرِيْنَ ؟ وَقِيْلَ لِلَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا مَاذَآ آنْزَلَ رَبُّكُمْ. قَالُوْا خَيْرًا ، لِلَّذِيْنَ أَحْسَنُوْا فِيْ هَذِهِ الدُّنْيَا حَسَنَةً • وَلَدَارُ الْإَخِرَةِ خَيْرً • وَلَنِعْمَر دَارُ الْمُتَّقِيْنَ أَ

جَنَّتُ عَدْنٍ تَدْخُلُوْنَهَا تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهُرُ لَهُمْ فِيْهَا مَا يَشَا ءُوْنَ -كَذٰلِكَ يَجْزِى اللَّهُ الْمُتَّقِيْنَ اللَّ الَّذِيْنَ تَتَوَفَّهُ مُ الْمَلْئِكَةُ طَيِّبِيْنَ

say: 'Peace be unto you! Enter Heaven because of what you used to do.'

34. What do they wait for except that the angels should come upon them or that the decree of thy Lord should come to pass? So did those who were before them. Allah did not wrong them, but they used to wrong themselves.

35. So the evil *result* of what they did befell them, and that which they used to mock at encompassed them.

#### R. 5.

36. Those who set up equals to God say: 'If Allah had so willed, we should not have worshipped anything beside Him, neither we nor our fathers, nor should we have forbidden anything without command from Him.' So did those who were before them. But are the Messengers responsible for anything except the plain delivery of the Message?

37. And We did raise among every people a Messenger, preaching: 'Worship Allah and shun the Evil One.' Then among them were some whom Allah guided and among them were some who became deserving of ruin. So travel through the earth, and see what was the end of those who treated the Prophets as liars!

38. If thou art solicitous of their guidance, then know that Allah surely guides not those who lead others astray. And for such there are no helpers.

بَقُوْلُونَ سَلْمَ عَلَيْكُمُ الدُخُلُوا الْحَنَّةَ بمَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُوْنَ @ هَلْ يَنْظُرُوْنَ إِلَّهُ آَنْ تَا تِبَهُمُ الْمَلَئِكَةُ ٱوْيَاتِيَ ٱمْرُرَبِّكَ كَذٰلِكَ فَعَلَ الَّذِيْنَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ وَمَاظَلَمَهُمُ اللهُ وَلَكِنْ كَانُوْا ٱنْفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُوْنَ. فَاَصَابَهُمْ سَيِّاتُ مَاعَمِلُوْا وَ حَاقَ بهمرمماكانوابه يشتهزءون ġ وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ ٱشْرَكُوْا لَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ مَا عَبَدْنَا مِنْ دُوْنِهِ مِنْ شَيْءٍ نَّحْنُ وَ ݣَ اباؤناو كاختر منامين دونيه مين شيء كَذٰلِكَ فَعَلَ الَّذِيْنَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ \* فَهَلْ عَلَى الرُّسُلِ إِلَّا الْبَلْخُ الْمُبِيْنُ @ وَ لَقَدْ بَعَثْنَا فِي حُلّ أُمَّةٍ رَّسُوْلًا أَن اعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ وَاجْتَنِيُوا الطَّاغُوْتَ، فَمِنْهُمْ مَنْ هَدَى اللهُ وَ مِنْهُمْ مَّنْ حَقَّتْ عَلَيْهِ الضَّلْكَةُ • فَسِيْرُوْا فِي الْأَرْضِ فَانْظُرُوْا كَيْفَ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ الْمُكَزِّبِيْنَ ٢ إِنْ تَحْرِضْ عَلْى هُدْبِهُمْ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ كَا <u>ىَفْدِيْ مَنْ تُضِلُّ 5 مَا لَهُمْ مِّنْ نُصِرِيْنَ m</u>

ء : ا ق p | غ h ح | kh خ | dh خ | ع م ب (380 ص ع ا خ h ح | h ح | h خ | dh خ ا م ا م ا ا ع ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

39. And they swear by Allah their strongest oaths, that Allah will not raise up those who die. Nay, He will certainly raise them up-a promise He has made binding on Himself, but most people know not.

40. He will raise them up that He may make clear to them that wherein they differed, and that those who disbelieved may know that they were liars.

\*41. Our word to a thing, when We will it, is only that We say to it, 'Be!', and it is.

R. 6.

42. And as to those who have left their homes for the sake of Allah after they had been wronged. We will surely give them a goodly abode in this world: and truly the reward of the Hereafter is greater, if they but knew-

43. Those who are steadfast and put their trust in their Lord.

- \*44. And We sent not as Messengers before thee but men to whom We sent revelation, so ask those who possess the Reminder, if you know not.
- \*45. We sent Our Messengers with clear Signs and Scriptures. And We have sent down to thee the

وَ ٱقْسَمُوْا بِاللهِ جَهْدَ ٱيْمَانِهِ هُرِ لَا كنعث اللهُ مَنْ تَمُوْتُ مِبَلْ وَعَدًّا عَلَيْهِ حَقَّاةً لَكِنَّ آكْتُرَ النَّاسِ لَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ أَنَّ لِسُبَيِّنَ لَهُمُ الَّذِعْ يَخْتَلِفُوْنَ فِيْهِ وليعلم البنين كفرؤا أنهم كانوا ڪٰزِبِيْنَ. انَّهَا قَوْلُنَا لِشَيْءٍ إِذَا آرَدْنُهُ آنْ چ پچ نَّقُوْلَ لَهُ ڪُن**ْ فَيَ**كُوْنُ شَ وَ الَّذِيْنَ هَاجَرُوْا فِي اللهِ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا ظُلمُوْا لَنُتَوْتَنَّهُمْ فِي الدُّنْيَا حَسَنَةً -وَ كَاجْرُ الْأَخِرَةِ أَكْبَرُ م لَوْ كَانُوْا تغكمهن الَّذِينَ صَبَرُوْا وَ عَلَى رَبِّهِمْ يَتَوَ**حَّلُوْنَ** ؟ وَ مَا آدْسَلْنَا مِنْ قَبْلِكَ إِلَّا رِجَالًا تَّوْجِي إِلَيْهِمْ فَسْعَلُوْا أَهْلَ الذَّحْرِ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ لَا تَعْلَمُوْنَ بِالْبَيِّينَةِ وَالزُّبُرِ وَٱنْزَلْنَا إِلَيْهِ الذِّحْرَ لِتُبَيِّنَ لِلنَّاسِ مَا نُزَّلَ إِلَيْهِمْ

\*41. See the explanation of "كُنْ فَيَكُوْنُ" (" 'Be!' And it is") under 2:118. (Publisher)

وتفالازه

ء' | ق q | ج h ج ' | ظ z | ط t  $a i u + | th \stackrel{\circ}{\to} | h \tau | kh \dot{\tau} | dh \dot{s} | s \rightarrow 381$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

<sup>#44.</sup> And We sent not as Messengers before thee but men to whom We sent revelation so ask those who are the custodians of divine scriptures, if you know not.

<sup>\*45.</sup> We sent them with clear Signs and Scriptures. And We have sent down to you the reminder that you may explain to mankind that which has been sent down to them, and that they may reflect.

لنصف

Reminder that thou mayest explain to mankind that which has been sent down to them, and that they may reflect.

46. Do, then, those who devise evil plans feel secure that Allāh will not make them sink into the land, or that the punishment will not come upon them from whence they do not know?

47. Or that He will not seize them in their going to and fro so that they shall not be able to frustrate *God's plans*?

48. Or that He will not seize them by *a process of* gradual destruction? Your Lord is indeed Compassionate, Merciful.

49. Have they not seen that the shadows of everything which Allāh has created shift from the right and *from* the left, prostrating themselves to Allāh, while they are being humbled?

50. And whatever is in the heavens and whatever creature is in the earth submits *humbly* to Allāh, and the angels *too*, and they do not behave proudly.

51. They fear their Lord above them, and do what they are 3 commanded.

# R. 7.

52. Allāh has said, 'Take not *for worship* two gods. There is only One God. So fear Me alone.'

وَلَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَفَكَّرُوْنَ®

ٱفَاَمِنَ الَّذِيْنَ مَكْرُوا السَّيِّاٰتِ ٱنْ يَخْسِفَ اللَّهُ بِهِمُ الْاَدْضَ ٱوْ يَاْتِيَهُمُ الْعَذَابُمِنْ حَيْثُ كَايَشْعُرُوْنَ۞

اَوْ يَاخُذَهُمْ فِيْ تَقَلُّبِهِمْ فَمَا هُمْ بِمُعْجِزِيْنَ۞

ٱۯۛؽؗٛڬؙۮؘۿۿؘؚۛۜۛۜۜڡؙؖۜڶؾڂؘۊ۠ڣٟ؞ڣٙٳؾٞڒڹۧػؙۿ ڵڒٷۏٛڣ۫ٞڗۜڿؽۿٙ۞

ٱ وَ لَمْ يَرَوْا إِلَىٰ مَا خَلَقَ اللهُ مِنْ شَيْءٍ يَتَفَيَّؤُا ظِلْلُهُ عَنِ الْيَمِيْنِ وَ الشَّمَا يَلِ سُجَّدًا تِلْوِوَ هُمْ دَاخِرُوْنَ @

وَ لِتَّهِ يَسْجُدُمَا فِ السَّمْوَتِ وَ مَا فِي الْاَرْضِ مِنْ دَآتَبَةٍ وَّ الْمَلْئِكَةُ وَ هُمْ لَا يَسْتَكْبِرُوْنَ@

يخَافُوْن رَبَّهُمْ مِّنْ فَوْقِهِمْ وَ يَفْعَلُوْنَ مَا يُؤْمَرُوْنَ۞

وَ قَالَ اللهُ لا تَتَخِذُوٓا اللهَيْنِ اثْنَيْنِ: إِنَّمَاهُوَ إِلٰهَ وَاحِدٍ ، فَإِيَّايَ فَارْهَبُوْنِ @

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ (h \ 7 \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ (see details of transitieration on page 'p').$ 

\*53. And to Him belongs whatsoever is in the heavens and the earth and to Him is due obedience for ever. Will you then fear any other than Allāh?

54. And whatever blessing you have, it is from Allāh. And when affliction befalls you, it is unto Him that you cry *for help*.

55. Then, when He removes the affliction from you, behold! a party among you *begins to* attribute equals to their Lord,

56. So that they deny that which We have bestowed upon them. Well, enjoy yourselves a little; but soon will you know.

57. And they set apart *for the false deities* of which they know nothing a portion of that which We have bestowed on them. By Allāh, you shall certainly be called to account for all that you have forged.

58. And they ascribe daughters to Allāh—Holy is He!—while they *themselves* have what they desire.

59. And when to one of them is conveyed the tidings of *the birth of* a female, his face darkens, while he suppresses *his inward* grief.

60. He hides himself from the people because of the bad news he has had: 'Shall he keep it in spite of disgrace or bury it in the dust?' Verily, evil is that which they judge.

وَلَهٔ مَافِ السَّہٰوٰتِ وَ الْاَدْضِ وَ لَهُ الدِّيْنُ وَاصِبًا ﴿ اَفَغَيْرَ اللّٰهِ تَتَّقُوْنَ @

وَمَا بِكُمْ مِّنْ نِّحْمَةٍ فَمِنَ اللهِ ثُمَّرً إِذَا مَسَّكُمُ الضُّرُّ فَإِلَيْهِ تَجْحُرُوْنَ أَ شُمَّر إِذَا كَشَفَ الضُّرَّ عَنْكُمْ إِذَا فَرِيْقَ مِنْكُمْ بِرَبِّهِمْ يُشْرِكُوْنَ أَ

لِيَحْفُرُوْابِمَ التَيْنَهُمْ فَتَمَتَّعُوْاد فَسَوْفَ تَعْلَمُوْنَ@

ۇ يېجْعَلُوْنَ لِمَا كَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ نَصِيْبًا مِّمَّا رَزَقْنْهُمْ د تَاللَّهِ لَتُسْتَلُنَّ عَمَّا كُنْتُمْ تَفْتَرُوْنَ@

ۅؘؾۼٛۜؖؖۜۜۼؖڵۉٮؘٚٮؚڵۑؚ ٵڷڹٮۤٵؾؚڛؙڋڂٮٞ؋ ۅؘڶۿؗؗؗۿؚ؆ؘؾۺٛؾۿۏؾ۞ ۅؘٳۮٙٵڹؙۺؚٙڒٲػۮۿۿڔۑؚٵڵٵٛڹٛڿ۠ڟؘڵٙۉڋۿ؋ مؙۺۅڐٵۊۜۿۅؘػڟؚؽۿٙ۞ٙ

يَتَوَاذى مِنَ الْقَوْمِ مِنْ سُوَّءِ مَا بُشِّرَبِهِ ٱيُمْسِكُهٔ عَلْى هُوْتٍ آمْ يَدُسُّهُ فِي التُّرَابِ الَاسَاَءَ مَا يَحْكُمُوْنَ ۞

\*53. And to Him belongs whatsoever is in the heavens and the earth and to Him eternally belongs *the right to determine* the path.

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ (h \ 7 | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{s} | \ \alpha \ s \ (383)$   $a \ i \ u + | \ \dot{c} \ h \ 7 | \ h \ \dot{\tau} | \ h \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{s} | \ \dot{c} \ (383)$   $(See details of transliteration on page \ p').$ 

ين کي

\*61. The state of those who do not believe in the Hereafter is evil, while Allāh's attribute is sublime and He is the Mighty, the Wise.

# R. 8.

62. And if Allāh were to punish men for their wrongdoing, He would not leave thereon a living creature, but He gives them respite till an appointed term; and when their term is come, they cannot remain behind a single hour, nor can they go ahead *of it*.

63. And they attribute to Allāh what they dislike *for themselves* and their tongues utter the lie that they will have the best *of everything*. Undoubtedly, theirs shall be the Fire, and *therein* shall they be abandoned.

64. By Allāh, We did send *Messengers* to the peoples before thee; but Satan made their works *appear* beautiful to them. So he is their patron this day, and they shall have a grievous punishment.

65. And We have not sent down to thee the Book except that thou mayest explain to them that concerning which they differ, and as a guidance, and a mercy for a people who believe.

66. And Allāh has sent down water from the sky, and has quickened therewith the earth after its death. Surely, in that is a Sign for a people who would hear. يْنَ لَا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِالْأَخِرَةِ مَثَلُ لِشَهْءٍ وَبِتَّهِ الْمَتَّكُ الْأَعْلَى وَهُوَ الْعَزِيْزُ الْحَكْمُ ٢ وَ لَهُ تُؤَاخِذُ اللهُ النَّاسَ بِظُلْمِهِمْ مَّا تَكِكَ عَلَيْهَا مِنْ ذَاتَيَةٍ وَلَكُنْ تُؤَخِّرُهُمْ إِلَى أَجَبِ تُمْسَحًّى ، فَبِإِذَا جَاءَ أَجَلُهُ ىشتاخرۇن ساغة وكا كشتقدمەن، وَ يَجْعَلُوْنَ بِلَّهِ مَا يَكْرَهُوْنَ وَ تَصفُ ٱلْسنَتُهُمُ الْكَذِبَ إِنَّ لَهُمُ الْحُسْنِي ﴿ كَا جَرَمَ أَنَّ لَهُمُ النَّارَ وَ أَنَّهُمُ مَفْرَطُهْ نَ٣ تَابِتُه لَقَدْ اَدْسَلْنَا إِلَى أُمَم تِبْ فَنَتَبَ لَهُمُ الشَّيْطِنُ أَعْمَالَهُمْ فَهُمَ وَلِتُهُمُ الْبَهْ مَرْوَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ ٱلْبُمَّ ٢ وَمَا ٱنْزَلْنَاعَلَيْكَ الْكِتْتِ إِلَّا لِتُبَتَنَ لَهُمُ الَّذِي اخْتَكَفُوْا فِيْهِ اوْ هُدًى وَ رَحْمَةً لِّقَوْمِ يُؤْمِنُوْنَ 🕫 وَ اللهُ ٱنْزَلَ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً فَاحْيَا بِهِ الْأَدْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا ﴿ إِنَّ فِي ذَٰلِكَ ݣُا لِقَوْمِ يَسْمَعُوْنَ 🕅

\*61. Those who do not believe in the Hereafter to them applies the worst similitude; while to Allāh belongs that which is the loftiest and He is the Mighty, the Wise.

R. 9.

67. And surely in the cattle *too* there is a lesson for you. We give you to drink of what is in their bellies, from betwixt the faeces and the blood, milk pure *and* pleasant for those who drink *it*.

68. And of the fruits of the datepalms and the grapes, whence you obtain intoxicating drink and wholesome food. Verily, in that is a Sign for a people who make use of their reason.

69. And thy Lord has inspired the bee, *saying*, 'Make thou houses in the hills and in the trees and in the trellises which they build.

- \*70. 'Then eat of every *kind of* fruit, and follow the ways of thy Lord *that have been* made easy *for thee.*' There comes forth from their bellies a drink of varying hues. Therein is cure for men. Surely, in that is a Sign for a people who reflect.
- \*71. And Allāh creates you, then He causes you to die; and there are *some* among you who are driven to the worst part of life, with the result that they know nothing after *having had* knowledge. Surely, Allāh is All-Knowing, Powerful.

وَإِنَّ لَكُمْ فِي الْأَنْعَامِ لَعِبْرَةً مِنْسَقِيْكُمْ بِّمَمَا فَيْ بُطُوْنِهِ مِنْ بَيْنِ فَرْثِ وَ دَمِر لَّبَنًا خَالِصًا سَآئِغًا لِّلشَّرِبِيْنَ ۞ وَ مِنْ ثَمَاتِ النَّخِيْلِ وَ الْأَعْنَابِ تَتَّخِذُوْنَ مِنْهُ سَكَرًا وَّ رِزْقًا حَسَنًا اِنَّ فَيْ ذَلِكَ لَأُ يَةً بِتَقَوْمِ يَعْقِدُونَ ٠ وَ اَوْحِي رَبُّكَ إِلَى النَّحْلِ أَنِ اتَّجْذِيْ مِنَ الْجِبَالِ بُيُوْتًا وَّ مِنَ الشَّجَر وَمِمَّا يَعْرِ شُوْنَ 🖑 ثُمَّر كُلِيْ مِنْ كُلِّ الشَّمَرٰتِ فَاسْلُكِيْ سُبُلَ رَبِّكٍ ذُلُلًا ۦ يَخْرُجُ مِنْ بُطُوْنِهَا شَرَابٌ مُّخْتَلِفٌ ٱلْوَانُهُ فِيْهِ شِفَاءً يِّلنَّاسٍ ، إنَّ في ذلكَ كَامَةً بِّقَوْمِ تَتَفَكُّ وْنَ ٥ اللهُ خَلَقَكُمْ ثُمَّ يَتَوَفَّىكُمْ **الْحَا**مَ مِنْكُمْ مَّنْ يُّكَرَدُ إِلَى أَرْذَلِ الْعُمُرِ لِكَيْ كَا يَعْلَمُ يَعْدَعِلْمِ شَيْئًا إِنَّ اللَّهُ عَلَيْمُ قَدِيرُ ٥ 6

<sup>\*70. &#</sup>x27;Then eat of every *kind of* fruit, and then pursue submissively the paths prescribed by your Lord.'

<sup>\*71.</sup> And Alläh creates you, then He causes you to die; and there are *some* among you who reach the age of senility with the result that they lose all knowledge after having gained it.

R. 10.

72. And Allāh has favoured some of you above others in *worldly* gifts. But those more favoured will not restore *any part of* their *worldly* gifts to those whom their right hands possess, so that they may be equal *sharers* in them. Will they then deny the favour of Allāh?

73. And Allāh has made for you mates from among yourselves, and has made for you, from your mates, sons and grandsons, and has provided you with good things. Will they then believe in vain things and deny the favour of Allāh?

74. And they worship beside Allāh such as have no power to bestow on them any gift from the heavens or the earth, nor can they *ever* have such power.

75. So coin not similitudes for Allāh. Surely, Allāh knows and you know not.

76. Allāh sets forth the parable of a slave who is owned, having no power over anything; and *a free man* whom We have provided with a fair provision from Ourself, and he spends thereof secretly and openly. Are they equal? Praise be to Allāh! But most of them know not.

77. And Allāh sets forth *another* parable of two men: one of them is dumb, having no power over

٤ الله فَضَّلَ بَعْضَكُمْ عَلْ بَعْضٍ فِى الرِّزْقِ ، فَمَا الَّزِيْنَ فُضِّلُوْا بِرَآجَيْ رِزْقِهِمْ عَلْ مَا مَلَكَتْ اَيْمَا نُهُمْ فَهُمْ فِيْهِ سَوَآءً اَفَبِنِعْمَةِ اللهِ يَجْحَدُوْنَ ﴾ فِيْهِ سَوَآءً اَفَبِنِعْمَةِ اللهِ يَجْحَدُوْنَ ﴾ دَ اللهُ جَعَلَ لَكُمْ مِّنْ آنْفُسِكُمْ آزْوَاجًاوَّ جَعَلَ لَكُمْ مِّنْ آزْوَاجِكُمْ آزْوَاجًاوَ جَعَلَ لَكُمْ مِّنْ آزْوَاجِكُمْ مَنِيْنَ وَحَفَدَةً وَ رَزَقَكُمْ مِّنْ آزْوَاجِكُمْ مَنْيَنَ وَحَفَدَةً وَ رَزَقَكُمْ مِّنْ الطَّيِبِاتِ مَنْيَنَ وَحَفَدَةً وَ رَزَقَكُمْ مِنْ الطَّيِبِاتِ مَنْ يَنْ وَ مَنْ مُوْنَ اللهِ مَا لَا يَمْلِكُ مَعْمَ رِزْقًا مِّنَ السَّمُوتِ وَ الأَرْضِ شَيْعًا وَ لا يَسْتَطْنَعُوْنَ أَنْ

مَي رَ بَ يَعْمَرِهُوْلَ عَلَيْهُ الْكَمْتَالَ ، إِنَّ اللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ وَ ٱنْتُمْ لَا تَعْلَمُوْنَ صَرَب اللَّهُ مَثَلًا عَبْدًا مَّمْلُوْكًا لَا يَقْدِرُ عَلْ شَيْءٍ وَمَنْ ذَوْقَنْهُ مِنَّارِ ذَقًا حَسَنًا عَلْ شَيْءٍ وَمَنْ ذَوْقَنْهُ مِنَا رَقَ جَهْرًا ، هَلْ يَسْتَوْنَ ، ٱلْحَمْدُ لِلَٰهِ ، بَلْ ٱ كَثَرُهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ

ۏۻٙڗڹ اللهُ مَثَـلًا ڗَجۡلَيْنِ ٱحَدُهُمَا ٱبْكَمُ لا يَقْدِرُ عَلْ شَيْءٍ وَّ هُوَ كَلَّ عَلْ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ (h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ (see details of transitieration on page \ p').$ 

بغ ۳

anything, and he is a burden to his master; whithersoever he sends him, he brings no good. Can he be equal to him who enjoins justice and who is himself on the straight path?

### **R.** 11.

78. And to Allāh belongs the unseen of the heavens and the earth; and the matter of the Hour is but as the twinkling of an eye, nay, it is nearer still. Surely, Allāh has power over all things.

79. And Allāh brought you forth from the wombs of your mothers while you knew nothing, and gave you ears and eyes and hearts, that you might be grateful.

\*80. Do they not see the birds held under subjection in the vault of heaven? None keeps them back save Allāh. Verily, in that are Signs for a people who believe.

81. And Allāh has made your homes, a place of rest for you and has made for you, of the skins of cattle, abodes which you find light at the time when you travel and at the time when you halt; and of their wool, and their furs, and their hair, *He has supplied you with* household goods and articles of use for a time.

82. And Allāh has made for you, of

مۇلىمە « اَيْنَمَا يُوَجِّهْةُ كَا يَاتِ بِخَيْرٍ ، ھل يَشتَوِيْ هُوَ « وَ مَنْ يَّاْمُرُ بِالْحَدْلِ» وَ هُوَ عَلْى صِرَاطٍ مُّسْتَقِيْمٍ هُ

وَيِلْهِ غَيْبُ السَّمَوْتِ وَ الْأَرْضَ وَ مَا آمَرُ السَّاعَةِ الَّا كَلَمَحِ الْبَصَرِ آوْ هُوَ آقْرَبُ السَّاعَةِ الَّه عَلَى عُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَرِيْرً ( وَ اللَّهُ آخْرَجَكُمْ مِنْ بُطُوْتِ أَمَّهْتِكُمْ لَا تَعْلَمُوْتَ شَيْئًا " وَ جَعَلَ لَكُمُ السَّمْعَ وَالْأَبْصَارَ وَ الْأَفْئِرَةَ " لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُوْنَ ()

ٱلَمْ يَرَوَا إِلَى الطَّيْرِ مُسَخَّرَتٍ فِيْ جَوِّ السَّمَاءِ ، مَا يُمْسِكُهُنَّ إِلَّا اللَّهُ ، إِنَّ فِي ذٰلِكَ لَا يَتٍ لِقَوْمِ يُؤْمِنُوْنَ () وَ اللَّهُ جَعَلَ لَكُمْ مِّنْ جُلُوْدِ الْآنْعَامِ تَجْعَلَ لَكُمْ مِّنْ جُلُوْدِ الْآنْعَامِ إِقَامَتِكُمْ اوَ مِنْ آصْوَافِهَا وَ آوْبَارِهَا وَ اللَّهُ جَعَلَ لَكُمْ مِّمَّا خَلَقٍ ظَلْلًا

\*80. Do they not observe the birds held *aloft* in midheaven? None keeps them held *aloft* but Allāh.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ & \downarrow \ h \ & \uparrow \ | \ kh \ \neq \ | \ dh \ & \downarrow \ s \ & \downarrow \ & \downarrow$ 

that which He has created, things affording shade; and He has made for you, in the mountains, places of shelter: and He has made for you garments which protect you from heat, and coats of mail which protect you in your wars. Thus does He complete His favour on you, that you may submit to Him.

83. But if they turn away, then thou art responsible only for the plain delivery of the Message.

\*84. They recognize the favour of Allah, yet they deny it; and most of them are *confirmed* disbelievers.

### R. 12.

\*85. And remember the day when We shall raise up a witness from every people, then those who disbelieve shall not be permitted to make amends, nor shall they be allowed to solicit God's favour.

86. And when those who did wrong actually see the punishment, it will not be made light for them, nor will they be granted respite.

87. And when those who associate partners with God will see their associate-gods, they will say, 'Our Lord, these are our associate-gods whom we used to call upon instead of Thee.' Thereupon, they will retort on them with the words, 'Surely, you are liars.'

وَ حَعَلَ لَكُمْ مِّنَ الْجِبَالِ ٱكْنَانًا وَّ جَعَلَ لَكُمْ سَرَابِيْلَ تَقَدُ وَ سَرَابِيْلَ تَقِيْكُمْ كَأْسَكُمْ ئتة نغمته علَيْكُم ئشلمەن 🕼 تَهَلُّهُا فَانَّهَا عَا يَحْدِفُهْنَ نَعْمَتَ الله ثُمَّ يُنْكِرُوْنَا ي چ وَ اَكْتُ هُمُ الْكَفِرُوْنَ ٢ وَ يَوْمَ نَبْعَثُ مِنْ كُلّ أُمَّةٍ شَهِيدًا ثُمَّ كَا يُؤْذَنُ لِلَّزَيْنَ كَفَرُوْا وَ لَا هُمْ ئشتغتكەن، وَإِذَا رَا الَّذَيْنَ ظَلَمُوا الْعَذَاتِ فَلَهُ بُخَفَّفُ عَنْهُمْ وَكَاهُمْ يُنْظَرُونَ ٢ وَ اذَا دَا الَّذِينَ ٱشْرَكُوْا شُرَكَا عَمْهُ قَالُوْا رَبَّنَا هَؤُكَاءِ شُرَكَاؤُنَا الَّذَبِيَ ڪُتَّا نَدْعُوْا مِرْنَ دُوْنِكَ ۽ فَٱلْقَوْا ٳڷؽۿۿڔٳڷۊٙۉڶٳڹٚۧۘػؙۿڔڸڂڋؠؙۉڹ۞

\*84. They know full well Allah's grace as they see it yet they deny it; and most of them are ingrate.

ء ' اق gh غ / ۶ | gh غ / ۴ | ط t | ض h ج 388 م ص s اذ h r | kh r | kh r | dh ، ع م s اذ 388 م ص s اذ h r | kh r (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

<sup>\*85.</sup> And remember the day when We shall raise up a witness from every people, then those who disbelieve shall not be permitted to plead nor shall their plea be accepted.

100

88. And they will offer submission to Allāh on that day, and all that they used to forge shall fail them.

89. *As for* those who disbelieve and turn *men* away from the way of Allāh, We will add punishment to their punishment because they acted corruptly.

90. And *remember* the day when We will raise up in every people a witness against them from amongst themselves, and We will bring thee as a witness against these. And We have sent down to thee the Book to explain everything, and a guidance, and a mercy, and glad tidings to those who submit *to God*.

### R. 13.

\*91. Verily, Allāh enjoins justice, and the doing of good to others; and giving like kindred; and forbids indecency, and manifest evil, and wrongful transgression. He admonishes you that you may take heed.

92. And fulfil the covenant of Allāh when you have made; and break not the oaths after making them firm, while you have made Allāh your surety. Certainly, Allāh knows what you do.

93. And be not like unto her who, after having made it strong, breaks her yarn into pieces. You make your oaths a means of deceit between you, *for fear* lest one people become

وَ ٱلْقَوْا إِلَى اللهِ تَوْمَنُذِ إِلِسَّكَمَ وَ ضَلَّ عَنْهُمْ مَّاكَانُوْا بَفْتَرُوْنَ، ذيْنَ كَفَرُوْا وَ صَدُّوْا عَنْ سَبِيْلِ اللَّهِ زِدْنْهُمْ عَذَابًا فَوْقَ الْعَذَابِ بِمَا كَانُوْا ئفسدۇن، وَ يَوْمَ نَبْعَثُ فِيْ كُلَّ أُمَّةٍ شَ عَلَيْهِمْ مِّنْ ٱنْفُسِهِمْ وَجِئْنَا لى هَهُ لَآءٍ ، وَ نَزَّلْنَا عَلَيْكَ الْكَتْبَ تَسْتَانًا لِّكُلّ شَيْءٍ وَّ هُدًى وَّ رَحْمَةً وَّ بُشْرِي لِلْمُ إن الله يَأْمُرُ بِالْعَدْلِ وَ الْاحْسَانِ وَ ابْتَاجٌ ذِي الْقُرْلِي وَ يَنْهِي عَرِن الْفَحْشَاءِ وَ الْمُنْكَرِ وَ الْبَغْيِ، تعظُكُمْ لَعَاكَمُ تَزَكَّرُوْنَ ( وَ أَوْفُوْا بِحَهْدِ اللهِ إِذَا عَاهَدْتُّمْ تنقضوا الآيمان تغدتو جيدها وَقَدْ حَعَلْتُمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ كَفِيلًا وِ الَّ الله تعْلَمُ مَا تَفْعَلُوْنَ ٠ وَلَا تَكُوْنُوْا كَالَّتِيْ نَقَضِتْ غَزْلَهَا مِنْ بَعْدِ قُوَّة ٱنْكَاثًا مِ تَتَّخِذُوْنِ ٱبْهَانَكُمْ كشبَنكُم أَنْ تَكُوْنَ أُمَّةُ هِيَ أَدْلِي مِنْ أُمَّةً

\*91. Verily, Alläh requires you to abide by justice, and to treat with grace, and give like the giving of kin to kin; and forbids indecency, and manifest evil, and transgression.

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ \tau | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau}$ 

more powerful than another. Surely, Allāh tries you therewith, and on the Day of Resurrection He will make clear to you that wherein you differed.

94. And if Allāh had *enforced* His will, He would surely have made you *all* one people; but He lets go astray him who wishes *it*, and guides him who wishes *it*; and you shall surely be questioned concerning that which you have been doing.

95. And make not your oaths a means of deceit between you; or *your* foot will slip after it has been firmly established, and you will taste evil because you turned *people* away from the path of Allāh, and you will have a severe punishment.

96. And barter not the covenant of Allāh for a paltry price. Surely, that which is with Allāh is better for you if you only knew.

\*97. That which you have shall pass away, but that which is with Allāh is lasting. And We will certainly give those who are steadfast their reward according to the best of their works.

98. Whoso acts righteously, whether male or female, and is a believer, We will surely grant him a pure life; and We will surely bestow on such their reward according to the best of their works.

ٳڹۧٛٛٛؖۜؖۘٵؾڣڵۉػؙؙؙؙؗؗؗؗؗؗؗؗۯٳٮڷ۠؋ؠ؋ۦۘۅؘڶؽڹؾڹؘؾٞڶػؙۿ ىدْ مَراثْقَلْمَة مَا كُنْتُمْ فنيه تَخْتَلْفُوْنَ<» وَ لَهُ شَاءَ اللهُ لَحَعَلَكُمْ أُمَّةً وَّاحِدَةً وَّ لَكِنْ تُضِلُّ مَنْ تَشَاءُ وَ يَهْدِيْ مَنْ تَشَاءُ وَ لَتُسْعَلُنَ عَمّا كُنْتُم تعملُدن، وَ لَا تَتَّخِذُوْا ٱبْمَانَكُمْ دَخَلًا بَعْنَكُمْ فَتَزِلَّ قَدَمَّ بَعْدَ ثُبُوْتِهَا وَ تَذُوْقُوا السُّوْاءَ بِمَا صَدَدْتُّ مْرَعَنْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ ، وَ لَكُمْ عَذَاتٌ عَظِيمَ ٥ وَكَا تَشْتَرُوْا بِعَهْدِ اللَّهِ ثَمَنَّا قَلِيْلًا -إِنَّمَا عِنْدَ اللهِ هُوَ خَيْرٌ تَّكُمْ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُوْنَ مَاعِنْدَكُمْ يَنْفَدُ وَمَاعِنْدَ اللهِ بَاقٍ، وَ لَنَجْزِيَنَ الَّذِيْنَ صَبَرُوٓا اَجْرَهُم بِأَحْسَنِ مَاكَانُوْا يَعْمَلُوْنَ ٠ مَنْ عَمِلَ صَالِحًا مِّنْ ذَكَرٍ أَوْ أُنْثَى وَ هُوَ مُؤْمِنُ فَلَنُحْيِيَنَّهُ حَيْوةً طَيّبَةً، وَلَنَجْزِيَنَّهُمْ اَجْرَهُمْ بِأَحْسَنِ مَا كَانُوْا بَعْمَلُوْنَ (

\*97. That which you have shall come to naught and whatever is with Allāh will last forever.

ول ال

99. And when thou recitest the Qur'ān, seek refuge with Allāh from Satan the rejected.

100. Surely, he has no power over those who believe and who put their trust in their Lord.

101. His power is only over those who make friends with him and who set up equals to Him.

## R. 14.

102. And when We bring one Sign in place of another—and Allāh knows best what He reveals—they say, 'Thou art but a fabricator.' Nay, but most of them know not.

103. Say, 'The Spirit of holiness has brought it down from thy Lord with truth, that He may strengthen those who believe, and as a guidance and glad tidings for Muslims.'

104. And indeed We know that they say that it is only a man who teaches him. *But* the tongue of him to whom they *unjustly* incline *in making this insinuation* is foreign, while this is Arabic tongue, plain and clear.

105. As for those who do not believe in the Signs of Allāh, surely, Allāh will not guide them, and they shall have a grievous punishment.

106. It is only those who believe not in the Signs of Allāh, that forge falsehood, and they it is who are the liars. فَرَدًا قَرَاتَ الْقُرَاتَ فَاسْتَحِذْ بِاللَّهِ مِنَ الشَّيْطِنِ الرَّجِيْمِ () اتَّهُ لَيْسَ لَهُ سُلْطَنَ عَلَى الَّذِيْنَ امْنُوْا وَ عَلَى رَبِّهِمْ يَتَوَكَّلُوْنَ () وَالَّذِيْنَ هُمْ بِهِ مُشْرِكُوْنَ () وَ اذَا بَدَّلْنَا آيَةً مَّكَانَ آيَةٍ " وَ اللَّهُ عَلَمُ بِمَا يُنَزِّلُهُ مُوَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ () مُفْتَرٍ بَلْ اكْتُرُهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ () قُلْ نَزَّلَهُ رُوْحُ الْقُدُسِ مِنْ تَبِلاً بِالْحَقِّ لِيُتَبِّتَ الَّذِينَ امْنُوْا وَ هُدًى وَ بِشَرِى لِلْمُسْلِمِينَ ()

وَلَقَدْنَعْلَمُ انَّهُمْ يَقُوْلُوْنَ إِنَّمَا يُعَلِّمُهُ بَشَرٌ ۦ لِسَانُ الَّذِيْ يُلْحِدُوْنَ إِلَيْهِ اَعْجَعِيُّ وَّ هٰذَا لِسَانً عَرَبِيُّ شُبِيْنَْ ®

اِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ كَا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِالِيتِ اللَّهِ الَّ يَهْدِيْهِمُ اللَّهُ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابَ اَلِيْمُ @

ٳڹٚؖٛۜؖۜڡٵؾڡٛٛؾٙڕى اڷػۘۏؚ۬ڹٵڷۜۏؚ۬ؽڹؘ؆ڲۊۢٛڡؚڹؙۉڹ ۑؚٳڸؾؚٳٮڷۅ؞ۅؘٲۅڵۑؙؚڬؘۿؙؙؗؗؗۄٳڷڬۮؚڹٛۉؾ۞

\*107. Whoso disbelieves in Allāh after he has believed—save him who is forced *thereto* while his heart finds peace in the faith—but such as open their breasts to disbelief, on them is Allāh's wrath; and they shall have a severe punishment.

108. That is because they have preferred the present life to the Hereafter, and because Allāh guides not the disbelieving people.

109. It is they on whose hearts and ears and eyes Allāh has set a seal. And it is they who are the heedless.

110. Undoubtedly, it is they who will be the losers in the Hereafter.

111. Then, surely, thy Lord—to those who fled *their homes* after they had been persecuted and then struggled hard *in the cause of Allāh* and remained steadfast—*aye*, surely, after that thy Lord is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

#### R. 15.

112. On the day when every soul will come pleading for itself, and every soul will be fully recompensed for what it did, and they will not be wronged.

مَنْ كَفَرَ بِاللهِ مِنْ بَعْدِ إِيْمَانِهَ إِلَّا مَنْ أَحْرِهَ وَ قَلْبُهُ مُطْمَئِنُّ بِالْإِيْمَانِ <u>ۆلكەنى</u> تىن شىر تىخ بالىڭفى تىدۇا **ف**ىتىكىھەر غَضَبٌ مِّنَ اللهِ، وَ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ عَظْرُمَ ٢ ذلك باللهم استحته الحلوة الدُنيا عَلَى الْأَخِرَةِ \* وَ أَنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الْكْفِرِيْنَ أولَىْكَ الَّذِيْنَ طَبَحَ اللهُ عَلَم قُلُهْ بِهِمْ وَ سَمْجِهِمْ وَ ٱبْصَارِهِمْ، وَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْغُفِلُوْنَ ( جَرَمَ آنَّهُمْ ف الأَجْرَة هُمُ الخسروى ثُمَّ إِنَّ رَتَّكَ لِلَّذِيْنَ هَاجَرُوْا مِنْ بَعْدِمَا فُتَنُوا ثُمَّ حَاهَدُوْا وَ صَبَرُوْا بن ع اِتَ رَبَّكَ مِنْ بَعْدِهَا لَغَفُوْرٌ رَّحِ مُ ش

ؽۅٛم تَاتِيْ ڪُلَّ نَفْسٍ تُجَادِلُ عَنْ نَّفْسِهَا وَ تُوَفَّى حُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَّا عَمِلَتْ وَ هُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُوْنَ ٦

\*107. Whoever disbelieves in Allāh after having believed except the one who is coerced beyond the limit of his tolerance while his heart remains firm in faith. But those whose hearts are content with rejection, upon them will fall the wrath of Allāh and for them shall be a great chastisement.

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ \tau | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \ \dot{\tau$ 

\*113. And Allāh sets forth *for you* the parable of a city which enjoyed security and peace; its provisions came to it in plenty from every quarter; but it denied the favours of Allāh, so Allāh made it taste hunger and fear *which clothed it like* a garment because of what they used to do.

114. And indeed there has come to them a Messenger from among themselves, but they treated him as a liar, so punishment overtook them while they were wrongdoers.

115. So eat of the lawful *and* good things which Allāh has provided for you; and be grateful for the bounty of Allāh, if it is Him you worship.

\*116. He has made unlawful for you only that which dies of itself and blood and the flesh of swine and that on which the name of any other than Allāh has been invoked. But he who is driven by necessity, being neither disobedient nor exceeding the limit, then surely, Allāh is Most For-giving, Merciful.

117. And say not—because of the falsehood which your tongues utter—'This is lawful, and this is

وَضَرَبَ اللَّهُ مَثَلًا قَرْيَةً كَانَتْ أَمِنَةً مُطْمَئِنَّةً يَّاتِيْهَا رِزْقُهَا رَغَدًا مِنَةً كُلِّ مَكَانٍ فَكَفَرَتْ بِآنْعُمِ اللَّهِ فَاذَاقَهَا اللَّهُ لِبَاسَ الْجُوْعَ وَ الْخَوْفِ بِمَا كَانُوا يَضْنَعُوْنَ وَ لَقَدْ جَاءَهُمْ رَسُوْلَ مِنْهُمْ فَكَذَّبُوْهُ فَاخَذَهُمُ الْعَذَابُ وَهُمْ ظٰلِمُوْنَ ؟

وَ اشْكُرُوْا نِعْمَتَ الله حَلَّا طَيِبَ وَ اشْكُرُوْا نِعْمَتَ الله اِنْ كُنْتُمْ اِتَّمَا حَرَّمَ عَلَيْكُمُ الْمَيْتَةَ وَ الدَّمَ وَ لَحْمَ الْخِنْزِيْرِ وَ مَآ اُهِلَّ لِغَيْرِ الله بِهِ ، فَمَنِ اضْطُرَّ غَيْرَ بَاغٍ وَ كَا عَادٍ فَإِنَّ الله غَفُوْرً تَحِيْمَ (

وَكَا تَقُوْلُوْا لِمَا تَصِفُ ٱلْسِنَتُكُمُ الْكَذِبَ هٰذَا حَلْلُ وَهٰذَا حَرَامَ لِتَفْتَرُوْا

 $a i u + | th \stackrel{\circ}{=} | h \stackrel{\tau}{=} | kh \stackrel{i}{=} | dh \stackrel{\circ}{=} | s \stackrel{\circ}{=} s \stackrel$ 

<sup>\*113.</sup> And Alläh sets forth the parable of a township which enjoyed security and peace; its provisions came to it in plenty from every quarter; but it denied the favours of Alläh, so Alläh made its dwellers taste a life wrapped in hunger and fear as a consequence of what they used to do.

<sup>\*116.</sup> He has only made unlawful for you to partake of the flesh of such animals as have died a natural death and of blood and the flesh of swine and that on which the name of any other than Allāh has been invoked. But who is driven by extreme compulsion without relish or intent to transgress, then surely, Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

unlawful,' so as to forge a lie against Allāh. Surely, those who forge a lie against Allāh do not prosper.

\*118. *It is* a brief enjoyment, and *then* they shall have a grievous punishment.

119. And to those *also* who are Jews, We forbade before *this* all that We have related to thee. And We wronged them not, but they used to wrong themselves.

120. Then surely, thy Lord—to those who do evil in ignorance and repent thereafter and make amends—*aye*, surely, after that thy Lord is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

#### R. 16.

- \*121. Abraham was indeed a paragon of virtue, obedient to Alläh, ever inclined to Him, and he was not of those who set up equals to God;
- \*122. Grateful for His favours; He chose him and guided him to a straight path.

123. And We bestowed on him good in this world, and in the Hereafter he will surely be among the righteous.

124. And *now* We have revealed to thee, *saying*, 'Follow the way of Abraham *who was* ever inclined *to* 

عَلَى اللهِ الْكَذِبِ دِإِنَّ الَّذِينَ مَفْتَرُوْنَ عَلَى الله الْكَذِبَ كَلا يُفْلِحُوْنَ ٢ مَتَاعٌ قَلِيْلُ مِدْلُهُمْ عَذَاتُ ڹۥؘۿٵۮۯٳڂ؆ٙۺڹؘ

وَعَلَى الَّذِينَ هَادُوْا حَرَّمْنَا مَاقَصَصْنَا عَلَيْكَ مِنْ قَبْلُ ، وَمَا ظَلَمْنُهُمْ وَلٰكِنْ كَانُوْا انْفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُوْنَ شُمَّر الَّ رَبَّكَ لِلَّذِينَ عَمِلُوا السُّوَّء بِجَهَالَةٍ ثُمَّ تَابُوْا مِنْ بَعْدِ ذٰلِكَ وَ آصَلَحُوْا الَقَ رَبَّكَ مِنْ بَعْدِ هٰ لِكَ لَحَفُوْرَ تَحِيْمُ شَاتَ اتَ اتَ قَ قَانِتًا تِتْهِ لَحَفُوْرَ تَحِيْمَ كَانَ الْمُشْرِكِيْنَ مَاكِرًا لِأَنْعُمِهِ الْمُتَابِي الْمُشْرِكِيْنَ مَاكِرًا لِأَنْعُمِهِ الْمُتَابِ الْمُشْرِكِيْنَ أَنْكُرَ الْمُنْتَقِيْمِ الْأُخِرَةِ لَمِنَ الْمُنْتَا الْمُنْعَا الْمُنْعَى الْمُ الْأُخِرَةِ لَمِنَ الصَّاحِيْنَ أَنْ الْمُ

هَ حَنثفًا ﴿ وَ مَا كَانَ مِنَ

\*118. After a small gain, for them there is a grievous punishment.

12 U U

<sup>\* 121.</sup> Abraham was a nation unto himself, always obedient to Allāh, to Him ever inclined; certainly not belonging to the idolaters;

Note: Abraham was a nation unto himself means that he had the seed and the potential of a great nation promised unto him.

<sup>\*122.</sup> Ever grateful for His favours; He chose him and guided him to a straight path.

God and was not of those who set up equals to Him.'

\*125. *The punishment for profaning* the Sabbath was imposed only on those who had differed about it, and thy Lord will surely judge between them on the Day of Resurrection about that in which they differed.

126. Call unto the way of thy Lord with wisdom and goodly exhortation, and argue with them in a way that is best. Surely, thy Lord knows best who has strayed from His way; and He knows those who are rightly guided.

127. And if you *desire to* punish *the oppressors*, then punish *them* to the extent to which you have been wronged; but if you show patience, then, surely, that is best for those who are patient.

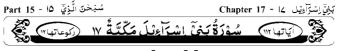
128. And endure thou with patience; and verily, thy patience is *possible* only with *the help of* Allāh. And grieve not for them, nor feel distressed because of their plots.

129. Verily, Allāh is with those who are righteous and those who do good.

السَّنْتُ عَلَى الَّذْنِينَ به مروَ انَّ تذمر القلمة فد فئەنختىلغەن، <sup>5</sup> ۱۱ հ غَنْ سَه 6 ۇ إنْ عَاقَىْتُمْ فَعَاقِبُوْا ر ىتىڭە بە « <u>ۇ</u>لېن ك ېزۇ ما صُدك ن عَبَثهم

\*125. The punishment for profaning the Sabbath was imposed upon those who differed regarding him, Abraham and his religion, and your Lord will surely judge between them on the Day of Resurrection about that in which they differed.

**Note:** The context is clear. Nothing but Abraham and his unshakable devotion and dedication to the Oneness of God is being discussed. Hence the reference has to be to Abraham and the differences the Israclites had among themselves regarding his true faith and conduct. Many among them had fallen prey to different forms of idolatry and it is quite likely that to justify their practices they might have attributed them also to Abraham. The Sabbath in this context appears to be not only a day of rest but also a day of purification and penance.



BANĪ-ISRĀ'ĪL (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

 $\frac{3}{2}$  \*2. Glory be to Him Who carried His  $\frac{3}{2}$  servant by night from the Sacred

servant by night from the Sacred Mosque to the Distant Mosque, the environs of which We have blessed, that We might show him *some* of Our Signs. Surely, He alone is the Hearing, the Seeing.

3. And We gave Moses the Book, and We made it a guidance for the children of Israel, *saying*, 'Take no guardian beside Me,

4. 'O ye the progeny of those whom We carried *in the Ark* with Noah.' He was indeed a grateful servant.

5. And We revealed to the children of Israel in the Book, *saying*, 'You will surely do mischief in the land twice, and you will surely become excessively overbearing.'

\*6. So when the time for the first of the two warnings came, We sent against you *some* servants of Ours possessed of great might in war, and they penetrated the *innermost parts of your* houses, and it was a warning that was bound to be carried out.

بشمايلهالتأخطن التآجثم النزقي أشارى بعبدة ليلا بِّينَ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ إِلَى الْمَسْجِدِ الْأَقْصَا الَّذِيْ لِرَحْنَا حَوْلَهُ لِنُرِيَهُ مِنْ التناءانكة هوالسميع البصير وَ أَتَبْنَامُوْسَى الْكَتْبَوَ حَعَلْنُهُ هُدًى لِيَتِنِي إِسْرَاءِيلَ ٱلَّهِ تَتَّجِذُوا مِنْ دُوْ نِيْ ۇكئىدە ش ذُدَّيَّةَ مَنْ حَمَلْنَا مَعَ نُوْجٍ إِنَّهْ كَانَ عَبْدًا شَكُوْدًا ٢ وَ قَضَمْنَا إِلَى بَخِنْ إِسْرَاءِ يُلَ كَتُفْسِدُنَّ فِي الْأَرْضِ مَرَّتَيْن عُلُوًّا كَبِيْرًا۞ فَإِذَا جَاءَوَعُدُ ٱوْلِيهُمَا بَعَثْنَ عِبَادًا لَّنَآ أو لِيْ بَأْسٍ شَدِيدٍ فَجَاسُوْا خِلْلَ الدِّ يَادِ وَكَانَ وَعْدًا مَّفْعُوْلًا ()

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ \tau & | \ kh \ \tau & | \ kh \ \tau & | \ dh \ s \ (s \ constraints) \\ & (See details of transliteration on page \ p'). \end{array}$ 

<sup>\*2.</sup> Glory be to Him Who took His servant along by night from the Sacred Mosque to the Distant Mosque, the environs of which We have blessed, that We might show him *some* of Our Signs.

<sup>\*6.</sup> So when the time for the first of the two warnings came to be fulfilled, We sent against you some servants of Ours possessed of great might in war who penetrated deep into your houses, and it was a warning that was bound to be carried out.

سُبْحْنَ الَّذِيَّ 10 - Part 15

7. Then We gave you back the power against them, and aided you with wealth and children, and made you larger in numbers.

\*8. *Now*, if you do well, you will do well for your own souls; and if you do evil, it will *only go* against them. So when the time for the latter warning came, *We raised a people against you* to cover your faces with grief, and to enter the Mosque as they entered it the first time, and to destroy all that they conquered with utter destruction.

9. It may be that your Lord will *now* have mercy on you; but if you return *to your previous state*, We *too* will return, and We have made Hell a prison for the disbelievers.

10. Surely, this Qur'ān guides to what is most right; and gives to the believers who do good deeds the glad tidings that they shall have a great reward.

11. And that for those who do not believe in what is to come later We have prepared a grievous punishment.

\*12. And man asks for evil as he should ask for good; and man is hasty. شَمَّر رَدَدْنَ لَكُمُ الْكَرَّةَ عَلَيْهِم وَ آمْدَدْنُكُمْ بِآمْوَالٍ وَّ بَنِيْنَ وَجَعَلْنُكُمْ آكْثَرَنَفِيْرًا۞ إِنْ آحْسَنْتُمْ آحْسَنْتُمْ لِآنْفُسِكُمْ الْاخْرَةِ لِيَسُوَّءَا وُجُوْهَكُمْ وَ لِيَدْخُلُوا الْمَسْجِدَ كَمَا دَخَلُوْهُ آوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ وَ لِيُتَبِّرُوْا مَا عَلَوْا تَتْبِيْرًا۞

على دَبُّكُمْ آنْ تَدْحَمَكُمْ • وَإِنْ عُدْتُّمْ عُدْنَا م وَ جَعَلْنَا جَهَنَّ مَ لِلْكُفِرِيْنَ حَصِيْرًا ۞ إِنَّ هٰذَا الْقُرْانَ يَهْ حِيْ لِلَّبِيْ هِيَ ٱقْوَمُ

وَ يُبَشِّرُ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ الَّذِيْنَ يَعْمَلُوْنَ الصِّلِحْتِ آنَّ لَهُمْ آجْرًا كَبِيْرًا شَّ وَ آتَ الَّذِيْنَ لَا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِالْاخِرَةِ آعْتَدْنَا لَهُمْ عَذَابًا آلِيْمًا أَهُ

وَ يَدْعُ الْإِنْسَانُ بِالشَّرِّ دُعَاً الْ بِالْخَيْرِ وَكَانَ الْإِنْسَانُ عَجُوْلًا @

وقفالازم

<sup>\*8.</sup> If you conduct yourselves well, you will do the advantage to your own souls; and if you misconduct, you will do it to your disadvantage. So when the promised hour of the latter days comes they should bring you to disgrace, and enter the Mosque the way they entered therein the first time and destroy utterly everything they conquered.

<sup>\*12.</sup> And man begs for evil as though he were begging for good; and man is hasty.

# سُبْحْنَ الَّذِيَ 10 - Part 15

\*13. And We have made the night and the day two Signs, and the Sign of night We have made dark, and the Sign of day We have made sight-giving, that you may seek bounty from your Lord, and that you may know the computation of years and *the science of* reckoning. And everything We have explained with a detailed explanation.

\*14. And every man's works have We fastened to his neck, and on the Day of Resurrection We shall bring out for him a book which he will find wide open.

15. 'Read thy book. Sufficient is thy own soul this day as reckoner against thee.'

16. He who follows the right way follows it only for *the good of* his own soul: and he who goes astray, goes astray only to his *own* loss. And no bearer of burden shall bear the burden of another. We never punish until We have sent a Messenger.

\*17. And when We intend to destroy a township, We address Our commandment to its rebellious وَ جَعَلْنَا الَّيْلَ وَ النَّهَا رَايَتَيْنِ فَمَحَوْنَا ايَةَ الَّيْلِ وَ جَعَلْنَا ايَةَ النَّهَا رُمْبَصِرَةً لِتَبْتَخُوْا فَضْلًا مِّنْ رَّبِّكُمْ وَ لِتَعْلَمُوْا عَدَدَ السِّنِيْنَ وَ الْحِسَابَ وَ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ فَصَلْنُهُ تَفْصِيْلَ (٢)

ٷػؖۜۜۜۜۜڴٳڹٛ؊ٳ؆ڷۯؘٛڡٛڹؙۿۘڟٚؠؙۯ؇۬ڣۣٚڠڹؙۊؚ؋ ٷڹڂٛڔڿۘڶ؋ؾۉۛۘ٦ٵڷۊؚؚؚڽؚؗ؉ۊڮؚڂٵؾؘڵڟٮ؋ ؠڹٛۺؙۉؚڒٙٳ۞ ٵؿۯٳٛڿؚؚؾ۬ؠؘڮۦػڣؗۑڹؚڹڣٛڛؚڮٵڷؽۉ؉ ٵؽؽػػڛؽؠٵ۞ ۄڹۯڗۊٞٞۊؚۯٛڒٱڂٛڒۑۦۅؘڡٵػؙڹۜٞڡؙۼڒؚٙۑؚؽڹ ڡڗ۬ڒڗۊٞ ۊؚۯٛڒٱڂٛڒۑۦۅؘڡٵػڹۜڡؙۼڒؚٙۑؚؽڹ

وَ اِذَآ اَرَدْنَٓ اَنْ نُّهْلِكَ قَرْيَةً اَمَرْنَا مُتْرَفِيْهَا فَفَسَقُوْا فِيْهَا فَحَقَّ عَلَيْهَا

- \*13. And We have made the night and the day two Signs, and We erased the Sign of night replacing it with day and the Sign of day We have made alight, that you may seek bounty from your Lord, and that you may know the computation of years and the science of reckoning.
- \*14. And every man's record of deeds have we fastened to his neck, and on the Day of Resurrection We shall bring out for him a book which he will find wide open.
- \*17. And when We intend to destroy a township, We permit the affluent among them to do as they please. So they indulge in all manners of sin therein, till the decree is justified to befall it. Then We destroy it utterly.

# سُبْحٰنَ الَّذِيَّ 16 - Part 15

people, but they transgress therein; so the sentence *of punishment* becomes due against it, and We destroy it with utter destruction. 18. How many generations have We destroyed after Noah! And thy Lord suffices as the Knower and

Seer of the sins of His servants.

19. Whoso desires the present life, We hasten for him therein what We will—for such *of them* as We please; then have We appointed Hell for him; he shall burn therein, condemned *and* rejected.

20. And whoso desires the Hereafter and strives for it as it should be striven for, and he is a believer these are the ones whose striving shall find favour *with God*.

21. To all We render aid—both to these and those—a gift from thy Lord. And the gift of thy Lord is not restricted.

22. Behold, how We have exalted some of them over others *in the present life*; and surely, the Hereafter shall be greater in degrees of rank and greater in excellence.

23. Set not up with Allāh another god lest thou sit down disgraced *and* forsaken.

R. 3.

24. Thy Lord has commanded, "Worship none but Him, and *show* \*kindness to parents. If one of them الْقَوْلُ فَدَمَّوْنُهَا تَدْمِيْرًا

وَ كَمْ اَهْلَكْنَا مِنَ الْقُرُوْنِ مِنْ بَعْدِ نُوْحٍ ، وَ كَفى بِرَبِّكَ بِذُنُوْبِ عِبَادِم خَبِيْرًا بَصِيْرًا ( مَنْ كَانَ يُرِيْدُ الْعَاجِلَةَ عَجَّلْنَا لَهُ ڣؚؽهَامَانَشَآءُلِمَنْ نُّرِيْدُثُمَّر جَعَلْنَالَهُ جَهَنَّمَ، تَصْلِيهَا مَذْمُوْمًا مَّدْجُوْرًا ( وَمَنْ آدَادَ الْإِجْدَةَ وَسَعَى لَهَا سَعْبَهَا وَ هُوَ مُؤْمِنٌ فَأُولَ عَلَى كَانَ سَعْبُهُمْ مَشْكُهُ رَّا كُلَّر نُّمِدُ هَؤُلَاءٍ وَ هَؤُلَاءٍ مِنْ عَطَّاءٍ زَبِّكَ، وَ مَاكَانَ عَطَّاءُ زَبِّكَ مَحْظُوْرًا 
 أنْظُرْ كَيْفَ فَضَّلْنَا بَعْضَهُمْ عَلْ بَعْضِ وَلَلْإِجْرَةُ أَكْبَرُ كَدَخِتٍ وَّ أَكْبَرُ تَفْضِيلًا لَا تَحْعَلْ مَعَ اللَّهِ إِلْمًا أَخَرَ فَتَقْعُدَ مَزْمُهْ مًا مَّخْذُوْ لا شَ وَقَضْهِ ٢ رَبُّكَ إَلَّهُ تَعْبُدُوْا الَّهُ إِتَّاهُ ۇ بالۇالدىن اخسانا داتا يې

24. If one of them or both of them attain old age with thee, never say unto them any word expressive of disgust nor reproach them, but address them with kind words.

لچ ب

or both of them attain old age with thee, never say unto them any word expressive of disgust nor reproach them, but address them with excellent speech.

25. "And lower to them the wing of humility out of tenderness. And say, 'My Lord, have mercy on them even as they nourished me in *my* childhood.""

26. Your Lord knows best what is in your minds; if you are righteous, then surely, He is Most Forgiving to those who turn *to Him* again and again.

27. And give thou to the kinsman his due, and to the poor and the wayfarer, and squander not *thy wealth* extravagantly.

28. Verily, the extravagant are brothers of satans, and Satan is ungrateful to his Lord.

29. And if thou hast to turn away from them while seeking thy Lord's mercy for which thou hopest, *even then* speak to them a gentle word.

\*30. And keep not thy hand chained to thy neck, nor stretch it out an entire stretching, lest thou sit down blamed *or* exhausted.

31. Surely, thy Lord enlarges *His* provision for whom He pleases, and straitens *it for whom He pleases*. Verily, He knows *and* sees His servants full well.

عندتك الكتر أحَدُهُمَا أَوْ كِلْهُمَا فَلَهُ تَقُلْ لَّهُمَا أَفْ وَ لَا تَنْهَزِهُ مَا وَقُلْ لَّفُمَاقَةُ لَا حَرِيْمًا @ وَ اخْفِضْ لَهُمَا جَنَاحَ الذَّلِّ مِنَ الرَّحْمَةِ وَ قُلْ رَّبٌ ارْحَمْهُمَا رَبَّلِنِيْ صَغِيْرًا ٢ ڒؾؙٛڴۿڔٱۼڵۿڔؠؗٙڡٳ**ؽ**ٮؙٛڣ۫ۉڛڴۿ؞ٳڽٛؾؘڴۉڹؙۉٳ صلِحِيْنَ فَإِنَّهُ كَانَ لِلْأَوَّابِيْنَ غَفُوْرًا وَ التَ ذَا الْقُرْلِي حَقَّهُ وَ الْمِسْكِيْنَ <u>ۅؘ</u>ابْنَ السَّبِيْل وَلَا تُبَذِّرْ تَبْذِيرًا» إِنَّ الْمُبَذِّرِيْنَكَانُوٓالِخُوَانَ الشَّلِطِيْنِ -وَكَانَ الشَّيْطِنُ لِرَبِّهِ كَفُوْرًا ٢ وَ إِمَّا تُعْرِضَنَّ عَنْهُمُ ابْتِغَاءَ دَحْمَة رَّتِكَ تَرْجُوْهَا فَقُلْ تَحْعَلْ بَدَكَ مَغْلُوْلَةً إلى عُنُقَكَ تكشطقاكل الكشط فتقعدم مَّحْسُوْرًا، اِنَّ رَتَّكَ بَنْسُطُ الرَّزْقَ بَرًا ٢ <u>ۇتىڭىدۇ ماتىمىيى بىتىادە خىپۇرا</u>

\* 30. And keep not your hand chained to your neck in atter stinginess nor extend it in extravagance to the full; or you will end up roundly condemned and rendered ineffectual.

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ \tau | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\sigma} | \ \dot{\sigma}$ 

R. 4.

32. Kill not your children for fear of poverty. It is We Who provide for them and for you. Surely, the killing of them is a great sin.

33. And come not near unto adultery; surely, it is a foul thing and an evil way.

34. And kill not the soul which Allāh has forbidden save for just cause. And whoso is killed wrongfully, We have surely given his heir authority *to demand retaliation*, but let him not exceed the *prescribed* bounds in slaying; for *therein* he is helped *by law*.

35. And come not near the property of the orphan, except in the best way, until he attains his maturity, and fulfil the covenant; for the covenant shall be questioned about.

36. And give full measure when you measure, and weigh with a right balance; that is best and most commendable in the end.

37. And follow not that of which thou hast no knowledge. Verily, the ear and the eye and the heart— about all these shall be called to account.

38. And walk not in the earth haughtily, for thou canst not rend the earth, nor canst thou reach the mountains in height.

<u>وَلَا تَقْتُلُوْا اَوْلَاءَ كُمْ خَشْبَةً اِمْلَاقٍ ،</u> نَحْنُ نَرْزُقُهُمْ وَإِيَّاكُمْ إِنَّ قَتْلَهُمْ كَانَ خِطْأً حَبِيْرًا @ وَ لَا تَقْرَبُوا الزِّنْي إِنَّهُ كَانَ فَاحِشَةً. ۇساء سىيلا، وَ لَا تَقْتُلُوا النَّفْسَ الَّتِيْ حَرَّمَ اللهُ إِلَّا بِالْحَقِّ ، وَ مَنْ قُتِلَ مَظْلُوْمًا فَقَدْ جَعَلْنَالِوَلِيِّه سُلْطْنًا فَلَا يُسْرِفْ فِّي الْقَتْلِ إِنَّهُ كَانَ مَنْصُوْرًا @ وَلَا تَقْرَبُوْا مَالَ الْيَتِيْمِ إِلَّا بِالَّتِيْ هِيَ ٱحْسَنُ حَتَّى يَبْلُغَ ٱشْدَّة م وَ أَوْفُوْا بالْعَهْدِ إِنَّ الْعَهْدَكَانَ مَسْئُوْلًا وَ أَوْفُوا الْكَثِلَ إِذَا كِلْتُمْ وَ زِنُوْا بِالْقِسْطَاسِ الْمُسْتَقِيْمِ ذَلِكَ خَيْرً وَّ ٱحْسَنُ تَأْوِيْلُا وَ لَا تَقْفُ مَا لَيْسَ لَكَ بِهِ عِلْمً انَّ السَّمْعَ وَ الْبَصَرَ وَ الْفُؤَادَكُلُّ أُولَيْكَ كَانَ عَنْهُ مَسْئُوْلًا ٢ وَ لَا تَمْشٍ فِ الْأَدْضِ مَرَحًا ، إِنَّكَ لَنْ تَخْرِقَ الْآرْضَ وَ لَنْ تَبْلُغَ الْجِبَالَ طُهْ لا

سُبْحْنَ الَّذِيَّ 16 - Part 15

ب بنج

39. The evil of all these is hateful in the sight of thy Lord.

40. This is part of that wisdom which thy Lord has revealed to thee. And set not up with Allah any other god, lest thou be cast into Hell, condemned and rejected.

41. Has, then, your Lord honoured you with sons, and taken for Himself females from among the angels? Surely, you say a grievous saving.

## R. 5.

42. We have explained the truth in this Our'an in the various ways that they may be admonished, but it only increases them in aversion.

43. Say, had there been other gods with Him, as they say, then they (idolaters) would have surely sought out a way to the Owner of the Throne.

44. Holy is He, and exalted far above that which they say.

45. The seven heavens and the earth and those that are therein extol His glory; and there is not a thing but glorifies Him with His praise; but you understand not their glorification. Verily, He is Forbearing, Most Forgiving.

46. And when thou recitest the Qur'an, We put between thee and those who believe not in the Hereafter a hidden veil:

كُلُّ ذٰلِكَ كَانَ سَبِّئُهُ عِنْدَ رَبِّكَ مَكْوُهًا ذٰلكَ ممَّآ أَوْتَى إِلَيْكَ رَبُّكَ مِنَ الْجِكْمَةِ وَلَا تَجْعَلْ مَعَ اللهِ الْهَا اخَرَ فَتُلْقَى فِي جَهَنَّهُم مَلُوْمًا مَّدْحُوْرًا ؟ ٱ فَاصْفْىكُمْ رَبُّكُمْ بِالْبَنِيْنَ وَ اتَّخَذَ مِنَ الْمَلْئُكَةِ إِنَّا أَبَّا ﴿ إِنَّكُمْ لَتَقُوْلُوْنَ قَوْلًا عَظْنُمًا ٢ وَ لَقَدْ صَرَّفْنَا فِنِ لِهٰذَا الْقُرْانِ لِيَذَكَّرُوْا دوَمَا يَزِيْدُهُمْ إِلَّا نُفُوْرًا () قُلْ لَّهُ كَانَ مَعَةَ أَلِهَةً حَمّا يَقُوْلُوْنَ إِذًا لَابْتَغَوْا إِلَى ذِي الْعَرْشِ سَبِيْلًا ؟ سْدْخْنَهْ وَتَعْلَى عَمَّا بَقُوْلُوْنَ عُلُوًّا ڪَبِيْرًا @ تُسَبِّحُ لَهُ السَّلوٰتُ السَّبْعُ وَ الْأَدْضُ ۘۏؘڡؘڽٛڣؽڣؾ<u>ٞ</u>؞ۊؘٳڽٛڡؚٞؽۺؘؽۣ<sub>ٵ</sub>ٳۨؖڵؽۺۜؗؾؚڂ بخمرد ولكِنْ لا تَفْقَهُوْنَ تَسْبِيحَهُمْ ا إِنَّهُ كَانَ حَلِيْهَا غَفُوْرًا ٢ وَ اذَا قَرَاتَ الْقُرْانَ حَعَلْنَا مَنْنَكَ وَ بَيْنَ الَّذِيْنَ لَا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِالْأَخِرَةِ حح*ا*يًا مَسْتُهُرًا أَ

 $a i u + h \stackrel{th}{=} \frac{h}{7} \frac{r}{kh} \stackrel{t}{\tau} \frac{dh}{dh} \stackrel{s}{=} \frac{dh}{2} \stackrel{t}{\longrightarrow} \frac{dh}{2} \stackrel$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

\*47. And We put coverings over their hearts lest they should understand it, and in their ears a deafness. And when thou makest mention in the Qur'an of thy Lord alone, they turn their backs in aversion.

48. We know best what they listen for, when they listen to thee, and when they confer in private, when the wrongdoers say, 'You follow none but a man who is a victim of deception.'

49. See, how they coin similitudes for thee, and have thus gone astray so that they cannot find a way.

50. And they say, 'When we shall have become bones and broken particles, shall we be really raised up as a new creation?'

51. Say, 'Be ye stones or iron,

52. 'Or created matter of any kind which appears hardest in your minds, even then shall you be raised up.' Then will they ask, 'Who shall restore us to life?' Say, 'He Who created you the first time.' They will then shake their heads at thee and say, 'When will it be?' Say, 'Maybe it is nigh,

53. 'It will be on the day when He will call you; then will you respond praising Him and you will think that you have tarried but a little while.'

وَّ جَعَلْنَا عَلَى قُلُوْبِهِمْ أَكِنَّةً أَنْ يَفْقَهُوْ اللهُ وَفَيْ اذَا نِهِمْ وَقْرًا ، وَإِذَاذَ كَرْتَ رَبِّكَ فِي الْقُرْانِ وَحْدَة وَتَّوْا عَلَى **آ**دْبَارِهِمْرُنُفُوْرًا۞ نَحْنُ اَعْلَمُ بِمَا يَسْتَمِعُوْنَ بِهَ إِذّ مَسْتَمعُوْنَ الْمُكَوَ إِذْهُمْ نَحْوَى إِذْ يَقُوْلُ الظَّلِمُوْنَ إِنْ تَتَّبِعُوْنَ إِلَّا دَجُلًا ڡٞۺڂۉڒٞٳ۞ ٱنْظُرْ حَيْفَ ضَرَبُوْا لَكَ الْأَمْثَالَ ブズ فَضَلُّوا فَلَا يَسْتَطِيْعُوْنَ سَبِيلًا ( وَقَالُهْ عَاذَا كُنَّا عِظَامًا وَّ دُفَاتًا ءَانَّا لَمَنْعُوْثُوْنَ خَلْقًا جَدِنْدًا، قُلْ كُوْنُوْا حِجَارَةً آوْ حَدِيْدًا ٥ اَوْ خَلْقًا بِّمَّا رَكْبُرُ فَى صُدُوْرِكُمْ. فَسَبَقُوْلُوْنَ مَنْ تُعِبْدُنَا ﴿ قُلِ الَّذِي فَطَرَكُمْ آوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ ، فَسَبُنْغِضُوْتَ الكك دُءُوْسَهُمْ وَ يَقُوْلُوْنَ مَتَّى هُوَد قُلْعَسَى أَنْ يَكُوْنَ قَرِيْبًا @ يَوْمَرِيَدْعُوْكُمْ فَتَسْتَحِبْبُوْنَ بِحَمْدِهِ وَتَظُنُّوْنَ إِنْ لَّبِثْتُمْ إِلَّا قَلِيْلًا أَ ٩

\*47. And upon their hearts We have drawn covers so that they do not understand it and inflicted their ears with deafness.

ء : ا ق p ا غ h ح ا ظ t ا ض h ر 403 ص ع ا خ h خ ا h ح ا ا ث h ح ا ا ث h ح ا م ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

R. 6.

54. And say to My servants that they should speak that which is best. Surely, Satan stirs up discord among them. Surely, Satan is an open enemy to man.

55. Your Lord knows you best. If He please, He will have mercy on you; or if He please, He will punish you. And We have not sent thee to be a keeper over them.

\*56. And thy Lord knows best those that are in the heavens and the earth. And We exalted some of the Prophets over the others, and to David We gave a Book.

57. Say, 'Call on those whom you think to be gods beside Him; then you will know that they have no power to remove affliction from you or to avert *it*.'

58. Those whom they call on *themselves* seek nearness to their Lord—*even* those of them who are nearest—and hope for His mercy, and fear His punishment. Surely, the punishment of thy Lord is a thing to be feared.

59. There is not a township but We shall destroy it before the Day of Resurrection, or punish it with a severe punishment. That is written down in the Book.

وَ قُلْ لِعِبَادِيْ بَقُوْلُوا الَّتِيْ هِيَ اَحْسَنُ ﴿ ان الشَّيْطِنَ بَنْ عَجْبَيْنَهُمْ انَّ الشَّيْطِنِ كَانَ لِلْإِنْسَانِ عَدُوًّا شُبِيْنًا @ ڒؖڹؙؙؙؙ۪ۘۘۘۘڞۯٵۼۛڵؘؗؗؗؗؗؗؗؗؗڔٮؙۘڞٛ؞ٳڽٛؾۜٛۺؘ**ٛٵٛؾۯ**ڂۿػؙۿ ٱوْإِنْ تَشَا بُعَذْبُكُمْ وَمَآ ٱرْسَلْنُكَ عَلَيْهِمْ وَكِيْلًا وَ رَبُّكَ أَعْلَمُ بِمَنْ فِ السَّمُوتِ وَ الْأَرْضِ ، وَ لَقَدْ فَضَّلْنَا بَعْضَ النَّبيِّنَ عَلَى بَعْضٍ وَّأتَيْنَا دَاؤَدَ زَبُوْرًا، قُل ادْعُوا الَّذِيْنَ زَعَمْتُمْ مِّنْ دُوْنِهِ فَلَا يَمْلِكُوْنَ كَشْفَ الضَّرّ عَنْكُمْ وَلَا تَحْوِيُلًا@ أولِبِّكَ الَّذِيْنَ يَدْعُوْنَ يَبْتَغُوْنَ إلى رَبِّهمُ الْوَسِيْكَةَ ٱيُّهُمْ ٱقْرَبُ وَيَرْجُوْنَ رَحْمَتَهُ وَ بَخَافُهْنَ عَذَابَهُ إِنَّ عَذَابَ <u>رَبِّكَ كَانَمَحْذُوْرًا</u> وَإِنْ مِّنْ قَرْبَةٍ إِلَّا نَحْنُ مُهْلِكُوْهَا قَبْلَ <u>ؽ</u>ۉڡڔٳڷۊڸڡ؋ٙۜٳۉٛؗڡؙۼڋٚؠؙۉۿٳۼۮؘٳۑٵۺٙڋؽڋٳ؞ كَانَ ذٰلِكَ فِي الْكِتْبِ مَسْطُوْرًا @

\* 56. And thy Lord knows best those that are in the heavens and the earth. And We exalted some of the Prophets over the others and to David We gave the Zabūr. Note: Zabūr means the Psalms.

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \ \dot{\tau}$ 

60. And nothing could hinder Us from sending Signs, except that the former people rejected them, *but this is no hindrance*. And We gave Thamūd the she-camel as a clear Sign, but they unjustly rejected it. And We send not Signs but to warn.

61. And *remember the time* when We said to thee: 'Surely, thy Lord has encompassed the people.' And We made not the vision which We showed thee but as a trial for men, as also the tree cursed in the Qur'ān. And We warn them, but it only increases them in great transgression.

### R. 7.

62. And *remember the time* when We said to the angels, 'Submit to Adam,' and they *all* submitted, except Iblīs. He said, 'Shall I submit to one whom Thou hast created of clay?'

63. *And* he said, 'What thinkest Thou? *Can* this whom Thou hast honoured above me *be my superior*? If Thou wilt grant me respite till the Day of Resurrection, I will most surely bring his descendants under my sway except a few.'

64. He said, 'Begone! and whoso shall follow thee from among them, Hell shall surely be the recompense of you all— an ample recompense. 65. 'And entice whomsoever of them thou canst, with thy voice, and urge against them thy horsemen and thy footmen and be their partner وَمَا مَنْعَنَّا آنُ نُّرْسِلَ بِالْالِيتِ الَّا آنُ كَذَّبَ بِهَا الْأَوَّلُوْنَ • وَ أَتَيْنَا تَمُوْدَ النَّاقَة مُبْصِرَةً فَظَلَمُوا بِهَا • وَ مَا نُرْسِلُ بِالْالِيتِ الَّاتَخُوِيْفًا وَ مَا جَعَلْنَا الرُّايَ اتَّرْيَ آرَيْنُكَ الَّا فِتْنَةً لِّلنَّاسِ وَ الشَّجَرَةَ الْمَلْعُوْنَة فِ الْقُرَانِ • وَ نُخَوِّفُهُمْ ا فَمَا يَزِيْدُهُمْ الَّا طُغْيَانًا كَبِيْرًا شَ

وَ اذْ قُلْنَا لِلْمَلْئِكَةِ اسْجُدُوْا لِأَدَمَ
 فَسَجَدُوْآ الَّلَ الْبَلِيْسَ - قَالَ ؟ آسْجُدُ
 لِمَنْ خَلَقْتَ طِيْنًا شَ
 قَالَ آرَءَيْتَكَ حُذَا الَّذِيْ كَرَّمْتَ عَلَيَّ
 تَبْنُ اخْرَتَنِ إلى يَوْمِ الْقِيْمَةِ لَاحْتَنِكَنَّ
 ذُرِيَّتَهَ الَّ قَلِيْلَ @

قَالَ اذْهَبْ فَمَنْ تَبِعَكَ مِنْهُمْ فَإِنَّ جَهَنَّمَ جَزَاؤُ كُمْ جَزَاءً مَّوْفُوْرًا @

وَ اسْتَفْزِزْ مَنِ اسْتَطَعْتَ مِنْهُمْ بِصَوْتِكَ وَ اَجْلِبْ عَلَيْهِمْ بِخَيْلِكَ وَ رَجِلِكَ وَ شَارِكُهُمْ فِي الْآمْوَالِ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \dot{=} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{=} \ | \ \dot{=} \ \dot$ 

in wealth, and children, and make promises to them.' And Satan promises them naught but deceit.

66. *As to* My servants, thou shalt certainly have no power over them, and sufficient is thy Lord as a Guardian.

67. Your Lord is He Who drives for you the ships in the sea, that you may seek of His bounty. Surely, He is merciful toward you.

68. And when harm touches you on the sea, *all* those whom you call upon, except Him, become lost *to you*. But when He brings you safe to land, you turn aside; and man is very ungrateful.

69. Do you then feel secure that He will *not* cause you to sink in the side of the land or send against you a violent sandstorm *and* then you will find no guardian for yourselves?

70. Or, do you feel secure that He will *not* send you back therein a second time, *and* then send against you as a storm-blast, and drown you because of your disbelief? You will then find therein no helper for yourselves against Us.

71. Indeed, We have honoured the children of Adam, and carried them by land and sea, and given them of good things and exalted them far above many of those whom We have created.

وَ الْآوْلَادِ وَعِدْهُمْ ، وَ مَا يَحِدُهُمُ
 الشَّيْطِنُ إلَّا غُرُوْرًا ۞
 التَّيْعِادِيْ لَيْسَ لَكَ عَلَيْهِمْ سُلْطَنً ،
 وَ كَفْى بِرَبِّكَ وَكِيْدً ؟
 وَ كَفْى بِرَبِّكَ وَكِيْدً ؟
 وَ كَفْى بِرَبِيكَ وَكِيْدً ؟
 وَ كَفْى بَرَبِيكَ وَكِيْدً ؟
 وَ كَفْى بِرَبِيكَ وَكِيْدً ؟
 وَ كَفْى بِرَبِيكَ وَكِيْدً ؟
 وَ كَمْ الْفُلْكَ فِى
 الْبَحْرِ لِتَبْتَ عُوْا مِنْ فَضْلِهِ ، إِنَّهُ كَانَ بِكُمْ رَحَيْمًا ؟
 وَ إِذَا مَتَكُمُ الضُّرُ فِى الْبَحْرِ صَلَّ مَنْ
 وَ إِذَا مَتَكُمُ الضُّرُ فِى الْبَحْرِ صَلَّ مَنْ
 وَ إِذَا مَتَكُمُ الْفُلْكَ فِى
 وَ إِذَا مَتَكُمُ الْفُلْعَانَةِ خَدْمَانَ خَدْ مَا أَخْذَا مَنْ كَفُوْرَ إِنَّا ؟
 وَ إِذَا مَتَكُمُ الْقُرْبِ الْإِنْسَانُ كَفُوْرًا ؟
 وَ إِذَا مَتَكَمُ الْخُدُمُ فَى الْبَحْرِ فَعَانَ هُ لَكَانَ مَنْ الْعَابَةِ الْبَحْرِ فَتَكَمَا يَعْمَ بُعُوْنَ الْبَحْرِ فَلَكَ الْمَابَرِ الْعَانَ الْعَابَ الْعَانَ الْعَدْ الْعَانَ الْعَانَ الْعَانَ الْعَانَ الْعَانَ الْعَابَةِ مَا يَحْمَ الْحَانَ الْعَابَةِ الْعَابَةِ الْعَانَ الْعَابَةِ الْعَابَةِ الْعَابَةِ الْعَابَةِ الْعَابَةِ الْعَابَةِ الْعَابَةِ الْحَدْمَ الْحَابَ الْعَابَةِ الْعَابَةِ الْعَابَةِ الْعَابَةِ الْعَابَةِ الْعَابَةِ عَامَةَ عَلَيْ الْعَابَةِ الْحَابَةِ الْحَابَةِ الْحَابَةِ عَلَيْ الْعَابَةِ الْحَابِ الْعَابَةِ الْعَابَةِ عَلَيْ عَالَمَ الْحَابَةِ عَلَيْ عَالَةَ الْحَابَةِ الْحَابَةِ الْحَابَةَ الْحَابَةَ الْحَابُونَ الْحَابَةِ الْحَابَةَ عَامَةَ عَامَةَ مَا عَابَةَ مَا عَابَةَ مَا عَابَةَ مَا عَالَهُ الْحَابَةُ الْحَابَةِ الْحَابَةَ الْحَابَةَ الْحَابَةُ الْحَابَةُ مَا عَابَةَ مَا عَابِ الْحَابَةَ مَا مَا مَا الْحَابُ الْحَابَةَ الْحَابْحَةَ الْحَابَةَ مَا الْحَابَةَ الْحَابَةَ الْحَ

ٱم ٱمِنْتُم آن يُّعِيْدَ كُمْ فِيْهِ تَارَةً ٱخْرَى فَيُرْسِلَ عَلَيْكُمْ قَاصِفًا مِّنَ الرِّيْحِ فَيُغْرِقَكُمْ بِمَا كَفَرْتُمْ اللَّمَّ لَا تَجِدُوْا رَكُمْ عَلَيْنَا بِهِ تَبِيْعًا۞ وَلَقَدْ كَرَّمْنَا بَخِيَّ ادَمَ وَ حَمَلْنَهُمْ فِي الْبَرِّوَ الْبَحْرِوَدَدَقْنَهُمْ مِّنَ الطَّيِّبَتِ وَ فَضَلْنَهُمْ عَلَى حَثِيْرٍ مِّمَّنْ خَلَقْنَا تَفْضِيْلًا۞

 $a i u + | th \rightarrow | h \neg | kh + | dh \rightarrow | s \rightarrow 46$ (See details of transilieration on page 'p').

ź

R. 8.

72. *Remember* the day when We shall summon every people with their Leader. Then whoso shall be given his book in his right hand—such will read their book, and they will not be wronged a whit.

73. But whoso is blind in this world will be blind in the Hereafter, and even more astray from the way.

74. And they had well-nigh caused thee *severest* affliction on account of what We have revealed to thee, that thou mightest invent against Us something other than that; and then they would have certainly taken thee for a *special* friend.

75. And if We had not strengthened thee *with the Qur 'ān*, thou mightest have inclined to them a little.

76. In that case We would have made thee taste similar *afflictions* of life and similar *afflictions* of death, *and* then thou wouldst not have found for thyself any helper against Us.

77. And indeed they are near to unsettling thee from the land that they might expel thee therefrom; but in that case they *themselves* would not have stayed after thee save a little.

78. *This has been Our* way with Our Messengers whom We sent before thee; and thou wilt not find any change in Our way.

يَوْمَ نَدْعُوْا ڪُلَّ ٱنَاسَ بِرامَامِهِمْ فَمَنْ ٱوْتِي حِتْبَهُ بِيَمِينِه فَٱولَئِكَ يَقْرَءُوْنَ حِتْبَهُمْ وَلَا يُظْلَمُوْنَ فَتِيْلًا وَ مَنْ كَانَ فِيْ هٰذِهَ آعْمٰ فَهُوَ فِي الْأخِرَةِ آعْمٰى وَ آضَلُّ سَبِيلًا وَ اِنْ كَادُوْا لَيَفْتِنُوْنَكَ عَنِ الَّذِيَ آوْحَيْنَا اِلَيْكَ لِتَفْتَرِيَ عَلَيْنَا غَيْرَهُ وَ وَ إِذًا لَا تَخَذُوْكَ خَلِيْلًا @

وَلَوْ لَآ اَنْ ثَبَّتَنْ لَكَ لَقَدْ حِدْتَ تَرْكَنُ اِلَيْهِمْ شَيْعًا قَلِيْلًا فَٰ اِذًا لَآدَذَقْنُكَ ضِعْفَ الْحَيٰوةِ وَضِعْفَ الْمَمَاتِ ثُمَّ لَا تَجِدُ لَكَ عَلَيْنَا نَصِيْرًا ۞

ۅَ اِنْ کَادُوْا لَیَسْتَفِرُّ وَنَكَ مِنَ الْاَرْضِ لِيُخْرِجُوْكَ مِنْهَا وَ اِذًا لَّا يَلْبَثُوْنَ خِلْفَكَ اِلَّا قَلِيْلًا ۞

سُنَّةَ مَنْ قَدْ ٱرْسَلْنَا قَبْلَكَ مِنْ رُسُلِنَا وَلَا تَجِدُلِسُنَّتِنَا تَحْوِيْلَاهُ عَجْ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ c \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ o \ (407)$ (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

R. 9.

79. Observe Prayer at the declining and paling of the sun on to the darkness of the night, and the recitation of the Our'an in Praver at dawn. Verily, the recitation of the Our'an at dawn is specially acceptable to God.

80. And wake up for it (the Qur'an) in the latter part of the night as a supererogatory service for thee. It may be that thy Lord will raise thee to an exalted station.

81. And say, 'O my Lord, make my entry a good entry and then make me come forth with a good forthcoming. And grant me from Thyself a helping power.'

82. And say, 'Truth has come and falsehood has vanished away. Falsehood does indeed vanish away fast.'

83. And We are gradually revealing of the Qur'an that which is a healing and a mercy to the believers; but it only adds to the loss of the wrongdoers.

84. And when We bestow favour on man, he turns away and goes aside; and when evil touches him, he gives himself up to despair.

85. Say, 'Everyone acts according to his own way, and your Lord guided.'

ٱ**قِ**مِ الصَّلُوةَ لِدُلُوْكِ الشَّمْسِ إلى غَسَق الَّيْلِ وَقُرْانَ الْفَجْرِ دِانَ قُرْانَ الْفَجْرِ كَانَ مَشْهُوْدًا @

وَ مِنَ الَّيْلِ فَتَهَجَّدْ بِهِ نَافِلَةً لَّكَ \* عَسَى أَنْ تَبْعَثُكَ رَتُكَ مَقَامًا مَّحْمُوْدًا، وَ قُلْ رَّبّ آدْخِلْنِيْ مُدْخَلَ صِدْتٍ وَّ ٱخْرِجْنِيْ مُخْرَجَ صِدْقٍ وَّ اجْعَلْ لِّيْ مِنْ لَّدُنْكَ سُلْطِنًا تَصِيْرًا ( وَقُلْ جَاءَ الْحَقُّ وَزَهَقَ الْبَاطِلُ إِنَّ الْتَاطِلَ كَانَ زَهُوْقًا @

وَ نُنَزِّلُ مِنَ الْقُرْانِ مَا هُوَ شِفَاءً وَّ رَحْمَةُ لِّلْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ، وَكَا يَزِيْهُ الظّٰلِمِيْنَ إِلَّاخَسَارًا @

وَإِذَا ٱنْعَمْنَا عَلَى الْإِنْسَانِ ٱعْرَضَ وَنَابِجَانِبِهِ، وَ إِذَا مَسَّهُ الشُّرُّكَانَ يَئُوْ سًا @

ۊؙڵؙؙۘػؙڵٞؖؾۧۼٛؗۧڝؘڵؘٵ لم شاكلته فَرَبُّ حُمْ اَعْلَمُ بِمَنْ هُوَ آهْدى سَبِيْلًا ﴾ knows full well who is best

ء : ا ق p | غ h ح | kh خ | dh أ ف ج ( 408 ص ع ا خ h ح | h ح | h ح | kh خ | dh أ خ ع ع أ خ 408 ص ع ا خ (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

R. 10.

86. And they ask thee concerning the soul. Say, 'The soul is by the command of my Lord; and of the knowledge *thereof* you have been given but a little.'

87. And if We pleased, We could certainly take away that which We have revealed to thee *and* then thou wouldst find in the matter no guardian for thee against Us,

88. Except mercy from thy Lord. Surely, His grace towards thee is great.

89. Say, 'If mankind and the Jinn gathered together to produce the like of this Qur'ān, they could not produce the like thereof, even though they should help one another.'

90. And surely, We have set forth for mankind in various ways all kinds of similitudes in this Qur'ān, but most men would reject everything but disbelief.

91. And they say, 'We will never believe thee until thou cause a spring to gush forth for us from the earth;

92. 'Or thou have a garden of datepalms and vines, and cause streams to gush forth in the midst thereof in abundance;

93. 'Or thou cause the heaven to fall upon us in pieces, as thou hast claimed, or thou bring Allāh and the angels before us face to face;

وَ يَسْعَلُوْنَكَ عَنِ الرُّوْجِ ، قُلِ الرُّوْحُ مِنْ أَمْرِ رَبِّيْ وَمَآ أُوْتِيْتُمْ مِّنَ الْعِلْمِ الأقللا وَ لَئِنْ شِئْنَا لَنَذْهَبَتَ بِاتَّذِي ٱوْحَيْنَآ اِلَيْكَ ثُمَّر كَا تَجِدُلُكَ بِه عَلَيْنَا وَكِيْلًا إِلَّا رَحْمَةً مِّنْ رَّبِّكَ ، إِنَّ فَضْلَهُ كَانَ عَلَيْكَ كَبِيْرًا قُلْ لَّبْنِ اجْتَمَعَتِ الْإِنْسُ وَ الْجِنُّ عَلَى أَنْ يَاتُوْا بِمِثْلِ هٰذَا الْقُرْانِ كَا يَاتُوْنَ بِمِثْلِهِ وَلَوْ كَانَ بَعْضُهُمْ لِبَعْضِظَهِيْرًا وَ لَقَدْ صَرَّفْنَا لِلنَّاسِ فِيْ هٰذَا الْقُرْأَنِ مِنْ ڪُلّ مَثَلٍ ذِفَاتِي ٱكْثَرُ النَّاسِ إلَّا **ڪُفُ**وُرًا (٠) وَ قَالُوْا لَنْ نُّؤْمِنَ لَكَ حَتَّى تَفْجُرَ لَيَا مِنَ الْأَرْضِ مَنْ لَهُ عَارً ٱۅٛؾؘۘػ۠ۅٛ<mark></mark>ؽؘڶڬؘڮؾٚۘڐؘٞؖٞٞڝؚۧڽٛڹٞڿؽڸؚۊؘۜ؏ڹؘڹ فَتُفَجِّرَ الْأَنْهُرَ خِلْلَهَا تَفْجِيْرًا ١ ٱۉؾؙۺۊؚڟٙٳڶۺٙؗٙڡ<u>ٙ</u>ٳٙٵؘؘؘؘؚؖڪؘڡؘٳۯؘۼۿؾٛۼڵؽڹ عِسَفًا أَوْ تَأْتِت بِاللهِ وَالْمَلْئِكَةِ قبيلا

- 20-

94. 'Or thou have a house of gold or thou ascend up into heaven; and we will not believe in thy ascension until thou send down to us a book that we can read.' Say, 'Holy is my Lord! I am not but a man sent as a Messenger.'

### R. 11.

95. And nothing has prevented men from believing when the guidance came to them save that they said. 'Has Allah sent a man as а Messenger?'

96. Say, 'Had there been in the earth angels walking about in peace and quiet, We should have certainly sent down to them from heaven an angel as a Messenger.'

97. Say, 'Sufficient is Allah for a Witness between me and you: surely. He knows and sees His servants full well '

98. And he whom Allah guides, is the only one rightly guided; but as for those whom He allows to perish, thou wilt find for them no helpers beside Him. And on the Day of Resurrection We shall gather them together on their faces, blind, dumb and deaf. Their abode will be Hell; every time it abates, We shall increase for them the flame.

99. That is their recompense, because they rejected Our Signs and said, 'What! when we are reduced to bones and broken particles, shall we really be raised up as a new creation?'

ٱۋْرَكُوْنَ لَكَ بَيْتَ مِّنْ زُخْرُفِ أَوْ تَرْقْ فِي السَّمَاءِ وَلَنْ نُؤْمِنَ لِرُقِيِّكَ حَتَّى تُنَزِّل عَلَيْنَا ڪتْتَا<sup>تَ</sup> قَرَوُّهُ قُلْ سُبْحَان رَبِّيْ هَلْ كُنْتُ إِلَّا بَشَرًا رَّسُؤًلا ﴾ وَ مَا مَنْكَ النَّاسَ أَنْ تُؤْمِنُوْ إِذْ جَاءَهُ مُر الْهُذَى إِلَّا آنْ قَالُوْٓا ٱ بَعَثَ اللهُ بَشَرًا د شدگ ۱ قُلْ لَمْ كَانَ فِي الْأَرْضِ مَلَئِكَةً تَمْشُوْنَ مُطْمَئِنِّيْنَ لَنَزَّلْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ مِّنَ السَّمَاء مَلَكًا دَّسُوًكُ قُلْ كَفْى بِاللَّهِ شَهِيْدًا بَيْنِيْ وَبَيْ نَكُمْ ﴿ إِنَّهُ كَانَ بِعِبَادٍ ﴿ خَبِيْرًّا بَصِيْرًا ۞ وَمَنْ يَهْدِاللَّهُ فَهُوَ الْمُهْ تَدِ، وَمَنْ يُضْلِلْ فَكَنْ تَجِدَ لَهُمْ ٱوْلِيَاءَ مِنْ دُوْنِهِ، ݸﻧَﺧٛﺸُرُۿۿڔؾۿڡٙڔٳڷۊڸؚڡؠۊۼڸۉڿؙۿۿۿ<u>ڔ</u> عُمْتَاوَ بُكْمًاوَ صُمَّا مِنْأُونِهُمْ جَعَنَّمُ \* ڪُلَّمَا خَبَتْ زِدْنْهُمْ سَعِيْرًا

ذلك جزاؤهم بأنهم كفروا باليتنا وَقَالُهْ اعَاذَا كُنَّاعِظًا مَّا دَّدُفَاتًا ءَانَّا لَمَبْعُوْثُوْنَ خَلْقًا جَدِيْدًا

ء : ا ق p | غ kh خ | dh خ | dh ص ب من ج ا خ h ح ا أ ث h ح ا أ ث h ح ا أ ث h ح ا أ ث h ح ا أ ث h ح ا ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

النصف

چ

100. Have they not seen that Allāh Who created the heavens and the earth has the power to create the like of them? And He has appointed for them a term; there is no doubt about it. But the wrongdoers would reject everything but disbelief.

101. Say, 'Even if you possessed the treasures of the mercy of my Lord, you would surely hold them back for fear of spending, for man is niggardly.'

### R. 12.

102. And of a truth We gave Moses nine manifest Signs. So ask *then* the children of Israel. When he came to them, Pharaoh said to him, 'I do think thee, O Moses, to be a victim of deception.'

103. He said, 'Thou knowest well *that* none has sent down these *Signs* but the Lord of the heavens and the earth as *so many* evidences; and I certainly think thee, O Pharaoh, to be *a* ruined *man*.'

104. So he resolved to remove them from the land; but We drowned him and those who were with him, all together.

\*105. And after him We said to the children of Israel, 'Dwell ye in the land; and when *the time of* the promise of the latter days comes, We shall bring you together *out of various peoples*.'

أوَلَهْ بَرَوْا أَرِبَّ اللَّهَ الَّذِي خَلَقَ السَّيطة ت وَ الْكَرْضَ قَادِرٌ عَلَى أَنْ تَخْلُقَ مَثْلَهُمْ وَجَعَلَ لَهُمْ أَجَلًا لَا رَبْت فنه، فَأَبَى الظَّلِمُوْنَ إِلَّا كُفُوْرًا ٢ قُلْ لَوْ ٱنْتُمْ تَمْلِكُوْنَ خَزَّائِنَ رَحْمَةِ رَتِيْ إِذًا كَمْسَكْتُمْ خَشْبَةَ الْإِنْفَاقِ، وَ كَانَ الْانْسَانُ قَتُهُ رًا أَسَ وَكَقَدْ أَتَدْنَا مُؤْسَى بِسْحَ إِيْتِ بَيْنْتِ فَسْئَلْ بَبْحِثْ إِسْرَاءِ بْلِّ إِذْ جَاءَهُمْ فَقَالَ لَهُ فِرْعَوْنُ إِنَّى كَاظُنُّكَ لِمُوْسِي مَشْحُوْرًا قَالَ لَقَدْ عَلِمْتَ مَآ ٱنْزَلَ هَؤُكَّمَ إِلَّا دَتُ السَّبِطوت وَ الْكَرْضِ بَصَابُرَ» وَ إِنَّىٰ كَاظُنُّكَ لِيفِرْعَوْنُ مَتْبُوْرًا ] فَأَدَادَ أَنْ تَيَسْتَعْذَ هُمْ مَّرِبَ الْأَدْضِ فَأَغْرَقْنِهُ وَمَنْ مَّعَهُ جَمِيْعًا ﴾

َوَّ قُلْنَا مِنْ بَعْدِةٖ لِبَخِيَّ اِسْرَاءِيْلَ اسْڪُنُوا الْاَرْضَ فَاذَا جَاءَ وَعْدُ الْاخِرَةِ جِئْنَا بِكُمْلَفِيْفًا۞

\*105. And after him We said to the children of Israel, 'Dwell you in the land; and when *the time* of the promise of the latter days comes, We shall bring you together **once again**.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{\sigma} \ | \ \dot{\sigma} \ \dot{\sigma}$ 

106. And in truth have We sent it down and with truth has it descended. And We have sent thee only as a Bearer of good tidings and a Warner.

\*107. And the Our'an We have revealed in pieces that thou mayest read it to mankind at intervals, and We have sent it down piecemeal.

108. Say, "Whether you believe therein or believe not, those to whom knowledge has been given before it, do fall down prostrate on their faces when it is recited to them, 109. "And say, 'Holy is our Lord. Surely, the promise of our Lord is bound to be fulfilled.""

110. They fall down on their faces weeping, and it increases humility in them.

\*111. Say, 'Call upon Allah or call upon Rahmān; bv whichever name vou call Him, His are the most beautiful names.' And utter not thy prayer aloud, nor utter it too low, but seek a way between.

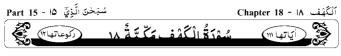
112, And say, 'All praise belongs to Allah Who has taken unto Himself no son, and Who has no partner in His Kingdom, nor has He anyone help *Him* on account to of weakness.' And extol His glory with all glorification.

لَحَقَّ ٱنْزَلْنْهُ وَبِالْحَقِّ نَزَلَ وَمَا لَ وقفالازم وَقُرْانًا فَوَقْنِهُ لِتَقْرَاهُ عَلَى النَّاسِ على مُكْث وَنَتَّ لَذ ۵ ۵ اهدار تک ا**ت** قَثلة اذًا تُثْلَ اُوْتُما الْعِلْمَ مِ ٩, ھمْ يَخِرُّوْنَ لِلْاَذْقَانِ سُ بْحْنَ رَبِّنَآ اِنْ كَانَ وَعْدُ وَّ كَقَوْلُوْنَ سُ رَبِّنَ لَمَفْعُوْلًا وَ يَخِرُّوْنَ لِلْاَذْقَانِ يَسْكُوْنَ Į. ڂؙۺؙۮٵ؊ قُلِ إِذْعُوا اللَّهُ أَوِ إِذْعُوا ال تَدْعُدًا فَكَهُ الْأَسْسَمَاءُ الْ تُجْهَرْ بِصَلَا ا ک <u>ۇابْتَغْرَبْيْنَ ذٰلِكَ</u> وَ قُلِ الْحَمْدُ بِلَّهِ الَّذِيْ لَّهُ شَرِيْكٌ فِ ÷, لَّهُ وَ لِيُّ مِّنَ الذُّ Ë

 $\overline{a \ i \ u + | \ th}$  ث  $| \ h \ \tau | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{s} | \dot{s}$ ء ' | ق p | ج h ج | d ' اظ z | ط t ض A رح (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

<sup>\*107.</sup> And We divided the Qur'an into parts that you may read it to mankind at intervals, and We have sent it down gradually.

<sup>\*111.</sup> Say, 'Call Allah or call Rahman; by whichever name you pray to *Him*, His are the most beautiful names.' And utter not thy prayer aloud, nor utter it too low, but seek a way between.



AL-KAHF (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

\*2. All praise belongs to Allāh Who has sent down the Book to His servant and has not put therein any crookedness.

3. *He has made it* a guardian, that it may give warning of a grievous chastisement from Him, and that it may give the believers who do good deeds the glad tidings that they shall have a good reward,

4. Wherein they shall abide for ever;

5. And that it may warn those who say, 'Allāh has taken unto Himself a son.'

6. No knowledge have they thereof, nor *had* their fathers. Grievous is the word that comes from their mouths. They speak naught but a lie.

7. So haply thou wilt grieve thyself to death for sorrow after them if they believe not in this discourse. بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () ٱلْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي ٓ ٱ نُزَلَ عَلْى عَبْدِعِ الْحِلْبَ وَلَمْ يَجْعَلْ لَّهُ عِوَجًا () قَيِّمًا لِّيُنْذِرَ بَاسًا شَدِيدًا مِّنْ لَّدُنْهُ وَ يُبَشِّرَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ الَّذِينَ يَعْمَلُوْنَ الصِّلِحَتِ آنَ لَهُمْ آجْرًا حَسَنًا () مَا كَمُمْ بِهِ مِنْ عِلْمِ وَ لَا لِا بَآئِهِمْ مُ مَا لَهُمْ بِهِ مِنْ عِلْمٍ وَ لَا لِا بَآئِهِمْ مُ

اِنْ يَّقُوْلُوْنَ اِلَّاكَزِبَّانَ فَلَعَلَّكَ بَاخِعٌ نَّفْسَكَ عَلَى اثَادِهِمْ اِنْ لَّمْ يُؤْمِنُوْا بِهٰذَاالْحَدِيْثِ أَسَفًانَ

\*2. All praise belongs to Allāh Who has sent down the Book to His servant and He employed no crookedness in his or in its making.

**Note:** The pronoun  $h\bar{u}$  (i) in  $lah\bar{u}$  (ii) equally applies to the servant of Allāh—the recipient of the Book and the Book itself. Hence it cannot be translated into English using a pronoun simultaneously applicable to both. If one translates this as 'God has not placed any crookedness in it,' it will exclude the Holy Prophet (may peace and blessings of Allāh be upon him) from this promise of purity. If one translates it as, 'He has not placed any crookedness in him,' then the Book is left out of this sanctity. To resolve this problem we have translated the verse in a different style keeping absolutely loyal to the spirit rather than overemphasising the letter.

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ \tau | \ kh \ \tau | \ dh \ i \ s \ i \ s \ (413)$  (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

سُبْحْنَ الَّذِي ٥ - Part 15 - 15

8. Verily. We have made all that is on the earth as an ornament for it. that We may try them as to which of them is best in conduct.

9. And We shall make all that is thereon a barren soil

10. Dost thou think that the People of the Cave and the Inscription were a wonder among Our Signs?

11. When the young men betook themselves for refuge to the Cave and said, 'Our Lord, bestow on us mercy from Thyself, and provide for us right guidance in our affair.'

\*12. So We sealed up their ears in the Cave for a number of years.

13. Then We raised them up that We might know which of the two parties would better reckon the time that they had tarried.

### R. 2.

14. We will relate to thee their story with truth: They were young men who believed in their Lord, and We increased them in guidance.

15. And We strengthened their hearts, when they stood up and said. 'Our Lord is the Lord of the heavens and the earth. Never shall we call upon any god beside Him; if we did, we should indeed have uttered an enormity.

إِنَّى جَعَلْنَا مَا عَلَى الْآدْضِ ذِيْنَةً لَّهَا لنَبْلُوَهُمْ أَتُّهُمْ أَخْسَنُ عَمَاً ( وَ إِنَّا لَحَاعِلُوْنَ مَا عَلَيْهَا صَعِيدًا جُرُزًا أ اَمْ حَسِنْتَ اَبَّ أَصْحِٰتَ الْكَفْفِ وَالرَّقِيْمِرِكَانُوْامِنْ أَلِيتِنَا عَجَبًا ( اذْ أَوَى الْفَتْبَةُ إِلَى الْكَفْفِ فَقَالُوْا دَتَّنَآ اتِنَامِنْ تَدْنَكَ رَحْمَةً وَّهَيَّ لَنَامِنْ آشرنارَ شَدًا ( فَضَرَبْنَا عَلَى اذَانِهِمْ فِي الْكَ سنەن غاداش ثُمَّ بَعَثْنُهُمْ لِنَعْلَمَ أَحِبُ الْجِزْبَيْر أخطى لِمَا لَبِثُوْا أَمَدًا شَ نَحْنُ نَقُصٌ عَلَيْكَ نَبّاهُمْ بِالْحَقِّ إنَّهُمْ فِثْيَةً أَمَنُوْا بِرَبِّهِمْ وَ زِدْنُهُمْ ۿڋؽ۩ۛ وَّ رَبَطْنَا عَلَى قُلُوْبِهِمْ إِذْ قَامُوْا فَقَالُوْا <u></u>
رَبُّنَا دَبُّ السَّيلِهٰ تِ وَالْاَ دُضِ لَنْ نَّدْعُوَ ٱ مِنْ دُوْنِهَ إِلْهَا لَّقَدْ قُلْنَا إِذًا شَطَطًا

\*12. So We prevented them from hearing in the Cave the news of the outside world for a few years.

Ē

ء : ا ق p | غ kh خ | dh خ | dh ص ف م ع ا خ ا ط t ا ث ا ط z ا ا ث ا ب ا ب ا ا ث dh ج ا م ا ا ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

16. 'These, our people, have taken for worship other gods beside Him. Wherefore do they not bring a clear authority for them? And who is more unjust than he who invents a lie concerning Allah?

17. 'And now when you have withdrawn from them and from that which they worship beside Allāh, then seek refuge in the Cave: vour Lord will unfold for you His mercy and will provide for you comfort in this affair of yours.'

\*18. And thou couldst see the sun, as it rose, move away from their Cave on the right, and when it set, turn away from them on the left: and they were in the spacious hollow thereof. This is among the Signs of Allāh. He whom Allāh guides is rightly guided; but he whom He adjudges astray, for him thou wilt find no helper or guide.

# R. 3.

19. Thou mightest deem them awake, whilst they are asleep; and We shall cause them to turn over to the right and to the left, their dog stretching out his forelegs on the threshold. If thou hadst had a look at them, thou wouldst surely have turned away from them in fright, and wouldst surely have been filled with awe of them.

هَةُ لَآءِ قَدْمُنَا اتَّخَذُوْا مِنْ دُوْنِهَ الِهَةَ **-**لَوْ لَا يَأْتُوْنَ عَلَيْهِمْ بِسُلْطُنُ بَيِّنٍ -فَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مِمَّنِ افْتَرٰى عَلَى الله كَذِبَّ الله وَإِذَ اعْتَزَلْتُمُوْهُمْ وَمَا يَعْبُدُوْنَ الَّا الله فَاقَا إِلَى الْكَفِفِ يَنْشُرْ لَكُمْ رَتُّكُمْ ٽِونْ ڏَحْمَ<del>ب</del>ِّهِ وَ يُهَتِي<sup>ْ</sup> لَڪُمْرِتِّنْ اَمْرِڪُمْ مدفقا وَ تَدَى الشَّمْسَ إِذَا طَلَعَتْ تَزْوَرُ عَنْ كَهْفِهِمْ ذَاتَ الْمَمِثْنِ وَ إِذَا غَرَبَتْ تَّقْرِضُهُمْ ذَاتَ الشَّمَالِ وَهُمْ فَي فَجْوَة مِنْهُ وذَلِكَ مِنْ إليت الله ومَنْ يَهْد اللهُ فَهُوَ الْمُهْتَدِ ، وَمَنْ يُضْلِلُ فَلَنْ ٩ تجدكة وَلِيًّا مُّرْشِدًا ١ وَ تَحْسَبُهُمْ ٱبْقَاظًا وَّ هُمْ رُقُوْدًة وَّ نُقَلِّبُهُمْ ذَاتَ الْيَجِيْنِ وَذَاتَ الشِّحَال<del>ِ</del> وَكَلْبُهُمْ بَاسِطْ ذِرَاعَيْهِ بِالْوَصِيْدِ، کو اطَّکَعْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ کَوَلَّيْتَ مِنْهُمْ فرَادًا وَ لَمُلَنُّتَ مِنْهُمْ دُعْبًا،

ء : ا ق q ا غ kh خ ا dh أ ظ ع ا ط t ا ف ا ع ا ف أ م م ع ا ذ dh أ ا kh خ ا dh أ ث h ا ا ث h ا ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

<sup>18.</sup> And you could see the sun, as it rose, move away from their Cave on the right, and when it set, move across them to the left, and they were in the spacious hollow thereof. This is among the Signs of Allah. He whom Allah guides is rightly guided; but he whom He adjudges astray, for him you will find no helper or guide.

20. And so We raised them up that they might question one another. One of them said, 'How long have you tarried?' They said, 'We have tarried a day or part of a day.' *Others* said, 'Your Lord knows best *the time* you have tarried. Now send one of you with these silver coins of yours to the city; and let him see which of its *inhabitants* has the purest food, and let him bring you provisions thereof. And let him be courteous and let him not inform anyone about you.'

\*21. 'For, if they should come to know of you, they would stone you or make you return to their religion and then will you never prosper.'

22. And thus did We disclose them to the people that they might know that the promise of Allāh was true, and that, as to the Hour, there was \*no doubt about it. And remember the time when people disputed among themselves concerning them, and said, 'Build over them a building.' Their Lord knew them best. Those who won their point said, 'We will, surely, build a place of worship over them.' وَ كَذٰلِكَ بَعَثْنُهُمْ لِيَتَسَاءَلُوْا بَيْنَهُمْ مُ
قَالَ قَائِلٌ مِنْهُمْ حَمْ لَبِثْتُمْ اقَالُوْا بَيْنَهُمْ حَمْ لَبِثْتُمْ اقَالُوْا رَبُحُمْ لَبِثْنَا يَوْمَا أَوْ بَحْضَيَوْمٍ اقَالُوْا رَبُحُمْ اعْتَمَ مَا وَ الْعَامَا وَ الْعَامَةُ عَمْ الْعَامَ مَعْنَا يَوْ الْحَامَةُ عَمْ الْعَامَ مَعْتَمَ الْعَامَ مَعْتَمَ الْحَدَحُمْ اعْتَمَ مَا يَعْتَمُ الْعَامَ مَا وَ الْعَامَ مَعْتَمَ الْحَدَحُمْ اعْتَمَ الْعَامَ الْعَامَ الْعَامَةُ عَلَيْ الْعَا يَعْتَمَ الْعَامَ الْحَد

اِنَّهُمْ اِنْ تَظْهَرُوْا عَلَيْكُمْ يَرْجُمُوْكُمْ ٱوْ يُعِيْدُوْ كُمْ فِيْ مِلَّتِهِمْ وَ لَنْ تُفْلِحُوَّا اِذًا آ بَدًا ()

وَكَذٰلِكَ ٱعْثَرْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ لِيَعْلَمُوْٓا ٱنَّ وَعْدَ اللهِ حَقَّ وَّ ٱنَّ السَّاعَةَ لَا رَيْبَ فِيْهَا \* لِذْ يَتَنَازَعُوْنَ بَيْنَهُمْ آمْرَهُمْ فَقَالُوا ابْنُوْا عَلَيْهِمْ بُنْيَانًا ﴿ رَبُّهُمْ آعْلَمْ بِهِمْ قَالَ الَّذِيْنَ عَلَيْهِمْ مَسْجِدًا ﴿ ٱمْرِهِمْ لَنَتَّخِذَنَّ عَلَيْهِمْ مَسْجِدًا ﴿

Note: 'Erect a building over them' means to build a memorial at the site of their caves.

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ r | \ h \ r | \ kh \ r | \ dh \ s \ s \ s \ the set interaction on page \ p).$ (See details of transitieration on page \ p).

<sup>\*21. &#</sup>x27;For, if they overcome you, they would stone you or make you return to their religion and then will you never prosper.'

<sup>\*22.</sup> And remember the time when people disputed among themselves concerning them, and some said, 'Erect a building over them.'

23. Some say, 'They were three, the fourth was their dog,' and others say, 'They were five, the sixth was their dog,' guessing at random. And yet others say, 'They were seven, \*the eighth was their dog.' Say, 'My Lord knows best their number. None knows them except a few.' So argue not concerning them except with arguing that is overpowering, nor seek information about them from any one of them.

#### R. 4.

24. And say not of anything, 'I am going to do it tomorrow,'

25. Unless Allāh should will. And remember thy Lord when thou forgettest, and say, 'I hope my Lord will guide me to what is even nearer than this to the right path.'

26. And they stayed in their Cave three hundred years, and added nine more.

\*27. Say, 'Allāh knows best how long they tarried.' To Him belong the secrets of the heavens and the earth. How Seeing is He! and how Hearing! They have no helper beside Him, and He does not let anyone share in His government. سَيَقُوْلُوْنَ ثَلْثَةً رَّابِعُهُمْ كَلْبُهُمْ، وَ يَقُوْلُونَ خَمْسَةً سَادِسُهُمْ كَلْبُهُمْ رَجْمًا بِالْغَيْبِ، وَيَقُوْلُوْنَ سَبْعَ وَّ ثَامِنُهُمْ كَلْبُهُمْ ﴿ قُلْ رَبِّنَ ٱعْلَمُ بعِدَّتِهِمْ مَّا يَعْلَمُهُمْ إِلَّا قَلِيْلُ \* فَلَا تُمادِ فِيهمر إلا مِرَاءً ظَاهِرًا ﴿ كَا تَسْتَفْتِ فِيْهِمْ مِّنْهُمْ أَحَدًا شَ وَكَا تَقُوْلَنَّ لِشَائِءٍ إِنَّى فَاعِلُ ذَٰلِكَ غدًا اللا أَنْ تَشَاءَ اللهُ وَ اذْكُرْ رَّبُّكَ إِذَا نَسِيْتَ وَ قُلْ عَسَى آنَ يَّهْدِيَنِ رَبِّي کا فَکَک مِنْ هٰذَا دَشَدًا <sup>۲</sup> وَلَبِثُوا فِي كَهْفِهِمْ ثَلْثَ مِائَة وَ ازْدَادُوْا تَشْعًا 🕅 <u></u> قُلِ اللهُ ٱعْلَمُ بِمَالَبِثُوْا ، لَهُ غَيْبُ السَّمُوْتِ وَالْاَدْضِ مَا بْصِرْبِهِ وَٱسْمِعْ . مَا لَهُمْ قِبْنُ دُوْنِهِ مِنْ وَّ لِيَّ د وَّ لَا يُشْرِكُ فى حُكْمةِ أَحَدًا ٢

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ th \ th \ r \ \mid \ h \ r \ \mid \ h \ r \ \mid \ dh \ r \ \mid \ s \ of \ transitieration on \ page \ r). \end{array}$ 

<sup>\*23.</sup> Say, 'My Lord knows best what their real number was. Very few are those who know regarding them. So do not argue concerning them except for a casual discussion, nor seek information about them from any one of them.'

<sup>\*27.</sup> Say, 'Allāh knows best how long they tarried *therein*.' To Him belongs the unseen of the heavens and the earth. What a sight He has and what a hearing! There is no friend for them other than He and He does not permit anyone to have a share in His authority.

28. And recite what has been revealed to thee of the Book of thy Lord. There is none who can change His words, and thou wilt find no refuge beside Him.

29. And keep thyself attached to those who call on their Lord, morning and evening, seeking His pleasure; and let not thy eyes pass beyond them, seeking the adornment of the life of the world; and obey not him whose heart We have made heedless of Our remembrance and who follows his evil inclinations, and his case exceeds all bounds.

30. And say, '*It is* the truth from your Lord; wherefore let him who will, believe, and let him who will, disbelieve.' Verily, We have prepared for the wrongdoers a fire whose *flaming* canopy shall enclose them. And if they cry for help, they will be helped with water like molten lead which will burn the faces. How dreadful the drink, and how evil is *the Fire as* a resting place!

31. Verily, those who believe and do good works—surely, We suffer not the reward of those who do good works to be lost.

32. It is these who will have Gardens of Eternity beneath which streams shall flow. They will be adorned therein with bracelets of gold and will wear green garments of fine silk and heavy brocade, reclining therein upon raised ٤ اتْلُ مَآ أُوْحِيَ الَيْكَ مِنْ حِتَابِ
٢ تَبِكَ لَا مُبَرِّلَ لِكَلِمْتِهِ وَ لَنْ تَجِحَ
٢ مِنْ دُوْنِه مُلْتَحَدًا (()
٤ اصْبِرْ نَفْسَكَ مَحَ الَّذِيْنَ يَدْعُوْنَ
٢ الْجَدُ وَ الْعَشِيِّ يُرِيدُوْنَ
٤ الْعَدْمَ اللَّذِيْنَ عَدْعُوْنَ الْعَشِيِّ الْحَدْمَ الَّذِيْنَ يَدْعُوْنَ
٤ الْعَدْمَ اللَّذِيْنَ الْعَشِيِّ الْحَدْمَ الْحَدْمَ الَّذِيْنَ الْحَدْمَ الْحَدْمَةِ الْحَدْمَ الْحُدْمَ الْحَدْمَ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَ الْحُدْمَ الْحَدْمَ الْحَدْمَ الْحَدْمَةُ الْحَدْمَ الْحَدْمُ الْحَدْمَ الْحَدْمَ الْحَدْمَ الْحَدْمُ الْحَدْمَ الْ

وَ قُلِ الْحَقَّ مِنْ رَّبِّكُمْ اللَّ فَمَنْ شَاءَ فَلْيُؤْمِنْ وَ مَنْ شَاءَ فَلْيَكْفُرُ ا إِنَّا اَعْتَدْنَالِلظْلِمِيْنَ نَارًا الاَحَاطَ بِهِمْ سُرَادِقُهَا وَ اِنْ يَسْتَغِيْتُوا يُغَاثُوْا بِمَاءٍ كَالْمُهْلِ يَشْوِى الْوُجُوْكَ بِئْسَ الشَّرَابُ وَ سَاءَتْ مُرْتَفَقًا ( الشَّرَابُ فَضِيْعُ اَجْرَ مَنْ اَحْسَنَ عَمَلًا ( أُولْئِكَ لَهُمْ جَتْتُ عَدْنٍ تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهِمُ الْاَنْهُ أُيْحَلَّوْنَ فِيْهَا مِنْ اَسَاوِرَ مِنْ ذَهَبٍ وَ يَلْبَسُوْنَ فِيها مِنْ اَسَاوِرَ مِنْ ذَهَبٍ وَ يَلْبَسُوْنَ فِيها مِنْ اَسَاوِرَ مِنْ ذَهَبٍ وَ يَلْبَسُوْنَ فِيها مِنْ اَسَاوِرَ

بع ا

couches. How good the reward and how excellent the place of rest!

# R. 5.

33. And set forth to them the parable of two men: one of them We provided with two gardens of grapes, and surrounded them with date-palms, and between the two We placed corn-fields.

34. Each of the gardens yielded its fruit *in abundance*, and failed not the least therein. And in between the two We caused a stream to flow.

35. And he had fruit *in abundance*. And he said to his companion, arguing *boastfully* with him, 'I am richer than thou in wealth and stronger in respect of men.'

36. And he entered his garden while he was wronging his soul. He said, 'I do not think this will ever perish;

37. 'And I do not think the Hour will *ever* come. And even if I am ever brought back to my Lord, I shall, surely, find a better resort than this.'

\*38. His companion said to him, while he was arguing with him, "Dost thou disbelieve in Him Who created thee from dust, then from a sperm-drop, then fashioned thee into a *perfect* man?

	فِيْهَاعَكَ الْأَزَآئِكِ
(	ۇخس <sup>ى</sup> نىڭ مۇتىفى ا
دَّجُلَيْنِ جَعَلْنَا	وَ اضْرِبْ لَهُمْ مَّثَلًا
ب مِنْ أَعْنَابٍ	لِآحَدِهِمَا جَنَّتَيْنِ
جَعَلْنَا بَيْنَهُمَا	<u></u> رَّحَفَفْنْهُمَا بِنَخْلٍ وَّ
	ۯؘۯٵؖ۞
ث أحُلَهَا وَلَمْ	كِنْتَا الْجَنَّتَيْنِ أَتَ
فَجَّرْنَا خِلْلَهُمَا	ؾؘڟٛڸۿڔڡۣ <i>ڹ</i> ۫ۿۺؘؽٵۥۊ
	نَسهَرًا الله
ل لِصَاحِبِهِ وَ هُوَ	وَّ كَانَ لَهُ ثَمَرً، فَقَالَ
نْكَ مَالًا وَّ أَعَزُّ	يُحَاوِرُهُ آنَاآَڪْتُرُ مِ
	نَفَرًا @
زِ ظَالِمٌ لِيَنَفْسِهِ،	ۇ دَخَلَ جَنَّتَهُ وَ هُوَ
الله المربحة الم	قَالَ مَآ اَظُنُّ اَنْ تَبِيْدَ
	وَّمَا ٱظُنُّ السَّاعَةً قَارِ
	إِلَى دَبِيْ كَجِدَتَ خَيْرًا
	· · · · · ·
1.1117.	

قَالَ لَهُ صَاحِبُهُ وَهُوَ يُحَاوِرُهُ ٱ كَفَرْتَ بِالَّذِيْ خَلَقَكَ مِنْ تُرَابٍ ثُمَّ مِنْ نُّطْفَةٍ ثُمَّ سَوْىكَ رَجُلًا ۞

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ \tau | \ kh \ \tau | \ dh \ i \ s \ i \ s \ (419)$  (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

<sup># 38.</sup> His companion said to him, while he was conversing with him, 'Do you disbelieve in Him Who created you from dust,

39. "But *as for me*, I *believe that* Allāh alone is my Lord, and I will not associate anyone with my Lord.

40. "And why didst thou not say when thou didst enter thy garden: 'Only that which Allāh wills comes to pass. There is no power save in Allāh?' if thou seest me as less than thee in riches and offspring.

41. "Perhaps my Lord will give me something better than thy garden, and will send on it (thy garden) a thunderbolt from heaven so that it will become a bare slippery ground.

42. "Or its water will become sunk *in the earth* so that thou wilt not be able to find it."

43. And his fruit was *actually* destroyed, and he began to wring his hands for what he had spent on it, and it had *all* fallen down on its trellises. And he said, 'Would that I had not associated anyone with my Lord!'

44. And he had no party to help him against Allāh, nor was he able to defend himself.

\*45. In such a case protection *comes only* from Allāh, the True. He is the Best in respect of reward, and the Best in respect of consequence.

R. 6.

46. And set forth to them the similitude of the life of this world: it is like the water which We send

**\***45. At such times the support *comes only* from Allāh, the True.

٣

ڶڮڹۜٙٵ۫ۿۅٙٵٮڷؗؗؗۮڒؾ۪ؽؚۘۘۅؘڵٙٳٛٲۺٛڔڮؙؠڗؾؚٞؽ <u>آ</u>حدًا (۳) وَ لَوْ لَآ إِذْ دَخَلْتَ جَنَّتَكَ قُلْتَ مَا شَاء اللهُ الاقْوَةَ إِلَّا بِاللَّهِ إِنْ تَرَنِ أَنَا أَقَلَّ منك مَالًا وَ وَلَدًا فَعَسى رَبِينَ أَنْ يُؤْتِيَنِ خَيْرًا مِّن جَنَّتكَ وَيُرْسِلَ عَلَيْهَا حُشْتانًا مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ فَتُصْبِحَ صَعِيْدًا ذَلَقًا أُ ٱوْ يُصْبِحَ مَاوُّهَا غَوْرًا فَلَنْ تَسْتَطِيحَ لَهُ طَلَبًا وَ ٱحِيْطَ بِثَمَرِهِ فَآصْبَحَ يُقَلِّبُ كَفَّيْهِ عَلَى مَآ ٱنْفَقَ فِيْهَا وَهِيَ خَاوِيَةً عَلَى عُرُوْشِهَا وَ يَقُوْلُ لِلَيْتَنِيْ لَمْ أَشْرِكْ برَتِيْ أَحَدًا @ وَ لَمْ تَكُنْ لَّهُ فِئَةً يَنْصُرُوْنَهُ مِنْ دُوْنِ الله وَمَاكَانَ مُنْتَصِرًا ﴿ هُنَالِكَ الْوَلَايَةُ لِتَّهِ الْحَقِّ دهُوَ خَيْرً ثَوَالًا وَخَبْرُ عُقْبًا أَ

وَ اضْرِبْ لَهُمْ مَثَلَ الْحَلُوةِ الدُّنْيَا حَمَاءٍ ٱنْزَلْنْهُ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ فَاخْتَلَطَ down from the sky, and the vegetation of the earth is mingled with it, and then it becomes dry grass broken into pieces which the winds scatter. And Allāh has power over every thing.

\*47. Wealth and children are an ornament of the life of this world. But enduring good works are better in the sight of thy Lord in respect of *immediate* reward, and better in respect of *future* hope.

48. And *bethink of* the day when We shall remove the mountains, and thou wilt see *the nations of* the earth march forth *against one another* and We shall gather them together and shall not leave any one of them behind.

49. And they will be presented to thy Lord, *standing* in rows: 'Now have you come to Us as We created you at first. But you thought that We would fix no time for the fulfilment of *Our* promise to you.' 50. And the Book will be placed *before them*, and thou wilt see the guilty fearful of that which is therein; and they will say, 'O woe to us! What kind of a Book is this! It leaves out nothing small or great but has recorded it.' And they will find all that they did confronting *them*, and thy Lord does not wrong anyone.

R. 7.

51. And remember the time when We said to the angels, 'Submit to Adam,' and they *all* submitted, بِهٖ نَبَاتُ الْاَرْضِ فَاَصْبَحَ هَشِيْمًا تَذْرُوْهُ الرِّلِحُ وَكَاتَ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ مُقْتَدِرًا اَلْمَالُ وَ الْبَنُوْنَ زِيْنَةُ الْحَلُوةِ الدُّنْيَا، وَ الْبَقِيْتُ الصَّلِحْتُ خَيْرً عِنْدَ رَبِّكَ تَوَابًا وَّ خَيْرً ا مَلَا بَارِزَةً اوَ حَشَرْنُهُمْ فَلَمْ نُغَادِ ( مِنْهُمْ

**اَحَدَ**ا۞

ۛۏؙۼڔؙۻؗۉٵۜۼڶؗۛؗۮؾؚؚڬڞڣۜٞٵ؞ڶقؘۮڿؚٮٛٛؾؙؠؙۉڹؘ ؘػؘڡؘاڂؘڵڨ۬ڹؗػؙۿؚٵۊۜٙڶڡڗۜۊۣڐ؞ڹڷۮؘؘػڞؾؙۿ ٱڵؖڽٛڹۜڿۘۼڶؘڵػؙۿڟۜۉۼؚڋٵ۞

وَفِضِحَ الْكِتْبُ فَتَرَى الْمُجْرِمِيْنَ
 مُشْفِقِيْنَ مِمَّا فِيْدِوَ يَقُوْلُوْنَ لِوَيْكَتَنَا
 مَالِ هٰذَا الْكِتْبِ لَا يُغَادِرُ صَغِيْرَةً
 وَلَا حَبِيْرَةً إِلَّا احْضِهَا ، وَوَجَدُوْا مَا
 عَمِلُوْا حَاضِرًا ، وَلَا يَظْلِمُ رَبُّكَ احْدًا ﴾

وَ اِذْ قُلْنَ لِلْمَلْئِكَةِ اسْجُدُوْا لِأَدَمَ فَسَجَدُوْٓا اِلَّ اِبْلِيْسَ • كَانَ مِنَ الْجِيِّ

**\***47. Wealth and children are an **adornment** of the life of this world.

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ r | \ kh \ r | \ dh \ i \ s \ of transitieration on page \ p').$ 

except Iblīs. He was one of the Jinn; and he disobeyed the \* command of his Lord. Will you then take him and his offspring for friends instead of Me while they are your enemies? Evil is the exchange for the wrongdoers.

52. I did not make them witness the creation of the heavens and the earth, nor their own creation; nor could I take as helpers those who lead *people* astray.

53. And *remember* the day when He will say, 'Call those whom you deemed to be My partners.' Then they will call on them, but they will not answer them; and We shall place a barrier between them.

54. And the guilty shall see the Fire and realize that they are going to fall therein; and they shall find no way of escape therefrom.

# R. 8.

55. And, surely, We have explained in various ways in this Qur'ān, for *the good of* mankind, all kinds of similitudes, but of all things man is most contentious.

\*56. And nothing hinders people from believing when the guidance comes to them, and from asking

فَفَسَقَ عَنْ ٱمْرِ رَبِّهِ . ٱفَتَتَّخِذُوْنَهُ وَ ذُرِّتَتَهَ أَوْلِيَاءَ مِنْ دُوْ نِيْ وَ هُمْ ككُمْرِعَدُوًّ دِبِئْسَ لِلظَّلِمِيْنَ بَدَلًا @

مَآٱشْهَدْتُّهُمْ خَلْقَ السَّمٰوٰتِوَ الْآدُضِ وَلَا خَلْقَ ٱنْفُسِهِمْ وَمَاكُنْتُ مُتَّخِذَ الْمُضِلِّيْنَ عَضُدًا وَ يَوْمَ يَقُوْلُ نَادُوْا شُرَكَآءِيَ الَّذِيْنَ زَعَمْتُمْ فَدَعَوْهُمْ فَلَمْ يَسْتَجِيْبُوْا لَهُمْوَ جَعَلْنَا بَيْنَهُمْ مَوْبِقًا @

وَرَا الْمُجْرِمُوْنَ النَّارَ فَظَنُّوْا اَنَّهُمْ مُوَاقِعُوْهَا وَلَمْ يَجِدُوْا عَنْهَا مَصْرِفًا، ﴾

ۅَ لَقَدْ صَرَّفْنَا فِيْ لَحْذَا الْقُرْأَنِ لِلنَّاسِ مِنْ ڪُلِّ مَثَلٍ ﴿ وَكَانَ الْإِنْسَانُ ٱكْثَرَ شَيْءٍ جَدَلًا ۞

وَ مَا مَنَحَ النَّاسَ اَنْ يُؤْمِنُوَٓا اِذْ جَآءَهُمُ الْهُ لِى وَ يَسْتَغْفِرُوْا رَبَّهُمْ

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u & \mid \mid th \ th \ \tau \mid kh \ \dot{\tau} \mid dh \ \dot{\tau} \mid dh \ \dot{\tau} \mid \dot{z} \mid \dot{z$ 

<sup>\*51.</sup> Will you then take him and his **progeny** for friends instead of Me while they are your enemics?

<sup>\*56.</sup> And nothing prevented people from believing and seeking forgiveness of their Lord, when guidance came to them, except *that they* chose to follow the course of the earlier people with the same consequences or awaited the punishment of Allāh to take them head on.

forgiveness of their Lord, except *that they wait* that there should happen to them the precedent of the ancients or that punishment should come upon them face to face.

57. And We send not the Messengers but as bearers of glad tidings and as Warners. And those who disbelieve contend by means of falsehood so that they may rebut the truth thereby. And they take My Signs and what they are warned of *only* as a jest.

58. And who is more unjust than he who is reminded of the Signs of his Lord, but turns away from them, and forgets what his hands have sent forward? Verily, We have placed veils over their hearts that they understand it not, and in their ears a deafness. And if thou call them to guidance, they will never accept it.

59. And thy Lord is Most Forgiving, full of mercy. If He were to seize them for what they have earned, then surely He would have hastened the punishment for them. But they have an appointed time from which they will find no refuge.

60. And these towns—We destroyed them when they committed iniquities. And We appointed a fixed time for their destruction.

#### R. 9.

61. And *remember the time* when Moses said to his young *companion*, 'I will not stop until I reach the junction of the two seas, or I will journey on for ages.'

· · أَنْ تَاتِيَهُمْ سُنَّةُ الأَوَّلِيْنَ أَوْ	إلاً
ٱتِيَهُمُ الْعَذَابُ قُبُلًا®	يَ

ۅؘ ﻣَﺎﻧُۯڛؚڶ الْمُۯٛسَلِيْنَ اِلَّا مُبَشِّرِيْنَ وَ مُنْذِرِيْنَ ، وَ يُجَادِلُ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا بِالْبَاطِلِ لِيُدْحِضُوْا بِهِ الْحَقَّى وَ اتَّخَذُوْٓا أَيْتِيْوَمَآ أَنْذِرُوْا هُزُوَّا۞

٤ مَنْ ٱَظْلَمُ مِمَّنْ ذُكِّرَ بِاليتِ رَبِّهِ
 ٤ فَٱعْرَضَ عَنْهَا وَ نَسِي مَاقَدَّ مَتْ يَدْلاً ٤ فَٱعْرَضَ عَنْهَا وَ نَسِي مَاقَدَ مَتْ يَدْلاً ٤ فَٱعْرَضَ عَنْهَا وَ نَسِي مَاقَدَ مَتْ يَدْلاً ٤ إِنَّا بَعَلْنَا عَلْى قُلُوْ بِهِمْ ٱ كِنَّةً ٱ ثَ
 ٣ يَفْقَهُ وْلاً وَ فِنْ أَذَا نِهِمْ وَ قُرًا - وَ إِنْ تَدْعُهُمْ
 ٢ الْهُ لَى فَلَوْ نَعْدَ يَهْ تَدُوَ الرَّحْمَةِ - لَوْ يَقْ الْحَدَاتِ
 ٢ يَمَا كَسَبُوْا لَحَجَّلَ لَهُمُ الْعَذَاتِ - بَلْ
 ٣ يَمَا كَسَبُوْا لَحَجَّلَ لَهُمُ الْعَذَاتِ - بَلْ

ۅؘؾؚڵڰٵڷڠؙڒٙؽٱۿڵڲٛڂۿؗۿڒڶؿٵڟؘڵڡؙۉٵ ۅؘڿؘۼڵڹؘٳۑٙڡۿٳؚڮۿۣۿ؆ۧۉۼڋٵ۞

وَ اِذْ قَالَ مُوْسَى لِفَتْنَهُ لَآ ٱبْرَحُ حَتَّى ٱبْلُخَ مَجْمَحَ الْبَحْرَيْنِ آوْ آمْضِيَ حُقُبًا®

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rhotomode | \ h \ rhotomode | \ rho$ 

- \*62. But when they reached the place where the two *seas* met, they forgot their fish, and it made its way into the sea *going away* swiftly. 63. And when they had gone further, he said to his young *companion*: 'Bring us our morning meal. Surely, we have suffered much fatigue on account of this journey of ours.'
- \*64. He replied, 'Didst thou see, when we betook ourselves to the rock for rest, and I forgot the fish and none but Satan caused me to forget to mention it *to thee*—it took its way into the sea in a marvellous manner?'

65. He said, 'That is what we have been seeking.' So they both returned, retracing their footsteps.

66. Then found they one of Our servants upon whom We had bestowed Our mercy, and whom We had taught knowledge from Ourself.

67. Moses said to him, 'May I follow thee on condition that thou teach me of the guidance which thou hast been taught?'

68. He replied, 'Thou canst not keep company with me in patience.69. 'And how canst thou be patient about things the knowledge of which thou comprehendest not?'

فَكَمَّا بَلَغَا مَجْمَعَ بَيْنِهِمَا نَسِيَا حُوْتَهُمَا فَاتَّخَذَ سَبِيْلَهُ فِي الْبَحْرِسَرَبًا () فَلَمَّا جَاوَزًا قَالَ لِفَتْدِهُ اتِنَا غَدَآءَنَا: لَقَدْلَقِيْنَا مِنْ سَفَرِنَا هٰذَا نَصَبًا ()

قَالَ ارَءَيْتَ إِذْ اَوَيْنَآ إِلَى الصَّخْرَةِ فَإِنَّى نَسِيْتُ الْحُوْتَ رَوَمَ آ اَنْسَنِيْهُ إِلَّا الشَّيْطِنُ آنَ آذْ كُرَهُ ، وَاتَّخَذَ سَبِيْلَهُ فِي الْبَحْرِ تَحَجَبًا قَالَ ذٰلِكَ مَا كُنَّا نَبْخِرَة فَارْتَدًا عَلَى أَثَارِهِمَا قَصَصًا فَوَجَدَاعَبُدًا مِنْ عَنَا نَبْخِهَ فَارْتَدًا عَلَى قَالَ لَهُ مُوْسَى هَلْ اتَّبِعُكَ عَلَى آنَ تُعَلِّمَنِ مِمَّا عُلِّمْتَ رُشُدًا ؟ قَالَ إِنَّكَ لَنْ تَسْتَطِيْحَ مَحِيَ صَبْرًا ؟

ى رىب سى ئىسىمىيىر سرىي طىبرا ۇڭىف تىھىبِرُ ئىل مالىڭە ئىچىڭ بِم خۇبرا®

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rhotomode | \ h \ rhotomode | \$ 

<sup>\*62.</sup> But when they reached **the junction of** the two *seas*, they forgot their fish, and it made its way into the sea *going away* swiftly.

<sup>\* 64.</sup> He replied, 'Did you see, when we betook ourselves to the rock for rest, and I forgot the fish—and none but Satan caused me to forget to mention it *to you*—it took its way to the sea in a strange manner.

\*70. He said, 'Thou wilt find me, if Allah please, patient and I shall not disobev any command of thine."

71. He said, 'Well, if thou wouldst follow me, then ask me no questions about anything till I myself speak to thee concerning it.'

## R. 10.

72. So they both set out till, when they embarked in a boat, he staved it in. Moses said, 'Hast thou staved it in to drown those who are in it? Surely, thou hast done an evil thing."

73. He replied, 'Did I not tell thee that thou wouldst not be able to keep company with me in patience?'

74. Moses Said, 'Take me not to task at my forgetting and be not hard on me for this lapse of mine.'

75. So they journeyed on till, when they met a young boy, he slew him. Moses said. 'Hast thou slain an innocent person without his having slain any one? Surely, thou hast done a hideous thing!'

that thou wouldst not be able to

77. Moses said, 'If I ask thee concerning anything after this, keep me not in thy company, for then thou shalt have got sufficient excuse from me."

78. So they went on till, when they

قَالَ سَتَجدُنِيْ إِنْ شَاءَ اللهُ صَابِرًا وَّ لَآ أعْصِيْ لَكَ أَمْرًا ۞ قَالَ فَإِنِ اتَّبَعْتَنِيْ فَلَا تَسْئَلْنِيْ عَنْ شَيْءٍ حَتَّى ٱحْدِثَ لَكَ مِنْهُ ذِكْرًا<sup>نَ</sup> ٩ فَانْطَلَقَا ٥ حَتَّى إِذَا رَكِبَافِ السَّفِيْنَةِ خَرَقَهَا حَالَ ٱخَرَقْتَهَا لِتُغْرِقَ ٱهْلَهَا ، لَقَدْ جِئْتَ شَيْئًا إِمْرًا @ قَالَ اَ لَمْ اَقُلْ انَّكَ لَنْ تَسْتَطِيْعَ مَعَى صَبْرًا قَالَ لا تُؤَاخِذْنِنِ بِمَا نَسِيْتُ وَ لَا تُرْهِقْنِيْ مِنْ أَمْرِيْ عُسْرًا @ فَانْطَلَقَا ... حَتَّى إِذَا لَقِيمَا غُلْمًا فَقَتَلَهُ قَالَ ٱقَتَلْتَ نَفْسًا زَكِيَّةً بِغَيْرِ نَفْسٍ . لَقَدْجِئْتَ شَنْكًا نُّكْرًا @ لحز لل قَالَ ٱلْمُراتَقُلْ تَكَانَّكُ لَبُ لَنْ تَشتَطِيْعَ مَعِيَ صَبْرًا @ قَالَ إِنْ سَالَتُكَ عَرِبْ شَيْءَ بَعْدَهَا فَكَر تُصْحِبْنِيْ ، قَدْ بَلَغْتَ مِنْ لَّدُنَّيْ عُذُرًا فَانْطَلَقَا ٥٠ حَتَّى إِذَا آَ تَتَمَا آَهُلَ قَرْبَةٍ

\*70. He said, 'You will find me, if Allāh please, patient and I shall not disobey you in anything.'

ء : ا ق p ا ج h ت ا ل ا ا ف h ت ا م ا ج ( dh أ ا ع ا ا ف h ت ا م ا ج ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا م ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

came to the people of a town, they asked its people for food, but they refused to make them *their* guests. And they found therein a wall which was about to fall, and he repaired it. *Moses* said, 'If thou hadst desired, thou couldst have taken payment for it.'

79. He said, 'This is the parting *of ways* between me and thee. I will now tell thee the meaning of that which thou wast not able to bear with patience:

80. 'As for the boat, it belonged to *certain* poor people who worked on the sea; and I desired to damage it, for there was behind them a king, who seized every boat by force.

81. 'And as for the youth, his parents were believers, and we feared lest he should cause them trouble through rebellion and disbelief.

82. 'So we desired that their Lord should give them in exchange *a child* better than him in purity and closer in *filial* affection.

83. 'And as for the wall, it belonged to two orphan boys in the town, and beneath it was a treasure belonging to them, and their father had been *a* righteous *man*, so thy Lord desired that they should reach their *age of* full strength and take out their treasure, as a mercy from thy Lord;

ۣڛٛؾؙڟؗۼ؉ٙٵۿڶۿٵڣٵۘۘۘۘڹۉٵڬؿؙڣؾڣؙۉۿ؉ ڣؘۏؚڿڒٳڣؽۿٳڿؚڒٳڒٵؾؙڔؽڋٵڽٛؾۜڹٛڦۻۜ ڣٵؘڡٞٵڡۀۦقٵڶٮؘۉۺؚٮ۠ٞٮٛػڶؾۧڂؘۯٛؾ ٵؽؽۅٱجٛڗٳ۞

قَالَ هٰذَا فِرَاقُ بَيْنِيْ وَ بَيْنِكَ، سَانَتِئُكَ بِتَاوِيْلِ مَا لَمْ تَسْتَطِحْ عَلَيْهِ صَبْرًا اللَّ السَّفِيْنَةُ فَكَانَتْ لِمَسْكِيْنَ يَعْمَلُوْنَ فِي الْبَحْرِ فَارَدْتُ اَنْ اَعِيْبَهَا وَ كَانَ وَرَاءَهُمْ مَلِكَ يَاخُذُ كُلَّ سَفِيْنَةٍ غَصْبًا وَ اَمَا الْغُلْمُ فَكَانَ اَبَوْهُ مُؤْمِنَيْنِ

فَخَشِيْنَآ آَنْ تُرْهِقَهُمَا طُغْيَانًا وَّكُفُرًا۞

ڣؘٵؘڒۮڹٓٵؘؽؿؙڹۮؚڵۿؗؗٵڒڹؙؖۿؙڡؘٵڂؘؽۯٙٵڡؚۣٚٮٝؗ ۯؘڂۅڐٙڗؘٵڨڗڹۯڂڡٵ۞

ۅؘٵؘمَّاالْجِدَارُۏَڪَانَلِغُلْمَيْنِيَتِيْمَيْنِ فِي الْمَدِينَةِ وَ كَانَ تَحْتَهُ كَنْزُ لَّهُمَا وَ كَانَ ٱبُوْهُمَاصَالِحًا ، فَارَادَرَبُّكَ اَنْ يَبْلُغَآ ٱشُرَّهُمَا وَ يَسْتَخْرِجَا كَنْزَهُمَا 3 رَحْمَةً مِّنْ رَّبِكَ ، وَ مَا

and I did it not of my own accord. This is the explanation of that which thou wast not able to bear with patience.'

R. 11.

84. And they ask thee about Dhul Qarnain. Say, 'I will certainly recite to you *something* of his story.'

85. We established him in the earth and gave him the means to *accomplish* everything.

86. Then he followed a certain way.

87. Until, when he reached the setting of the sun, he found it setting in a pool of murky water, and near it he found a people. We said, 'O Dhul Qarnain, either punish them, or treat them with kindness.'

88. He said, 'As for him who does wrong, we shall certainly punish him; then shall he be brought back to his Lord, Who will punish him with a dreadful punishment.'

89. But as for him who believes and acts righteously, he will have a good reward, and We shall speak to him easy *words* of Our command.

90. Then *indeed* he followed *another* way

91. Until, when he reached the rising of the sun, he found it rising on a people for whom We had made no shelter against it.

فَعَلْتُهُ عَنْ آمْرِيْ ﴿ ذَلِكَ تَأْوِيْلُ مَا لَمْ تَسْطِعْ عَلَيْهِ صَبَرًا أَشَ وَ يَسْئَلُوْنَكَ عَنْ ذِي الْقَرْنَيْنِ ، قُلْ سَا تُلُوْا عَلَىْكُمْ مَّنْهُ ذَكْرًا أَ إِنَّا مَتَّنَّا لَهُ فِي الْآدُضِ وَأَتَيْنَهُ مِنْ ڪُلَّ شَيْءٍ سَبَبًا فَٱثْبَعَسَبًا حَتَّى إِذَا بَلَغَ مَغْرِبَ الشَّمْسِ وَجَدَهَا تَغْرُبُ فِي عَيْنٍ حَمِئَةٍ وَ وَجَدَعِنْدَهَا قَوْمًا \* قُلْنَا لِذَا الْقَرْنَيْنِ إِمَّا آَنْ تُعَذِّبَ وَإِمَّآ اَنْ تَتَّجْذَ فِيْهُمْ حُسْنًا ﴾ قَالَ اَمَّا مَنْ ظَلَمَ فَسَوْفَ نُعَذَّبُهُ ثُمَّ يُرَدُّ إِلَى رَبِّهٖ **فَيُعَذِّبُهُ عَذَابًا**نُّ ڪُرًا ۞ وَ آمَّا مَنْ أَمَنَ وَ عَمِلَ صَالِحًا فَلَهُ جَزَاء يِلْحُسْنِي ، وَ سَنَقُوْلُ لَهُ مِنْ آمرنايُشرًا»» ثُمَّ ٱتْبَعَ سَبَيًا ۞ حَتَّى إِذَا بَلَغَ مَطْلِعَ الشَّمْسِ وَجَدَهَا تَطْلُحُ عَلَى قَوْمٍ لَّمْ نَجْعَلْ لَّهُمْ مِّنْ دۇنھا سترًا 🗄

 $a \ i \ u \mid | \ th \ dh \ \dot{r} \mid dh \ \dot{s} \mid \dot{s} \rightarrow (427)$  من  $b \ \dot{r} \mid \dot{$ 

قَالَ أَلَمْ Part 16 - 11

92. Thus indeed it was. Verily, We encompassed with Our knowledge all that was with him.

93. Then he followed another way

94. Until, when he reached the place between the two mountains, he found beneath them a people who would scarcely understand a word.

95. They said, 'O Dhul Qarnain, verily, Gog and Magog are creating disorder in the earth; shall we then pay thee tribute on condition that thou set up a barrier between us and them?'

96. He replied, 'The power with which my Lord has endowed me about this is better, but you may help me with physical strength; I will set up between you and them a rampart.

97. 'Bring me blocks of iron.' They did so till, when he had levelled up the space between the two mountain sides, he said, 'Now blow with your bellows.' They blew till, when he had made it red as fire, he said, 'Bring me molten copper that I may pour it thereon.'

98. So they (Gog and Magog) were not able to scale it, nor were they able to dig through it.

99. Thereupon he said, 'This is a mercy from my Lord. But when the promise of my Lord shall come to pass, He will break it into pieces. And the promise of my Lord is certainly true.'

كَذٰلِكَ ، وَ قَدْ أَحَطْنَا بِمَا لَدَيْهِ خُلُرًا ثُمَّ ٱتْبَعَ سَبَيًا @ حَتَّى إِذَا بَلَخَ بَيْنَ السَّدَّيْنِ وَجَدَمِنْ دُوْنِهِمَا قَوْمًا اللا يَكَادُوْنَ يَفْقَهُوْنَ قَهْ لَا ٢ قَالُوْا لِذَا الْقَرْنَيْنِ إِنَّ يَاجُوْجُ وَ مَاجُوْجَ مُفْسِدُوْنَ فِي الْآَرْضِ فَهَلْ نَحْعَلُ لَكَ خَرْجًا عَلَى أَرْبِ تَحْعَلَ بَيْنَنَاوَبَيْنَهُمْ سَدًّا قَالَ مَا مَكَّنِّيْ فِيْهِ رَبِّيْ خَيْرُفَاعِيْنُوْنِيْ بِقُوَّةِ ٱجْعَلْ بَنْنَكُمْ وَبَيْنَهُمْ رَدْمًا

اتُوْنِيْ زُبَرَ الْحَدِيدِ - حَتَّى إِذَا سَاوِي بَيْنَ الصَّدَفَيْنِ قَالَ انْفُخُوْاء حَتَّى إِذَا جَعَلَهُ نَارًا " قَالَ أَتُونِنَ ٱفْرِغْ عَلَيْهِ قَطَّاتُ

فَمَا السطَاعُةَا أَنْ تَظْهَرُوْهُ وَ مَا اشتطاعُوْالَهُ نَقْسًا ( قَالَ هٰذَا رَحْمَةً مِّنْ رَّبِّيْ ، فَإِذَا جَاء وَعْدُ رَبِّيْ جَعَلَهُ دَكَّاءَ ، وَ كَانَ وَعْدُ رَبِّيْ حَقَّاش

ء : ا ق p | غ kh خ | dh خ | ع ب ف ل م ع ا خ ا ط t ا ث ا ب ا ث ا ب ا ع ا م ا ع ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا م ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

100. And on that day We shall leave some of them to surge against others, and the trumpet will be blown. Then shall We gather them all together.

101. And on that day We shall present Hell, face to face, to the disbelievers—

102. Whose eyes were under a veil *so as not* to *heed* My warning, and they could not even hear.

## R. 12.

103. Do the disbelievers think that they can take My servants as protectors instead of Me? Surely, We have prepared Hell as an entertainment for the disbelievers.

\*104. Say, 'Shall We tell you of those who are the greatest losers in respect of their works?—

105. 'Those whose labour is *all* lost in *search after things pertaining to* the life of this world, and they think that they are doing good works.'

106. Those are they who disbelieve in the Signs of their Lord and in the meeting with Him. So their works are vain, and on the Day of Resurrection We shall give them no weight.

107. That is their reward—Hell; because they disbelieved, and made a jest of My Signs and My Messengers.

وَ تَرَكْنَا بَعْضَهُمْ يَوْمَئِذٍ يَمُوْجُ فِيْ يمغض وَّ نُفِخَ فِي الصُّوْرِ فَجَمَعْنُهُمْ حَمْعًاش وَّ عَرَضْنَا جَهَنَّمَ يَوْمَعُذ لِّلْحُفِرِيْنَ عَدْضَان الَّذِبْنَ كَانَتْ أَعْنُنُهُمْ فَيْ عَطَّاءٍ عَنْ ذِكْرِيْ وَكَانُوْا لَا يَسْتَطِيْعُوْنَ سَمْعًا صَ اللَّ ٱڣؘڂڛٮؚ الٓٚڋٛؽڹڰڣؘڔؙۉۤٳٵؽؾۜؾۧڿۮؙۉٳ عِبَادِيْ مِنْ دُوْنِيْ ٱوْلِيمَاءً إِنَّا ٱعْتَدْنَا جَهَنَّمَ لِلْحُفِرِيْنَ نُزُلَّا قُلْ هَلْ نُنَبِّئُكُمْ بِالْأَخْسَ أغتالاه ٱلَّذِيْنَ ضَلَّ سَعْيُهُمْ فِي الْحَيْوِةِ الدُّنْيَا وَهُمْ يَحْسَبُوْنَ أَنَّهُمْ يُحْسِنُوْنَ صُنْعًا ٱولَئِكَ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا بِالِتِ رَبِّهِمْ وَلِقَابُهِ فَحَبِطَتْ اَعْمَالُهُمْ فَلَا نُقِيْمُ لَهُمْ يَوْمَ الْقَلْمَةِ وَزُنَّا ذٰلِكَ جَزَاؤُهُمْ جَهَنَّمُ بِمَا كَفَرُوْا وَ اتَّخَذُوٓا إليتِيْ وَ رُسُلِيْ هُزُوًا ۞

\*104. Say, 'Shall We tell you of those who are the worst losers with regard to their deeds?

108. Surely, those who believe and do good deeds, will have Gardens of Paradise for an abode,

109. Wherein they will abide; they will not desire any change therefrom.

110. Say, 'If the ocean became ink for the words of my Lord, surely, the ocean would be exhausted before the words of my Lord came to an end, even though We brought the like thereof as *further* help.'

111. Say, 'I am only a man like yourselves; *but* I have received the revelation that your God is only One God. So let him who hopes to meet his Lord do good deeds, and let him join no one in the worship of his Lord.' اِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَ عَمِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ كَانَتْ لَهُمْ جَنَّتُ الْفِرْدَ وْسِ نُزُكًا ۞ خٰلِرِيْنَ فِيْهَا لَا يَبْعُوْنَ عَنْهَا حِوَكًا ۞

قُلْ لَّوْكَانَ الْبَحْرُ مِدَادًا لِّكَلِمْتِ رَبِّي لَنَفِرَ الْبَحْرُ قَبْلَ آنْ تَنْفَدَ كَلِمْتُ رَبِّيْوَ لَوْجِئْنَا بِمِثْلِهِ مَدَدًا (() قُلْ إِنَّمَآ آنَا بَشَرَ مِثْلُكُمْ يُوْتَى إِلَيَّ آنَّ مَآ الْهُ كُمْ الْهُ وَّاحِدَ ، فَمَنْ كَانَ يَرْجُوْا لِقَاء رَبِّهِ فَلْيَعْمَلْ عَمَلًا صَالِحًا وَلا يُشْرِكْ بِعِبَاءة رَبِّهِ آحَدًا (أ)

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rhotomode | \ h \ rhotomode | \$ 

چ



MARYAM (Revealed before Hijrah)

 In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.
 Kāf Hā Yā 'Aīn Ṣād.†

3. *This is* an account of the mercy of thy Lord *shown* to His servant, Zachariah.

4. When he called upon his Lord, a secret calling,

5. He said, 'My Lord, the bones have indeed waxed feeble in me, and the head glistens with hoariness, but never, my Lord, have I been unblessed in my prayer to Thee.

6. 'And I fear my relations after me, and my wife is barren. Grant me, therefore, a successor from Thyself,

7. 'That he may be heir to me and to the House of Jacob. And make him, my Lord, well-pleasing to Thee.'

8. 'O Zachariah, We give thee glad tidings of a son whose name *shall* be Yaḥyā‡. We have not made any one before him of that name.'

9. He said, 'My Lord, how shall I have a son when my wife is barren and I have reached *the* extreme *limit of* old age?'

10. He said, 'So it is.' But thy Lord says, 'It is easy for Me, and indeed

بشمراللهالرَّحْمن الرَّحِيْم () كَفْنَعْصَ أَنَّ ذِكْرُ رَحْمَتِ رَبِّكَ عَبْدَهُ زَكَرَيَّا 🗑 ٳۮٛ<sup>ڹ</sup>ڶۮۑۯؾۜڣڹڔٙٳۼڂڣؾؖٵ۞ قَالَ رَبّ اِنْتِي وَهَنَ الْحَظْمُ مِنِّيْ وَ اشْتَعَلَى الرَّاسُ شَبْعًا وَّ لَمْ أَكُنْ بدُعَائِكَ رَبّ شَقِيًّا () وَ إِنَّتْ خِفْتُ الْمَوَالِيَ مِنْ وَرَآءِيْ وَ كَانَتِ امْرَأَتِثِ عَاقِرًا فَهَبٍ لِيْ مِنْ لَّدْنْكَ وَلِتَّانُ ؾؘۜڔؿؙڹؽۉڮڔڽؙٛڡؚؚؽٵڶۑۼڨؙۉڹۥؖۅٙٳڂؚۼۮۿ <u>ڒټڒۻؾؖ</u>ٵ۞ لِزَكَرِتَ إِنَّا نُبَشِّرُكَ بِغُلْم ٮٛڿڸ؞ڶۿڹؘ**ڿۼ**ڵڵؖ؋ڡؚڽٛۊؘؽڸؙڛؘڡؾؖٳ؞ قَالَ رَبّ آنَّى يَڪُوْنُ لِيْ غُلْمَ وَّ كَانَتِ امْرَاتِيْ عَاقِرًا وَّ قَدْ بَلَغْتُ مِنَ ا (حِبَر عتتًا ۊؘٲڶڲ۬ڋڸڰٙۦۊؘٲڶۯٮؙ۫ڰۿۄؘۼڮٙۿؾؚڽٞۊ

† Thou art sufficient for all and Thou art the True Guide. O All-Knowing, Truthful God! ‡ John.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \dot{b} \ 7 \ | \ kh \ \dot{r} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{c} \ \dot{$ 

I created thee before, when thou wast nothing.'

11. He said, 'My Lord, appoint for me a token.' *God* said, 'Thy token is that thou shalt not speak to anyone for three full *days and* nights.'

12. Then he came forth unto his people from the chamber and asked them by signs to glorify *God* in the morning and in the evening.

13. 'O Yaḥyā, hold fast the Book.' And We gave him wisdom while yet a child,

14. And tenderness *of heart* from Ourself, and purity. And he was pious

15. And dutiful toward his parents. And he was not haughty *and* rebellious.

16. And peace was on him the day he was born, and the day he died, and *peace there will be on him* the day he will be raised up to life *again*.

# R. 2.

17. And relate *the story of* Mary *as mentioned* in the Book. When she withdrew from her people to a place to the east,

18. And screened herself off from them, then We sent Our angel to her, and he appeared to her in the form of a perfect man.

19. She said, 'I seek refuge with the Gracious *God* from thee if indeed thou dost fear *Him.*'

قَدْخَلَقْتُكَمِنْ قَدْلُ وَلَمْ تَلْقُشَدْعًا قَالَ رَبِّ اجْعَلْ بِنْيَ أَيَةً قَالَ أَيَتُكَ أَكَّ تُكَلِّمُ النَّاسَ ثَلْثَ لَيَالٍ سَوِيًّا فَخَرَجَ عَلَى قَوْمِهِ مِنَ الْمِحْرَابِ فَأَوْتَى ٳڷؽڥؚۿۯٲڽٛڛٙؾؚؚڂۉؚٳؠٛڂٛڒۼ**ٞ**ۊٚۼۺؚؾؖٵ ݧݶݲݵݟݥ<u>ݫ</u>ݳݬݤݨݑݕݝݹݻݚݸݳݻؽݭݥ الْحُكْمَ صَبِيًّا وَّحَنَانًا مِّنْ لَكُنَّا وَ زَحُوةً . وَ حَانَ تَقتًا وَّ بَرًّا بِوَالِدَيْهِ وَلَمْ يَكُنْ جَبَّارًا عَصِيًّا، وَ سَلْمٌ عَلَيْهِ يَوْمَ وُلِدَ وَ يَوْمَ يَمُوْتُ وَ يَوْمَ يُبْعَثُ حَتًّا شَ وَ اذْحُرْنِي الْكِتْبِ مَرْيَمَ م إِذِ انْتَبَذَتْ

وَ ادْكَرْقِ الْكِتْبِ مَرْيَمَ مَ إِذِ انْتَبَرْتَ ﴾ مِنْ اَهْلِهَا مَكَانًا شَرْقِيًّا فَ فَاتَخَذَتْ مِنْ دُوْنِهِمْ حِجَابًا تَارَسُلْنَا الَيْهَا دُوْحَنَا فَتَمَثَّلَ لَهَا بَشَرًا سَوِيًّا () تَالَتْ اِنِيْ اَعُوْذُ بِالرَّحْمَٰنِ مِنْكَ اِنْ كُنْتَ تَقِيًّا ()

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ \tau | \ kh \ \tau | \ dh \ i \ s \ i \ s \ (32)$  (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

Ę

20. He replied, 'I am only a Messenger of thy Lord, that I may bestow on thee a righteous son.'

21. She said, 'How can I have a son when no man has touched me. neither have I been unchaste?'

22. He replied, 'Thus it is.' But says thy Lord, 'It is easy for Me; and We shall do so that We may make him a Sign unto men, and a mercy from Us. and it is a thing decreed.3

23. So she conceived him, and withdrew with him to a remote place.

\*24. And the pains of childbirth drove her unto the trunk of a palmtree. She said, 'O! would that I had died before this and had become a thing quite forgotten!'

25. Then he called her from beneath her, saying, "Grieve not. Thy Lord has placed a rivulet below thee;

\*26. "And shake towards thyself the trunk of the palm-tree; it will cause fresh ripe dates to fall upon thee.

27. "So eat and drink, and cool thy eve. And if thou seest any man, say, 'I have vowed a fast to the Gracious God; I will therefore not speak this day to any human being.""

قَالَ إِنَّمَا آَنَا رَسُوْلُ رَبِّكٍ 7 لِأَهَبَ <u>لَ</u>ك غُلْمًازَ كِيًّا () قَالَتْ أَنِّي رَكُوْتُ لِيْ غُه うべ يَمْسَسْنِيْ بَشَرٌ وَ لَمْ أَكْ بَعْتَّا قَالَكَذٰلِكَ، قَالَ رَبُّكَ هُوَ عَلَىَّ هَيِّنَ، وَ لِنَجْعَلَهُ أَبَةً لِلنَّاسِ وَ رَحْمَةً مِّنَّاءٍ وَكَانَ أَمْرًا مَّقْضِيًّا ؟ فَحَمَلَتْهُ فَانْتَبَزَتْ بِهِ مَكَانً فَاجَاءَها الْمَخَاصُ إِلَى جِذْع النَّخْلَةِ، قَالَتْ لِلَيْتَخِيْ مِتُّ قَعْلَ هِذَا وَكُنْتُ نَسْتَامَنْسِتًا فَنَادِيهَا مِرْثَ تَحْتِهَا ٱلَّهُ تَحْزَنِيْ قَدْ جَعَلَ رَبُّكَ تَحْتَكَ سَرِيًّا، وَهُزِّيَّ الَيْلَةِ بِجِزْعَ النَّخْلَةِ تُسْقِ عَلَيْكَ رُطَبًا جَنيًّا أُ فَكُبِنْ وَ اشْرَبْ وَ قَرَّىْ عَيْنًا ، فَإِمَّا تَرَيِنَّ مِنَ الْبَشَرِ آحَدًا ، فَقُوْلِيَّ إِنِّي نَذَرْتُ لِلرَّحْمٰنِ صَوْمًا فَلَنْ أُكَبِّمَ الْيَوْمَر إِنْسِيًّا ٢

ء ' ا ق p ا غ f ا ظ z ا ط t ا ف ب و 433 م م ا ذ d ا ا ث h ح ا ا ث h خ ا م ا خ ا م ا ث h خ ا م ا م ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

<sup>\*24.</sup> And the pains of childbirth drove her to the trunk of a date-palm.

<sup>\*26. &</sup>quot;And shake towards thyself the trunk of the **date-palm**; it will cause fresh ripe dates to fall upon thee.

28. Then she brought him to her people, carrying him. They said, 'O Mary, thou hast brought forth a strange thing.

29. 'O sister of Aaron, thy father was not a wicked man nor was thy mother an unchaste woman!'

30. Then she pointed to him. They said, 'How can we talk to one who is a child in the cradle?'

31. He said, 'I am a servant of Allāh. He has given me the Book, and made me a Prophet;

32. 'And He has made me blessed wheresoever I may be, and has enjoined upon me Prayer and almsgiving so long as I live;

33. 'And *He has made me* dutiful toward my mother, and He has not made me haughty *and* unblessed.

34. 'And peace was on me the day I was born, and *peace there will be on me* the day I shall die, and the day I shall be raised up to life *again*.'

35. Such was Jesus, son of Mary. *This is* a statement of the truth about which they doubt.

\*36. It does not befit *the Majesty of* Allāh to take unto Himself a son. Holy is He. When He decrees a thing, He says to it, 'Be!', and it is.

فَآتَتْ بِهِ قَوْمَهَا تَحْمِلُهُ وَقَالُوْا لِمَزْيَمُ لَقَدْ جِئْتِ شَيْكًا فَرِيًّا 🕅 يَاخْتَ هُرُوْنَ مَاكَانَ ٱبُوْكِ امْرَا سَوْءٍ وَّمَاكَانَتْ أُمَّكَ تَعْتَّاشُ فَاَشَارَتْ إِلَيْهِ ، قَالُوْاكَيْفَ نُكَبِّهُ مَنْ كَانَ فِي الْمَهْدِ صَبِيًّا @ قَالَ إِنَّى عَبْدُ اللَّهِ \* الْبِينَ الْكِتْبَ وَجَعَلَنِيٰ نَبِيًّا أَ وَّ جَعَلَنِيْ مُلِرَكًا أَيْنَ مَا كُنْتُ م وَ ٱوْصْعَنِيْ بِالصَّلُوةِ وَ الزَّكُوةِ مَا دُمْتُ حَتَّا شَ وَّ بَرًّا بِوَالِدَتِيْ د وَ لَمْ يَجْعَلْنِيْ جَبَّارًا شقتًا وَالسَّلْمُ عَلَى يَوْمَرُولِدْتُ وَيَوْمَرامُوْتُ وَيَوْمَر أَبْعَثُ حَتَّا @ ذٰلِكَ عِيْسَى ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ ، قَوْلَ الْحَقِّ الاًذِيْ فِيْهِ يَمْتَرُوْنَ، مَا كَانَ لِلهِ أَنْ تَتَّخِذَ مِنْ وَلَدِهِ سُبْحْنَهُ إِذَا قَضَى آَسُرًا فَإِنَّهَا يَقُوْلُ لَهٔ كُنْ فَبَكُوْنُ أَ

36. See the explanation of " كُنْ نَيَكُونَ " (" 'Be!' And it is") under 2:118. (Publisher)

37. Said Jesus: 'Surely, Allah is my Lord, and your Lord. So worship Him *alone*: this is the right path.'

38. But the parties differed among themselves; so woe to those who disbelieve because of the meeting of the great day.

39. How wonderful will their hearing and seeing be on the day when they will come to Us! But today the wrongdoers are in manifest error.

40. And warn them of the day of grief when the matter will be decided. But now they are in a state of carelessness, so they do not believe.

41. It is We Who will inherit the earth and all who are thereon; and to Us will they *all* be returned.

# R. 3.

42. And relate the story of Abraham as mentioned in the Book. He was a truthful man and a Prophet.

43. When he said to his father, 'O my father, why dost thou worship that which hears not, nor sees, nor can avail thee aught?

44. 'O my father, there has indeed come to me knowledge such as has not come to thee: so follow me. I will guide thee to an even path.

45. 'O my father, serve not Satan; surely, Satan is a rebel against the Gracious God.

وَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ رَبِّي وَ رَبُّكُمْ فَاعْبُدُوْهُ -المذاصراط مُستقدم ٢ فَاخْتَلَفَ الْاَحْزَابُ مِنْ بَيْنِهُمْ ، فَوَيْلُ ؚ<u></u> ؚؚؚؚؚڷۜڋ۬ؽڹؘڬڡؘۯۉٳڡؚڹٛ مۜۺٛۿڋؽۉڡۭۼڟۣؽٛؠ۞ ٱشمع بهمرو أبصر ايوم يا تُوْنَنَا لَحِن الظّٰلِمُوْنَ الْيَوْمَرِفِيْ ضَلْلٍ مُّبِيْتٍ @ وَ ٱنْذِرْهُمْ مَهْمَ الْحَسْرَةِ إِذْ قُضِي وقفالازء الأمرُ روَهُمْ فِيْ غَفْلَةٍ وَّهُمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ ٢ إِنَّا نَحْنُ نَرِثُ الْأَدْضَ وَمَنْ عَلَيْهَا وَالَنْنَا يُرْجَعُوْنَ أَ وَ اذْكُرْ فِي الْكِتْبِ إبْرْهِيْمَر ة إنَّه كَانَ ڝؚڐؽڡٞٵڹۜٛؠؾؖٵ۞ إِذْ قَالَ لِأَبِيْهِ لِيَابَتِ لِمَرْتَعْبُدُ مَا لَا يَسْمَعُ وَلَا يُبْصِرُ وَ لَا يُغْنِبُ عَنْكَ شنئاس لَيَا بَبِتِ إِنَّىٰ قَدْجَاءَ فِي مِنَ الْعِلْمِ مَا لَمْ ؽٱؾؚڮؘڣؘٵؾؖٛؠؚۼڹؚؽٓٱۿڔؚڮ<u>ؘ</u>ڝؚڗٵڟؙۺۅؚؾٞٳ*۞* يَا بَتِ لَا تَعْبُدِ الشَّيْطَى اِنَّ الشَّيْطَى كَانَ لِلرَّحْمٰنِ عَصِيًّا،

ء : ا ق q ا غ h ت ا ظ z ا ظ i ا ض h ر (43 م ص ع ا خ h r | kh r | dh i ا م ص ع i q م i u ا ث h r | kh r | dh i م ع i q (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

46. 'O my father, indeed, I fear lest a punishment from the Gracious God seize thee, and thou become a comrade of Satan."

47. He replied, 'Dost thou turn away from my gods, O Abraham? If thou cease not, I shall surely cut off all relations with thee. Now leave me alone for a long while.'

48. Abraham said, 'Peace be on thee. I will ask forgiveness of my Lord for thee. He is indeed gracious to me.

49. And I shall keep away from you and from that which you call upon beside Allah; and I will pray unto my Lord; it may be that, in praying to my Lord, I shall not be disappointed.'

50. So when he had separated himself from them and from that which they worshipped beside Allah, We bestowed on him Isaac and Jacob, and each of them We made a Prophet.

51. And We granted them of Our mercy; and We bestowed on them a true renown.

# R. 4.

52. And relate the story of Moses as mentioned in the Book. He was indeed a chosen one: and he was a Messenger, a Prophet.

53. And We called him from the right side of the Mount, and made him draw near to Us for special communion.

54. And We bestowed upon him, out of Our mercy, his brother Aaron as a Prophet.

يَاكبتِ إِنَّى آخَافُ أَنْ تَيْمَسَّكَ عَذَابٌ مِّنَ الرَّحْمَٰنِ فَتَكُوْنَ لِلشَّيْطَنِ وَلِيَّا قَالَ آدَاغَتُ آنْتَ عَنْ اللَّهَتِيْ تَبَابُرُهِ يُمْ، لَئِنْ تَمْرَتَنْتَهِ لَأَرْجُمَنَّكَ وَاهْجُرْنِيْ مَلِيًّا۞ قَالَ سَلْمٌ عَلَيْكَ ، سَاسَتَغْفِرُ لَكَ ڒؾٜ<sub>ٚ</sub>ۮٳڹٞۜۿؘػؘڮؽؚڬڣۣڲؘٳ۞ وَ اَعْتَذِ لُڪُمْ وَمَا تَدْعُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللَّهِ وَ اَدْعُوْا رَبِّنَ ٦ عَسَى اَلَّا اَكُوْنَ بِدُعَاءِ رَتْيْ شَقِيًّا @ فَكَمَّا اعْتَزَلَهُمْ وَمَا يَعْبُدُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِ الله وقمننا كَهَ إِسْحَقَ وَ مَعْقُوْتَ \* وَكُلَّر جَعَلْنَا نَبِيًّا۞ وَ وَهَنْنَا لَهُمْ مِّنْ زَحْمَتْنَا وَجَعَلْنَا بج لَهُمْ لِسَانَ صِدْقٍ عَلِيًّا أَهُ وَ اذْكُرْ فِي الْكِتْبِ مُوْسَى رَاِنَّهُ كَانَ مُخْلَصًا وَّكَانَ رَسُوْلًا نَّبِيًّا @ وَ نَادَيْنُهُ مِنْ جَانِبِ الطُّوْرِ الْأَيْمَنِ **ۯ**ۊؘڗٛڹڹؗؗؗؗۮڹجؾؖٵ۞ وَ وَهَدْنَا لَهُ مِنْ رَّحْمَتِنَا آخَاهُ هُرُوْنَ نَيَيًا ء i u | th 🖞 | h 7 | kh 7 | dh أ ا ف ا م م ع ا ف ا م ا ا ث ا ا ث ا ا ا ا

<sup>(</sup>See details of transliteration on page 'p').

55. And relate *the story of* Ishmael *as mentioned* in the Book. He was indeed strict in *keeping his* promise. And he was a Messenger, a Prophet. 56. He used to enjoin Prayer and almsgiving on his people, and he was well pleasing to his Lord.

57. And relate *the story of* Idrīs *as mentioned* in the Book. He was *a* truthful *man and* a Prophet.

58. And We exalted him to a lofty station.

59. These are the people on whom Allāh bestowed His blessings from among the Prophets, of the posterity of Adam, and of *the posterity of* those whom We carried *in the Ark* with Noah, and of the posterity of Abraham and Israel; and *they are* of those whom We guided and chose. When the Signs of the Gracious *God* were recited unto them, they fell down, prostrating themselves *before God* and weeping.

60. Then there came after them descendants who neglected Prayer, and followed evil desires. So they will meet with destruction,

61. Except those who repent and believe and do good deeds. These will enter Heaven, and they will not be wronged in the least—

62. Gardens of Eternity, which the Gracious *God* has promised to His servants in the unseen. Surely, His promise must come to pass.

٥ اذْكُرْ فِى الْحِتْبِ اِسْمْعِيْلَ دَ اِنَّهُ
 ٢ اذْكُرْ فِى الْوَعْدِ وَكَانَ رَسُوْلًا نَّبِيًّا شَ
 ٥ كَانَ يَاْمُرُ اَهْلَهُ بِالصَّلُوقِ وَ الزَّكُوقِ مَ
 ٥ كَانَ يَاْمُ اَهْلَهُ بِالصَّلُوقِ وَ النَّابَةُ كَانَ
 ٥ الْخُكْرُ فِى الْكِتْبِ الْحَرْيَسَ دَ اِنَّهُ كَانَ
 ٢ مَنْ يَا تَبْعَانَ عَلَيَّا شَ
 ٥ الْنَبْ يَا الَّذِيْتَ الْعَالِيَّا (
 ٥ الْنَبْ يَا مَنْ عَلَيْهِ مَ
 ٢ مَنْ يَالَيْ يَا اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ مَ
 ٢ مَنْ يَا اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ مَنْ عَلَيْهِ الْحَالَةُ الْحَدَانَ عَلَيْكَانَ
 ٢ مَنْ يَالَيْ يَالَةُ عَلَيْهِ مَا عَلَيْ يَا اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ مَالَى عَلَيْهُ مَنْ عَلَيْ عَالَهُ عَلَيْهِ مَ النَّالَيْ يَالَا عَلَيْ يَالَةً عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْ عَالَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ مَ الْحَانَ عَلَيْ يَالَا عَالَيْ الْحَانَ عَالَيْ الْحَانَ عَلَيْ الْحَانَ عَلَيْ يَ الْحَانَ عَالَيْ يَالْنَا عَالَيْ الْحَانَ عَالَيْ يَالْ الْحَانَ عَلَيْ يَ الْحَانَ عَالَيْ يَالْنَا عَالَيْ الْحَانَ عَالَيْ الْحَانَ عَالَيْ الْحَانَ الْحَانَ عَالَيْ الْحَانَ عَالَةُ الْحَانَ عَالَةُ الْحَانَ عَالَيْ عَالَهُ عَلَيْ عَالَهُ عَلَيْ عَالَيْ الْحَانَ الْحَانَ عَالَةُ الْحَانَ عَانَ عَالَيْ عَالَةُ عَلَيْ الْحَانَ عَالَةُ عَلَيْ الْحَانَ عَالَيْ عَالَيْ عَالَا عَالَيْ الْحَانَ عَانَ الْحَانَ عَالَةُ عَالَيْ عَالَيْ عَالَا عَانَ عَالَ الْحَانَ عَالَيْ عَالَةُ الْحَانَ عَالَيْ الْحَانَ عَانَ الْحَانَ عَانَ عَلَيْ عَالَةُ عَانَ الْحَانَ عَالَا عَانَ عَلَيْ عَالَا عَانَ عَانَ عَلَيْ الْحَانَ عَالَةُ عَالَى الْحَانَ عَانَ عَلَيْ عَالَةُ عَلَيْ عَالَةُ عَانَ عَانَ عَانَ عَانَ عَالَةُ عَلَيْ عَالَا عَانَ عَانَ عَلَيْ عَالْعَانَ عَانَ عَانَ عَالَ عَالَيْ عَانَ عَالَةُ عَا

فَخَلَفَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ خَلْفَّ اَضَاعُوا الصَّلُوةَ وَ اتَّبَعُوا الشَّهَوٰتِ فَسَوْفَ يَلْقَوْنَ غَيَّاتٌ الَّا مَنْ تَابَ وَ أَمَنَ وَ عَمِلَ صَالِحًا فَاوُلَئِكَ يَدْخُلُوْنَ الْجَنَّةَ وَلَا يُظْلَمُوْنَ شَيْئَاتٌ جَنِّتِ عَدْنِ إِلَّتِيْ وَعَدَ الرَّحْمَنُ عِبَادَهُ بِالْعَيْبِ دِانَّهُ كَانَ وَعُدُهُ مَاْتِيًّا ﴿

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ | \ th \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ h \ 7 \ | \ kh \ \stackrel{\circ}{\neq} \ | \ dh \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ \begin{pmatrix} i \\ i \\ j \\ j \\ (see \ details \ of \ transliteration \ on \ page \ p). \end{array}$ 

63. They will not hear therein anything vain, but only *greetings of* Peace: and they will have their sustenance therein, morning and evening.

64. Such is the Heaven which We give for an inheritance to those of Our servants who are righteous.

65. 'And we (angels) do not come down save by the command of thy Lord. To Him belongs all that is before us and all that is behind us and all that is between; and thy Lord is not forgetful.'

66. *He is* the Lord of the heavens and the earth and of all that is between the two. Serve Him, therefore, and be steadfast in His service. Dost thou know any equal of His?

#### R. 5.

67. And says man, 'What! when I am dead, shall I be brought forth alive?'

68. Does not man remember that We created him before, when he was naught?

69. And, by thy Lord, We shall assuredly gather them together, and the satans *too*; then shall We bring them on their knees around Hell.

\*70. Then shall We certainly pick out, from every group, those of them who were most stubborn in rebellion against the Gracious *God*.

لَا يَسْمَعُوْنَ فَنْهَا لَغْوًا إِلَّا سَلْمًا \* وَ لَهُمْ دِزْقُهُمْ فِنْهَا لُكْرَةً وَّ عَشِيًّا ؟ تِلْكَ الْجَنَّةُ الَّتِيْ نُوْرِثُ مِنْ عِبَادِنَا مَنْ كَانَ تَقَبَّا @ وَمَانَتَنَزَّلُ إِلَّا بِٱمْرِدَبِّكَ، لَهُ مَابَيْنَ ٱيديْنَا وَمَا خَلْفَنَا وَمَا بَيْنَ ذَلِكَ، وَمَاكَانَ رَتُكَ نَستًا أَ دَبُّ السَّبِطُوتِ وَالْاَدْضِ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا فَاعْبُدْهُ وَاصْطَبِرْ لِعِبَادَتِهِ مَ هَلْ ٩ تَعْلَمُ لَهُ سَمِيًّا 🕅 وَيَقُوْلُ الْإِنْسَانُ ءَاذَا مَا مِتُ لَسَوْفَ ٱخْرَجُحَيًّا اَوَ لَا يَذْكُرُ الْانْسَانُ اَتَّا خَلَقْنُهُ مِ قَبْلُوَ لَمْ بَكُ شَبْئًا @ فَوَرَتِكَ لَنَحْشُرَنَّهُمْ وَ الشَّلْه <sup>\*</sup> تُمَر لَنُحْضِرَنَّهُمْ حَوْلَ جَهَنَّمَ جِثِيًّاشَ ثُمَّر لَنَنْزِعَنَّ مِنْ كُلَّ شِيْعَةٍ آيُّهُمْ ٱشَرُّعَلَى الرَّحْمٰن عِتيًّا ۞

70. Then shall We certainly drag out, from every group, those of them who were most stubborn in rebellion against the Gracious God.

71. And surely, We know best those most deserving to be burned therein.

72. And there is not one of you but will come to it. This is a fixed decree with thy Lord.

73. Then We shall save the righteous and We shall leave the wrongdoers therein, on their knees.

74. And when Our manifest Signs are recited unto them. the disbelievers say to the believers. 'Which of the two parties is better in respect of position and makes a more impressive assembly?"

75. And how many generations have We destroyed before them, who were better off in wealth and better in outward show!

76. Say, 'The Gracious God does give those who are in error long respite until, when they will see that with which they are threatenedwhether it be punishment or the Hour-they will realize who is worse in respect of position and who is weaker in forces.

'And Allāh 77 increases in guidance those who follow guidance. And the good works that endure are best in sight of thy Lord as reward, and best as resort.'

78. Hast thou then seen him who disbelieves in Our Signs, and says, 'I shall certainly be given wealth and children?'

ثُمَّرَ لَنَحْنُ أَعْلَمُ بِالَّذِينَ هُمْ أَوْلَى بِهَا صِليًّا وَ إِنْ مِّنْكُمْ إِلَّا وَاردُهَا ، حَانَ عَلَى رَبِّكَ حَتْمًا مَّقْضِيًّا أَ ثُمَّرُنُنَجَّى الَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا وَّنَذَرُ الظَّلِ فيهاجثيًا وَ إِذَا تُتْلَى عَلَيْهِمْ أَيْتُنَا بَيِّنْتٍ قَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا لِلَّذِينَ الْمِنْفَوَاءِ أَيُّ الْفَرِيْقَيْنِ خَيْرٌ مَّقَامًا وَّ اَحْسَنُ نَدِيًّا ؟ وَكَمْ آهْلَكْنَا قَبْلَهُمْ مِّنْ قَرْنِ هُمْ ٱحْسَنُ ٱثَاثًاوً<sup>2</sup> دِعْيًا قُلْ مَنْ كَانَ فِي الضَّلْلَةِ فَلْيَمُدُدْ لَهُ الرَّحْمِرِ ثَ مَدًّا أَ حَتَّى إِذَا رَاوًا مَا بُهْ عَدُوْنَ اتَّمَا الْعَذَاتِ وَ اتَّمَا السَّاعَةَ بِ فَسَيَعْلَمُوْنَ مَنْ هُوَ شَرٌّ مَّكًا وَّ أَضْعَفُ حُنْدًا، وَ يَزْيَدُ اللهُ الَّذِينَ اهْتَكُوْا هُدًى -وَ الْبَقِيْتُ الصَّلِحْتُ خَيْرٌ عِنْدَ رَبِّكَ ثَوَالًا وَخَبْرُ مَرَدًا ٢ ٱفَرَءَيْتَ الَّذِيْ كَفَرَ بِاليتِنَا وَ قَالَ لَاوْتَكَنَّ مَالًا وَّ وَلَدًا أَهُ

ء : ا ق p | غ kh خ | dh خ | dh ص ف و و و ع ا خ ا dh ا ث ا ا ث ا ا ا ا ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

قَالَ آلَمْ Part 16 - 11

79. Has he become acquainted with the unseen or has he taken a promise from the Gracious God?

80. Nav! We shall note down what he says and We shall greatly prolong for him the punishment.

81. And We shall inherit of him all that of which he talks, and he shall come to Us all alone.

82. And they have taken other gods beside Allāh, that they may be asource of power for them.

83. Not at all! They will reject their worship, and become their opponents.

R. 6.

84. Seest thou not that We have sent satans against the disbelievers goading them on to acts of disobedience?

85. So be not thou in haste with regard to them; We are keeping full account of their doings.

86. Remember the day when We shall gather the righteous before the Gracious God as honoured guests.

\*87. And We shall drive the guilty to Hell like a herd of thirsty camels. 88. None will have the power of intercession save he who has received a promise from the Gracious God. 89. And they say, 'The Gracious

God has taken unto Himself a son.' 90. Assuredly, you have done a most monstrous thing!

يكعَ الْغَنْتَ أَمِ اتَّخَذَ عِنْدَ الرَّحْمَنِ عَهْدًاهُ كَلَّه ٢ مَنْكُتُكُ مَا تَقُوْلُ وَ نَمُدُّ لَهُ مِنَ الْحَذَ ابِ مَدًّا ۞ وَّنَر ثُهُمَا يَقُوْلُ وَيَا تِيْنَا فَرُدًا ( وَ اتَّخَذُوْا مِنْ دُوْنِ اللَّهِ إَلِيهَةً لِّيَكُوْنُوْا لَهُمْ عِزًّا ٢ <u>ڪَرَّ</u>، سَيَكْفُرُوْنَ بِعِبَادَ تِ 200 عَلَيْهِمْ ضِدًّا أَ اَلَدْ تَبَ اَتَّنَّا اَدْ سَلْدًا الشَّ الْكُفِرِيْنَ تَوُذُّهُمْ أَذَّاهُ فكاتغجل عليهم عَدَّاهُ كَمْهَ نَحْشُرُ الْمُتَّ ن ف الله لَا يَمْلِكُوْنَ الشَّفَاعَةَ إِلَّهُ مَرْبِ اتَّخَذَ وقفالازه عند الرَّحْمن عَهْدًا ١ وَقَالُهِ التَّخَذَ الرَّحْمِنُ وَلَدًا شُ لَقَدْ حِنْتُمْ شَنَّا إِدَّانَ

\*87. And We shall drive the guilty to Hell like a herd to a watering place.  $a i u \mid th$   $(h \tau \mid kh \tau \mid dh ) = 0$   $(h \tau \mid kh \tau \mid dh ) = 0$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

91. The heavens might well-nigh burst thereat, and the earth cleave asunder, and the mountains fall down in pieces,

92. Because they ascribe a son to the Gracious God.

93. Whereas it becomes not the Gracious God to take unto Himself a son.

94. There is none in the heavens and the earth but he shall come to the Gracious God as a bondman.

95. Verily, He comprehends them by His knowledge and has numbered them all fully.

96. And each of them shall come to Him singly on the Day of Resurrection.

97. Those who believe and do good deeds-the Gracious God will create love in their *hearts*.

98. So We have made it (the Qur'an) easy in thy tongue that thou mayest give thereby good tidings to the righteous, and warn thereby a people given to contention.

99. And how many a generation have We destroyed before them! Canst thou see a single one of them, or hear even a whisper of them?

تَحَادُ السَّبِهِ تُ يَتَغَطَّرْنَ مِنْهُ وَ تَنْشَقُ الْاَرْضُ وَتَخِرُّ الْجِبَالُ هَدًّا 🖑 اَنْ دَعَوْا لِلرَّحْمِن وَلَرًا شَ وَ مَا يَنْبَعْنُ لِلرَّحْمَنِ أَنْ تَتَّخِذَ وَلَدًا إِنْ كُلُّ مَنْ فِي السَّمَوٰتِ وَ الْأَرْضِ إِلَّهُ اتي الرَّحْمن عَبْدًا ٢ لَقَدْ أَحْصِبُمُ وَعَدَّهُمْ عَدَّاهُ وَ كُلُّهُمْ أَتَبْهِ يَوْمَرَ الْقِيْمَةِ فَرُدًا @ اِنَّ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ سَتَجْعَلُ لَهُمُ الرَّحْمِنُ وُدًّا، فَإِنَّمَا يَشَرْنُهُ بِلِسَانِكَ لِتُبَشِّرَ بِهِ الْمُتَّقِيْنَ وَتُنْزِرَبِهِ قَوْمًا لُّدًّا وَ كَمْراَهْلَكْنَا قَبْلَهُمْ مِّنْ قَرْنِ • هَلْ تُحِسَّ مِنْهُمْ مِّنْ أَحَدٍ أَوْ تَسْمَعُ لَهُمْ Ė ر ڪُڙَ آُسُ

(See details of transliteration on page 'p').



**ȚĂ HĂ** (Revealed before Hijrah)

 In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.
 Tā Hā .<sup>‡</sup>

3. We have not sent down the Qur'ān to thee that thou shouldst be distressed,

4. But as an exhortation for him who fears *God*,

5. *And* a revelation from Him Who created the earth and the high heavens.

6. *He is* the Gracious *God Who* has settled Himself on the Throne.

7. To Him belongs whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is in the earth, and whatsoever is between them, and whatsoever is beneath the moist subsoil.

8. And if thou speakest aloud, *it makes no difference*, for He knows the secret *thought* and *what is yet* more hidden.

9. Allāh—there is no God but He. His are the most beautiful names.

10. And has the story of Moses come to thee?

11. When he saw a fire, he said to his family, 'Tarry ye, I perceive a fire; perhaps I may bring you a brand therefrom or find guidance at the fire.'

بشيراللوالرَّحْمٰنِ الرَّحِيْدِ شالمه مَا ٱنْزَلْنَاءَلَمُكَ الْقُرْانَ لِتَشْتَحِي اللَّهُ الَّهُ تَذْكِرُهُ لِمَنْ تَخْشَى أَ تَنْزَيْلًا تِمِتَّنْ خَلَقَ، الْأَدْضَ وَ السَّلْطَة الْعُلْيَ ٱلدَّحْمِنُ عَلَى الْعَزِيشِ اسْتَهٰى 🕥 لَهُ مَا فِي السَّسِطُوْتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَ دُضِ وَمَا كشنفهاؤ ماتَحْتَ الثَّاء وَإِنْ تَجْهَرُ بِالْقَوْلِ فَإِنَّهُ يَعْلَمُ السِّرَّ وَ أَخْفَى ٨ ٱللهُ كَمَّ إِلٰهَ إِلَّهُ هُوَ ﴿ لَهُ الْأَسْجَاءُ الْحُشْنى () ۇھل أتْنىڭ حَدِيْتُ مُوْسى أُ إِذْ رَأْ نَارًا فَقَالَ لِأَهْلِهِ امْكُتُوْآ إِنَّيْ انَسْتُ نَارًا لَتَحَلِّيٛ اتِ<sup>ْ</sup>يَحُمْ مِّنْهَا بِقَبَسٍ اَوْ اَجدُ عَلَى النَّادِ هُدًى ١

‡ O Perfect Man!

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ | \ th \ & \downarrow \ | \ f \ | \ kh \ \dot{r} \ \mid dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ & \downarrow \ \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} 412 \\ (See \ details \ of \ transliteration \ on \ page \ 'p'). \end{array}$ 

وتفالاز

\*12. And when he came to it, he was called *by a voice*, 'O Moses,

13. 'Verily, I am thy Lord. So take off thy shoes; for thou art in the sacred Valley of Tuwā.

14. 'And I have chosen thee; so hearken to what is revealed.

15. 'Verily, I am Allāh; there is no god beside Me. So serve Me, and observe Prayer for My remembrance.

\*16. 'Surely, the Hour is coming; I am going to manifest it, that every soul may be recompensed for its endeavour.

17. 'So let not him who believes not therein and follows his own evil inclinations, turn thee away therefrom, lest thou perish.

18. 'And what is that in thy right hand, O Moses?'

19. He replied, 'This is my rod, I lean on it, and beat down therewith leaves for my sheep, and I have *also* other uses for it.'

20. He said, 'Cast it down, O Moses.'

21. So he cast it down, and behold! it was a serpent running.

22. *God* said, 'Catch hold of it, and fear not. We shall restore it to its former condition.

\*23. 'And draw thy hand close under

فكم
ابْنِيْ ٱ
بِالْوَ
و آن
ٳڹؙؙؙۘۨٝڹؚ
وَ اَقِ
اب
لِتُجْ
فَلَا ؟
وَ اتَّن
ۇماز
قَالَ

بِهَاعَلْى غَنَعِيْ وَلِيَ فِيْهَا مَارِبُ ٱخْرَى قَالَ ٱلْقِهَالِمُوْسَى۞ فَالْقُلهَا فَإِذَا هِيَ حَيَّةً تَسْعَى ۞ قَالَ خُذْهَا وَ لَا تَخَفْ ۖ سَنُعِيْدُهَا سِيْرَتَهَا الْأُوْلَى۞ وَ إِضْمُهُ بَدَكَ إِلَى حَنَاحِكَ تَخُرُجُ

\*12. And when he came to it, it was announced, 'O Moses,

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ rhop | \ h \ rhop | \ rhop$ 

<sup>\*16.</sup> Surely, the Hour will come; I may reveal it, that every soul may be recompensed for its endeavour.

<sup>\*23.</sup> And press your hand close to your side. It shall come forth white, without blemish another Sign,

thy armpit. It shall come forth white, without any disease—another Sign,	ڹؽۻؘٵۜۼڡؚڽٛۼؘؽڔڛؙۅٛٙ <sub>ۼ</sub> ٵؗؽڐٞٲڂٛۯؽؖ <sup>ۨ</sup>
24. 'That We may show thee some	ڸڹؙڕؚؾڮٙڡؚڽٛڶؾڗؚڹؘٵۯۘۘۘڲڹۯؾؖ
of Our greater Signs. 25. 'Go thou to Pharaoh; he has	الْدْهَبْ إِلَى فِرْعَوْنَ إِنَّهُ طَغْي ٢
indeed exceeded <i>all</i> bounds.' <b>B. 2</b> .	•
*26. <i>Moses</i> said, 'My Lord, open out	ۊؘٵڶؘ ڒۜڹؚؚ <i>ٵ</i> ۺٛڒۘڂ ؚڸؽٛڞۮڔؽٛؖ
for me my breast, 27. 'And ease for me my task,	<b>وَ يَشِرْ لِنَ</b> ٱمْرِيْ
*28. 'And loose the knot of my	وَ احْلُلْ عُقْدَةً مِّنْ لِّسَانِيْ ٥
tongue, 29. 'That they may understand my	يفْقَهُوْاقَوْ لِيْ <sup>ش</sup>
speech,	<b>*F</b> * *
30. 'And grant me a helper from my family—	ۅؘٵڿٛۼڵؚڮۜؽۅؘۯؚؽۯٵۊؚۜڽٛٵۿڸؚؽؗؗ۞۠ ؞
31. 'Aaron, my brother;	ھُرُوْنَ اَخِي 🖑
32. 'Increase my strength with him,	اشْدُدْ بِهَ ٱزْرِيْ أَ
33. 'And make him share my task,	ۅؘٱشْرِڪٛ <sup>م</sup> ُ فِيْ ٱمْرِيْ شَ
34. 'That we may glorify Thee much,	ؖڲؘؽؙۺۑؚؚڂڬؘڲؿؚؽڔ <i>ٙ</i> ٳۛؖؖ
35. 'And remember Thee much.	ۊۜڹ۬ۮٛڪؙڒڮؘػؿؚؽڔٞٵۿ
36. 'Thou possessest full knowledge	إِنَّكَ حُنْتَ بِنَا بَصِيْرًا ٢
of us.' 37. <i>God</i> said, "Granted is thy	قَالَ قَدْ أُوْتِيْتَ سُؤْلَكَ لِمُوْسِي ٢
prayer, O Moses! 38. "And We did indeed confer a	وَ لَقَدْ مَنَنَّا عَلَيْكَ مَرَّةً أُخْرَى ٢
favour upon thee at another time	
also, 39. "When We revealed to thy	اِذْ أَوْحَيْنَآ إِلَى أُمِّكَ مَا يُوْخَى 🖑
mother what was an important	
revelation, <i>saying</i> ,	
*26. He said, 'My Lord! Open up for me my	y heart.

\* 26. He said, 'My Lord! Open up for me my heart.\* 28. 'And untie the knot of my tongue.'

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ r | \ kh \ r' | \ dh \ i \ s \ of transitieration on page \ p').$ 

40. "'Put him in the ark, and throw it into the river, then the river will cast it on to the bank, *and one who is* an enemy to Me and also an enemy to him will take him up.' And I wrapped thee with love from Me; and *this I did* that thou mightest be reared before My eye.

41. "When thy sister walked along and said, 'Shall I guide you to one who will take charge of him?' So We restored thee to thy mother that her eye might be cooled and she might not grieve. And thou didst kill a man, but We delivered thee from sorrow. Then We proved thee in various ways. And thou didst tarry several years among the people of Midian. Then thou camest up to the standard, O Moses.

42. "And I have chosen thee for Myself.

43. "Go, thou and thy brother, with My Signs, and slacken not in remembering Me.

44. "Go, both of you, to Pharaoh, for he has transgressed *all* bounds.

\*45. "But speak to him a gentle speech that he might possibly heed or fear."

46. They replied, 'Our Lord, we fear lest he commit some excess against us, or exceed *all* bounds in transgression.'

47. *God* said, "Fear not; for I am with you both. I hear and I see.

آنِ اقْزِفِيْهِ فِي التَّابُوْتِ فَاقْزِفِيْهِ فِي الْيَمِّ فَلْيُلْقِو الْيَمُّ بِالسَّاحِلِ يَاخُذْهُ حَدُقٌ بِيْ وَ حَدُقٌ لَّهُ - وَ ٱلْقَيْتُ عَلَيْكَ مَحَبَّةً مِّخِيْةً وَلِتُصْنَحَ عَلْى عَيْنِيْ؟

اِذْ تَمْشِيَّ اُخْتُكَ فَتَقُوْلُ هَلْ اَدُتُّ هُمْ عَلْى مَنْ يَحْفُلُهُ فَرَجَعْنُكَ اِلَى اُمِّكَ كَيْ تَقَرَّ عَيْنُهَا وَ لَا تَحْزَنَ هُ وَ قَتَلْتَ نَفْسًا فَنَجَيْنُكَ مِنَ الْغَمِّ وَ فَتَنَّكَ فُتُوْنًا لَه فَلَبِثْتَ سِنِيْتَ فِيَ آهْلِ مَدْيَنَ هُ ثُمَّ جِئْتَ عَلْى قَدَرٍ يُمُوْسى ()

وَاصْطَنَعْتُكَ لِنَفْسِيْ شَّ اِذْهَبْ آنْتَ وَ آخُوْكَ بِالِحِيْ وَ كَا تَنِيَا فِيْ ذِحْرِيْ شَ اِذْهَبَآ اِلٰى فِرْعَوْنَ اِنَّهُ طَغْى شَ فَقُوْلا لَهُ قَوْلًا لَيِّنًا تَحَافُ أَنْ يَتَذَكَّرُ أَوْ يَضْمُى آَ اوْ آنْ يَطْغى @ قَالَ لَا تَخَافَ اِتَّخِيْ مَعَكُمَآ أَسْمَعُ وَ آَرى @

\*45. 'And address him both of you, with gentle words that he might possibly heed or fear.'

48. "So go ye both to him and say, 'We are the Messengers of thy Lord; so let the children of Israel go with us; and afflict them not. We have indeed brought thee a Sign from thy Lord; and peace shall be on him who follows the guidance;

49. 'It has indeed been revealed to us that punishment shall come on him who rejects and turns away.'"

50. *Pharaoh* said, 'Who then is the Lord of you two, O Moses?'

51. He said, 'Our Lord is He Who gave unto everything its *proper* form *and* then guided *it to its proper function*.'

52. *Pharaoh* said, 'What then will be the fate of the former generations?'

53. He said, 'The knowledge thereof is with my Lord *recorded* in a Book. My Lord neither errs nor forgets.'

54. *It is He* Who has made the earth for you a cradle, and has caused pathways for you to run through it; and Who sends down rain from the sky, and thereby We bring forth various kinds of vegetation.

55. Eat ye and pasture your cattle. Verily, in this are Signs for those who are endued with reason.

R. 3.

56. From it have We created you, and into it shall We cause you to return, and from it shall We bring you forth once more.

فَٱتِيلَهُ فَقُوْكَمَ اِنَّارَسُوْكَارَبِّكَ فَٱرْسِلْ مَعَنَا بَخِيَ اِسْرَاءِيْلَ لَا وَكَا تُعَذِّبُهُمْ لَ قَدْجِئُنْكَ بِأَيَةٍ مِّنْ رَّبِكَ، وَالسَّلْمُ عَلَى مَنِ اتَّبَعَمَ الْهُدى اِنَّاقَدُ أُوْرِيَ الَيُنَآ آتَ الْعَذَابَ عَلَى مَنْ كَذَّبَ وَتَوَلَى قَالَ فَمَنْ رَبُّنُمَا لِمُوْلِى قَالَ فَمَا بَالُ الْقُرُوْنِ الْأُوْلَى @

قَالَ عِلْمُهَا عِنْدَ كَبِّيْ فِي كِتْبٍ ، كَا يَضِلُّ كَبِّيْ وَكَا يَنْسَى شُ الَّذِيْ جَعَلَ لَكُمُ الْأَدْضَ مَهْدًا وَّسَلَكَ لَكُمْ فِيْهَا سُبُلًا وَّ آنْزَلَ مِنَ السَّمَاء مَاءً • فَ كَخْرَجْنَا بِهَ آ زُوَاجًا مِّنْ نَّبَاتٍ شَتَّى كَلُوا وَ ادْعَوْا آ نْعَامَكُمْ واجًا مِّنْ فَيْ ذَٰلِكَ مِنْهَا خَلَقْنْكُمْ وَفِيْهَا نُعِيْدُكُمْ وَمِنْهَا نُخْرِجُكُمْ تَارَةً أُخْرى ()

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ th \ th \ rhotomode \ h \ rhotomode \ rhotomo$ 

57. And We did show him (Pharaoh) Our Signs, all of them; but he rejected *them* and refused *to believe*.

58. He said, 'Hast thou come to us, O Moses, to drive us out of our land by thy magic?

59. 'But we shall assuredly bring thee magic the like thereof; so make an appointment between us and thyself which we shall not fail to keep—neither we nor thou—at a place alike *for us both*.'

60. Moses said, 'Your appointment shall be for the day of the Festival, and let the people be assembled when the sun is risen high.'

\*61. Then Pharaoh withdrew and concerted his plan and then came to the place of appointment.

62. Moses said to them, 'Woe to you; forge not a lie against Allāh, lest He destroy you by some punishment; and surely, he who forges a lie shall perish.'

63. Then they argued their affair among themselves and conferred in secret.

64. They said, 'Certainly these two are magicians, who desire to drive you out from your land by their magic and to destroy your best traditions. وَ لَقَدْ أَرَيْنَهُ إِيْتَنَا كُلُّهَا فَكَذَّبَ ۇ ألى@ قَالَ اَجِئْتَنَا لِتُخْرِجَنَا مِنْ اَدْضِنَا بسِحْرِكَ لِمُوْسَى فَلَنَاتِيَنَّكَ بِسِحْر مِّثْلِهِ فَاجْعَلْ بَيْنَنَا وَبَيْنَكَ مَوْعِدًا لاَ نُخْلِفُهُ نَحْنُ وَكَآ أَنْتَ مَ كَانًا سُوًى ٥ قَالَ مَوْعِدُكُمْ يَوْمُ الزَّيْنَةِ وَ آَنْ تُحْشَبُ التَّالُ ضُحَي فَتَوَلَّى فِرْعَوْنُ فَجَمَعَ كَبْدَة ثُمَّ آتَى قَالَ لَهُمْ مُّوْسِي وَبْدَكُمْ لَا تَفْتَرُوْا عَلَى اللهِ كَزِبًا فَيُسْحِتَكُمْ بِعَذَابٍ ، وَقَرْ خَابَ مَن افْتَرٰى ٣ فَتَنَاذَعُوْا أَمْرَهُمْ تَبْنَهُمْ وَ أَسَرُّوا النَّحْهٰي ٣ قَالُوْا إِنْ هَذَبِنِ لَسْحِرْنِ يُرْيَدُنِ أَنْ يُخْرِجْحُمْ مِّنْ ٱدْضِكُمْ بِسِحْرِهِمَا وَيَذْهَبَا بِطَرِيْقَتِكُمُ الْمُثْلَى ؟

\*61. Then Pharaoh turned away and mustered all his tricks, then he came in keeping with the appointment.

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ r | \ kh \ r | \ dh \ i \ s \ of transitieration on page \ p').$ 

65. 'Concert, therefore, your plan and then come forward arrayed. And, surely, he who gains ascendancy this day shall prosper.' 66. They said, 'O Moses, either do thou throw *first*, or we shall be the first to throw.'

67. He said, 'Nay, throw ye.' Then lo! their cords and their staves appeared to him, by their magic, as though they ran *about*.

68. And Moses conceived a fear in his mind.

69. We said, 'Fear not, for thou wilt have the upper hand.

70. 'And throw that which is in thy right hand; it will swallow that which they have wrought, for that which they have wrought is only a magician's trick. And a magician shall not thrive, come where he may.'

71. Then the magicians were made to fall down prostrate. They said, 'We believe in the Lord of Aaron and Moses.'

72. *Pharaoh* said, 'Do you believe in him before I give you leave? He must be your chief who has taught you magic. I will therefore surely cut off your hands and your feet alternately, and I will surely crucify you on the trunks of palm-trees; and you shall know which of us is severer and more abiding in punishment.'

فَأَجْمِعُوْا حَبْدَ كُمْ ثُمَّ انْتُوْاصَفًّا، وَقَرْ ٱفْلَحَ الْيَوْمَرَمَنِ اسْتَعْلَى ۞ قَالُوْا لِمُوْسَى إِمَّآ أَنْ تُلْقِي وَ إِمَّآ أَنْ تَّكُوْنَ أَوَّلَ مَنْ ٱلْقَى قَالَ بَلْ ٱلْقُوْاءِ فَبِاذَا حِبَالُهُمْ وَعِصِيُّهُمْ يُخَيَّلُ إلَيْهِ مِنْ سِحْرِهِمْ ٱنَّهَا تشغى فَاَرْجَسَ فْي نَفْسِهِ خِيْفَةً مُّوْسِي 🛞 قُلْنَالَا تَخَفْ إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ الْأَعْلَى @ وَٱلْقِمَافِيْ يَمِيْنِكَ تَلْقَفْ مَاصَنَعُوْا إِنَّمَا صَنَعُوْا كَيْدُ لَسِجِرٍ وَلَا يُفْلِحُ الشجرُ حَيْثُ آتي فَالْقِي السَّحَرَةُ سُجَّدًا قَالُوْا أَمَنَّا ېرَتِ ھُرُوْنَ وَ مُوْسَى ) قَالَ امَنْ تُمْ لَهُ قَبْلَ آنْ إِذَنَ لَكُمْ إِلَّهُ لَكَبِيْرُكُمُ الَّذِيْ عَلَّمَكُمُ السِّحْرَ. فَلَأُ قَطِّعَتَ آيَدٍ يَكُمُ وَ آرْجُلَكُمُ مِّنْ خِلَافٍ وَكَاصَبْتِبَنَّ حُمْ فِي جُذُوْع النَّخْلِ: وَلَتَعْلَمُنَّ إَثْنَآ اَشَدُّ عَذَابًا وَّ أَنْتُقِ @

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ \tau | \ kh \ \tau | \ dh \ i \ s \ (3ee details of transitieration on page 'p').$ 

73. They said, 'We shall not prefer thee to the manifest Signs that have come to us, nor *shall we prefer thee* to Him Who has created us. So decree what thou wilt decree; thou canst only decree concerning this present life.

74. 'Surely we have believed in our Lord that He may forgive us our sins and *forgive us* the magic which thou didst force us *to use*. And Allāh is the Best and the Most Abiding.'

75. Verily, he who comes to his Lord a sinner—for him is Hell; he shall neither die therein nor live.

76. But he who comes to Him as a believer having done good deeds, for such are the highest ranks—

77. Gardens of Eternity, beneath which rivers flow; they will abide therein *for ever*. And that is the recompense of those who keep themselves pure.

## R. 4.

78. And We sent a revelation to Moses, *saying*, 'Take away My servants by night, and strike for them a dry path through the sea. Thou wilt not be afraid of being overtaken, nor wilt thou have *any other* fear.'

79. Then Pharaoh pursued them with his hosts, and there overwhelmed them of the waters of the sea that which overwhelmed them.

قَالُوْا لَنْ نُّؤْثِرَكَ عَلٰى مَا جَاءَنَا مِنَ الْبَيِّنْتِ وَ الَّذِي فَطَرَنَ فَاقْضِ مَا الْتُنْ قَاضٍ الَّمَا تَقْضِيْ هٰذِهِ الْحَلُوةَ التُّنْيَاحُ الَّنَ امَنَّ ابِرَبِنَ لِيَعْفِرَ لَنَا خَطْيِنَا وَمَا الْتَهُ مَنْ يَابَتِ رَبَّهُ مُجْرِمًا فَإِنَّ لَهُ إِنَّهُ مَنْ يَابَتِ رَبَّهُ مُجْرِمًا فَإِنَّ لَهُ

رَتَ مَن يَ بَ رَبَ مَبْرِي كَوْنَ لَنِي جَهَنَّمَ «لا يَمُوْتُ فِيْهَا وَلا يَحْلِي وَ مَنْ يَاتِه مُؤْمِنًا قَدْ عَمِلَ الصَّلِحْتِ فَاولَمْ كَ لَهُمُ الدَّرَجْتُ الْعُلْيُ جَنَّتُ عَدْنٍ تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهُرُ خَلِدِيْنَ فِيْهَا « وَ ذَلِكَ جَزَاؤُا مَنْ تَرَكَّى شَ

ۅَلَقَدْ اَوْحَيْنَآ اِلْى مُوْسَى دَّ اَنْ اَسْرِ بِعِبَادِيْ فَاضْرِبْ لَهُمْ طَرِيْقًافِ الْبَحْرِ يَبَسًا "لَا تَخْفُ دَرَكًا وَّلَا تَخْشى@

ڣؘٱؿٛڹؚۘعَهُمْ فِرْعَوْنُ بِجُنُوْدٍ ٩ فَغَشِيَهُمْ مِّنَ الْيَمِّ مَاغَشِيَهُمْ ۞

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rhotomode | \ h \ rhotomode | \ rho$ 

ي ج

80. And Pharaoh led his people astray and did not guide them aright.

81. 'O children of Israel, We delivered you from your enemy, and We made a covenant with you on the right side of the Mount, and We sent down on you Manna and Salwā.

82. 'Eat of the good things that We have provided for you, and transgress not therein, lest My wrath descend upon you; and he on whom My wrath descends shall perish;

83. 'But surely I am forgiving to those who repent and believe and do good deeds, and then stick to guidance.

84. 'And what has hastened thee away from thy people, O Moses?'

\*85. He said, 'They are *closely following* in my footsteps and I have hastened to Thee, my Lord, that Thou mightest be pleased.' 86. *God* said, 'We have tried thy people in thy absence, and the Sāmirī has led them astray.'

87. So Moses returned to his people indignant and sad. He said, 'O my people, did not your Lord promise you a gracious promise? Did, then, the appointed time appear too long to you, or did you desire that wrath should descend upon you from your Lord, that you broke *your* promise to me?' وَٱضَلَّ فِرْعَوْنُ قَوْمَهُ وَمَاهَدُى

يٰبَنِيَ اِسْرَاءِيْلَ قَدْ ٱنْجَدِ نَكُمْ مِّنَ عَدُوِّ كُمْ وَ وْعَدْنُكُمْ جَانِبَ الطُّوْرِ الْآ يُمَنَ وَ نَزَّلْنَ عَلَيْكُمُ الْمَنَّ وَالسَّلُوى عُلُوْامِنْ طَيِّبْتِ مَارَدَقْنُكُمْ وَلَا تَطْخَوْا فِيْهِ فَيَحِلَّ عَلَيْهِ غَضَجِيْ فَقَدْ هَوْى ٤ وَارِقِيْ لَغَفَّارً لِّمَنْ تَابَ وَ اَمَنَ وَ عَمِلَ صَالِحًا ثُمَّ اهْتَدَى ٤

وَمَآ اَعْجَلَكَ عَنْ قَوْمِكَ لِمُوْسَى () قَالَ هُمْ اُولَاءٍ عَلَى اَ ثَرِيْ وَ عَجِلْتُ اِلَيْكَ رَبِّ لِتَرْضَى () قَالَ فَإِنَّا قَدْ فَتَنَّا قَوْمَكَ مِنْ بَعْدِكَ وَاَضَلَّهُ مُالسَّامِرِيُّ () فَرَجَعَ مُوْسَى إلى قَوْمِه غَضْبَانَ اسِفًا قَالَ لِقَوْمِ المَ يَعِدْكُمْ رَبُّكُمْ وَعْدًا مَن يَجِلَّ عَلَيْكُمْ غَضَبَّ مِّن رَبِّكُمْ فَاخْلَفْ تُمْ مَوْعِدِيْ ()

\*85. He said, 'They are *close* upon my tracks and I have hastened to You, my Lord, that You may be pleased.'

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rhotomode | \ h \ rhotomode | \ rho$ 

88. They said, 'We have not broken *our* promise to thee of our own accord; but we were laden with loads of people's ornaments and we threw them away, and likewise did the Sāmirī cast.'

\*89. Then he produced for them a calf—an image producing a lowing sound. And they said, 'This is your god, and the god of Moses.' So he gave up *the religion of Moses*.

90. Could they not see that it returned to them no answer, and had no power to do them either harm or good?

R. 5.

91. And Aaron had said to them before this, 'O my people, you have only been tried by means of it (the calf). And surely, the Gracious *God* is your Lord; so follow me and obey my command.'

92. They replied, 'We shall not cease to worship it until Moses return to us.'

93. *Moses* said, "O Aaron, what hindered thee, when thou didst see them gone astray,

94. 'From following me? Hast thou then disobeyed my command?'

95. He answered, "O son of my mother seize me not by my beard, nor by *the hair of* my head. I feared

الُه امآ أخْلَفْنَا مَوْعِدَكَ بِمَلْكِنَا وَإِكْنَا حُمَّلْنَا ٱوْزَارًا مِّنْ زِيْنَةِ الْقَوْمِ لمَا ذَكَذَٰلِكَ ٱلْقَى السَّامِرِيُّ ٨ فَاَخْرَجَ لَهُمْ عِجْلًا جَسَدًا لَّهُ خُوَارً فَقَالُوْا لِمَذْآَ الْمُكْمَرِ وَ الْهُ مُوْسَم فَنْسَى ٢ ٱفَلَا يَرَوْنَ ٱلَّا يَرْجِعُ إِلَيْهِمْ قَوْلًا الْكُ لَعُمْ ضَرًّا وْ لَا نَفْعًا ﴾ Ē وَكَقَدْ قَالَ لَبُهُمْ هُرُوْنُ مِنْ قَبْلُ لِقَهْ مِ ٳڹۧٛٙٛٙٙٙٙمَافُ<del>ب</del>ٙڹٛؾؙۿڔؠ؋ۥۊؘٳۘڮٙۯؾۘڲؙۿڔٳڶڗۧڂڡؗڽؙ فَاتَّبعُوْنِيْ وَ أَطِيْعُوْا أَمْرِيْ () قَالُهُا لَنْ نَّبْرَحَ عَلَيْهِ عٰكِفِيْنَ حَتَّى <u>يَرْجِعَ إِلَيْنَامُوْسِي</u> قَالَ لِيهُ رُوْنُ مَا مَنْعَكَ إِذْ رَآئِتَهُ ضَدَّةُ اللهُ ىحن ، أفَحَصَنْتَ أَمْرِيْ ؟ قَالَ تَسْنَهُمَّ كَا تَاخُذْ بِلِحْسَتِي وَكَا خشنت أرثى اقت برَ آسِيْ ۽

\*95. Note: The expression 'seize me not by my beard, nor by (the hair of)my head' should not be taken literally. It may simply mean: do not humiliate me.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ | \ th \ \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ h \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ (45)$  (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

<sup>\*89.</sup> Then he produced for them a calf—a mere body which emitted a lowing sound. Then he and his companions said, 'This is your god, and the god of Moses but he forgot to mention it to you.'

lest thou shouldst say, 'Thou hast caused a division among the children of Israel, and didst not wait for my word.'"

96. *Moses* said, 'And what hast thou to say, O Sāmirī?'

97. He said, 'I perceived what they perceived not. I *only* partly received the impress of the Messenger, but that *too* I cast away. Thus it is that my mind commended to me.'

98. Moses said, "Go away. It shall be thine to say throughout thy life, 'Touch me not;' and there is a promise of *punishment* for thee which shall not fail to be fulfilled about thee. Now look at thy god of which thou hast become a devoted worshipper. We will certainly burn it and then scatter it away into the sea." 99. Your God is only Allah, beside Whom there is no God. He embraces all things His in knowledge.

100. Thus do We relate to thee the tidings of what has happened before. And We have given thee from Us a Reminder.

101. Whoso turns away from it will surely bear a *heavy* burden on the Day of Resurrection,

102. Abiding thereunder; and evil will the burden be to them on the Day of Resurrection,

103. The day when the trumpet will be blown. And on that day We shall gather the sinful together, blue-eyed. فَرَّقْتَ بَهْنَ بَنِي إِسْرَاءِ بْلَ وَ لَمْ تَوْقُبْ قۇرىي، قَالَ فَمَا خَطْبُكَ لِسَامِرِيُّ @ قَالَ بَصُرْتُ بِمَا لَمْرِيَبْصُرُوْا بِهِ فَقَبَضْتُ قَبْضَةً مِّنْ آثَرِ الرَّسُوْلِ فَنَبَذْتُهَا وَكَذٰلِكَ سَوَّلَتْ لِيُنَفْسِي ٢ قَالَ فَاذْهَبْ فَإِنَّ لَكَ فِي الْحَلِوةِ آنْ تَقُوْلَ لَا مِسَاسَ م وَ إِنَّ لَكَ مَوْعِدًا لَّنْ تُخْلَفَهُ ، وَ انْظُرْ إِلَى اللهِكَ الَّذِيْ ظَلْتَ عَلَيْهِ عَاجِفًا ﴿ لَنُحَرَّقَنَّهُ ثُمَّ لَنَنْسِفَنَّهُ فِي الْيَمّ نَسْفًا إِنَّ جَهَا لِهُكُمُ اللَّهُ الَّذِي كَمَّا لِهَ إِلَّاهُوَ ﴿ وَسِعَ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ عِلْمًا @ كَذٰلِكَ نَقُصٌ عَلَيْكَ مِنْ أَثْبَاء مَا قَدْ سَبَق، وَقَدْ أَتَيْنَكَ مِنْ لَدُنَّاذِكْرًا <sup>((</sup> مَنْ أَعْرَضَ عَنْهُ فَإِنَّهُ يَحْمِلُ يَوْمَ الْقِيْمَة وزُرًا أ خليدين فيبود وسآء كهمريؤمرا لقيه حماري يَّوْمَ يُنْفَخُ فِي الصُّوْرِ وَ نَحْشُرُ الْمُجْرِمِيْنَ يَوْمَبُذٍ زُرْقًا 🗟

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ th \ & h \ 7 \ \mid \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid \ dh \ & \flat \ s \ \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ & b \ & f \ & b \ \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ & f \ \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ & f \ \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ & f \ \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ & f \ \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ \\ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ \\ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ \\ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \end{array}$  \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} f \ & f \ \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \end{array}

104. They will talk to one another in a low tone *saying*: 'You tarried only ten *days*'—

105. We know best what they will say—when the one possessing the best way of life among them will say, 'You have tarried only a day.'

R. 6.

106. And they ask thee concerning the mountains. Say, 'My lord will break them into pieces and scatter them as dust.

107. 'And He will leave them as a barren, level plain,

108. 'Wherein thou wilt see no depression, or elevation.'

\*109. On that day they will follow the Caller *straight*, there being no deviation therefrom; and *all* voices shall be hushed before the Gracious *God* and thou shalt not hear but a subdued sound of footsteps.

110. On that day intercession shall not avail *any person* save him in whose case the Gracious *God* grants permission and with whose word *of faith* He is pleased.

111. He knows *all* that is before them and *all* that is behind them, but they cannot compass it with *their* knowledge.

112. And *all* faces shall humble themselves before the Living, the Self-Subsisting and All-Sustaining *God.* And he shall indeed perish who bears *the burden of* iniquity.

يَّتَخَافَتُوْنَ بَيْنَهُمْ اِنْ لَبِثْتُمْ اِلَّا عَشْرًا نَحْنُ اَعْلَمُ بِمَا يَقُوْلُوْنَ اِذْ يَقُوْلُ اَمْتَلُهُمْ طَرِيْقَةً اِنْ لَبِثْتُمْ اِلَّا يَوْمًا الَّيَ

تَسْمَعُ إِلَّا هَمْسًا

يَوْمَئِذٍ لَا تَنْفَعُ الشَّفَاعَةُ إِلَّا مَنْ اَذِنَ لَهُ الرَّحْمِنُ وَرَضِي لَهُ قَوْلًا ۞

يَعْلَمُ مَابَيْنَ آيَدِيْهِمْ وَمَا خَلْفَهُمْ وَلَا يُحِيْطُوْنَ بِهِ عِلْمًا (() وَ عَنَتِ الْوُجُوْهُ لِلْحَيِّ الْقَيُّوْمِ • وَ قَدْ خَابَ مَنْ حَمَلَ ظُلْمًا (())

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ r \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ (43) \ o \ (43) \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ z \ | \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s$ 

<sup>\*109.</sup> On that day shall they follow the summoner who is *upright* with no crookedness in him; and *all* voices shall be hushed before the Graeious *God* and you will not hear but a subdued sound of footsteps.

113. But he who does good works, being a believer, will have no fear of injustice or loss.

\*114. And thus have We sent it down—the Qur'ān in Arabic—and We have explained therein certain warnings, that they may fear God or that it may give birth to *divine* remembrance in them.

115. Exalted then is Allāh, the True King! And be not impatient for the Qur'ān ere its revelation is completed unto thee, but *only* say, 'O my Lord, increase me in knowledge.'

116. And verily, We had made a covenant with Adam beforehand, but he forgot, and We found in him no determination *to disobey*.

## R. 7.

117. And when We said to the angels, 'Submit to Adam,' and they all submitted. But Iblīs *did not*. He refused.

118. Then We said, 'O Adam, this is an enemy to thee, and to thy wife; so let him not drive you both out of the garden, lest thou come to grief.

119. 'It is *provided* for thee that thou wilt not hunger therein, nor wilt thou be naked.

120. 'And that thou wilt not thirst therein, nor wilt thou be exposed to the sun.'

وَ مَنْ يَعْمَلْ مِنَ الصِّلِحَتِ وَ هُوَ مُؤْمِنَ فَلَا يَخْفُ ظُلْمًا وَّ لَا هَضْمًا ( وَحَذْلِكَ ٱنْزَلْنْهُ قُرْانًا عَرَبِيًّا وَّصَرَّفْنَا فِيْهِ مِنَ الْوَعِيْدِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَّقُوْنَ آوْ يُحْدِثُ لَهُمْ ذِكْرًا ()

فَتَعْلَى اللهُ الْمَلِكُ الْحَقُّ، وَلَا تَعْجَلْ بِالْقُرْانِ مِنْ قَبْلِ آنْ تُقْضَى اللَيْكَ وَحْيُهُ دوَقُلْ دَبِّ زِدْنِيْ عِلْمًا @ وَلَقَدْ عَهِدْنَآ الَى ادْمَ مِنْ قَبْلُ فَنَسِيَ وَلَمْ نَجِدْلَهُ عَزْمًا ۞

ۅَٳۮٛۊؙؗڶڹؘٳٮؚڵڝۘڵؠؙؚػۊؚ١ۺجؙۮۉ١؇ؚؗڎؘ ڣؘۺڿۮۉۤ١ ٳۘڒؖٳؠۑؽۺۦٵڸٚ۞ ۏؾؙۮۅؚؠڰ؋ؘڮ؞ؙڂٛڔۼؾۜػؙڡٵڝؚؾ١ڷڿؾۜۊ ڣؾۺ۫ڠؽ۞ ٳؾٙڶڰٵؘڷٲڗؾج۠ۅٛۼۏؽۿٵۅؘ؆ؾڞ۠ؾ۞

\*114.And thus have We sent it down—the Qur'ān in Arabie—and We have explained therein certain warnings, that they may fear God or that it may generate in them divine remembrance.

 $a \ i \ u + | \ th \ th \ \tau | \ kh \ \tau | \ dh \ i \ s \ i \ s \ (454)$  (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

121. But Satan whispered evil suggestions to him; he said, 'O Adam, shall I lead thee to the tree of eternity and to a kingdom that never decays?'

\*122. Then they both ate thereof, so that their shame became manifest to them, and they began to stick the leaves of the garden together over themselves. And Adam observed not the commandment of his Lord, so his life became miserable.

123. Then his Lord chose him *for His grace*, and turned to him with mercy and guided *him*.

124. He said, 'Go forth, both of you, from here, some of you being enemies of others. And if there comes to you guidance from Me, then whoso will follow My guidance, he will not go astray, nor will he come to grief.

125. 'But whosoever will turn away from My Reminder, his will be a strait life, and on the Day of Resurrection We shall raise him up blind.'

126. He will say, 'My Lord, why hast Thou raised me up blind, while I possessed sight *before*?'

127. God will say, 'Thus it was to be; Our Signs came to thee and thou didst disregard them; and in like manner wilt thou be disregarded this day.'

فَوَسْوَسَ رِلَيْهِ الشَّيْطُنُ قَالَ آيَادَمُ هَلَ ٱدُلُّكَ عَلَى شَجَرَةِ الْخُلْدِوَ مُلَتٍ لَا يَبْلَى فَ اَكَلَا مِنْهَا فَبَدَتْ لَهُمَا سَوْاتُهُمَا وَ طَفِقًا يَخْصِفْنِ عَلَيْهِمَا مِنْ وَآرَقِ الْجَنَّقِروَعَضَى ادَمُرَبَّهُ فَغَوْى الَّ

ؿؙ<sub>ڴ</sub>ٙڔٳڿؾؘڹٮەڒڹ۪ؖ؋ڣؘؾؘٳڹۼڵؽ<u>ۅ</u>ۘۅؘۿۜڋؽؖ

قَالَ اهْبِطَامِنْهَا جَمِيْعًا بَحْضُكُمْ لِبَحْضٍ عَدُوَّ \* فَاِمَّا يَاْتِيَتَّكُمْ مِّنِيْ هُدًى لا فَمَنِ اتَّبَحَ هُدَايَ فَلاَ يَضِلُّ وَ لَا يَشْعَٰى ؟

ۅؘمَنْ ٱعْرَضَ عَنْ ذِكْرِيْ فَرَاتَ لَهُ مَعِيْشَةً ضَنْكًا وَّ نَحْشُرُ لاَ يَوْمَ الْقِيْمَةِ ٱعْلَى ®

قَالَ رَبِّ لِمَ حَشَرْتَنِيَّ آعْمَى وَ قَدْ كُنْتُ بَصِيْرًا قَالَ كَذٰلِكَ آتَتْكَ التُنَافَنَسِيْتَهَا، وَكَذٰلِكَ الْيَوْمَ تُنْسَى ؟

\*122. They both ate thereof, so their inherent weakness became exposed to them. So they started covering themselves with the leaves from the garden. And Adam disobeyed his Lord and deviated from the path.

Note: For a detailed note on سَوْاتُهُمَا sauātuhumā, sec 7:21.

128. And thus do We recompense him who is extravagant and believes not in the Signs of his Lord; and the punishment of the Hereafter is surely severer and more lasting.

129. Does it not afford guidance to them how many generations We destroyed before them, in whose dwellings they *now* walk? Therein verily are Signs for those who are endued with reason.

#### R. 8.

\*130. And had it not been for a word already gone forth from thy Lord, and a term *already* fixed, *immediate punishment* would have been inevitable.

131. Bear patiently then what they say, and glorify thy Lord with *His* praise before the rising of the sun and before its setting; and glorify *Him* in the hours of the night and at the sides of the day, that thou mayest find *true* happiness.

132. And strain not thy eyes after what We have bestowed on some classes of them to enjoy *for a short time*—the splendour of the present world—that We may try them thereby. And the provision of thy Lord is better and more lasting.

133. And enjoin Prayer on thy people, and be constant therein. We ask thee not for provision; it is We that provide for thee. And the end is for righteousness.

ۅَ ڲؙۜۜذٰڸؚڲ نَجْزِيٛ مَنْ ٱسْرَفَ وَ لَمْ يُؤْمِنْ بِالِتِ رَبِّهٖ ؞ وَلَعَذَابُ الْاخِرَةِ ٱشَدُّ وَٱبْغَى آ فَلَمْ يَهْدٍ لَهُمْ كَمْ ٱهْلَكْنَا قَبْلَهُمْ مِّنَ الْقُرُوْنِ يَمْشُوْنَ فِيْ مَسْكِنِهِمْ ؞ إِنَّ فِيْ ذٰلِكَ لَاٰيْتٍ لِاُولِي النُّهٰ الَّ

ۅؘڵۉۘ؇ڲڸؚڡؘڐؘٞۺڹۊؘؿٛڡؚڽٛڒؖؾؚؚڮٙڵڲٵڽ ڸۯؘٳڡٵۊۜٲڿڵٞؗؗؗ ڞؙۺۼؖؽ۞ۨ

فَاصْبِرْ عَلَى مَا يَقُوْلُوْنَ وَ سَبِّحْ بِحَمْدِ رَبِّكَ قَبْلَ طُلُوْعَ الشَّمْسِ وَ قَبْلَ خُرُوْبِهَا ، وَ مِنْ انَا مَا تَيْلِ فَسَبِّحْ وَ اَطْرَافَ النَّهَارِ لَعَلَّكَ تَرْضَى @ وَ لَا تَمُدَّتَ عَيْنَيْكَ إِلَى مَا مَتَّعْنَا بِهَ وَ اَحْدَا مَدَتَ عَيْنَيْكَ إِلَى مَا مَتَّعْنَا بِهَ وَ اَحْدَا مَدَتَ عَيْنَيْكَ إِلَى مَا مَتَعْنَا بِهَ وَ اَعْذَا مَدَتَ عَيْنَيْكَ إِلَى مَا مَتَعْنَا بِهَ وَ اَحْدَا مَدَتَ عَيْنَيْكَ إِلَى مَا مَتَعْنَا بِهَ وَ اَحْدَا مَدَتَ عَيْنَيْكَ الْحَلُوةِ وَ اصْطَبِرْ عَلَيْهَا لَا وَ الْحَاقِبَةُ لِلتَقَوْى @ وَ الْحَاقِبَةُ لِلتَقَوْى @

\*130. And had it not been for a word already gone forth from your Lord, and a term *already* fixed, *their punishment* would have been abiding.

ي م

\*134. And they say, 'Why does he not bring us a Sign from his Lord?' Has there not come to them the clear evidence in what is *contained* in the former Books?

135. And if We had destroyed them with a punishment before it they would have surely said, 'Our Lord, wherefore didst Thou not send to us a Messenger that we might have followed Thy commandments before we were humbled and disgraced?'

136. Say, 'Each one is waiting; wait ye, therefore, and you will know who are the people of the right path and who follow *true* guidance.' وَ قَالُوْا لَوْ لَا يَأْتِيْنَا بِأَيَةٍ مِّنْ دَّتِهٖ -ٱوَلَمْ تَأْتِهِمْ بَيِّنَةُ مَا فِ الصُّحُفِ الْأُوْلَى @ وَلَوْ آنَّآ آهْلَكْنُهُمْ بِعَذَابٍ مِّنْ قَبْلِهِ لَقَالُوْا دَبَّنَا لَوْ لَآ اَرْسَلْتَ الَيْنَا رَسُوْلًا فَنَتَّبِعُ أَيْتِكَ مِنْ قَبْلِ آنْ نَّذِلَ وَنَخْزَى @ فَسَتَعْلَمُوْنَ مَنْ آَصْحُبُ الصِّرَاطِ السَّوِيِّ وَمَنِ اهْتَرْى ۞

\*134. And they say, 'Why does he not bring us a Sign from his Lord?' Has there not come to them the clear evidence in what is *contained* in the former **Scriptures**?

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ | \ th \ \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid \ dh \ \dot{s} \ \mid \dot{s} \ \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s} \ \$ 



(Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the ⊆ Gracious, the Merciful.

<sup>2</sup> 2. Nigh has drawn for men their reckoning, yet they turn away in heedlessness.

3. There comes not to them any new admonition from their Lord, but they listen to it while they make sport *of it*.

\*4. *And* their hearts are forgetful. And they keep their counsels secret—those who act wrongfully, *then say*, 'Is this *man* aught but a human being like ourselves? Will you then accede to magic while you see *it*?'

5. God said to the Prophet, "Say, 'My Lord knows what is spoken in the heaven and the earth. And He is the All-Hearing, the All-Knowing,"

6. Nay, they say, '*These are but* confused dreams; nay, he has forged it; nay, he is *but* a poet. Let him then bring us a Sign just as the former *Prophets* were sent *with Sign*.'

7. No township, before them, which We destroyed, ever believed. Would they then believe?

ىشماىتەالىچى اقتكمك وَهُمْ فى غَفْكَة مُّعْرضُوْنَ شَ ݥݳݐݳݓؽݷݥݛݻݥ ذݣݛݻݵ ݱݓݷݥݛݰ الا اشتَمَعُوْهُ وَهُمْ يَلْعَبُوْنَ أَ لَاهِبَةً قُلُوْبُهُمْ إِذَ إَسَرُّوا النَّجْوَى 🗄 الَّزِيْنَ ظَلَمُوْا ﴿ هَلْ هٰذًا إِلَّا بَشَرً مْثْلُكُمْ، أَفْتَاْتُوْنَ السِّحْرَوَ ٱنْتَمْ تُبْصرُ وْرَى قُلَ رَبِّيْ يَعْلَمُ الْقَوْلَ فِ السَّمَاءِ وَ الْإِرْضِ دِوَهُوَ السَّمِيْحُ الْعَلِيْمُ () مَدْ، قَالُهْ١ أَضْغَاثُ آَحْلَامُ مَا افْتَرْبِهُ يَلْ هُوَ شَاعِرٌ \* فَلْيَأْتِنَا بِأَيَةٍ كَمَآ أ رُسكَ الْأَوْلُوْنَ 🕞 ىنىڭ ق*ىدىلىم*ەر <u>تىن</u> قرىبة آھىل أفكم تؤمذهني لَكَ الْا وَمَا اَدْسَلْنَاقَدْ

\*8. And We sent none as Messengers

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ r & | \ h \ r & | \ kh \ r & | \ dh \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s &$ 

<sup>\*4.</sup> And their hearts are forgetful. And they keep their counsels secret—those who act wrongfully, then say, 'Is this man anything but a human being like yourselves? Will you then accede to magic while you see it?'

<sup>\*8.</sup> And We sent none as Messengers before you but men to whom We sent revelations. So ask those who are well versed in scriptures, if you know not.

before thee but men to whom We sent revelations. So ask the people of the Reminder, if you know not.

9. And We did not give them bodies that ate no food, nor were they to live for ever.

10. Then We fulfilled to them *Our* promise; and We saved them and those whom We pleased; and We destroyed the transgressors.

\*11. We have now sent down to you a Book wherein lies your *glory and* eminence; will you not then understand?

R. 2.

12. And how many a township that acted wrongfully have We utterly destroyed, and raised up after it another people!

13. And when they felt Our punishment, lo, they began to flee from it.

\*14. 'Flee not, but return to the comforts in which you exulted, and to your dwellings that you might be *approached and* consulted *as before.*'

15. They said, 'Alas for us, we were indeed wrongdoers!'

16. And this ceased not to be their cry till We mowed them down, reduced to ashes.

اِلَيْهِمْ فَسْتَلُوَّا آهْلَ النِّحْرِ اِنْ كُنْتُمْ لا تَعْلَمُوْنَ۞ وَمَا جَعَلْنُهُمْ جَسَدًا لَّا يَاْكُلُوْتَ الطَّعَامَ وَمَاكَانُوْا خَلِدِيْنَ۞ تُشَاءُوَ آهْلَكْنَا الْمُسْرِفِيْنَ۞ لَقَدْ آنْزَلْنَآ اِلَيْكُمْ كِتْبًا فِيْهِ فِحُرُكُمْ افَلَا تَعْقِلُوْنَ۞

ٷۜڪؘۿۊۜڞۿڹؘٳڡؚڽٛۊؘۯؾۊ۪ڲٳڹؿڟڶؚؠڡڐ ۅۜٞٲڹٛۺؘٲڹٵڹۼڮۿٵۊؘۉؚڡٵڶڂؘڕؽؚڹ۞

فَكَمَّآ اَحَسُّوْا بَأْسَنَآ اِذًا هُمْ مِّنْهَا يَرْكُضُوْنَ أُ

ؘڮ؆ؘۯػؙڞؙۉٵۘۊٵۯڿۼۊٛٵڔڶٚؠڡؘٓٵؘڷؿڕڣٛؾؙۿڔڣؽڡؚ ۊڡؘڛڮڹؚڝؙٞۿڵػڴۜڝٞۿڗؾۺٮٞڵۉؾ۞

قَالُوْالِوَيْلَنَّا اِنَّا ڪُنَّاظْلِمِيْنَ@ فَمَا زَالَتْ تِّلْكَ دَعْوٰىهُمْ حَتَّى جَعَلْنْهُمْ حَصِيْدًا خَامِدِيْنَ ®

<sup>\*11.</sup> We have now sent down to you a Book wherein lies *all that you may need for* your admonition; will you not then understand?

<sup>\*14. &#</sup>x27;Flee not, but return to the comforts in which you exulted, and to your dwellings that you might be brought to account.

17. And We created not the heaven and the earth and all that is between the two in play.

18. If We had wished to find a pastime, We would surely have found it in what is with Us if at all We were to do *such a thing*.

19. Nay, We hurl the truth at falsehood, and it breaks its head, and lo, it perishes. And woe be to you for that which you ascribe *to God*.

20. To Him belongs whosoever is in the heavens and the earth. And those who are in His presence do not disdain to worship Him, nor do they weary;

21. They glorify *Him* night and day; *and* they flag not.

22. Have they taken gods from the earth who raise the dead?

\*23. If there had been in them (the heavens and the earth) other gods beside Allāh, then surely both would have gone to ruin. Glorified then be Allāh, the Lord of the Throne, above what they attribute.

24. He cannot be questioned as to what He does, but they will be questioned.

25. Have they taken gods beside Him? Say, 'Bring forth your proof. Here is the Book of those with me, وَمَا خَلَقْنَا السَّبَاءَ وَالْأَرْضَ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا لْعِبِيْنَ. لَهُ إَدَدُنَّا أَبِنْ نَّتَّخِذَ لَهُوَالَّا تَخَذْنِهُ مِنْ لَدُنَّاةَ إِنْ كُنَّا فَعِلَيْنَ ( بَلْ نَقْذِفُ بِالْحَقِّ عَلَى الْبَاطِلِ فَيَدْمَغُهُ فَإِذَا هُوَ زَاهِةً ٢ - وَ لَكُمُ الْوَثِلُ مِمَّاتَصفُوْنَ ( وَ لَهُ مَنْ فِي السَّمَوْتِ وَ الْأَرْضِ ۇ مَنْ عِنْدَة لَا يَسْتَكْبِرُوْنَ عَنْ عمادته وكاكيشت شبرؤن يُسَبّحُوْنَ الَّيْلَ وَالنَّهَا <ا لَا يَفْتُرُوْنَ ٢ أَمِ اتَّخَذُوْٓا البِصَةُ مِّنَ الْأَدْضِ هُمْ ينشرون لَوْكَانَ فِيْهِمَا الِيهَةُ إِلَّا اللَّهُ لَفَسَدَتَاء فَسُبْحْنَ اللهِ رَبِّ الْعَرْشِ عَمَّا تصفُوْنَ ٢٣) كَا يُسْتَلُ عَمَّا بَفْعَلُ وَهُمْ يُسْتَلُونَ @ ٱمِراتَحَذُوْا مِنْ دُوْنِهَ إِلِهَةً مِ قُلْ هَاتُوْا بُرْهَا نَصُمْ مَ هٰذَا ذِكْرُمَنْ مَّجِيَوَ ذِكْرُ

\*23. If there had been in both *the heaven and the earth* gods other than Allāh, then both *the heaven and the earth* would have ended up in chaos.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ | \ dh \ i \ | \ s \ of transitieration on page \ p').$ 

and the Book of those before me.' Nay, most of them know not the truth, and so they turn away.

26. And We sent no Messenger before thee but We revealed to him, *saying*, 'There is no God but I; so worship Me *alone*.'

27. And they say, 'The Gracious *God* has taken to Himself a son.' Holy is He. Nay, they are *only* honoured servants.

28. They speak not before He speaks, and they act *only* by His command.

29. He knows what is before them and what is behind them, and they intercede not except for him whom He approves, and they act cautiously for fear of Him.

30. And whosoever of them should say, 'I am a god beside Him,' him shall We requite with Hell. Thus do We requite the wrongdoers.

#### R. 3.

31. Do not the disbelievers see that the heavens and the earth were *a* closed-up *mass*, then We opened them out? And We made from water every living thing. Will they not then believe?

\*32. And We have made in the earth firm mountains lest it should quake with them; and We have made therein wide pathways, that they may be rightly guided.

أَلاَ نَبْيياً ما ۲ - Chapter 21 مَنْ قَبْلِيْ ٢ بَلْ أَكْثَرُ هُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ الْحَةً، فَهُمْ شُعْرِضُوْنَ وَمَآ ٱرْسَلْنَا مِنْ قَبْلِكَ مِنْ رَّسُوْل إِلَّا نُوْجِبَ إِلَيْهِ أَنَّهُ لَآ إِلٰهَ إِلَّا أَنَا فَاعْبُدُوْنِ دَ قَالُهِ ا اتَّخَذَ الرَّحْمِٰنُ وَلَـدًا سُبْحِنَه ىَلْ عِنَادٌ مُّكْرَ مُوْنَ لَا يَسْبِقُوْنَهُ بِالْقَوْلِ وَ هُمْرِبَأَسْرِهِ تغمَلُوْنَ 🔊 يحْلَمُ مَابَيْنَ آيدِيْهِمْ وَمَا خَلْفَهُمْ وَلَا يَشْفَعُوْنَ الآلَالِمَنِ ادْتَنْمَى وَ هُمْ مِّنْ خَشْبَتهِ مُشْفَقُونَ 🕅 وَ مَنْ تَقُلْ مِنْهُمُ إِنَّى إِلَيَّ مِنْ دُوْنِهِ فَذٰلِكَ نَجْزِيْهِ جَهَنَّتَمَ حَذَلِكَ نَجْزِي الظَّلِميْنَ شَ اً وَ لَمْرِيَرُ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْٓا أَنَّ السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْادْضَ كَانَتَارَ ثُقًّا فَفَتَقْنِهُمَا وَجَعَلْنَا ڝؚڹ الْمَاءِ ڪُلَّ شَيْءٍ حَيِّد ٱفَلَا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ® وَجَعَلْنَا فِي الْأَرْضِ رَوَاسِيَ أَنْ تَمَيْدَ بهمر وجَعَلْنَافِيْهَافِجَاجًاسُبُ لَّعَلَّهُمْ مَشْتَدُوْنَ

33. And We have made the heaven a roof, well protected: vet they turn away from its Signs.

34. And He it is Who created the night and the day, and the sun and the moon, each gliding along in its orbit.

35. We granted not everlasting life to any human being before thee. If then thou shouldst die, shall they live *here* for ever?

36. Every soul shall taste of death; and We prove you with evil and good by way of trial. And to Us shall you be returned.

37. And when the disbelievers see thee, they only make a jest of thee. They say: 'Is this the one who makes an evil mention of your gods?' While it is they themselves who reject with disdain the mention of the Gracious God.

38. Man is made of haste. I will certainly show you My Signs but ask Me not to hasten.

39. And they say, 'When will this promise be *fulfilled*, if you are truthful?'

40. If only the disbelievers knew the time when they will not be able to keep off the fire from their faces nor from their backs, and they will not be helped!

وَ جَعَلْنَا السَّمَاءَ سَقْفًا مَّحْفُهُظَّة وَهُمْ عَنْ أَلِبْتِهَا مُعْرِضُوْنَ @ وَ هُوَ الَّذِيْ خَلَقَ الَّيْلَ وَ النَّهَارَ وَ الشَّمْسَ وَ الْقَمَرَ، كُلُّ فِيْ فَلَتٍ تَشْبَحُوْنَ 🕾 وَمَاجَعَلْنَالِبَشَرِمِّنْ قَبْلِكَ الْخُلْدَ، ٱفَأَيِّنْ مِتَّ فَهُمُ الْخَلِدُوْنَ@ ڮؖڷؙڹؘڣٛڛ؋ٙٳ<u>ڹ</u>ؘۊٙڎؙٳڵؠٙۉؾۦؘۯڹؽڸۉۘۘۘڪۿڔ بِالشَّرِّ وَ الْخَيْرِ فِتْنَةً ﴿ وَ إِلَيْنَا تُرْجَعُوْنَ 🗝 وَإِذَا رَاكَ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا إِنْ ؾ<u></u>ؾۜٞڿؚۮؙۉڹڮٳؘڴٳۿۥۯؙۅٞٳ؞ٳؘۿ؞ۮؘٳٵڷؖڹؚؽ ين حُرُ الِهَتَكُم ، وَهُمْ بِزِحْرِ الرَّحْمَ<sup>ِ</sup> هُمْ كُفرُ وْنَ@ خُلِقَ الْإِنْسَانُ مِنْ عَجَلٍ مَسَاوِدِي حُمْ ايتِيْ فَلَا تَسْتَعْجِلُوْنِ 🔊 وَ يَقُوْلُوْنَ مَتَّى هِذَا الْوَعْدُ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صرقيْن 🔊 لَوْ يَعْلَمُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا حِيْنَ كَ يَكُفُّوْنَ عَنْ وُّجُوْهِهِمُ النَّارَ وَ لَا عَنْ ظُهُوْرِ هِمْ وَكَا هُمْ يُنْصَرُوْنَ ٢

ء : ا ق p ا غ h ت ا ظ z ا ظ t ا ف ل و 462 م ص s ا + أ ث ا ب ا ث ا ب م ع s ا + أ ث ا ا ا ا ا ا ا م ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

٣

41. Nay, it will come upon them unawares so that it will utterly confound them; and they will not be able to repel it, nor will they be given respite.

42. And Messengers have indeed been mocked at before thee, but that whereat they mocked encompassed those of them who scoffed.

# R. 4.

43. Say, 'Who can protect you by night and by day from the Gracious *God*?' Yet they turn away from the remembrance of their Lord.

44. Have they any gods that can protect them beside Us? They cannot help themselves, nor can they be befriended *by any one* against Us.

45. Nay, We provided those and their fathers *with the good things of this world* till life grew long for them. Do they not see that We are visiting the land, reducing it from its outlying borders? Can they even then be victors?

46. Say, 'I warn you not but according to *divine* revelation.' But the deaf cannot hear the call when they are warned.

47. And if even a breath of thy Lord's punishment touch them, they will surely cry out, 'Woe to us! we were indeed wrongdoers.'

48. And We shall set up accurate

بَلْ تَأْتِيهِمْ بَغْتَةً فَتَبْهَتُهُمْ فَلَا يَسْتَطِيْعُوْنَ رَدَّهَا وَ لَا هُمْ يُنْظَرُوْنَ ٢ وَلَقَدِ اسْتُهْزِيَّ بِرُسُلِ مِّنْ قَبْلِكَ فَحَاقَ بِالَّذِيْنَ سَخِرُوْامِنْهُمْ مَّاكَانُوْا بە يَشتَهْ زِءُوْنَ ٢ قُلْ مَنْ تَحْلَؤُكُمْ بِالَّيْلِ وَ النَّهَادِ مِنَ الرَّحْمِنِ - بَلْ هُمْ عَنْ ذِكْرِ رَبِّهِمْ مُعْرِضُوْنَ@ أَمْ لَهُمْ اللهَةُ تَمْنَعُهُمْ مِّنْ دُوْنِنَا -كا يَسْتَطِيْعُوْنَ نَصْرَ ٱنْفُسِهِمْ وَكَاهُمْ مّنّا نُصْحَدُون تَلْ مَتَّعْنَا هَؤُكَاءِ وَ أَيَاءَهُ هُرِحَتَّى طَالَ عَلَيْهِمُ الْعُمُرُ ؞ ٱفَلَا يَرَوْنَ ٱنَّا نَاتِي الْأَدْضَ نَنْقُصُهَا مِنْ اَطْرَافِهَا مِ أَ فَهُمُ الْغْلِبُوْنَ@ قُلْ إِنَّمَآ ٱنْذِرُكُمْ بِالْوَحْيِرَّ وَلَا يَسْمَحُ الصُّمُ الدُّعَاء إذامًا بُنْذَ دُوْن وَلَئِنْ مَسَتْهُمْ نَفْحَةً مِّنْ عَذَابِ رَبِّكَ لَيَقُوْلُنَّ لِوَيْلَنَآ إِنَّا كُنَّا ظْلِمِيْنَ @ وَنَضَعُ الْمَوَازِيْنَ الْقِسْطَ لِيَوْمِ الْقِلْمَةِ

 $a i u \mid | th + \tau | kh \neq | dh + s$  م  $s \mid c$  ف  $b \mid z \mid dh \mid c$  (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

scales of justice for the Day of Resurrection so that no soul will be wronged in aught. And even if it were the weight of a grain of mustard seed, We would bring it forth. And sufficient are We as reckoners.

49. And We gave Moses and Aaron the Discrimination and a Light and a Reminder for the righteous,

50. Those who fear their Lord in secret, and who dread the Hour of Judgment.

51. And this is a brease -that We have sent down; will you 51. And this is a blessed Reminder

#### R. 5.

52. And before this We gave Abraham his guidance and We knew him well

53 When he said to his father and his people, 'What are these images to which you are so devoted?'

54. They replied, 'We found our fathers worshipping them.'

55. He said, 'Indeed, you yourselves as well as your fathers have been in manifest error '

56. They said, 'Is it *really* the truth that thou hast brought us, or art thou one of those who jest?'

57. He replied, 'Nay, your Lord is the Lord of the heavens and the earth. He Who made them; and I am one of those who hear witness to that.

فَلَه تُظْلَمُ نَفْسٌ، شَبْعًا ، وَإِنْ كَانَ مِثْقَالَ حَبَّةٍ مِّنْ خَرْدَلِ ٱتَيْنَا بِهَاء وَكَفَى بِنَا حَاسِبِيْنَ ٢ وَ لَقَدْ اتَّبْنَا مُوْسِي وَ هُرُوْنَ الْفُرْقَانَ وَضِياً وَ ذَكْرًا لِلْمُتَّقِيْنَ ٢ الَّذِيْنَ يَخْشَوْنَ رَبِّهُمْ بِالْغَيْبِ وَهُمْ مِّنَ السَّاعَةِ مُشْفِقُوْنَ، ۇ ھذاذڭرَ ھُلَاكُ ٱنْزَلْنِهُ وَافَانْتُهُ كَهُ مُنْكُرُوْنَ أَنَ وَلَقَدْ اتَبْنَآ إِبْرَهِيْمَ رُشْرَةٍ مِنْ قَبْلُ وَكُنَّابِهِ عَلِمِيْنَ أَن إذْ قَالَ لِأَسْبِهِ وَ قَوْمِهِ مَا هٰذِهِ التَّجَاثِيلُ الَّتِي ٱنْتُمْ لَهَا عَاكَفُوْنَ، قَالُوْا وَجَدْنَآ أَبَاءَنَا لَهَا عُبِدِيْنَ ٢ قَالَ لَقَدْ كُنْتُمْ آنْتُمْ وَابَازُكُمْ فَي ضَلْل مُبِيْنِ@ قَالُوْا أَجِئْتَنَا بِالْحَقِّ أَمْ أَنْتَ مِنَ اللْعِبِيْنَ، قَالَ بَلْ تَرَبُّ كُمْ دَتُ السَّهٰت وَ الْأَرْضِ الَّذِي فَطَرَهُنَّ لَهُ وَأَنَّا عَلَى ذٰلِكُمْ مِّنَ الشُّهدِيْنَ ٤

 $a i u \mid h \stackrel{\circ}{=} |h \tau| kh \dot{\tau} \mid dh \stackrel{\circ}{=} |\hat{c} \stackrel{\circ}{=} (464) \stackrel{\circ}{=} (46) \stackrel{\circ$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

58. 'And, by Allāh, I will certainly plan against your idols after you have gone away *and* turned your backs.'

59. So he broke them to pieces, *all* except the chief of them, that they might return to it *for enquiry*.

60. They said, 'Who has done this to our gods? Surely, he must be a wrongdoer.'

61. They said, 'We heard a young man speak *ill* of them; he is called Abraham.'

62. They said, 'Then bring him before the eyes of the people, that they may bear witness.'

63. *Then* they said *to Abraham*, 'Is it thou who hast done this to our gods, O Abraham?'

\*64. He replied, 'Aye, somebody has surely done this. Here is their chief. But ask them if they can speak.' وَ تَالله كَاكِندَتَ أَصْنَا مَكُمْ تَعْدَ أَنْ تُوَلَّوْا مُرْبِر يْنَ@ فَجَعَلَهُمْجُذَاذًا اِلَاكَبِيْرَا لَّهُ الَثبه يَرْجِعُوْنَ ٢ قَالُهْ مَنْ فَعَلَ هٰذَا بِالِهَةِ قَالُهْ اسَمِعْنَا فَحَّى تَذْه ابر هنم ش قَالُوْا فَأَتُوْا بِهِ عَلَى أَعْيُنِ النَّ لَعَدَّهُمْ تَشْهَدُوْنَ قَالُهْ اءَ أَنْتَ فَعَلْتَ هٰذَا آبا (ش ش ش) قَالَ نَلْ فَعَلَهُ 7 كَد فَسْعَلُهُ هُمْ إِنْ كَانُوْا تَنْطِقُونَ ٣

\*64. He replied, 'Aye, somebody has surely done this. Here is the chief suspect. Ask them if they are capable of speaking.'

**Note:** Some translators avoid literal translation of this verse fearing that this would present Abraham as a liar. Obviously it was not the big idols who had smashed the smaller ones but it was Abraham himself who had done it. Therefore attributing the statement to Abraham that 'here is their chief,' would be tantamount to attributing an obvious lie to Abraham. It should be noted, however, that it was not a misstatement but a powerful style of argument. Sometimes a thing is too obvious for anybody to believe and a statement to that effect is never understood as a wilful attempt to mislead others but considered an exposition of the inherent absurdity of a situation. We believe that Abraham did make that statement without the slightest intention of misleading them but only by way of a powerful argument against the falsity of their belief. This is exactly how they took it. Having heard Abraham, none of them retorted by calling him a liar. But according to the Holy Qur'an they were introspectively forced to realise the folloy of their belief. This is made clear in the following verses (see verses 65 to 68). Again, it should be remembered that before this incident Abraham himself had mentioned in public his resolve to smash their idols (see verse 58).

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ h \ \mathring{-} \ \mid \ h \ \mathring{-} \ \mid \ dh \ & \ i \ \\ kh \ \mathring{-} \ \mid \ dh \ & \ i \ \\ (See \ details \ of \ transliteration \ on \ page \ p'). \end{array}$ 

اِقْتَرَبَ لِلنَّاسِ ١٢ - Part 17

65. Then they turned towards one another and said, 'You yourselves are surely in the wrong."

66. And their heads were made to hang low for shame and they said. 'Certainly thou knowest well that these do not speak.'

67. He said, 'Do you then worship instead of Allah that which cannot profit you at all, nor harm you?

68. 'Fie on you and on that which you worship instead of Allah! Will you not then understand?"

69. They said, 'Burn him and help your gods, if at all you mean to do anything."

\*70. We said, 'O fire, be thou cold and a means of safety for Abraham!'

71. And they had sought to do evil to him, but We made them the worst losers.

72. And We saved him and Lot and brought them to the land which We blessed for the peoples.

73. And We bestowed upon him Isaac, and as a grandson, Jacob, and We made all of them righteous.

74. And We made them leaders who guided people bv Our command, and We sent revelation

فَرَجَعُوْا إِلَى ٱنْفُسِهِمْ فَقَالُوْا إِنَّكُمْ أنتم الظَّلمُوْنَ ثُمَّرُنُكِسُوْا عَلَى دُءُوْسِهِمْ ، لَقَدْ عَلِمْتَ مَا هَمُ لَاءِ يَنْطِقُون ٢ قَالَ ٱ فَتَعْبُدُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ مَا لَا ىنْفَعُكُمْ شَبْ ٢ لَا يَضُرُّ كُمْ ٢ ٱفِّب لَّحُمْ وَلِمَا تَعْبُدُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْن اللهدافك تعقلون قَالُوْا حَرْقُوْهُ وَ انْصُرُوْا الِهَتَكُمْ إِنْ كُنْتُم فعددي قُلْنَا لِنَادُ كُوْ فِيْ بَرْدًا وَّ سَلْمًا عَلَى إثر هنم 🖏 ۇ أرادۋا بە كَيْدًا فَجَعَلْنُهُ الْأَخْسَرِيْنَ أَنْ وَ نَجَيْنُهُ وَ لَهُطًا إِلَى الْآَرْضِ الَّتِيْ لِرَكْنَا فِيْهَا لِلْعُلَمِيْنَ @ <u>ۅؘۅؘۿڹڹٳڵ؋ۧٳ</u>ۺڂۊ؞ۅؘؽۼڨ۠ۉڹڶٳڶڋ؞ وَكُلًا جَعَلْنَا صَلِحَيْنَ @ وجعلنهم أئممة تيهدوت بأمرنا وَ أَوْحَيْنَآ إِلَيْهِمْ فِعْلَ انْخَيْرِتِ

\* 70. We said, 'Turn cold, O Fire, and be a source of peace for Abraham.'

ء i u | th ش h 7 | kh 7 | dh 3 | ۶ م 466 م 466 م ا ش kh 7 | ch 3 | ۶ م ا ث kh 7 | dh 3 | ۶ م ا ث 466 م (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

to them *enjoining* the doing of good works, and the observing of Prayer, and the giving of alms. And they were worshippers of Us *alone*.

75. And to Lot We gave wisdom and knowledge. And We saved him from the city which practised abominations. They were indeed a wicked *and* rebellious people.

76. And We admitted him to Our mercy; surely he was *one* of the righteous.

### R. 6.

77. And *remember* Noah when he cried *to Us* aforetime, and We heard his prayer and delivered him and his family from the great distress.

78. And We helped him against the people who rejected Our Signs. They were surely a wicked people; so We drowned them all.

79. And *remember* David and Solomon when they exercised their *respective* judgements concerning the crop when the sheep of *certain* people strayed therein *by night*; and We were witness to their judgment.

80. We gave Solomon the *right* understanding of *the matter* and to each of them gave We wisdom and knowledge. And We subjected the mountains and the birds to celebrate *God's* praises with David. And it is We Who do *all such things*.

وَ إِقَامَ الصَّلُوةِ وَ إِيْتَاءَ الزُّحُوةِ. وَكَانُوْالَنَاعْبِدِيْنَ ٢ وَلُوْطًا إِتَّيْنَهُ حُكُمًا وَعَلْمًا وَيَحْدَنُهُ مِن الْقَرْيَةِ الَّتِيْ كَانَتْ تَعْمَلُ الْخَبْئِتَ، ٳڵٞۿۿڔػٵڹؙۉٵۊؘۉڡٙڔ؊ۉۦۣ؋۬ڛڡٙؽؚؽ۞ وَ ٱدْخَلْنَهُ فَيْ رَحْمَتِنَا \* إِنَّهُ مِنَ م م الصّلحيْنَ ٢ دَ نُهْجًا إِذْ نَادِي مِنْ قَعْلُ فَاسْتَحَيْبَ كَهُ فَنَجَّيْنُهُ وَ آهْلَهُ مِنَ الْكَرْبِ الْعَظْمَ الْ وَ نَصَرْنِهُ مِنَ الْقَوْمِ الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوْا باليتِنا ﴿ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوْا قَوْمَ سَوْءٍ فَاغْرَقْنْهُمْ أَجْمَعِيْنَ وَ دَاؤَدَ وَ سُلَيْمُنَ إِذْ يَحْكُمُن فِ الْحَرْثِ إِذْ نَفَشَتْ فِيْهِ غَنَمُ الْقَوْمِ ، وَڪُنَّالِحُكْمِهِمْ شَهِدِيْنَ أَنَّ

فَفَةَه نِهَاسُلَيْطَنَ ءَ وَكُلَّا أَتَدْ نَا حُكُمًا وَّ عِلْمًا دَوَّ سَخَّرْنَا مَحَ دَاؤَدَ الْجِبَالَ يُسَبِّحْنَ وَالطَّيْرَ ـ وَكُنَّا فَعِلِيْنَ ۞

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rhotomode | \ h \ rhotomode | \ rhoto$ 

81. And We taught him the making of coats of mail for you, that they might protect you from each other's violence. Will you then be thankful?

82. And *We subjected* to Solomon the violent wind. It blew, at his bidding, toward the land which We had blessed. And We have knowledge of all things.

83. And *We subjected to him* deep divers who dived for him, and did other work beside that; and it was We Who guarded them.

84. And *remember* Job when he cried to his Lord, *saying*, 'Affliction has touched me, and Thou art the Most Merciful of all who show mercy.'

85. So We heard his prayer and removed the distress from which he suffered, and We gave him his family and the like thereof with them, as a mercy from Us, and as a reminder for the worshippers.

86. And *remember* Ishmael, and Idrīs, and Dha'l-Kifl. All were of the steadfast.

87. And We admitted them to Our mercy. Surely, they were of the righteous.

\*88. And remember Dhun-Nūn,

وَ عَلَّمُنْهُ صَنْعَة لَبُوْسٍ لَّكُمْ لِتُحْصِنَكُمْ مِّنْ بَاسِكُمْ ، فَهَلْ ٱنْتُمْ شَاكِرُوْنَ۞ شَاكِرُوْنَ۞ وَ لِسُلَيْمُنَ الرِّيْحَ عَاصِفَةً تَجْرِعِيْ بِامَرِةَ إِلَى الْاَرْضِ الَّتِيْ لِحَرْكُنَا فِيْهَا لَ وَ مِنَ الشَّلْطِيْنِ مَنْ يَغُوْصُوْنَ لَهُ وَ مِنَ الشَّلْطِيْنِ مَنْ يَغُوْصُوْنَ لَهُ وَ مَتْهُمْ حفِظِيْنَ۞ وَ ٱنُوْبَ إِذْ نَادِى رَبَّهَ آَتِيْ مَسَنِي الضُّرُ وَ آنْتَ آرْحَمُ الرَّحِمِيْنَ۞

فَاسْتَجَبْنَالَهُ فَكَشَفْنَامَابِهِ مِنْ ضَرِّ وَ اتَدِيْهُ اَهْلَهُ وَمِثْلَهُمْ مَعَهُمْ رَحْمَةً وَ اِيْدِنَا وَ ذِكْرَى لِلْعَبِدِيْنَ ٥ وَ اِسْمَعِيْلَ وَ اِدْرِيْسَ وَ ذَاالْكِفْلِ صُلَّ مِنَ الصَّبِرِيْنَ أَنْ وَ اَدْخَلْنُهُمْ فِيْ رَحْمَتِنَا الرَّيْهُمْ مِّنَ الصَّلِحِيْنَ ٩ وَ ذَالنُّوْنِ اِذْذَهْبَ مُغَاضِبًا فَظَنَّ آنْ

<sup>\*88.</sup> And *remember* Dhun-Nūn, when he went away in anger **and** thought that **We would not bear heavily on him. Then from the** *depths of* darkness **he eried out**: 'There is no God but **You**, Holy are **You**. I have indeed been of the wrongdoers.'

when he went away in anger, and he thought that We would never cause him distress and he cried out in *depths of* darkness, *saying*, 'There is no God but Thou, Holy art Thou. I have indeed been of the wrongdoers.'

89. So We heard his prayer and delivered him from the distress. And thus do We deliver the believers.

90. And *remember* Zachariah when he cried to his Lord, *saying*, 'My Lord, leave me not childless, and Thou art the Best of inheritors.'

91. So We heard his prayer and bestowed upon him John and cured his wife for him. They used to vie with one another in good works and they called on Us in hope and in fear, and they humbled themselves before Us.

\*92. And *remember* her who preserved her chastity; so We breathed into her of Our word and We made her and her son a Sign for peoples.

93. Verily, this is your people— one people; and I am your Lord, so worship Me.

94. But they have become divided among themselves in their affair; and all will return to Us.

لَّنْ نَقْدرَ عَلَيْهِ فَنَادى فِي الظَّلُمتِ اَدِ<sup>ن</sup> لَّهُ اللهُ الَّهُ آنْتَ سُبْحْنَكَ <del>وَ</del> الْحَدَ كُنْتُ مِنَ الظَّلِمِنْ أَهُ

- فَاسْتَجَبْنَالَهٔ وَنَجَّيْنُهُ مِنَ الْغَمِّرِ وَكَذٰلِكَ نُعْجِى الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ﴾ وَ ذَكَرِيَّآ إِذْ نَادى رَبَّهْ رَبِّ لَا تَذَرَنِيْ فَرَدًا وَآنْتَ خَيْرُ الْوِرِثِيْنَ ﴾
- ﻧَﺎﺷَﺘَ<َ ﺑَﻨَﺎ ﻟَﻪ َ ﺍَ ﻭَ ﻭَ هَڹۡ ﻧَﺎ ﻟَﻪَ ﻳَحۡ ﻳَّﺎ ﻭَ ٱصْلَحْنَا لَهۡ ذَوْجَهۡ ؞ اِنَّـهُمۡ كَانُوَا يُسْرِعُوْنَ فِي الْخَيْرَتِ وَ يَدْعُوْنَنَا رَغَبًا وَ لَتَحِيَّ آحْصَنَتْ فَرْجَهَا فَنَفَخْنَا فِيهَا وَ لَتَحِيَّ آحْصَنَتْ فَرْجَهَا فَنَفَخْنَا فِيهَا مِنْ رُّوْحِنَا وَ جَعَلْنَهَا وَ ابْنَهَآ اَيَةً مِنْ رُّوْحِنَا وَ جَعَلْنَهَا وَ ابْنَهَآ اَيَةً اِنَّ هٰذِهَ ٱمَّ تُحُمُ أَمَّةً وَّاحِرَةً أَ وَ آنَا وَ تَقَطَّعُوْا آمَرُهُوْ تِنْ اَعْدَ

ر برجعُوْن ۞

\*92. And *remember* her who **guarded** her chastity; so We breathed into her of Our word and We made her and her son a Sign for peoples.

È

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ (469)$   $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ (469)$  (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

Part	17	- {	4	لِلنَّاسِ	ٳڨؾۧۯڹ
------	----	-----	---	-----------	--------

R. 7.

\*95. So whoever does good works and is a believer, his effort will not be disregarded and We shall surely record it.

96. And it is an inviolable law for a township which We have destroyed that they shall not return.

97. *It shall be so* even when Gog and Magog are let loose and they shall hasten forth from every height.

98. And the true promise draws nigh; then behold, the eyes of those who disbelieve will fixedly stare *and they will say*, 'Alas for us! we were indeed heedless of this; nay, we were wrongdoers!'

99. 'Surely, you and that which you worship beside Allāh are the fuel of Hell. To it shall you *all* come.'

100. If these had been gods, they would not have come to it; and all will abide therein.

101. Therein, groaning will be their *lot* and they will not hear therein *anything else*.

102. *But* as for those for whom *the promise* of a good reward has already gone forth from Us, these will be removed far from it.

103. They will not hear the slightest sound thereof; and they shall abide in that which their souls desire.

فَمَن يَعْمَلُ مِنَ الصَّلِحَتِ وَ هُوَ مُؤْمِنَ فَلَا حُفْرَان لِسَعْيِه ، وَ إِنَّا لَهُ كَاتِبُوْن وَ حَرْمَ عَلْ قَرْيَةٍ اَهْلَكْنُهَا اَنَّهُمْ لا يَرْجِعُوْن اَ حَتَّى إِذَا فُتِحَتْ يَاجُوْجُ وَ مَاجُوْجُ مَتَى إِذَا فُتِحَتْ يَاجُوْجُ وَ مَاجُوْجُ وَ اقْتَرَب الْوَعْدُ الْحَقُّ فَإِذَا هِيَ شَاخِصَةً وَ اقْتَرَب الْوَعْدُ الْحَقُّ فَإِذَا هِيَ شَاخِصَةً يَنْ عَفْلَةٍ مِنْ هُذَا بَلْ حُنَّ طْلِمِيْن () إِنَّ حُمْ وَ مَا تَعْبُ دُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللَّهِ

حَصَبُ جَهَنَّمَ، ٱنْتُمْرَلَهَا وَارِدُوْنَ () لَوْ كَانَ هَؤُلَاءِ الِهَةَ مَّا وَرَدُوْهَا، وَكُلُّ فِيْهَا خَلِدُوْنَ () لَهُمْ فِيْهَا زَفِيْرُ وَّهُمْ فِيْهَا لَا يَسْمَعُوْنَ ()

اِنَّ الَّذِينَ سَبَقَتْ لَهُمْ وَنَّا الْحُسْنَى" ٱولَئِكَ عَنْهَا مُبْحَدُوْنَ أَسَ

لا يَسْمَعُوْنَ حَسِيْسَهَا ، وَ هُمْ فِيْ مَا اشْتَهَتْ أَنْفُسُهُمْ خْلِدُوْنَ شَ

\*95. So whoever does good works and is a believer, his effort will not **go unappreciated** and We shall surely record it.

Part	17	- 1	۷	لِلثَّاسِ	ٳڨؾٙۯۘۘۘۘ
------	----	-----	---	-----------	-----------

104. The Great Terror will not grieve them, and the angels will meet them, *saying*, 'This is your day which you were promised.'

105. *Remember* the day when We shall roll up the heavens like the rolling up of written scrolls by a scribe. As We began the first creation, so shall We repeat it—a promise *binding* upon Us; We shall certainly perform it.

- \*106. And already have We written in the Book *of David*, after the exhortation, that My righteous servants shall inherit the land.
- \*107. Herein, surely, is a message for people who worship *God*.

108. And We have sent thee not but as a mercy for all peoples.

109. Say, 'Surely it has been revealed to me that your God is but One God. Will you then submit?'

110. But if they turn back, say, 'I have warned you all alike and I know not whether that which you are promised is near or distant.

111. 'Verily, He knows what is open in speech, and He knows that which you conceal.

112. 'And I know not but that it may be a trial for you, and *only* an enjoyment for a while.'

لايحْزُنُهُمُ الْفَزَّعُ الْكَكْبَرُ وَتَتَلَقَّهُمُ الْمَلْئِكَةُ دهذَا يَوْمُكُمُ الَّذِي كُنْتُمْتُوْعَدُوْنَ۞ يَوْمَ نَطْوِى السَّمَاءَ كَطَيِّ السِّجِلِّ لِلْكُتُبِ مَمَابَدَاْنَآوَلَخَلُقٍ نُّعِيدُهُ وَعْدًا عَلَيْنَا دِانَّا كُنَّا فْعِلِيْنَ۞

\*106. And already have We written in **the Psalms** of David, after the exhortation, that My righteous servants shall inherit the land.

**\***107. Herein, surely, is **an important** message for people who worship *God*.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ i \ s \ (see details of transiteration on page 'p').$ 

اِقْتَرَبَ لِلنَّاسِ 14 - Part 17	AL-ANBIYĀ'	أَوْ تَبْبِيَاء 11 - Chapter 21
113. He <i>also</i> said, 'My Lor Thou with truth. Our Lor Gracious <i>God</i> Whose help sought against that wh assert.'	is to be .	ۊ۫ڶۯؾؚؚٵڿڪؙۿۑؚٳڷڂۊؚؚۜ؞ۊڒؠؙؖڹؘٵڶ ٵڷؙؗؗؗۿۺؾؘػٵڽؙػڶ؞ؘڡٵؾؘڝؚڣؙۉؚڽ۞



**AL-ḤAJJ** (Revealed after Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

- \*2. O people, fear your Lord; verily the earthquake of the Hour is a tremendous thing—
- \*3. The day when you see it, every woman giving suck shall forget her suckling and every pregnant woman shall cast her burden; and thou shalt see men as drunken while they will not be drunken, but severe will indeed be the punishment of Allāh.

4. And among men there are some who dispute concerning Allāh without knowledge, and follow every rebellious satan,

5. For whom it is decreed that whosoever makes friends with him, him he will lead astray and will guide him to the punishment of the Fire.

6. O people, if you are in doubt concerning the Resurrection, *then consider that* We have indeed created you from dust, then from a sperm-drop, then from clotted blood, then from a lump of flesh, partly formed and partly unformed, in order that We may make *Our power* manifest to you. And We cause what We will to remain in

ىشىم الله الرَّحْمٰن الرَّجْمُمَ () <u>ٱ</u>ڰؙڟٳٳڹؖٵۺٳؾۧڨؙۉٳۯؾڲۿ؞ٳۊۜۯڵڗؘڵڎٙ الشاعة شَيْءً عَظِيمً ٢ ىدەر ترۇنقاتىنىك<sup>ا</sup>، ئەن صىد عىر ٱدْضَعَتْ وَتَضَعُ كُلَّ ذَات حَمْل حَمْلَهَا وَتَرَى النَّاسَ سُكًا ي وَ مَا هُدْ بسُكْرى وَلَكِنَّ عَذَابَ اللهِ شَدِندُ وَمِنَ النَّاسِ مَنْ يُجَادِلُ فِي اللَّهِ بِغَيْرِ عِلْمِرة يَتَّبِعُ كُلَّ شَيْطْنِ مَّرِيدٍ أَ عُتب عَلَيْهِ أَنَّهُ مِنْ تَوَلَّاهُ فَأَنَّهُ لَّهٰ وَيَهْدِيْهِ إِلَى عَذَابِ السَّعِيْرِ ۞ نَا تُهَا النَّاسُ إِنْ كُنْ تُمْرِفْ دَيْبٍ مِّنَ الْبَعْث فَإِنَّا خَلَقْنُكُمْ مِّنْ تُرَابٍ ثُمَّ مِنْ نّْطْفَة ثُجَّ مِنْ عَلَقَة ثُجَّ مِنْ مَّنْ مُخَلَّقَة وَّغَدْ مُخَلَّقَة لَنُبَتِن رَكُ وَ نُقَرٌّ فِ الْأَرْحَامِ مَا نَشَاءُ ٱ<del>ك</del>ل مُّسَمَّى ثُمَّر نُخْر جُحُمْ طِفْلًا

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ | \ th \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ dh \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ s \ \circ \ s \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ (473) \ dh \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ s \ \mid \ s \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ (473) \ dh \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ s \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ (58) \ dh \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ s \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ (58) \ dh \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ h \ \stackrel{\sim}{=} \ h \ \stackrel{\sim}{=} \ h \ \stackrel{\sim}{=} \ h \ \stackrel{\sim}{=} \ h \ \stackrel{\sim}{=$ 

<sup>\*2.</sup> O people, fear your Lord; surcly the quaking at the appointed Hour is a tremendous thing.
\*3. The day when you see it, every nursing mother will forget her suckling and every pregnant female will abort her burden; and you will see men as drunken while they will not be drunken, but severe will indeed be the punishment of Allāh.

the wombs for an appointed term: \*then We bring you forth as babes; then We rear you that you may attain to your age of full strength. And there are some of you who are caused to die prematurely, and there are others among you who are driven to the worst part of life with the result that they know nothing after having had knowledge. And thou seest the earth lifeless, but when We send down water thereon, it stirs and swells, and grows every kind of beauteous vegetation.

7. That is because Allāh is the Truth, and that it is He Who brings the dead to life, and that He has power over all things;

8. And because the Hour will certainly come, there is no doubt about it, and because Allah will raise up those who are in the graves. 9. And among men there is he who disputes concerning Allah without knowledge and without guidance and without an enlightening Book, 10. Turning his side *disdainfully*, that he may lead men astray from the way of Allah. For him is disgrace in this world; and on the Day of Resurrection We shall make taste the punishment of him burning.

لِتَبَلُغُوْا اَشُدَّكُمْ ، وَمِنْكُمْ مَّنْ يُتَوَفَّى ومِنْكُمْ مَنْ يُرَدُّ إِلَى اَرْذَلِ الْعُمُرِ لِكَيْلَا يَعْلَمُ مِنْ بَعْدِ عِلْمِ شَيْطًا ، وَ تَرَى الْكَرْضَ هَامِدَةً فَإِذَا آنْزَلْنَا عَلَيْهَا الْمَاء اهْتَزَّتْ وَ رَبَتْ وَ آنْبَتَتْ مِنْ كُلِّ ذَوْ جُرَبَهِيْجٍ ()

خٰلِكَ بِانَّ اللَّهَ هُوَ الْحَقُّ وَ ٱنَّه يُخْ الْمَوْتَى وَ ٱنَّه عَلَى حُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَرِيرَ وَ آنَ السَّاعَة اتِيةً لَّا رَيْبَ فِيها وَ آنَ اللَّه يَبْحَثُ مَنْ فِي القُبُورِ ﴿ وَ مِنَ النَّاسِ مَنْ يُجَادِلُ فِي اللَّه بِغَيْرِ عِلْمٍ وَكَاهُدًى وَ كَاحِتْبٍ مُنِيْرٍ ﴿ مَنَا اللَّ اَيَا خِزْيَةً لَا عَنْ سَبِيْلِ اللَّهِ عَلَمَ عَذَابَ الْحَرِيْقِ ()

<sup>\* 6.</sup> We have delivered you as a child so that afterwards you may reach your age of full maturity. And there are those among you who die and there are others among you who are made to recede to the age of senility with the result that they know nothing after having had knowledge.

Note: The word 'recede' is used to indicate that as in the beginning the child is helpless and incapable of taking care of himself so also a man at an overly advanced age returns to a similar state. This connotation is supported by the verse wa man nu 'ammirhu nunakkishu fil khalq ((مَكْنَ تَعَوَّزُ نَتَكَمِن مُعَوَّزُ مَانَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْ الْعُلَيْ الْعُلَيْ الْعُلَيْ الْعُلَيْ الْعُلَيْلُ الللَّالِي اللَّهُ عَلَيْ الْعُلَيْلُ مَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ الللَّالِي الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّالِي اللَّهُ اللَّ

اِقْتَرَبَ لِلنَّاسِ ١٢ - Part 17

ė A

11. This is because of what thy hands have sent on before, and Allāh is not unjust to *His* servants.

\*12. And among men there is he who serves Allāh, *standing as it were* on the verge. Then if good befall him, he is content therewith; and if there befall him a trial, he returns to his *former* way. He loses in this world as well as in the Hereafter. That is an evident loss.

13. He calls beside Allāh on that which can neither harm him, nor benefit him. That is indeed straying far away.

14. He calls on him whose harm is nearer than his benefit. Evil indeed is the patron, and evil indeed the associate.

15. Verily, Allāh will cause those who believe and do good deeds to enter Gardens beneath which rivers flow; surely Allāh does what He will.

16. Whoso thinks that Allāh will not help him (the Prophet) in this world and the Hereafter, let him, *if he can*, find a way to heaven, and let him cut off *the divine help*. Then let him see if his device can remove that which enrages *him*.

17. And thus have We sent it (the Qur'ān) down as manifest Signs, and surely Allāh guides whom He will.

ذٰلِكَ بِمَا قَدَّمَتْ يَذِكَ وَ أَنَّ اللهَ لَيْسَ بِظَلَّامٍ لِّلْعَبِيْدِ أَ وَ مرب النَّاسِ مَنْ تَعْبُدُ اللَّهَ عَلَى حَرْفٍ ، فَإِنْ أَصَابَهُ خَيْرُ إِطْمَانَ بِهِ، وَإِنْ أَصَابَتْهُ فَتْنَةُ إِنْقَلَتِ عَلْ وَجْهِهِ \* خَسِرَ الدُّنْيَا وَ الْأُخِرَةَ \* ذَٰلِكَ هُوَ الْخُسْرَانُ الْمُبِيْنُ ( يَدْعُوْا مِنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ مَالَا يَضُرُّهُ وَمَاكَا مَنْفَعُهُ ذَلِكَ هُوَ الضَّلْلُ الْبَعِبُدُشْ كَدْعُهُا لَحَنْ ضَرَّجَ ٱقْرَبْ مِنْ نَّفْعِهِ، لَبِئْسَ الْمَوْلَى وَلَبِئْسَ الْعَشِيْرُ ؟ اِنَّ اللَّهَ يُدْخِلُ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا وَعَمِلُوا الصْلِحْتِ جَنّْتٍ تَجْرِبْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهُرُ مانَ الله يَفْعَلُ مَا يُرِيدُ، مَنْ كَانَ يَظُنُّ أَنْ لَّنْ يَّنْصُرَهُ اللهُ في الدُّنْتا وَ الْأَجْرَة فَلْمَمْدُدْ سَسَمَ الك السَّمَاء ثُمَّ لْمَقْطَعُ فَلْمَنْظُ هَا. لَذْهِ بَنَّ كَثَدُهُ مَا يَعْتَظُ <u>ۇ</u> خَذْلِكَ ٱنْزَلْنْهُ ايْتْ بَيّنْتِ « وَ اَنّ الله يَهْدِيْ مَنْ يُرِيدُ @

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ (3c) \ (3$ 

<sup>\*12.</sup> And among men there is he who worships Allāh on the borderline of belief, then if good attends him, he is content therewith; and if there befall him a trial, he turns away from Allāh.

18. *As to* those who believe, and the Jews, and the Sabians, and the Christians, and the Magians and the idolaters, verily, Allāh will judge between them on the Day of Resurrection; surely Allāh is Witness over all things.

19. Hast thou not seen that to Allāh submits whosoever is in the heavens and whosoever is in the earth, and the sun, and the moon, and the stars, and the mountains, and the trees, and the beasts, and many of mankind? But there are many who become deserving of punishment. And whomsoever Allāh disgraces, none can raise him to honour. Verily, Allāh does what He pleases.

20. These two are two disputants who dispute concerning their Lord. As for those who disbelieve, garments of fire will be cut out for them; *and* boiling water will be poured down on their heads,

21. Whereby that which is in their bellies, and *their* skins too, will be melted;

22. And for them there will be maces of iron *with which to punish them.* 

23. Whenever they will seek to get out of it from anguish, they will be turned back into it: and *it will be said to them*, 'Taste ye the punishment of burning!'

إِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوا وَ الَّذَيْنَ هَادُوْا وَ الصَّابِئِيْنَ وَ النَّصْرِى وَ الْمَجُوْسَ وَ الَّذِينَ ٱشْرَكُوٓا ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ يَفْصِلُ بَيْنَهُمْ يَوْمَر الْقِيْمَةِ وَاتَّ اللهَ عَلَى كُلّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيْدُ ( ألَدْ تَرْ أَدَبَ اللهَ مَسْجُدُكَهُ مَنْ في التسلمات وَمَنْ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَ الشَّمْسُ وَالْقَمَرُوَ النُّجُوْمُوَالْجِبَالُ وَالشَّجَرُ وَ الدَّوَ اللَّهُ وَ كَثِيْزُ مِّنَ النَّاسِ ﴿ وَكَتْبُرُّ حَقٌّ عَلَيْهِ الْعَذَابِ ، وَ مَرِنَ يُّه بن اللهُ فَمَا لَهُ مِنْ مُّكْرِمِ إِنَّ اللَّهُ ىفى ئەلىما ئىشا ئ هذن خَصْمَن اخْتَصَمُوْا فِيْ رَبِّهِمْر فَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا قُطِّعَتْ لَهُمْ ثِمَاتَ ى<u>ى</u> تىلا - ئەت مىڭ قۇق رُمۇسىھە الْحَمِنْهُ شَ يُصْهَرُ بِهِ مَافِيْ بُطُوْنِهِمْ وَالْجُلُوْدُ<sup>®</sup> وَكَهُمْ مَّقَامِعُ مِنْ حَدِيْد ? كُلَّمَا آرَادُوْٓا أَنْ يَخُرُجُوْا مِنْهَا مِنْ غَمٍّ أعِيْدُوا فِيْهَا و وَ ذُوْقُوا عَذَات الْحَرِيْقَ شَ

ž

R. 3.

24. But Allāh will cause those who believe and do good deeds to enter Gardens beneath which rivers flow. They will be adorned therein with bracelets of gold, and with pearls; and their raiment therein will be of silk.

\*25. And they will be guided to pure speech, and they will be guided to the path of the Praiseworthy *God*.

26. As to those who disbelieve, and hinder *men* from the way of Allāh and from the Sacred Mosque, which We have appointed equally for all men, be they dwellers therein or visitors from the desert, and whoso seeks wrongfully to deviate therein *from the right path*—We shall cause them to taste of a grievous punishment.

R. 4.

27. And *remember the time* when We assigned to Abraham the site of the House *and said*, 'Associate not anything with Me, and keep My House clean for those who perform the circuits, and those who stand up and those who bow down *and* fall prostrate *in Prayers*;

28. 'And proclaim unto mankind the Pilgrimage. They will come to thee on foot, and on every lean camel, coming by every distant track, إِنَّ اللَّهُ يُدْخِلُ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا وَ عَمِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ جَنَّتٍ تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْاَنْهُرُ يُحَلَّوْنَ فِيْهَا مِنْ اَسَاوِرَ مِنْ خَهَبٍ وَّ لُؤُلُوًا، وَلِبَاسُهُمْ فِيْهَا حَرِيْرُ وَ هُدُوَّا إِلَى الطَّيِّبِ مِنَ الْقَوْلِ \* وَ هُدُوَّا إِلَى صِرَاطِ الْحَمِيْرِ اللَّ صَرَاطِ الْحَمِيْرِ اللَّ عَنْ اللَّهِ وَ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ الَّذِي جَعَلْنُهُ لِلتَّاسِ سَوَاء إِلْحَاكِفُ فِيْهِ وَ الْبَادِ ، وَ مَنْ يُرِدْ فِيْهِ بِالْحَاذُ بِظُلْمٍ تُزِقْهُ مِنْ عَذَابٍ الْيَهٍ (أُ

وَ اِذْ بَوَّانَا لِإِبْرَهِيْمَ مَكَانَ الْبَيْتِ أَنْ لَا تُشْرِكْ بِي شَيْءًا وَ طَهِّرْ بَيْتِي لِلطَّائِفِيْنَ وَ الْقَائِمِيْنَ وَ الرُّحَمِ السُّجُوْدِ®

وَ اَذِّنْ فِي النَّاسِ بِالْحَتِّجِ يَا تُوْكَ رِجَالًا وَّ عَلٰى ڪُلِّ ضَامِرٍ يَّا تِيْنَ مِنْ ڪُلِّ فَتِّج عَمِيْقٍ ۞

يخ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ i \ s \ (see details of transliteration on page 'p').$ 

<sup>\*25.</sup> And they will be guided **only to virtuous** speech, and they will be guided to the path of the Praiseworthy *God*.

29. 'That they may witness its benefits for them and may mention the name of Allah, during the appointed days, over the quadrupeds of the class of cattle that He has provided for them. Then eat ye thereof and feed the distressed, the needy.

\*30. 'Then let them accomplish their needful acts of cleansing, and fulfill their vows, and go around the Ancient House '

31. That is God's commandment. And whoso honours the sacred things of Allah, it will be good for him with his Lord. And cattle are made lawful to you but not that which has been announced to you.

\*Shun therefore the abomination of idols, and shun all words of untruth,

32. Remaining ever inclined to Allāh, not associating anything with Him. And whose associates anything with Allah, falls, as it were, from a height, and the birds snatch him up, or the wind blows him away to a distant place.

33. That is so. And whoso respects the sacred Signs of Allah-that indeed proceeds from the righteousness of hearts.

34. In them (offerings) are benefits for you for an appointed term, then their place of sacrifice is at the Ancient House.

لِّيَشْهَدُوْا مَنَافِعَ لَهُمْ وَيَذْكُرُوا اسْمَ اىلەفى آ تام تىغىلەمت على ما دۆقەم. مِّنْ بَهِيْمَةِ الْآنْعَامِ، فَكُلُوْا مِنْهَا وَ أَطْعِمُوا الْبَائِسَ الْفَقِيْرَ شَ ثُجَ لْمَقْضُوْا تَفَتَهُمْ وَلَيُوْفُوْا نُذُوْرَهُمْ وَلْيَطَّوَّفُوْا بِالْبَيْتِ الْعَتِيْقِ ٢ ذلك و و مرب تُعظم حُرُمت الله ڣؘۿۅؘڂؽڒؘڷٙۮؘۼڹٛۮۯؾ؋؞ۅٙٲڿڵؖؿٛڶػؙ*ۿ* الكانيجام الآدتما يُثل عِلَيْكُمْ فَاحْتَنِيُوا الرّجْسَ مِنَ الْأَوْثَانِ وَ اجْتَنِبُوْا قَوْلَ الزُّوْرِ ال حُنَفَاء بِلهِ غَيْرَ مُشْرِكِيْنَ بِهِ ، وَمَنْ يُشْرِكْ بِاللهِ فَكَاَنَّمَا خَرَّمِنَ السَّمَاءِ فَتَخْطَفُهُ الطَّيْرُ اَوْتَهْوِيْ بِهِ الرِّيْحُ فِيْ مَكَّانٍ سَحِيْق ذٰلِكَ وَ مَنْ تُحَظَّمُ شَعَائِرَ اللهِ فَإِنَّهَا مِنْ تَقْوَى الْقُلُوْبِ @ لَحُمْرِفِيْهَا مَنَافِحُ إِلَى أَجَلٍ مُّسَمًّى ثُمَّ مَحِلُّهَا إِلَى الْبَيْتِ الْعَتِيْقَ أَ Ŕ

30. 'Then let them accomplish the task of cleansing themselves, and fulfil their vows, and go around the Ancient House."

\*31. Shun therefore the abomination of idols, and shun false speech.

ء ' ا ق p ا غ h ا ظ z ا ط t ا ف p م ع ع ا ف h ا ا أ ا ا ا ا م م a i u ا h ا ا ا ا h ا ا ا ا ا ا ا م ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

### R. 5.

35. And to every people We appointed rites of sacrifice, that they might mention the name of Allah over the quadrupeds of the class of cattle that He has provided for them. So your God is One God; therefore submit ve all to Him. And give thou glad tidings to the humble,

\*36. Whose hearts are filled with fear when Allah is mentioned, and who patiently endure whatever befalls them, and who observe Prayer, and spend out of what We have provided for them.

37. And among the sacred Signs of Allāh We have appointed for you the sacrificial camels. In them there is much good for you. So mention the name of Allah over them as they stand tied up in lines. And when they fall down *dead* on their sides. eat thereof and feed him who is needv but contented and him who supplicates. Thus have We subjected them to you, that you may be thankful.

38. Their flesh reaches not Allah, nor does their blood, but it is your righteousness that reaches Him. Thus has He subjected them to you, that you may glorify Allah for His guiding you. And give glad tidings to those who do good.

39. Surely, Allah defends those who believe. Surely, Allah loves ungrateful.

وَلِكُلَّ أُمَّةٍ جَعَلْنَا مَنْسَكًا لِيَدْكُرُوا اسمَر اللهِ عَلَى مَا رَزَقَهُمْ مِّنْ بَهِيْمَةٍ الك ثعام وفالمه كمرالية واحدً فلية ٱشلِمُوْاءو بَشْرِ الْمُخْبِتِيْنَ الْ الَّذِينَ إِذَا ذُكِرَ اللهُ وَجِلَتْ قُلُوْبُهُمْ وَالصِّبِرِيْنَ عَلَى مَآ أَصَابَهُمْ وَالْمُقِيْمِي الصَّلْوة اوَ مِمَّارَزَقْنْهُمْ يُنْفِقُوْنَ وَ الْبُدْنَ جَعَلْنُهَا لَكُمْ مِّنْ شَعَائِرِ الله لَكُمْ فَيْهَا خَيْرُةٍ فَاذْكُرُوا اسْبَمَ اللهِ عَلَيْهَا صَوَافً ، فَإِذَا وَجَبَتْ جُنُوْبُهَا فَكُلُوْا مِنْهَا وَ أَطْعِمُوا الْقَانِعَ وَ الْمُعْتَرَ ، كَذٰلِكَ سَخَّرْنُهَا لَكُمْ لَعَا حُدْ تَشْكُرُوْنَ كَنْ تَبْنَالُ اللهُ لُحُوْمُهَا وَ لَا دِمَاؤُها وَ لَكِنْ يَنَالُهُ التَّقْوِي مِنْكُمْ لَذَلِكَ سَخَّرَهَا لَكُمْ لِتُكَبَّرُوا اللهَ عَلى مَا

<u></u>هَدْ كُمْ اوْ بَشِّر الْمُحْسِنِيْنَ الْمُ اِنَّ اللهَ يُدْفِعُ عَنِ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا not any one who is perfidious or ﷺ الله لا يُجِبُّ كُلَّ خَوَّاتٍ كَفُوْرٍ ﴾ ﷺ

 $a i u \mid th$  أظ  $r \mid kh \dot{\tau} \mid dh$  أخ  $q \mid \dot{q}$  ص  $q \mid \dot{c} \mid h \tau \mid kh \dot{\tau} \mid dh$  ،  $q \mid \dot{c} \mid \dot{q}$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

<sup>\*36.</sup> Whose hearts are filled with awe when Allah is mentioned, and who patiently endure whatever befalls them, and who observe Prayer, and spend out of what We have provided for them.

R. 6.

40. Permission *to fight* is given to those against whom war is made, because they have been wronged and Allāh indeed has power to help them—

41. Those who have been driven out from their homes unjustly only because they said, 'Our Lord is Allāh'—And if Allāh did not repel some men by means of others, there would surely have been pulled down cloisters and churches and synagogues and mosques, wherein the name of Allāh is oft commemorated. And Allah will surely help one who helps Him. Allah is indeed Powerful, Mighty-42. Those who, if We establish them in the earth, will observe Prayer and pay the Zakat and enjoin good and forbid evil. And with Allāh rests the final issue of all affairs.

43. And if they accuse thee of falsehood, even so, before them, the people of Noah and *the tribes of* 'Ād and Thamūd *also* accused *their Prophets* of falsehood.

44. *So did* the people of Abraham and the people of Lot;

45. And the inhabitants of Midian. And Moses *too* was accused of falsehood. But I gave respite to the disbelievers; then I seized them, and how *terrible* was the change I *effected in them*!

إِلَّذِينَ ٱخْرِجُوْا مِنْ دِيَارِهِمْ بِغَيْرِ حَقٍّ الَّاَنَ يَقُوْلُوْا رَبُّنَا اللهُ حَرَلَوْ لَا حَفْحُ اللهِ النَّاسَ بَحْضَهُمْ بِبَحْضٍ لَّهُرِّ مَتْ صَوَامِحُ وَ بِيَحَ وَ صَلَوْتَ وَ مَسْجِدُ يُذْكَرُ فِيْهَا اسْمُ اللهِ كَثِيْرًا ح وَ لَيَنْصُرَنَّ اللهُ مَنْ يَنْصُرُهُ حالِنَّ اللهُ لَقَوِيَّ عَزِيزً ؟

ٱلَّذِيْنَ اِنْ مَّكَّنْهُمْ فِي الْآدَضِ ٱقَامُوا الصَّلُوةَ وَ أتَوًا الزَّحُوةَ وَ آمَرُوْا بِالْمَعْرُوْفِ وَنَهَوْاعَنِ الْمُنْكَرِ وَيِتْهِ عَاقِبَةُ الْأُمُوْرِ وَ إِنْ يُكَذِّبُوْكَ فَقَدْ كَذَّبَتْ قَبْلَهُمْ قَوْمُنُوْحِ وَعَادَةً قَتْمُوْدُ أَ

46. And how many a city have We destroyed, while it was given to wrongdoing, so that it is fallen down on its roofs; and *how many a* deserted well and lofty castle!

47. Have they not travelled in the land, so that they may have hearts wherewith to understand, or ears wherewith to hear? But *the fact is that* it is not the eyes that are blind, but it is the hearts which are in the breasts that are blind.

48. And they ask thee to hasten on punishment, but Allāh will never break His promise. And verily, a day with thy Lord is as a thousand years of your reckoning.

49. And how many a city there is to which I gave respite, while it was given to wrongdoing. Then I seized it, and unto Me is the return.

R. 7.

50. Say, 'O mankind, I am but a plain Warner to you.'

51. Those who believe and do good works, for them is forgiveness and an honourable provision.

52. But those who strive against Our Signs, seeking to frustrate *Our purpose*—these shall be the inmates of the Fire.

53. Never sent We a Messenger or a Prophet before thee, but when he sought *to attain what he aimed at*,

فَكَا يَن مِّن قَرْيَةٍ اَهْلَكْنُهَا وَ هِيَ ظَالِمَةً فَهِي خَاوِيَةً عَلْ عُرُوْشِهَا وَبِئُرٍ مُّحَطَّلَةٍ وَّ قَصْرٍ مَّشِيدٍ ( اَفَلَمْ يَسِيرُوْا فِي الْأَرْضِ فَتَكُوْن لَهُمْ قُلُوْبَ يَعْقِلُوْن بِهَآ اَوْ اٰذَانَ يَسْمَعُوْن بِهَا ، فَانَّهُ لَوْن بِهَآ اَوْ اٰذَانَ يَسْمَعُوْن تَعْمَى الْقُلُوْبُ الَّذِي فِي الصَّدُوْرِ ( يَخْلِفَ اللَّهُ وَعْدَهُ ، وَ اِنَّ يَوْمًا عِنْدَ وَكَسْتَعْجِلُوْنَكَ بِالْعَذَابِ وَلَن يَخْلِفَ اللَّهُ وَعْدَهُ ، وَ اِنَّ يَوْمًا عِنْدَ وَكَايَن مِّن قَرْيَةٍ مَمَاتَعُدُوْن ( وَكَايَنْ مَن قَرْيَةٍ مَمَاتَعُدُوْن ( طَالِمَةً ثُمَّ اخَذَتُهَا، وَ إِنَّ الْمَصِيرُ أَنْ

قُلْ يَا يُّهَا النَّاسُ اِنَّمَآ اَنَا لَكُمْ نَذِيْرً شَبِيْنَ۞ فَاتَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَ عَمِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ لَهُمْ مَعْفِرَةً وَ رِزْقَ كَرِيْمً۞ وَ اتَّذِيْنَ سَعَوْا فِنَّ اليتِنَا مُعْجِزِيْنَ أولَئِكَ آصْحْبُ الْجَحِيْمِ۞

ۉ مَآ ٱۮڛَٮٛڹٵ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ مِنْ رَّسُوْلٍ وَكَانَجِيٍّ إِلَّا إِذَا تَمَنَّى ٱلْقَى الشَّيْطُنُ فِنَ

ع

Satan put *obstacles* in *the way of* what he sought after. But Allāh removes *the obstacles* that are placed by Satan. Then Allāh firmly establishes His Signs. And Allāh is All-Knowing, Wise.

54. He permits this that He may make the obstacles which Satan puts in the way of the Prophets a trial for those in whose hearts is a disease and those whose hearts are hardened-and surely the wrongdoers are gone far in error-55. And that those to whom knowledge has been given may know that it is the truth from thy Lord, so that they may believe therein and their hearts may become lowly unto Him. And surely Allah guides those who believe to the right path.

56. And those who disbelieve will not cease to be in doubt about it until the Hour comes suddenly upon them or there comes to them the punishment of a destructive day.

57. The kingdom on that day shall be Allāh's. He will judge between them. So those who believe and do good deeds will be in Gardens of Delight.

58. But those who disbelieve and reject Our Signs, will have an  $\xi$  humiliating punishment.

R. 8.

59. And those who leave their

ٱمنِيَّتِهِ، فَيَنْسَخُ اللَّهُ مَايُلَقِى الشَّيْطَىٰ تُحَكِيْمَ فَي كَمُ اللَّهُ اليَتِهِ ، وَ اللَّهُ عَلِيْمَ حَكِيْمَ فَ تَي جُعَلَ مَا يُلَقِى الشَّيْطَىٰ فِتْنَةً يَّلَّذِينَ قِي جُعَلَ مَا يُلَقِى الشَّيْطَىٰ فِتْنَةً تَلَوْبَهُمْ ، فِي تُعَلَّوْ بِهِمْ تَمَنَّ وَ الْقَاسِيةِ قُلُوبُهُمْ ، وَ إِنَّ الظَّلِمِيْنَ لَغِي شِقَاقٍ بَعِيدٍ فَ وَ إِنَ الطَّلِمِينَ لَغِي شِقَاقٍ بَعِ فَتُخْبِتَ الْمَنُوَّا إِلَى صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيْمٍ (اللَّهُ الذَي مَرْيَةٍ قِنْهُ وَ كَا يَزَالُ الَّذِينَ حَفَرُوْا فِي مِرْيَةٍ قِنْهُ

ولا يران الموين مسرواي وريد ومن حَتَّى تَاتِيَهُمُ السَّاعَةُ بَغْتَةً أَوْ يَاتِيَهُمْ عَذَابُ يَوْمِ عَقِيْمٍ @

ٱلْمُلْكُ يَوْمَئِذٍ يَتْلَهِ - يَحْكُمُ بَيْنَهُمْ -فَاتَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَ عَمِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ فِيْ جَنَّتِ النَّحِيْمِ@

وَ اللَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا وَ كَذَّبُوْا بِاليتِنَا فَاولَئِكَ لَهُمْ عَذَابَ تَمْهِيْنَ۞ وَ الَّذِينَ هَاجَرُوْا فِيْ سَبِيْلِ اللَّهِ ثُمَّ

 $\frac{a \, i \, u \, |}{a \, i \, u \, |} \, \frac{h \, \tau \, |}{h \, \tau \, |} \, \frac{kh \, \dot{\tau} \, |}{kh \, \dot{\tau} \, |} \, \frac{dh \, \dot{s} \, |}{dh \, \dot{s} \, |}_{2} = 0$ 

<sup>(</sup>See details of transliteration on page 'p').

homes for the cause of Allah, and are then slain or die. Allah will surely provide for them a goodly provision. And surely Allah is the Best of providers.

60. He will surely cause them to enter a place with which they will be well pleased. And Allah is indeed All-Knowing, Forbearing.

61. That shall be so. And whoso retaliates with the like of that with which he has been afflicted and is then transgressed against, Allah will surely help him. Allah is indeed the Effacer of sins and is Forgiving. 62. That is because Allah causes the night to enter into the day, and causes the day to enter into the night, and because Allah is All-Hearing, All-Seeing.

63. That is because it is Allah Who is the Truth, and that which they call on beside Him is falsehood, and because Allah is the High, the Great.

64. Hast thou not seen that Allah sends down water from the sky and \*the earth becomes green? Allāh is indeed the Knower of subtleties. the All-Aware.

65. To Him belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth. And surely Allah is Self-Sufficient, Praiseworthy.

#### R. 9.

66. Hast thou not seen that Allah has

\*64. Allāh is indeed Exquisite, All-Aware.

قُتِلُوْا أَوْ مَاتُوْا لَكِرْ زُقَنَّهُمُ اللهُ دِزْقًا حَسَنًا وَإِنَّ اللَّهَ لَهُوَ خَبْرُ الرَّزِقَبْنَ ٢ لَــُدْخِلَنَّـهُمْ مُّدْخَلًا يَرْضَوْنَهُ . وَ إِنَّ الله لَعَلِيْمُ حَلِيْمُ ذٰلِكَ ، وَمَنْ عَاقَبَ بِمِثْلِ مَا عُوْقِبَ بِهِ ثُمَّر بُغِي عَلَيْهِ لَيَنْصُرَنَّهُ اللهُ ان الله لَعَفُةً غَفُهُ () ذٰلِكَ بِآنَّ اللهُ يُوْلِجُ الَّيْلَ فِي النَّهَارِ <u>ۅ</u>ٞۑٛۉڸجُ النَّهَارَ فِي الَّؽِل وَ اَتَّ اللَّهُ سَجِيْحٌ بَصِيْرً ذٰلِكَ بِأَتَّ اللهَ هُوَ الْحَقُّ وَ أَتَّ مَا يَدْعُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِهِ هُوَ الْبَاطِلُ وَ أَنَّ اللهَ هُوَ الْعَلِيُّ الْتَعِبِيُر ؟ ٱكَمْ تَدَ أَنَّ اللَّهُ أَنْزَلَ مِنَ السَّيمَاءِ مَاءًد فَتُصْبِحُ الْآرْضُ مُخْضَرَّةً . إِنَّ اللَّهُ لَطِيْفٌ خَبِيْرُشَ لَهُ مَا فِ السَّمَوْتِ وَ مَا فِي الْأَرْضِ ا ولي م وَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَهُوَ الْغَنِيُّ الْحَمِيْدُ أَن ٱلَمْ تَرَ أَنَّ اللَّهُ سَخَّرَ لَڪُمْ مَّا فِ

ء : ا ق p | غ ب ا ظ z | ظ z | ظ z | ظ c | ا ف b ر 483 م م و ا خ dh ا ا ا ث h ا ا ث (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

subjected to you whatever is in the earth, and the ships that sail through

\*the sea by His command? And He withholds the rain from falling on the earth save by His leave. Surely, Allāh is Compassionate *and* Merciful to men.

67. And He it is Who gave you life, then He will cause you to die, then will He give you life *again*. Surely, man is most ungrateful.

68. To every people have We appointed ways of worship which they observe; so let them not dispute with thee in the matter; and invite thou to thy Lord, for surely, thou followest the right guidance.

69. And if they contend with thee, say, 'Allāh knows best what you do.

70. 'Allāh will judge between you on the Day of Resurrection concerning that about which you used to differ.'

71. Dost thou not know that Allāh knows whatsoever is in the heavens and the earth? Surely, it is *all preserved* in a Book, *and* that is easy for Allāh.

72. And they worship beside Allāh that for which He has sent down no authority, and that of which they have no knowledge. And for those that do wrong there is no helper.

الكَانِضِ وَ الْفُلْكَ تَجْرِيْ فِ الْبَحْرِ ره ، وَ يُمْسِكُ السَّمَاءَ أَنْ تَقَعَ عَلَى الْأَرْضِ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِهِ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهَ بالنَّاسِ لَرَءُوْفُ رَّحِيْمُ 🐨 وَهُوَ الَّذِيْ أَحْمَاكُمْ نِثْمَرْ بُمِنْتُكُمْ ثُمَّ يُحْدَكُمُ دانَ الإنْسَانَ لَكَفُوْرُ ٢ ا ڪُلَّ اُمَّة حَعَلْنَا مَنْسَكًا هُمْ نَاسِكُوْهُ فَلَهُ مُنَادَعُنَّكَ فِ الْأَمْرِ وَ ادْعُ إِلَى رَتِكَ إِنَّكَ لَعَلَى هُدًى مُّسْتَقَبْم 🕅 وَ إِنْ جَادَلُوْكَ فَقُلِ اللهُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَ تعمَلُوْنَ٣ ٱرتْهُ بَحْ كُمُ بَبْنَ كُمْ بَوْمَ الْق فثماكُنْتُمْ فبْهِ تَخْتَ أكف تعكفه أتقادلته تغكمهما في التشمآء وَ الْأَرْضِ ، إِنَّ ذَٰلِكَ فِي حِتْب ، إِنَّ ذلك عكى الله يسيرَّ ( ۇ يَعْبُدُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ مَالَمْ دُ لْطْنَّا وَّ مَا لَيْسَ لَهُمْ بِهِ عِلْمُر بەش وَمَالِلظَّلِمِيْنَ مِنْ نَّصِيْرِ @

\*66. And **He prevents heavenly bodies from falling upon earth except by His leave**. Surely, Allāh is Compassionate *and* Merciful to men.

**Note:** It is likely that the word 'leave' applies to falling of meteors, and other heavenly bodies which constantly bombard the earth.

73. And when Our clear Signs are recited unto them, thou wilt notice a denial on the faces of those who disbelieve. They would well-nigh attack those who recite Our Signs to them. Say, 'Shall I tell you of something worse than that? *It is* the Fire! Allāh has promised it to those who disbelieve. And a vile destination it is!'

#### R. 10.

74. O men, a similitude is set forth, so listen to it. Surely, those on whom you call instead of Allāh cannot create *even* a fly, though they combine together for the purpose. And if the fly should snatch away anything from them, they cannot recover it therefrom. Weak indeed are *both* the seeker and the sought.

75. They esteem not Allāh with the estimation which is His due. Surely, Allāh is Powerful, Mighty.

- \*76. Allāh chooses *His* Messengers from among angels, and from among men. Surely, Allāh is All-Hearing, All-Seeing.
- \*77. He knows what is before them and what is behind them; and to Allāh shall *all* affairs be returned *for decision*.

78. O ye who believe! bow down and prostrate yourselves *in Prayer*, and worship your Lord, and do

لم، عَلَيْهِمْ التُنَا بَتِنْتِ تَعْرِفُ جُوْلا الَّذِبْ كَفَرُوا ٢, طَوْنَ ب بتنادقل أفأ قرب ذريحه النَّارُ ﴿ وَعَدَهَ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا ﴿ وَيَغْسَ ė نَاكُتُهَا النَّاسُ ضُرِبَ مَثَلُ فَا لَهُ ٢ اللَّهُ إِنَّ اللَّذِينَ تَدْعُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِ الله لَنْ تَخْلُقُوْا ذُبَابًا وَّ لَوِ اجْتَ ، تَسْلَبُهُمُ الذَّبَابُ شَنْعًا تتنقذؤه منه الفغف وَ الْمَطْلُوْكُ مَا قَدَرُوا اللهَ حَقَّ قَدْرِهِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَقُويٌّ عَزِيْزُ اَيتَّهُ يَصْطَغَىٰ مِنَ الْمَلْئُ النَّاسِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ سَمِيْغُ بَصِيْرُ ﴿ يَعْلَمُ مَا يَيْنَ آيَدِيْهُ وَ مَا خَلْفَهُمْ ﴿ وَ إِلَى اللَّهِ تُرْجَعُ الْأُمُوْرُ @ لْمَا تَلْعَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوا ادْ كَعُوْا وَ اسْحُدُوْا وَاعْبُدُوْا رَتَّكُمْ وَ افْعَلُوا الْ

<sup>\*76.</sup> Allāh chooses **Messengers** from among angels, and from among men.

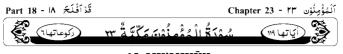
<sup>\*77.</sup> He knows what is before them and what is behind them; and to Allah shall *all* affairs be returned.

good deeds that you may prosper.

79. And strive in the cause of Allah as it behoves you to strive for it. He has chosen you, and has laid no hardship upon you in religion; so follow the faith of your father Abraham; He named you Muslims both before and in this Book, so that the Messenger may be a witness over you, and that you may be witnesses over mankind. Therefore observe Prayer and pay the Zakāt, and hold fast to Allah. He is your Master. An excellent Master and an excellent Helper!

لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُوْنَ ٥ ş وَ جَاهِدُوْا فِي اللهِ حَقَّ جِهَادِم ، هُوَ اجْتَبْىكُمْ وَمَاجَعَلَ عَلَيْكُمْ فِي الدِّيْنِ مِنْ حَرَجٍ مِلَّةَ أَبِيْكُمْ إِبْرَهِيْمَ هُوَ سَمَّدَكُمُ الْمُسْلِمِيْنَةُ مِنْ قَبْلُ وَفْ ڂۮؘٳڽؾڪٛۉڹٵڶڗؘۜڛ۠ۉؚڶۺؘڣؽڋٵۼڶؽڲٛۿ وَ تَحُوْنُوْا شُهَدَاء عَلَى النَّاسِ \* فَإَقِيْهُوا الصَّلُوةَ وَ أَتُوا الزَّحُوةَ وَ اعْتَصِمُوْا بالله ، هُوَ مَوْلِدُهُم، فَنِعْمَر الْمَوْلِي وَنِعْمَ النَّصِيْرُ أَن

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \dot{p} \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ content{486}$ ء' | ق q | خ h ج | ط t ' | ظ z | ط t (See details of transliteration on page 'p')



AL-MU'MINŪN (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. Surely, success does come to the believers,

3. Who are humble in their Prayers,

4. And who shun all that which is vain,

5. And who are active in paying the Zakāt,

6. And who guard their chastity-

7. Except from their wives or what their right hands possess, for then they are not to be blamed;

8. But those who seek *anything* beyond that are the transgressors—

9. And who are watchful of their trusts and their covenants,

\*10. And who are strict in the observance of their Prayers.

12. Who will inherit Paradise. They will abide therein.

13. Verily, We created man from an extract of clay;

14. Then We placed him as a drop of sperm in a safe depository;

بشمراللهالرَّحْمن الرَّحثم () قَدْ أَفْلَحَ الْمُؤْمِنُوْنَ رَ ليغزر الَّذِيْنَ هُمْ فَي صَلَا تِهِمْ خَاشَعُوْنَ ﴾ وَالَّذِيْنَ هُمْ عَنِ اللَّغُو مُعْرِضُوْنَ خُ وَ الَّذِينَ هُمْ لِلزَّحْوةِ فَاعِلُوْنَ هُ وَ الَّذَيْنَ هُمْ لِفُرُوْجِهِمْ حفِظُوْنَ ر إلاً عَلَى أَذْوَاجِهِمْ أَوْ مَا مَلَكَتْ ٱبْجَانُهُمْ فَاتَّهُمْ غَبْرُمَلُهُ مِنْنَ ٥ فَمَنِ ابْتَعْي وَرَاءَ ذَلِكَ فَأُولَيْكَ هُمُ الْعُدُوْنَ وَالْبَذَيْنَ هُمْ لِأَمْنَةِ داعُدْنَ أ <u>ۿۯ</u>يُحَافِظَوْنَ۞ ولئكَ هُمُ الْوَادِ ثَوْنَ أَنَّ الَّذِيْنَ يَدِثُوْنَ الْفِرْ دَوْسَ مِهْ هُر لددُوْنَ. وَ لَقَدْ خَلَقْنَا الْإِنَّ ەنُطْفَةًىٰ **قَرْ** 

\*10. And who diligently guard the observance of their prayers.

15. Then We fashioned the sperm into a clot; then We fashioned the clot into a *shapeless* lump; then We fashioned bones out of this *shapeless* lump; then We clothed the bones with flesh; then We developed it into another creation. So blessed be Allāh, the Best of creators.

16. Then after that you must surely die.

17. Then on the Day of Resurrection will you be raised up.

18. And We have created above you seven *heavens* lying one above the other, and We are never neglectful of the creation.

19. And We sent down water from the sky according to measure, and We caused it to stay in the earth and surely it is We Who determine its taking away—

20. And We produced for you thereby gardens of date-palms and in vines; for you therein are abundant fruits; and of them you eat.

\*21. And a tree which springs forth from Mount Sinai; it produces oil and a sauce for those who eat.

22. And in the cattle *also* there is a lesson for you. We give you to drink of that which is in their bellies and you have in them many benefits, and of them you *also* eat;

ثُجَّ خَلَقْنَا النُّطْفَةَ عَلَقَةً فَخَلَقْنَا الْحَلَةَ قَرْضُ خَقَّةَ خَلَةً بَا الْرُوضَ خَةَ عظمًا فَكَسَوْنَا الْعَظْمَ لَحْمًاه ثُمَّ ٱنْشَانِهُ خَلْقًا أَخَرَ إِفْتَهُ إِنَّهُ أحْسَنُ الْخَالِقِنْنَ أَ ثُمَّر إنَّ كُمْ بَعْدَ ذٰلِكَ لَمَيِّتُوْنَ أَ ثُمَّ ازَّ كُمْ مَوْمَ الْقَلْمَة تُبْعَثُونَ @ وَلَقَدْ خَلَقْنَا فَوْوَكُمْ سَبْعَ طَرَائِقَ وَ وَ مَا كُنَّا عَنِ الْخَلْقِ غْفِلِيْنَ @ وَ ٱنْزَلْنَا مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً بِقَدَدِ ۏؘ<sub>ٱۺ</sub>ڪؘڹۨ۫۫ؗؗؗ؋ڣۣٵٛڵٳٛۻؚ<sub>ؖ</sub>ۥؖۊٳڹۜٞٵؘۜۛۜٵڂؗ؞ۮؘۿٵۛؗۛ<u></u> بەلقدرۇن فَٱنْشَانَا لَكُمْ بِهِ جَنّْتٍ وَّ أَعْنَابِ مِلَكُمْ فِيْهَا فَوَاكِهُ كَثِيْرَةُ وَّمِنْهَا تَاْڪُلُوْنَ الْ وَشَجَرَةً تَخْرُجُ مِنْ طُوْرِ سَيْنَاء تَنْبُتُ بِالدَّهْنِ وَ صِبْخِ لِّلْأَجِدِيْنَ <u>ۇاڭ لَگْھر فى الْأَنْحَامِ لَجِبْرَةً، نُسْقِيْكُمْ </u> بِّمَّا فَيْ يُطُوْنِهَا وَلَكُمْ فَيْهَا مَنَافَعُ كَثْيْرَةً وَّمِنْهَاتَا كُلُوْنَ أَ

\*21. And a tree which springs forth from Mount Sinai; it produces oil and *many* a condiment for those who eat.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ (48)$  (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

قَدْ ٱفْلَحَ A - 18 - 18

23. And on them and on ships you are borne.

## R. 2.

24. And We did send Noah to his people, and he said, 'O my people, serve Allāh. You have no God other than Him. Will you not then be righteous?'

25. And the chiefs of his people, who disbelieved, said, 'He is only a man like yourselves; he seeks to make himself superior to you. And if Allāh had so willed, He could have surely sent down angels with him. We have never heard of such a thing among our forefathers.

26. 'He is only a man *stricken* with madness; wait, therefore, concerning him for a while.'

27. He said, 'O my Lord, help me, for they have treated me as a liar.' 28. So We sent revelation to him, saving, "Make the Ark under Our eves and according to Our revelation. And when Our command comes, and the fountains of the earth gush forth, take thou into it two of every kind, male and female, and thy family, except those of them against whom the word has already gone forth. And address Me not concerning those who have done wrong; they shall be drowned.

وَعَلَيْهَاوَعَلَى الْفُلْلِ تُحْمَلُوْنَ أَ

وَكَقَدْ اَرْسَلْنَا نُوْحًا إِلَى قَوْمِهِ فَقَالَ لِقَوْمِ اعْبُدُوا اللهَ مَا لَكُمْ مِّنْ إِلَّهِ غَيْرُهُ أَفَلَا تَتَقَوْنَ ؟

فَقَالَ الْمَلَوُّا الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا مِنْ قَوْمِهِ مَا هٰذَآ إِلَّا بَشَرَّ مِّثْلُ كُمَ " يُرِيدُ آنْ يَتَفَضَّلَ عَلَيْكُمْ - وَلَوْ شَآءَ اللهُ لَا نُزَلَ مَلْ يَكَةً مَّ اسْمِعْنَ بِهٰذَا فِيَّ اَبَآئِنَا الْاوَ لِيْنَ هُوَ إِلَّا رَجُلُ بِهِ جِنَّةً فَتَرَبَّصُوْا بِه حَتَّى حِيْنِ ؟ قَالَ رَبِّ انْصُرْ فِي بِمَا كَذَّ بُوْنِ ؟

فَاوْحَيْنَآ اِلَيْهِ آنِ اصْنَعِ الْفُلْكَ بِاعَيُنِنَا وَوَحْيِنَا فَإِذَا جَاءَ آمُرُنَا وَفَارَ التَّنُّوُرُ " فَاسْلُكْ فِيْهَا مِنْ كُلٍّ زَوْجَيْنِ اثْنَيْنِ وَ اَهْلَكَ الَّا مَنْ سَبَقَ عَلَيْهِ الْقَوْلُ مِنْهُمْ، وَ لَا تُخَاطِبْنِيْ فِي الَّذِيْنَ طَلَمُوْا، اِنَّهُمْ شُغْرَقُوْنَ@

<sup>\*25.</sup> And if Allāh had so willed He could have surely sent down angels. We have never heard of such a thing among our forefathers.

29. "And when thou hast settled on the Ark—thou and those that are with thee—say, 'All praise belongs to Allāh Who has saved us from the unjust people!'

30. "And say, 'My Lord, cause me to land a blessed landing, for Thou art the Best of those who bring *men* to land.""

\*31. Verily, in this there are Signs. Surely, We did try *the people of Noah*.

32. Then We raised after them another generation.

33. And We sent among them a Messenger from among themselves *who said*, 'Serve Allāh. You have no God other than Him. Will you not then fear God?'

R. 3.

34. And the chiefs of his people, who disbelieved and denied the meeting of the Hereafter and whom We had afforded ease and comfort in this life, said, 'This is but a man like yourselves. He eats of that of which you eat, and drinks of that of which you drink.

35. 'And if you obey a man like yourselves, you will then be surely losers.

36. 'Does he promise you that when you are dead and have become dust and bones, you will be brought forth *again*?

فَاذَا اسْتَمَانَتَ أَنْتَ وَ مَنْ مَّعَكَ عَلَى الْفُلْبِ فَقُل الْحَمْدُ بِتَّهِ الَّذِيْ نَجّْىنَا مِنَ الْقَوْمِ الظَّلِمِيْنَ () وَقُلْ رَّبّ ٱنْزِلْنِيْ مُنْزَلًا مُّبْرَكًا وَّ ٱنْتَ خَيْرُ الْمُنْزِلِيْنَ ] اِتَ فِن ذٰلِكَ لَالِتٍ وَّان كُنَّا لَمُنْتَذِينَ. ثُمَّرَ ٱنْشَائَامِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ قَرْنَا اخَرِيْنَ شَ فَا السَلْنَا فِيهم السُولا تِنْهُم أَب اعْبُدُوا اللهُ مَالَكُمْ قِنْ إِلْهِ غَيْرُهُ -أفكر تَتَّقُدْنَ ش وَ قَالَ الْمَلَأُ مِنْ قَوْمِهِ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا وَكَذَّبُوْا بِلِقَاءِ الأَخِرَةِ وَ ٱتْرَفْنْهُمْ فِي

الْحَيْوةِ الدُّنْيَا "مَا لَمَذَآ إِلَّا بَشَرً مِثْلُكُم " يَاكُلُ مِمَّا تَاكُلُوْنَ مِنْهُ وَيَشْرَبُ مِمَّا تَشْرَبُوْنَ وَيَشْرَبُ مِمَّا تَشْرَبُوْنَ الذَا لَخُسِرُوْنَ ايَعِدُكُم آنَّكُم إذَا مِتُّمْ وَكُنْتُمْ تُرَابُوً عِظَامًا آنَّكُم مُخْرَحُمْنَ أَ

\*31. Verily, in this there are Signs. And verily We have always been bringing people to trial.

نچ ب

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{\diamond} \ | \ s \ (40)$ (See details of transilteration on page 'p').

37. 'Far, far *from truth* is that which you are promised.

\*38. 'There is no life other than our present life; we were lifeless and *now* we live, but we shall not be raised up again.

39. 'He is only a man who has forged a lie against Allāh; and we are not going to believe him.'

40. He said, 'My Lord, help me, for they have treated me as a liar.'

41. *God* said, 'In a little while they will surely become repentant.'

42. Then punishment overtook them rightfully, and We made them *as* rubbish. Cursed, then, be the people who do wrong!

43. Then We raised after them other generations.

44. No people can go ahead of their appointed time, nor can they remain behind *it*.

45. Then We sent Our Messengers one after another. Every time there came to a people their Messenger, they treated him as a liar. So We made them follow one another *to destruction* and We made them mere tales. Cursed, then, be the people who believe not!

46. Then We sent Moses and his brother Aaron, with Our Signs and a clear authority,

هَدْهَاتَ هَدْهَاتَ لِمَا تُوْعَدُوْنَ 🖑 ان في الله حَتَاتُنَا الدُّنْتَا نَمُوْتُ وَنَحْيَاوَ مَانَحْنُ بِمَبْعُوْثِيْنَ اللَّ اِنْ هُوَ الْكَارَجُلُ إِنْتَرَى عَلَى اللهِ حَذِبًا وَّمَانَحْنُ لَهُ بِمُؤْمِنِيْنَ @ قَالَ رَبِّ انْصُرْ نِنْ بِمَا كَذَّ بُوْنِ ٢ قَالَ عَمَّا قَلِيْلِ لَّيُصْبِحُنَّ نُدِمِيْنَ أَ ڣؘٱڂؘۮؘؿۿؙؙؗؗؗؗؗؗؠٳڶڟۜؽڂ؋ؙؠٳٛٮڂۊٞ؋ؘ**ڿ**ػڵڹؙۿۿ غُثاً \* فَبُعْدًا لِّلْقَوْمِ الظَّلِمِيْنَ ? ثُمَّ ٱنْشَابَا مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ قُرُوْنًا اخَريْنُ شَ مَا تَسْبِقُ مِنْ أُمَّةٍ أَجْلَهَا وَ مَا كشت أخر ون ٢ ثُمَّ آ (سَلْنَا رُسُلَنَا تَتْرَا وَكُمَّا حَاَء ٱمَّةً رَّسُوْلُهَا كَذَّبُوْهُ فَا تُبْعَنَا بَعْضَهُمْ تعضاة جعلنهم أحاديث فبعدا لَقَهُ م لا بُهُ مِنُوْنَ ٢ ثُمَّ آ المُنْنَا مُوْسى وَ أَخَاهُ هُرُوْنَهُ باليتِنَاوَ سُلْطْنٍ مَّبِيْنٍ ٢

**\*38.** It is only here that we live our life. *Here* we die and *here* we live, and never shall we be raised again.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ (4)$ (See details of transiteration on page 'p').

قَدْ أَفْلَحُ A - 18 - 18

47. To Pharaoh and his chiefs; but they behaved arrogantly and they were a haughty people.

48. And they said, 'Shall we believe in two men like ourselves while their people are our servants?'

49. So they called them liars, and they were of those who were destroyed.

50. And We gave Moses the Book, that they might be guided.

\*51. And We made the son of Mary and his mother a Sign, and gave them refuge on an elevated land of *green* valleys and springs of running water.

R. 4.

52. O ye Messengers, eat of the things that are pure, and do good works. Verily, I am well aware of what you do.

- \*53. And *know* that this community of yours is one community, and 1 am your Lord. So take Me as *your* Protector.
- \*54. But they (the people) have cut up their affairs among themselves forming themselves into parties, each group rejoicing in what they have.

INUN	المومِنون Chapter 23 - 11
فَاسْتَكْبَرُوْا	اِلٰى فِرْعَوْتَ وَ مَلَأْئِهِ
	<b>ۅؘ</b> ڲٲٮؙٛۉٵۊؘۉڡٞٵٵڸؽؽ۞۫
	فَقَالُوْٓا ٱ نُؤْمِنُ لِبَشَ
	وَقَوْمُهُمَالَنَاعْبِدُوْنَ
ڷؙؙٛۿۿ <i>ڶڮ</i> ؽ۬ؽ۞	ۏؘڪؘڏۜ <i>ڹ</i> ۉۿمؘٵڡؘ۬ػٵڹؙۘۉٳڡؚڹ
ىتىت كىحىتى	وَ لَقَدْ أَتَيْنَا مُوْسَى الْجَ
	ؽۿؾۧۮؙۉؽۛ۞
ر و أمَّهُ أيةً	وَ جَعَلْنَا ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ
ةٍ ذَاتِ قَرَارٍ	وَ أَوَيْنَهُمَا اللَّهِ دَبْوَةِ
	ۊٞڡٙۼؽڹۣۿ
ت الطَّيِّبتِ	َيَّا يُّيَهَا الرُّسُلُ ڪُلُوْا مِر وَ اعْمَلُوْا صَالِحًا ﴿ اِنِّيْ
بِمَاتَعْمَلُوْنَ	وَ اعْمَلُوْا صَالِحًا ﴿ إِنَّيْ
	عَلِيْمُ ٢
وَّاحِدَةً وَّ أَنَا	وَإِنَّ هٰذِهٖ أُمَّتُكُمْ أُمَّه
	ڒڹؙؚڪؙۿڔڡؘٵؾۜٞۊؙۉڹ۞
م زُبُرًا حُلُّ	فتقطّغوا أشرهم بينه
@ (	ڃڒٛڹؙٟؠؚؚػٵڶۘڎؽڥۿۏڣؘڔؚڂۉڹ

\*51. And We made the son of Mary and his mother a Sign, and We rescued them *and helped them reach* an elevated land, a restful place with springs of running water.

En

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau | \ h \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \$ 

<sup>\*53.</sup> And *know* that this community of yours is one community, and I am your Lord. So fear Me *alone*.

<sup>☆ 54.</sup> They split their affairs fragment by fragment among themselves, each party exulting over what they have.

55. So leave them in their confusion for a time.

56. Do they think that by the wealth and children with which We help them.

57. We hasten to do them good? Nay, but they understand not.

\*58. Verily, those who fear their Lord, holding Him in reverence,

59. And those who believe in the Signs of their Lord.

60. And those who ascribe not partners to their Lord.

61. And those who give what they give while their hearts are full of fear because to their Lord they will return-

62. These it is who hasten to do good works, and these it is who are foremost in them.

63. And We burden not any soul beyond its capacity, and with Us is a Book that speaks the truth, and they will not be wronged.

64. Nay, their hearts are utterly heedless of this Book, and besides that they have deeds in which they are engaged:

65. Until, when We seize those of them who indulge in luxury with punishment, behold, they cry for help.

\* 58. Verily, those who, out of fear of their Lord, always stand guard against sins.

ء ' ا ق p ا ج h r | kh r | kh م ا ف ج م ع ا ف h r | kh r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h r | h (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

66. 'Cry not for help this day, surely you shall not be helped by Us.

67. 'Verily, My Signs were recited unto you, but you used to turn back on your heels,

68. 'Big with pride, telling stories about it (the Qur'an) by night, talking nonsense.'

69. Have they not, then, pondered over the Divine Word, or has that come unto them which came not to their fathers of old?

70. Or do they not recognize their Messenger, that they thus denv him?

71. Or do they say, there is madness in him? Nay, he has brought them the truth, and most of them hate the truth

\*72. And if the Truth had followed their desires, verily, the heavens and the earth and whosoever is therein would have been corrupted. Nay, We have brought them their admonition, but from their own admonition they now turn aside.

73. Or dost thou ask of them any reward? But the reward of thy Lord is best; and He is the Best of providers.

74. And most surely thou invitest them to a right path.

لا تَحْكُوا الْسَبَوْمَ مِد إِنَّكُمْ مَّنَّا لَا تُنْصَرُ وْنَ قَدْ كَانَتْ البِيْ تُتْلَى عَلَيْكُمْ فَكُنْتُمْ عَلَى أَعْقَابِكُمْ تَنْكِصُوْنَ ٢ مُسْتَكْبِرِيْنَ وَبِهِ سْمِرًا تَهْجُرُوْنَ ا ٱفَلَمْ يَدَّبَّرُوا الْقَوْلَ ٱمْ جَاءَهُمْ مَّالَمْ كأت اكاءَهُمُ الْأَوَّلِيْنَ أَنَ آمَر لَمْ يَعْرِفُوْا رَسُوْلَهُمْ فَهُمْ لَهُ مْنْكِرُوْرَى آمْرِ يَقُوْلُوْتَ بِهِ جِنَّةً ﴿ بَلْ جَاءَهُمْ بالْحَقَّ وَ أَكْثَرُهُمْ لِلْحَقِّ خُرِهُوْنَ @ وَلَوِ اتَّبَعَ الْحَقُّ آهْوَاءَهُمْ لَفَسَدَتِ السليطات وَ الْأَرْضُ وَ مَنْ فِيْهِنَّ مِنْ لِلْهُ ٱتَؽڹٰهُمْ بِذِڪْرِهِمْ فَهُمْعَنْ **ذِ**ڪْرِهِمْ مُعْرِضُوْنَ أَنْ ٱۿڗؿۺٵؙۿۿۮڂؘۯؚڿٵڣ۬ڂؘٳ*ڿ*ۯؾؚڮؘڂؽۯٙ<sup>ؚ</sup> وَ هُوَخَيْرُ الرُّزِقِيْنَ ﴾ ر وَ اِنَّكَ لَتَدْعُوْهُمْ الله صِرَاطٍ

\*72. And if the truth were to follow their desires, the heavens and the earth and all that lies therein would have turned into chaos.

 $a i u \mid th$   $\dot{h} \tau \mid kh \dot{\tau} \mid dh$   $\dot{s} \mid \dot{s} \rightarrow 494$   $\dot{q} \rightarrow 494$   $\dot{h} \mid \dot{h} \mid$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

75. And those who believe not in the Hereafter, are indeed deviating from that path.

76. And if We had mercy on them and relieved them of their affliction. they would still persist in their transgression, wandering blindly.

77. We did seize them with punishment, but they humbled not themselves to their Lord, nor would they supplicate in lowliness.

78. Until, when We open on them a gate of severe chastisement, behold, they are in despair thereat.

# R. 5.

79. And He it is Who has created for you ears, and eyes, and hearts; but little thanks do you give.

80. And He it is Who has multiplied vou in the earth, and unto Him shall you be gathered.

81. And He it is Who gives life and causes death, and in His hands is the alternation of night and day. Will you not then understand?

82. But they say like what the former people said.

83. They say, 'What! when we are dead and have become mere dust and bones, shall we indeed be raised up again?

84. 'This is what we have been promised before, we and our fathers. This is nothing but fables of the ancients.'

وَ إِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ لَا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِالْأَخِرَةِ عَنِ الصِّرَاط لَنَاكِمُوْنَ@ وَلَوْ رَحِمْنُهُمْ وَ كَشَفْنَا مَا بِهِمْ مِّنْ ضُرِّلَّكَجُّوْا فِي طُغْيَانِهِمْ يَعْمَهُوْنَ ﴾ وَلَقَدْ آخَذْنُهُمْ بِالْعَذَابِ فَمَا اسْتَكَانُوْا لِرَبِّهِمْ وَمَا يَتَضَرَّعُوْنَ @ حَتَّى إِذَا فَتَحْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ بَابًاذًا عَذَاب شَدِيْدٍ إِذَا هُمْ فِيْهِ مُبْلِسُوْنَ ٥ يج وَهُوَ الَّذِينَ ٱنْشَا لَكُمُ السَّمْعَ وَالْأَيْصَارَ وَ الْأَفْخَدَةَ \* قَلِيْهُ مَّا تَشْكُ وْنَ وَهُوَ الَّذِيْ ذَرَاكُمْ فِي الْآدْضِ وَ إِلَيْهِ تُخْشَرُوْنَ وَ هُوَ الَّذِيْ يُحْي وَ يُعِيْتُ وَلَهُ اخْتِلَافُ الَّيْل وَالنَّهَادِ ، ٱفَلَا تَعْقِلُوْنَ ﴿ بَلْ قَالُوْامِثْلَ مَاقَالَ الْأَوَّلُوْنَ @ قَالُوْا ءَإِذَا مِتْنَا وَ حُتَّا تُرَابًا وَّعِظَامًا ءَانَّالَمَنْعُوْثُونَ. لَقَدْ وُعِدْنَا نَحْنُ وَ إِبَّاؤُنَا هٰذَا مِنْ قَيْلُ إِنْ هِذَا إِلَّا أَسَاطِيْرُ الْأَوَّلِيْنَ ٢

 $a i u \mid th$  أظ  $r \mid kh \dot{\tau} \mid dh$  أخ  $q \mapsto q$  م  $q \mid \dot{z} \mapsto |\dot{z} \mid \dot{z}$  أخ  $r \mid gh \dot{z} \mid \dot{z}$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

قَدْ ٱفْنَحَ ٨ - Part 18

85. Say, 'To whom belongs the earth and whosoever is therein, if you know?'

86. 'To Allāh', they will say. Say, 'Will you not then be admonished?'

87. Say, 'Who is the Lord of the seven heavens, and the Lord of the Great Throne?'

\*88. They will say, '*They are* Allāh's.' Say, 'Will you not then take *Him* as *your* Protector?'

89. Say, 'In Whose hand is the dominion over all things and Who protects, but against Whom there is not protection, if you know?'

90. They will say, '*All this belongs* to Allāh.' Say, 'How then are you deluded?'

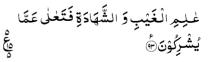
91. Yea, We have brought them the truth, and they are certainly liars.

92. Allāh has not taken unto Himself any son, nor is there any *other* God along with Him; in that case each god would have taken away what he had created, and some of them would surely have dominated over others. Glorified be Allāh above all that which they attribute *to Him*!

93. Knower of the unseen and of the seen! Exalted therefore is He above *all* that which they associate *with Him*!

تُلَلِّمَنِ الْأَرْضُ وَمَنْ فِيْهَآ اِنْ كُنْتُمَ تَعْلَمُوْنَ سَيَقُوْلُوْنَ سِلْهِ قُلْآ فَلَا تَذَكَّرُوْنَ الْعَرْشِ الْعَظِيْمِ الْعَرْشِ الْعَظِيمِ الْعَرْشِ الْعَظِيمِ الْعَرْشِ الْعَظِيمِ الْعَرْشِ الْعَظِيمِ الْعَرْشِ الْعَظِيمِ الْعَدَشِ الْعَظِيمِ الْعَدَشِ الْعَلَيْ الْعَدَشِ الْعَلَيْ الْعَدَشَ الْعَلَى الْعَالَى اللَّهِ الْعَالَى الْعَالَى الْعَلَى الْ

بَلْ ٱتَيْنَهُمُ بِالْحَقِّ وَ اِنَّهُمْ لَحْذِبُوْنَ ۞ مَا اتَّخَذَ اللهُ مِنْ وَّلَدٍ وَّ مَا كَانَ مَحَهُ مِنْ الْهِ اِذًا لَّذَهَ بَحُتُّ الْهَٰ بِمَا خَلَقَ وَ لَحَلَا بَعْضُهُمْ عَلْى بَعْضٍ مُسْبَحْنَ اللهِ عَمَّا يَصِفُوْنَ ۞



\*88. They will say, 'To Allāh they belong.' Say, 'Will you not then live in fear?'

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ of transitieration on page 'p').$ 

R. 6.

94. Say, 'My Lord, if Thou wilt show me that with which they are threatened.

95. 'My Lord, then place me not with the wrongdoing people.'

96. And certainly We have the power to show thee that with which We threaten them.

97. Repel evil with that which is best. We are well acquainted with *the things* they allege.

\*98. And say, 'My Lord, I seek refuge in Thee from the incitements of the evil ones.

99. 'And I seek refuge in Thee, my Lord, lest they come near me.'

100. Until, when death comes to one of them, he says *entreating*, 'My Lord, send me back,

101. 'That I may do righteous *deeds* in *the life* that I have left *behind*.' Never, it is but a word that he utters. And behind them is a barrier until the day when they shall be raised again.

102. And when the trumpet is blown, there will be no ties of relationship between them that day, nor will they ask after one another.

\*103. Then those whose good works are heavy—these will be prosperous; قُلْ زَبِّ إِمَّا تُرِيَخِيْ مَا يُوْعَدُوْنَ أَ

رَبِّ فَلَا تَجْعَلْنِيْ فِي الْقَوْمِ الظَّلِمِيْنَ ٢ وَإِنَّا عَلَى أَنْ تُرْبَكَ مَا نَعِدُهُ هُر لَقْدِرُوْنَ إِدْفَعْ بِالَّتِيْ هِيَ أَحْسَنُ السَّيِّئَةَ. نَحْنُ اَعْلَمُ بِمَا يَصِفُوْنَ ٠ وَ قُلْ رَّبَ أَعُوْذُبِكَ *مِ*نْ هَمَ الشَّلِطِيْن وَ ٱعُوْذُبِكَ رَبِّ ٱنْ يَحْضُرُوْن 🛞 حَتَّى إِذَا جَاءَ آحَدَهُمُ الْمَوْتُ قَالَ رَبّ ارْجِعُوْنِ ش لَعَلَّنَ ٱعْمَلُ صَالِحًا فَبْمَا تَرَحْتُ كَلَّا ، إِنَّهَا كَلِمَةُ هُوَ قَائِلُهَا ، وَمِنْ وَدَائِهِمْ بَرْ ذَخْ إِلَى يَوْمِ يُبْعَثُوْنَ اللهُ فَإِذَا نُفِخَ فِي الصُّوْدِ فَلَآ ٱنْسَابَ بَيْنَهُمْ كۇمئىزۇكايتكساءلەن فَمَنْ ثَقُلَتْ مَوَازِيْنُهُ فَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ

الْمُفْلِحُوْنَ

\*98. And say, 'My Lord, I seek refuge in You from the incitements of the satans.\*103. Then those whose scales are heavy *in deeds*, it is these who will be prosperous.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ i \ s \ (47)$   $(See details of transitieration on page \ p').$ 

- \*104. But those whose good works are light—these are they who ruin their souls; in Hell will they abide.
- \*105. The Fire will burn their faces and they will grin *with fear* therein.

106. 'Were not My Signs recited unto you, and you treated them as lies?'

107. They will say, 'Our Lord, our wickedness overcame us, and we were an erring people.

108. 'Our Lord, take us out of this, then if we return *to disobedience,* we shall indeed be wrongdoers.

\*109. God will say, "Away with you, despised therein, and speak not unto Me.

110. "There was a party from among My servants who said, 'Our Lord, we believe; forgive us therefore *our sins*, and have mercy on us; for Thou art the Best of those who show mercy.'

111. "But you made them a laughingstock until they became the cause of your forgetting My remembrance while you *continued* laughing at them.

112. "I have rewarded them this day for their steadfastness so that they alone have triumphed."

ۅَڡَڽْ خَفَّثَ مَوَازِيْنُهُ فَاوَلَمِكَ الَّذِيْنَ خَسِرُوَّا ٱنْفُسَهُمْ فِيْ جَهَنَّمَ خَلِدُوْنَ شَ تَلْفَحُ وُجُوْهَ لَهُ مُ النَّارُ وَ هُمْ فِيْهَا كَالِحُوْنَ۞ آلَمْ تَكُذْ اليتِي تُتْلَى عَلَيْكُمْ فَكُنْتُمْ وَكُنَّا قَوْمَا ضَآلِيْنَ۞ قَالُوْا رَبَّنَا عَلَيْنَا مِنْهَا فَإِنْ عُدْنَا فَإِنَّا قَالُ اخْسَعُوْا فِيْهَا وَلَا تُكَلِّمُوْنِ۞

اِنَّهٔ كَانَ فَرِيْقَ مِّنْ عِبَادِيْ يَقُوْلُوْنَ رَبَّنَآ أَمَنَّافَاغْفِرْلَنَاوَ ارْحَمْنَاوَ آنْتَ خَيْرُ الرَّحِمِيْنَ أَسَ

ڣؘٵؾۜڂؘۮٛؾؙڡۉۿۿڔڛڂٛڔؚؾؖٵڂؾٚؖٚؽٱڹٛڛؘۉػؙۿ ۮؚڪٛڔؽۣۘۘۘۅؘڪؙٮٛؾؙۿڗؾٙۿۄؾٙڞٛػػ۠ۉؽ؊

اِنِّي جَزَيْتُهُمُ الْيَوْمَ بِمَا صَبَرُوَا" ٱنَّهُمْهُمُ الْفَأْيُزُوْنَ (

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ | \ th \ \not= \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{\varsigma} \ | \ \dot{\varsigma} \ \dot{\varsigma} \ | \ \dot{\varsigma} \ \dot{\varsigma} \ | \ \dot{\varsigma} \ | \ \dot{\varsigma} \ | \ \dot{\varsigma} \ \dot{\varsigma} \ \dot{\varsigma} \ | \ \dot{\varsigma} \ \dot{\varsigma}$ 

<sup>\*104.</sup> But those whose scales are light in deeds—these are they who ruin their souls; in Hell will they abide.

<sup>\*105.</sup> The Fire will burn their faces and they will grin therein *in agony.* \*109. *God* will say, **'Bc lost therein and speak not to Mc.'** 

113. <i>God</i> will say, 'What number of years did you tarry in the earth?'	قْلَ كَمْ لَبِثْتُمْ فِ الْأَرْضِ عَدَدَ
you but you unly in the outin.	سِنِيْنَ»
114. They will say, 'We tarried for a	ݝ <del>ݳ</del> ڵۉٵڵؠؚؚؿ۠ڹؘٵؽۉمٵٱۯٛڹۼۻؘؽۉ <i>ۄ</i> ٟڣؘۺۓڸ
day or part of a day, but ask those who keep count.'	الْعَادِينَ.
115. He will say, 'You tarried but a	ۊ۫ڶٳٮٛڷۜؠؚؿٛؾؙۿڔٳۜۜ؇ۊٙڸؽؚٳؖڐڷۉٱڹۜٞڲۿ
little, if only you knew!	<b>ڪُنْ تُمْرَ تَعْ</b> لَمُوْنَ@
116. 'Did you then think that We	ٱ فَحَسِنْتُمْ ٱنَّمَا خَلَقْنْكُمْ عَمَثًا

AL-MII'MINŪN

had created you without purpose, and that you would not be brought back to Us?'

تَدْ ٱفْلَحَ ٨ - Part 18 - ١٨

\*117. Exalted then be Allāh, the True King. There is no God but He, the Lord of the Glorious Throne.

118. And he who calls on another god along with Allāh, for which he has no proof, shall have to render an account to his Lord. Certainly the disbelievers will not prosper.

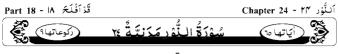
119. And say, 'My Lord, forgive and have mercy, and Thou art the Best of those who show mercy.' سِبِينَ قَالُوْا لَبِثْنَا يَوْمَا أَوْ بَعْضَ يَوْمِ فَسَـَلِ الْكَآذِينَ قُلُوا لَبِثْنَا يَوْمَا أَوْ بَعْضَ يَوْمٍ فَسَـَلِ قُلَ إِنْ لَبِثْتُمْ الْمَلِكَ الْعَلِيدَ لَا تَوْ أَنَّ حُمْ كُنْ تُمْ تَعْلَمُوْنَ أَ فَحَسِبْتُمْ أَ نَّمَا خَلَقْنْكُمْ عَبَتًا أَ فَحَسِبْتُمْ أَ نَّمَا خَلَقْنْكُمْ عَبَتًا أَ فَحَسِبْتُمْ أَ نَمَا خَلَقْنْكُمْ عَبَتًا قُوْ أَنَّ حُمْ إِلَيْنَا لا تُرْجَعُوْنَ فَوَ مَنْ يَدْعُ مَعَ اللَّهِ إِلَى الْحَقْ بُوْهَا نَ لَهُ بِهِ افَالَمَ الْحَارِ الْحَارِي بُوْهَا نَ لَهُ بِهِ افَالَمُ الْحَارِي بُوْهَا نَ لَهُ بِهِ الْحَارِي بُوْهَا نَ لَهُ بِهِ الْحَارِي بُوْهَا نَ لَهُ بِهِ الْحَارِ الْحَارِي بُوْمَا نَ لَهُ بِهِ الْحَارِي اللَّ حِمِيْنَ الْحَارِي الرَّ حِمِيْنَ الْحَارِي

اَلْمُؤْمِنُوْن Chapter 23 - ٢٣

## \*117. Exalted then be Allāh, the Rightful Sovereign.

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ r & | \ h \ r & | \ kh \ r & | \ dh \ s & | \ s & (49) \\ \text{(See details of transliteration on page 'p').} \end{array}$ 

Ę.



**AN-NŪR** (Revealed after Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. *This is* a Sūrah which We have revealed and which We have made obligatory; and We have revealed therein clear Signs, that you may take heed.

 The adulteress and the adulterer (or the fornicatress and the fornicator)—flog each one of them \* with a hundred stripes. And let not pity for the twain take hold of you in *executing* the judgment of Allāh, if you believe in Allāh and the Last

Day. And let a party of the believers witness their punishment.

4. The adulterer (or fornicator) shall not marry but an adulteress (or fornicatress) or an idolatrous woman, and an adulteress (or fornicatress) shall not marry but an adulterer (or fornicator) or an idolatrous man. That indeed is forbidden to the believers.

5. And those who calumniate chaste women but bring not four witnesses—flog them with eighty stripes, and never admit their evidence *thereafter*, and it is they that are the transgressors, بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () سُوْرَةً ٱنْزَلْنْهَا وَ فَرَضْنْهَا وَ ٱنْزَلْنَا فِيْهَآ الِيتَ بَيِّنْتِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَذَكَّرُوْنَ ﴿

الزَّانِيَةُ وَالزَّانِيْ فَاجْلِدُوْا ڪُلَّ وَاحِدٍ تِنْهُمَا مِانَة جَلْدَةٍ وَ لَا تَاخُذْكُم بِهِمَا دَافَةً فِيْ دِيْنِ الله اِنْ كُنْتُم تُؤْمِنُوْن بِاللهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْأَخْرِ، وَلَيَشْهَدْ عَذَا بَهُمَا طَائِفَةً مِّنَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ () وَالزَّانِيَةُ لا يَنْكِحُهَا إَلَا زَانِيَةً آوْ مُشْرِكَةً وَ لَرَّانِيَةُ لا يَنْكِحُهَا إِلَا زَانِيَةً آوْ مُشْرِكَةً

وَ الَّذِينَ يَرْمُوْنَ الْمُحْصَنْتِ ثُمَّ لَمْ يَاتُوْا بِاَرْبَعَةِ شُهَدَآء فَاجْلِدُوْهُمْ ثَمْنِيْنَ جَلْدَةً وَ لَا تَقْبَلُوْا لَهُمْ شَهَادَةً ابَدًا وَ الْلِكَ هُمُ الْفُسِقُوْنَ ٥ إِلَّا الَّذِيْتَ تَابُوْا مِنْ بَعْدِ ذٰلِكَ

6. Except those who repent

**\*3**. And let not pity for the twain take hold of you **regarding the** *execution of the* **divine law**, if you believe in Allāh and the Last Day.

a i u + | th + | h + | kh + | dh = 0(See details of transliteration on page 'p'). thereafter and make amends, for truly Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

7. And as for those who calumniate their wives, and have not witnesses except themselves—the evidence of any one of such people *shall suffice* if he bears witness four times in the name of Allāh *saying* that he is surely of those who speak the truth.

8. And *his* fifth *oath shall be to say* that Allāh's curse be upon him if he be of the liars.

9. But it shall avert the punishment from her if she bears witness four times in the name of Allāh *saying* that he is of the liars.

10. And *her* fifth *oath shall be to say* that the wrath of Allāh be upon her if he speaks the truth.

11. And were it not for Allāh's grace and His mercy upon you, and *the fact* that Allāh is Compassionate *and* Wise, *you would have come to grief.* 

## R. 2.

12. Verily, those who brought forth the lie are a party from among you. Think it not to be an evil for you; nay, it is good for you. Every one of them shall have *his share of* what he has earned of the sin; and he among them who took the chief part therein shall have a grievous punishment. وَاصْلَحُوْا ، فَإِنَّ اللَّهُ غَفُوْرٌ رَّحِيْمٌ ۞

وَ الَّذِيْنَ يَرْمُوْنَ ازْوَاجَهُمْ وَ لَمْ يَكُنْ
 لَّهُمْ شُهَدًاءُ إِلَّا انْفُسُهُمْ فَشَهَاءَةُ
 احَدِهِمْ ارْبَعُ شَهٰ إِنَّ بِاللَّهِ التَّهُ لَمِنَ
 الصَّدِقِيْنَ

وَ الْخَامِسَةُ ٱنَّ لَعْنَتَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ إِنْ
 كَانَ مِنَ الْحُذِبِيْنَ ﴿
 وَ يَذْرَؤُا عَنْهَا الْعَذَابَ آنْ تَشْهَدَ آدَبَعَ
 شَهٰ لَتْ بِاللَّهِ الْتَذَابَ آنْ تَشْهَدَ آدَبَعَ
 شَهٰ لَتْ بِاللَّهِ الْتَذَابَ آنْ تَشْهَدَ آدَبَعَ
 شَهٰ لَتْ بِاللَّهِ الْتَذَابَ آنْ تَشْهَدَ آدَبَعَ
 وَ الْخَامِسَةَ آنَّ عَضَبَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهُمَ إِنْ
 وَ الْخَامِسَةَ آنَ عَضَبَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهُمَ إِنْ
 وَ الْخَامِسَةَ آنَ عَضَبَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهُمَ إِنْ
 وَ الْخَامِسَةَ آنَ عَضَبَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهُمَ وَ رَحْمَتُ هُ
 وَ آنَ اللَّهُ تَوَّابٌ حَجِيْمَ أَنَ

اِنَّ الَّذِينَ جَاءُ وَ بِالْافَلِ عُصْبَةً مِنْكُمْ لَا تَحْسَبُوْهُ شَرَّا لَّكُمْ مَبْلُ هُوَ خَيْرً لَّكُمْ لِكِلِّ امْرِئٍ مِنْهُمْ مَا اكْتَسَبَ مِنَ الْإِثْمِ عَوَالَّذِيْ تَوَلَّى كِبْرَهُ مِنْهُمْ لَهُ عَذَابَ عَظِيْمَ ؟

13. Why did not the believing men and believing women, when you heard of it, think well of their own people, and say, 'This is a manifest lie?'

14. Why did they not bring four witnesses to *prove* it? Since they have not brought the *required* witnesses, they are indeed liars in the sight of Allāh!

15. Were it not for the grace of Allāh and His mercy upon you, in this world and the Hereafter, a great punishment would have befallen you for *the slander* into which you plunged.

\*16. When you received it *and then talked about it* with your tongues, and you uttered with your mouths that of which you had no knowledge, and you thought it to be a light matter, while in the sight of Allāh it was *a* grievous *thing*.

17. And wherefore did you not say, when you heard of it, 'It is not proper for us to talk about it. Holy art Thou, *O God*, this is a grievous calumny!'

18. Allāh admonishes you never to return to the like thereof, if you are believers.

19. And Allāh explains to you the commandments; and Allāh is All-Knowing, Wise.

لَوْ لَآ إِذْ سَمِعْتُمُوْكُ ظَنَّ الْمُؤْمِنُهْنَ وَ الْمُؤْمِنْتُ بِٱنْفُسِهِمْ خَيْرًا اوَ قَالُوْا هٰذَآ إِفْكَ مَّبِيْنَ@ لَوْ لَا جَاءُوْ عَلَيْهِ بِأَرْبَعَةٍ شُهَرَاءً فَإِذْ لَمْ يَأْتُوْا بِالشُّهَدَآءِ فَأُولَئِكَ عِنْدَ اللهِ هُمُرا (الْحُذِبُوْنَ) وَلَهُ لَا فَضْلُ الله عَلَيْكُمْ وَ رَحْمَتُهُ فى الدُّنْتِ وَ الْأَخِرَةِ لَمَسَّكُمْ فَي مَا ٱفَضْتُمْ فِنْهُ عَذَاتٌ عَظِيْمٌ أَ رِذْ تَـلَقَّوْنَـذَ بِٱلْسِنَتِكْمِرِوَ تَقُوْلُوْتَ بِٱفْوَاهِكُمْ مَّالَيْسَ لَكُمْرِبِهِ عِلْمَ وَّ تَحْسَبُوْنَهٔ هَيِّنًا ۗ وَّ هُوَ عِنْدَ اللهِ عَظنمُ ١ وَلَوْلاً إِذْ سَمِعْتُمُوْهُ قُلْتُمْرِمَّ لَنَا آنْ نَتَكَلَّمَ بِهٰذَاد سُبْحْنَكَ للمذابهتان عظيم ا يَعِظُكُمُ اللهُ أَنْ تَعُوْدُوْا لِمِثْلِهِ أَبَدًا اِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِيْنَ ٥ وَ مُتَيَّنُ اللَّهُ لَڪُمُ الْأَلِيتِ وَاللَّهُ عَلِ

حَكْثُمُ (٩)

\* 16. When you pick up the word spread by your tongues and start uttering with your mouths *that* of which you have no real knowledge and consider it to be of no significance, whereas in the sight of Allāh it is an enormity.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ (h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ (h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ (h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ (h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ (h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ (h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ (h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ (h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ (h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ (h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ (h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ (h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ )$ 

20. Those who love that immorality should spread among the believers, will have a painful punishment in this world and the Hereafter. And Allāh knows, and you know not.

21. And but for the grace of Allāh and His mercy upon you and the  $\bar{z}_{i}$ fact that Allāh is Compassionate  $\bar{z}_{i}$ and Merciful, you would have been ruined.

#### R. 3.

22. O ye who believe! follow not the footsteps of Satan, and whoso follows the footsteps of Satan *should know that* he surely enjoins immorality and manifest evil. And but for the grace of Allāh and His mercy upon you, not one of you would ever be pure, but Allāh purifies whom He pleases. And Allāh is All-Hearing, All-Knowing.

23. And let not those who possess wealth and plenty among you swear not to give *aught* to the kindred and to the needy and to those who have left their homes in \* the cause of Allāh. Let them forgive and pass over *the offence*. Do you not desire that Allāh should forgive you? And Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful. اِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ يُحِبُّوْنَ اَنْ تَشِيْعَ الْفَاحِشَةُ فِي الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا لَهُمْ عَذَابَ اَلِيْمُ سَ فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْاخِرَةِ وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ وَ اَنْتُمُ لَا تَعْلَمُوْنَ وَ لَوْ لَا فَضْلُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ وَ رَحْمَتُهُ وَ اَنَّ اللَّهَ رَءُوْفَ رَّحِيْمً شَ

آياً يُّهَا الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْالَا تَتَبِعُوْا خُطُوْتِ الشَّيْطُنِ وَمَنْ يَتَبَعِ خُطُوْتِ الشَّيْطُنِ فَإِنَّ لَا يَاْمُرُ بِالْفَحْشَاءِ وَالْمُنْكَرِ وَلَوْ لا فَضْلُ اللهِ عَلَيْكُمْ وَ رَحْمَتُهُ مَا زَحْى مِنْكُمْ مِّنْ اَحَدٍ اَبَدًا اوَّ لَحِنَّ اللهَ يُزَجِّيْ مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَاللهُ سَمِيحْ عَلِيْهُ شَرْ

ۇلايا ئىل اولواالغَضْلِمِنْ ڪُمْوَ السَّعَةِ ان يُؤْتُوَا اولِ الْقُرْلِى وَالْمَسْكِيْنَ وَالْمُهْجِرِيْنَ فِيْ سَبِيْلِ اللَّهِ وَلْيَعْفُوْا وَ لْيَصْفَحُوْا ، آلا تُحِبُّوْنَ انْ يَغْفِرَ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ ، وَ اللَّهُ غَفُوْرً دَّحِيْمٌ ؟

\*23. Let them forgive and **forbear**.

24. Verily, those who accuse chaste, unwary, believing women are cursed in this world and the Hereafter. And for them is a grievous chastisement,

25. On the day when their tongues and their hands and their feet will bear witness against them as to what they used to do.

26. On that day will Allāh pay them their just due, and they will know that Allāh alone is the Manifest Truth.

27. Bad things are for bad men, and bad men are for bad things. And good things are for good men, and good men are for good things; these are innocent of all that they (calumniators) allege. For them is forgiveness and an honourable provision.

## R. 4.

28. O ye who believe! enter not houses other than your own until you have asked leave and saluted the inmates thereof. That is better for you, that you may be heedful.

29. And if you find no one therein, do not enter them until you are given permission. And if it be said to you, 'Go back' then go back; that is purer for you. And Allāh knows well what you do.

30. It is no sin on your part to enter

انَّ الَّذِينَ يَرْمُوْنَ الْمُحْصَنْتِ الْعُفِلْتِ الْمُؤْمِنْتِ لُعِنُوْا فِي الدَّنْسَاوَ الْإِخْرَةِ مِ وَ لَهُمْ عَذَاتٌ عَظِيْمٌ شَ يَوْمَ تَشْهَدُ عَلَيْهِمْ ٱلْسِنَتُهُمْ وَ ٱيْدِيْمُ وَٱ (جُلُهُمْ بِمَاكَانُوْا يَعْمَلُوْنَ ٢ يۇمَبِّذِ يُوَقِيْهِ مُراللهُ دِيْنَهُمُ الْحَقَّ <u>وَيَعْلَمُوْنَ</u> أَنَّ اللَّهَ هُوَالْحَقُّ الْمُبِيْنُ ··· ٱلْخَبِيْ ثُتُ لِلْخَبِيدِ ثَيْنَ وَ الْخَبِيدَةُونَ لِلْخَبِيْثُتِ ۽ وَالطَّيِّبْتُ لِلطَّيِّبِيْنَ وَ الطَّيْبُوْنَ لِلطَّيِّبِتِ ، أُولْبُكَ مُبَرَّءُوْنَ مِحَا يَقُوْلُوْتَ ٢ لَهُمْ مَّغْفِرَةُ وَّ رِزْقُ بي ا ڪَريمُ 🗟 نَا تُبْعَا الَّذَيْنَ أَمَنُوْا<sup>:</sup> غَيْرَ بُيُوْتِكُمْ حَتَّى تَسْتَأْنِسُوْا وَ تُسَلَّمُوْا عَلَم حَالَهُما مَعْلَمُ خَبْرُ المحمد تَخَمَ تَذَكَّرُوْنَ فَإِنْ لَّمْ تَجِدُوْا فِيْهَآ اَحَدًا فَلَا تَدْخُلُوْهَا حَتْفٍ يُؤْذَنَ لَڪُمْ ، وَإِنْ قِبْلَ لَڪُمُر ارْجِعُوْا فَارْجِعُوْا هُوَ آزْخَى لَكُمْ ا وَاللهُ بِمَاتَعْمَلُوْنَ عَلِيْهُ مَا لَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمْ حُنَاحٌ إَنْ تَدْخُلُوْا

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (504)$   $(See details of transitieration on page \ p').$ 

uninhabited houses wherein are your goods. And Allāh knows what you reveal and what you conceal.

31. Say to the believing men that they restrain their eyes and guard their private parts. That is purer for them. Surely, Allāh is well aware of what they do.

\*32. And say to the believing women that they restrain their eyes and guard their private parts, and that they disclose not their natural and artificial beauty except that which is apparent thereof, and that they draw their head-coverings over their bosoms, and that they disclose not their beauty save to their husbands, or to their fathers, or the fathers of their husbands or their sons or the sons of their husbands or their brothers, or the sons of their brothers, or the sons of their sisters, or their women, or what their right hands possess, or such of male attendants as have no sexual appetite, or young children who have no knowledge of the hidden parts of women. And they strike not their feet so that what they hide of

غَبْرَ مَسْ كُوْنَة فَبْهَا مَتَاعً آ كُمْ . وَاللَّهُ بَعْلَمُ مَا تُبْدُوْنَ وَ مَا يَحْتُمُوْنَ ص قُلْ لَّلْهُؤْمِنِيْنَ بَغُضَّوْا مِنْ ٱبْصَارِهِمْ ۇ يىخۇظۇا فۇ ۋېچەھ د ذلك آ زىلى كەھ ي إِنَّ اللَّهُ خَبِيْرٌ بِمَا يَصْنَعُوْنَ ] وَ قُلْ لِّلْمُؤْمِنْتِ يَغْضُضُرِ مِنْ ٱيْصَارِهِنَّ وَ يَحْفَظْنَ فُرُوْجَهُنَّ وَلَا يُبْدِيْنَ زِيْنَتَهُنَّ إِلَّا مَا ظَهَرَ مِنْهَا ۇڭيى بەربىن بەخمىرھىتى تىلى جەيۇبلېتى م وَلَا سُبْدِيْنَ زِيْنَتَهُنَّ الَّهِ لِبُعُوْلَتِهِنَّ ٱوْ ابْآيْهِنَّ ٱوْابْآءِ بُعُوْلَتِهِنَّ ٱوْ ٱبْنَآيْهِنَّ اَوْ أَيْنَاءِ بُعُوْلَتِهِتَ اَوْ إِخْوَانِهِتَ أَوْ بِخْنَ اخْدَانِهِ أَوْ بَنْ أَخَاتِهِ أَوْ بِسَائِهِ اَوْ مَا مَلَكَتْ اَيْمَانُهُنَّ اَوِ التَّابِعِيْنَ غَيْر أولِب الْإِدْبَةِ مِنَ الرِّجَالِ أَو الطَّفْلِ الَّذِيْنَ لَمْ يَظْهَرُوْا عَ النَّسَاّءِ *ء*وَلَا يَضُربُنَ بِاَ (جُلِهِنَّ لِيُ

\* 32. And say to the believing women that they restrain their eyes and guard their private parts, and that they display not their beauty and embellishments except that which is apparent thereof, and that they draw their head-covers over their bosoms, and that they display not their beauty and embellishments thereof save to their husbands, or to their fathers, or the fathers of their husbands, or their sons or the sons of their husbands, or their brothers, or the sons of their brothers, or the sons of their brothers, or the sons of their brothers, or their sons of their sons or their sons or their sons or their much at their right hands possess, or such of male attendants who have no wickedness in them, or young children who have not yet attained any concept of the private parts of women. And they walk not in a style that such of their beauty as they conceal is noticed. And turn you to Allāh altogether, O believers, that you may succeed.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ range \ h \ range \ range$ 

their ornaments may become known. And turn ye to Allāh all together, O believers, that you may succeed.

33. And marry widows from among you, and your male slaves and female slaves who are fit *for marriage*. If they be poor, Allāh will grant them means out of His bounty; and Allāh is Bountiful, All-knowing.

34. And those who find no means of marriage should keep themselves chaste, until Allah grants them means out of His bounty. And such as desire a deed of manumission in writing from among those whom vour right hands possess, write it for them if you know any good in them; and give them out of the wealth of Allah which He has bestowed upon you. And force not your maids to unchaste life by keeping them unmarried if they desire to keep chaste, in order that you may seek the gain of the present life. But if any one forces them, then after their compulsion Allāh will be Forgiving and Merciful to them.

35. And We sent down to you manifest Signs, and the example of those who have passed away before you, and an exhortation to the Godfearing.

مَا يُخْفِيْنَ مِنْ زِيْنَتِهِتْ وَ تُوْبُوْا إِلَى الله حمثعا آثه المؤمنون تُفْاحُوْنَ، وَ ٱنْكِحُوا الْآيَاطْي مِنْكُمْرُوَ الصَّهِ ڡؚڹٛۼؾٳڋڲؙۿڔۘۘۘۅؘٳڡۜٵؖؖؠڲٛۿڔ؞ٳڽٛڗڲۉ فُقَرَاء بُغْنِهِمُ اللَّهُ مِنْ فَضْلِه ﴿ وَاللَّهُ وَاسِحٌ عَلْمُ ٣ ستتغفف الذين كايجدون نكاحًا حَتى بُغْنِتَهُمُ اللهُ مِنْ فَضْلِه ﴿ وَالَّذِينَ تشتغذت الكثت ممهاتم ٱىْمَانُكْمْ فَكَاتِبُوْهُمْ إِنْ عَلِمْ خَبْرًا ۖ ۖ وَاتُوْهُمْ مِّرْتَ مَّ البذقي التديحُش وَلَا تُحْرِهُوْا فَتَدْ عَلَى الْبِغَآءِ إِنْ ٱ زَدْنَ تَحَصَّدً عَرَضَ الْحَلِوةِ الدَّنْسَاء وَمَنْ يُكُرِهُهُنَّ فَاتَّاللَّهُ مِنْ بَعْدِ إِكْرَاهِهِنَّ غَفُوْرً رَّجِئْمُ وَ لَقَدْ وَّ مَتَأَد مِنَ الَّذَبِينَ خَلَوْا مِنْ قَدْ وَمَوْعِظَةً لَّلْمُتَّقِبْنَ أَ

\*34. And those of your slaves who desire a deed of liberation to be contracted, write it down for them if you see in them any good *potential* and give them out of that wealth which *truly* belongs to Allāh which He has bestowed upon you.

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u & \mid \mid th & \vdots \mid h \ \tau \mid kh \ \dot{\tau} \mid dh \ \dot{s} \mid \delta & s \ of \ \underbrace{506}_{506} \ d & i \ \dot{s} \mid \dot{s}$ 

R. 5.

36. Allāh is the Light of the heavens and the earth. The similitude of His light is as a *lustrous* niche, wherein is a lamp. The lamp is in a glass. The glass is as it were a glittering star. It is lit from a blessed tree—an olive—neither of the east nor of the west, whose oil would well-nigh glow forth even though fire touched it not. Light upon light! Allāh guides to His light whomsoever He will. And Allāh sets forth parables to men, and Allāh knows all things full well.

37. *This light is now lit* in houses with regard to which Allāh has ordained that they be exalted and that His name be remembered in \*them. Therein is He glorified in the mornings and the evenings

\*38. By men, whom neither merchandise nor traffic diverts from the remembrance of Allāh and the observance of Prayer, and the giving of the Zakāt. They fear a day in which hearts and eyes will be agitated,

39. So that Allāh may give them the best reward of their deeds, and give them increase out of His bounty. And Allāh does provide for whomsoever He pleases without measure. ٱىلْمُنُوْرَ السَّموٰتِ وَالْارْضِ مَتَلُ نُوْرِم كَمِشْكُوةٍ فِيْهَا مِصْبَاحٌ مَالْمِصْبَاحٌ فِيْ زُجَاجَةٍ مَالنَّجَاجَةً كَانَّهَا كَوْكَبَ دُرِّيَّ يُوْقَدُ مِنْ شَجَرَةٍ مُبْرَكَةٍ زَيْتُوْنَةٍ لَا شَرَقِيَّةٍ وَكَاغَرْبِيَّةٍ ايَكَادُ نُوْرً عَلٰى يُضِيَّ وَلَوْ لَمْ تَصْسَسْ مُنَارُ مُنُورً عَلٰى نُوْرٍ مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَ يَشْرِبُ اللَّهُ الْاَمْتَالَ لِلنَّاسِ مَ فِيْهَا اسْمُهُ ايُسَبِّحُ لَهُ فِيْهَا بِالْغُدُقِ وَ الْأُصَالِ عَ

رِجَالَ الَّا تُلْهِيْهِمْ تِجَارَةً وَّ لَا بَيْحٌ عَنْ فِحْرِ اللَّهِ وَ الْتَامِ الصَّلُوةِ وَ اِيْتَاء الزَّحُوةِ لَي يَخَافُوْنَ يَوْمًا تَتَقَلَّبُ فِيْهِ الْقُلُوْبُ وَالْا بَصَارُ شَّ لِي جَزِيهُمُ اللَّهُ اَحْسَبَ مَا عَمِلُوْا وَ يَزِيْدَهُمْ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ ﴿ وَ اللَّهُ يَرْزُقُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ بِغَيْرِ حِسَابِ ٢

**\***37. Glorify Him therein in the mornings and the evenings;

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (see details of transiteration on page 'p').$ 

<sup>\*38.</sup> Men whom neither trade nor commerce makes oblivious of the remembrance of Allāh and the observance of Prayer, and the giving of the Zakāt.

200

\*40. And *as to* those who disbelieve, their deeds are like a mirage in a desert. The thirsty one thinks it to be water until, when he comes up to it, he finds it to be nothing. And he finds Allāh near him, Who then fully pays him his account; and Allāh is swift at reckoning.

41. Or *their deeds are* like thick darkness in a vast and deep sea, which a wave covers, over which there is another wave, above which are clouds: layers of darkness, one upon another. When he holds out his hand, he can hardly see it: and he whom Allāh gives no light—for him there is no light at all.

R. 6.

42. Hast thou not seen that it is Allāh Whose praises all who are in the heavens and the earth celebrate, and *so do* the birds with their wings outspread? Each one knows his own *mode of* prayer and praise. And Allāh knows well what they do.

43. And to Allāh belongs the kingdom of the heavens and the earth, and to Allāh shall be the return.

44. Hast thou not seen that Allāh drives the clouds, then joins them together, then piles them up so that thou seest rain issue forth from the midst thereof? And He sends down

٥ اتَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا اعْمَالُهُمْ حَسَرًا إِ
 ١ يَقِيْعَةٍ يَّحْسَبُهُ الظَّمَانُ مَاءً ٢ حَتَّى
 ١ يقيعة يَحْسَبُهُ الظَّمَانُ مَاءً ٢ حَتَّى
 ١ يَاءَ ٢ لَمْ يَجِدْهُ شَيْعًا وَ وَجَدَ اللَّهُ
 عَنْدَهُ فَوَقْعَهُ حِسَابَهُ ٢ وَاللَّهُ سَرِيْعُ
 ١ يَحْسَابِ الْحَابَ فَيْ وَيَ بَحْرٍ لَّبِيَّةٍ يَعْشَدُهُ مَوْجً
 ١ تَحْسَلُهُ مَوْجٌ مِنْ فَوْقِهِ سَحَابً
 تَحْدَهُ لَمْ يَحْمَ بَعْنَ عَنْ عَامَ مَوْجَةَ مَوْ
 تَحْدَمُهُ مَوْجٌ مِنْ فَوْقِهِ سَحَابً
 تَحْدَهُ لَمْ تَحْمَى
 تَحْدَمُ لَهُ مَوْجً مِنْ فَوْقِهِ سَحَابً
 تَحْدَمُ لَهُ تَحْمَى
 تَحْدَمُ لَعْ يَحْمَى
 تَحْدَمُ لَعْدَمَ مَوْ
 تَحْدَمُ لَهُ مَوْحَةً مَوْ
 تَحْدَمُ لَعْهُ وَقَابَعْنِ اللَّهُ مَاءً
 تَحْدَمُ لَعْهُ مَوْ
 تَحْدَمُ لَعْ يَحْمَى
 تَحْدَمُ لَعْهُ مَوْ
 تَحْدَمُ لَعْ يَحْمَى
 تَحْدَمُ مَاهُ عَنْ يَعْنَ عَنْ عَامَ مَاءً

وَ بِتُهِ مُلْكُ السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْأَدْضِ ، وَ إِلَى التَّهِ الْمَصِيْرُ @

ٱكَمْ تَرَانَّ اللَّهَ يُزْجِيْ سَحَابًا ثُمَّ يُؤَلِّفُ بَيْنَهُ ثُمَّ يَجْعَلُهُ دُكَامًا فَتَرَى الْوَدْقَ يَخُرُجُ مِنْ خِلْلِهِ • وَ يُنَزِّلُ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ

\*40. And *as to* those who disbelieve, their deeds are like a mirage in a desert. **One who is thirsty considers it to be water** until when he comes up to it, he finds it to be nothing. **And he finds Allāh to be there Who fully pays him his account**; And Allāh is swift at reckoning.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ (h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ (508 \ distance{508}{0}) \ on \ page \ p').$ 

#### قَدْ ٱفْلَحَ ٨ - Part 18

from the sky *clouds like* mountains wherein is hail, and He smites therewith whom He pleases, and turns it away from whom He pleases. The flash of its lightning may well-nigh take away the sight. 45. Allāh alternates the night and the day. Therein surely is a lesson for those who have eyes.

\*46. And Allāh has created every animal from water. Of them are *some* that go upon their bellies, and of them are *some* that go upon two feet, and among them are *some* that go upon four. Allāh creates what He pleases. Surely, Allāh has the power to do all that He pleases.

47. We have indeed sent down manifest Signs. And Allāh guides whom He pleases to the right path.

48. And they say, 'We believe in Allāh and in the Messenger and we obey;' then after that some of them turn away. But such are not believers.

49. And when they are called to Allāh and His Messenger that he may judge between them, lo! a party of them turn away.

50. And if *they consider* the right *to be* on their side, they come to him running in *all* submission.

مِنْ جبّالٍ فِيْهَا مِنْ بَرَدٍ فَيُصِيْبُ بِهِ مَنْ تَيَشَاءُ وَ يَصْرِفُهُ عَنْ مَّنْ تَيَشَاءً يَحَادُ سَنَا بَرْقِهِ يَذْهَبُ بِالْأَبْصَارِ شَ يُقَلِّبُ اللهُ الَّثِلَ وَالنَّهَارَ إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَعِبْرَةً يَّلُوبِي الْأَبْصَارِ، وَاللهُ خَلَقَ كُلَّ دَأَبَّةٍ مِّنْ مَّاءٍ، فَمِنْهُمُ مَنْ يَمْشَىٰ عَلَى بَطْنِيهِ ، وَمِنْهُمْ مَّنْ يَمْشِيْ عَلْى رِجْلَيْنِ ، وَ مِنْهُمْ مَّنْ ؾۜۿۺۣؽۣۼڮٙۘٵۯڹ<u>ۼ</u>؞ؾڂٛڵۊؙٵٮڵؗؗؗؗؗؗ؋ؙڡٵؾۺؘٳٵ اِنَّ اللهُ عَلى كُلَّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرُ ٢ كَقَدْ ٱنْزَلْنَ ٓ الْيَتِ مُبَيِّنْتٍ وَاللَّهُ يَهْدِي مَنْ يَشَاءُ إِلَى صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقَبْم ٢ و يَقُوْلُوْنَ أَمَنًا بِاللهِ وَ بِالرَّسُوْلِ وَاطَعْنَا ثُمَّرِيَتَوَلَّى فَرِيْقَ مِّنْهُمْ مِّنْ بَعْدِ ذٰلِكَ، وَمَآ ٱولَبِكَ بِالْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ٢ وَإِذَا دُعُوْا إِلَى اللهِ وَ رَسُوْلِهِ لِيَحْكُمَ بَيْنَهُمْ إِذَا فَرِيْقٌ مِّنْهُمْ شُعْرِضُوْنَ 🔊 وَ إِنْ تَكُنْ لُّهُمُ الْحَقُّ كَأْتُوْا إِلَيْهِ مُزْعنيْنَ،

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (see details of transiteration on page 'p').$ 

<sup>\*46.</sup> And Alläh has created every animal from water. Of them are *some* that **crawl** upon their bellies, and of them are *some* that go upon two feet, and among them are *some* that go upon four.

51. Is it that there is a disease in their hearts? Or do they doubt, or do they fear that Allah and His the wrongdoers.

#### R. 7.

52. The response of the believers, when they are called to Allah and His Messenger in order that he may judge between them, is only that they say: 'We hear and we obey.' And it is they who will prosper.

53. And whoso obeys Allah and His Messenger, and fears Allah, and takes Him as a shield for protection, it is they who will be successful.

54. And they swear by Allah their oaths that, if thou strongest command them, they will surely go forth. Say, 'Swear not; what is required is actual obedience in what is right. Surely, Allah is well aware of what you do.'

\*55. Say, 'Obey Allāh, and obey the Messenger.' But if you turn away, then upon him is his burden, and upon you is your burden. And if you obey him, you will be rightly guided. And the messenger is not responsible but for the plain delivery of the Message.

56. Allāh has promised to those

أفْ قُلُوْ بِهِمْ مَّرَضٍ أَمِرِ إِذْتَا بُوْا أَمْرِ يَخَافُوْنَ أَنْ يَحْتُفُ وَرَسُوْلُهُ مَبْلُ أُولَئِكَ هُمُ الظَّلِمُوْنَ ﴾ ﴿ Nessenger will be unjust to them?

> إِنَّهَا كَانَ قَوْلَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ إِذَا دُعُوْا إلى الله وَرَسُوْلِهِ لِيَحْكُمَ بَيْنَهُمْ أَنْ تَقُوْلُوْا سَمِعْنَا وَ أَطَعْنَا وَ أُو لَنُكَ هُ الْمُفْلِحُوْنَ@

> وَ مَنْ تُطِعِ اللَّهَ وَ رَسُوْلَهُ وَ بَخْشَ اللَّهَ وَيَتَّقِه فَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْفَأْئِزُوْنَ @

> وَ ٱقْسَمُوْا بِاللَّهِ جَهْدَ ٱبْمَا يَهُمْ لَبُنْ آمَرْتَهُمْ لَيَخْرُجُنَّ ﴿ قُلْلَّا تُقْسِمُوْنَ طَاعَةً مَّعْرُوْفَةً داِنَّ اللهَ خَبِيْزُ بِمَا تعملەن،

> قُلْ أَطِبْعُوا اللَّهَ وَ أَطِيْعُوا الرَّسُوْلَ» فَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَإِنَّهَا عَلَيْهِ مَا حُمِّلَ وَ عَلَيْكُمْ مَّا حُمَّلْتُمْ إِذَانَ تُطِيْعُوْهُ تَهْتَدُوْا ﴿ وَمَاعَلَى الرَّسُوْلِ إِلَّا الْبَلْعُ الَّمُبِيْنُ@ وَعَدَائلُهُ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا

ء ' اق q الج الج الج الج الج الح t الف ج الح t الف ج الج الج الج الج الج a i u | th ت h 7 | kh 7 | dh أ اله r | kh 7 | kh 7 | dh أ اله r | kh 7 | kh 7 | dh أ اله r | kh 7 | kh 7 | dh أ ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

<sup>\* 55.</sup> Say, 'Obey Allah, and obey the Messenger.' And if they turn away then remember, whoever does so will be held responsible for that reposed in him, as also you will be held responsible for that which is reposed in you.

among you who believe and do good works that He will surely make them Successors in the earth, as He made Successors *from among* those who were before them; and that He will surely establish for them their religion which He has chosen for them; and that He will surely give them in exchange security *and peace* after their fear: They will worship Me, *and* they will not associate anything with Me. Then whoso is ungrateful after that, they will be the rebellious.

57. And observe Prayer and give the Zakāt and obey the Messenger, that you may be shown mercy.

58. Think not that those who disbelieve can frustrate *Our plan* in the earth; their abode is Hell; and it is indeed an evil resort.

### R. 8.

59. O ye who believe! let those whom your right hands possess, and those of you who have not attained to puberty, ask leave of you at three times *before coming into your presence*: before the morning Prayer, and when you take off your clothes at noon in summer, and after the night Prayer. *These are* three times of privacy for you. At *times* other than these there is no blame on you or on them, *for* they have to move about *waiting upon* you, some of you *attending* upon

الصِّلِحْتِ لَيَسْتَخْلِفَنَّهُمْ فِي الْآدُضَ كَمَاسْتَخْلَفَ الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ مَ وَلَيُمَكِّنَتَ لَهُمْ دِينَهُمُ الَّذِي ادْتَضْ لَهُمْ وَ لَيُبَرِّلَنَّهُمْ مِّنْ بَعْدِ خَوْفِهِمْ اَمْنًا م يَعْبُدُوْنَنِيْ لَا يُشْرِكُوْنَ بِيْ شَيْئًا وَ مَنْ كَفَرَبَعْدَ ذٰلِكَ فَاوُلَئِكَ هُمُ الْفُسِقُوْنَ۞

وَ اَقِيْمُوا الصَّلُوةَ وَ أَتُوا الزَّحُوةَ وَاَطِيْعُوا الرَّسُوْلَ لَعَلَّ حُمْتُ (حَمُوْنَ ٤ لَا تَحْسَبَنَّ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا مُعْجِزِيْنَ في الْاَرْضِ، وَمَاوْمُمُ النَّارُ وَلَبِئْسَ الْمَصِيْرُهَ

آياكَيْهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا لِيَسْتَأْذِنْكُمُ الَّذِيْنَ مَلَكَتْ آيْمَانُكُمْ وَالَّذِيْنَ لَمْ يَبْلُغُوا الْحُلُمَ مِنْكُمْ ثَلْتَ مَرَّتٍ مِنْ قَبْلِ صَلْوةِ الْفَجْرِ وَحِيْنَ تَضَعُوْنَ ثِيَا بَكُمْ مِّنَ الظَّهِيْرَةِ وَمِنْ بَعْدِ صَلْوةِ الْعِشَاءَ تَلْتُ عَوْلَتٍ لَّكُمْ لَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمْ وَلَا عَلَيْهِمْ جُنَاحٌ بَعْدَهُنَ لَيْسَ طَوَّانُوْنَ عَلَيْكُمْ بَعْضُكُمْ عَلْى بَعْضٍ ل

ی ک

others. Thus does Allāh make plain to you the Signs; for Allāh is All-Knowing, Wise.

60. And when the children among you attain to puberty, they *too* should ask permission, even as those *mentioned* before them asked permission. Thus does Allāh make plain to you His commandments; and Allāh is All-Knowing, Wise.

\*61. As to elderly women, who have no desire for marriage—there is no blame on them if they lay aside their *outer* clothing without displaying their beauty. But to abstain *from that even* is better for them. And Allāh is All-Hearing, All-Knowing.

62. There is no harm for the blind and there is no harm for the lame. and there is no harm for the sick and none for yourselves, that you eat from your own houses, or the houses of your fathers, or the houses of your mothers or the houses of your brothers, or the houses of your sisters, or the houses of your fathers' brothers or the houses of your fathers' sisters, or the houses of your mothers' brothers, or the houses of your mothers' sisters, or from that of which the keys are in your possession, or from the house of a

كَذٰلِكَ يُبَيِّنُ اللهُ لَكُمُ الْأَيْتِ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيْمُ ٢ وَإِذَا يَلَغَ الْأَطْفَالُ مِنْكُمُ الْحُلُمَ فَلْكَسْتَادْنُوْا كَمَا اسْتَاذَىَ الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ مِ خَذْلِكَ يُبَيِّنُ اللَّهُ لَكُمْرِ التهاؤالله عليم حكيم ٠ وَ الْقَوَاعِدُمِنَ النِّسَاءِ الَّتِي لَا يَرْجُوْنَ ز کَاهًا فَلَنْسَ عَلَيْهِنَّ حُنَاحٌ أَنْ يَضَعْنَ ثِيَابَهُنَّ غَيْرَمُ تَبَرِّجْتٍ بِزِيْنَةٍ وَأَنْ يَسْتَعْفِفْنَ خَبْرً لَّهُنَّ ﴿ وَ اللَّهُ سَمِنَعُ عَلِيْهُ () لَنْسَ عَلَى الْأَعْلَى حَرَجٌ وَّارْعَلَى الْأَعْرَج حَرَجُ وَّكَاعَلَى الْمَرِيْضِ حَرَجُ وَّ لَا عَلَى ٱنْفُسِكُمْ آنْ تَأْكُلُوْا مِنْ بُلُوْتِكُمْ أَوْ ؠؙؽۉڗٳڹٳؘٮؙؙؙؙؙۘڝٛۿڔٳؘۉؠؙؽۉڗؚٳؙڗؙۿؾػؙۿڔٳؘۉ سُبُوْتٍ إِخْوَانِكُمْ أَوْ سُيُوْتٍ أَخَوْتِكُمْ ٱۮؚٮؙٮؙۉ**ؾٱڠڝؘٳڡؚػؙۿڔ**ؘٳۮؚۑؙؽۉؾۼڟؾػٛۿڔ ٱ<u>ۉ</u> ٮُبُوْتِ ٱخْوَالِكُمْ ٱوْ بُيُوْتٍ خْلْتِكْمْر اَدْ مَامَلَكْتُمْ مَّفَاتِحَةَ اَوْ صَدِيقِكُمْ -لَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمْ حُنَّاحٌ إَرِبْ تَاكُلُوْا

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau | \ h \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \ \dot{\tau}$ 

<sup>\*61.</sup> As to elderly women, who are past marriageable age, there is no blame on them if they lay aside their *outer* garments but do not deliberately display their charms. And if they prefer to exercise more caution to guard their purity it is even better for them.

### قَدْ ٱفْلَحَ ٨ - Part 18

friend of yours. There is no harm for you whether you eat together or separately. But when you enter houses, salute your people—a greeting from your Lord, full of blessing and purity. Thus does Allāh make plain to you the commandments, that you may understand.

#### R. 9.

\*63. Those only are true believers who believe in Allah and His Messenger, and who, when they are with him on some matter of common importance which has brought them together, go not away until they have asked leave of him. Surely those who ask leave of thee. it is they who really believe in Allah and His Messenger. So, when they ask thy leave for some affair of theirs, give leave to those of them whom thou pleasest, and ask forgiveness for them of Allah. Surely, Allah is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

64. Treat not the calling of the Messenger among you like the calling of one of you to another. Allāh does know those of you who steal away covertly. So let those who go against His command beware lest a trial afflict them or a

جَمِيْعًا ٱوْ ٱشْتَاتًا وَلَاذَا كَخَلْتُمْ بُيُوْتًا فَسَلِّمُوْا عَلَى ٱنْفُسِكُمْ تَحِيَّةً مِّنْ عِنْرِاللَّهِ مُلْرَكَةً طَيِّبَةً وكَذْلِكَ يُبَيِّنُ اللَّهُ لَكُمُ الْأَيْتِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَعْقِلُوْنَ ﴾ -

اِنَّمَا الْمُؤْمِنُوْتَ الَّذِيْنَ اَمَنُوْا بِاللَّهِ وَ رَسُوْلِهٖ وَ اِذَا كَانُوْا مَعَهٔ عَلَى آمْرٍ جَامِعٍ لَّمْ يَذْهَبُوْا حَتَّى يَسْتَاذِنُوْهُ -اِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِاللَّهِ وَ رَسُوْلِهٖ ۽ فَاذَا اسْتَاذَنُوْكَ لِبَعْضِ شَانِهِمْ فَاذَنْ لِمَنْ شِئْتَ مِنْهُمْ وَاسْتَغْفِرْ لَهُمُ اللَّهَ -اِنَّ اللَّهُ غَفُوْرًا تَحِيْمُ ؟

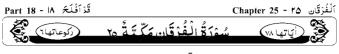
َلَا تَجْعَلُوْا دُعَاءَ الرَّسُوْلِ بَيْنَكُمْ كَدُعَاءِ بَعْضِكُمْ بَعْضًا - قَدْ يَعْلَمُ اللَّهُ الَّذِيْنَ يَتَسَلَّلُوْنَ مِنْكُمْ لِوَاذًا -فَلْيَحْذَرِالَّذِيْنَ يُخَالِفُوْنَ عَنْ آمْرِ ﴾

<sup>\*63.</sup> Verily, the true believers are only those who believe in Alläh and His Messenger and do not leave without seeking permission from him when they are with him on some matter of collective importance. Surely, those who ask leave of you, it is they who *really* believe in Alläh and His Messenger. So, when they ask your leave for some affair of theirs, give leave to those of them whom you please, and ask forgiveness of Alläh for them.

قَدْ أَفْلَحَ  A - اA قَدْ أَفْلَحَ	AN	NŪR	اَنتُّور ۲۲ - Chapter 24
grievous punishment	overtake	ةً أَوْ يُصِيْبَهُمْ	أَنْ تُصِيْبَهُمْ فِتْنَا
them.			عَذَابٌ أَلِيْمُ @
*65. Hearken ye! To Allāh belongs		لموت و الأرض.	ٱكْمَاقَ بِتْهِمَا فِي السَّا
whatsoever is in the heavens and the earth. He does know in what		عَلَيْهِ ، وَيَوْمَ	قَدْيَعْلَمُ مَا أَنْتُمْ ٤
condition you are. And on the day when they will be returned unto		ھُمْ بِمَا عَمِلُوْا	يُرْجَعُوْنَ اِلَيْهِ فَيُنَبِّئُ
Him, He will inform the they did. And Allāl	n of what	Y -	وَ اللهُ بِڪُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيْ

everything full well.

**\***65. Hearken ye! To Allāh belongs whatsoever is in the heavens and the earth. **Verily, He knows what you are.** And on the day when they will be returned **to** Him, He will inform them of what they did.



AL-FURQÂN (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. Blessed is He Who has sent down the Discrimination to His servant, that he may be a Warner to all the worlds—

3. He to Whom belongs the kingdom of the heavens and the earth. And He has taken unto Himself no son, and has no partner in the kingdom, and has created everything, and has ordained for it *its* proper measure.

4. Yet they have taken beside Him gods, who create nothing but are themselves created, and who have no power to harm or benefit themselves and they control not death nor life nor resurrection.

5. And those who disbelieve say, 'It is naught but a lie which he has forged, and other people have helped him with it.' Indeed, they  $\int_{a}^{\frac{3}{2}}$ have brought forth an injustice and  $\int_{a}^{\frac{3}{2}}$ an untruth.

6. And they say, '*These are* fables of the ancients; *and* he has got them written down, and they are dictated to him morning and evening.'

7. Say, 'He Who knows *every* secret *that is* in the heavens and the earth has revealed it. Verily, He is Most Forgiving, Merciful.'

بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () تَبْرَكَ الَّذِيْ نَزَّلَ الْفُرْقَانَ عَلْى عَبْدِع لِيَكُوْنَ لِلْعُلَمِيْنَ نَزِيْرَا الْ

إِلَّذِيْ لَهُ مُلْكُ السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْاَرْضِ وَلَمْ يَتَّخِذْ وَلَدًا وَّ لَمْ يَكُنْ لَّهُ شَرِيْكَ فِي الْمُلْكِ وَ خَلَقَ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ فَقَدَّرَهُ تَقْدِيْرًا ()

وَاتَّخَذُوْا مِنْ دُوْنِهٖ اللِهَةَ لَا يَخْلُقُوْنَ شَيْطًا وَ هُمْ يُخْلَقُوْنَ وَ لَا يَمْلِكُوْنَ لِا نُفْسِهِمْ ضَرًّا وَ لانَفْعًا وَ لَا يَمْلِكُوْنَ مَوْتَاوَ لَا حَلُوةً وَ لانَشُوْرًا صَ وَقَالَ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا الْ هٰذَا الَّا افْكُ افْتَرْبَهُ وَ آعَانَهٔ عَلَيْهِ قَوْمً اخْرُوْنَ ا فَقَدْ جَاءُوْظُلُمًا وَ زُوْرًا صَ فَعِيْتُمْلْ عَلَيْهِ بُكْرَةً وَ آصِيْلًا (

ۛۛڰؙڵٱڹٛۯؘڵۿٵڷۜڹۣؽٛؽۼڶؘۿٵڶڛؚۜڗۜٞڣۣٵڶۺۜڂۏؾ ۅؘٵڷؚ٦ۯۻ؞ٳڹۜۧۿؙػؘٵؿۼؘڣٛۉۯٵڗۧڿؽڡٞٵ۞

8. And they say, 'What is the matter with this Messenger that he eats food, and walks in the streets? Why has not an angel been sent down to him that he might be a warner with him?

9. 'Or a treasure should have been thrown down to him, or he should have had a garden to eat therefrom.' And the wrongdoers say, 'You follow none but a man bewitched.'

10. See how they coin similitudes for thee! Thus they have gone astray and cannot find a way.

# R. 2.

11. Blessed is He Who, if He please, will assign thee better than all that— Gardens through which rivers flow—and will *also* assign thee palaces.

12. Nay, they deny the Hour, and for those who deny the Hour We have prepared a blazing fire.

13. When it sees them from a place far off, they will hear its raging and roaring.

14. And when they are thrown into a narrow place thereof, chained together, they will pray there for destruction.

15. 'Pray not today for one destruction, but pray for many destructions.'

16. Say, 'Is that better or the Garden of Eternity, which is promised to

وَقَالُوْا مَالِ هٰذَا الرَّسُوْلِ بَا حُكُ الطَّحَامَ وَيَمْشِيْ فِي الْإِسْوَاقِ لَهُ لَا أَنْزِلَ إِلَيْهِ مَلَكٌ فَتَكُوْنَ مَعَهُ نَذِيرًا ٥ اَوْ يُلْقَى إِلَيْهِ كَنْزُ اَوْ تَكُوْنُ لَهُ جَنَّةً يَّاكُلُ مِنْهَا ، وَقَالَ الظَّلِمُوْتَ إِنْ تَتَّبعُوْن إلَّا رَجُلًا مَسْحُوْرًا آ ٱنْظُرْ كَيْفَ ضَرِّيُوْا لِكَ الْآمَثَالَ فَضَلُّوْا بغ ال فَلَا يَسْتَطِيْعُوْنَ سَبِيُلًا تَبْرَكَ الَّذِي إِنْ شَاءَ جَعَلَ لَكَ خَيْرًا مِّنْ ذٰلِكَ جَنّْتٍ تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهُرُ وَيَجْعَلْ لَّكَ قُصُوْرًا ( بَلْ كَذَّبُوْا بِالسَّاعَةِ ، وَاَعْتَدْنَا لِمَنْ كَذَّب بِالسَّاعَةِ سَعِيْرًا شَ إِذَا رَاتُهُمْ مِّنْ مَّكَانُ بَعِيْدٍ سَمِعُوْا لَهَا تَغَيُّظًاوً زَفَيْرًا @ وَ إِذَا ٱلْقُوْا مِنْهَا مَكَانًا ضَيِّقًا مُقَرَّنِيْنَ دَعَوْا هُنَالِكَ ثُلُوْرًا ١ لَا تَدْعُوا الْبَوْمَ ثُبُوْدًا وَّاحِدًا وَّادْعُوْا ثُبُهْرًا كَتْبُرًا، قُلْ اَذٰلِكَ خَيْرً اَمْ جَنَّةُ الْخُلْدِ الَّتِيْ

the righteous? It will be their reward and resort.'

17. They will have therein whatsoever they desire, abiding *therein for ever*. It is a promise from thy Lord, to be *always* prayed for.

18. And the day when He will assemble them and those whom they worship beside Allāh, He will ask, 'Was it you who led astray these My servants, or did they *themselves* stray away from the path?'

19. They will say, 'Holy art Thou! It was not proper for us to take protectors other than Thee; but Thou didst bestow on them and their fathers the good things *of this life* until they forgot the admonition and became a ruined people.'

20. Then We shall say to the idolaters: 'Now have they given you the lie regarding what you said, so you cannot avert the punishment or get help.' And whosoever among you does wrong, We shall make him taste a grievous punishment.

21. And We never sent any Messengers before thee but surely they ate food and walked in the streets. And We make some of you a trial for others. Will you *then* be steadfast? And thy Lord is All-Seeing.

ۇعِدَ الْمُتَّقُوْنَ - كَانَتْ لَهُمْ جَزَاءً وَمَصِيْرًا لَهُمْ فِيْهَا مَا يَشَاءُوْنَ خْلِدِيْنَ -كَانَ عَلَى رَبِّكَ وَعُدًا مَّسْعُوْلًا ٤

٤ تَوْمَ يَحْشُرُهُمْ وَمَا يَعْبُدُوْنَ مِنْ
دُوْنِ اللهِ فَيَقُوْلُ ٢ آنْتُمُ آضْلَلْتُمْ
عِبَادِيْ هَؤُلاً ٢ آمُهُمْ ضَلُوا السَّبِيْلَ ٥

قَالُوْا سُبْحْنَكَ مَاكَانَ يَنْبَغِيْ لَنَا آنْ نَتَتَخِذَ مِنْ دُوْنِكَ مِنْ آوْلِيَاءَ وَ لَكِنْ مَتَّعْتَهُمْ وَ أَبَاءَهُمْ حَتَّى نَسُوا الزِّحْرَ، وَكَانُوْا قَوْمًا بُوْرًا () نَقَدْ كَذَّبُوْحُمْ بِمَا تَقُوْلُوْنَ ا فَمَا تَشْتَطِيْعُوْنَ صَرْفًا وَ لَا نَصْرًا ، وَ مَنْ يَظْلِمْ مِنْكُمْ نُزِقْهُ عَذَابًا كَبِيْرًا ()

وَمَآ ٱ (سَلْنَا قَبْلَكَ مِنَ الْمُرْسَلِيْنَ الَّكَ إِنَّهُمْ لَيَا حُلُوْنَ الطَّحَامَ وَ يَمْشُوْنَ فِ الْاَسُوَاقِ ، وَ جَحَلْنَا بَعْضَكُمْ لِبَعْضٍ فِتْنَةً ، ٱ تَصْبِرُوْنَ ، وَكَانَ دَبُّكَ بَصِيْرًا أُ

لا الله

R. 3.

22. And those who look not for a meeting with Us say: 'Why are angels not sent down to us? Or why do we not see our Lord?' Surely they are too proud of themselves and have greatly exceeded the bounds

23. On the day when they see the angels-there will be no good tidings on that day for the guilty; and they will say: 'Would that there were a great barrier!'

\*24. And We shall turn to the works they did and We shall scatter it into particles of dust.

25. The inmates of Heaven on that day will be better off as regards their abode, and better off in respect of their place of repose.

26. And the day when the heaven shall be rent asunder with the clouds, and the angels shall be sent down in large numbers-

27. The true kingdom shall that day belong to the Gracious God; and it shall be a hard day for the disbelievers.

\*28. Remember the day when the wrongdoer will bite his hands; he will say, 'O, would that I had taken the same way with the Messenger!

29. 'Ah, woe is me! Would that I had never taken such a one for a friend!

يَرْجُوْنَ لِقَاءَنَا ﴾ وَقَالَ الَّذِيْنَ ٧ لَهُ لَآ ٱنْزِلَ عَلَيْنَا الْمَلَّ ، تَنَا د لَقَدا شِ تَڪْ بَ وَعَتَهْ عُتُوًّ اكَبِيْرًا m يَهْمَ يَرَوْنَ الْمَ ىەمىئىز لِلْمُجْرِمِيْنَ وَ يَقُوْلُوْنَ مَّحْحُوْرًا٣ وَقَدَمْنَآ إِلَى مَا عَمِلُوْا فَحَعَلْنَهُ هَيَاءً مَّنْثُوْرًا أضحب المحتبة تؤمئذخة وَ ٱحْسَنُ مَقَيْلُا ٢ تَشَقَّةُ، السَّمَاءُ بِالْغَمَا الْمِلَّ كَةُ تَنْزِيلُ ٱلْمُلْكُ مَهْمَنْ الْحَقَّ وَ جَانَ بَهُ مَّا عَبَلَ الْكُفِرِينَ عَا وَ يَهْمَ يَعَضُّ الظَّالِمُ عَلَى يَدَيْهِ لەتىكە كىتە كەتخەنكە كتاخە فكر

ء ' ا ق p ا غ h ا ظ z ا ط t ا ف p م ا خ ا م ب ا ف م م ع ا ف h ا ا ا ا ا ب ا ف h ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

<sup>\*24.</sup> And We will turn to each of their deeds that they performed and render it into seattered particles of dust.

<sup>×28.</sup> Beware of the day when the wrongdoer will gnaw at his hands in utter helplessness; he will say, 'Would, that I had trodden the same path along with the Messenger.'

30. 'He led me astray from the Reminder after it had come to me.' And Satan is man's great deserter.

31. And the Messenger will say, 'O my Lord, my people indeed treated this Our'an as a discarded thing."

32. Thus did We make for every Prophet an enemy from among the sinners; and sufficient is thy Lord as a Guide and a Helper.

33. And those who disbelieve say. 'Why was not the Qur'an revealed to him all at once?' We have revealed it thus that We may strengthen thy heart therewith. And We have arranged it in the best form.

34. And they bring thee no similitude but We provide thee with truth and excellent the an explanation.

35. Those who will be gathered on their faces unto Hell-they will be the worst in plight and most astray from the *right* path.

## R.4.

36. We gave Moses the Book, and appointed with him his brother Aaron as his assistant.

37. And We said, 'Go both of you to the people who have rejected Our Signs;' then We destroyed them, an utter destruction.

38. And as to the people of Noah when they rejected the Messengers, We drowned them, and We made

ڵڟٙۮٱڞؘڷؖڹؽٛۼڹٳڶڋؚٚۛۘۛڪٛڔؠؘۼڒٳۮ۫<del>ڋ</del>ٵٙۦؚ۬ؽۦ وَ حَانَ الشَّيْطِنُ لِلْانْسَانِ خَذُوْكًا ؟ وَ قَالَ الرَّسُوْلُ لِرَبِّ إِنَّ قَوْمِي اتَّخَذُوْا الْقُدْانَ مَهْجُهُرًا ۏػۛۮ<u>۬</u>ڸڮؘڿؘۼؗۮڹٳڝؙڸؚۜڹؘۑؚؚۜڠۮۊٞٵؾؚٙ<u>ؾ</u> الْمُجْرِمِيْنَ ، وَكَفْى بِرَبِّكَ هَادِيًا وَّ نَصِيْرًا وَ قَالَ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا لَوْكَا نُزِّلَ عَلَيْهِ الْقُرْانُ جُمْلَةً وَّاحِدَةً \* كَذِيكَ \* لِنُثَبَّتَ بە فۇادك و رتىلنە ترىيلا س وَلَا يَا تُوْنَكَ بِمَثَلِ إِلَّاجِئْنِكَ بِالْحَقّ وَ أَحْسَنَ تَفْسِبُرًا شَ ٱلَّذين يُحْشَرُوْنَ عَلْى وُجُوْهِهِمْ إِلَى جَهَنَّهُم اللُّكَ شَرٌّ مَّكَانًا وَّ أَضَلُّ The second شبيد وَلَقَدْ أَتَدْنَا مُوْسَى الْكِتْبَ وَجَعَلْنَا مَعَةُ آخَاهُ هُرُوْنَ وَزِيْرًا أُ فَقُلْنَا اذْهَبَآ إِلَى الْقَوْمِ الَّذِيْنَ كَذَّبُوْابِاليتِنَا فَكَمَّرْنَهُمْ تَدْمِيْرًا ٢ ۮ؋ؘۄؘؠؙ<sup>ؘ</sup>ۮج ڷَمَّاڪَڏَبُهِ الرُّسُلَ ٱغْرَقْنِهُم وَ حَعَلْنُهُمْ لِلنَّاسِ إِيَّةً وَ آَعْتَ  $a i u \mid h \stackrel{\circ}{\sim} | h \tau \mid kh \not= | dh \stackrel{\circ}{\circ} | s \stackrel{\circ}{\sim} (519)$ ء ' ق z b ' ۶ gh ۶ q ت ظ z

(See details of transliteration on page 'p').

them a Sign for mankind. And We have prepared a painful punishment for the wrongdoers.

39. And *We destroyed* ' $\bar{A}d$  and Tham $\bar{u}d$ , and the People of the Well, and many a generation between them.

- \*40. And to each one We set forth *clear* similitudes; and each one We completely destroyed.
- \*41. And these (Meccans) must have visited the town whereon was rained an evil rain. Have they not then seen it? Nay, they hope not to be raised *after death*.

42. And when they see thee, they only make a jest of thee: 'Is this he whom Allāh has sent *as* a Messenger?

43. 'He indeed had well-nigh led us astray from our gods, had we not steadily adhered to them.' And they shall know, when they see the punishment, who is most astray from the *right* path.

44. Hast thou seen him who takes his own evil desire for his god? Couldst thou then be a guardian over him?

45. Dost thou think that most of them hear or understand? They are only like cattle—nay, they are worst astray from the path.

لِلظّٰلِمِيْنَ عَذَابًا ٱلِيْمًا ۗ

وَّ عَادًا وَ تَمُوْدَأَ وَ أَصْحُبَ الرَّسِّ وَقُرُوْنًا بَيْنَ ذٰلِكَ كَثِيْرًا @ وَ ڪُلَّه ضَرَيْنَا لَهُ الْأَمْثَالَ دِ وَ ڪُلَّه تَبَرْنَا تَتْبِيْرًا ۞ وَ لَقَدْ آتَهْ اعَلَى الْقَرْبَةِ الَّتِيَّ أُمْطِرَتْ مَطَرَ الشَّوْءِ إِ أَفَلَمْ رَكُوْنُوْا يَرَوْنَهَا، ىل كَانُوْا لَا يَرْجُوْنَ نُشُوْرًا () وَإِذَا رَأَوْكَ إِنْ يَتَّخِذُوْنَكَ إِلَّا هُزُوًا ﴿ ٱلْهِذَا اللَّذِيْ مَعَثَ اللَّهُ رَسُوْ لَا m إِنْ كَادَ لَيُضِلُّنَا عَنْ الِهَتِنَا لَوْ لَآ أَنْ صَرْنًا عَلَيْهَا وَسَوْفَ يَعْلَمُوْنَ حِيْنَ يَرَوْنَ الْحَذَابَ مَنْ أَضَلُّ سَبِيْلًا @ اَ رَءَيْتَ مَنِ اتَّخَذَ إِلٰهَهُ هَوْبِهُ ؞ ٱفَانْتَ تَكُوْنُ عَلَيْهِ وَكِيْلًا · أُ أَمْر تَحْسَبُ أَنَّ أَكْثَرَهُمْ يَسْمَعُوْنَ اَوْ يَعْقِلُوْنَ ٢ إِنْ هُمْ إِلَّا كَالْأَنْعَامِ بَلْهُمْ أَضَلَّ سَبِيْلًا ٢

\*40. And to each of them We related the examples *of earlier people*; and one and all We utterly destroyed.

ې پ

\*41. And these must have visited the town on which was rained an evil rain.

 $a i u + | th \doteq | h \tau | kh \neq | dh \Rightarrow | s \Rightarrow 50$ (See details of transilieration on page 'p'). R. 5.

46. Hast thou not seen how thy Lord lengthens the shade? And if He had pleased, He could have made it stationary. Then We make the sun a guide thereof.

47. Then We draw it in towards Ourself, an easy drawing in.

48. And He it is Who has made the night a covering for you, and *Who has made* sleep for rest, and has made the day for rising up.

49. And He it is Who sends the winds as glad tidings before His mercy, and We send down pure water from the sky,

50. That We may thereby give life to a dead land, and give it for drink to Our creation—cattle and men in great numbers.

51. And We have explained it to them in diverse ways that they may take heed, but most men would reject everything but disbelief.

52. If We had pleased, We could have surely raised a Warner in every city.

\*53. So obey not the disbelievers and fight against them by means of it (the Qur'ān) a great fight.

54. And He it is Who has caused the two seas to flow, this palatable *and* sweet, and that saltish *and* bitter; and between them He has placed a barrier and a great partition.

ٱلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى رَبِّكَ كَيْفَ مَدَّ الظِّلَّ، وَلَوْ شَاء لَجَعَلَهُ سَاجَنًا ، ثُمَّ حَجَبْنَا الشَّمْسَ عَلَيْهِ دَلِيْلَا شَ ثُمَر قَبَضْنهُ إِلَيْنَا قَبْضًا يَسِيْرًا @ وَ هُوَ الَّذِيْ جَعَلَ لَكُمُ الَّثِلَ لِمَاسًا وَّالنَّهُ مَسْتاتًا وَ جَعَلَ النَّهَا رُنُشُهْ رًا ٢ وَ هُوَ الَّذِينَ ٱ دُسَلَ الرَّلِحَ بُشُرًّا بَيْنَ يَدَىٰ رَحْمَتِهِ ، وَ ٱنْزَلْنَا مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً طَفُوْدًا لِّنُحْيِيَ بِهِ بَلْدَةً مَّيْتًا وَّ نُسْقِيَهُ مِمَّا خَلَقْنَا ٱنْعَامًا وَّ ٱنَاسِيَّ كَبْثِيرًا ١ ۅؘڵؾٙۮڞڗۧڣٛڹؗۿڹؽڹؘؠٛؗ؋ڸؾڐٚۜؖؖٞٞڴۯۉ*ا*ڐڣؘٳٙۑ ٱڪْثَرُ النَّاسِ اِلَّكُفُوْرًا، وَلَوْ شِئْنَا لَبَعَثْنَا فِي كُلِّ قَرْيَةٍ ڹۧۯؽڔؙٳ۞ فَلَا تُطِعِ الْحُفِرِيْنَ وَ جَاهِدْهُ هُرِبِه جهَادًا كَبِيْرًا @ وَهُوَ الَّذِيْ مَرَجَ الْبَحْرَيْنِ لِهٰذَا عَذْبُ فُرَاتٌ وَّ هٰذَا مِلْحُ أُجَاجُ ، وَجَعَلَ بَيْنَهُمَا بَرْ ذَخًا وَّ حِجْرًا مَّحْجُهُ رًا ٢

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ h \ \overset{}{\sim} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \overset{}{\circ} \ | \ \overset{}{\circ} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}}{\sim} \ \overset{}}{\sim$ 

55. And He it is Who has created man from water, and has made for him kindred by descent and kindred by marriage; and thy Lord is All-Powerful.

\*56. And they worship beside Allāh that which can do them no good nor harm them. And the disbeliever is a helper of Satan against his Lord.

57. And We have not sent thee but as a Bearer of glad tidings and a Warner.

58. Say, 'I ask of you no recompense for it, save that whoso chooses may take a way unto his Lord.'

59. And trust thou in the Living One, Who dies not, and glorify *Him* with His praise. And sufficient is He as the Knower of the sins of His servants,

60. He Who created the heavens and the earth and all that is between them in six periods, then He settled Himself on the Throne. The force and the gracious God! Ask thou then is said to them, 'Submit to the Gracious God,' they say, 'And who is the Gracious God? Shall we submit to whatever thou biddest us?' And it increases their " r aversion.

وَهُوَ الَّذِيْ خَلَقَ مِنَ الْمَاءِ بَشَرًا فَحَعَلَهُ نَسِيًا وَصِفْرًا وَكَانَ دَتُّكَ قَرْيَرًا ۇ يَعْبُدُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللَّهِ مَا لَا يَنْفَعُهُمْ وَ لَا يَضُرُّهُ هُرٍ + وَكَانَ الْحَافِرُ عَلَى دَبّ ظَهيْرًا، وَمَآ اَ ( سَلْنَكَ الَّهُ مُبَشِّرًا وَّ نَذِيرًا ( قُلْ مَآ ٱسْتَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ ٱجْر إلَّا ڡؘڽٛۺؘٵٵڽٛؾۜؾۧڿؚۮؘٳڶڮڒؾ۪؋ڛؠؽۘۘۘ<u>ٳ</u>۞ وَتَوَكَّلُ عَلَى الْحَيِّ الَّذِعْ كَا يَمُوْتُ وَ سَبّح بِحَمْدِهِ ، وَكَفَّى بِهِ بِذُنُوْبِ عِبَادِم خَبِيْرَا الَّذِيْ خَلَةً، السَّلْمَاتِ وَ الْآَرْضَ وَ مَا ىنىنە ئىلغى سىتىقات م شىتمان سىتەي الْحَرْشِ ۚ ٱلرَّحْمٰنُ فَسْتَلْ بِهِ وَ اذَا قَبْلَ لَهُمُ اسْجُرُوْا لِلرَّحْمِن قَالُهْا وَ مَها الرَّحْطِرِ جُ وِ أَ نَسْجُدُ لِهَا تَأْمُرُنَّا وَ زَادَهُمْ نُفُهُ رَّاشُّ

\* 56. And they worship beside Alläh that which can do them no good nor harm them. And the disbeliever always works in support of *those who strive* against his Lord.
\* 60. The Most Gracious, enquire from Him as the One well informed.

R. 6.

\*62. Blessed is He Who has made mansions in the heaven and has placed therein a Lamp and a Moon giving light.

63. And He it is Who has made the night and the day, each following the other, for him who desires to remember, or desires to be grateful. 64. And the servants of the Gracious *God* are those who walk on the earth in a dignified manner, and when the ignorant address them, they say, 'Peace!'

65. And who spend the night before their Lord, prostrate and standing,

66. And who say, 'Our Lord, avert from us the punishment of Hell; for the punishment thereof is a lasting torment.

67. 'It is indeed evil as a place of rest and as an abode;'

68. And those who, when they spend, are neither extravagant nor niggardly but moderate between the two;

69. And those who call not on any other god along with Allāh, nor kill a person that Allāh has forbidden

\*except for just cause, nor commit adultery (or fornication), and he who does that shall meet with the punishment of sin.

تَبْرَكَ الَّذِيْ جَعَلَ فِي السَّمَاءِ بُرُوْجًا وَ جَعَلَ فِيْهَا سِإِجًا وَ قَمَرًا مُّنَيْرًا ( وَهُوَ الَّذِيْ جَعَلَ الَّثِيلَ وَ النَّهَارَ خِلْفَةً لِّمَنْ آرَادَ أَنْ تَخَ الْحَرَ أَوْ آرَادَ شُكُوْرًا 🐨 وَعِبَادُ الرَّحْمِنِ الَّذِينَ يَمْشُوْنَ عَلَى الْأَرْضِ هَوْنَّا وَّ إِذَا خَاطَبَهُمُ الْجُهِلُوْنَ قَالُهُ اسَلْمًا @ وَ الَّذِيْنَ يَبِيْتُوْنَ لِرَبِّهِمْ سُجَّدًا وَّ قتامًا @ وَ الَّذَينَ مَقُوْلُوْنَ رَبَّنَا اصْرِفْ عَنَّا عَذَات حَقَنَّهُ وَ إِنَّ عَذَا بَهَا كَانَ ن غ امًا ألله اللَّهَا بِياءَتْ مُسْتَقَرًّا وَّ مُقَامًا وَ اتَّذِينَ إِذَا ٱنْفَقُوْا لَمْ يُسْرِفُوْا وَلَمْ ىقْتُرُوْا وَكَانَ نَيْنَ ذَٰلِكَ قَوَامًا وَ الَّذِينَ لَا يَدْعُوْنَ مَعَ اللهِ إِلْهَا أَخَرَ وَ لَا يَقْتُلُوْنَ النَّفْسَ الَّتِيْ حَرَّ مَرِ اللَّهُ إِلَّهِ بالْحَقّ وَكَا يَزْنُوْنَ ، وَ مَنْ يَفْعَلْ ذٰلِكَ كَلْقَ أَثْبَاهً

\*62. Blessed is He Who made constellations in the heavens and has placed therein the sun and moon *both* luminous.

\*69. nor commit fornication and he who does that shall meet with the punishment of sin.

70. Doubled to him will be the punishment on the Day of Resurrection, and he will abide therein disgraced,

71. Except those who repent, and believe and do good deeds; for as to these, Allāh will change their evil deeds into good deeds; and Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful;

72. And those who repent and do good *deeds*, indeed turn to Allāh with *true* repentance;

73. And those who bear not false witness, and when they pass by anything vain, they pass on with dignity;

74. And those who, when they are reminded of the Signs of their Lord, fall not deaf and blind thereat;

- \*75. And those who say, 'Our Lord, grant us of our wives and children the delight of *our* eyes, and make us a model for the righteous.
- \*76. It is such as will be rewarded a high place *in Paradise* because they were steadfast, and they will be received therein with greeting and peace,

77. Abiding therein. Excellent it is as a place of rest and as an abode.

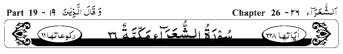
- تُضعَفْ لَهُ الْعَذَابُ يَوْمَرِ الْقِيلِمَةِ <u>وَ</u>يَخْلُدْ فِيْهِ مُهَانًا ﴾ الا مَنْ تَابَ وَ أَمَنَ وَ عَمِلَ عَمَلًا صَالِحًا فَأُولَئِكَ يُبَدِّلُ اللهُ سَيّاتِهِ م حَسَنْت د وَكَانَ اللهُ غَفُوْرًا رَّجِبْهًا @ وَمَنْ تَابَ وَعَملَ صَالِحًا فَإِنَّهُ يَتُوْبُ الى الله مَتَالًا وَ الَّذِينَ لَا يَشْهَدُوْنَ الزُّوْرَيدَوَ اذَا صَرُّوْا باللَّغُومَرُّوْا كِرَامًا ۞ وَ الَّذِيْنَ إِذَا ذُجِّرُوْا بِالِتِ رَبِّهِمْ لَمْ يَجْرُوْا عَلَيْهَا صُمَّاوَّ عُمْيَانًا @ وَ الَّزْيَنِي مَقُوْلُوْنَ رَتَّنَا هَبْ لَنَا مِنْ ٱزْوَاجِنَاوَ ذُرِّيْتِنَا قُرَّةَ ٱعْيُنِ وَّاجْعَلْنَا لِلْمُتَّقِيْنَ إِمَامًا ٱولَمِكَ يُجْزَوْنَ الْغُرْفَةَ بِمَا صَبَرُوْا وَ يُلَقَّوْنَ فِنْهَا تَحِيَّةً وَّ سَلْمًا أَ
- خْلِحِيْنَ فِيْهَا ، حَسْنَتْ مُسْتَقَرًّا وَمُقَامًا@

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ (52)$ (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

<sup>\*75.</sup> And those who say, 'Our Lord, grant us of our **spouses** and children the delight of *our* eyes and make *each of* us a leader of the righteous.'

<sup>\*76.</sup> It is such as will be rewarded a lofty station in Paradise because they were steadfast, and they will be received therein with greeting and peace.

وَ قَالَ الَّذِيْنَ ٩٩ - Part 19	AL-FURQĀN	اَنْفُرْقَان 10 - Chapter 25
78. Say to the disbelievers: 'But your prayer to Him my Lord we not care for you. You have ind rejected the truth, and punishment of your rejection now cleave to you.'	buld کے ج کون لزاماد بنا کے leed the	ۊؙڵڡؘٳؽۼؠؘۅؙٞٳۑؚػۿۯؾؚؽڶۅ ڣؘقۮػۮٚڹؿۿڔڣؘۺۉڣؘؾ؞



ASH-SHU'ARĀ' (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. Țā Sīn Mīm.‡

3. These are verses of the clear Book.

4. Haply thou wilt grieve thyself to death because they believe not.

5. If We please, We can send down to them a Sign from the heaven, so that their necks will bow down before it.

6. And there comes not to them a new Reminder from the Gracious *God*, but they turn away from it.

7. They have, indeed, treated *it* as a lie, but soon there will come to them the tidings of that at which they mocked.

8. Have they not looked at the earth, how many of every noble species have We caused to grow therein?

9. In that there is a Sign indeed; but most of these would not believe.

10. And verily, thy Lord—He is the  $\xi$ Mighty, the Merciful.

R. 2.

11. And *remember* when thy Lord called Moses, *saying*, 'Go to the wrongdoing people—

‡ Benignant, All-Hearing, All-Knowing God!

بشمرايله الرَّحْمَن الرَّحِيْمِ () () July تِلْكَ أَيْتُ الْكِتْبِ الْمُبِيْنِ @ لَعَلَّكَ بَاخِعٌ نَّفْسَكَ ٱلَّا بَكُوْنُوْا مُؤْمنيْنَ. إِنْ نَّشَا نُنَزَّلْ عَلَيْهُمْ مِّنَ السَّيمَاءِ أَيَةً فَظَنَّتْ ٱعْنَاقُهُمْ لَهَا خَاضِعِيْنَ۞ وَمَا يَأْتِيْهُمْ مِّنْ ذِكْر مِّنَ الرَّحْمَنِ مُحْكَثِ إِلَّا كَانُوْاعَنْهُ مُعْرِضِيْنَ 🕤 فَقَدْكَذَّبُوْافَسَيَأْتِيْهِمْ آثْبَوُّا مَاكَانُوْا بە يَشتَهْزِءُوْنَ۞ اَ وَ لَمْ يَبِرَوْا إِلَى الْإَدْضِ كَمْ أَنْبَتْنَهَ ڣؽۿٳڡؚڽٛػؙڸۜۜۜۮؘۉ*ڿ*ڴڔؽڡؚ إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَا يَةً ﴿ وَ مَا كَانَ أَكْ مَّةُمِنيْنَ() وَإِنَّ رَبِّكَ لَهُوَ الْعَزِيْزُ الرَّحِيْمُ ٢ وَ إِذْ نَادًى رَبُّكَ مُؤْسَّى أَنِ انُّتِ الْقَوْمَ الظّلِميْنَ أ

12. 'The people of Pharaoh. Will they not fear God?'

13. He said, 'My Lord, I fear that they will treat me as a liar:

14. 'And my breast is straitened and my tongue is not fluent; therefore, send word to Aaron.

\*15. 'And they have a charge against me, so I fear that they may kill me.' 16. God said, "Not so, go then, both of you, with Our Signs; We are with vou and We hear.

17. "So go to Pharaoh, and say, 'We are the Messengers of the Lord of the worlds

18. 'To tell thee to send the children of Israel with us.""

19. Pharaoh said, 'Did we not bring thee up among us as a child? And thou didst stay among us many years of thy life.

20. 'And thou didst do thy deed which thou didst, and thou art of the ungrateful."

21. Moses said. 'I did do it then. and I was one of the erring.

\*22. 'So I fled from you when I feared you; then my Lord granted me right judgment and made me one of the Messengers.

23 'And this is the favour for which thou tauntest me: that thou hast enslaved the children of Israel."

قَوْمَ فِرْعَوْنَ إِلَّا يَتَّقُوْنَ ( قَالَ رَبِّ إِنَّى آَخَافُ آَنْ تُكَذِّ بُوْنِ شَ وَ يَضِيقُ صَدْدِيْ وَ لَا يَنْطَبَقُ لِسَانَ فَارْسِلْ إِلَى هُرُوْنَ. وَ لَهُمْ عَلَى ذَنْتَ فَاخَافُ أَنْ تَقْتُلُوْنَ أَنْ قَالَ كَلَّان مَعَكُم بِاليتِنَا إِنَّا مَعَكُمُ مُشتَمعُوْن فَأَتِيا فِرْعَوْنَ فَقُوْلاً إِنَّا رَسُوْلُ رَبّ الْعْلَمِيْنَ الْ <u>ٱنْ اَدْ سِلْ مَعَنَا بَنِي اَسْرَاءِ بْلَ شَ</u> قَالَ ٱلَمُ نُرَبِّكَ فِيْنَا وَلِيْدًا وَلَبَثْتَ فِيْنَا مِنْ عُمُرِكَ سِنِيْنَ أَ وَ فَعَلْتَ فَعُلَتَكَ الَّتِيْ فَعَلْتَ وَٱنْتَ مِنَ الْكَفِرِيْنَ ٢ قَالَ، فَحَلْتُهَا إِذًا وَّ آنَامِنَ الضَّالِّينَ أَ فَغَرَدْتُ مِنْكُمْ لَمَّا خِفْتُكُمْ فَوَهَتَ لِيْ ڒڹۨؽۣڂؙػٛڡٵۊۜ**جؘ**ۼؘؘؘۘۘڮؘۑٛ۬ڝؚؚڹٵٮٛؗڡۯڛٙڸؽؚڹٙ<sub>ؖ</sub>۞ وَ تَلْكَ نَعْمَةً تَمُنُّهَا عَلَيَّ أَنْ عَبَّدْتَ ىخى اشراءنىك

\*15. 'And I am wanted by them for some alleged offence, so I fear that they may kill me.' \*22. 'So I fled from you when I feared you; then my Lord granted me authority and wisdom and made me (one) of the Messengers.

(See details of transliteration on page 'p')

24. Pharaoh said, 'And what is the Lord of the worlds?'

25. Moses said. 'The Lord of the heavens and the earth and of all that is between the two, if you would be convinced.'

26. Pharaoh said to those around him, 'Do you not hear?'

27. Moses said, 'Your Lord, and the Lord of your fathers of yore.'

28. Pharaoh said, 'Most surely this Messenger of yours who has been sent to you is a madman."

29. Moses said, 'The Lord of the East and of the West, and of all that is between the two, if you did but understand."

30. Pharaoh said, 'If thou takest a god other than me, I will certainly put thee into prison.'

31. Moses said, 'What, even though I bring thee something that is manifest!'

32. Pharaoh said, 'Bring it then, if thou speakest the truth."

33. So he threw down his rod, and behold! it was a serpent plainly visible.

34. And he drew forth his hand, and lo! it was white for the beholders.

R. 3.

35. Pharaoh said to the chiefs around him, 'This is surely a skilful magician.

36. 'He seeks to turn you out of your land by his magic. Now what do vou advise?'

قَالَ فِزْعَهْنُ وَمَارَبُّ الْعُلَمِيْنَ شُ قَالَ دَبُّ السَّبْطُوتِ وَ الْأَدْضِ وَ مَا بَيْنَهُمَا إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُوْقَنَبْنَ. قَالَ لِمَنْ حَوْلَةَ آلَا تَسْتَمعُوْنَ قَالَ رَبُّهُ مَرَوَ رَبُّ اَبَا بُحُمُ الْأَوَّ لِيْنَ® قَالَ إِنَّ رَسُوْلَكُمُ الَّذِي<sup>ْ</sup> أَرْسِلَ إِلَيْكُمُ لَمَحْنُوْنَ قَالَ رَبُّ الْمَشْرِقِ وَ الْمَغْرِبِ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا دِإِنْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْقَلُوْنَ 🕅 قَالَ لَبُنِ اتَّخَذْتَ إِلْهًا غَيْرِيْ كَحْعَلَنَّكَ مِنَ الْمَسْحُوْنِيْنَ ۊؘٵڶٲۜۯڶۉڿؚٮ۠ٛؾؙڮ<u>ڹ</u>ۺؽؚۦؚۿؙؠؚؽؾؚؚؖ قَالَ فَاتٍ بِهَإِنْ كُنْتَ مِنَ الصَّدِقِيْنَ @ فَالْقى عَصَامُ فَإِذَا هِيَ ثُعْبَانَ مُّبِيْنَ شَ وَّ نَزَعَ يَدَهُ فَرادًا هِيَ بَيْضَا ۗ وَلِلنَّظِرِيْنَ ﴾ بَيْ قَالَ لِنْهَلَا حَوْلَهُ إِنَّ هُذَا لَسْع يُرَيَّدُ أَنْ يُخْرِجَكُمْ مِّنْ أَرْضِكُمْ

بِسِحْرِهِ \* فَمَاذًا تَأْمُرُوْنَ 🕤

ء : ا ق p | غ kh خ | dh أ ظ z | ط t | ف z | ط t | ث ا ل ج (kh خ | dh أ خ ع ع ا خ ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

وَ قَالَ الَّذِينَ ٩ - Part 19

37. They said, 'Put him off and his brother awhile and send into the cities summoners.

38. 'Who should bring thee every skilful sorcerer.'

39 So the magicians were assembled together at the appointed time on a fixed day.

40. And it was said to the people, 'Will you also gather together,

41. 'So that we may follow the magicians if they are the winners?"

42. And, when the magicians came, they said to Pharaoh, 'Shall we have a reward if we are the winners?'

\*43. He said, 'Yes, and surely then you will be among those who are near my person.'

44. Moses said to them, 'Now throw ve what you have to throw.'

45. So they threw down their ropes and their rods, and said, 'By Pharaoh's honour, it is we who will surely win.'

46. Then Moses threw down his rod, and lo! it swallowed up that which they had fabricated.

47. Thereupon the magicians were impelled to fall down prostrate.

48. They said, 'We believe in the Lord of the worlds,

الشَّعَرَاء Chapter 26 - ۲۲ قَالُوْا أَرْجِهْ وَ أَخَاهُ وَابْعَثْ فِي الْمَدَآئِن خَشِرِيْنَ أَ ؽٲؿۅٛڬؠۘۘڪؙڵؚ*؊ڂ*ٙٳڔؚۼڸؽڔٟ۞ فَجْمِعَ الشَّحَرَةُ لِمِيْقَاتٍ يَوْمِ مَعْلُهُ م أ وَ قَمْلَ لِلنَّاسِ هَلْ ٱنْتُمْ شَجْتَمِعُوْنَ ٢ لَعَلَّنَا نَتَّبِعُ السَّحَرَةَ إِنْ كَانُوْا هُمُ الْغْلِبِيْنَ@ فكتها حاءالشحرة قالوالفرعون أبن لَنَالَاجُرًا إِنْ كُنَّانَحْنُ الْغَلِبِيْنَ @ قَالَ نَعَمْ وَ إِنَّكُمْ إِذًا لَّحِنَ الْمُقَرَّبِيْنَ. قَالَ لَهُمْ مُّوْسَى ٱلْقُوْا مَآ ٱنْتُمْ مُلْقُوْنَ @ فَاَلْقَوْا جِيَالَهُمْ وَعِصَتَهُمْ وَقَالُوْا بِعِزَّةٍ فِرْعَوْنَ إِنَّا لَنَحْنُ الْغَلِبُوْنَ @ فَالْقَى مُوْسَى عَصَالُا فَإِذَا هِيَ تَلْقَفُ مَايَافِكُوْنَ فَٱلْقِى السَّحَرَةُ سَجِدِيْنَ ٢ قَالُوٓا أَمَنَّا بِرَبِّ الْعُلَمِيْنَ ٥

\*43. He said, 'Yes, and surely then you will be among the favoured ones.'

ء : ا ق p ا غ h ت ا ظ z ا ظ t ا ض ل و (52 م ص s ا خ h r | kh r | dh s ا ع ص s ا ت ع h r | kh r | dh s (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

کی م

49. 'The Lord of Moses, and of Aaron '

50. Pharaoh said. 'You have believed in him before I gave you leave? He is surely your chief who has taught you magic. But you shall know the consequences thereof. 1 will most surely cut off your hands and your feet on alternate sides, and I will most surely crucify you all.'

51. They said, 'There is no harm; to our lord shall we return.

52. 'We do hope that our Lord will forgive us our sins, since we are the first among the believers.'

## R. 4.

53. And We revealed to Moses, saving, 'Take away My servants by night, you will surely be pursued.'

54. And Pharaoh sent summoners into the cities, saving,

55. 'These are a small party,

56. 'And they have offended us;

57. 'And we are a multitude *fully* prepared and vigilant."

58. So We turned them out of gardens, and springs,

59. And treasures, and an abode of honour.

60. Thus indeed it was; and We gave them as heritage to the children of Israel-

61. And they pursued and overtook them at sunrise.

<u>رَتٍ مُوْسى وَ ھُرُوْن 🕤</u> قَالَ، الْمَنْتُمْ لَهُ قَبْلَ آنْ إِذَى لَكُمْ وَإِنَّهُ لَڪَبِيْرُكُمُ الَّذِيْ عَلَّمَكُمُ السِّحْرَ. فككسدف تغلمون ولأقطعن آلدر كحر <u>وَارْحُلَڪُمْ مِّنْ خِلَافٍ وَّلَا وَصَدِّيَةً كُمْ</u> اَ**جْمَعِنْنَ** أَ قَالُوْا لَاضَيْرَد إِنَّ إِلَى رَبِّنَا مُنْقَ انَّا نَطْحَعُ آنْ تَغْفِرَلَنَا رَتُنَا خَطْبُنَا اَنْ كُنَّا اَوَّلَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ أَهَ ۇ اۋخينا إلى مۇسى ان اشرىيىتا دِيْ الأَحُمْ مُتَّبَعُوْنَ، فَارْسَلَ فِرْعَوْتُ فِي الْمَدَآئِ ڂۺؚڔؽڹ۞ إِنَّ هَهُ لَآءٍ لَشِرْدَمَةً قَلِيلُوْنَ اللَّهِ وَإِنَّهُمْ لَنَا لَغَا بِظُوْنَ أَ وَاتَّالَجَميْعُ خِذِرُوْنَ ٥ فَاَخْرَجْنَهُمْ مِّنْ جَنَّتِ وَّ عُيُوْن أَهُ ۊۜڲؙڹؙۉڔ۬ۊ**ۜ**ڡؘڦٙٳؠؚۘڲڔؽۣؠ۞ كَذِلِكَ وَ أَوْ رَثْنُهَا بَخِيَّ الْسُرَاءِ بْلَ ٢ فَٱتْبَعُوْهُمْ مُشْرِقِيْنَ⊛<sup>ِ</sup>

(See details of transliteration on page 'p')

وَ قَالَ الَّذِينَ ٩ - 9 Part 19

62. And when the two hosts came in sight of each other the companions of Moses said, 'We are surely overtaken.'

63. 'Nay, speak not thus!' said he, 'My Lord is with me. He will direct me aright.'

64. Then We revealed to Moses. saying, 'Strike the sea with thy rod.' Thereupon it parted, and every part looked like a huge mountain.

\*65. And We made others approach that place.

66. And We saved Moses and those who were with him.

67. Then We drowned the others.

68. In this, verily, there is a Sign; but most of these would not believe.

يع 69. And surely thy Lord-He is the Mighty, the Merciful.

R. 5.

 $\mathbf{R. 5.}$  70. And recite unto them the story  $\mathbf{E}$ of Abraham.

71. When he said to his father and his people, 'What do you worship?' 72. They said, 'We worship idols, and we continue to be devoted to

them.'

\*73. He said, 'Can they listen to you when you call on them? 74. 'Or do you good or harm you?'

75. They said, 'Nay, but we found our fathers doing likewise.'

فَكَمَّا تَزَاء الْجَمْعْنِ قَالَ أَصْحُبُ مُوْسَى انْجَالَمُدْدَكُوْنَ شَ قَالَ ڪَلَّا ۽ اِنَّ مَعِيَ دَبِّيْ سَيَهْدِيْنِ @ فَأَوْحَنْنَآ إلى مُوْسَى أَن اضْرِبْ بْعَصَاكَ الْبَحْرَ ﴿ فَانْفَلَقَ فَكَانَ كُلُّ فُرْقِ كَالطَّوْدِ الْعَظِيْمِ شَ وَازْلَفْنَا ثَمَّ الْأَخَرِيْنَ أَنَّ **وَٱنْحَنْهُ نَامُوْسِي وَمَنْ مَّعَهُ ٱجْمَعِ بْنَ**شَ ثُمَّرً أَغْرَقْنَ الْأَخَرِيْنَ ٢ إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَا يَةً. وَ مَا كَانَ ٱكْثَرُهُ هُر مَؤْمنيْنَ٣ وَإِنَّ رَبِّكَ لَهُوَ الْعَزِيْزُ الرَّحِيْمُ أَ وَاثْلُ عَلَيْهِمْ نَبَا إِبْرِهِيْمَ ۞ إِذْ قَالَ لِأَبِيْهِ وَقَوْمِهِ مَا تَعْبُدُوْنَ ﴾ قَالُهْ نَعْبُدُ أَصْنَامًا فَنَظَلُّ لَعَاعَكُفَ بْنَ ٢ قَالَ هَلْ مَسْمَعُوْنَكُمْ إِذْ تَدْعُوْنَ صَّ اَوْ تَنْفَعُوْنَكُمْ اَوْ يَضُرُّوْنَ@ قَالُوْا تِلْ وَجَدْنَآ اتَآءَنَا كَذَلِكَ

تقْعَلَوْنَ ٢

\*65. And We let others approach that place.

\*73. He said, 'Can they listen to you when you call them?'

 $a i u \mid th$   $h \tau \mid kh \tau \mid dh \Rightarrow q$   $a \cdot q$   $a \cdot q$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

76. He said, 'What think ye of that which you have been worshipping—77. 'You and your fathers before *you*.

78. 'They are *all* enemies to me, except the Lord of the worlds;

79. 'Who has created me, and it is He Who guides me;

\*80. 'And Who gives me food and gives me drink;

81. 'And when I am ill, it is He Who restores me to health;

82. 'And Who will cause me to die, and then bring me to life *again*;

83. 'And Who, I hope, will forgive me my faults on the Day of Judgment.

84. 'My Lord, bestow wisdom on me and join me with the righteous;

85. 'And give me a true reputation among posterity;

86. 'And make me *one* of the inheritors of the Garden of Bliss;

87. 'And forgive my father; for he is *one* of the erring;

88. 'And disgrace me not on the day when they will be raised up,

89. 'The day when wealth and sons shall not avail;

\*90. 'But he *alone will be saved* who brings to Allāh a sound heart;'

91. And Heaven shall be brought near to the righteous.

\*92. And Hell shall be opened to those who have gone astray.

أَلِشْعَرَآءِ Chapter 26 - ۲۹ قَالَ أَفَوَءَنْتُمْ مَّاكُنْتُمْ تَعْبُدُوْنَ أَنَّ ٱنْتُمْ وَايَاةُ كُمُ الْأَقْدَمُونَ ٢ فَانْهُمْ عَدُوٌّ لَيْ إِلَّا رَبَّ الْعُلَمِيْنَ ٥ الَّذِيْ خَلَقَنْ فَهُوَ بَهْدِيْنِ أَ ۇ الَّذِيْ هُوَ يُد خى 5 كىشە 5 min وَإِذَا مَرِضْتُ فَهُوَ مَشْ وَ الَّذِينَ أَطْمَعُ أَنْ يَغْفِرَ إِنْ کۂ مَرالدؓ ٹین <sup>®</sup> ث حُكْمًا أَ ٱ بالصّٰلِجيْنَ٣ وَاجْعَلْ لِمَّانَ صِدْقٍ فِي الْأَخِ <u> دَاجْعَلْنْيْ مِنْ وَّ رَثْبَة جَنَّبَة النَّعِد</u> وَ اغْفِرْ لِابَنْ إِنَّىٰ حَانَ مِنَ الضَّالِّيْنَ ٥ وَ لَا تُخْزِنْ يَوْمَ يُبْعَثُوْنَ أَن كَهْ مَرَلًا كَنْفَعُ مَالٌ وَّ لَا كَنُهْنَ أَسَّ لِّلاَ مَنْ اَتَّى اللَّهُ بِقَلْبِ سَ لمثم ١

> ۅؘٱڒٛڸڣؘؾؚ اڶٛڿڹۧۜڎؙڸؚڵڡؙؾؖٞۊؚؽؚڬ۞ ۅؠؙڒؚٙڒٙؾؚ اڵٛڿٙحِؽؚڡؙڸؚڵۼ۬ۅۣؽؾ۞

\*80. 'And Who feeds me and provides me with drink;

\*90. 'But he *alone will be saved* who comes to Allah with a submissive heart.'
 \*92. And Hell shall be brought into full view of those gone astray.

وَ قَالَ الَّذِينَ ٩ - ٩ Part 19	ASH-SHU'A	ARĀ'	أَنشُعَرَآء Chapter 26 - ۲۹
93. And it will be said to 'Where is that which worshipped			وَقِيْلَ لَهُمْ آيْنَمَا كُنْ
94. 'Beside Allāh? Can the you or get help <i>for themselve</i>		بْنْصُرُوْنَكُمْ ٱوْ	مِنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ . هَلْ ؟
you of get help for themselve	201		ؾڹٛؾٙڝؚۯۉؽ۞
95. Then will they be headlong therein, they and who have gone astray,			<b>ڡؘ</b> ػؙڹٛڮڹؙۉٳڣۣؽۿٵۿؗۿۯۅٵۮ
96. And the hosts of Ib. together.	līs, all	<b>ئۇن</b> ە	وَجُنُوْدُ إِبْلِيْسَ آَجْمَعُ
97. They will say, whils	t they nselves	بىمۇ ئ	قالواوهم فيهايختم
98. 'By Allāh, we were in m	anifest	، ڞؙۑؚؽٛ <u></u> ؆ۣ۞	تَاللهِ إِنْ كُنَّالَغِيْ ضَلْإِ
error, 99. 'When we held you as	equal	لَمِيْنَ®	اِذْ نُسَوِّ يَكُمْ بِرَبِّ الْعُ
with the Lord of the worlds; 100. 'And none led us astr	ray but	_ مۇ <b>ئ</b> ⊡	وَمَآ أَضَلَّنَآ إِلَّا الْمُجْم
the guilty ones. 101. 'And now we ha	ve no		فَمَالَنَامِنْ شَافِعِيْنَ
intercessors, 102. 'Nor any loving friend.			وَلَاصَدِيْقٍ حَمِيْمٍ ···
103. 'Would that there were t		فَنَڪُوْنَ مِنَ	فَلَوْ اَتْ لَنَا كَرَّةً
return <i>to the world</i> , that we be among the believers!'	migni		الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ
104. In this, verily, there is a but most of these would not b		ٮٵػٵؽٵػؿؘۯۿۿ	اِنَّ فِيْ ذَلِكَ لَأَيَةً ﴿ وَمَ
but most of mese would not t	eneve.		<b>ٞ</b> ڡؙٷٛڡؚڹؚؽؽ۞
105. And verily thy Lord- the Mighty, the Merciful.	-He is 🚑		وَ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَهُوَ الْعَزِيْ
<b>R. 6.</b> 106. The people of Noah trea Messengers as liars,	ted the	ۯڛٙڶؚؽؚؿ۞ؖ	<b>ػۮۜٛڹ</b> ؿۊؘۉؗؗؗؗٞۯڹؙۉڿٳۣڵؗؗۿ
107. When their brother Not to them, 'Will you not be right		خ اَلَا تَتَّقُوْنَ ۞	إِذْ قَالَ لَهُمْ ٱخُوْهُمْ نُوْ
$\frac{1}{a \ i \ u \   \ th} \stackrel{\text{while}}{=} \frac{b \ \tau}{  \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \   \ dh}$		<i>z</i>   ط <i>t</i>   ض ¢ ر	ء ' اق q أ ۶ gh ۶ ع ' اظ
(Sec	e details of transliter	ration on page 'p').	

\*108. 'Surely, I am unto you a Messenger, faithful to *my* trust.109. 'So fear Allāh, and obey me.

110. 'And I ask of you no reward for it. My reward is only with the Lord of the worlds.

111. 'So fear Allah, and obey me.'

112. They said, 'Shall we believe thee, when it is the meanest that follow thee?'

113. He said, 'And what knowledge have I as to what they have been doing?

114. 'Their account is only with my Lord, if you only knew!

115. 'And I am not going to drive away the believers.

116. 'I am only a plain Warner.'

117. They said, 'If thou desist not, O Noah, thou shalt surely be one of those who are stoned.'

118. He said, 'My Lord, my people have treated me as a liar.

119. 'Therefore judge Thou decisively between me and them; and save me and the believers that are with me.'

120. So We saved him, and those who were with him in the fully laden Ark.

121. Then We drowned thereafter those who remained behind.

122. In this, verily, there is a Sign, but most of them would not believe.

انْ لَكُمْ رَسُوْلُ أَمِيْنَ أَ فَاتَّقُوا اللهَ وَ أَطِيْعُوْنِ أَن وَ مَا آسْئَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ آجْرِ ، إِنْ ٱجْرِيَ إِنَّا عَلَى رَبِّ الْعُلَمِيْنَ شَ فَاتَّقُوا اللهُ وَ أَطِيْعُوْن شُ قَالُهْمَا ٱ نُهْمِرْتُ لَكَ وَاتَّبَعَكَ الأذذكةن قَالَ وَمَاعِلْمِنْ بِمَا كَانُوْا يَعْمَلُوْنَ شَ اِنْ حِسَابُهُمْ اِلَّا عَلَى رَبِّيْ لَوْ تَشْعُرُوْنَ أَ وَمَآ أَنَّا بِطَارِدِ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ أَ اِنْ ٱنَا اِلَانَةِ يُزَمَّبِيْنَ أَ قَالُوْا لَبُنْ لَّمْ تَنْتَه لِنُوْحُ لَتَكُوْنَنَّ مِنَ الْمَرْجُوْمِتْنَ أَ النصة قَالَ رَبِّ إِنَّ قَوْمِيْ كَذَّ بُوْنِ أَنَّ فَافْتَحْ بَيْنِىٰ وَبَيْنَهُمْ فَتْحًا وَّ نَجِّبِىٰ وَ مَنْ مَّجِيَ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ فَانْحَمْنِهُ وَ مَنْ مَّحَهُ فِي الْفُلْكِ الْمَشْحُوْن ٢ ثُمَّ أَغْرَقْنَا بَعْدُ الْبِقَيْنَ شُ اِنَّ فِيْ ذَلِكَ لَا يَةً وَ مَا كَانَ أَحْثَرُهُ هُر مُؤْمِنِيْنَ،

\*108. 'Surely, I am to you a Messenger, entirely trustworthy.

وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ ٩ - Part 19

123. And verily thy Lord—He is the Mighty, the Merciful.

124. *The tribe of* 'Ād rejected the Messengers,

125. When their brother Hūd said to them, 'Will you not be righteous?

\*126. 'Surely, I am unto you a Messenger, faithful to *my* trust.

127. 'So fear Allāh, and obey me.

128. 'And I ask of you no reward for it. My reward is only with the Lord of the worlds.

129. 'Do you build monuments on every high place seeking vain glory,

\*130. 'And do you erect palaces as though you will live forever?

131. 'And when you lay hands *upon any one*, you lay hands as tyrants.

132. 'So fear Allāh, and obey me.

133. 'And fear Him Who has helped you with all that you know.

134. 'He has helped you with cattle, and sons,

135. 'And gardens, and springs.

\*136. 'Indeed, I fear for you the punishment of an awful day.'

137. They said, 'It is the same to us whether thou admonish us or whether thou be not of those who admonish.'

وَإِنَّ رَبِّكَ لَهُوَ الْعَزِيْزُ الرَّحِنْمُ شَ كَذَّبَتْ عَادُ الْمُرْسَلِيْنَ أَسَّ إِذْ قَالَ لَهُمْ أَخُوْهُمْ هُوْدٌ آلَا تَتَّقُوْنَ أَ ٳڹۨٚؽۛڷۘڪؙۿۯڛؙۉڵٲ**ڡؽ**ڹٞؖؗ۞ فَاتَّقُوا اللهُ وَ أَطْبُعُوْنِ ١ وَمَآ ٱسْتَلُصُمْ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ ٱجْرِ، إِنْ ٱجْرى إلَّا عَلْى رَبِّ الْعُلَمِيْنَ ش ٱتَبْنُوْنَ بِكُلّ رِبْعِ أَيَةً تَعْبَثُوْنَ شُ وَ تَتَّجْذُوْنَ مَصَانِعَ لَعَلَّكُمُ تَخْلُدُوْنَ دَ إِذَا يَطَشْتُهُ يَطَشُتُهُ فَاتَّقُوا اللهُ وَ أَطْبُعُوْنِ شَ وَاتَّقُوا الَّذِي آمَدَّكُمْ بِمَا تَعْلَمُوْنَ شَ ٱمَدَّڪُمْ بِٱنْعَامٍ وَّبَنِيْنَ شَ وَجَنَّتِ وَعَيُوْنِ شَ اذت أخاف عَلَيْكُم عَذَات قَالُهُا سَمَاءً عَلَيْنَا ٱ وَعَظْتَ آمْ لَمْ تَكُنْ مِّنَ الْوَاعِظِيْنَ شَ

\*126. 'Surely, I am to you a Messenger, entirely trustworthy.

\*130. 'And you **build fortresses and develop industry so that you may last** forever?' \*136. 'Indeed, I fear for you the punishment of an **enormous** day.'

138. 'This is nothing but a habit of the ancients,

139. 'And we shall not be punished.'

140. So they rejected him, and We destroyed them. In that indeed there is a Sign, but most of these would not believe.

141. And verily thy Lord—He is  $\xi_{\parallel}$  the Mighty, the Merciful.

### R. 8.

142. *The tribe of* Thamūd rejected the Messengers,

143. When their brother Ṣāliḥ said to them, 'Will you not be righteous?

\*144. 'Surely, I am unto you a Messenger, faithful to my trust. 145. 'So fear Allāh, and obey me.

146. 'And I ask of you no reward for it. My reward is only with the Lord of the worlds.

147. 'Will you be left secure amid the things *that you have* here,148. 'Amid gardens and springs,

\*149. 'And cornfields, and datepalms with *heavy* spathes near breaking?

150. 'And you hew out houses in the mountains with great skill.

151. 'So fear Allah, and obey me.

152. 'And obey not the bidding of those who exceed the bounds,

اِنْ هٰذَا اللَّهُ خُلُقُ الْاَوَّلِيْنَ أَ وَمَانَحْنُ بِمُعَذَّبِيْنَ أَ فَكَذَّبُوْهُ فَاَهْلَكْنُهُمْ داِنَّ فِي ذٰلِكَ لَا يَةً وَمَا كَانَ ٱ كَثَرُ هُمْ تُمَةً مِنْكَنَ وَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَهُوَ الْحَزِيْزُ الرَّحِنْهُ أَسْ كَذَّنت ثَمَوْدُ الْمُرْسَلِيْنَ أَسَّ إِذْ قَالَ لَهُمْ أَخُوْهُمْ صِلِحٌ ٱلَا تَتَّقُوْنَ أَسَ إِنَّىٰ لَكُمْرَرَسُوْلَ آمِيْنَ أَسْ فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَ أَطِيْعُوْنِ أَمَّ وَمَا ٱسْتُلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ ٱجْرٍ، إنْ ٱجْرِيَ إِلَّا عَلَى رَبِّ الْعُلَمِيْنَ شّ ٱتُتْرَكُوْنَ فِيْ مَا هَهُنَّآ أَمِنِيْنَ ٢ فى جَنّْتِ وَّعُيُوْن ٢ وَّ زُرُوْعٍ وَ نَخْلِ طَلْعُهَا هَضِئْمَ أَ

ݸ ﺗَﻨٛݘِ تُۉٮۤ ﻣِﻦَ الْجِبَالِ بُيُوْتًا فٰرِهِيْنَ۞ فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَ اَطِيْحُوْنِ۞ وَلَا تُطِيْحُوْا آمْرَ الْمُسْرِفِيْنَ۞

\*144. 'Surely, I am to you a Messenger, entirely trustworthy.
\*149. 'And fields of grain and date-palms their spathes heavy to the point of breaking?

153. 'Who create disorder in the earth, and reform *it* not.'

154. They said, 'Thou art but *one* of the bewitched;

155. 'Thou art only a man like ourselves. So bring a Sign, if thou art *one* of the truthful.'

156. He said, 'Here is a she-camel: she has *her* turn of drinking, and you have your turn of drinking on an appointed day.

\*157. 'And touch her not with evil lest there overtake you the punishment of an awful day.'

158. But they hamstrung her; and then they became regretful.

159. So the punishment overtook them. In that verily there is a Sign, but most of these would not believe.

160. And surely thy Lord—He is the Mighty, the Merciful.

R. 9.

161. The people of Lot rejected the Messengers,

162. When their brother Lot said to them, 'Will you not become righteous?

\*163. 'Surely, I am unto you a Messenger, faithful to my trust. 164. 'So fear Allāh, and obey me.

165. 'And I ask of you no reward for it. My reward is only with the Lord of the worlds. ذئينَ بُفْسِدُوْتَ فِي الْأَدْضِ وَ لَهِ يُصْلِحُوْنَ @ قَالُوْا انَّهَا ٱنْتَ مِنَ الْمُسَحَّدِيْنَ أَنَّ مَا ٱنْتَ إِلَّا بَشَرَّ مَثْلُنَا ﴾ فَأَتَ بِأَبَة إِنْ كُنْتَ مِنَ الصَّدِقَيْنَ ٢ قَالَ لِمذه نَاقَةً لَّهَا شَرْتَ وَّ لَكُمْ شْرْبُ يَوْمِ مَّعْلُوْمِ شَ وكاتمشؤها بسؤء فيأخذ كمرعذام يَوْمِ عَظِيْمِ ٢ فَعَقَرُوْهَا فَاَصْبَحُوْا نْدِمِيْنَ أَ فَاخَذَهُمُ الْعَذَابُ ، إِنَّ فَي ذَٰلِكَ كَلْ يَةً إِوَمَا كَانَ ٱكْثَرُهُمْ مُّؤْمِنْكَ @ وَ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَهُوَ الْعَزِيْزُ الرَّحِنْمُ شَ كَذَّبَتْ قَوْمُرَلُوْط إِلْمُرْ سَلِيْنَ<sup>®</sup> اذْ قَالَ لَهُمْ آخُهْ هُمْ لُهْ طَ آلَا تَتَّقُونَ أَ اِنَّىٰ لَكُمْ رَسُوْلُ آمِيْنَ 🖑 فَاتَتْقُوا اللهُ وَأَطِيْعُوْنَ شَ وَمَآ ٱسْتَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ ٱجْرٍ ، إنْ ٱجْرِيَ إِنَّا عَلَى رَبِّ الْعُلَمِيْنَ شَ

\*157. 'And touch her not with evil lest there overtake you the punishment of an **enormous day**.' \*163. 'Surely, I am **to** you a Messenger, **entirely trustworthy**.

166. 'Do you, of all peoples, approach males,

167. 'And leave your wives whom your Lord has created for you? Nay, you are a people who transgress.'

168. They said, 'If thou desist not, O Lot, thou wilt surely be *one* of the banished ones.'

\*169. He said, 'Certainly I hate your practice.

170. 'My Lord, save me and my family from what they do.'

171. So We saved him and his family, all of them,

172. Save an old woman among those who stayed behind.

173. Then We destroyed the others.

\*174. And We rained upon them a rain; and evil was the rain for those who were warned.

175. In that verily there is a Sign, but most of these would not believe.

176. And surely thy Lord—He is the Mighty, the Merciful.

R. 10.

177. The People of the Wood rejected the Messengers,

178. When Shu'aib said to them, 'Will you not be righteous?

\*179. 'Surely, I am unto you a Messenger, faithful to *my* trust.

\* 169. He said, 'I abhor your evil practice.'

\*179. 'Surely, I am to you a Messenger, entirely trustworthy.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ th \ \overset{}{=} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \overset{}{=} \ | \ \overset{}{=} \ \overset{}{$ 

ألشْعَرَآء Chapter 26 - ۲۹ اَتَاتُوْنَ الذُّحْرَانَ مِنَ الْعُلَمِيْنَ<sup>®</sup> وَ تَذَدُوْتَ مَا خَلَقَ آَ كُمْ رَبُّكُمْ مِّنْ ٱ دُواج ڪُم د بَلْ ٱ نْتُمْ قَوْمَ عُدُوْن ٢ قَالُمْا لَئِنْ تَّمْ تَنْتَه لِلْمُطُ لَتَكُمْنَنَّ مِنَ الْمُخْرَجِيْنَ قَالَ إِنَّى لِعَمَاكُمْ مِّنَ الْقَالِيْنَ أَنَّا رَتِ نَجْنَى وَ أَهْلِيْ مِمَّا يَعْمَلُوْنَ @ فَنَحَيْنُهُ وَ أَهْلَهُ أَحْمَعِيْنَ اللَّهُ إِلَّا عَجُوْزًا فِي الْغَبِرِيْنَ أَ ثُمَّر دَمَّرْنَ الْأَخَرِينَ شَ وَٱمْطَرْنَا عَلَبْهُمْ تَسْطَرًا ، فَسَاءَ مَطَرُ الْمُنْذَرِيْنَ @ اِنَّ فِيْ ذٰلِكَ لَأَيَةً ﴿ وَمَا كَانَ اَحْتُرُ مُؤْمِنيْنَ وَ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَهُوَ الْعَزِيْزُ ا كَذَّت أَصْحِبُ لْتَنْكَمَة الْمُرْسَلِيْنَ أَصْ اذْ قَالَ لَهُمْ شُعَبْتُ الا تَتَّقُوْنَ أَ اِنَّىٰ لَڪُمْ رَسُوْلُ اَمِيْنُ اللَّهِ

<sup>\* 174.</sup> And We rained upon them a rain; and evil is the rain which descends on those who are warned.

180. 'So fear Allāh, and obey me,

181. 'And I ask of you no reward for it. My reward is only with the Lord of the worlds.

182. 'Give full measure, and be not of those who give less,

- \*183. 'And weigh with a true balance,
- \*184. 'And diminish not unto people their things, nor act corruptly in the earth, making mischief.
- \*185. 'And fear Him Who created you and the earlier peoples.'

186. They said, 'Thou art but *one* of the bewitched.

187. 'And thou art only a man like ourselves, and we believe thee to be *one* of the liars.

188. 'So cause fragments from the sky to fall on us, if thou art *one* of the truthful.'

189. He said, 'My Lord knows best what you do.'

190. So they declared him to be a liar. Then the punishment of the day of overshadowing gloom overtook them. That was indeed the punishment of a dreadful day.

فَاتَتْقُوا الله وَ أَطِيْعُوْنِ وَمَآ ٱسْتَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ أَجْرٍ، إِنْ ٱجْرِيَ إِلَّا عَلَى رَبِّ الْعُلَمِيْنَ ٥ أَوْفُوا الْكَمْلَ وَ لَا تَكُوْنُوْا مِنَ ٱلْمُخْسِرِيْنَ أَنْ وَ زِنُوْا بِالْقَسْطَاسِ الْمُسْتَقِبْمِ شَ وَلَا تَبْخَسُوا النَّبَاسَ ٱشْبَبَاءَهُمْ وَلَا تَعْثَوْا فِي الْأَرْضِ مُفْسِدِيْنَ أَسَ وَاتَّقُوا الَّذِيْ خَلَقَكُمْ وَ الْجِبِلَّةَ الْاَوَّ لِيْنَ ٢ قَالُهَ النَّمَا ٱنْتَ مِنَ الْمُسَحَّرِيْنَ اللَّهُ وَمَا ٱنْتَ الَّهُ بَشَرَّ مَثْلُبَا وَإِنْ نَّظُنُّكَ لَمِنَ الْكَذِبِيْنَ أَنْ فكشقط عكثنا كشفاتم • بن الشَّهَآء اِنْ كُنْتَ مِنَ الصَّدِقِيْنَ ٥ قَالَ رَبِّنْ ٱعْلَمُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُوْنَ @ فَكَذَّبُهُ \* فَاخَذَهُمْ عَذَابُ بَهْمِ الظَّلَّةِ -إِنَّهُ كَانَ عَذَاتٍ يَوْمِ عَظِيْمِ 🛞

\*183. 'And weigh with an even balance,

 $a \ i \ u \ \mid \ h \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \tau \ \mid \ dh \ \Rightarrow \ \mid \ s \ (see details of transilieration on page \ p').$ 

<sup>\*184. &#</sup>x27;And **do not pay people less than the true value of their things**, nor act corruptly in the earth, making mischief.

<sup>\*185. &#</sup>x27;And fear Him Who created you and the creatures of earlier make.'

191. In that verily there is a Sign, but most of these would not believe.

192. And surely thy Lord—He is the Mighty, the Merciful.

R. 11.

193. And verily this is a revelation from the Lord of the worlds.

194. The Spirit, Faithful to the Trust, has descended with it.

195. On thy heart, that thou mayest be of the Warners,

196. In plain and clear Arabic tongue.

197. And it is surely *mentioned* in the Scriptures of the former peoples. 198. And is it not a Sign to them that the learned among the children of Israel know it?

- \*199. And if We had sent it down to one of the non-Arabs,
- \*200. And he had read it to them, even then they would never have believed in it.

201. Thus have We caused it (disbelief) to enter into the hearts of the sinful.

202. They will not believe in it until they see the grievous punishment.

203. But it will come upon them suddenly, while they know not, 204. And they will say, 'Shall we be given any respite?'

إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَا بَةً ﴿ وَ مَا كَانَ ٱ كُثَرُهُمُ مَّؤْمِنِيْنَ وَإِنَّ رَبِّكَ لَهُوَ الْعَزِيْزُ الرَّحِيْمُ أَ ۅؘٳڹ**ۜ**ۿڶؾٙڹٛڒؚؽڵۯؚۜۜۘڗؚؚٵڷۼڶڡؚؽؚؽ۞۫ نَزَلَ بِهِ الرُّوْحُ الْآمِيْنُ شَ عَلَى قَلْبِكَ لِتَكُوْنَ مِنَ الْمُنْزِدِيْنَ أَ بِلِسَانٍ عَرَبِيّ مُّبِيْنٍ أَ وَإِنَّهُ لَغِيْ زُبُرِ الْاَوَّ لِيْنَ® ٱوَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَّهُمْ إِيَةً إِنْ تَعْلَمَهُ عُلَمَةًا يَخِينَ الْسُرَاءِينَ أَسْ وَلَوْ نَزَّلْنَهُ عَلْى بَعْضِ الْآعْجَمِيْنَ ش فَقَرَاء عَلَيْهم مَّاكَانُوْابِ مُؤْمِنِيْنَ ش كذلك سَلَكْنه فِن قُلُوْب الْمُجْرِمِيْنَ 🖑 لَا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِهِ حَتَّى يَرَوُا الْعَذَابَ الأليم فَسَا تسَهُمْ سَغْتَةً وَّهُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُ وْنَ أَسَّ فَيَقُوْلُوْا هَلْ نَحْنُ مُنْظَرُوْنَ ٢

\*199. And had We revealed it to a non-Arab,

200. And had he read it **out** to them, they would never have believed in it.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ o \ (540)$  (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

وَ قَالَ الَّذِينَ ٩ - Part 19

205. What! do they seek to hasten Our punishment?

206. What thinkest thou? If We let them enjoy *the good things of this world* for years;

207. Then there comes to them that with which they are threatened.

208. Of no avail shall be to them that which they were allowed to enjoy.

209. And never did We destroy any township but it had Warners.

210. *This is* an admonition; and We are not unjust.

211. And the evil ones have not brought it down.

\*212. They are not fit for it, nor have they the power *to do so*.

213. Surely they are debarred from hearing.

214. Call not, therefore, on any other god beside Allāh, lest thou become one of those who are punished.

215. And warn thy nearest kinsmen,

216. And lower thy wing *of mercy* to the believers who follow thee.

217. Then if they disobey thee, say, 'I repudiate all connection with what you do.'

218. And put thy trust in the Mighty, the Merciful,

219. Who sees thee when thou standest up *in Prayer*.

**\***212. They are neither worthy of it, nor eapable of doing so.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ h \ & \uparrow \ \mid kh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid dh \ \dot{s} \ \mid s \ & \downarrow \\ \hline set \ (see \ details \ of \ transliteration \ on \ page \ 'p'). \end{array}$ 

ٱڣؘؠؚؚؚؚۼۮؘٳؠؚؚڹٵؾۺؾۘڠڿؚڵۉؾ۞ ٵڣؘڔٵؽؾٳڽ؆ؾؿۼڹۿۄڛؚڹۣؽؾ۞

ؿؙؗؗمۜۧڔڮؘٵٙۼۿۿڟٙػٲٮؙۉٳؽۅٛۘۛۼۮۉؽ۞۠ ڡؘآٵۼٛۑ۬ۼؠٛؗٛؠٛۿڟۜٵػٲٮؙۉٳؽڡؾٞؖۼۉؿ۞

وَمَنَ آهْ لَڪْنَا مِنْ قَرْيَةٍ اِلَّا لَهَا مُنْزِرُوْنَ شَ زِحُرى دوَمَا كُنَّا ظٰلِمِيْنَ شَ وَمَا تَنَزَّ لَتْ بِهِ الشَّيٰطِيْنُ شَ وَمَا يَنْبَغِيْ لَهُمْ وَمَا يَسْتَطِيْعُوْنَ شَ اِنَّهُمْ عَنِ السَّمْعِ لَمَعْزُوْلُوْنَ شَ مِنَ الْمُعَذَّبِيْنَ شَ

ۅؘٱڹٛذِۯۼۺؚؽۯؾؘڐٵۯ٦ڨٛۯؠؚؽڹ۞ ۊٵڂٛڣؚڞٛ ؚۜڿٮؘٚٵڂڰڶؚؚڡؘڹۣٵؾۘٞڹػڰ ڡؚؚؾ ٵٮٛڡۅۢ۠ڡؚڹؚؽؾ۞ ڣٳڽ عصوك فَقُل اِنۣٚٙؽ بَرِيٓۦ مِّمَّا ۊؾۅػۧؽ عل الْعَزِيْزِ الرَّحِيْمِ۞ ٵتَذِي يَرْسِكَ حِيْنَ تَقُوْمُ۞ 220. And *Who sees* thy movements among those who prostrate themselves *before God*.

221. He is indeed the All-Hearing, the All-Knowing.

222. Shall I inform you on whom the evil ones descend?

223. They descend on every great liar *and* sinner,

224. Repeating what they hear, and most of them are liars.

225. And *as for* the poets—it is the erring ones who follow them.

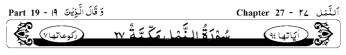
226. Dost thou not see how they wander distracted in every valley,

227. And that they say what they practise not?—

228. Save those who believe and do good works, and remember Allāh much, and retaliate *only* after they are wronged. And the wrongdoers will soon know to what place of return they shall return.

وَتَقَدُّبَكَ فِي السَّجِدِيْنَ @

اِنَّهُ هُوَالسَّمِيْحُ الْعَلِيْمُ () هَلُ ٱنَبِّئُكُمْ عَلْى مَنْ تَنَزَّلُ الشَّلِطِيْنُ تَنَزَّلُ عَلْ كُلِّ آفَّاتٍ آثِيْمٍ أُ تَنَزَّلُ عَلْ كُلِّ آفَاتٍ آثِيْمٍ أُ يُلْقُوْنَ السَّمْحَ وَآكَتُرُهُمْ لِخَبُوْنَ أُ وَالشُّعَرَآءُ يَتَبِعُهُمُ الْعَاوَنَ أُ وَالَّهُمْ يَقُوْلُوْنَ مَالَا يَفْعَلُوْنَ أُ وَانَّتُهُمْ يَقُولُوْنَ مَالَا يَفْعَلُوْنَ أُ وَانَّتُهُمْ يَقُولُوْنَ مَالَا يَفْعَلُوْنَ أُ وَانَّتُهُمْ يَقُولُوْنَ مَالَا يَفْعَلُوْنَ أُ وَانَّ مُوْا مِنْ الْمَا الَّذِيْنَ الْمَنُوْا وَ عَمِلُوا السَّلِحَتِ وَ ذَكَرُوا اللَّهُ كَثِيْرًا وَ انْتَصَرُوْا مِنْ الْمَا مَنْوَا ايَّ مُنْقَلَبٍ يَّنْقَلِبُوْنَ أُ



AN-NAML (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. Țā Sīn.‡ These are verses of the Qur'ān, and of an illuminating Book,

3. A guidance and good tidings to those who would believe,

4. Who observe Prayer and pay the Zakāt, and have firm faith in the Hereafter.

5. *As to* those who believe not in the Hereafter, We have made their deeds *appear* beautiful to them, so they are wandering blindly.

6. It is they who shall have a grievous torment, and they alone it is who shall be the greatest losers in the Hereafter.

7. Verily, thou hast been given the Qur'ān from the presence of One Wise, All-Knowing.

8. *Remember* when Moses said to his family, 'I perceive a fire. I will bring you from there some information, or I will bring you a flame, a *burning* brand, that you may warm yourselves.'

9. So when he came to it, he was called *by a voice*: 'Blessed is he who is in the fire and *also* those around it; and glorified be Allāh, the Lord of the worlds.

بشمر الله الرَّحْمَن الرَّحِيْمِ () طس ۔ تِلْكَ أَيْتُ الْقُرْآنِ وَ كِتَاب ىيىن هُ؟، ﴿ يُشْرِي لِلْهُؤُ الْزْنْنَ يُقْدَمُوْرَبَ الصَّلْوَةَ وَ يُؤْتُوْنَ الزَّحُوةَ وَهُمْ بِالْأَجْرَةِ هُمْ يُوْقِنُوْنَ ؟ اِنَّ الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِالْاخِرَةِ زَيَّنًا لَهُمْ أَعْمَالَهُمْ فَهُمْ تَعْمَهُوْنَ أُ ٱولَئِكَ الَّذِيْنَ لَهُمْ سُوْءُ الْعَذَابِ وَهُمْ فِي الْأَخِرَةِ هُمُ الْأَخْسَرُوْنَ 🕞 وَ آنَّكَ لَتُلَعَّى الْقُرْارِي مِنْ تَكُنْ حَكِيْم عَلِيْم ) إِذْ قَالَ مُوْسِ كِلْهَلِهَ إِنَّيْ أَنَسْتُ نَارًا ، سَاتِيكُمْ مِّنْهَا بِخَبَرِ أَوْ اتِيكُمْ بِشِهَابِ قَبَسٍ لَّعَلَّكُمْ تَصْطَلُوْنَ ﴿ فَلَمَّا جَاءَهَا نُوْدِيَ أَنَّ بُوْرِكَ مَنْ فِي النَّادِ وَ مَنْ حَوْلَهَا ﴿ وَ سُبْحُنَ اللَّهِ رَبّ الْعُلَمِيْنَ ()

‡Benignant, All-Hearing God!

وَ قَالَ الَّذِيْنَ ٩ - Part 19

10. 'O Moses verily I am Allāh, the Mighty, the Wise.

11. 'And throw down thy rod.' And when he saw it move as though it were a serpent, he turned back retreating and did not look back. 'O Moses, fear not. Verily I am *with thee*; the Messengers need have no fear in My presence.

12. 'As to those who do wrong and then substitute good for evil; *to them*, I am indeed Most Forgiving, Merciful.

\*13. 'And put thy hand into thy bosom; it will come forth white without any disease. *This is* among the nine Signs unto Pharaoh and his people; for they are a rebellious people.'

14. But when Our sight giving Signs came to them, they said, 'This is plain magic.'

15. And they rejected them wrongfully and arrogantly, while their souls were convinced of them. See then, how *evil* was the end of those who acted corruptly!

16. And We gave knowledge to David and Solomon, and they said, 'All praise belongs to Allāh, Who has exalted us above many of His believing servants.'

لْمُوْسَى إِنَّهُ آَنَا اللهُ الْعَزِيْزُ ا أ حَ كَنْمُ أَ وَالْق عَصَاكَ فِلَمَّا دَاهَا تَفْتَزُّ كَانَها جَانًا وَلْي مُدْبِرًا وْ لَمْ بُعَقْبِ. لِمُوْسِي كَا تَخَفْ عِدِ إِنَّىٰ لَا يَخَافُ لَدِيَّ الْمُرْسَلُهُنَ 🕅 الَّا مَرْبَ ظَلَمَ ثُمَّ مَدَّلَ حُسْنًا بَعْدَ سُوَءِفَاتَى غَفُوْرٌ رَّحِيْمُ ٣ وَ ٱدْخِلْ يَدَكَ فِيْ جَيْبِكَ تَخْرُجُ بَيْضَاء مِنْ غَيْرِ سُوْءٍ ما فِي تِسْعِ أَيْتٍ إلى فِرْعَوْنَ وَ قَوْمِهِ ، إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوْا قۇما فسقين، فَلَحًا جَاءَتُهُمْ التُنَا مُبْصِرَةً قَالُوْا ڂۯؘ ٳڛڂۯٞ ۺؙۑؚؽ**ڹ**ٞ وَجَحَدُوْابِهَا وَاسْتَيْقَنَتْهَا ٱ ظُلْمًا وَّ عُـلُوًّا ﴿ فَانْظُرْ كَيْفَ كَانَ عَاقَبَ الْمُفْسِرِيْنَ أَن 6 وَلَقَدْ أَتَبْنَا دَاؤَدَ وَ سُلَيْمَنَ عِلْمًا، وَ قَالَا الْحَمْدُ بِتَّهِ الَّذِيْ فَضَّلَنَا عَلَى كَثِيْرٍ مِّنْ عِبَادِ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ٢

\*13. And insert your hand into your bosom under your garment, it will come forth white, without blemish.

Part	19	-	19	وَ قَالَ الَّذِيْنَ
------	----	---	----	---------------------

17. And Solomon was heir to David. And he said, 'O ye people, we have been taught the language of birds; and we have had everything bestowed upon us. This indeed is *God's* manifest grace.'

 And there were gathered together unto Solomon his hosts of Jinn and men and birds, and they were formed into *separate* divisions, \*19. Until when they came to the

- Valley of An-Naml, one woman *of the tribe* of the Naml said, 'O ye Naml, enter your habitations, lest Solomon and his hosts crush you, while they know not.'
- \*20. Thereupon he smiled, laughing at her words, and said, 'My Lord, grant me *the will and power* to be grateful for Thy favour which Thou hast bestowed upon me and upon my parents, and to do *such* good works as would please Thee, and admit me, by Thy mercy, among Thy righteous servants.'
- \*21. And he reviewed the birds, and said, 'How is it that I do not see Hudhud? Is he among the absentees?
- \*22. 'I will surely punish him with a

وَ وَرِثَ سُلَيْمْنُ دَاوْدَ وَ قَالَ آيَا يُّهَا
النَّاسُ عُلِّمْنَامَنْطِقَ الطَّيْرِوَ ٱوْتِيْنَا
مِنْ حُلٍّ شَيْءٍ ﴿ إِنَّ هٰذَا لَهُوَ الْفَضْلُ
الْمُبِيْنُ@
وَ حُشِرَ لِسُلَيْمَنَ جُنُوْدُهُ مِنَ الْجِنِّ
وَالْإِنْسِ وَالطَّيْرِ فَهُمْ يُؤْذَعُوْنَ⊛
حَتَّى إِذَآ أَتَوْا عَلَى وَادِ النَّمْلِ " قَالَتْ
نَمْلَةُ تَيَا يَها النَّمْلُ ادْخُلُوْا مَسْكِنَكُمْ،
لا يحطِمَنَّكُمْ سُلَيْمْنُ وَ جُنُوْدُهُ
وَهُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُوْنَ
فَتَبَسَمَ ضَاحِكًا مِّنْ قَوْلِهَا وَ قَالَ دَبِّ
ٱوْزِعْنِيْ آَنْ ٱشْكُرَ نِعْمَتَكَ الَّتِيَّ
ٱنْعَمْتَ عَلَيَّ وَ عَلَى وَالِدَيَّ وَ أَنْ
أغمَلَ صَالِحًا تَرْضِبهُ وَ أَدْخِلْنِيْ
بِرَحْمَتِكَ فِيْ عِبَادِكَ الصَّلِحِيْنَ (
وَ تَفَقَّدَ الطَّيْرَ فَقَالَ مَالِيَ لَآ اَرَى
الْهُدْهُدَ <sup>2</sup> ٱمْرَڪَانَ مِنَ الْغَائِبِيْنَ ®
كُمُعَذِّبَنَّهُ عَذَابًا شَدِيْدًا أَوْ

\*19. Until when they came to the Valley of An-Naml, a Namlite woman said, 'O ye Naml, enter your habitations, lest Solomon and his hosts crush you, while they know not.'

\*21. And he **examined** the birds, and said, 'How is it that I do not see Hudhud?

<sup>\* 20.</sup> Thereupon he smiled, laughing at her words, and said, 'My Lord, enable me to be grateful for Your favour which You have bestowed upon me and upon my parents, and to do *such* good works as would please You, and admit me, by Your mercy, among Your righteous servants.'

<sup>\*22. &#</sup>x27;I will subject him to severe punishment or I will slay him, unless he brings me a clear reason for his absence.'

severe punishment or I will slay him, unless he bring me a clear reason for his absence."

23. And he did not tarry long before Hudhud came and said. 'I have encompassed that which thou hast not encompassed: and I have come to thee from Saba' with sure tidings.

24. 'I found a woman ruling over them, and she has been given everything, and she has a mighty throne.

25. 'I found her and her people worshipping the sun instead of Allah: and Satan has made their works look beautiful to them, and has thus hindered them from the right way, so that they follow not guidance:

26. 'And Satan has bidden them not to worship Allah, Who brings to light that which is hidden in the heavens and the earth, and Who knows what you conceal and what vou make known.

27. 'Allah! there is no God but He, the Lord of the Mighty Throne.'

28. Solomon said, 'We shall see whether thou hast spoken the truth or whether thou art one of those who lie.

29. 'Go thou, with this letter of mine, and lay it before them; then withdraw from them and see what answer they return."

30. The Oueen said, "Ye chiefs, there has been delivered to me a noble letter.

لَا ٱذْبَحَتَّهَ ٱوْ لَبَأْتِبَتِّي بِسُ مُبِيْنِ 🐨 فَمَكَتْ غَيْرَ بَعِيْدٍ فَقَالَ أَحَطْتُ بِمَالَمْ تُحِطْ بِهٖ وَجِئْتُكَ مِنْ سَبَٳۢ بنَبَا يَقِيْن 🐨 انْنَوَ جَدْتُ امْرَاةً تَمْلِكُهُمْرَوَ أُوْتِيَتْ مِنْ حُلّ شَيْءٍ وَّ لَهَا عَرْشُ عَظِيْمُ @ وَجَدْتُهَا وَ قَوْمَهَا يَسْجُدُوْنَ لِلشَّمْسِ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ وَ زَيَّنَ لَهُمُ الشَّيْطِنُ ٱعْمَالَهُمْ فَصَدَّهُمْ عَنِ السَّبِيْلِ فَهُمْ كاكفتكون ٱلَا يَسْجُدُوْا بِتْهِ الَّذِيْ يُخْرِجُ الْخَبْ ف السَّلموت وَ الْآرْضِ وَ يَعْلَمُ مَا تُخْفُوْنَ وَ مَا تُعْلِنُوْنَ 🕅 اَللهُ لَآ اللهَ اللهُ هُوَ رَبُّ الْعَرْشِ الْعَظِيْمِ 🕅 قَالَ سَنَنْظُرُ آصَرَقْتَ آمْرِكُنْتَ مِ ا لُڪٰذِبِيْنَ إِذْهَبْ بْكِتْبِيْ هٰذَا فَٱلْقِهْ إِلَيْهِمْ ثُمَّ تَوَلَّ عَنْهُمْ فَانْظُرْ مَاذَا يَرْجِعُوْنَ ٠ قَالَتْ يَاتَيْهَا الْمَلَؤُا إِنَّيْ ٱلْقِي إِلَىَّ كتْبْ كَرْيَمْ 

(See details of transliteration on page 'p').

ż

31. "It is from Solomon, and it is: 'In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful;

32. 'Behave not proudly towards me, but come to me in submission.'"

33. She said, 'Ye chiefs, advise me in the matter that is before me. I never decide any matter until you are present with me *and give me your advice.*'

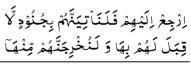
\*34. They replied, 'We possess power and we possess great prowess in war, but it is for thee to command; therefore consider thou what thou wilt command.'

35. She said, 'Surely, kings, when they enter a country, despoil it, and turn the highest of its people into the lowest. And thus will they do.

36. 'But I am going to send them a present and wait to see what *answer* the envoys bring back.'

37. So when *the Queen's* ambassador came to Solomon, he said, 'Do you mean to help me with *your* wealth? But that which Allāh has given me is better than that which He has given you. Nay, but you rejoice in your gift.

38. 'Go back to them, for we shall surely come to them with hosts against which they will have no إنَّهُ مِنْ سُلَيْحْنَ وَإِنَّهُ بِشِعِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمٰنِ الرَّحِبْمِ شَ ٱلْكَاتَعْلُوْا عَلَى ۖ وَٱ قَالَتْ آَاتُهَا الْمَلَوُّا آفْتُوْنِي فَي آمْرِي، مَا كُنْتُ قَاطِعَةً أَمْرًا حَتَّى تَشْهَدُوْنِ قَالُهُا نَحْنُ أُولُهُا قُوَّةٍ وَّ أُولُهُا كَإِس شَدِيدٍة وَّالْأَمْرُ إِلَيْتِ فَانْظُرِيْ مَاذَا تَأْمُرِيْنَ @ قَالَتْ انَّ الْمُلُوْكَ إِذَا دَخَلُوْا قَرْبَةً ٱفْسَدُوْهَا وَجَعَلُهَا آعِزَّةَ آهَلِقَا ٱذلَّةً، وَ كَذْلِكَ مَفْعَلُوْنَ @ وَ إِنَّىٰ مُرْسِلَةُ إِلَيْهِمْ بِهَدِيَّةٍ فَنْظِرَةُ بمَرْيَرْجِعُ الْمُرْسَلُوْنَ فكمهاحاء سكيمن قال آثم دُوْنَب بِم فَمَآ الله بن اللهُ خَيْرَ مِّمَّآ المُعُمْ عَلَى اَنْتُمْ بِهَدِيَّتِكُمْ تَفْرَحُوْنَ @



<sup>\*34.</sup> They replied, 'We possess power and we are fierce fighters, but it is for you to command; therefore consider you what you will command.'

power, and we shall drive them out from there disgraced, and they will be humbled.'

\*39. He said, 'O nobles, which of you will bring me a throne for her before they come to me, submitting?'

40. Said a stalwart from among the Jinn: 'I will bring it to thee before thou rise from thy camp; and indeed I possess power therefore *and I am* trustworthy.'

\*41. Said one who had knowledge of the Book, 'I will bring it to thee before thy noble *messengers* return to thee.' And when he saw it set before him, he said, 'This is by the grace of my Lord, that He may try me whether I am grateful or ungrateful. And whosoever is grateful is grateful for the good of his *own* soul; but whosoever is ungrateful, truly my Lord is Self-Sufficient, Generous.' ٱذِلَّةً **وَّهُمْ صَاغِرُوْنَ** 

قَالَ آيَا يُّهَا الْمَلَوُّا آتُكُمْ يَاتَيْخِيْ بِعَرْشِهَا قَبْلَ الْمَلَوُّا آتُكُمْ يَاتَيْخِيْ قَالَ عِفْرِيْتَ قِبْنَ الْجِنِّ آنَا اتِيْكَ بِه قَالَ عِفْرِيْتَ تِقُوْمَ مِنْ مَقَامِكَ ، وَ إِنِّي عَلَيْهِ لَقَوِيَّ آمِيْنَ ۞ قَالَ الَّذِي عِنْدَهُ عِلْمَ مِّنَ الْكِتْبِ آنَا قَالَ الَّذِي عِنْدَهُ عِلْمَ عَلْمَ مِنْ الْكِنْبِ آنَا فَصْلَ رَبْنَ عِنْدَهُ عَلْمَ وَا عَنْهُ عَلْمَ عَلْمُ مُنْ عَلْمَ مِنْ وَمَنْ شَكَرَ فَاتَمَ يَشْكُرُ الْنَقْسِهِ ، وَمَنْ كَفَرَ فَاتَدَيْ يَنْ عَنِيْ يَعْنِيَّ حَرِيمَ مَنْ

39. He said, 'O nobles, which of you will bring me her throne before they come to me offering submission?'

Note: From the following verses, it becomes clear that Solomon does not refer to her throne itself. He either means a throne very similar to hers should be manufactured or that a very faithful replica of her throne should be brought to him. Before her intended visit to the court of Solomon, she is given the surprise of finding a throne very similar to her own but in the possession of Solomon. From the verses which follow, the scenario that emerges clearly indicates that each of the nobles of his court wanted the task to be assigned to him, each boasting to perform the task quicker and better than his rivals. Ultimately, when the replica was first presented to him, he praised God for it and issued instructions to modify it further so that it might resemble the Queen of Saba's throne ever more closely and so deflate her pride in possessing a unique throne. The expression nakkirū lahā 'arshahā( (تَكْرُوْ لَهُ عَرْشُهُ) clearly supports this meaning and implies that if she saw a throne very similar to her own, she would naturally infer that her own throne was not as unique and special as she thought it was. So the meaning of nakkirū (زكرو) in this context would make her throne seem common-looking. When she actually saw the throne built by Solomon's craftsmen, her response was not that of a Queen who only recently had her own throne stolen, nor that of a Queen who could not recognise her own throne because the craftsmen had worked on it to render it unrecognisable. Her response is simply that of a person who finds an article similar to her own. This clearly proves that the scenario we have visualised is more realistic.

\*41. Said one who had knowledge of the Book, 'I will bring it to you quicker than the blinking of your eye.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ h \ \mathring{-} \ \mid \ h \ \mathring{-} \ \mid \ h \ \mathring{-} \ \mid \ dh \ \mathring{-} \ \mid \ s \ \swarrow \ (See \ details \ of \ transliteration \ on \ page \ p'). \end{array}$ 

\*42. He said, 'Make her throne unrecognizable to her, and let us see whether she follows the right way or whether she is *one* of those who follow not the right way.'

43. And when she came, it was said, 'Is thy throne like this?' She replied, 'It is as though it were the same. And we had been given knowledge before this, and we have already submitted.'

44. And that which she used to worship beside Allāh had stopped her *from believing*; for she came of a disbelieving people.

\*45. It was said to her, 'Enter the palace.' And when she saw it, she thought it to be a great expanse of water, and she uncovered her shanks. *Solomon* said, 'It is a palace paved smooth with slabs of glass.' She said, 'My Lord, I indeed wronged my soul; and I submit myself with Solomon to Allāh, the Lord of the worlds.'

## R. 4.

46. And We sent to Thamūd their brother Ṣāliḥ, *who said*, 'Worship Allāh.' But behold, they became two parties contending with each other.

47. He said, 'O my people, why do you wish to hasten on the evil rather

قَالَ نَجِّرُوْا لَهَا عَرْشَهَا نَنْظُرْ ٱ تَهْتَدِيَّ ٱمْ تَحُوْنُ مِنَ الَّذِيْنَ لَا يَهْ تَدُوْنَ @

فَكَمَّا جَاءَتْ قِيْلَ اَحْكَذَا عَرْشُكِ، قَالَتْ كَاَنَّهُ هُوَءَوَ اُوْتِيْنَا الْعِلْمَ مِنْ قَبْلِهَا وَكُنَّا مُسْلِمِيْنَ۞

ۘۅؘڝؘڐۜۿا مَا كَانَتْ تَعْبُدُ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ إِنَّهَا كَانَتْ مِنْ قَوْمٍ كُفِرِيْنَ @

قِيْلَ لَهَا ادْخُلِى الصَّرَحَ ، فَلَمَّا رَاتُهُ حَسِبَتْهُ لُجَّةً وَّ كَشَفَتْ عَنْ سَاقَيْهَا ، قَالَ إِنَّهُ صَرْحُ شُمَرَّدٌ مِّنْ قَوَارِيْرَهُ قَالَتْ دَبِّ إِنِي ظَلَمْتُ نَفْسِي وَ اَسْلَمْتُ مَعَ سُلَيْمٰنَ بِلَهِ رَبِّ الْعٰلَمِيْنَ أَسْ الْعٰلَمِيْنَ أَسْ عَذَتَصِمُوْنَ أَسْ قَالَ لِقَوْمِ لِمَ تَسْتَعْجِلُوْنَ بِالسَّيِّنَةِ قَالَ لِقَوْمِ لِمَ تَسْتَعْجِلُوْنَ بِالسَّيِّنَةِ

**\***42. Make her throne **appear commonplace to her**,

\*45. Note: Clear, high-quality glass, deftly laid, can create the impression of water and that is what actually happened. The message delivered to the Queen, who was exceptionally intelligent, was that sometimes things are very different from the impressions they create, and the qualities they reflect, do not belong to them. Similarly, the impression of glory and power created by the sun, does not belong to it but belongs only to the Creator.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ r & | \ h \ r & | \ kh \ r & | \ dh \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & \$ 

than the good? Wherefore do you not ask forgiveness of Allāh that you may be shown mercy?'

\*48. They said, 'We augur evil from thee and from those that are with thee.' He said, '*The cause of* your evil fortune is with Allāh. Nay, but you are a people who are on trial.'

49. And there were in the city a party of nine *persons* who made mischief in the land, and would not reform.

50. They said, "Swear to each other by Allāh that we will surely attack him and his family by night, and then we will say to his heir, 'We witnessed not the destruction of his family, and most surely we are truthful.""

\*51. And they planned a plan, and We planned a plan, but they perceived *it* not.

52. Then see how *evil* was the end of their plan! Verily, We utterly destroyed them and their people all together.

\*53. And yonder are their houses empty, because of their wrongdoing. In that, verily, is a Sign for a people who possess knowledge.

54. And We saved those who believed and feared God.

قَبْلَ الْحَسَنَةِ ، لَوْكَا تَسْتَغْفِرُوْنَ
اىلەككى تىكى ئىر ئىرخمۇن،
قَالُوا اللَّيَّرْنَا بِكَ وَ بِمَنْ مَّحَكَ
قَالَ طَبِّرُكُمْ عِنْدَ اللهِ بَلْ ٱنْتُمْ قَوْمً
تُفْتَنُوْنَ @
وَكَانَ فِي الْمَدِيْنَةِ تِسْعَةُ رَهْطٍ
يُفْسِدُوْنَ فِي الْآدْضِ وَلَا يُصْلِحُوْنَ 🕾
قَالُوْا تَقَاسَمُوْا بِاللهِ لَنُبَيِّتَنَّهُ وَ آهْلَهُ
ثُمَر لَنَقُوْلَنَّ لِوَلِيِّهُ مَا شَهِدْنَا مَهْلِكَ
ٱۿلِهٖ وَ إِنَّا لَضُدِقُوْنَ۞
,

وَ مَكَرُوْا مَكْرًا وَ مَكَرْنَا مَكْرًا وَ هُمْرَا يَشْعُرُوْنَ هَ فَانْظُرْ حَيْفَ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ مَكْرِهِمْ ا اَنَّ دَمَّرْنَهُمْ وَ قَوْمَهُمْ اَجْمَعِيْنَ ﴿ فَتِلْكَ بُيُوْتُهُمْ خَاوِيَةً بِمَا ظَلَمُوْا اللَّهُ اِنَّ فِيْ ذَلِكَ لا يَةً لِقَوْمِ يَعْلَمُوْنَ ﴿ وَ ٱنْجَيْنَا الَّذِيْنَ إِنَى أَمْنُوْا وَ كَانُوْا يَتَقُوْنَ ﴿

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ | \ condition on page 'p').$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

<sup>\*48.</sup> They said, 'We augur ill of you and of those that are with you.'

<sup>\*51.</sup> And they wove a plot and We wove a counterplot but they were unaware of *it*. \*53. And yonder lie their houses empty, because of their wrongdoing.

55. And *remember* Lot, when he said to his people, 'Do you commit abomination while you see *the evil thereof*?

- \*56. What! do you approach men lustfully rather than women? Nay, you are indeed an ignorant people.'
- \*57. But the answer of his people was naught save that they said, 'Drive out Lot's family from your city. They are a people who would keep clean.'

58. So We saved him and his family, except his wife; her We decreed to be of those who stayed behind.

59. And We rained upon them a rain; and evil was the rain for those who were warned.

R. 5.

- \*60. Say, 'All praise belongs to Allāh, and peace be upon those servants of His whom He has chosen. Is Allāh better or what they associate *with Him*?'
- 61. Or, Who created the heavens and the earth, and Who sent down water for you from the sky wherewith We cause to grow beautiful orchards? You could not

وَلُوْطًا إِذْ قَالَ لِقَوْمِهَ آ تَأْتُوْنَ الْفَاحِشَةَ وَٱنْتُمْ تُنْصُرُوْنَ، لَتَأْتُوْنَ الرَّحَالَ شَفْهَةً مِّنْ دُوْنِ النِّسَاءِ <sub>﴿</sub> بَلْ أَنْتُمْ قَوْمَ تَجْهَلُوْنَ @ فَمَا كَانَ جَوَابَ قَوْمِهَ الَّهُ آنْ قَالُهُ ا ٱخْرِجُوْا أَلَ لُوْطِ مِّنْ قَرْبَ تِحُمْ وِإِنَّهُمْ اُنَّاسٌ تَتَطَقَّ وْنَ فأذحد فأذاذ أهلفا لأاهر أتلف مِنَ الْغَبِرِيْنَ ٢ عَلَيْهِ مَطَرًا إِ فَسَاءً چ چ قُل الْحَصْدُ بِتَّه وَ سَ يًا عَا اصْطَفْي حَاللَّهُ خَا . - . ؽۺٝڔۘڴۄٛ؈ٛ أَنْذَلَ أَكُهُ مَّ ٢ فَأَنْبَتْنَابِهِ حَدَائِقَ ذَاتَ بَهْجَةٍ ، مَا

\*56. 'What! do you approach men lustfully rather than women? Nay, you are indeed a people unmindful of consequences.'

<sup>\*57.</sup> But the **response** of his people was **nothing except** that they *incited the people and* said, 'Drive out the **followers of Lot** from your **township**. They are **indeed** a people **who pretend to be pure**.'

<sup>\*60.</sup> Say, 'All praise belongs to Allāh, and peace be upon those servants of His whom He has chosen. Is Allāh better or **that which** they associate *with Him*?

cause their trees to grow. Is there a God besides Allāh? Nay, they are a people who deviate *from the right path*.

62. Or, Who made the earth a place of rest, and placed rivers in its midst, and placed upon it firm mountains, and put a barrier between the two waters? Is there a God besides Allāh? Nay, most of them know not.

63. Or, Who answers the distressed person when he calls upon Him, and removes the evil, and makes you successors in the earth? Is there a God besides Allāh? Little is it that you reflect.

64. Or, Who guides you in every *kind of* darkness of the land and of the sea, and Who sends the winds as glad tidings before His mercy? Is there a God besides Allāh? Exalted is Allāh above what they associate *with Him*.

65. Or, Who originates creation, *and* then repeats it and Who provides for you from the heaven and the earth? Is there a God besides Allāh? Say, 'Bring forward your proof if you are truthful.'

66. Say, 'None in the heavens and the earth knows the unseen save Allāh; and they do not know when they will be raised up.'

كَانَ لَكُمْ آنْ تُنْبِتُوْا شَجَرَهَا وَ إِلْهُ مَعَ اللهِ إِبَلْ هُمْ قَوْمَ يَعْدِلُوْنَ أَن ٱمَّنْ حَعَلَ الْآدْضَ قَرَارًا وَّ حَعَلَ خِلْلَهَآ ٱنْهُرًا وَّجَعَلَ لَهَا دَوَاسِيَ وَجَعَلَ بَيْنَ الْبَحْرَيْنِ حَاجِزًا ، وَإِلْهُ مَّعَ اللهِ . ىلْ أَكْثُرُهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ أَ ٱمَنْ يُجِيْبُ الْمُضْطَرَّ إِذَا دَعَاهُ وَيَجْشِفُ السَّوَّءَوَ يَجْعَلُكُمْ خُلَفًاء الْأَرْضِ، ءَ إِلْهُ مَّعَ الله ، قَبِلْهُ مَّا تَنَكَّ وْرَيْشَ ٱمَّنْ يَّهْدِيْكُمْ فِيْظُلُمْتِ الْبَرِّوَ الْبَحْرِ وَ مَنْ يُّرْسِلُ الرَّلِيحَ بُشْرًًا بَيْنَ يَدَيْ رَحْمَتِهِ إِذَالَةً مَّعَ اللهِ وتَعْلَى اللهُ عَمَّا يُشْرِكُوْنَ أَ ٱمَّنْ يَبْدَؤُاالْخَلْقَ ثُمَّ يُعِيدُهُ وَمَنْ يَرْزُونُ حُمْ مِّرْبَ السَّمَاءِ وَ الْآَدْضِ، ءَالِهُ مَّعَ اللهِ \* قُلْ هَاتُوْا بُرْهَا بَحْهِ اِنْ كُنْتُمْرْضِدِقِيْنَ قُلْ لا يَعْلَمُ مَنْ في السَّمٰوٰتِ وَ الْأَرْضِ الْغَبْتِ إِلَّا اللهُ ، وَ مَا يَشْعُرُوْنَ اَتّان *ئىنىخ*تُەن 🕅

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (552) \ o \ (552) \ o \ (552) \ s \ (552) \ s$ 

67. Nay, their knowledge has reached its end respecting the Hereafter; nay, they are *indeed* in doubt about it; nay, they are blind to it.

## R. 6.

68. And those who disbelieve say, 'What! when we and our fathers have become dust, shall we indeed be brought forth *again*?

69. 'We were surely promised this before—we and our fathers; this is nothing but tales of the ancients.'

70. Say, 'Travel in the earth and see how *evil* was the end of the sinful!'

71. And grieve thou not for them, nor be thou in distress at what they plot.

72. And they say, 'When will this promise be *fulfilled*, if you are truthful?'

\*73. Say, 'It may be that a part of that which you would hasten on may be close behind you.'

74. And, truly, thy Lord is gracious to mankind, but most of them are not grateful.

75.And, surely, thy Lord knows what their bosoms conceal and what they reveal.

76. And there is nothing hidden in

يَلِ ادْرَكَ عِلْمُهُمْ فِي الْأَخِرَةِ مِدَيْلُ هُمْ فَيْ شَلِقٌ مِّنْهَا ٣ يَلْ هُمْ مِّنْهَا ي عَمُوْنَ 🕅 وَ قَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْٓا ءَ إِذَا كُنَّا تُرْبًا وَّ ايَاؤُنَا ٱ بُنَّالَمُخْرَجُوْنَ ٢ لَقَدْ وُعِدْنَا هٰذَا نَحْنُ وَإِيَّا وُبَا قَبْلُ النَّ هٰذَا إِلَّا ٱسَاطِيْرُ الْآوَلِيْنَ ﴾ قُلْ سِيْرُوْا فِي الْآَرْضِ فَانْظُرُوْا كَيْفَ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ الْمُجْرِمِيْنَ وَلا تَحْزَنْ عَلَيْهِمْ وَ لَا تَكُنْ فِيْ ضَيْقِ متماكمكرون وَ يَقُوْلُوْتَ مَتَّى هِذَا الْوَعْدُ إِنْ **ڪُنْتُمْ صَدِقِيْنَ**۞ قُلْ عَسَّى آَتْ يَّكُوْنَ رَدِفَ لَكُمْ بَعْضُ الَّذِيْ تَسْتَعْجِلُوْنَ @ وَ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَذُوْ فَضْلِ عَلَى النَّاسِ وَلِكِنَّ آَكْثَرَهُمْ لَا يَشْكُرُ وْنَ@ ۇ اتى رَتَكَ **لَ بَعْلَمُ مَا تُ**كِتُ صُدُوْ رُ هُمْ وَمَا تُعْلِنُوْنَ وَ مَا مِنْ غَائِمَةٍ فِي السَّمَاءِ وَالْأَرْضِ

\*73. Say, 'It may be some of that *promised punishment*, which you *arrogantly* demand to befall you forthwith, is already at your heels.'

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ i \ s \ (553)$   $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (553)$   $(See details of transitieration on page \ p').$ 

أَمَّنْ خَلَقَ ٢٠ - Part 20

the heaven and the earth, but it is *recorded* in a clear Book.

77. Verily, this Qur'ān explains to the children of Israel most of that concerning which they differ.

78. And verily, it is a guidance and a mercy to the believers.

79. Verily, thy Lord will decide between them by His judgment, and He is the Mighty, the Allknowing.

80. So put thy trust in Allāh; surely, thou *standest* on manifest truth.

81. Verily, thou canst not make the dead to hear, nor canst thou make the deaf to hear the call, when they turn back retreating.

- \*82. And thou canst not guide the blind out of their error. Thou canst make only those to hear who believe in Our Signs, for they submit.
- \*83. And when the sentence is passed against them, We shall bring forth for them a germ out of the earth, which shall wound them because people did not believe in Our Signs.

### R. 7.

84. And *remind them of* the day when We shall gather together from

ذَا الْقُرْارِبِ بَقُصٌ عَا إِسْرَاءِئِلَ أَكْثَرُ الَّذِي هُ يَخْتَلِفُوْنَ@ وَ انَّهٰ لَهُدًى وَّ رَحْمَةُ لَّلْمُؤْم اِنَّ رَبِّكَ يَقْضِيْ بَيْنَهُمْ بِحُكْمِهِ، وَهُوَ الْحَزْيْزُ الْعَلْمُ ٢ فَتَوَكَّلُ عَلَى اللهِ ﴿ إِنَّكَ عَلَى الْحَقِّ الْمُبِيْنِ۞ انَّكَ لا تُسْمِعُ الْمَوْتَى وَكَا تُسْمِعُ الصَّمَّ الدُّعَاء إذَا وَلَّوْا مُدْبِرِيْنَ ( وَمَآ ٱنْتَ بِهْدِي الْعُمْيِ عَنْ ضَلْلَتِهِمْ -اِنْ تُسْمِعُ اِلَّا مَنْ يُؤْمِنُ بِاليتِنَا فَ ممشلمةن وَ إِذَا وَقَعَ الْقَوْلُ عَلَيْهِمْ اَخْرَجْنَا لَهُمْ وَإِيَّةً مِن الْأَرْضِ أَكَلَّمُهُمْ إِنَّ النَّاسَ كَانُوْا بِالبِتِنَالَا يُوْقِنُوْنَ أَنَ

وَ يَوْمَ نَحْشُرُ مِنْ كُلِّ أُمَّةٍ فَوْجًا مِّمَّنُ

\* 82. And you cannot guide the blind out of their error. You can only make those listen to you who believe in Our Signs, so they become obedient.

\*83. And when the sentence is passed against them, We shall bring forth for them a creature out of the earth which shall injure them because people did not believe in Our Signs.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ h \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \tau \ \mid \ dh \ \neq \ dh \ \neq \ s \ \varphi \ = \ \xi_{1} \ \varphi_{1} \ \varphi_{2} \ \varphi_{1} \ \varphi_{1}$ 

every people a party from among those who rejected Our Signs, and they shall be placed in *separate* bands.

85.Till, when they come, He will \*say, 'Did you reject My Signs, while you did not embrace them in your knowledge? Or what was it that you were doing?'

\*86. And the sentence shall fall upon them because they did wrong, and they will be speechless.

87. Have they not seen that We have made the night that they may rest therein, and the day sight-giving? In that verily are Signs for a people who believe.

88. And on the day when the trumpet will be blown, whoever is in the heavens and whoever is in the earth will be struck with terror, save him whom Allāh pleases. And all shall come unto Him, humbled.

\*89. And thou seest the mountains which thou thinkest to be firmly fixed, but they shall pass away like the passing of the clouds—the work of Allāh Who has made everything perfect. Verily, He knows full well what you do.

90. Whoever does a good deed,

حَتَّى إِذَا جَاءُوْ قَالَ ٱ كَذَّبْتُهْ بِالِتِيْ وَلَمْ تُحِيْطُوْا بِهَاعِلْمًا ٱمَّاذَا كُنْتُمْ تعملون وَوَقَعَ الْقَوْلُ عَلَيْهِمْ بِمَاظَلَمُوْا فَهُمْ لَا يَنْطِقُهْنَ ٢ ٱبَدْ كَوْ إِنَّ اجْجَدْ بْمَا الَّمْ أَن لِمَسْكُنُوْ فَيْهِ وَ النَّهَارَ مُبْصِرًا ﴿ إِنَّ فِي ذَٰلِكَ كالت تقوم يُؤْمِنُون وَ يَوْمَر يُنْفَخُ فِ الصَّوْدِ فَفَزِعَ مَنْ فِي السليمات وَ مَنْ فِي الْكَرْضِ إِلَّا مَنْ شَاء اللهُ، وَكُلُّ ٱتَوْلاً دَاخِرِيْنَ ( وَتَرَى الْجِبَالَ تَحْسَبُهَا جَامِدَةً وَّ هِيَ تَمُرُّ مَرَّ السَّحَابِ صُنْعَ اللهِ الَّذِيْ ٱتْقَن كُلَّ شَيْءٍ ﴿ إِنَّهُ خَبِيْزُ بمَا تَفْعَلُوْنَ ( مَنْ جَاءَ بِالْحَسَنَةِ فَلَهُ خَيْرٌ مِّنْهَا،

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ | \ th \ & \uparrow \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ o \ (555) \ d \ \dot{s} \ (560 \ details of transitieration on page \ p'). \end{array}$ 

<sup>\*85. &#</sup>x27;Did you reject My Signs hastily while you had not yet gained full knowledge about them? If not this what else was it, that you were doing?'

<sup>\*86.</sup> And the sentence shall fall upon them because they did wrong, and they will **not** *be able to* **speak**.

<sup>\*89.</sup> And you see the mountains imagining them to be stationary, while they are floating like the floating of the clouds. *Such is* the work of Allāh, Who made everything firm and strong.

shall have a better reward than that, and such will be secure from terror that day.

91. And those who do evil, shall be thrown down on their faces into the Fire: 'Are you not rewarded for what you have been doing?'

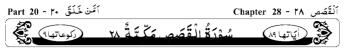
92. Say, 'I am commanded only to serve the Lord of this city which He has made sacred, and to Him belong all things; and I am commanded to be of those who submit to God;

93. 'And to recite the Qur'ān.' So whoever follows guidance, follows it only for *the good of* his own soul; and *as to him* who goes astray, say, 'I am only a warner.'

94. And say, 'All praise belongs to Allāh; He will soon show you His Signs, and you will know them.' And thy Lord is not unaware of what you do. <u>ۅ</u>ؘۿۿڔڡؚۧؽ۬؋ؘڒؘ؏ؾٛۅٛڡؘؠؙؚۮٟڶڡؚڹ۠ۅٛڹ۞

ۅؘڡؘڽٛ جَاءَ بِالسَّيِّئَةِ فَكُبَّتْ وُجُوْهُهُمْ فِي النَّارِ ؞ هَلْ تُجْزَوْنَ اِلَّا مَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُوْنَ۞ اِنَّمَا أُمِرْتُ آنْ اَعْبُدَدَبَّ هٰذِهِ الْبَلْدَةِ الَّذِيْ حَرَّمَهَا وَلَهُ حُلُّ شَيْءٍ دِوَّ أُمِرْتُ

ٱڹٛٱڴۉڹ مِنَ الْمُسْلِمِيْنَ۞ ۅؘٱڹٛ ٱتْلُوًا الْقُرْانَ ، فَمَنِ اهْتَدى فَاِنَّمَا يَهْتَدِيْ لِنَفْسِم ، وَ مَنْ ضَلَّ فَقُلْ الْنَمَآ ٱنَامِنَ الْمُنْذِرِيْنَ۞ فَتَعْرِفُوْنَهَا . وَ مَا رَبُّكَ بِغَافِلٍ عَمَّا يَعْمَلُوْنَ۞



AL-QAṢAṢ (Revealed before IIijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. Țā Sīn Mīm.‡

3. These are verses of the clear Book.

\*4. We rehearse unto thee *a portion* of the story of Moses and Pharaoh with truth, for *the benefit of* a people who would believe.

5. Verily, Pharaoh behaved arrogantly in the earth, and divided the people thereof into parties: he sought to weaken a party of them, slaying their sons, and sparing their women. Certainly, he was of the mischief- makers.

6. And We desired to show favour unto those who had been considered weak in the earth, and to make them leaders and to make them inheritors of Our favours,

7. And to establish them in the earth, and to show Pharaoh and Hāmān and their hosts that which they feared from them.

8. And We revealed to the mother of Moses *saying*, 'Suckle him; and when thou fearest for him, then cast him into the river and fear not, nor grieve; for We shall restore him to

بشمرايله الرَّحْمَن الرَّحِيْمِ () طسة تِلْكَ النُّ الْكِتْبِ الْمُبِيْنِ @ نَتْلُوْا عَلَيْكَ مِنْ نَّبَا مُوْسِي وَ فِرْعَوْنَ بالْحَقّ لِقَوْمٍ يُؤْمِنُوْنَ ? اتَ فِرْعَهْنَ عَلَا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَجَعَلَ اَهْلَهَا شَبَعًا تَسْتَضْعفُ طَّائِفَةً مّنْهُمُ ئذَتْحُ ٱبْنَاءَهُمْ وَيَسْتَحْي بْسَاءَهُ إِنَّهُ كَانَ مِنَ الْمُفْسِدِيْنَ () وَ نُو بَدُ أَنْ نَّصْنَّ عَلَى الَّذِينَ اسْتُضْعِفُوْ ا فى الأرض وَنَجْعَدَهُمْ ٱ نُمَّةً ؟ نَحْعَدَهُمُ الْهٰ رِثِيْنَ أَ وَ نُمَكِّنَ لَهُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَنُرِي فِرْعَوْنَ وَهَامِنَ وَجُنُوْدَهُمَا مِنْهُمْ مَّا كَانُوْا **ىخ**ذردىن وَ أَوْحَبْنَا إِلَى أُمَّ مُوْسَى أَنْ أَرْضِعِتْهِ، فَاذَا خِفْت عَلَيْهِ فَأَلْقِيْهِ فِي الْيَعْرِ وَكَا يَخَافِ وَ كَا يَحْزَنِيْ مِانَّا رَادُّوْهُ

<sup>†</sup> Benignant, All-Hearing, All-Knowing God!

\*4. We rehearse for you a *portion* of the story of Moses and Pharaoh with truth, for *the benefit* of a people who believe.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ r & | \ h \ \tau & | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} & | \ dh \ \dot{s} & | \ s \ of \ transliteration on \ page \ p'). \end{array}$ 

thee, and shall make him one of the Messengers.'

\*9. And the family of Pharaoh picked him up that he might become for them an enemy and a *source of* sorrow. Verily, Pharaoh and Hāmān and their hosts were wrongdoers.

10. And Pharaoh's wife said, '*He* will be a joy of the eye, for me and for thee. Kill him not. Haply he will be useful to us, or we may adopt him as a son.' And they perceived not the consequences thereof.

- \*11. And the heart of the mother of Moses became free *from anxiety*. She had almost disclosed *his identity*, were it not that We had strengthened her heart so that she might be of the *firm* believers.
- \*12. And she said to his sister, 'Follow him up.' So she observed him from afar; and they knew not of her relationship.
- \*13. And We had already ordained that he shall refuse the wet nurses; so she said, 'Shall I tell you of a household who will bring him up for you and will be his sincere wellwishers?'

اِلَيْكِ وَ جَاعِلُوْهُ مِنَ الْمُرْسَلِيْنَ () فَالْتَقَطَةَ الُ فِرْعَوْنَ لِيَكُوْنَ لَهُمْ عَدُوَّا وَ حَزَنًا ، اِنَّ فِرْعَوْنَ وَ هَامْنَ وَ جُنُوْدَهُمَا كَانُوْا خَطِئِيْنَ () وَ تَكَ لَكَ تَقْتُلُوْهُ ﴾ عَلَى آنْ يَنْفَعَنَآ آوْنَتَّخِذَهُ وَلَدًا وَهُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُوْنَ ()

وَ ٱصْبَحَ فُوَّادُ أَمِّر مُوْسَى فَرِغًا . إنْ كَادَتْ لَتُبْدِيْ بِهِ لَوْ لَآ آنْ ذَّبَطْنَا عَلٰى قَلْبِهَا لِتَكُوْنَ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ()

وَقَالَتْ لِأُخْتِهِ قُصِّيْهِ : فَبَصُرَتْ بِهِ عَنْ جُنُبٍ وَّ هُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُوْنَ أَ

وَ حَرَّمْنَا عَلَيْهِ الْمَرَاضِحَ مِنْ قَبْلُ فَقَالَتْ هَلْ ٱدُلُّكُمْ عَلَى آهْلِ بَيْتٍ يَحْفُلُوْنَهْ لَكُمْوَهُمْ لَهْ نَاصِحُوْنَ @

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (558) = 0$  (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

<sup>\*9.</sup> And the family of Pharaoh picked him up *little knowing* that he would become an enemy and a *source of* distress for them.

<sup>\*11.</sup> And the heart of the mother of Moses became free *from anxiety*. **She might have disclosed** *his identity*, **had We not** strengthened her heart so that she might be of the *firm* believers.

<sup>\*12.</sup> And she said to his sister, 'follow him up.' So she kept an eye on him from afar and they knew not.

<sup>\*13.</sup> And We had already made wet nurses unacceptable to him; so she said, 'Shall I lead you to a household who will bring him up for you and will be his sincere well-wishers?'

\*14. Thus did We restore him to his mother that her eye might be gladdened and that she might not grieve, and that she might know that the promise of Allāh is true. But most of them know not.

R. 2.

15. And when he reached his *age of* full strength and attained maturity, We gave him wisdom and knowledge; and thus do We reward those who do good.

\*16. And he entered the city at a time when its inhabitants were in a state of heedlessness; and he found therein two men fighting—one of his own party, and the other of his enemies. And he who was of his party sought his help against him who was of his enemies. So Moses smote him with his fist; and *thereby* caused his death. He said, 'This is of Satan's doing; he is indeed an enemy, a manifest misleader.'

17. He said, 'My Lord, I have wronged my soul, therefore forgive me.' So He forgave him; He is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

18. He said, 'My Lord, because Thou hast bestowed favour upon me, I will never be a helper of the guilty.' فَرَدَدْنَهُ اللَّ اُمِّهٖ كَيْ تَقَرَّ عَيْنُهَا وَلَا تَحْزَنَ وَ لِتَعْلَمَ اتَّ وَعْدَ اللهِ حَقَّ وَلَكِنَّ اَڪْثَرَهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ شُ

وَ لَمَّا بَلَغَ اَشُدَّهٔ وَاسْتَوَى أَتَيْنِهُ حُڪْمًا وَّ عِلْمًا ؞ وَكَذٰلِكَ نَجْزِى الْمُحْسِنِيْنَ®

وَ حَخَلَ الْمَرِيْنَةَ عَلَى حِيْنِ غَفْلَةٍ مِّنْ الْمَرِيْنَةَ عَلَى حِيْنِ غَفْلَةٍ مِّنْ الْمَرِيْنَة عَلَى حِيْنِ غَفْلَةٍ مِّنْ الْمَرِيْنَة عَلَى حَيْنِ يَقْتَتِلْنِ دَر الْهَلِهَا فَوَجَدَ فِيْهَا رَجُلَيْنِ يَقْتَتِلْنِ دَرُ اللَّذِيْ مِنْ شِيْعَتِه وَ لَمَذَا مِنْ عَدُوَّهٖ عَلَى اللَّذِيْ مِنْ عَدُوَّةٍ الْفَوَكَزَةُ مُوْلَى فَقَضَى عَلَيْهِ دَرَ قَالَ لَمَذَا مِنْ عَمَلِ فَقَضَى عَلَيْهِ دَرَ قَالَ لَمَذَا مِنْ عَمَلِ فَقَضَى عَلَيْهِ دَرَ قَالَ لَمَنَ مَعْنَ مَعْنَ عَمَلِ قَالَ رَبِّ إِنِّيْ طَلَمْتُ نَفْسِيْ فَاغْفِرْ لِنْ قَالَ رَبِّ بِمَآ انْعَمْتَ عَلَيَّ فَلَنْ آحُوْنَ قَالَ رَبِ بِمَآ انْعَمْتَ عَلَيَّ فَلَنْ آحُوْنَ ظَهِيْرًا لِلْمُجْرِمِيْنَ ()

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau | \ kh \ \tau | \ dh \ s \ of ransliteration on page (p).$ 

<sup>\* 14.</sup> Thus did We restore him to his mother that her eye might rejoice and she might not grieve and that she might know that the promise of Alläh is true. But most of them know not. \* 16. And he entered the town while people were still asleep; and he found therein two men fighting—one of his own people, and the other of his enemies. And he who was of his people sought his help against him who was of his enemies. So Moses punched him with his fist, and thereby caused his death. He said, 'This is of Satan's doing; he is indeed an enemy, a manifest deceiver.'

\*19. And morning found him in the city, apprehensive, watchful; and lo! he who had sought his help the day before cried out to him *again* for help. Moses said to him: 'Verily, thou art manifestly a misguided fellow.'

20. And when he made up his mind to lay hold of the man who was an enemy to both of them, he said, 'O Moses, dost thou intend to kill me as thou didst kill a man yesterday? Thou only intendest to become a tyrant in the land, and thou intendest not to be a peacemaker.'

21. And there came a man from the far side of the city, running. He said, 'O Moses, of a truth, the chiefs are taking counsel together against thee to kill thee. Therefore get thee away; surely 1 am of thy well-wishers.'

22. So he went forth therefrom, fearing, watchful. He said, 'My  $\xi_{\alpha}$  Lord, deliver me from the unjust people.'

# R. 3.

23. And when he turned his face towards Midian, he said, 'I hope my Lord will guide me to the right way.'

24. And when he arrived at the water of Midian, he found there a party of men, watering *their flocks*.

فَاَصْبَحَ فِى الْمَدِيْنَةِ خَائِفًا يَّتَرَقَّبُ فَرَذَا الَّذِى اسْتَنْصَرَهُ بِالْاَمْسِ يَسْتَصْرِخُهُ قَالَ لَهُ مُوْسَى إِنَّكَ لَغَوِيَّ مَّبِيْنَ ®

فَكَمَّآ أَنْ أَرَادَ أَنْ يَبْطِشَ بِالَّذِي هُوَ عَدُوًّ لَّهُمَا "قَالَ لِمُوْسَى أَتُرِيدُ أَنْ تَقْتُلَنِيْ كَمَاقَتَلْتَ نَفْشًا بِالْأَمْسِ إِنْ تُرِيدُ إِنَّ تَحُوْنَ جَبَّارًا فِي الْآَرْضِ وَمَا تُرِيدُ أَنْ تَحُوْنَ مِنَ الْمُصْلِحِيْنَ ( وَمَا تُرِيدُ أَنْ تَحُوْنَ مِنَ الْمُصْلِحِيْنَ ( وَجَاءَ رَجُلً مِنْ أَقْصَا الْمَدِينَةِ يَسْعُى قَالَ لِمُوْسَى إِنَّ الْمَلَا يَا تَحِرُوْنَ بِكَ لِيَقْتُلُوْكَ فَاخْرُجُ إِنِي لَكَ مِنَ النَّصِحِيْنَ()

ڣؘڂؘۯڿ مِنْهَا خَائِفًا يَتَرَقَّبُ د قَالَ دَبِّ نَجِّخِيْ مِنَ الْقَوْمِ الظَّلِمِيْنَ شُ

وَ لَمَّا تَوَجَّه تِلْقَاءَ مَدْيَنَ قَالَ عَسْى رَبِّيَّ اَنْ يَهْدِيَنِيْ سَوَاءَ السَّبِيْلِ وَلَمَّا وَرَدَ مَاءَ مَدْيَنَ وَجَدَ عَلَيْهِ أُمَّةً مِّنَ النَّاسِ يَسْقُوْنَهٰ وَوَجَدَ مِنْ دُوْنِهِمُ

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ | \ th \ & | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ of \ transliteration on \ page \ p'). \end{array}$ 

<sup>\*19.</sup> And he began his day in the town *walking* apprehensively, watchfully; and lo! he who had sought his help the day before cried out to him *again* for help. Moses said to him, 'Indeed, you are an evident transgressor.'

And he found beside them two women keeping back *their flocks*. He said, 'What is the matter with you?' They replied, 'We cannot water *our flocks* until the shepherds take away *their flocks*, and our father is a very old man.'

\*25. So he watered *their flocks* for them. Then he turned aside into the shade, and said, 'My Lord, I am in need of whatever good Thou mayest send down to me.'

26. And one of the two *women* came to him, walking bashfully. She said, 'My father calls thee that he may reward thee for thy having watered *our flocks* for us.' So when he came to him and told him the story, he said, 'Fear not; thou hast escaped from the unjust people.'

27. One of the two *women* said, 'O my father, hire him; for the best man that thou canst hire is the one who is strong and trustworthy.'

28. He said, 'I intend to marry one of these two daughters of mine to thee on condition that thou serve me on hire for eight years. But if thou complete ten *years*, it will be of thine own accord. And I would not lay any hardship upon thee; thou wilt find me, if Allāh wills, of the righteous.'

امْرَاتَيْنِ تَذُوْدُنِ ، قَالَ مَا خَطْبُكُمَا ﴿ قَالَتَا لَا نَسْعِىْ حَتَّى يُصْدِرَ الرَّعَاءُ ... وَ ٱبُوْنَاشَيْخُ كَبِيْرُ @

فَسَعَى لَهُمَا ثُمَّ تَوَلَّى إِلَى الظِّلِّ فَقَالَ رَبِّ إِنِّي لِمَا ٱنْزَلْتَ اِلَتَ مِنْ خَيْرٍ فَجَاءَتُهُ اِحْدِهُمَا تَمْشِي عَلَى اسْتِحْيَاءٍ : قَالَتْ إِنَّ آبِيْ يَدْعُوْكَ لِيَجْزِيكَ آجْرَ مَا سَقَيْتَ لَنَاء فَلَمَّا

رِيبِ رِيكَ اجر ما سَعَيتَ لَكَ الْحَمَّ جَاءَة وَ قَصَّ عَلَيْهِ الْقَصَصَ قَالَ لَا تَخَفَ تَنَجَوْتَ مِنَ الْقَوْمِ الظُّلِمِيْنَ @ قَالَتْ اِحْدُ لَهُمَا آَيَا بَتِ اسْتَاجِرْةُ دَانَّ خَيْرَ مَنِ اسْتَاجَرْتَ الْقَوِيُّ الْآمِيْنُ @

قَالَ إِنَّى اَرِيدُ آنَ اُنْكِحَكَ اِحْدَى ابْنَتَيَّ هُتَيْنِ عَلَى آنَ تَاجُرَنِي ثَمْنِي حِجَجٍ فَاِنْ آتْمَمْتَ عَشْرًا فَحِنْ عِنْدِكَ، وَمَا اُرِيدُ آنَ آشُقَّ عَلَيْكَ مَسَتَجِدُنِيَّ إِنْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ مِنَ الصَّلِحِيْنَ.

\*25. So he watered *their flocks* for them. Then he turned aside into the shade, and said, 'O my Lord, a beggar I am of whatever good You bestow on me.'

ي ۳

29. He said, 'That is *settled* between me and thee. Whichever of the two terms I fulfil, there shall be no \*injustice to me; and Allāh watches over what we say.'

Ř. 4.

30. And when Moses had fulfilled the term, and journeyed with his family, he perceived a fire in the direction of the Mount. He said to his family, 'Wait, I perceive a fire; haply I may bring you some *useful* information therefrom, or a burning brand from the fire that you may warm yourselves.'

31. And when he came to it, he was called *by a voice* from the right side of the Valley, in the blessed \* spot, out of the tree: 'O Moses, verily I am, I am Allāh, the Lord of the worlds.'

32. And *it also said*: 'Throw down thy rod.' And when he saw it move as though it were a serpent, he turned back retreating and did not wait. ' O Moses, come forward and fear not; surely thou art of those who are safe.

\*33. 'Insert thy hand into thy bosom; it will come forth white without evil *effect*, and draw back thy arm toward thyself *to be free* from fear. So these *shall be* two proofs from thy Lord to Pharaoh and his chiefs. Surely they are a rebellious people.'

قَالَ ذٰلِكَ بَيْنِيْ وَ بَيْنَكَ ، أَيَّمَا الْاحَلَيْنِ قَضَيْتُ فَلَا عُدْوَانَ عَلَى \* دَاللهُ عَلْي مَانَقُوْلُ وَحِدْ فَكَمَّا قَضى مُوْسَى الْآجَلَ وَ سَارَ بِأَهْلِهَ أنس مِنْ جَانِبِ الطُّوْرِ نَارًا ، قَالَ ِلاَهْلِهِ امْ ڪُثُوَّا إِنَّى أَنَسْتُ نَارًا لَّعَلَّى اتِيْكُمْ مِّنْهَا بِخَبَرِ أَوْ جَزُوَةٍ مِّنَ النَّارِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَصْطَلُوْنَ ] فَكَمَّآ ٱبْهَا نُوْدِيَ مِنْ شَاطِيءِ الْوَادِ الْآثِيمَن فِ الْبُقْعَةِ الْمُبْرَكَةِ مِنَ لشَّجَرَةِ أَنْ تُمُوْسَى إِنِّيُ أَنَا اللَّهُ رَتُ الْعْلَمِيْنَ شُ وَ أَنْ أَلْقٍ عَصَاكَ ﴿ فَلَمَّا رَأَهَا كَانْهَا جَانَ وَلْي مُدْبِرًا وَلَمْ يُعَقِّبُ ڸڡؙۉڛٓى ٱڤٛبڵ وَلَا تَخَفْ ؞ اِٿَّكَ *م* الأمنثن اُسْلُكْ تَكَكَ فَيْ بَيْضَاء مِنْ غَيْر سُوْءِ : وَّ اضْمُمْ إِلَيْكَ جَنَاحَكَ مِنَ الرَّهْبِ فَذَنِكَ بُرْهَانُنِ مِنْ زَبِّكَ إِلَى فِرْعَوْنَ وَ مَلَائِهِ، إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوْا قَوْمًا فْسِقَيْنَ @

\*29. Allāh is a Witness over what we say."

\*33. 'Insert thy hand into thy bosom; it will come forth white without blemish,

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ | \ th \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ dh \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ \stackrel{\circ}{=}$ 

<sup>\*31. &#</sup>x27;O Moses, surely I, none but I, am Allāh, the Lord of the worlds.'

34. He said, 'My Lord, I killed a person from among them, and I fear that they will kill me.

35. 'And my brother Aaron-he is more eloquent in speech than I: send him therefore with me as a helper that he may bear witness to my truth. I fear that they will accuse me of falsehood '

36. God said, 'We will strengthen thy arm with thy brother and We will give power to you both so that they shall not be able to reach you. those who follow you will be the winners.'

37. And when Moses came to them with Our clear Signs, they said, 'This is nothing but sorcery devised, and we never heard the like of this among our forefathers.'

38. Moses said, 'My Lord knows best who it is that has brought guidance from Him, and whose will be the reward of the final abode. Verily, the wrongdoers never prosper.'

39. And Pharaoh said, 'O chiefs, I know of no god for you other than myself; so burn me bricks of clay,

\*O Hāmān, and build me a tower, that I may have a look at the God of Moses, though I believe him to be one of the liars.'

قَالَ رَبٍّ إِنِّبْ قَتَلْتُ مِنْهُمْ نَفْسًا فَأَخَافُ أَنْ تَقْتُلُوْنِ ٢ وَ أَخِيْ هُدُوْنُ هُوَ أَفْصَحُ مِنِّيْ لِسَه فَارْسِلْهُ مَعِي رِدْاً يُصَدِّقُنِيْ رَانِيْ اَخَافُ اَنْ يُّكَذِّبُوْن

قَالَ سَنَشُدُّ عَضُدَكَ بِأَخِيْكَ وَ نَجْعَلُ لَكُمَا سُلْطِنًا فَلَا تَصِلُوْنَ إِلَيْكُمَا باليتِنَآ ، أَنْتُمَا وَ مَنِ اتَّبَعَكُمَا إِنَّ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الم الْغْلِبُوْنَ

> فكمما جاءهم مموسى بايتنا بتينت قَالُهْا مَا هِذَا الَّهُ سِحْرٌ مُّفْتَرُبٍ وَّ مَا سَمِعْنَا بِهٰذَا فِيْ أَبَائِنَا الْأَوَّلِيْنَ ٢ وَ قَالَ مُوْسَى رَبِّيْ أَعْلَمُ بِمَنْ جَاءَ بالْهُدى مِنْ عِنْدِةٍ وَ مَنْ تَكُوْنُ لَهُ عَاقِبَةُ الدَّارِدِ إِنَّهُ لَا يُفْلِحُ الظَّلِمُوْنَ @

وَ قَالَ فِرْعَوْنُ لِيَا يُهَا الْمَلَا مَا عَلِمْتُ لَكُمْ مِّنْ اللهِ غَيْرِيْ ، فَأَوْقِدْ لِيْ لِهَامْنُ عَلَى الطِّيْنِ فَاجْحَلْ لِّيْ صَرْحًا لَّعَلِّيْ ٱطَّلِعُ إِلَى إِلٰهِ مُوْسِي " وَ إِنِّي كَظُنُّهُ مِنَ الْحُذِبِيْنَ

\*39. and build me a tower, that I may have a glimpse of the God of Moses, though I believe him to be one of the liars.'

ء : ا ق p ا غ h ت ا ظ z ا ظ t ا ف b ر 563 م ص s ا + أ ث h ت ا ب ا ث ا ب م s ا ع ا ا ث h ت ا ا ا ا م ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

40. And he and his hosts behaved arrogantly in the land without any justification. And they thought that they would never be brought back to Us.

41. So We seized him and his hosts, and cast them into the sea. See, then, how *evil* was the end of the wrongdoers!

42. And We made them leaders inviting *people* unto the Fire; and on the Day of Resurrection they will receive no help.

43. And We caused them to be followed by a curse in this world; and on the Day of Resurrection they will be among those deprived of *all* good.

## R. 5.

44. And We gave the Book to Moses, after We had destroyed the earlier generations, as *a source of* enlightenment for men, and a guidance and a mercy, that they might reflect.

45. And thou wast not on the western side *of the Mount* when We revealed the command to Moses, nor wast thou among the witnesses.

46. But We brought forth generations *after Moses*, and life became prolonged for them. And thou wast not a dweller among the people of Midian, rehearsing Our Signs unto them; but it is We Who sent Messengers.

وَاسْتَكْبَرَ هُوَ وَجُنُوُدُهُ فِ الْآَرْضِ بِغَيْرِ الْحَقِّ وَظَنُّوْا اَنَّهُمْ إِلَيْنَا لَا يُرْجَعُوْنَ۞ فَاخَذْنُهُ وَجُنُوْدَهُ فَنَبَذْنُهُمْ فِي الْيَمِ، فَانْظُرْ كَيْفَ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ الظَّلِمِيْنَ۞ وَ جَعَلْنُهُمْ آئِمَةً تَذْعُوْنَ إِلَى النَّارِ، وَ يَوْمَ الْقِيمَةِ هُمْ مِّنَ الْمَقْبُوْحِيْنَ۞ بَحَ وَ يَوْمَ الْقِيمَةِ هُمْ مِّنَ الْمَقْبُوْحِيْنَ۞ بَحَ

وَ لَقَدْ أَتَدْتُ مُوْسَى الْحِتْبَ مِنْ
 بَعْدِ مَآ آهْلَكْنَ الْقُرُوْنَ الْأُوْلَى
 بَصَائِرَ لِلنَّاسِ وَ هُدًى قَ رَحْمَةً
 بَصَائِرَ لِلنَّاسِ وَ مُحْمَةً
 بَصَائِ مَدْيَنَ تَتْلُوْا عَلَيْهِمُ الْعَمْرُ الْعَمْرَةِ عَلَيْهِمُ الْعَبْ مُوْسِ وَ مَا كُنْتَ أَوْيَا

 $a i u + | th \doteq | h \tau | kh \neq | dh \Rightarrow | s \Rightarrow 54$ (See details of transilieration on page 'p'). 47. And thou wast not at the side of the Mount when We called. But *We have sent thee as* a mercy from thy Lord, that thou mayest warn a people to whom no Warner had come before thee, that they may reflect.

- \*48. And had it not been *for the fact* that, if an affliction should befall them because of what their hands have sent before *them*, they would say, 'Our Lord, wherefore didst Thou not send a Messenger to us that we might have followed Thy Signs, and been of the believers?' *We should not have sent thee as a Messenger*.
- \*49. But when the truth came to them from Us, they said, 'Why has he not been given the like of what was given to Moses?' Did they not reject that which was given to Moses before? They say, 'Two works of sorcery—the Torah and the Qur 'ān —that back up each other.' And they say, 'We disbelieve in all.'

 ٢ ﻣَﺎ ڪُنْتَ بِجَانِبِ الطُّوْرِ اِذْ نَادَيْنَا
 ٢ كَنْتَ بِجَانِبِ الطُّوْرِ اِذْ نَادَيْنَا
 ٢ كَنْ تَحْمَةً مِّنْ تَبِّكَ لِتُنْذِرَ قَوْمًا
 ٣ مَآ تُسْهُمْ مِّنْ نَذِيرٍ مِّنْ قَبْلِكَ لَعُلَّهُمْ
 ٣ مَنْ تَحْمَةً مِّنْ تَخِيرٍ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ لَعُلَّهُمْ
 ٣ مَنْ تَحْمَةً مَوْنَةً مَعْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مِنْ تَحْمَةً
 ٢ مَنْ تَحْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً
 ٢ مَنْ تَحْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً
 ٢ مَنْ يَحْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً
 ٢ مَنْ يَحْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةًا مُوْمَا مُوْمَا مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةًا مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمُ مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةًا مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةًا مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْ مُوْمَةًا مُوْمَةًا مُوْمَةًا مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةًا مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةًا مُوْمَةً مُوْمَةً مُو

فَكَمَّا جَاءَهُمُ الْحَقُّ مِنْ عِنْدِنَا قَالُوْا لَوْ لَا اُوْتِي مِثْلَ مَا اُوْتِي مُوْسَى ، اَوَ لَمْ يَحُفُرُوْا بِمَا اُوْتِي مُوْسَى مِنْ قَبْلُ، قَالُوْا سِحْدِنِ تَظَاهَرَا \* وَقَالُوْا إِنَّا بِحُلِّ حُفِرُوْنَ \*

**Note:** The answer to this question is implied and the reason why they cannot blame Allāh, is because God always sends warners to people before punishing them for their misdeeds. See chapter 6 verse 132.

\*49. But when the truth came to them from Us, they said, 'Why has he not been given the like of what was given to Moses?' Had they not rejected what was given to Moses before they said, 'Merely two magicians helping each other.' And they said, 'We reject them one and all.' Note: Of the three main opponents of Islām the Jews, Christians and the idolaters the Jews

Note: Of the three main opponents of Islām the Jews, Christians and the idolaters the Jews are being addressed in this verse. This statement could only have been made by the Jews. When the Holy Qur'ān says that they had rejected what was given to Moses before, it could not have meant that the people of the time of the Holy Prophet (may peace and blessings of Allāh be upon him) of Islām had rejected Moses.

The part of the verse comprising innā bikullin kāfirūna (نَّى يُفْنُ خَطْرَوَى) (We reject them one and all) also means that 'we reject all those who come in the name of God with the so-called Signs.' This pinpoints the malady shared by all those who reject the Prophet of their time.

<sup>\*48.</sup> And why do they not, when an affliction befalls them as a result of their own doings, say, 'Our Lord, why did You not send Your Messenger to us so that we could follow Your Signs, and be of those who believed?'

\*50. Say, 'Then bring a Book from Allah which is a better guide than these two, that I may follow it, if vou are truthful.'

51. But if they answer thee not, then know that they only follow their own evil inclinations. And who is more erring than he who follows his evil inclinations without any guidance from Allah? Verily Allah guides not the unjust people. R. 6.

52. We have. And indeed. thoroughly conveyed to them the Word, that they may be admonished.

53. Those to whom We gave the Book before it-they believe in it;

54. And when it is recited unto them, they say, 'We believe in it. Verily, it is the truth from our Lord. Indeed, even before it we had submitted ourselves to God.'

55. These will be given their reward twice, for they have been steadfast and they repel evil with good, and spend out of what We have given them.

56. And when they hear vain talk, they turn away from it and say, 'Unto us our works and unto you your works. Peace be to you. We seek not the ignorant.'

لْ فَأَتُوا بِكِتْبِ مِّنْ عِنْدِ اللهِ لاب مِنْهُمَا ٱتَّبْعُهُ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صرقيْنَ۞ فَإِنْ لَّمْ يَسْتَجِيْبُوْا لَكَ فَاعْلَمْ ٱنَّمَا يَتَّبِعُوْنَ أَهْوَأَءَهُمْ ﴿ وَمَنْ أَضَلُّ مِمَّن تَّبَعَ هَوْدَهُ بِغَيْرِ هُدًى مِّنَ اللهِ 2000 إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الظَّدِ وَلَقَدْ وَصَّلْنَا لَهُمُ الْقَوْلَ لَعَدَّ ىت**ت**ۆنەھ ٱلَّذِيْنَ أَتَيْنَهُمُ الْكِتْبَ هُمْرِبِهِ يُؤْمِنُوْنَ @ وَإِذَا يُثْلِّي عَلَيْهِمْ قَالُوْا أَمَنَّا بِهَ إِنَّهُ الْحَقّْ مِنْ رَّبِّنَآ إِنَّا كُنَّا مِنْ قَ مُسْلِمِيْنَ @ أولَئك يُؤْتَوْنَ أَجْرَهُمْ مَّرَّتَيْنِ بِمَا صَبَرُوْا وَيَدْدَءُوْنَ بِالْحَسَنَةِ السَّيِّ وَمِمَّارَزَقْنُهُمْ يُنْفِقُونَ، وَإِذَا سَمِعُوا اللَّغْوَ آعْرَضُوْا عَنْهُ وَقَالُوْا كنآ أغمالنا وركم أغماركم سَلْمٌ عَلَيْكُمْ دَلَا نَبْتَعْي الْجُعِلِيْنَ @

\$50. Say, 'Then bring a Book from Allah which is a better guide than these two-the Torah and the Qur'an that I may follow it, if you are truthful.'

النصف

(See details of transliteration on page 'p')

57. Surely thou wilt not be able to guide all whom thou lovest: but Allāh guides whomsoever He pleases; and He knows best those who would accept guidance.

58. And they say, 'If we were to follow the guidance with thee, we should be snatched away from our land.' Have We not established for them a safe sanctuary, to which are brought the fruits of all things, as a provision from Us? But most of them know not.

59. And how many a habitation have We destroyed which exulted in its manner of life! And these are their dwellings which have not been inhabited after them except a little. And it is We Who became the Inheritors.

60. And thy Lord would never destroy the towns until He has raised in the mother town thereof a Messenger, reciting unto them Our Signs; nor would We destroy the towns unless the people thereof are wrongdoers.

61. And whatever of the things of this world you are given is only a temporary enjoyment of the present life and an adornment thereof: and that which is with Allah is better and more lasting. Will you not then understand?

# R. 7.

62. Is he, then to whom We have

اِنَّكَ لَا تَهْدِبْ مَنْ اَحْبَبْتَ وَلَكِنَّ الله يَهْدِي مَنْ تَبْشَاء ، وَ هُوَ أَعْلَمُ بالْمُهْتَدِيْنَ @ وَقَالُوْا إِنْ نَتَبِعِ الْهُدَى مَعَكَ نُتَخَطَّفُ مِنْ ٱرْضِنَا ﴿ ٱوْلَمْ نُمَجَّنْ لَّهُمْ حَرَمًا أَمِنًا يُجْبَى إِلَيْهِ ثَمَرْتُ ڪُل شَيْءٍ رَزْقًا مِنْ لَمُنَّا وَلَكِنَّ اَكْتُرَهُمْ لَا تَعْلَمُوْنَ وَحَمْ آهْلَكْنَا مِرْنَ قَرْبَة بَطِرَتْ مَعِيْشَتَهَا ، فَتِلْكَ مَسْكِنُهُمْ لَمْ تُسْكَنْ مِّنْ بَعْدِهِمْ إِلَّا قَلِيْلًا ، وَكُنَّا نَحْنُ الْوِرِثِيْنَ ٢ وَ مَا كَانَ رَبُّكَ مُهْلِكَ الْقُرِي حَتَّى يبعث في أمِّها رَسُوْلًا يَتْلُوْا عَلَيْهُمْ اليتِنَا، وَمَاكُنًّا مُهْلِكِي الْقُزَى الَّا وَ آهْلُهَا ظٰلِمُوْنَ ٠ وَمَا أَوْتِنْتُمْ مِّنْ شَيْءٍ فَمَتَاعُ الْحَلْوة الدُّنْيَاوَ زِيْنَتُهَا، وَمَاعِنْدَ اللهِ خَيْرً وَّ ٱبْتَى إِفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ شَ

ٱ فَمَنْ وَعَدْنَهُ وَعْدًا حَسَنًا فَهُوَ كَاقِيْهِ

ء i u | th ش h 7 | kh 7 | dh 3 | ؟ ص ج ( 567 ص ص ج ا خ h 7 | kh 7 | dh 3 | ؟ ص ج ا ت h 7 | kh 7 | dh (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

<u>چ</u>

# أَمَّنْ خَلَقَ ٢٠ - Part 20

promised a goodly promise *the fulfilment of* which he will meet, like the one whom We have provided with the good things of this life, and then on the Day of Resurrection he will be of those who will be brought *arraigned before God*?

63. And on that day He will call to them, and say, 'Where are My 'partners' that you so imagined?'

64. Those against whom the sentence will become due, will say, 'Our Lord, these are those whom we led astray. We led them astray, even as we had gone astray *ourselves*. We *now* dissociate ourselves *from them and turn* to Thee. It was not us that they worshipped.'

65. And it will be said, 'Call upon your partners.' And they will call upon them, but they will not answer them. And they will see the punishment. Would that they had followed the guidance!

66. And on that day He will call to them and say, 'What answer did you give to the Messengers?'

\*67. Then all excuses will become obscure to them on that day, and they shall not *even* ask each other.

68. But as for him who repents and believes and does righteous deeds, maybe he will be among the prosperous.

كَمَنْ مَتَّعْنَهُ مَتَاعَ الْحَلُوةِ الدُّنْيَا ثُمَّهُوَيَوْمَالْقِيْمَةِمِنَ الْمُحْضَرِيْنَ \*

وَ يَوْمَ يُنَادِيْهِمْ فَيَقُوْلُ آيْنَ شُرَكَاءِيَ الَّذِيْنَ كُنْتُمْ تَزْعُمُوْنَ قَالَ الَّذِيْنَ حَقَّ عَلَيْهِمُ الْقَوْلُ رَبَّنَا هَؤُلَاءِ الَّذِيْنَ آغُوَيْنَا، آغُوَيْنُهُمْ حَمَا هَوَيْنَا، تَبَرَّأْنَ اللَيْكَ رَمَا كَانُوَا الِيَّانَ يَعْبُدُوْنَ؟

وَ قِيْلَ ادْعُوْا شُرَكَاءَحُمْ فَدَعَوْهُمْ فَلَمْ يَسْتَجِيْبُوْالَهُمْ وَ رَاوُاالْعَذَابَ، لَوْ ٱنَّهُمْ كَانُوْا يَهْتَدُوْنَ۞

وَ يَوْمَ يُنَادِيْهِمْ فَيَقُوْلُ مَاذَآ اَجَبْتُمُ الْمُرْسَلِيْنَ ۞ فَحَمِيَتْ عَلَيْهُمُ الْآنَّتْبَاءُ يَوْمَئِذٍ فَهُمْ لَا يَتَسَاءَلُوْنَ۞ فَامَا مَنْ تَابَ وَ أَمَنَ وَ عَمِلَ صَالِحًا فَحَسَى آنْ يَحُوْنَ مِنَ الْمُفْلِحِيْنَ۞

(See details of transliteration on page 'p').

69. And thy Lord creates whatever He pleases and chooses *whomsoever He pleases*. It is not for them to choose. Glorified be Allāh, and far is He above all that they associate *with Him*.

70. And thy Lord knows what their breasts conceal, and what they reveal.

71. And He is Allāh; there is no God but He. To Him belongs all praise in the beginning and the Hereafter. His is the judgment and to Him shall you be brought back.

- \*72. Say, 'Tell me, if Allāh make the night continue over you till the Day of Resurrection, what god is there besides Allāh who could bring you light? Will you not then hearken?'
- \*73. Say, 'Tell me, if Allāh make the day continue over you till the Day of Resurrection, what god is there besides Allāh who could bring you a night wherein you could rest? Will you not then see?'

74. And of His mercy He has made for you the night and the day, that you may rest therein, and that you may seek of His bounty, and that you may be grateful.

وَ رَتُكَ بَخْلُقُ مَا بَشَاءُ وَ بَخْتَادُ مَا كَانَ لَهُمُ الْحَبَرَةُ ﴿ سُبْحُرِبَ اللَّهِ وَتَعْلَى عَمَّا يُشْرِكُون وَ رَتُكَ بَعْلَمُ مَا تُكِنُّ صُدُوْدُهُمْ وَمَا ئغلنُهْنَ ۞ وَ هُوَ اللهُ لَآ إِلٰهَ إِلَّا هُوَ ﴿ لَهُ الْحَمْدُ فِي الْأُوْلِي وَ الْأَجْرَةِ رِوَلَهُ إِنَّهُ عَمْدَ وَ إِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُوْنَ ( قُلْ أَ رَءَيْتُمْ إِنْ جَعَلَ اللهُ عَلَيْكُمُ الَّيْلَ سَرْمَدًا إلى يَوْمِ الْقِلْمَةِ مَنْ الْهُ غَيْرُ اللهِ يَأْتِيْكُمْ بِضِياً؟ \* أَفَلَا تشمعهن قُلْ اَ دَءَيْتُمْ إِنْ جَعَلَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ حُمَ النَّهَارَ سَرْمَدًا إِلَى يَوْمِ الْقِيْمَةِ مَنْ إِلْهُ غَيْرُ اللهِ يَأْتِيْكُمْ بِلَيْلِ تَسْكُنُوْنَ فنهدافكا تُبْصِرُوْن وَ مِنْ زَحْمَتِهِ جَعَلَ لَكُمُ وَالنَّهَادَ لتَشَكُنُوا فِيْهِ وَ لِتَبْتَغُوْا مِنْ فَضْلِهِ وَ لَعَدَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُوْنَ ٢

<sup>\*72.</sup> Say, 'Tell me, if Allāh make the night continue over you till the Day of Resurrection, what god is there besides Allāh who could bring you light? Will you not then hearken?'

<sup>\*73.</sup> Say, 'Tell me, if Allāh make the day continue over you till the Day of Resurrection, what god is there besides Allāh who could bring you a night wherein you could rest? Will you not then see?'

75. And on that day He will call to them and say, "Where are My 'partners,' whom you so imagined?"

76. And We shall draw from every people a witness and We shall say, 'Bring your proof.' Then they will know that the truth belongs to Allāh. And that which they used to forge will be lost unto them.

### R. 8.

\*77. Verily, Korah was of the people of Moses, but he behaved arrogantly towards them. And We had given him of treasures so much that his hoardings would have weighed down a party of strong men. When his people said to him, 'Exult not, surely Allāh loves not those who exult.

78. 'And seek, in that which Allāh has given thee, the Home of the Hereafter; and neglect not thy lot in this world; and do good *to others* as Allāh has done good to thee; and seek not to make mischief in the earth, verily Allāh loves not those who make mischief.'

79. He said, 'This has been given to me because of the knowledge I possess.' Did he not know that Allāh had destroyed before him generations that were mightier than he and greater in riches? And the guilty shall not be asked *to offer an explanation* of their sins. ٤ ﻳَﻮْ
 ٤ ﻳَﻮْ
 ﻳَـْ

اِنَّ قَادُوْنَ كَانَ مِنْ قَوْمِ مُوْسَى فَبَغْ عَلَيُهِمْ وَ أَتَيْنَهُ مِنَ الْحُنُوْزِ مَا الْقُوَّةِ وَ إِنَّ عَنَوْمُ لا تَفْرَحُ الْقُوَّةِ وَ إِذْ قَالَ لَهُ قَوْمُهُ لا تَفْرَحُ الْقُوَّةِ وَ إِذْ قَالَ لَهُ قَوْمُهُ لا تَفْرَحُ وَ ابْتَغِ فِيْمَا اللَّهِ الْفَرِحِيْنَ ﴾ وَ ابْتَغِ فِيْمَا اللَّهِ الْفَرِحِيْنَ ﴾ وَ ابْتَغِ فِيْمَا اللَّهِ الْفَرِحِيْنَ ﴾ وَ ابْتَغِ فِيْمَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَ الْتَعْبَعُ الْفُسَاءَ فِي الْمُوْسِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَ لَا تَبْعَ الْفُسَاءَ فِي الْمُوْسِ مِنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَ وَ لَا تَبْعَ الْفُسَاءَ فِي الْمُوْسِ مِنْ اللَّهُ اللَهُ اللَهُ اللَّهُ اللَهُ اللَهُ اللَهُ اللَّوْمِ مُنْ اللَّهُ اللَهُ اللَهُ اللَهُ اللَهُ اللَهُ عَنْ اللَهُ وَ اللَهُ عَامَ اللَهُ عَلَيْ عَامَ مُعْتَ اللَهُ عَلَى اللَهُ عَلَيْ مِنْهُ اللَهُ عَامَ اللَّهُ عَامَ اللَهُ عَلَيْ مِنْهُ مُنْ اللَهُ عَلَيْ مِنْهُ اللَهُ عَلَى اللَهُ عَلَيْ مُولَكُ مِنْ عَالَهُ عَلَيْ مُولَ الللَهُ عَلَى اللَهُ عَنْ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَهُ عَنْ اللَهُ عَنْ اللَهُ عَنْ اللَهُ عَلَى اللَهُ عَلَى اللَهُ عَلَيْ عَالَةُ مِنْهُ عَامُ مَنْ اللَهُ عَلَى اللَهُ عَنْ اللَهُ عَلَيْ عَالَ اللَهُ عَامَ اللَّهُ عَامَ اللَهُ عَامَ اللَّهُ عَا اللَّهُ عَامَ اللَهُ عَلَى اللَهُ عَلَيْ مَالَهُ عَالَى اللَهُ عَلَيْ مِنْ مُ مَائَعُ مَنْ مُ عَامُ مُولَ الْمُ مُولَ الْحُولُ مُولَةُ مُولَ اللَهُ عَلَيْ مَالَهُ عَلَيْ مَا مُولَ الْحُولُ مُولَةُ مُولَ اللَهُ مُولَ اللَهُ مَعْ اللَهُ مَعْ اللَهُ مُولَ الْحُولَةُ مَا مُولَ الْحُولُ اللَعُ م

\*77. Verily, Korah was of the people of Moses, but he behaved like a tyrant towards them. And We had given him of treasures so much so that the keys thereof would have weighed down a party of strong men.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ | \ s \ o \ (570)$  (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

80. So he went forth before his people in his pomp. Those who were desirous of the life of this world said, 'O would that we had the like of what Korah has been given! Truly, he is the master of great fortune.'

81. But those who had been given knowledge said, 'Woe to you, Allāh's reward is best for those who believe and do good works; and it shall be granted to none except those who are steadfast.'

\*82. Then We caused the earth to swallow him up and his dwelling; and he had no party to help him against Allāh, nor was he of those who can defend themselves.

83. And those who had coveted his position the day before began to say, 'Ah! it is indeed Allāh Who enlarges the provision for such of His servants as He pleases and straitens *it for whom He pleases*. Had not Allāh been gracious to us, He would have caused it to swallow us up *also*. Ah! the ungrateful never prosper.' **B. 9.** 

84. This is the Home of the Hereafter! We give it to those who desire not self-exaltation in the earth, nor corruption. And the end is for the righteous.

85. He who does a good deed shall have better reward than that; and *as* 

فَخَرَجَ عَلَى قَوْمِهِ فِنْ زِيْنَتِهِ • قَالَ النزين يريدون الخلوة الدنتا لْكَمْتَ لَنَّا مِثْلَ مَآ أَوْ تَ قَارُوْنُ " إِنَّهُ لَذُوْ حَظٍّ عَظِيْمٍ ٢ وَقَالَ الَّذِيْنَ أَوْتُوا الْعِلْمَرَوَيْلَكُمْ ثَوَابُ اللهِ خَيْرٌ لِّمَنْ أَمَنَ وَ عَملَ صَالِحًا ، وَلَا يُلَقَّدِهَا إِلَّا الصَّبِرُوْنَ ( فَخَسَفْنَابِهِ وَبِدَارِةِ الْأَرْضَ = فَمَا كَانَ لَهُ مِنْ فِئَةٍ يَنْصُرُوْنَهُ مِنْ دُوْن الله و و مَا حَانَ مِنَ الْمُنْتَصِرِ يْنَ 🕼 وَأَصْبَحَ الَّذِينَ تَمَنَّوْا مَكَانَهُ بِالْأَمْسِ يَقُوْلُوْنَ وَرْجَانَ اللَّهَ يَبْسُطُ الرَّزْقَ لِمَنْ تَشَاءُ مِنْ عِبَادِهِ وَ تَقْدِرُ ۽ لَوْ كُمْ أَنْ مَّنَّ اللهُ عَلَيْنَا لَخَسَفَ بِنَاء وَ: كَانَّهُ لَا تُفْلِحُ الْكَفِرُوْنَ ٢

تِلْكَ الدَّارُ الأَخِرَةُ نَجْعَلُهَا لِلَّذِينَ لا يُرِيدُوْنَ عُلُوًّا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَلَا فَسَادًا . وَالْعَاقِبَةُ لِلْمُتَقِيْنَ؟ مَنْ جَاءَ بِالْحَسَنَةِ فَلَهُ خَيْرٌ مِّنْهَا .

\*82. Then We caused the earth to swallow him up and his dwelling; and he had no party to help him against Allāh, nor was he of those who could overpower Allāh's decree.

Ê

*for him* who does an evil deed those who do evil deeds shall not be rewarded but *according to* what they did.

86. Most surely He Who had made *the teaching of* Qur'ān binding on thee will bring thee back to *thy* place of return. Say, 'My Lord knows best who brings the guidance, and who is in manifest error.'

87. And thou didst never expect that the Book would be revealed to thee; but it is a mercy from thy Lord; so never be a helper of those who disbelieve.

88. And let them not turn thee away from the Signs of Allāh, after they have been sent down to thee; and call *mankind* to thy Lord, and be not of those who attribute partners *to Him*.

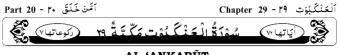
89. And call not on any other god beside Allāh. There is no god but He. Everything will perish except Himself. His is the judgement, and  $\frac{1}{21}$ 

to Him will you be brought back.

وَمَنْ جَآء بِالسَّيِّئَةِ فَلَا يُجْزَى الَّذِيْنَ عَمِلُوا السَّيِّأَتِ الَّا مَا كَانُوْا يَعْمَلُوْنَ۞ اِنَّ الَّذِيْ فَرَضَ عَلَيْكَ الْقُرْانَ لَرَآةُكَ اِلْ مَعَادٍ وَقُلْ دَبِّيَ آعْلَمُ مَنْ جَاء بِالْهُدى وَ مَنْ هُوَ فِيْ ضَلْلٍ مُبِيْنٍ ۞

وَ مَا كُنْتَ تَرْجُوْٓا آنَ يُّلْقَى إِلَيْكَ الْكِتْبُ الَّلا رَحْمَةً مِّنْ رَّبِّكَ فَلَا تَحُوْنَنَّ ظَهِيْرًا لِّلْحُفِرِيْنَ هُ وَلَا يَصُدُّتَكَ عَنْ أَيْتِ اللهِ بَعْدَاذُ ٱنْزِلَتْ إِلَيْكَ وَادْعُ إِلَى رَبِّكَ وَلَا تَحُوْنَنَّ مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِيْنَ أَسْ

وَلَا تَدْعُ مَعَ اللهِ الْهَا اٰخَرَ مَكَمَ اللهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَ مُوَ تَدَكُنُّ شَيْءٍ هَالِكَ الَّا وَجْهَهُ - مُعَالِكُ اللَّهُ وَجْهَهُ - مُعَالِكُ لَهُ الْحُكْمُ وَ الْمَيْ لَهُ الْحُكْمُ وَ الْمَيْهِ تُوْجَعُوْنَ أَنَّ



AL-'ANKABŪT (Revealed before Hijrah)

 In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.
 Alif Lām Mīm.<sup>‡</sup>

\*3. Do men think that they will be left alone because they say, 'We believe,' and that they will not be tested?

4. And We did test those who were before them. So Allāh will surely distinguish those who are truthful and He will surely distinguish the liars *from the truthful*.

5. Or do those who commit evil deeds think that they will escape Us? Evil is what they judge.

6. Whoso hopes to meet Allāh, *let him be prepared for it*, for Allāh's appointed time is certainly coming. And He is the All-Hearing, the All-knowing.

7. And whoso strives, strives only \*for his own soul; verily Allāh is Independent of all creatures.

8. And *as to* those who believe and do good works, We shall surely remove from them their evils, and We shall surely give them the best reward of their works.

بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () الَّمَّ أَ احَسِبَ النَّاسُ ان يُتْرَكُوَ ا ان يَقُوْلُوَ ا امتَّا وَهُمْ لا يُفْتَلُوْنَ () وَ لَقَدْ فَتَنَّا الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ فَلَيَعْلَمَنَ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ امْ حَسِبَ الَّذِينَ يَعْمَلُوْنَ السَّيِّاتِ ان يَشبِقُوْنَا دِسَاءَمَا يَحْكُمُوْنَ () اللهِ لاتٍ دوَهُوَ السَّحِيْعُ الْعَلِيْمُ ()

وَ مَنْ جَاهَدَ فَإِنَّمَا يُجَاهِدُ لِنَفْسِهِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَغَنِيٌَّ عَنِ الْعَلَمِيْنَ وَ الَّذِيْنَ الْمَنُوْا وَ عَمِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ لَنُصَّفِّرَنَّ عَنْهُمْ سَيِّاتِهِمْ وَلَنَجْزِيَنَّهُمْ اَحْسَنَ الَّذِيْ كَانُوْا يَعْمَلُوْنَ ()

\*7. verily Allāh is Independent of the entire universe.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup>I am Allāh, the All-Knowing.

<sup>\* 3.</sup> Do men think that they will be left alone because they say, 'We believe,' and that they will not be **put to trial?** 

\*9. And We have enjoined on man kindness to his parents; but if they strive to make thee associate that with Me of which thou hast no knowledge, then obey them not. Unto Me is your return, and I shall inform you of what you did.

10. And those who believe and do good works—them We shall surely admit into *the company of* the righteous.

11. And of men there are *some* who say, 'We believe in Allāh,' but when they are made to suffer in the cause of Allāh, they regard the persecution of men to be like the punishment of Allāh. And if help comes from thy Lord, they are sure to say, 'Certainly, \*we were with you.' Is not Allāh best

aware of what is in the bosom of *His* creatures?

12. And Allāh will surly distinguish those who believe and He will surely distinguish the hypocrites *from the believers*.

13. And those who disbelieve say to those who believe, 'Follow our way, and we will surely bear your sins.' And they cannot bear aught of their sins. They are surely liars.

وَ وَصَيْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ بِوَالِدَيْهِ حُسْنًا وَإِنْ جَاهَدْكَ لِتُشْرِكَ بِيْ مَا لَيْسَ لَكَ بِهِ عِلْمَ فَلَا تُطِعْهُمًا ﴿ إِلَى ۖ مَرْجِعُكُمْ فَأُنَبِّئُكُمْ بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تعملەن، وَ الَّذَيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَعَصِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ لَنُدْخِلَنَّهُمْ فِي الصَّلِحِيْنَ ا وَ مِنَ النَّاسِ مَنْ تَقُوْلُ أَمَنَّا بِاللهِ فَإِذَا أَوْذِي فِي اللهِ جَعَلَ فَتْنَةَ النَّاسِ كَعَذَاب اللهِ وَلَئِنْ جَاءَنَصْرٌ مِّنْ رَّبِّكَ كىتۋەلُر<sup>ىت</sup> ي<sup>ت</sup>اڭاڭتام<del>،</del> يۇچەر كۆلكىس اللهُ باَعْلَمَ بِمَا فِيْ صُدُوْدِ الْعُلَمِيْنَ () وَ لَيَعْلَمَنَّ اللهُ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَلَيَعْلَمَنَّ الْمُنْفِقَيْنَ () وَ قَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا لِلَّذِينَ أَمَنُوا اتَّبِعُوْاسَبِيْكَنَاوَلْنَحْمِلْخَطْيَكُمْ ؞ وَ مَا هُمْ بِحَامِلِيْنَ مِنْ خَطْلِهُمْ مِّنْ شَىْءٍ داِنَّهُمْ لَكْذِبُوْنَ®

\*11. Is not Allāh best aware of what is in the hearts of all the people?

<sup>\*9.</sup> And We have enjoined on man kindness to his parents; but if they contend with you so that you too may associate partners with Me; of which you have no knowledge whatsoever, then obey them not.

\*14. But they shall surely bear their own burdens, and *other* burdens along with their own burdens. And they will surely be questioned on the Day of Resurrection concerning that which they fabricated.

R. 2.

15. And We certainly sent Noah to \*his people, and he dwelt among them a thousand years save fifty years. Then the deluge overtook them, while they were wrongdoers.

16. But We saved him and those who were *with him* in the Ark; and We made it a Sign for all peoples.

17. And *remember* Abraham when \*he said to his people, 'Worship Allāh and fear Him. That is better for you if you understand.

18. 'You only worship idols beside Allāh, and you forge a lie. Those whom you worship beside Allāh have no power to provide sustenance for you. Then seek sustenance from Allāh, and worship Him, and be grateful to Him. Unto Him will you be brought back.

19. 'And if you reject, then generations before you *also* rejected. And the Messenger is only responsible for the clear conveying *of the Message*.

وَ لَيَحْمِلُنَّ ٱثْقَالَهُمْ وَ ٱثْقَالًا مَّعَ ٱثْقَالِهِمْ دَوَلَيُسْتَلُنَّ يَوْمَ الْقِيْحَةِ عَمَّا كَانُوْا يَفْتَرُوْنَ۞َ

وَ لَقَدْ ٱ (سَلْنَا نُوْحًا إِلَى قَوْمِهِ فَلَبِثَ فيهم اَلْفَ سَنَةٍ إِلَّا خَمْسِيْنَ عَامًا -فَكَخُذَهُمُ الطُّوْفَانُ وَ هُمْ ظٰلِمُوْنَ @ فَأَنْحَنْنُهُ وَ أَصْحْتَ السَّفْنَيَة وَجَعَلْنُهَا ابَةً للْعُلَمِنْنَ ( وَإِبْلِهِ مُعَمِّ إِذْقَالَ لِقَوْمِهِ إعْسُرُوا اللَّهُ وَ اتَّقُوْلاً ، ذَلِكُمْ خَبْرٌ لَّكُمْ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُوْنَ اتَّمَاتَعْسُدُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ أَوْثَانًا وَ تَخْلُقُوْنَ إِنْكًا دِإِنَّ الَّذِينَ تَعْبُدُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ كَا يَمْلِكُوْنَ لَكُمْرِزْقًا فَابْتَغُوْا عِنْدَ اللهِ الرَّزْقَ وَ اعْبُدُوْهُ وَاشْكُرُوْالَهُ وَإِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُوْنَ ( وَإِنْ تُكَذِّبُوا فَقَدْ جَذَّتِ أُمَمَّ مِّرِ ب قَبْلِكُمْ دَوَمَاعَكَى الرَّسُوْلِ إِلَّا الْبَلْخُر

\* 14. But they shall surely bear their own burdens as well as burdens other than their own.
\* 15. ... and he dwelt among them a thousand years less fifty.

<sup>\*17. &#</sup>x27;Worship Allāh and fear Him. That would be better for you if only you knew.

20. See they not how Allāh originates creation, then repeats it? That surely is easy for Allāh.

\*21. Say, 'Travel in the earth, and see how He originated the creation. Then will Allāh provide the latter creation.' Surely, Allāh has power over all things.

22. He punishes whom He pleases and shows mercy unto whom He pleases; and to Him will you be turned back.

23. And you cannot frustrate *the designs of Allāh* in the earth nor in the heaven; nor have you any friend or helper beside Allāh.

### R. 3.

24. Those who disbelieve in the Signs of Allāh and the meeting with Him—it is they who have despaired of My mercy. And they will have a grievous punishment.

25. And the only answer of his people was that they said, 'Slay him or burn him.' But Allāh saved him from the fire. In that surely are Signs for a people who *would* believe.

26. And he said, 'Verily you have taken for yourselves idols beside

اوَلَمْ يَرَوْا كَيْفَ يُبْدِئُ اللهُ الْخَلْقَ تُمَّ يُعِيْدُهُ لانَّ ذٰلِكَ عَلَى اللهِ يُسِيْرُ تُلْ سِيْرُوا في الْارْضِ فَانْظُرُوا كَيْفَ بَدَا الْخَلْقَ تُمَّ اللهُ يُنْشِئُ النَّشَاتَة الْاخِرَةَ إِنَّ اللهَ عَلى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرَ شَ يُعَذِّبُ مَنْ يَشَاءُوَ يَرْحَمُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ، وَ إِلَيْهِ تُقْلَبُوْنَ ٣

وَمَا ٱنْتُمْ بِمُعْجِزِيْنَ فِي الْآدَضِ وَلَا فِي السَّمَاءِ وَ مَا لَكُمْ مِّنْ دُوْنِ اللَّهِ مِنْ قَلِيٍّ وَّلا تَصِيْرٍ شَ وَ الَّذِيْنَ حَفَرُوْا بِالِيتِ اللَّهِ وَ لِقَائِمَ اولَئِكَ يَئِسُوْا مِنْ تَحْمَتِيْ وَ اُولَئِكَ لَمُمْ عَذَابَ آلِيْمَ شَ فَمَا كَانَ جَوَابَ قَوْمِهَ إِلَّا آنْ قَالُوا التَّارِ لا إِنَّ عَوَابَ قَوْمِهَ إِلَّا آنْ قَالُوا التَّارِ لا إِنَّ فِي ذٰلِكَ لا لِيتٍ لِقَوْمِ يُؤْمِنُوْنَ@

21. Say, 'Travel in the earth, and see how He originated the creation then Allāh will raise another creation later.

e S

Note: The same scenario has been presented in another similar verse 53:48 (An-Najm) with a slight change in the choice of a word. Instead of  $\bar{a}khirah$  (ناخزی) there the word  $ukhr\bar{a}$  (ناخزی) is used.  $\bar{A}khirah$  (ناخزی) can be simply translated as 'later',  $ukhr\bar{a}$  (ناخزی) means 'another.' It is obvious therefore the words  $ukhr\bar{a}$  (ناخزی) and  $\bar{a}khirah$  (ناخزی) when combined would mean: another type of creation in a later age.

# أَمَّنْ خَلَقَ ٢٠ - Part 20

Allāh, out of love for each other in the present life. Then on the Day of Resurrection you will deny each other, and curse each other. And your abode will be the Fire; and vou will have no helpers.'

27. And Lot believed him; and Abraham said, 'I take refuge with my Lord; surely He is the Mighty, the Wise '

28. And We bestowed on him Isaac and Jacob, and We placed the gift of prophethood and the Book among his descendants, and We gave him his reward in this life, and in the Hereafter he will surely be among the righteous.

29. And We sent Lot; he said to his 'You people. commit an abomination which none among mankind has ever committed before you.

30. 'Do you indeed come lustfully to men and cut off the highway for *\*travellers*? And you commit abomination in your meetings!' But the only answer of his people was that they said, 'Bring upon us the punishment of Allah if thou speakest the truth.'

31. He said, 'Help me, my Lord, against the wicked people.'

ٱوْتَابًا "مَّوَدَّةَ بَنْنَكُمْ فِ الْحَلُوةِ الدُّنْكاء ثُمَّ كَوْمَ الْقَلْمَة كَخُفُرُ بَحْضُكُمْ بِبَحْضِ وَّ يَلْعَنُ بَحْضُكُمْ بَعْضًا دِقَ مَأُوْ لَكُمُ النَّارُ وَمَا آَكُمُ ڡؚٞڹٛڝڔؽڹ۞ فَامَنَ لَهُ لُوْطُ مِ وَ قَالَ إِنِّي مُهَاجِرً ﴿ إلى رَبِّيْ النَّهُ هُوَ الْعَزِيْزُ الْحَكِيْمُ ٢ ووهدناكة إشخق ويغقوب وجعلنا فى ذُرِّيته النُّبُوَّةَ وَالْكِتْبَ وَأَتَبْنَهُ ٱجْرَة في الدُّنْيَا، وَ إِنَّهُ فِ الْإِجْرَةِ لَحِنَ الصَّلِحِيْنَ. وَلُوْطًا إِذْ قَالَ لِقَوْمِهَ إِنَّ كُمْ لَتَا تُوْنَ الْفَاحِشَةَ دَمَا سَبَقَحُمْ بِهَا مِنْ أَحَدٍ مِّنَ الْعُلَمِيْنَ ٱ بِنَّكُم لَتَا تُوْنَ الرِّجَالَ وَتَقْطَعُوْنَ السَّبِيْلَ لا وَتَأْتُوْنَ فِنْ نَادِيْكُمُ الْمُنْكَرَ إِفَمَا كَانَ حَوَاتٍ قَوْمِهَ إِلَّا اَنْ قَالُوا انْتِنَا بِحَذَابِ اللهِ إِنْ كُنْتَ مِنَ الصَّدِقِيْنَ ٢ قَالَ رَبّ انْصُرْ فِنْ عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْمُفْسِدِيْنَ أَسَ

\*30. And you indulge in your meetings in all that is loathsome.

ء ' ا ق p | أ ج b ا ا ا ف p ( ع ا ا ف ا ا ا ف b ر 517) ص ع ا خ h r | kh r | dh ا ث kh r | dh ا ا ع (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

r S

R. 4.

32. And when Our messengers brought Abraham the glad tidings, they said, 'We are going to destroy the people of this town; surely its people are wrongdoers.'

33. He said, 'But Lot is there.' They said, 'We know full well who is there. We will surely save him and his family, except his wife, who is of those who remain behind.'

34. And when Our messengers came to Lot, he was distressed on account of them and felt powerless with regard to them. And they said, 'Fear not, nor grieve; we will surely save thee and thy family except thy wife, who is of those who remain behind.

35. 'We are surely going to bring down on the people of this town a punishment from heaven, for they have been rebellious.'

36. And We have left thereof a clear Sign for a people who would understand.

37. And to Midian *We sent* their brother Shu'aib who said, 'O my people, serve Allāh, and fear the Last Day and commit not iniquity in the earth, creating disorder.'

38. But they called him a liar. So a violent earthquake seized them, and in their homes they lay prostrate upon the ground.

وَ لَمَّا جَاءَتْ رُسُلُنَا إِبْرُهِبْمَ بِالْبُشْرِي اقَالُوْ النَّامُهْلِكُوْ ا آهْل هُذِهِ الْقَرْبَةِ ، إِنَّ ٱهْلَهَا كَانُوْا ظَلِمَيْنَ شَ قَالَ إِنَّ فِيْهَا لُوْطًا ﴿ قَالُوْا نَحْنُ ٱعْلَمُ بِمَنْ فِيْهَا ﴿ لَنُنَجِّيَنَّهُ وَ اَهْلَهُ اللَّهِ امْرَا تَهُ إِكَانَتْ مِنَ الْغُبِرِيْنَ @ وَ لَمَّا آَنْ جَاءَتْ رُسُلُنَا لُوْطًا سِيْءَ بِهِمْ وَ ضَاقَ بِهِمْ ذَرْعًا وَّ قَالُوْا كَا تَخَفْ وَ كَا تَحْزَنْ ما إِنَّا مُنَجُّوْكَ وَ أَهْلَكَ إِلَّا امْرَأَتَكَ كَانَتْ مِنَ الْغبرِيْنَ @ إِنَّا مُنْزِلُوْنَ عَلَى ٱهْلِ هٰذِهِ الْقَرْيَةِ رجْزًا مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ بِمَا كَانُوْا كفُسُقُدْنَ وَ لَقَدْ تَّرَكْنَا مِنْهَآ أَيَةً بَيِّنَةً لِقَوْمِ يَعْقِلُوْنَ 🕾 وَ إِلَى مَدْيَنَ آخَاهُمْ شُعَبْبًا " فَقَالَ إيقة مراغبُدُوا الله وَازْجُوا الْبَوْمَالْإِخِرَ وَكَا تَعْثَوْا فِي الْأَدْضِ مُفْسِدِيْنَ ٢ فَكَذَّبُوْهُ فَاخَذَتْهُمُ الرَّجْفَةُ فَاصْبَحُوْا فكارهم جثمين

39. And We destroyed 'Ād and Thamūd; and it is evident to you \*from their dwelling-places. And Satan made their deeds appear good to them, and thus turned them away from the path, sagacious

though they were. 40. And *We destroyed* Korah and

Pharaoh and Hāmān. And Moses did come to them with manifest Signs, but they behaved proudly in the earth, yet they could not outstrip *Us*.

41. So each one *of them* We seized in his sin; of them were those against whom We sent a violent sandstorm, and of them were those whom a roaring blast overtook, and of them were those whom We caused the earth to swallow up, and of them were those whom We drowned. And Allāh would not wrong them, but they used to wrong their own souls.

42. The case of those who take helpers beside Allāh is like unto the case of the spider, who makes for herself a house; and surely the frailest of *all* houses is the house of the spider, if they but knew!

43. Verily, Allāh knows whatever they call upon beside Him; and He is the Mighty, the Wise.

44. And these are similitudes which

وَ عَادًاوً ثَمُهُ دَأْ وَ قَدْ تَّبَعَّن آَكُمْ مِّنْ ممس الشَّيطُ وَ وَزَيَّنَ لَهُمُ الشَّيْطُ أغمَالَهُمْ فَصَدَّهُمْ عَن السَّب وَكَانُوْا مُسْتَبْصِرِيْنَ أَ وَ قَارُوْنَ وَ فِرْعَوْنَ وَ هَامْنَ ٥ وَ لَقَرْ جَاءَهُمْ شُوْسى بِالْبَيِّ نْتِ فَاسْتَحْبَرُوْا <u>فِي</u> الْأَدْضِ وَمَاكَانُوْا سَابِقِيْنَ خَ فَكُلًّا آخَذْنَا بِذَنَّبِهِ ، فَمِنْهُمْ مَّنْ ٱ ( سَلْنَا عَلَيْهِ حَاصِبًا ، وَ مِنْهُمْ مَّنْ اَخَذَتْهُ الصَّيْحَةُ ، وَ مِنْهُمْ مَّنْ خَسَفْنَا بِهِ الْأَدْضَ ، وَ مِنْهُمْ مَّنْ ٱغْرَقْنَا، وَ مَا حَانَ اللَّهُ لِيَظْلِمَهُمْ وَ لَحِنْ كَانُوْا ٱنْفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُوْنَ ? مَثَلُ الَّذِينَ اتَّخَذُوْا مِنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ ٱوْلِياء حَمَثَل الْعَنْكَبُوْتِ أَاتَخَذَتْ ىنىتَّا دۆيات أۋھن الْبُيُوْتِ لَبَيْتُ الْعَنْكَبُوْتِ مِلَوْكَانُوْايَعْلَمُوْنَ ؟ إِنَّ اللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا يَدْعُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِهِ مِنْ شَيْءٍ ، وَهُوَ الْعَزِيْزُ الْحَكِيْمُ ٣ وَتِلْكَ الْكَمْثَالُ نَضْرِبُهَا لِلنَّاسِ ، وَمَا

\*39. And Satan made their deeds *appear* good to them, and thus turned them away from the path **despite their being capable of discerning** *the truth*.

وقفالازه

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (see details of transiteration on page \ p').$ 

We set forth for mankind, but only those understand them who have knowledge.

\*45. Allāh created the heavens and the earth in accordance with the requirements of wisdom. In that surely is a Sign for the believers.

R. 5.

46. Recite that which has been revealed to the of the Book, and observe Praver. Surely, Praver restrains one from indecency and manifest evil, and remembrance of Allah indeed is the greatest virtue. And Allah knows what you do.

47. And argue not with the People of the Book except with what is best: but argue not at all with such of them as are unjust. And say, 'We believe in that which has been revealed to us and that which has been revealed to you; and our God and your God is one; and to Him we submit '

48. And in like manner have We sent down the Book to thee, so those to whom We have given true knowledge of the Book believe in it (the Our'an); and of these Meccans also there are some who believe in it. And none but the ungrateful deny Our Signs.

49. And thou didst not recite any Book before it, nor didst thou write one with thy right hand; in that case

يَعْقَلُهَا إِلَّا الْعَالِمُوْنَ ?

خَلَقَ اللَّهُ السَّهٰ فِتِ وَ الْأَ اِنَّ فِيْ ذٰلِكَ كَأْيَةً لِّلْ <u>ب</u> ۳

ٱ**ؿُلُ مَ**ٓا ٱ**وْرِى** اِنَيْكَ مِنَ انْحِتْبِ <sup>\*</sup> وَ ٱقِمِر الصَّلوةَ ، إنَّ الصَّلوةَ تَنْهَى عَنِ الْفَحْشَاءِ وَ الْمُنْكَرِ ، وَلَذِكْرُ الله أحْكَرُ ، وَ اللهُ مَعْلَمُ مَا تَصْنَعُوْنَ 🕅

وَ لَا تُجَادِلُوٓا آهْلَ الْكِتْبِ إِلَّا بِالَّتِيْ هِيَ أَحْسَنُ وَسِ إِلَّا الَّذِينَ ظَـلَمُوْا مِنْهُمُ وَقُوْلُوْا الْمَنَّا بِالَّذِيْ ٱنْزَلَ إِلَيْنَا وَ ٱنْزَلَ إكثى أرواله تناواله كم واحدة تخش كَهُ مُسْلِمُوْنَ ٢

وَ كَذٰلِكَ ٱنْزَلْنَآ المَيْكَ الْكِتْبَ، فَالَّذِينَ أتَيْنُهُمُ الْكِتْبَ يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِهِ، وَ مِنْ هَؤُلاً مِنْ يُؤْمِنُ بِهِ . وَ مَا يجْحَدُبِاليتِنَآ اللَّا الْحُفِرُوْنَ ٢ وَ مَا كُنْتَ تَتْلُوْا مِنْ قَبْلِهِ مِنْ كِتْبِ

وَّلَا تَخُطُّهُ بِيَمِيْنِكَ إِذًا لَّارْتَابَ

\*45. Allāh created the heavens and the earth with truth.

(See details of transliteration on page 'p')

the liars would have doubted.

50. Nay, it is *a collection of* clear Signs in the hearts of those who are given knowledge. And none but the wrongdoers deny Our Signs.

51. And they say, 'Why are not Signs sent down to him from his Lord?' Say, 'The Signs are with Allāh, and certainly I am a clear Warner.'

52. Is it not enough for them that We have sent down to thee the Book which is recited to them? Verily, there is mercy in it and a reminder for a people who believe.

# R. 6.

53. Say, 'Allāh is sufficient as a Witness between me and you. He knows what is in the heavens and the earth. And *as for* those who believe in falsehood and disbelieve in Allāh, they it is who are the losers.'

54. They ask thee to hasten on the punishment; and had there not been an appointed term, the punishment would have come upon them. And it shall surely overtake them unexpectedly, while they perceive not.

55. They ask thee to hasten on the punishment; but verily, Hell is *already* encompassing the disbelievers.

الْمُبْطِلُوْنَ بَلْ هُوَ النَّ بَيِّنْتَ فِيْ صُدُوْرِ الَّذِيْنَ ٱوْتُوا الْعِلْمَدْ وَمَا يَجْحَدُ بِالِيتِنَا الَّ الظَّلْمُوْنَ، وَ قَالُوْا لَوْ لَآ ٱنْزَلَ عَلَيْهِ إَيْتُ مِّنْ رَّبِّهِ فُلُ إِنَّمَا الْأَيْتُ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَإِنَّمَا ٱنَانَزِيْرَ<sup>\*</sup> شِبِيْنَ۞ اَوَ لَمْ يَكْفِهِمْ اَنَّآَ اَنْزَلْنَا عَلَيْكَ الْكِتْبَ يُتْلَى عَلَيْهِمْ د إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ چە لَرَحْمَةً وَّ ذِكْرى لِقَوْمِ يُّؤْمِنُوْنَ أَ قُلْ ڪَفٰى بِاللهِ بَيْخِيْ وَ بَيْنَكُمْ شَهِيدًا ، يَعْلَمُ مَا فِ السَّمُوتِ وَ الْآرْضِ ﴿ وَ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَّنُوْا بِالْبَاطِلِ وَ كَفَرُوْا بِاللهِ " أُولَيُكَ هُمُ الخسروي وَ يَسْتَعْجِلُوْنَكَ بِالْعَذَابِ ، وَلَوْ لَآ اَحَلُ شُسَمَّى لَجَاءَهُمُ الْ**عَذَ**ابُ وَلَيَا تِنَتَّهُمْ بَغْتَةً وَّ هُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُوْنَ،

يَشتَعْجِلُوْنَكَ بِالْعَذَابِ ، وَ اِتَّ جَهَنَّمَ لَمُحِيْطَةً بِالْكْفِرِيْنَ

56. Remember the day when the punishment will overwhelm them from above them and from underneath their feet, and He will say, 'Taste ye the fruit of your actions.'

57. O My servants who believe! verily, vast is My earth, so worship Me alone.

58. Every soul shall taste of death; then to Us shall you be brought back.

59. And those who believe and do good works-them shall We surely house in lofty mansions of Paradise, beneath which rivers flow. They will abide therein. Excellent is the reward of those who work good,

60. Those who are steadfast, and put their trust in their Lord.

61. And how many an animal there that carries not its own is sustenance! Allah provides for it and for you. And He is the All-Hearing, the All-knowing.

62. And if thou ask them, 'Who has created the heavens and the earth and pressed into service the sun and the moon?', they will surely say,

\*'Allāh.' How then are they being turned away from the truth?

63. Allah enlarges the means of sustenance for such of His servants as He pleases, and straitens them

يَوْمَرِيغْشْهُمُ الْعَذَابُ مِنْ فَوْقِهِمْ وَ مِنْ تَحْتِ آدْجُلِهِمْ وَ يَقُوْلُ ذُوْقُوْا مَاكُنْتُمْتَعْمَلُوْنَ لعبدادي اللَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْٓا إِنَّ أَرْضِيْ وَاسِعَةً فَإِيَّاىَ فَاعْبُدُوْنِ <u>ڪُلُنَفْسِ ذَائِقَةُ الْمَوْتِ = ثُمَّر إِلَيْنَا</u> تُرْجَعُوْنَ @ وَ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ لَنُبَوِّئَنَّهُمْ مِّنَ الْجَنَّةِ غُرَفًا تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْآنْهُرُ خْلِدِيْنَ فَبْهَا ﴿ نِعْمَر أَجْرُ الْعُملِيْنَ أَنَّ الَّذِيْنَ صَبَرُوْا وَعَلْى رَبِّهِمْ يَتَوَكَّلُوْنَ. وَ كَايَنْ مِّنْ دَاتَةِ لَّهُ تَحْمِلُ رِزْقَهَا ﴿ ٱىتْهُيَرْ زُقْهَاوَ إِيَّاكُمْ اللَّهِ عَمْ السَّجِيْحُ الْعَلِيْمُ وَ لَبُنْ سَا لَتَهُمْ مَّنْ خَلَقَ السَّمَات وَ الْاَدْضَ وَ سَخْرَ الشَّمْسَ وَ الْقَصَرَ لَيَقُوْلُنَّ اللهُ وَلَا يُمُؤَكُّونَ ٢ ٱللهُ يَبْسُطُ الرَّزْقَ لِمَنْ يَشَاءُ مِنْ

عِبَادِم وَ يَقْدِرُ لَهُ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ

ء ' ا ق p | أ ج b ا ا ا ف p ( 582 ) ص ع ا خ h ا ا ث h ا ا ث h ا ا ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

وتقالازه

for whom *He pleases*. Surely Allāh has full knowledge of all things. 64. And if thou ask them, 'Who sends down water from the sky and therewith gives life to the earth after its death?', they will surely say, 'Allāh.' Say, 'All praise belongs to Allāh.' But most of them understand not.

R. 7.

65. And this life of the world is nothing but a pastime and a sport, and the Home of the Hereafter that indeed is Life, if they but knew!

66. And when they go on board a ship, they call on Allāh, with sincere and exclusive faith in Him. But when He brings them safe to land, behold, they associate partners *with Him*;

67. That they may deny that which We have bestowed on them, and that they may enjoy themselves *for a time*. But they will soon come to know.

68. Have they not seen that We have made the sanctuary secure *for them*, while people are snatched away from all around them? Would they then believe in falsehood and deny the favour of Allāh?

69. And who is more unjust than he who invents a lie concerning Allāh, or rejects the truth when it comes to him? Is there not an abode in Hell for those who disbelieve? عَلِيْمَ () وَ لَئِنْ سَالَتَهُمْ مَّنْ نَّزَّلَ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً فَاحْيَا بِهِ الْاَرْضَ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَوْتِهَا لَيَقُوْلُنَّ اللَّهُ • قُلِ الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ • بَلْ اَ كُثَرُهُمْ لَا يَعْقِلُوْنَ () وَ مَا هٰذِهِ الْحَيْوةُ الدُّنْيَا اللَّا لَهُوَ وَ مَا هٰذِهِ الْحَيْوةُ الدُّنْيَا اللَّهُ لَهُوَ وَ مَعْبَ ، وَ اِنَ الدَّارَ الْاخِرَةَ لَهِيَ الْحَيَوَانُ مَلَوْ كَانُوْا يَعْلَمُوْنَ () مُخْلِصِيْنَ لَهُ الرَّيْنَ ذَ فَلَمَا نَجْهُمْ اِلَى الْبَرِّ إِذَا هُمْ يُشْرِكُوْنَ () اِلَى الْبَرِ إِذَا هُمْ يُشْرِكُوْنَ () يَ يَحْفُرُوْا بِمَا اتَ يُنْهُمْ الْاَيْ لِيَتَمَتَّعُوْا... فَسَوْفَ يَعْلَمُوْنَ ()

ٱوَلَمْ يَرَوْا ٱنَّا جَعَلْنَا حَرَمًا أَمِنًا وَّ يُتَخَطَّفُ النَّاسُ مِنْ حَوْلِهِمْ اَفَبِالْبَاطِلِ يُؤْمِنُوْنَ وَ بِنِعْمَةِ اللهِ يَحْفُرُوْنَ۞ كَذِبًا آوْ حَذَّبَ بِالْحَقِّ لَمَّا جَآءَةً اَلَيْسَ فِيْ جَهَنَّمَ مَثْوًى لِّلْكُفِرِيْنَ۞

أَثْلُ مَا أَوْرِيَ ٢١ - Part 21	AL-'ANKABŪT	اَنْعَنْكَبُوْت 19 - Chapter 29 - ۲۹
70. And <i>as for</i> those who str Our path—We will surely them in Our ways. And verily is with those who do good.		وَ الَّذِيْنَ جَاهَدُوْا فِيْنَا لَنَ سُبُلَنَا وَاِنَّ اللَّهَ لَمَحَ الْمُحْ

أَثْلُ مَآ أَوْجِيَ Part 21 - ۲۱ اَلِرُّوْم ٣٠ - Chapter 30 1103

**AR-RŪM** (Revealed before IIijrah)

I.In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.
 Alif Lām Mīm.‡

3. The Romans have been defeated,

4 . In the land nearby, and they, after their defeat, will be victorious.

5. In a few years—Allāh's is the command before and after *that*— and on that day the believers will rejoice,

6. With the help of Allāh. He helps whom He pleases; and He is the Mighty, the Merciful.

7. Allāh *has made* this promise. Allāh breaks not His promise, but most men know not.

8. They know *only* the outer *aspect* of the life of this world, and of the Hereafter they are utterly unmindful.

9. Do they not reflect in their own minds? Allāh has not created the heavens and the earth and all that is between the two but in accordance with the requirements of wisdom and for a fixed term. But many among men believe not in the meeting of their Lord.

بشير الله الرَّحْمٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () الم أ غُلبت الرُّوْمُ ( فيَّ آدُنِّي الْأَدْضِ وَهُمْ مِّنَّ بَعْدِ غَلَهِ سَيَغْلِبُوْنَ 🖑 فِيْ بِضْعِ سِنِيْنَ \* يِتَّهِ الْأَمْرُ مِنْ قَبْلُ وَمِنْ بَعْدُ وَيَوْمَبِّزِ يَفْرَحُ الْمُؤْمِنُوْنَ ٥ بِنَصْرِ اللهِ ، يَنْصُرُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ ، وَ هُوَ الْعَزِيْزُ الرَّحِيْمُ أَ وَعْدَالله لا يُخْلفُ اللهُ وَعْدَة وَ لَكِنَّ ٱحْثَرَ النَّاسِ لَا مَعْلَمُهْنَ ٥ مَعْلَمُوْنَ ظَاهِرًا مِّنَ الْحَلُوةَ الدُّنْتَا؟ وَهُمْ عَنِ الْإِجْرَةِ هُمْ غَفِلُوْنَ ( أوَلَمْ يَتَفَكَّرُوْا فِنْ ٱنْفُسِهِمْ اللَّ خَلَقَ اللهُ السَّلْطُوبِ وَ الْأَرْضَ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا إِلَّا بِالْحَقِّ وَ أَجَلِ شُسَمًّى ﴿ وَ إِنَّ كَثِيْرًا مِّنَ النَّاسِ بِلِقَانَ

رَبِّهم لَكْفِرُ وْنَ ()

‡ I am Allāh, the All-Knowing.

10. Have they not travelled in the earth so that they might see how evil was the end of those who were before them? They were stronger than these in power, and they tilled the soil and populated it more and *better* than these have populated it. And their Messengers came to them with manifest Signs. And Allah would not wrong them, but they wronged their own souls.

11. Then evil was the end of those who did evil, because they rejected the Signs of Allah, and mocked at them.

#### R. 2.

12. Allāh originates creation; then He repeats it; then to Him shall you be brought back.

13. And on the day when the Hour will arrive the guilty shall be in despair.

14. And they shall have no intercessors from among them whom they associate with God: and they will deny those whom they associate with Him.

15. And on the day when the Hour will arrive-on that day will they become separated from one another. 16. Then those who believed and did good works will be honoured and made happy in a garden.

17. But as for those who disbelieved

ٱوَلَمْ يُسِيْرُوْا فِي الْأَرْضِ فَيَنْظُرُوْا كَيْفَ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ الَّذِيْنَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ ﴿ كَانُوْا آشَدَّ مِنْهُمْ قُوَّةً وَّ آثَارُوا الْأَرْضَ وَ عَمَرُوْهَا آخَتُرَ مِمّا عَمَرُوْها وَجَاءَتُهُمْ رُسُلُهُمْ بِالْبَيِّنْتِ ، فَمَا كَانَ اللهُ لِيَظْلِمَهُمْ وَلَكِرِ ثَ كَانُوْا ٱنْفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُوْنَ ثُمَرَكَانَ عَاقبَةَ الَّذِينَ ٱسَاءُوا السُّوْآي أَنْ كَذَّبُوْا بِاليتِ اللهِ وَ كَانُوْا بِهَا ٩ يَسْتَهْزُءُوْنَ أَ اَبِلْهُ مَبْدَؤُا الْخَلْقَ شَمَّرُ مُ الكيه تُرْجَعُوْنَ. وَ بَهْمَ تَقُوْمُ السَّاعَةُ الْمُجْرِمُوْنَ. وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَّهُمْ مِّنْ شُرَكَّ لِبِهِمْ شُفَخَوًّا وَكَانُوْا بِشُرَكَا بِهِمْ كَفِرِيْنَ @ وَ يَهْمَرَ تَقُوْمُ السَّاعَةُ يَوْمَئِذ يَتَفَرَّ قُوْنَ@ فَامَّاالَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّلِحُدِ فَهُمْ فَى رَوْضَةٍ يُحْبَرُوْنَ 🔊 وَ اَمَّا الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا وَ حَذَّبُوْا بِالْيِتِنَا

ء' | ق q | k | gh ج | ظ z | ظ t  $a i u \mid h \uparrow | h \tau \mid kh \neq dh \Rightarrow s$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

and rejected Our Signs and the meeting of the Hereafter, these will be brought forth in punishment.

18. So glorify Allāh when you enter the evening and when you enter the morning—

19. And to Him belongs all praise in the heavens and the earth—and *glorify Him* in the afternoon and when you enter upon the time of the decline of the sun.

20. He brings forth the living from the dead, and He brings forth the dead from the living; and He gives life to the earth after its death. And in like manner shall you be brought forth.

## R. 3.

21. And *one* of His Signs *is this*, that He created you from dust; then, behold, you are men who move about *on the face of the earth*.

22. And *one* of His Signs *is this*, that He has created wives for you from among yourselves that you may find peace of mind in them, and He has put love and tenderness between you. In that surely are Signs for a people who reflect.

23. And among His Signs is the creation of the heavens and the earth, and the diversity of your tongues and colours. In that surely are Signs for those who possess knowledge.

24. And among His Signs is your

وَ لِقَائً الْأَخِرَةِ فَاُولَئِكَ فِي الْعَذَابِ مُحْضَرُوْنَ۞ فَسُبْحٰنَ اللَّهِ حِيْنَ تُمْسُوْنَ وَ حِيْنَ تُصْبِحُوْنَ۞ وَلَهُ الْحَمْدُ فِي السَّهٰوٰتِ وَ الْآَرْضِ وَ عَشِيَّاةً حِيْنَ تُظْهِرُوْنَ۞

يُخْرِجُ الْحَيَّ مِنَ الْمَيِّتِ وَ يُخْرِجُ الْمَيِّتَ مِنَ الْجَيِّ وَ يُحْيِ الْاَدْضَ بَحْدَ مَوْتِهَا وَكَذْلِكَ تُخْرَجُوْنَ جُ

٤ مِنْ الْيَتِمَ آنْ خَلَقَكُمْ مِّنْ تُرَابٍ

 شَمَّ إِذَآ آنْ تُمْ بَشَرَ تَنْتَشِرُؤْنَ ()

 ٥ مِنْ الْيَتِمَ آنْ خَلَقَ لَكُمْ مِّنْ مِّنْ

 ٥ مِنْ الْيَتِمَ آنْ خَلَقَ لَكُمْ مِّنْ

 ٥ مِنْ الْيَتِمَ آنْ تَنْمَ تَنْتَشِرُؤْنَ ()

 ٥ مِنْ الْيَتِمَ أَنْ تَنْمَ تَنْتَشْرُؤْنَ ()

 ٥ مِنْ الْيَتِمَ تَقَوْمٍ يَتَفَكَّرُؤْنَ ()

 ٥ مِنْ الْيَتِمَ خَلَقُ السَّمُوتِ وَ الْأَدْخِ

 ٥ مَنْ الْيَتِمَ تَلْعَلَمُ وَ ٱلْوَانِ حُمْ

وَحِنْ أَيْتِهِ مَنَامُ حُمْ بِالَّيْلِ وَ النَّهَادِ

sleep by night and day, and your seeking of His bounty. In that surely are Signs for a people who hear.

25. And *one* of His Signs *is this*, that He shows you the lightning *as a source of* fear and hope, and He sends down water from the sky, and quickens therewith the earth after its death. In that surely are Signs for a people who understand.

26. And among His Signs *is this*, that the heaven and the earth stand *firm* by His command. Then when He calls you by a call *coming* from the earth, behold, you will come forth.

27. And to Him belongs whosoever is in the heavens and the earth. All are obedient to Him.

28. And He it is Who originates the creation, then repeats it, and it is most easy for Him. His is the most exalted state in the heavens and the earth; and He is the Mighty, the Wise.

### R. 4.

29. He sets forth for you a parable concerning yourselves. Have you, among those whom your right hands possess, partners in what We have provided for you so that you become equal *sharers* therein *and* fear them as you fear each other? Thus do We explain the Signs to a people who understand.

وَ ابْتِغَاؤُ حُمْرِمِّنْ فَضْلِهِ ، إِنَّ فِيْ ذَلِكَ لَالِيتِ لِقَوْمِ يَسْمَعُوْنَ<sup>®</sup> وَ مِنْ اليتِه يُرِيكُمُ الْبَرْقَ خَوْفًا وَّ طَمَعًا وَ يُنَزِّلُ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً فَيْحْي بِهِ الْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا ﴿ إِنَّ فِي ذٰلِكَ لا يَتِ لِقَوْمٍ يَعْقِلُوْنَ ٢ وَ مِنْ البِيَّهَ أَنْ تَقُوْمَ السَّبَمَاءُ وَ الْأَدْضُ بِآَسْرِهِ د ثُمَّر إِذَا دَعَاكُمْ دَعْوَةً 3 مِّن الْأَرْضِ تَاذَآ أَنْتُمْ تَخْرُجُوْنَ 🕅 وَلَهُ مَنْ فِي السَّبْطَوْتِ وَالْأَرْضِ • كُلُّ لَّهٔ قَانِتُوْنَ@ وَهُوَ الَّذِيْ يَبْدَؤُا الْخَلْقَ ثُمَّ يُعِيْدُهُ وَهُوَ اَهْوَنُ عَلَيْهِ ﴿ وَلَهُ الْمَتَلُ الْأَعْلَى فِي السَّهٰوَتِ وَ الْآَدْضِ ، وَهُوَ الْعَزِيْزُ الْحَكْثُمُ ٢ ضَرَب آكُمْ مَّتْلًا مِّنْ آنْفُسِكُمْ -هَلْ تَّكُمْ مِّنْ مَّا مَلَكَتْ آَبْمَازُ كُمْ مِّنْ شُرَكًاء فِيْ مَادَذَقْنْهُمْ فَانْتُمْ فثبه سوآة تخافؤنهم كجيفتكم ٱنْفُسَكُمْ لَالِكَ نُفَصِّلُ الْإِيتِ لِقَوْمِ يَعْقِلُوْنَ ٢

 $a i u \mid h$  ث اظ  $r \mid kh \neq dh$  خ  $s \mapsto 588$  ع  $i \mid i \mid kh \neq h$  ث  $h \mid r \mid kh \neq dh$  خ  $h \mid r \mid kh \neq dh$  خ  $s \mapsto 588$  (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

30. Nay, but those who are unjust follow their own low desires without any knowledge. Then who can guide him whom Allāh has adjudged as lost? There will be no helpers for them.

\*31. So set thy face to *the service of* religion as one devoted *to God. And follow* the nature made by Allāh the nature in which He has created mankind. There is no altering the creation of Allāh. That is the right religion. But most men know not.

32. Set your face to God, turning to Him *in repentance*, and fear Him, and observe Prayer, and be not of those who associate partners *with* God—

33. Of those who split up their religion and have become divided into sects; every party rejoicing in what they have.

34. And when an affliction befalls men, they cry unto their Lord, turning to Him *in repentance*; then, when He has made them taste of mercy from Him, lo! a section of them associate partners with their Lord, بَلِ اتَّبَحَ الَّذِيْنَ ظَلَمُوَّا اَهْوَاً عَهْرَ بِغَيْرِ عِلْمٍ • فَمَنْ يَّهْدِيْ مَنْ اَضَلَّ اللهُ وَمَالَهُمْ مِّنْ نُصِرِيْنَ جَ

فَاقِم وَجْهَكَ لِلزَّيْنِ حَنِيْفًا وَطْرَتَ اللهِ الَّتِي فَطَرَ النَّاسَ عَلَيْهَا وَلَ تَبْدِيْلَ لِخَلْقِ اللهِ وَ ذَٰلِكَ الزَّيْنُ الْقَيِّمُ لا وَلَحِتَّ ٱكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لا يَعْلَمُوْنَ أُنَّ وَلَا تَكُوْنُوا مِنَ الْمُشْرِحَيْنَ أُنَ

مِنَ الَّذِيْنَ فَرَّقُوا دِيْنَهُمْ وَكَانُوا شِيعًا -كُلُّ حِزْبٍ بِمَالَكَ يُهِمْ فَرِحُوْنَ ﴿ وَ اِذَا مَسَّ النَّاسَ ضُرَّ حَقوا رَبَّهُمْ مَنِيْبِيْنَ الَيْهِ ثُمَّ اِذَا فَرِيْقً بِذَا اَذَاقَهُمْ بِرَبِّهِمْ يُشْرِكُوْنَ أُ

\*31. So set your face towards religion ever inclined to truth—and follow the nature of Alläh after which He fashioned all mankind. There is no altering the creation of Alläh. That indeed is the religion which is firmly upright and supports others to be upright.

**Note:** Here the nature of Allāh refers to His attributes. In this context it means that man has been made capable of imitating the attributes of Allāh. That is the only way by which man can spiritually evolve. Evidently other animals cannot share this unique distinction of man. In other words, nearness to Allāh can only be achieved if His excellent attributes are acquired. However it should be remembered that Allāh is infinite while man is finite. As such man can only imitate Him within the scope of his human limitations.

 $a i u + h \tau + h$ 

أَثْلُ مَا أَوْرِيَ Part 21 - ۲۱

35. So as to be ungrateful for what We have given them. So enjoy yourselves *awhile*, but soon you will come to know.

36.Have We sent down to them any authority which speaks *in favour* of what they associate with Him?

\*37. And when We make mankind taste of mercy, they rejoice therein; but if an evil befall them because of that which their own hands have sent on, behold! they are in despair.

38. Have they not seen that Allāh enlarges the provision to whomsoever He pleases, and straitens *it to whomsoever He pleases*? In that truly are Signs for a people who believe.

39. So give to the kinsman his due, and to the needy, and to the wayfarer. That is best for those who seek the favour of Allāh, and it is they who will prosper.

40. Whatever you pay as interest that it may increase the wealth of the people, it does not increase in the sight of Allāh; but whatever you give in Zakāt seeking the favour of Allāh—it is these who will increase *their wealth* manifold.

41.1t is Allāh Who has created you, *and* then He has provided for you; then He will cause you to die, *and* 

لِيَكْفُرُوْا بِمَآ أَتَيْنَهُمْ فَتَمَتَّعُوْا فَسَوْفَ تَعْلَمُوْنَ، آم ٱنْزَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ سُلْطْنًا فَهُوَ يَتَكَلَّمُ بِمَا كَانُوْا بِهِ يُشْرِكُوْنَ @ وَ إِذَا آذَقْنَا النَّاسَ رَحْمَةً فَرِحُوْابِهَا ﴿ وَإِنْ تُصِبْهُمْ سَيِّئَةُ بِمَا قَدَّمَتْ ٱيدِيْهِمْ إِذَا هُمْ يَقْنَطُوْنَ ٢ أَوَلَمْ يَرَوْا أَنَّ اللَّهُ يَبْسُطُ الرَّزْقَ لِمَنْ يَشَاءُ وَيَقْدِدُ إِنَّ فَي ذَلِكَ لَا يَتِ لِقَوْمِ تُؤْمِنُونَ فَاتِ ذَا الْقُرْلِي حَقَّهُ وَ الْمِسْكِيْنَ وَ ابْنَ السَّبِيْلِ . ذٰلِكَ خَيْرٌ لِّلَّذِيْنَ يُرِيدُوْنَ وَجْهَ اللهِ : وَ أُولَبِّكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُوْنَ وَ مَا أَتَيْتُمْ مِّنْ رِّبًا لِّيرُبُوا فِي آمُوَالِ النَّاسِ فَلَا يَرْبُوْا عِنْدَ الله وَ مَآ اتَيْتُمْ مِّنْ زَحُوةٍ تُرِيدُوْنَ وَجْهَ اللهِ فَأُو لِبُكَ هُمُ الْمُضْعِفُوْنَ ٢ حَامَ ثُمَّ رَزَقَكُمْ ثُمَّ رَزَقَكُمْ ثُمَّ ثُمَّ بُحْيِثِكُمْ ، هَلْ مِرْ

<sup>\*37.</sup> And when We favour mankind with a taste of mercy they rejoice therein; but if an evil befalls them because of what their hands have carned *themselves*, behold! they begin to despair.

then He will bring you to life. Is there any of your 'partners' who can do any of these things? Glorified be He and exalted above that which they associate with Him.

R. 5.

42. Corruption has appeared on land and sea because of what men's hands have wrought, that He may make them taste *the fruit* of some of their doings, so that they may turn back *from evil*.

43. Say, 'Travel in the earth and see how *evil* was the end of those before *you*! Most of them were idolaters.'

\*44. So set thy face to *the service of* the right religion before there comes the day from Allāh for which there will be no averting. On that day *mankind* will split up *into parts*.

45. Those who disbelieve will bear *the consequences of* their disbelief; and those who do righteous deeds prepare *good* for themselves,

46. That He, out of His bounty, may reward those who believe and do righteous deeds. Surely, He loves not the disbelievers.

47. And among His Signs *is this*, that He sends the winds as bearers of glad tidings and that He may

كَمَا جُهْ مَّنْ تَفْعَلُ مِنْ ذَاكُهُ <sup>.</sup> شَيْءِ لا سُبْح**نَ** ؽۺٛڔؙۘۘڮٛۏؽ۞ ظَهَرَ الْفَسَادُ فِي الْبَرِّ وَ الْبَحْرِ بِمَا كستت آثيري النباس لينزنقهم تَعْضَ الَّذِيْ عَمِلُوْا لَ**حَ**لَّهُمْ يَرْجِعُوْنَ @ قُلْ سِيْرُوْا فِي الْأَرْضِ فَانْظُرُوْا كَيْفَ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ الَّذِيْنَ مِنْ قَبْلُ - كَانَ ٱػٛؿؘۯۿ<sub>ۿ</sub>ۯٞۺ۠ڔڮؽڹ۞ فَاَقِمْ وَجْهَكَ لِلدِّ يْنِ الْقَيِّمِ مِنْ قَبْلِ اَنْ تَاْتَى بَوْمَر لَّا مَرَدَّ لَهُ مِنَ اللَّهِ بَوْهَ تَصَدَّعُهْنَ @ مَنْ كَفَرَ فَحَلَيْهِ كُفْرُهُ ، وَمَنْ عَجِاً صَالِحًا فَلِا نَفُسِهِمْ يَمْهَدُوْنَ لِيَجْزِتِ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَ عَمِلُوا بلطت مِنْ فَضْلِهِ ﴿ إِنَّهُ لَا يُح الْكْفِر يْنَ. ۇمِنْ البِتبْ اَنْ يُرْسِلُ الرَّ يَ وَّ لِمُنْتَقَكُمْ مِّنْ رَّحْمَتِهِ وَ لِتَجْرِيَ

<sup>\*44.</sup> So set your face towards the Religion which is upright and helps others to be upright before there comes the day from Allāh for which there will be no averting. On that day they will fall into groups distinct from each other.

make you taste of His mercy, and that the ships may sail at His command, and that you may seek of His bounty, and that you may be grateful.

48. And surely We sent Messengers before thee to their own people, and they brought them clear Signs. Then We punished those who were guilty. And it was certainly due from Us to help the believers.

49. *It is* Allāh Who sends the winds so that they raise a cloud. Then He spreads it in the sky as He pleases and places it layer upon layer and thou seest the rain issuing forth from its midst. And when He causes it to fall on whom He pleases of His servants, behold! they rejoice;

50. Though before that—before it was sent down upon them—they were in despair.

51. Look, therefore, at the marks of Allāh's mercy: how He quickens the earth after its death. Verily, the same God will quicken the dead; for He has power over all things.

52. And if We sent a wind and they saw it (their harvest) turn yellow, they would certainly, thereafter, *begin to* deny *Our favours*.

53. And thou canst not make the dead to hear, nor canst thou make

الْفُلْكُ بِآمَرِةٍ وَ لِتَبْتَغُوْا مِنْ فَضْلِهِ وَلَعَدَّكُمْ تَشْكُ وْنَ وَ لَقَدْ آدْسَلْنَا مِنْ قَبْلِكَ دُسُلًا إلى قۇمِهِمْ فَجَاءُوْهُمْ بِالْبَيِّنْتِ فَانْتَقَمْنَا مِنَ الَّذِيْنَ أَجْرَمُوْا ، وَ كَانَ حَقًّا عَلَيْنَا نَصْرُ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ٱبلهُ الَّذِف يُرْسِلُ الرَّلِيحَ فَتُشْيَرُ سحابًا فَيَبْسُطُهُ فِ السَّمَاءِ كَيْفَ مَشَاء وَ بَجْعَلُهُ كِسَفًا فَتَرَى الْوَدْقَ يخُرُجُ مِنْ خِلْلِهِ ، فَإِذْ آ أَصَابَ بِهِ مَنْ تَشَاءُ مِنْ عِبَادِةَ إِذَا هُمْ يَسْتَبْشُ وْنَ وَ إِنْ كَانُوْا مِنْ قَبْلِ آنْ يُنَزَّلُ عَلَيْهُ مِّنْ قَبْلِهِ لَمُنْلِسِيْنَ @ فَانْظُرْ إِلَى أَثْرِ رَحْمَتِ اللَّهِ كَيْفَ يُحْي الْآرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا ﴿ إِنَّ ذَٰلِكَ لَمُنْيَ الْمَوْتَى، وَهُوَعَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَرِيْرُ ٢ وَ لَئِنْ آدْسَلْنَا دِيْحًا فَرَاوْهُ مُصْفَرًا لَّظَلَّهُ امِنْ تَعْدِهِ تَكْفُرُ وْنَ، فَبِانَّكَ لَا تُسْمِحُ الْمَوْتِي وَلَا تُسْمِحُ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{>} \ | \ s \ \circ \ (592) \ \circ \ b \ | \ z \ \dot{>} \ | \ \dot{>} \ | \ \dot{>} \ (See \ details \ of \ transliteration \ on \ page \ p').$ 

the deaf to hear the call, when they turn away showing their backs.

54. Nor canst thou guide the blind out of their error. Thou canst make only those to hear who would believe in Our Signs and they submit.

## R. 6.

55. *It is* Allāh Who created you in *a state of* weakness, and after weakness gave strength; then, after strength, caused weakness and old age. He creates what He pleases. He is the All-knowing, the All-Powerful.

56. And on the day when the Hour shall arrive the guilty will swear that they tarried not save an hour—thus were they turned away *from the right path*.

57. But those who are given knowledge and faith will say, 'You have indeed tarried according to the Book of Allāh, till the Day of Resurrection. And this is the Day of Resurrection, but you did not *care to* know.'

58. So on that day their excuses \* will not avail the wrongdoers; nor will they be allowed to make amends.

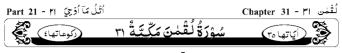
59. And truly, We have set forth for men in this Qur'ān every kind of parable; and indeed, if thou bring them a Sign, those who disbelieve will surely say, 'You are but liars.'

الصُّمَّ الدُّعَاءَ إِذَا وَلَّوْا مُدْبِرِيْنَ @ وَمَآ ٱنْتَ بِهٰدِ الْعُمْي عَنْ ضَلْكَتِهِمْ . اِنْ تُسْمِعُ اِلَّا مَنْ يُؤْمِنُ بِاليتِنَا فَهُمْ a Jo L A ممثناه ٱىللهُ الَّذِيْ خَلَقَكُمْ مِّنْ ضُعْفٍ ثُمَّر جَعَلَ مِنْ بَعْدِ ضُعْفٍ قُوَّةً ثُمَّر جَعَلَ مِنْ بَعْدٍ قُوَةٍ ضُعْفًا وَّ شَيْبَةً ﴿ يَخْلُقُ مَايَشًاء وَ هُوَ الْعَلِيْمُ الْقَدِيرُ @ وَ يَوْ مَرَتَقُوْ مُرالِسًاعَةُ يُقْسِمُ الْمُجْرِمُوْنَهْ مَالَبِثُوْا غَيْرَ سَاعَةٍ ﴿ كَذٰلِكَ كَانُوْا ىدۇ فى كەن وَ قَالَ الَّذِيْنَ أَوْتُوا الْعِلْمَ وَ الْإِيْمَانَ لَقَدْ لَبِثْتُمْ فِيْ كِتْبِ اللهِ إِلَى يَوْمِ الْبَعْثِ: فَهٰذَا يَوْمُرِ الْبَعْثِ وَلِكَنَّكُمُ كُنْتُمْ لَاتَعْلَمُوْنَ@ فَيَوْمَبْذِ لَّا يَنْفَعُ الَّذِيْبَ ظَلَمُوْا مَعْذِرَتُهُمْ وَلَاهُمْ يُسْتَعْتَنُونَ ٢ وَ لَقَدْ ضَرَبْنَا لِلنَّاسِ فِيْ هٰذَا الْقُرْانِ مِنْ كُلِّ مَثَلٍ ، وَ لَئِنْ جِئْتَهُمْ بِأَيَةٍ لَّيَقُوْلَنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا إِنْ ٱنْتُمْ إِلَّا

مُبْطِلُوْنَ @

\* 58. nor will they be allowed access to *His* threshold.

أَثْلُ مَنَّ أَوْجِيَ ٢١ - Part 21	AR-RŪM	اَلرَّوْم ۳۰ - Chapter 30
60. Thus does Allāh seal the heart	قُلُوْبِ الَّذِيْنَ ts	كَذٰلِكَ يَطْبَعُ اللهُ عَلَى
of those who have no knowledg		كا يَعْلَمُوْنَ۞
61. So be thou patient. Surely the promise of Allāh is true; and let not those who have no certainty <i>of fait</i> make light of thee.		فَاصْبِرْ إِنَّ وَعْدَ اللَّ يَسْتَخِفَّنَّكَ الَّزِيْنَ لَا بُ



LUQMĀN (Revealed before Hijrah)

In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.
 Alif Lām Mīm.‡

3. These are verses of the Book of wisdom,

4. A guidance and a mercy for those who do good,

5. Those who observe Prayer and pay the Zakāt and who have firm faith in the Hereafter.

6. It is they who follow guidance from their Lord, and it is they who shall prosper.

7. And of men is he who takes idle tales in exchange *for guidance* to lead *men* astray from the path of Allāh, without knowledge, and to make fun of it. For such there will be humiliating punishment.

8. And when Our Signs are recited to him, he turns proudly away, as though he heard them not, as if there were a heaviness in both his ears. So announce to him a painful punishment.

9. Surely those who believe and do good works—they will have Gardens of Delight,

10. Wherein they will abide. Allāh has *made* a true promise; and He is

بشير الله الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () الم أ تِلْكَ أَيْتُ الْكِتْبِ الْحَكِيْمِ \* هُدًى وَّ رَحْمَةً لِّلْمُحْسنيْنَ أَ الَّذِيْنِ بُقَيْمُوْتِ الصَّلْوةَ وَ يُؤْتُوْنِ الزَّحُوةَ وَ هُمْ بِالْأَخِرَةِ هُمْ يُوْقِنُوْنَ ٥ ٱولَبِّكَ عَلَى هُدًى مِّنْ زَبِّهِمْ وَ ٱولَبَكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُوْنَ () وَ مِنَ النَّاسِ مَنْ يَشْتَرِيْ لَهُوَ الْحَدِيْتِ لِيُضِلُّ عَنْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ بِغَيْرِ عِلْمِ اللهِ وَّ يَتَخذَهَا هُزُوًا ولَيْكَ لَهُمْ عَذَاتَ مُهِيْنُ) وَإِذَا تُثْلَى عَلَيْهِ إَيْتُنَا وَلَّى مُسْتَكْبِرًا كَانَ لَّمْ يَسْمَعْهَا كَانَّ فِي أَذْنَيْهِ وَقُرَّا.

فَبَشَّرْهُ بِعَذَابٍ آلِيْمٍ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَ عَمِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ لَهُمْ جَنَّتُ النَّعِيْمِ ﴾ خَلِرِيْنَ فِيْهَا ، وَعْدَ اللَّهِ حَقًّا ، وَهُوَ

‡ I am Allāh, the All-Knowing.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ r & | \ h \ r & | \ kh \ r & | \ dh \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & \$ 

1

خَلَقَ السَّمَوْتِ بِغَيْرِ عَمَدٍ تَرَوْنَهَا

وَ ٱلْتَى فِي الْأَرْضِ رَوَاسِيَ أَنْ تَمِيْدَ

بِڪُمْ وَ بَثَّ فِيْهَا مِنْ كُلِّ دَآبَةٍ

وَ ٱنْزَلْنَا مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً فَٱثْبَتْنَا

لهذا خَلْقُ اللهِ فَأَرُوْنَ مَاذًا خَلَقَ

الَّذِينَ مِنْ دُوْنِهِ ، بَلِ الظَّلِمُوْنَ

وَلَقَدْ أَتَدْنَا لُقْمِنَ الْحِكْمَةَ آنِ اشْكُ

بِلهِ ، وَمَنْ يَشْكُرْ فَانَّمَا يَشْكُرُ

لِنَفْسِهِ ، وَ مَنْ كَفَرَ فَإِنَّ اللهُ غَنِيًّ

وَإِذْ قَالَ لُقْمِنُ لِابْنِهِ وَ هُوَ يَعِظُهُ

لِبُنَيَّ لَا تُشْرِكْ بِاللهِ ، إِنَّ الشِّرْكَ

وَوَصَيْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ بِوَالِدَيْهِ ، حَمَلَتْهُ

فِيْهَامِنْ كُلَّ زَوْجٍ كَرِيْمِ ()

فى ضَلْل مُبِيْنٍ ٢

حَمدُ ٣

لَظُلْمَ عَظِيْمَ ()

the Mighty, the Wise.

\*11 He has created the heavens without any pillars that you can see, and He has placed in the earth firm mountains that it may not quake with you, and He has scattered therein all kinds of creatures: and We have sent down water from the clouds, and caused to grow therein every noble species.

12. This is the creation of Allah. Now show me what others beside Him have created. Nay, but the wrongdoers are in manifest error.

## R. 2.

13. And We bestowed wisdom on Lugman, saving, 'Be grateful to Allāh:' and whoso is grateful, is grateful only for the good of his own soul. And whoso is ungrateful, then surely Allah is Self-Sufficient, Praiseworthv.

14. And remember when Lugman said to his son while exhorting him, 'O my dear son! associate not partners with Allāh. Surely, associating partners with God is a grievous wrong.'

15. And We have enjoined on man concerning his parents-his mother bears him in weakness upon weakness, and his weaning takes two years-'Give thanks to Me and to thy parents. Unto Me is the final return.

16. 'And if they contend with thee

ٱتُمَهُ وَهُنَّا عَلَى وَهْنِ وَ فِصْلُهُ فِيْ عَامَيْنِ أَنِ اشْكُرْ لِيْ وَ لِوَالِدَيْكَ ﴿ إِلَيَّ النصف الْمَصِبْرُ، ۇ إنْ جَاهَدِكَ عَلَى أَنْ تُشْد \*11. See alternative translation of (ٱنْ تَمِيْدَبِكُمْ) under 16:16 and the note to it, p 377. (publisher) ء i u | th ش h 7 | kh 7 | dh 3 | ؟ ص ج ( 596 ص ص ج ا خ h 7 | kh 7 | dh 3 | ؟ ص ج ا ت h 7 | kh 7 | dh (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

# أَثْلُ مَا أَوْرِيَ Part 21 - 11

to make thee set up equals with Me concerning which thou hast no knowledge, obey them not, but be a kind companion to them in all worldly affairs; and in spiritual matters follow the way of him who turns to Me. Then unto Me will be your return and I shall inform you of what you used to do.'

17. 'O my dear son! even though it be the weight of a grain of mustard seed, and even though it be in a rock, or in the heavens, or in the earth, Allāh will surely bring it out; verily Allah is the Knower of all subtleties. All-Aware.

18. 'O my dear son! observe Prayer, and enjoin good, and forbid evil, and endure patiently whatever may befall thee. Surely this is of those matters which require firm resolve.

19. 'And turn not thy cheek away from men in pride nor walk in the earth haughtily; surely, Allah loves not any arrogant boaster.

20. 'And walk thou at a moderate pace, and lower thy voice; verily, the most disagreeable of voices is the voice of the ass.'

## R. 3.

21. Have you not seen that Allah has pressed for you into service whatever is in the heavens and whatever is in the earth, and has completed His favours on you, both externally and internally? And

مَا لَيْسَ لَكَ بِهِ عِلْمَ افَلَا تُطِعْهُمَا وَ صَاحِبْهُمَا فِي الدُّنْبَ مَعْرُوْفًا: وَّ اتَّبِعْ سَبِيْلَ مَنْ أَنَابَ إِلَيَّ • ثُمَّ إِلَى مَرْجِعُكُمْ فَأَنَبِّئُكُمْ بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تعملُهْن لِبُنَى اللَّهَآ اِنْ تَكُ مِثْقَالَ حَبَّةٍ مِّنْ خَرْدَل فَتَكُنْ فِي صَخْرَةِ أَوْ فِي السلموت أوف الأرض يأت بها اللهُ دان الله لَطِيفُ خَبِيرُ ٢ لِبُنَيَّ أَقِمِ الصَّلُوةَ وَأَمُرْ بِالْمَعْرُوْفِ وَ انْهَ عَنِ الْمُنْكَرِ وَ اصْبِرْ عَلْ مَا ٱصابَكَ دِانَ ذَلِكَ مِنْ عَزْمِرِ الْأُمُوْرِشْ وَلَا تُصَعِّرْ خَدَّكَ لِلنَّاسِ وَلَا تَمْشٍ فِي الْاَدْضِ مَسَرَحًا \* إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُحِبُّ كُلُّ مُخْتَال فَخُوْر أَ وَ اقْصِدْفِي مَشْيِكَ وَ اغْضُضْ مِنْ صوْتِكَ ، إِنَّ ٱنْكَرَ الْأَصْوَاتِ لَصَوْتُ ي ا الْحَمِيْرِ أَ ٱلَمْ تَنَرَوْا أَنَّ اللهُ سَخَّرَ لَكُمْ مَّا فِي السَّهٰة وَمَا في الْآدْخِبِ وَ ٱسْبَغَرَ عَلَيْكُمْ نِعَمَهُ ظَاهِرَةً وَّ بَاطِنَةً . وَمِن النَّاسِ مَنْ يُجَادِلُ فِي اللَّهِ بِغَيْرِ عِلْمِ ء : ا ق p ا ف h ح ا ل ا ف h ح ا ف ا ب (597 م ع ع ا ف h ح ا kh خ ا h خ ا h ح ا ا ث h ا ا ا ا ا م ا

<sup>(</sup>See details of transliteration on page 'p')

among men there are some who dispute concerning Allah, without knowledge or guidance or an illuminating Book.

22. And when it is said to them. 'Follow that which Allah has revealed,' they say, 'Nay, we shall follow that which we found our fathers following.' What! even though Satan was inviting them to the punishment of the burning fire?

23. And he who submits himself completely to Allah, and is a doer of good, he has surely grasped a strong handle. And with Allah rests the end of all affairs.

24. And as for him who disbelieves, let not his disbelief grieve thee. Unto Us is their return and We shall tell them what they did: surely Allāh knows full well what is in the breasts.

25. We shall let them enjoy themselves a little; then We shall drive them to a severe torment.

26. And if thou ask them, 'Who created the heavens and the earth?'. they will surely answer, 'Allah.' Say, 'All praise belongs to Allah.' But most of them know not.

27. To Allah belongs whatever is in the heavens and the earth. Verily, Allāh is Self-Sufficient, Praiseworthy.

28. And if all the trees that are in the earth were pens, and the ocean were ink, with seven oceans ۊؘۜڵٳۿڋڡۊۜڵٳڝؚؾٝڽۺ<u>ڹؽڔ</u>

وَإِذَا قِيْلَ لَهُمُ اتَّبِعُوْا مَآ ٱنْزَلَ اللهُ قَالُوْا بَلْ نَتَّبِعُ مَا وَجَدْنَا عَلَيْهِ إَبَاءَنَا ﴿ اَ وَ لَوْ كَانَ الشَّيْطِنُ تَدْعُوْهُمْ إلى عَذَاب السَّعِيْر @ وَ مَنْ تُسْلِمْ وَجْهَةَ إِلَى اللهِ وَ هُوَ مُحْسِنَ فَقَدِ اسْتَمْسَكَ بِالْعُرْوَةِ الْوُثْقى دِوَ إِلَى الله عَاقِبَةُ الْأُمُوْرِ 🗑 ۇ مرنى گۈر فار يخۇنىك گۇرۇپ إلَيْنَامَرْجِعُهُمْ فَنُنَبِّئُهُمْ بِمَاعَمِلُوْاء إِنَّ اللهُ عَلِيْمٌ بِذَاتِ الصُّدُوْرِ ؟ نُمَتِّعُهُمْ قَلِيلًا ثُمَّ نَضْطَرُّهُمْ إِلَى عَذَابٍ غَلِيْظٍ وَ لَئِنْ سَالْتَهُمْ مَّنْ خَلَقَ السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْارْضَ لَيَقُوْلُنَّ اللهُ ، قُلِ الْحَمْدُ بِلْهِ مَنِلْ أَكْثَرُهُ هُرَكَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ @ يتَّهِ مَا فِي السَّطُوْتِ وَ الْأَرْضِ إِنَّ اللَّهُ هُوَ الْغَنْ الْحَمدُ ٢ وَ لَوْ آَتٍ مَا فِي الْأَرْضِ مِنْ شَجَرَةِ ٱقْلَامً وَّ الْبَحْرُ يَمُدُّهُ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ سَبْحَةُ  $a i u \mid h \stackrel{\circ}{=} |\dot{h} \tau| kh \dot{\tau} | dh \stackrel{\circ}{=} |\dot{c} \stackrel{\circ}{=} \underbrace{(598)}_{598} \circ \dot{p} \stackrel{\circ}{=} \underbrace{(1 + i)}_{2} |\dot{c} \stackrel{\circ}{=} \dot{r} \stackrel{\circ}{=}$ 

(See details of transliteration on page 'p').

swelling it thereafter, the words of Allāh would not be exhausted. Surely, Allāh is Mighty, Wise.

\*29. Your creation and your resurrection are only like *the creation and resurrection of* a single soul. Verily Allāh is All-Hearing, All-Seeing.

30. Hast thou not seen that Allāh makes the night pass into the day, and makes the day pass into the night, and He has pressed the sun and the moon into service; each pursuing its course till an appointed term, and that Allāh is well aware of what you do?

31. That is because it is Allāh alone Who is the True *God*, and whatever they call upon beside Him is falsehood, and because it is Allāh alone Who is the Most High, the Incomparably Great.

## R. 4.

32. Dost thou not see that the ships sail on the sea by the favour of Allāh, that He may show you of His Signs? Therein surely are Signs for everyone who is patient *and* grateful.

33. And when waves engulf them like *so many* coverings, they call upon Alläh, being sincere to Him in faith; but when He brings them safe to land, then some of them take the

اكم تتراتق الله يُوْلِمُ الَّيْلَ فِي النَّهَارِ وَ يُوْلِمُ النَّهَارَ فِي الَّيْلِ وَ سَخَّرَ الشَّمْسَ وَ الْقَمَرَ : كُلُّ يَجْرِيَ إِلَى اجَلٍ مُسَمَّى وَ الْقَمَرَ : كُلُّ يَجْرِيَ إِلَى اجَلٍ مُسَمَّى وَ الْقَمَرَ : كُلُّ يَعْمَلُوْنَ خَبِيْرً خُلِكَ بِاتَ الله هُوَ الْحَقُّ وَ آتَ الله هُوَ الْحَلِقُ الْكَبِيُرُ أُ

ٱلَمْ تَرَ آنَّ الْفُلْكَ تَجْرِيْ فِي الْبَحْرِ بِنِعْمَتِ اللهِ لِيُرِيَكُمْ مِّنْ اليَّهِ ، إنَّ فِي ذٰلِكَ لاَيْتٍ لِّكُلِّ صَبَّادٍ شَكُوْرٍ @ وَ إِذَا غَشِيَهُمْ مَّوْجَ كَالظُّلَلِ حَعُوا اللهَ مُخْلِصِيْنَ لَهُ الرِّيْنَ ذَ فَلَمَّا نَجْهُمْ إِلَى الْبَرِّ فَعِنْهُمْ مُقْتَصِدً ، وَ مَا يَجْحَدُ

\*29. Your creation and your resurrection are only like *the creation and resurrection of* a single **being**.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ | \ constraints of transliteration on page 'p').$ 

right course. And none denies Our Signs save every perfidious *and* ungrateful person.

34. O men, seek protection with your Lord and fear the day when the father will not be of any avail to his son, nor will the son at all be of any avail to his father. Allāh's promise is surely true. So let not worldly life beguile you, nor let the Deceiver deceive you concerning Allāh.

35. Verily, with Allāh alone is the knowledge of the Hour. And He sends down the rain, and He knows what is in the wombs. And no soul knows what it will earn tomorrow, and no soul knows in what land it will die. Surely, Allāh is All-Knowing, All-Aware.

ۑؚؚٵڸؾؚڹؘ*ؘ*ٵٳؖۜڐؙؙۘۘۘڰؙڷؙڂؘؾٞٵڔٟػڣؙۉۯٟ۞

يَا يَّهَا النَّاسُ اتَّقُوْا رَبَّكُمْ وَ اخْشَوْا يَوْمًا لَا يَجْزِيْ وَالِدَّ عَنْ وَّلَدِمْ دَ وَ لَا مُوْلُوْدَ هُوَ جَازٍ عَنْ وَالِدِمْ شَيْعًا ، إِنَّ وَعْدَ اللهِ حَقَّ فَلَا تَغُرَّنَّكُمُ الْحَلُوةُ الدُّنْيَا.. وَلَا يَغُرَّ تَكُمْ بِاللهِ الْغَرُوْرُ الدُّنْيَا.. وَلَا يَغُرَّ تَكُمْ بِاللهِ الْغَرُورُ اللَّذَي الله عِنْدَهُ عِلْمُ السَّاعَةِ ، وَ يُنَزِّلُ الْغَيْثَ ، وَ يَعْلَمُ مَا فِي الْأَرْحَامِ . وَ مَا اللَّهُ عَلَيْ فَنْ بَايَ آَرْضِ تَمُوْتُ ، إِنَّ اللَّهُ عَلِيْمَ خَبِيْرَ الْ

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rho \ h \ rho \ rho \ h \ rho \ rho \ rho \ h \ rho \ h \ rho \$ 

یخ س



AS-SAJDAH (Revealed before IIijrah)

 In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.
 Alif Lām Mīm.‡

3. The revelation of the Book there is no doubt about it—is from the Lord of the worlds.

4. Do they say, 'He has forged it'? Nay, it is the truth from thy Lord, that thou mayest warn a people to whom no Warner has come before thee, that haply they may follow guidance.

5. Allāh it is Who created the heavens and the earth, and that which is between them, in six periods; then He settled on the Throne. You have no helper or intercessor beside Him. Will you not then reflect?

6. He will plan the *Divine* Ordinance from the heaven unto the earth, then shall it go up to Him in a day the duration of which is a thousand years according to what you reckon.

7. Such is the Knower of the unseen and the seen, the Mighty, the Merciful,

8. Who has made perfect everything He has created. And He began the creation of man from clay.

بشير الله الرَّحْمٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ 🕕 الم أ تَنْزِيْلُ الْكِتْبِ كَارَيْبَ فِيْهِ مِنْ رَّبِ الْعْلَمِيْنَ شَ آمْ تَقُدْلُدْنَ افْتُرْ بِهُ ، بَلْ هُوَ الْحَقَّ مِنْ رَّبِكَ لِتُنْذِرَ قَوْمًا مَّآ أَتْمُمُ مِّنْ نَّذِيرٍ مِّنْ قَبْلِكَ لَعَلَّهُمْ مَهْ تَدُوْنَ ٢ ٱبله اللَّذِي خَلَقَ السَّمٰوَتِ وَ الْأَرْضَ وَمَابَيْنَهُمَا فِي سِتَّةِ ٱيَّامٍ ثُمَّ اسْتَوْى عَلَى الْعَرْشِ ، مَا لَكُمْرِمِّنْ دُوْنِهِ مِنْ وَّ لِيَّ وَّ كَا شَفِيْحٍ مَافَلَا تَتَذَكَّرُوْنَ۞ يُدَبَّرُ الْأَمْرَ مِنَ السَّهَمَاءِ إِلَى الْأَدْضِ ثُمَّر يَعْرُجُ إِلَيْهِ فَي يَوْمِ كَانَ مِقْدَارُهُ ٱلْفَ سَنَة مَّمَّا تَعُدُّوْنَ () ذٰلِكَ عٰلِمُ الْغَيْبِ وَالشَّهَادَةِ الْعَزِيْزُ الرَّحْثُمُ ٢ الَّذِيَّ أَحْسَرِ بَ كُلُّ شُرِ وَبَدَا خَلْقَ الْإِنْسَانِ مِنْ طِيْنِ أَ

 $\stackrel{\scriptscriptstyle +}{\scriptscriptstyle +}$  I am Allah, the All-Knowing.

9. Then He made his progeny from an extract of an insignificant fluid.

\*10. Then He fashioned him and breathed into him of His spirit. And He has given you ears, and eyes, and hearts. *But* little thanks do you give!

11. And they say, 'What! when we are lost in the earth, shall we then become a new creation?' Nay, but they are disbelievers in the meeting of their Lord.

12. Say, 'The angel of death that has been put in charge of you will cause you to die; then to your Lord will you be brought back.'

#### R. 2.

13. If only thou couldst see when the guilty will hang down their heads before their Lord, *and say*, 'Our Lord, we have seen and we have heard, so send us back that we may do good works; for *now* we are convinced.'

14. And if We had *enforced* Our will, We could have given every soul its guidance, but the word from Me has come true: 'I will fill Hell with Jinn and men all together.'

15. So taste ye the punishment of

ثُمَّر جَعَلَ نَسْلَهُ مِنْ سُلْلَةٍ مِّنْ مَّآءٍ مَهِيْتِ أَنَ تُمَّر سَوْىهُ وَ نَفَخَ فِيْهِ مِنْ دُوْحِه وَ الْأَفْئِرَةَ وَ نَفَخَ فِيْهِ مِنْ دُوْحِه وَ الْأَفْئِرَةَ وَ الْأَبْصَارَ وَ الْأَفْئِرَةَ وَ الْمَوْتِ اللَّهُمْ يَلِقَانً تَعْلَيْ خَلْقٍ جَدِيْدٍ \* بَلْ هُمْ بِلِقَانً قُلْ يَتَوَقَّى مُمْ تَمَكُ الْمَوْتِ الَّذِيْ وُحِّلَ بِكُمْ ثُمَّرًا لَى رَبِّحُمْ تُرْجَعُوْنَ شَا

وَلَوْ تَزَى اِذِ الْمُجْرِمُوْنَ نَاكِسُوْا دُوُوْسِهِمْ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ مَرَبَّنَ آبْصَرْنَا وَسَمِعْنَا فَارْجِعْنَا نَعْمَلْ صَالِحًا إِنَّا مُوْقِنُوْنَ وَلَكِنْ حَقَّ الْقَوْلُ مِنِيْ لَاَمْلَكَنَّ جَهَنَّمَ مِنَ الْجِنَّةِ وَالنَّاسِ اَجْمَعِيْنَ آ فَذُوْقُوْا سَمَا نَسَيْتُمْ لِقَاءَ يَوْمِكُمْ

<sup>\*10.</sup> Then He balanced him and breathed into him of His Spirit. And He has given you hearing and eyes and hearts. But little thanks do you give!

**Note:** The word  $\int u' \bar{a}d(z)$  is used in the Holy Qur'ān does not only mean heart, but indicates the ultimate seat of understanding. See 28:11 (Al-Qaşaş), 53:12 (An-Najm), 46:27 (Al-Aḥqāf) and 14:38 (Ibrāhīm).

your deeds for you forgot the meeting of this day of yours. We too have forgotten you. And taste ve the lasting punishment because of that which you used to do.

16. Only they believe in Our Signs who, when they are reminded of them, fall down prostrate and celebrate the praises of their Lord, n. S and they are not proud.

17. Their sides keep away from their beds; and they call on their Lord in fear and hope, and spend out of what We have bestowed on them

18. And no soul knows what joy of the eyes is kept hidden for them, as a reward for their good works.

19. Is he, then, who is a believer like one who is disobedient? They are not equal.

20. As for those who believe and do good works, they will have Gardens Eternal Abode. of as an entertainment, for what they used to do.

21. And as for those who are disobedient, their abode will be the Fire. Every time they desire to come forth therefrom, they will be turned back into it, and it will be said to them, 'Taste the punishment of the Fire which you used to deny,'

\*22. And most surely We will make

هذا ، إنَّا نَسِيْنُكُمْ وَ ذُوْقُوْا عَذَات الْخُلْدِ بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُوْنَ، إِنَّمَا يُؤْمِنُ بِالْتِنَا الَّذِينَ إِذَا ذُجِّرُوْا ؠۿۜٳڂؘڗؙ۠ۉٵڛؙڿۜٙۜڋٵۊؘۜڛؘڹۧڂۉٳؠڂۿڔڒؾۿۿ <u>ۇ</u> ھُمْرَلا يَسْتَكْبِرُوْنَ تَتَحَافُ جُنُوْبُهُمْ عَنِ الْمَضَاجِعِ بَدْعُهْنَ ذَتَّهُمْ خَهْفًا وَّ طَمَعًا ذِوَّ مِمَّا رزقنهم ئنفقەن»

فَلَه تَعْلَمُ نَفْسَ مَّآ أُخْفِي لَهُمْ مِّنْ قُرَّة ٱڠيُن، جَزّاء بماكانُوْا يَعْمَلُوْن ( ٱفَمَنْ كَانَ مُؤْمِنًا حَمَنْ كَانَ فَاسَقًا ﴿ لاتشتةن

اَمَّا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا وَعَملُوا الصَّلِحْتِ فَكَهُمْ جَنّْتُ الْمَاوى دِنُزُكًّا بِمَاكَانُوْا تغمَلُوْنَ. وَ اَمَّا الَّذْبِيَ فَسَقُوْا فَجَاوُبِهُمُ النَّادُ -كُلَّمَا آرَادُوْٓا أَنْ يَخْرُجُوْا مِنْهَا ٱعِيْدُوْا فِيْهَا وَقِيْلَ لَهُمْ ذُوْقُوْا عَذَات النَّارِ الَّذِيْ كُنْتُمْ بِه تُكَذِّبُوْنَ @ وَلَنُذِيْقَنَّهُمْ مِّنَ الْعَذَابِ الْأَدْنِي

\*22. And most surely We will make them taste of the lesser punishment before the greater punishment, so that they may return to Us with repentance.

ء : ا ق p | غ kh خ | dh خ | فط t | ض له (603 ص ع ا خ h ح | kh خ | dh خ ا خ ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

٩

them taste of the nearer punishment before the greater punishment, so that they may return *to Us with repentance*.

23. And who does greater wrong than he who is reminded of the Signs of his Lord and then turns away from them? We will surely punish the guilty.

#### Ř. 3.

24. And We did give Moses the Book—be not therefore in doubt as to the meeting with Him—and We made it a guidance for the children of Israel.

25. And We made from among them leaders, who guided *the people* by Our command, whilst they themselves were steadfast and had firm faith in Our Signs.

26. Verily, thy Lord—He will judge between them on the Day of Resurrection concerning that in which they disagree.

27. Does it not guide them how many a generation We have destroyed before them, amid whose dwellings they *now* walk about? In that surely are Signs. Will they not then hearken?

28. Have they not seen that We drive the water to the dry land and produce thereby crops of which their cattle eat, and they themselves? Will they not then see?

29. And they say, 'When will this

دُوْتَ الْعَذَابِ الْأَحْبَرِ لَعَلَّهُ مَ يَرْجِعُوْنَ۞ وَ مَنْ اَظْلَمُ مِمَّنْ ذُكِّرَ بِالِتِ رَبِّهِ تُمَّرَ اعْرَضَ عَنْهَا الَّ مِنَ الْمُجْرِمِيْنَ مُنْتَقِمُوْنَ۞ وَ لَقَدْ أَتَيْنَا مُوْسَى الْكِتْبَ فَلَا مُدًى لِّبَنِيْ اِسْرَآءِيْلَ۞ وَ جَعَلْنَا مِثْهُمُ الْمَتَةَ يَّهْدُوْنَ بِآمَرِنَا لَمَّاصَبَرُوْا وَ كَانُوْا بِالِيتِنَا يُوْقِنُوْنَ؟

اِتَ رَبَّكَ هُوَ يَفْصِلُ بَيْنَهُمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيْمَةِ فِيْمَاكَانُوْا فِيْهِ يَخْتَلِفُوْنَ آوَلَمْ يَهْدِلَهُمْ كَمْ آهْلَكْنَامِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ مِّنَ الْقُرُوْنِ يَمْشُوْنَ فِيْ مَسْكِنِهِمْ اِنَّ فِيْ ذَلِكَ لَاٰيَتٍ دَافَلَا يَسْمَعُوْنَ ﴾ مَوْ لَمْ يَرَوْا إَنَّ نَسُوْقُ الْمَاعَ إِلَى

الْاَرْضِ الْجُرُزِ فَنُخْرِجُ بِهِ زَرْعًا تَاْكُلُ مِنْهُ ٱنْعَامُهُمْ وَ ٱنْفُسُهُمْ اَفَلَا يُبْصِرُوْنَ۞

وَيَقُوْلُوْنَ مَتَّى هٰذَا الْفَتْحُ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ

أَتْلُ مَا أَوْرِيَ ٢١ - Part 21	AS-SAJDAH	أنشَجْرَة Chapter 32 - ٣٢
victory come, if you are truthfu	1?'	صرِقِيْنَ
<ul><li>30. Say, 'On the day of victory believing of the disbelievers not avail them, nor will they granted respite.'</li><li>31. So turn away from them, wait. They are also waiting.</li></ul>	will be	قُلْ يَوْمَ الْفَتْجَ لَا يَنْفَعُ اتَّذِيْنَ اِيْمَانُهُمْ وَلَاهُمْ يُنْظَرُوْنَ فَاعْرِضْ عَنْهُمْ وَ انْتَظِرْ مُنْتَظِرُوْنَ۞ً

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ th \ \overset{\circ}{=} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \overset{\circ}{=} \$ 



**AL-AHZĀB** (Revealed after Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. O thou Prophet, seek protection in Allāh, and follow not *the wishes of* the disbelievers and the hypocrites. Verily, Allāh is All-Knowing, Wise.

3. And follow that which is revealed to thee from thy Lord. Verily Allāh is well aware of what you do.

4. And put thy trust in Allāh, and Allāh is sufficient as a Guardian.

\*5. Allāh has not made for any man two hearts in his breast; nor has He made those of your wives, from whom you keep away by calling them mothers, your *real* mothers, nor has He made your adopted sons your *real* sons. That is *merely* a word of your mouths; but Allāh speaks the truth, and He guides to the *right* path.

6. Call them by *the names of* their fathers. That is more equitable in the sight of Allāh. But if you know not their fathers, then they are your brothers in faith and your friends. \*And there is no blame on you in any

بشمرالله الرَّحْمن الرَّحِيْمِ () يَاكَيُهَا النَّبِيُّ اتَّقِ اللهَ وَلَا تُطِعِ الْكُفِرِيْنَ وَ الْمُنْفِقِيْنَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَلَيْهُ ككثمًا وَّ اتَّبِعْ مَا يُوْخَى إِلَيْكَ مِنْ رَّبِكَ د إِنَّ الله كَانَ بِمَا تَعْمَلُوْنَ خَبِيْرًا الله وَّ تَهَكَّلُ عَلَى اللهِ ، وَ حَفْي ۇكثى گە مَا جَعَلَ اللهُ لِرَجُلِ مِّنْ قَلْبَيْنٍ فِيْ حَدْفِهِ، وَمَاجَعَلَ ٱزْوَاجَكُمُ الْحَ تُظْهِرُوْنَ مِنْهُنَّ أُمَّطْتِكُمْ ، وَ مَا حَعَلَ آدْعِيَاءَكُمْ آنْنَاءَكُمْ وذَلِكُمْ قَوْلُكُمْ بِأَفْوَاهِكُمْ ، وَ اللهُ يَقُوْلُ الْحَقَّ وَهُوَ يَهْدِي السَّبِيْلَ () أدْعُوْهُمْ لِأَبَائِهِمْ هُوَ أَقْسَطُ عِنْدَ الله ، فَانْ لَّمْ تَعْلَمُوْا إِلَاءَهُمْ فَإِخْوَانُكُمْ فِي الدَّيْنِ وَ مَوَالدُكُمْ ا

 $a i u + | th \stackrel{\circ}{=} | h \tau | kh \stackrel{\circ}{=} | dh \stackrel{\circ}{=} 0 \stackrel{\circ}{=} 0$ 

<sup>5.</sup> Alläh has not made for any man two hearts in his breast; nor does He turn your wives into your mothers merely because you address them as your mothers and thereby abstain from maintaining conjugal relations, nor does He turn those whom you adopt into your *real* sons.
\* 6. And there is no blame on you for any unintentional mistake which you committed saving that which your hearts wilfully pursued.

mistake you may unintentionally make in this *matter*, but *what matters is* that which your hearts intend. And Alläh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

\*7. The Prophet is nearer to the believers than their own selves, and his wives are *as* mothers to them. And blood relations are nearer to one another, according to the Book of Allāh, than *the rest of* the believers *from among the Helpers* as well as the Emigrants, except that you show kindness to your friends. That *also* is written down in the Book.

8. And *remember* when We took from the Prophets their covenant, and from thee, and from Noah, and Abraham, and Moses, and Jesus, son of Mary, and We *indeed* took from them a solemn covenant;

9. That He may question the truthful about their truthfulness. And for the disbelievers He has prepared a painful punishment.

#### R. 2.

10. O ye who believe! remember the favour of Allāh on you when there came down upon you hosts, and We sent against them a wind and hosts that you saw not. And Allāh sees what you do.

وَ لَنْسَ عَلَيْكُمْ حُنّاحٌ فَيْمَآ أَخْطَأْ تُمْ هما ¢ وكان الله غفه دًا دّح ٱلنَّحُّ ٱوْلَى بِالْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ مِنْ ٱنْفُسِهِمْ وَ ٱنْوَاحُهُ أُمَّطْتُهُمْ ﴿ وَ أُولُوا الْآَدْجَ ف أۋ لى **ب** مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ وَ الْمُهْجِرِيْنَ إِلَّا أَنْ تَفْعَلُوْا إِلَى أَوْلِيَكُمْ مَّعْرُوْفًا ﴿ كَانَ ذٰلِكَ في الْكِتْب مَسْطَوْرًا ۞ وَ إِذْ اَخَذْنَا مِنَ النَّيتِنَ مِنْتَاقَهُمُ ۇمنىڭ ۋېڭ ئۇچ قرابارھىم دىمەسى و عِيْسَى ابْنِ مَرْيَمَ ﴿ وَ أَخَذْنَا مِنْهُمْ مِّيْتَاقًا غَلِيْظً لْمُسْكَلُ الصُّوقَيْنَ وَ أَعَدَّ لِلْكَفِرِيْنَ عَذَا ذبين أمَنُوا إذْكُرُوْا نِعْمَةَ اللهِ

يا يه الرين الملوا الحكروا يعمه اللو عَلَيْكُمْ إِذْ جَاءَتُكُمْ جُنُوْدً فَارْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ رِيْحًا وَّ جُنُوْدًا لَّمْ تَرَوْهَا لَ وَكَانَ اللهُ بِمَاتَعْمَلُوْنَ بَصِيْرًا خَ

3

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau | \ h \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \ \dot{\sigma} | \ \dot$ 

<sup>\*7.</sup> The Prophet is nearer to the believers than their own selves, and his wives are as mothers to them. And some of the blood relations are nearer to each other than others from among the believers and the Emigrants according to the Book of Allāh, except for the voluntary favours you may bestow upon your special friends in a goodly manner. This is what is ingrained in the Book of Nature.

11. When they came upon you from above you, and from below you. and when your eyes became \*distracted, and vour hearts reached to the throats, and you thought diverse thoughts about Allah.

12. There and then were the believers sorely tried, and they were shaken with a violent shaking.

13. And when the hypocrites and those in whose hearts was a disease said, 'Allah and His Messenger promised us nothing but a delusion."

14. And when a party of them said, 'O people of Yathrib<sup>±</sup>, you have possibly no stand against the enemy, therefore turn back.' And a section of them even asked leave of They only sought to flee away.

15. And if entry were effected against them into the town from its environs, and then they were asked to join in the disturbances, they would have at once done so, and would not have tarried in their houses save a little.

\*16. And truly they had already covenanted with Allah that they would not turn their backs. And a

اذْ جَاءُوْكُمْ مِّنْ فَوْقَكُمْ وَ مِنْ ٱسْفَلَ منْكُمْ وَإِذْ ذَاغَتِ الْأَبْصَارُ وَ يَلَغَت الْقُلُوْبُ الْحَنَّاجِرَ وَ تَظُنُّوْنَ بِاللَّهِ الظَّنُهْ نَا ( هُنَالِكَ ابْتُلِيَ الْمُؤْمِنُوْنَ ۇ زُلْزْلُهُ ذَلْزَالًا شَدِيدًا @ وَ اذْ مَقُوْلُ الْمُنْفَقُوْنَ وَ الَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوْ بِهِمْ مَّرَضْ مَّاوَ عَدَنَا اللهُ الله غُرُوْدًا @ طَّائفَةُ مِّ لَا مُقَامَ لَكُمْ فَارْجِعُوْا ﴾ وَ تَسْتَ مِّنْهُمُ النَّيِّ يَقُوْلُوْنَ إِنَّ بُيُوْتَنَا are exposed and defenceless.' And تَوْرَكُوْنَ يَعْوَرُوْنَ يَعْوَرُوْنَ يَعْوَرُوْنَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ عُلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّ الله فرارًا وَلَوْ دُخِلَتْ عَلَمُهُمْ مِّنْ أَقْطَارِهَا ثُمَّ لُواالْفتْنَةَ لَأَتَوْهَا وَمَا تَكَبَّثُوْا بِهَا الاكسبثران

> وَ لَقَدْ كَانُهْ إِ عَاهَدُوا اللَّهَ مِنْ قَبْلُ يُوَلَّقُوبَ الْأَدْبَارَ وَ كَانَ عَقْدُ اللَّهِ

(See details of transliteration on page 'p')

<sup>\*11.</sup> and your hearts leapt to your throats and you entertained wayward thoughts about Allāh.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Madinah was known by this name before Hijrah.

<sup>×16.</sup> And truly they had already made a covenant with Allāh that they would not turn their backs. And a covenant with Allah is certainly accountable for.

covenant with Allāh will have to be answered for.

17. Say, 'Flight shall not avail you if you flee from death or slaughter; and *even* then you will enjoy but a little.'

18. Say, 'Who is it that can save you against Allāh if it be His wish to do you harm or if it be His wish to show you mercy?' And they will not find for themselves any friend or helper other than Allāh.

19. Verily Allāh knows those among you who hinder *men* and those who say to their brethren, 'Come to us;' and they come not to the fight but a little,

20. Being niggardly with regard to you. But when danger comes, thou seest them looking towards thee, their eyes rolling like one who is fainting on account of death. But when the fear has passed away, they assail you with sharp tongues being greedy for wealth. These have never believed; so Allāh has rendered their works null and void. And that is an easy thing for Allāh.

\*21. They think that the confederates have not gone away; and if the confederates should come *again*,

مَسُءُكُلا قُلْ لَّنْ تَنْفَحَكُمُ الْفَرَادُ إِنْ فَرَدْتُهُ مِّنَ الْمَوْتِ أَوِ الْقَتْلِ وَ إِذًا لَّا تُمَتَّعُوْنَ الاً قَلدًا ٢ قُلْ مَنْ ذَا الَّذِيْ يَعْصِمُكُمْ مِّنَ اللهِ اِنْ آرَادَ بِكُمْ سُوْءً أَوْ آرَادَبِكُمْ رَحْمَةً ، وَ لَا يَجِدُوْنَ لَهُمْ مِّنْ دُوْنِ الله وَلتَّاوَكَ نَصِبُرًا قَدْ تَعْلَمُ اللهُ الْمُعَوّقِيْنَ مِنْكُمْ وَ الْقَائِلِيْنَ لِإِخْوَانِهِمْ هَلُمَّ إِلَيْنَا، وَلَا بَا تُهْنَ الْبَاسَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا شَ ٱشحَّةً عَلَيْكُمْ ﴾ فَإذَا جَاءَ الْخَوْفُ رَانْتَهُمْ تَنْظُرُوْنَ الْعَكَ تَرُوْرُ أَعْبُنُهُمْ كَالَّذِيْ بُغْشِي عَلَيْهِ مِرْي الْهَوْتِ ، فَاذَا ذَهَتَ الْخَوْفُ لَقُوْكُمْ بِٱلْسِنَةِ حِدَادٍ ٱشِ الْخَيْرِ ء أولْبُكَ لَمْ يُؤْمِنُوْا فَأَحْبَطَ اللهُ أَعْمَالُهُمْ ﴿ وَكَانَ ذَٰلِكَ عَلَى اللهِ كسيثرًا بَحْسَبُهْنَ الْآخَزَاتِ لَهُ بَ ذَهَبُوْاء وَ انْ كَات الْآخْزَابُ بَوَدُّوْا لَوْ أَنَّهُمْ بَادُوْنَ

\*21. They think that the *invading* tribes have not gone away; and in case the tribes invade *again*, they would *rather* wish to be among the nomad Arabs in the desert, asking for news about you.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ | \ \delta \ o \ (609)$   $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ | \ \delta \ o \ (609)$  (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

they would wish to be among the nomad Arabs in the desert, asking for news about you. And if they were among you they would not fight save a little.

## R. 3.

22. Verily you have in the Prophet of Allāh an excellent model, for him who fears Allāh and the Last Day and who remembers Allāh much.

23. And when the believers saw the confederates, they said, 'This is what Allāh and His Messenger promised us; and Allāh and His Messenger spoke the truth.' And it only added to their faith and submission.

24. Among the believers are men who have been true to the covenant they made with Allāh. There are *some* of them who have fulfilled their vow, and *some* who *still* wait, and they have not changed *their condition* in the least;

25. That Allāh may reward the truthful for their truth, and punish the hypocrites if He so please, or turn to them in mercy. Verily Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

26. And Allāh turned back the disbelievers in their rage; they gained no good. And Allāh sufficed the believers in their fight. And Allāh is Powerful, Mighty.

27. And He brought those of the

نِي الْآعْرَابِ يَسْالُوْنَ عَنْ ٱ ثُبَّا رُكُمْ وَلَوْ كَانُوْا فِيْكُمْ مَّا قْتَلُوَّا رِلَّا قَلِيُلَا شَ لَقَدْ كَانَ لَكُمْ فِي دَسُوْلِ الله اُسْوَةً مَسْنَةً لِّمَنْ كَانَ يَرْجُوا الله وَ اليَوْمَ الْاخِرَ وَذَكَرَ الله كَيْ يُرًا شَ وَلَمَّا رَ الْمُؤْمِنُوْنَ الْآخْزَابَ " قَالُوْا هٰذَا مَا وَعَدَنَا الله وَ رَسُولُه وَ صَدَقَ الله وَ رَسُولُهُ وَ مَا زَاحَهُمْ إِلَّا رَيْمَانًا مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ رِجَالَ صَدَقُوْا مَا عَاهَدُوا الله عَلَيْهِ ، فَمِنْهُمْ مَّنْ قَضْ

ىھەدا الله عليق ، قومهم من قصى نىخبە ومِنْهُمْ مَّنْ يَّنْتَظِرُد. وَمَابَدَّلُوْا تَبْدِيْلًا شَ

لِّيَجْزِيَ اللَّهُ الصَّرِقِيْنَ بِصِدْقِهِمْ وَ يُحَزِّبَ الْمُنْفِقِيْنَ اِنْ شَاءَ آوْ يَتُوْبَ عَلَيْهِمْ الَّنَ اللَّهَ كَانَ غَفُوْرًا رَّحِيْمًا شَ وَ رَدَّ اللَّهُ الَّزِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا بِغَيْظِهِمْ لَمْ يَنَالُوْا خَيْرًا وَ كَفَى اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ الْقِتَالَ وَ كَانَ اللَّهُ قَوِيًّا عَزِيْرًا شَ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ | \ dh \ i \ | \ \delta \ o \ (50)$  (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

## وَمَنْ يَقْنُتْ Part 22 - ۲۲

People of the Book who aided them down from their fortresses and cast terror into their hearts. Some you slew, and some you took captive.

28. And He made you inherit their land and their houses and their wealth, and a land on which you had never set foot. And Allah has power over all things.

R. 4.

29. O Prophet! say to thy wives, 'If you desire the life of this world and its adornment, come then, I will provide for you and send you away in a handsome manner.

30. 'But if you desire Allah and His Messenger and the Home of the Hereafter, then truly Allah has prepared for those of you who do good a great reward."

31. O wives of the Prophet! if any of you be guilty of manifestly dishonourable conduct. the punishment will be doubled for her. And that is easy for Allah.

 $\frac{2}{2}$  32. But whoever of you is obedient To Allah and His Messenger and does good works, We shall give her her reward twice over; and We have prepared for her an honourable provision.

33. O wives of the Prophet! You are

الْكِتْبِ مِنْ صَيَاصِيْهِمْ وَقَزَفَ فِي قُلُوْبِهِمُ الرُّعْبَ فَرِيْقًا تَقْتُلُوْنَ وَتَأْسِرُوْنَ فَرِيْقًا ٢ وَ اَوْرَثَكُمْ اَرْضَهُمْ وَ جِنَارَهُمْ وَ آمَوَالَهُمْ وَ آدْضًالَّمْ تَطَعُوْهَا ﴿ وَكَانَ ۳ در ۳ اللهُ عَلَى كُلَّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرًا ٢ يَاَ تُهَا النَّجِيُّ قُلْ لِاَ زُوَاجِكَ إِنْ كُنْتُنَّ تُردْنَ الْحَلْوةَ الدُّنْيَا وَ زَيْنَتَهَا فَتَحَالَيْنَ أُمَتِّعْكُنَّ وَ أُسَرَّحْكُنَّ سَرَاحًا جَميْلًا 🕅 وَ إِنْ كُنْتُنَّ تُردْنَ اللَّهَ وَ رَسُوْلَهُ وَ الدَّارَ الأخرة فات الله أعر للمحسنت مِنْكُنَّ أَجْرًا عَظِنُمًا ؟ لينِسَاءَ النَّبِيِّ مَنْ تَيَاتِ مِنْكُنَّ بِفَاحِشَةٍ مُبَيِّنَةٍ يُضْعَفْ لَهَا الْعَذَابُ ضِعْفَيْنٍ ، وَكَانَ ذَلِكَ عَلَى اللهِ يَسيُرًا **ۇمَنْ تَيْقْنُتْ** مِنْكُنَّ بِتْهِ وَرَسُوْلِهٍ 🖗 وَتَعْمَلُ صَالِحًا نُّؤْتِهَا ٱجْرَهَا مَرَّتَيْنِ وَاَعْتَدْنَا لَهَا رِزْقًا حَرِيْمًا ينِسَاءَ النَّبِتِ لَسْتُنَّ كَاحَدٍ مِّنَ  $a i u \mid th$   $\dot{h} \tau \mid kh \dot{\tau} \mid dh$   $\dot{s} \mid \dot{s}$   $\dot{c}$   $\dot{f}$   $\dot{f}$ 

(See details of transliteration on page 'p')

not like any *other* women if you are righteous. So be not soft in speech, lest he in whose heart is a disease should feel tempted; and speak a decent speech.

\*34. And stay in your houses *with dignity*, and do not show off yourselves like the showing off of the former days of ignorance, and observe Prayer, and pay the Zakāt, and obey Allāh and His Messenger. Surely Allāh desires to remove from you *all* uncleanness, O Members of the Household, and purify you completely.

35. And remember what is rehearsed in your houses of the Signs of Allāh and of wisdom. Verily Allāh is the Knower of subtleties, All-Aware.

## R. 5.

36. Surely, men who submit themselves to God and women who submit themselves to Him, and believing men and believing women, and obedient men and obedient women and truthful men and truthful women, and men steadfast in their faith and steadfast women, and men who are humble and women who are humble, and men who give alms and women who give alms, and men who fast and women who fast, and men who guard their chastity and women who guard their chastity, and men

النَّسَاءِ إن اتَّقَنْتُنَّ فَلَا تَخْضَعْنَ بالْقَوْلِ فَيَطْمَعَ الَّذِيْ فِيْ قَلْبِهِ مَرَضً وَّ قُلْنَ قَوْلًا مَعْرُوْ فَاشَ وَ قَرْنَ فِي بُيُوْتِكُنَّ وَلَا تَبَرَّجْنَ تَبَرُّجَ الْجَاهِلِيَّةِ الْأُوْلِي وَ أَقِمْنَ الصَّلْوَةَ واتين الزُّكُوةَ وَأَطِعْنَ اللَّهَ وَرَسُوْلَهُ ـ إنَّما يُردَدُ اللهُ لِيُزْهِبَ عَنْكُمُ الرَّجْسَ أَهْلَ الْبَنْتِ وَ يُطَهِّرَكُمُ ؾڟۿؽڔٞٳ۞۫ وَاذْكُرْبَ مَا يُتْلَى فِيْ بُيُؤْتِكُنَّ مِنْ الت الله وَالْحَكْمَة ماتَ الله كَانَ لَطِيْفًا خَبِيْرًا أَ ات الْمُسْلِمِيْنَ وَ الْـ وَ الْمُؤْمنيْنَ وَ الْمُؤْمِنِتِ وَ الْقُنتيْنَ وَ الْقُنتْتِ وَ الصَّدِقَيْنَ وَ الصَّدِقْتِ وَ الصّبريْنَ وَ الصّبِرْتِ وَ الْخُشِعِيْنَ وَ الْخْشْعْتِ وَ الْمُتَصَدِّقِيْنَ الْمُتَصَدِّفْت وَالصَّائِمِيْنِ 5 وَ الصَّبْحَتِ وَ الْحُفظَيْنَ فُرُوْجَهُمْ وَ الْحُفِظْتِ وَ الذَّاحِرِيْنَ اللهَ حَبْيُرًا

\*34. And stay in your houses with dignity, and do not embellish yourselves in the style of embellishment during the days of ignorance and observe Prayer, and pay the Zakāt, and obey Allāh and His Messenger.

چ

who remember Allāh much and women who remember *Him*— Allāh has prepared for *all of* them forgiveness and a great reward.

37. And it behoves not a believing man or a believing woman, when Allāh and His Messenger have decided a matter, that there should be a choice for them in the matter concerning them. And whoso disobeys Allāh and His Messenger, surely strays away in manifest error.

38. And remember when thou didst sav to him on whom Allah had bestowed favours and on whom thou also hadst bestowed favours: 'Keep thy wife to thyself, and fear Allāh.' And thou didst conceal in thy heart what Allah was going to bring to light, and thou wast afraid of the people, whereas Allah has better right that thou shouldst fear Him. Then, when Zaid had accomplished his want of her so as to have no further need of her, We joined her in marriage to thee, so that there may be no hindrance for the believers with regard to the wives of their adopted sons, when they have accomplished their want of them. And Allah's decree must be fulfilled.

39. There can be no hindrance for the Prophet with regard to that which Allāh has made incumbent upon him. Such indeed was the way of Allāh with those who have passed away before—and the command of Allāh is a decree ordained—

وَ الذِّجِرِتِ ، أَعَدَّ اللهُ لَهُمْ مَّغْفِرَةً وَّ أَجْرًا عَظِيْمًا 🕅 وَ مَا كَانَ لِمُؤْمِنٍ وَّ لَا مُؤْمِنَةٍ إِذَا قَضَب اللهُ وَ رَسُوْلُهُ آمُرًا أَنْ يَكُوْنَ لَهُمُ الْخِيَرَةُ مِنْ أَمْرِهِمْ وَ مَنْ يَعْصِ اللهَ وَ رَسُوْلَهُ فَقَدْ ضَلَّ ضَلًّا مَّبِيْنًا ٢ وَ إِذْ تَقُوْلُ لِلَّذِيْ ٱنْعَمَ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَ ٱنْعَمْتَ عَلَيْهِ ٱمْسِكْ عَلَيْكَ زَوْجَكَ وَ اتَّق اللهَ وَ تُخْفِيْ فِيْ نَفْسِكَ مَا اللهُ مُبْدِيهِ وَ تَخْشَى النَّاسَ، وَ اللهُ أَحَقُّ أَنْ تَخْشَعهُ \* فَلَمَّا قَضى زَيْدٌ مِّنْهَا وَطَرًا زَوَّجْنْكَهَا لِكَيْ لَا يَكُوْنَ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ حَرَجٌ فَيْ ٱزْوَاج آدْعِياً يُهمْ إِذَا قَضَوْا مِنْهُ ب وَطَرًا ، وَكَانَ أَمْرُ الله مَفْعُوْلًا

مَا كَانَ عَلَى النَّبِيِّ مِنْ حَرَجٍ فِيْمَا فَرَضَ اللهُ لَهُ له سُنَّةَ اللهِ في الَّذِيْنَ خَلَوْا مِنْ قَبْلُ دو كَانَ آمُرُ اللهِ قَدَرًا مَقَرُوْرَاضَ

## وَمَنْ يَقْنُتْ Part 22 - ٢٢

چ چ

40.Those who delivered the Messages of Allāh and feared Him, and feared none but Allāh. And sufficient is Allāh as a Reckoner.

41. Muhammad is not the father of any of your men, but *he is* the Messenger of Allāh and the Seal of the Prophets; and Allāh has full knowledge of all things.

#### R. 6.

42. O ye who believe! remember Allāh with much remembrance;

43. And glorify Him morning and evening.

44. He it is Who sends blessings on you, as *do* His angels, that He may bring you forth from all *kinds of* darkness into light. And He is Merciful to the believers.

45. Their greeting on the day when they meet Him will be, 'Peace.' And He has prepared for them an honourable reward.

46. O Prophet, truly We have sent thee as a Witness, and Bearer of glad tidings, and a Warner,

\*47. And as a Summoner unto Allāh by His command, and as a Lamp that gives *bright* light.

48. And announce to the believers the glad tidings that they will have great bounty from Allāh. إِلَّذَيْتَ يُبَبِّغُوْتَ رِسْلْتِ اللهِ وَ يَخْشَوْنَهُ وَلَا يَخْشَوْنَ أَحَدًا إِلَّا اللَّهَ . وَكَفَى بِاللَّهِ حَسِيْبًا ؟ مَا كَانَ مُحَمَّدٌ آبَآ اَحَدٍ مِّنْ رِّجَالِكُمْ وَلَكِنْ رَّسُوْلَ اللهِ وَ خَاتَمَ النَّبِيِّنَ. وَكَانَ اللَّهُ بِحُلٍّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيْمًا ٢ يَا يُها الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوا اذْكُرُوا الله ذِكْرًا كَتْيْرًا أَ وَّسَبِّحُوْهُ بُكْرَةً وَّ أَصِيْلًا 💬 هُوَ اتَّذِف يُصَلَّىٰ عَلَيْكُمْ وَ مَلَّئُكَتُهُ لِيُخْرِحَتُ مَرْمِّنَ الظُّلُمَتِ إِلَى النُّوْدِ وَكَانَ بِالْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ رَحِيْمًا ؟ تَجِيَّتُهُمْ يَوْمَ يَلْقَوْنَهُ سَلْمَ ٢٠ وَ آعَدَ لَهُمْ أَجْرًا كُرِيْمًا @ يَاَتُهَا النَّجِتُ إِنَّا ٱرْسَلْنُكَ شَاهِدًا ۊۜ*ؙ*مؙڹۺؚٞڔٞٳۊۜڹ۬ؽؚڔٵ۞ وَّ دَاعِيًا إِلَى اللهِ بِإِذْنِهِ وَ سِرَاجًا مُنيْرًا، وَ بَشْرِ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ بِأَنَّ لَهُمْ مِّنَ اللهِ فَضْلًا كَبِيْرًا ٢

\*47. And as a Summoner to Allāh by His command, and as a radiant Lamp.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \circ \ (64)$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

\*49. And follow not the disbelievers and the hypocrites, and leave alone their annoyance, and put thy trust in Allāh; for Allāh is sufficient as a Guardian.

50. O ye who believe! when you marry believing women and then divorce them before you have \*\* touched them, then you have no right against them with regard to the period of waiting that you reckon. So make some provision for them and send them away in a handsome manner.

51. O Prophet, We have made lawful to thee thy wives whom thou hast paid their dowries, and those whom thy right hand possesses from among those whom Allah has given thee as gains of war, and the daughters of thy paternal uncle, and the daughters of thy paternal aunts, and the daughters of thy maternal uncle, and the daughters of thy maternal aunts who have emigrated with thee, and any other believing woman if she offers herself for marriage to the Prophet provided the Prophet desires to marry her; this is only for thee, as against other believers-We have already made known what We have enjoined on them concerning their wives and those whom their right hands possess-in order that there may be no difficulty for thee in the discharge of thy work. And Allah is Most For-giving, Merciful.

وَكَا تُطِعِ الْكُفِرِيْنَ وَ الْمُنْفِقِيْنَ وَحَعْ أَذْبِهُمْ وَ تَوَكَّلْ عَلَى الله ﴿ وَ كَفِّي بالله وَجِيْلًا آياَتُهَا الَّذِيْرِي أَمَنُهْ إِذَا بَحَجْتُهُ الْمُؤْمِنْت ثُمَّ طَتَّقْتُمُوْهُنَّ مِنْ قَبْل أرب تَمَشَدْهُنَّ فَمَا آكُمْ عَلَيْهِنَّ مِرِبْ عِدَّة تَعْتَدُّوْنَهَا ۽ فَمَتِّعُوْهُرِبّ <u>ۅؘ</u>ڛؘڗ۫ڂۅٛۿڹۜٛڛؘڒٳڂٳڿڡؽؚڸۘٞڔ۞ لَا تُعَاالنَّيُّ انَّآ ٱحْلَلْنَا لَكَ أَذْوَاحَكَ الْتِي اتَبْتَ أَجُهْرَهُرِ بَي وَ مَا مَلَكَتْ كمننك ممما آفاء الله عليك وكنت عَمّكَ وَ بَنْت عَمّتكَ وَ بَنْت خَالِكَ وَ بَنْت خَلْتِكَ الَّتِيْ هَاجَرْنَ مَعَكَ رَوَ امْرَاقً مُّؤْمِنَةً إِنْ وَهَدَتْ اللنَّبِيِّ إنْ آرَادَ النَّبِيُّ آنْ تَسْتَنْجِحَهَا وَخَالِصَةً لَّكَ مِنْ دُوْن الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ، قَدْ عَلِمْنَا مَا فَرَضْنَا عَلَيْهُمْ فِنْ أَذْوَاجِهِمْ وَ مَا مَلَكَتْ ٱبْمَانُهُمْ لِكَثَلَا تَكُوْنَ عَلَيْكَ حَرَجً، وَكَانَ اللهُ غَفُوْدًا تَحْتُمًا (

<sup>#49.</sup> And follow not the disbelievers and the hypocrites, and ignore their nuisances, and put your trust in Allāh; for Allāh is sufficient as a Guardian.

<sup>\$50.</sup> then you have no right against them with regard to the *prescribed* period of waiting that you reckon.

\*52. Thou mayest defer *the marriage* of any of them that thou pleasest, and receive unto thyself whom thou pleasest; and if thou desirest *to take* back any of those whom thou hast put aside, there is no blame on thee. That is more likely that their eyes may be cooled, and that they may not grieve, and that they may all be pleased with that which thou hast given them. And Allāh knows what is in your hearts; and Allāh is All-Knowing, Forbearing.

53. It is not allowed to thee *to marry* women after that, not to change them for *other* wives even though their goodness please thee, except any that thy right hand possesses. And Allāh is Watchful over all things.

## **R.** 7.

\*54. O ye who believe! enter not the houses of the Prophet unless leave is granted to you for a meal without waiting for its *appointed* time. But enter when you are invited, and when you have finished eating, disperse, without seeking to engage in talk. That causes inconvenience to the Prophet, and he feels shy of *asking* you *to leave*. But Allāh is not shy of *saying* what is true. And when you ask them (the wives of تُرْجِيْ مَنْ تَشَاءُ مِنْهُنَّ وَ تُنُوِيَّ اِلَيْكَ مَنْ تَشَاءُ « وَ مَنِ ابْتَعَيْدَت مِحَّن عَزَلْتَ فَلَا جُنَاسَ عَلَيْكَ « ذٰلِكَ اَدْنَى انْ تَقَرَّ اعْيُنُهُنَّ وَلَا يَحْزَنَّ وَ يَرْضَيْن بِمَا اتَيْتَهُنَّ كُلُّهُنَّ « وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا فِيْ قُلُوْبِكُمْ « وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَلِيْمًا حَلِيْمًا صَلِيْمًا @

لَا يَحِلُّ لَكَ النِّسَاءُ مِنْ بَعْدُ وَلَا آنَ تَبَدَّلَ بِهِنَّ مِنْ آزُوَاجٍ وَّ لَوْ آعْجَبَكَ مُسْنُهُنَ الَّا مَا مَلَكَتْ يَمِيْنُكَ وَحَانَ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ تَقِيْبًا شَ يَاتَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ أَمْنُوْا لَا تَدْخُلُوْا بُيُوْتَ النَّبِيِّ إِلَّا آنَ يُؤْذَنَ لَكُمْ إِلَى طَحَامٍ غَيْرَ نُظْرِيْنَ إِنْهُ وَلَكِنْ إِذَا دُعِيْتُمْ فَادْخُلُوْا فَإِذَا طَحِمْتُمْ فَانْتَشْرُوْا وَلَا مُسْتَأْنِسِيْنَ لِحَدِيْتِ دِاتَ خُبُمُوْ كَانَ يُؤْذِى النَّجِيَّ فَيَسْتَحْي مِنْكُمْ وَ اللَّهُ لَا يَسْتَحْي مِنَ الْحَقِّي دَوَ إِذَا

\*54. O ye who believe! Enter not the houses of the Prophet unless you have been invited to meal and even then not *so early* before the food has been cooked.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (\delta = details of transiteration on page \ p').$ 

<sup>\* 52.</sup> You may defer *marrying* anyone among them if you like and you may receive unto yourself whom you please. And if you desire *to take back* any of those whom you have put aside, there is no blame on you. This is more likely to result in the cooling of their eyes, and that they may not grieve, and that they may all be pleased with that which you have given them.

# وَمَنْ تَقْنُتْ Part 22 - ٢٢

the Prophet) for anything, ask them from behind a curtain. That is purer for your hearts and their hearts. And it behoves you not to cause inconvenience to the Messenger of Allāh, nor that you should ever marry his wives after him. Indeed that would be an enormity in the sight of Allāh.

55. Whether you reveal a thing or conceal it. Allah knows all things full well.

56. There is no blame on them in this respect with regard to their fathers or their sons or their brothers or the sons of their brothers or the sons of their sisters or their womenfolk or those whom their right hands possess. And fear Allah, O wives of the Prophet, verily, Allah is Witness over all things.

57. Allāh and His angels send blessings on the Prophet. O ye who believe! you also should invoke blessings on him and salute him with the salutation of peace.

\*58. Verily, those who malign Allāh and His Messenger-Allah has cursed them in this world and in the Hereafter, and has prepared for them an abasing punishment.

سَالْتُهُوْهُرِبَى مَتَاعًا فَسْكَلُوْهُنَّ مِنْ وَّدَاءٍ حِجَابٍ ؞ ذٰلِڪُمْ ٱطْهَرُ لِقُلُوْبِحُمْرَوَ قُلُوْبِهِنَّ ﴿ وَمَا كَانَ لَحُمْ اَنْ تُؤْذُوْا رَسُوْلَ اللهِ وَلا آَنْ تَنْكِحُوْا ٱزْوَاجَهُ مِنْ بَعْدِةَ ٱبَدًا ﴿ إِنَّ ذَٰلِكُمْ كَانَ عِنْدَ اللهِ عَظِيْمًا @ إِنْ تُبْدُوْا شَبْكًا أَوْ تُخْفُوْهُ فَإِنَّ اللَّهُ ڪَانَ بِڪُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيْمًا<sup>®</sup> لَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِنَّ فِيٓ ابْآَئِهِنَّ وَلَا ٱبْنَائِهِنَّ وَ لَآ إِخْوَانِهِتَ وَلَآ ٱبْنَاءِ اخْوَانِهِرِ أَكْ أَسْنَاءِ أَخَوْتِهِنَّ وَلا نِسَائِهِتَ وَ لَا مَا مَلَكَتْ ٱلْمَانُهُتَ، وَ اتَّقِيْنَ اللهُ ﴿ إِنَّ اللهُ كَانَ عَلَى ڝۘٞڵؚۺؘؽؚ*ۦ*ٟۺٙڣۣؽڋٵ۞ إِنَّ اللَّهَ وَمَلَئِكَتَهُ يُصَلُّوْنَ عَلَى النَّبِيِّ يَآتُيهَا الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا صَلَّوْا عَلَيْهِ وَسَلِّمُوْاتَسْلِيْمًا اِتَ الَّذِينَ يُؤْذُوْنَ اللهَ وَ رَسُوْلَهُ لَعَنَهُمُ اللَّهُ فِي الدُّنْبَا وَالْإَخِرَةِ وَ اَعَدَّ لَهُمْ عَذَابًا مُّهِيْنًا @

\*58. Verily, those who annoy Allah and His Messenger-Allah has cursed them in this world and in the Hereafter, and has prepared for them an abasing punishment.

(See details of transliteration on page 'p')

59. And those who malign believing men and believing women for what they have not earned shall bear *the guilt of* a calumny and a manifest sin.

#### R. 8.

- \*60. O Prophet! tell thy wives and thy daughters and the women of the believers that they should draw close to them portions of their *loose* outer coverings. That is nearer that they may *thus* be distinguished and not molested. And Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.
- \*61. If the hypocrites, and those in whose heart is a disease, and those who cause agitation in the city, desist not, We shall surely give thee authority over them; then they will not dwell therein as thy neighbours, save for a little while.

62. Then they will be accursed. Wherever they are found, they will  $= \frac{3}{3}$ be seized, and cut into pieces.

63. Such has been the way of Allāh in *the case of* those who passed away before, and thou wilt never find a change in the way of Allāh.

64. Men ask thee concerning the Hour. Say, 'The knowledge of it is with Allah *alone*.' And what will

لَئِنْ تَمْ يَنْتَهِ الْمُنْفِقُوْنَ وَ اتَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوْبِهِمْ مَتَرَضَ وَّ الْمُرْجِفُوْنَ فِي الْمَدِيْنَةِ لَنُغْرِيَنَّكَ بِهِمْ ثُمَّ لَا يُجَاوِرُوْنَكَ فِيهَآ الَّا قَلِيلًا شَ مَلْعُوْنِيْنَ : آيَنَمَ ثُقِفُوْا أُخِذُوْا أَخِ وَقُتِّلُوْا تَقْتِيلًا @ سُنَّةَ اللهِ فِي اتَّذِينَ خَلَوْا مِنْ قَبْلُ: وَلَنْ تَجِدَلِسُنَّةِ اللهِ تَبْدِيلًا ؟

يَسْتَلُكَ النَّاسُ عَنِ السَّاعَةِ < قُلْ إِنَّهَا عِلْمُهَا عِنْدَ اللَّهِ < وَ مَا يُدْرِيْكَ

 $a i u + h \tau + h$ 

<sup>\*60.</sup> O Prophet! Tell your wives and your daughters, and the women of the believers, that they should pull down upon them of their outer cloaks *from their heads over their faces*. That is more likely that they may *thus* be recognized and not molested.

<sup>\*61.</sup> If the hypocrites, and those in whose hearts there is disease, and those who spread baseless rumours in the city, do not desist, We shall surely make you stand up against them; then they will no longer tarry around you but a little.

make thee know that the Hour may be nigh?

65. Allāh has surely cursed the disbelievers, and has prepared for them a burning fire.

66. Wherein they will abide for ever. They will find therein no friend nor helper.

67. On the day when their faces are turned over in the Fire, they will say, 'Oh, would that we had obeyed Allah and obeved the Messenger!'

68. And they will say, 'Our Lord, we obeyed our chiefs and our great ones and they led us astray from the wav.

69. 'Our Lord, give them double punishment and curse them with a very great curse.'

# R. 9.

\*70. O ye who believe! be not like those who vexed and slandered Moses: but Allah cleared him of what they spoke of him. And he was honourable in the sight of Allāh

71. O ye who believe! fear Allāh, and say the right word.

\*72. He will bless your works for you and forgive you your sins. And obevs Allāh whoso and His

لَعَلَّ السَّاعَةَ تَكُوْنُ قَرِيبًا @ اِنَّ اللهُ لَحَنَ الْحُفِرِيْنَ وَ أَعَدَّ لَهُمْ سَعِيْرًا ش خْبِدِيْنَ فِيْهَا ٱبَدًا، كَا يَجدُوْنَ وَلِيًّا وَّ لَا نَصِيْرًا شَ يَوْمَ تُقَلَّبُ وُجُوْهُهُمْ فِي النَّارِ بَقُوْلُوْنَ لِلَدْتَيْنَ ٱطْعُنَا اللَّهُ وَ ٱطْعُنَا التَّسُهْكُا وَ قَالُوْا دَتَّنَّ اتَّنَّ أَطَعْنَا سَادَتَنَا وَكُبَرَاءَنَا فَأَضَلُّوْنَا السَّبِيْلَا رَبَّنَآ اتِهِمْ ضِعْفَيْنِ مِنَ الْعَذَاب وَ الْعَنْهُمْ لَعْنًا كَبِيْرًا ٢ يَايَّها الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا لَا تَخُوْنُوْا كَالَّذِيْنَ أَذَوْا مُوْسَى فَبَرَّاكُ اللَّهُ مِمَّا قَالُوْا دَوَكَانَ عِنْدَ اللهِ وَجِيْهًا ۞ يَاَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوا اتَّقُوا اللهَ وَقُوْلُوْا قۇلاسدىدان تُصْلح لَكُمْ أَعْمَالَكُمْ وَ يَغْفِرْلَكُمْ ذُنُوْبَكُمْ إِذَ مَنْ يُبِطِعِ اللهُ وَ رَسُوْلَهُ

\*70. O ye who believe! Be not like those who vexed and slandered Moses; Allah cleared him of what they spoke of him.

ه:

\*72. He will reform your conduct for you and forgive you your sins.

 $a i u \mid th$   $\dot{h} \tau \mid kh \dot{\tau} \mid dh$   $\dot{s} \mid c$   $\dot{c}$   $\dot{c}$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

Messenger, shall surely attain a mighty success.

73. Verily, We offered the Trust to the heavens and the earth and the mountains, but they refused to bear

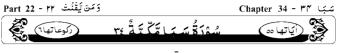
\* it and were afraid of it. But man bore it. Indeed, he is *capable of being* unjust *to*, *and* neglectful *of*, *himself*.

74. *The result is* that Allāh will punish hypocritical men and hypocritical women, and idolatrous men and idolatrous women; and Allāh turns in mercy to believing men and believing women; and Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

نَعَدْ فَازَ فَوْذًا عَظِيمًا ۞ إِنَّا عَرَضْنَا الْاَ مَانَةَ عَلَى السَّمُوْتِ وَ الْاَرْضِ وَ الْجِبَالِ فَابَيْنَ اَتْ يَحْمِلْنَهَا وَ اَشْفَقْنَ مِنْهَا وَ حَمَلَهَا الْإِنْسَانُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْفِقِيْنَ وَ الْمُنْفِقْتِ وَ الْمُشْرِكِيْنَ وَ الْمُشْرِكِتِ وَ يَتُوْبَ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ وَ الْمُؤْمِنْتِ.

\*73. But the man bore it. Indeed he was too cruel to himself, unmindful of the consequences.

في



**SABĀ'** (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. All praise is due to Allāh, to Whom belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is in the earth. And His is all praise in the Hereafter; and He is the Wise, the All-Aware.

3. He knows whatever goes into the earth and whatever comes forth from it, and whatever descends from the heaven and whatever ascends into it; and He is Merciful, Most Forgiving.

4. And those who disbelieve say, 'The Hour will never come upon us.' Say, 'Yea, by my Lord Who knows the unseen, it will surely come upon you! Not an atom's weight in the heavens or in the earth or any thing less than that or greater escapes Him, but *all is recorded* in a perspicuous Book,

5. 'That He may reward those who believe and do good works. It is these who will have forgiveness and an honourable provision.'

6. But *as* to those who strive against Our Signs, seeking to frustrate *Our plans*, it is they for whom there will be the suffering of a painful punishment. بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () ٱلْحَمْدُ لِلهِ الَّذِيْ لَهُ مَا فِي السَّمْوٰتِ وَمَافِي الْأَرْضِ وَلَهُ الْحَمْدُ فِي الْأَخِرَةِ ـ وَهُوَالْحَكِيْمُ الْخَبِيْرُ ()

يَعْدَمُ مَا يَلِجُ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَ مَا يَخْرُجُ مِنْهَا وَ مَا يَنْزِلُ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ وَ مَا يَعْرُجُ فِيْهَا وَ هُوَ التَّحِيْمُ الْغَفُوْرُ وَ قَالَ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا لَا تَاتِيْنَ السَّاعَةُ ء قُلْ بَلْ وَ رَبِّيْ لَتَاتِييَنَ هُمْ السَّاعَةُ ء قُلْ بَلْ وَ رَبِيْ لَتَاتِييَنَ هُمْ غليم الْغَيْبِ وَ لا يَعْزُبُ عَنْهُ مِثْقَالُ خَرَةٍ فِي السَّمُوتِ وَلا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَلَا آصْغَرُ مِنْ ذٰلِكَ وَلاَ أَكْبَرُ اللَّا فِي حِتْبٍ شُبِيْنٍ أَنْ تَيْجَذِي الَّذِيْنَ أَمنُوْا وَ عَمِلُوا وَ الَّذِيْنَ سَعَوْ فِيَ الْيَنَا مُعْجِزِيْنَ وَ الَّذِيْنَ سَعَوْ فِيَ الْيَنَا مُعْجِزِيْنَ

ٱولَئِكَ لَهُمْ عَذَابَ مِّنْ رِّجْزٍ ٱلْيُمْ (

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rhotomode | \ h \ rhotomode | \ rhoto$ 

7. And those who are given knowledge see that whatever has been revealed to thee from thy Lord is the truth, and guides unto the path of the Mighty, the Praiseworthy.

8. And those who disbelieve say, 'Shall we show you a man who will tell you *that* when you are broken up into pieces, you shall be *raised as* a new creation?

9. 'Has he forged a lie against Allāh or is he afflicted with madness?' Nay, but it is those who believe not in the Hereafter that are suffering from the punishment and are too far gone in error.

10. Do they not see what is before them and what is behind them of the heaven and the earth? If We please, We could cause the earth to sink with them, or cause pieces from the sky to fall upon them. In that verily is a Sign for every repentant servant.

#### R. 2.

\*11. And certainly, We bestowed grace upon David from *Ourselves*:
'O ye mountains, repeat *the praises of Allāh* with him, and O birds, *ye also.*' And We made the iron soft for him,

12. *Saying*, 'Make thou full-length coats of mail, and make the rings of a proper measure. And do righteous deeds, surely I see all that you do.'

وَ يَرَى الَّزِيْنَ اوْتُوا الْعِلْمَ الَّزِيَ انْزِلَ اِلَيْكَ مِنْ آرَّتِكَ هُوَ الْحَقَّة وَ يَهْدِيَ اللَّ صِرَاطِ الْعَزِيْزِ الْحَمِيْدِ وَقَالَ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا هَلْ نَدُرُّ حُمْ عَلَى رَجُلٍ يُنَبِّئُكُمْ اِذَا مُزَّقْتُمْ كُلَّ مُمَزَّقٍ رانَّكُمْ لَغِيْ خَلْقٍ جَرِيْدٍ أَنَ مُمَزَّقٍ رانَّكُمْ لَغِيْ خَلْقٍ جَرِيْدٍ أَنَ انْتَرَى عَلَى اللَّهِ حَذِبًا آمْ بِه جِنَّةً الْعَذَابِ وَ الضَّلْلِ الْبَعِيْدِ ()

ا فَلَمْ يَرَوْا إِلَى مَا بَيْنَ آيَدِيْهِمْ وَ مَا خَلْفَهُمْ مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ وَالْاَرْضِ لَا إِنْ تَشَا نَخْسِفْ بِهِمُ الْاَرْضَ آوْ نُسْقِطْ عَلَيْهِمْ كِسَفًا مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ لَنَ فِي خَلِكَ لَايَةً تِكُلِّ عَبْدٍ مُّنِيْبٍ أَ وَلَقَدْ أَتَيْنَا دَاوْدَمِنَّا فَضْلًا لَي يَجِبَالُ الْحَدِيْدَالَ الْحَدِيْدَالَ

اَنِ اعْمَلْ سْبِغْتِ قَ قَوَّرْ فِ السَّرْدِ وَاعْمَلُوْا صَالِحًا ﴿ اِنِّنْي بِمَا تَعْمَلُوْنَ بَصِيْرًا

\*11. And certainly, We bestowed grace upon David from **Ourselves:** 'O ye mountains, **turn to God with full submission along with him**,

13. And to Solomon We subjected the wind; its morning course was a month's *journey*, and its evening course was a month's journey too. And We caused a fount of molten copper to flow for him. And of the Jinn were some who worked under him, by the command of his Lord. And We had told them that if any of them turned away from Our command. We would make him taste the punishment of burning fire. 14. They made for him what he desired; palaces and statues, and basins like reservoirs, and large cooking vessels fixed in their places: 'Work ye, O House of David gratefully;' but few of My servants are grateful.

\*15. And when We decreed his (Solomon's) death, nothing pointed out to them that he was dead save a worm of the earth that ate away his staff. So when he fell down, the Jinn plainly realized that if they had known the unseen, they would not have remained in a state of degrading torment.

16. There was indeed a Sign for Saba' in their home-land: two gardens on the right hand and on وَ لِسُلَيْمْنَ الرَّيْحَ غُدُوُّهَا شَهْرً وَّ رَوَاحُهَا شَهْرً ، وَ اَسَلْنَا لَهُ عَيْنَ الْقِطْرِ وَ مِنَ الْجِنِّ مَنْ يَحْمَلُ بَيْنَ يَكَيْهِ بِاذْنِ رَبِّهِ ، وَ مَنْ يَزِغُ مِنْهُمْ عَنْ اَمْرِنَا نُزِقْهُ مِنْ عَذَابِ السَّعِيْرِ®

يَعْمَلُوْنَ لَهُ مَا يَشَاءُ مِنْ مَّحَارِيْبَ وَتَمَاثِيْلَ وَجِفَانٍ كَالْجَوَابِ وَ قُدُوْرٍ تَرْسِيْتٍ ، اعْمَلُوْا الْ دَاؤَدَ شُكْرًا، وَقَلِيْلَ مِّنْ عِبَادِيَ الشَّكُوْرُ ؟ فَلَمَا قَضَيْنَا عَلَيْهِ الْمَوْتَ مَا دَلَّهُمْ عَلْ مَوْتِهَ إِلَّا ذَابَةُ الْاَرْضِ تَاكُلُ مِنْسَاتَهُ ، فَلَمَا خَرَّتَبَيَّنَتِ الْجِنُ اَنْ لَوْ كَانُوْا يَعْلَمُوْنَ الْغَيْبَ مَا لَبِثُوْا فِي الْعَذَابِ الْمُهِيْنِ أَنْ لَقَدْ كَانَ لِسَبَا فِي مَسْكَنِهِمْ الْيَةً، جَنَّتْنِ عَنْ يَمِيْنِ وَ شِمَالٍ مُكُوْا مِنْ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ of transitieration on page 'p').$ 

<sup>\*15.</sup> Note: The word da bbah (473) applies to all forms of animal life. So the translation "the worm of the earth" should be taken metaphorically and not literally. This reference is to the son of Solomon who did not inherit any of the spiritual qualities or the art of statecraft which distinguished his illustrious father Solomon. During his rule it became gradually apparent to those powerful chieftains (jinn) who had been subdued and subjugated by Solomon that Solomon was now virtually dead. They successfully rebelled against the state and caused fragmentation of the great empire.

the left: 'Eat of the provision of your Lord and be grateful to Him. A good land and a Most Forgiving Lord!'

\*17. But they turned away; so We sent against them a fierce flood. And We gave them, in lieu of their gardens, two gardens bearing bitter fruit and tamarisk and a few lotetrees.

18. That We awarded them because of their ingratitude; and none do We requite *in this way* but the ungrateful.

19. And We placed, between them and the towns which We had blessed, *other* towns that were prominently visible, and We fixed easy stages between them; 'Travel in them for nights and days in security.'

20. But they said, 'Our Lord, place longer distances between *the stages of* our journeys.' And they wronged themselves; so We made them bywords and We broke them into pieces, a complete breaking up. In that verily are Signs for every steadfast and grateful person.

21. And Iblīs found that his judgment of them was true, so they followed him, *all* except a party of *true* believers.

22. And he had no power over them, but *it was so* that We might

<u>دِّزْق رَبِّكُمْ وَ</u> اشْكُرُوْا لَهُ < بَلْكَةً طَيّبةً و كَنَّ غَفُوْرٌ ٠ فَاعْرَضُوْا فَارْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ سَيْلَ الْعَرِمِ وَبَدَّلْنَهُمْ بِجَنَّتَيْهِمْ جَنَّتَيْنِ ذَوَاتَى أُكُل خَمْطِ وَّ ٱثْلِ وَّ شَيْءٍ مِّنْ سدْد قَلِيْلِ» ذٰلِكَ جَزَيْنَهُمْ بِمَا كَفَرُوْا ، وَ هَلْ نُجْزِيْ إِلَّا الْكَفُوْرَ ( وَ جَعَلْنَا بَيْنَهُمْ وَ بَيْنَ الْقُرَى الَّتَى لِرَكْنَا فِيْهَا قُرَّبِ ظَاهِرَةً وَ قَدَّرْنَا فبها الشير ، سيرُوا فيها لتبال وَ آَتَيامًا أَمِنْ يُنَ () فَقَالُوْا رَبَّنَا لِعِدْ بَيْنَ أَسْفَارِنَا وَظَلَمُوْا آنْفُسَهُمْ فَجَعَلْنُهُمْ أَحَادِيْتَ وَ مَزَقْنُهُمْ كُلُّ مُمَزَّقٍ ، إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ <u>لَاٰ يَتِ یِّ ڪُل صَبَّارِ شَکُوْرِ ۞</u> وَ لَقَدْ صَدَّقَ عَلَيْهُمْ إِبْلِيْسُ ظَنَّهُ فَاتَّبَعُوْهُ إِلَّا فَرِيْقًا مِّنَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ @ وَمَا كَانَ لَهُ عَلَيْهِمْ مِّنْ سُلْطُنِ إِلَّا

\*17. But they turned away; so We sent against them a fierce flood *from a* burst dam.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ \circ \ (\underline{see details of transliteration on page 'p')}.$ 

distinguish those who believed in the Hereafter from those who were in doubt about it. And thy Lord is Watchful over all things.

# R. 3.

23. Say, 'Call upon those whom you assert *to be gods* beside Allāh. They control not *even* the weight of an atom in the heavens or in the earth, nor have they any share in either, nor has He any helper among them.'

24. No intercession avails with Him, except for him about whom He permits *it*, until when their hearts are relieved of fright they would say, 'What is it that your Lord said?' They (the Messengers) will answer, 'The truth.' And He is the High, the Great.

25. Say, 'Who gives you sustenance from the heavens and the earth?' Say, 'Allāh. Either we or you are on right guidance or in manifest error.'

26. Say, 'You will not be questioned as to our sins, nor shall we be questioned as to what you do.'

27. Say, 'Our Lord will bring us all together; then He will judge between us with truth: and He is the Judge, the All-Knowing.'

28. Say, 'Show me those whom you have joined with Him as partners. Nay! *You cannot do so*, for He is Allāh, the Mighty, the Wise.'

لِنَعْلَمَ مَنْ يُؤْمِنُ بِالْإِخْرَةِ مِمَّنْ هُوَ مِنْهَا فِيْ شَلِقٍ ﴿ وَ رَبُّكَ عَلَى كُلُّ شَيْءٍ حفنظ قُل ادْعُوا الَّذِيْنَ زَعَمْتُمْ مِّنْ دُوْن اللهِ ، لَا يَمْلِكُوْنَ مِثْقَالَ ذَرَّةٍ فَ التسليلة وَ لَا فِ الْآدْضِ وَ مَا لَهُمْ فِيْهِمَا مِنْ شِرْكِ وَّ مَا لَهُ مِنْهُمْ مِّنْ ظَهيْر، وَلَا تَنْفَعُ الشَّفَاعَةُ عِنْدَةً إِلَّا لِمَنْ اَذِن لَهُ · حَتَّى إِذَا فُزَّعَ عَنْ قُلُوْبِهِمْ قَالُوْا مَاذَا اقَالَ زَتُتُكُمُ إِقَالُوا الْحَقَّ، وَهُوَ الْعَلِيُّ الْكَبِيُرَ @ قُلْ مَرْبٍ يَبْرُزُقُكُمْ مِّرْبِ السَّطَوْتِ وَالْاَ دْضِ ، قُلِ اللهُ ، وَ إِنَّا أَوْ إِيَّاكُمْ كَعَلى هُدًى أوْفِيْ ضَلْلٍ شُبِيْتٍ @ قُلْ لاً تُسْعَلُونَ عَمَّآ أَجْرَمْنَا وَلا نُسْعَلُ عَمّا تَعْمَلُون قُلْ بَحْمَعُ بَنْنَنَا رَبُّنَا ثُمَّ بَفْتَحُ بَيْنَنَابِالْحَقِّ وَهُوَ الْفَتَّاحُ الْعَلِيْمُ » قُلْ آرُوْنِيَ الَّذِيْنَ آلْحَقْتُمْ بِهِ شُرَكَاءَ كَراد بَلْ هُوَ اللهُ الْعَزِيْزُ الْجَكِيْمُ @

Part 22 - 11	ۇمَنْ يَقْنُتْ
--------------	----------------

29 And We have not sent thee but as a Bearer of glad tidings and a Warner, for all mankind, but most men know not.

30. And they say, 'When will this promise be *fulfilled*, if you are truthful?'

31. Say, 'For you is the promise of a day from which you cannot a remain behind a single moment nor . can you get ahead of it.'

## R. 4.

32. And those who disbelieve say. 'We will never believe in this Qur'an, nor in what is before it;' and couldst thou see when the wrongdoers will be made to stand before their Lord, throwing back on one another the blame. Those who were considered weak will say to those who were proud, 'Had it not been for you, we should surely have been believers.'

33. Those who were proud will say to those who were considered weak, 'Was it we that kept you away from the guidance, after it had come to you? Nay, it was you vourselves who were guilty.'

34. And those who were considered weak will say to those who were proud, 'Nay, but it was vour scheming night and day, when you bade us disbelieve in Allah and set

وَ مَا ٱ رُسَلْنُكَ الله كَافَةً بِّلنَّاسِ بَشِيْرًا وَّ نَذِيْرًا وَّ لَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لا تغلَّمُوْنَ ٢ وَ بَقُوْلُوْنَ مَتَّى هٰذَا الْوَعْدُ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صرقيْن 🕤 قُلْ آَڪُمْ مَّنْعَادُ بَوْمِ لَّا تَسْتَأْخِرُوْنَ عَنْهُ سَاعَةً وَّ لَا تَسْتَقْدِمُوْنَ شَ

وَ قَالَ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا لَنْ نُّؤْمِنَ بِهٰذَا الْقُرْانِ وَكَابِاللَّذِيْ بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ ، وَلَوْ تَرَى إذِ الظَّلِمُوْنَ مَوْقُوْفُوْنَ عِنْهَ رَبِّهِمْ \* يَرْجِعُ بَعْضُهُمْ إِلَّى بَعْضِ إِلْقَوْلَ ، يَقُوْلُ الَّذِينَ اسْتُضْعِفُوْا للَّذِينَ اسْتَكْتَرُوْا لَهُ لَآ ٱنْتُمْ آكُنَّا مؤمنين قَالَ الَّذَيْثَ اسْتَكْبَرُوْا لِلَّذِيْنَ اسْتُضْعِفُوٓا ٱنْحُرِبُ صَدَدْنِ حُمْ عَن الْهُدْبِ بَعْدَ إِذْ جَاءَكُمْ بَلْ كُنْتُمْ مُجْرِمِيْنَ 🗑 وَ قَالَ الَّذِيرِ أَسْتُضْعِفُوا لِلَّذِينَ اسْتَكْبَرُوْا بَلْ مَكْرُ الَّيْلِ وَ النَّهَارِ إِذْ تَامُرُوْنَنَآ أَنْ نَكْفُرَ بِاللهِ وَ نَجْعَلَ  $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \dot{=} \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{=} \ s \ \sigma_{626}$ ء' ق q k ج gh ج d ظ z ' ظ z

(See details of transliteration on page 'p')

up equals unto Him.' And they will conceal *their* remorse when they see the punishment; and We shall put chains round the necks of those who disbelieved. They will not be requited but for what they did.

\*35. And We never sent a Warner to any city but the wealthy ones thereof said, 'Surely, we disbelieve in what you have been sent with.'

36. And they say, 'We have more riches and children; and we are not going to be punished.'

37. Say, 'Verily, my Lord enlarges the provision for whomsoever He pleases, and straitens *it for whomsoever He pleases*; but most men do not know.'

#### R. 5.

38. And it is not your riches nor your children that will bring you near Us in rank, but those who believe and do good works, will have a double reward for what they did. And in lofty mansions will they be secure.

39. And *as to* those who strive to frustrate *the purpose of* Our Signs, it is they who will be brought face to face with punishment.

40. Say, 'Surely, my Lord enlarges

لَهَ ٱنْدَادًا ، وَ ٱسَرُّوا النَّدَامَةَ لَمَّا رَاوُا الْعَذَابَ ، وَ جَعَلْنَا الْآغْلَلَ فِنَ اَعْنَاقِ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا ، هَلْ يُجْزَوْنَ إِلَّا مَا كَانُوْا يَعْمَلُوْنَ وَ مَآ اَرْسَلْنَا فِيْ قَرْيَةٍ مِّنْ تَّذِيرٍ إِلَّا قَالَ مُتْرَفُوْهَآ ، إِنَّا بِمَآ اُرْسِلْتُمْ بِه تَعَلَوُوْنَ وَ قَالُوْا نَحْنُ اَحْتَرُ اَمْوَالًا وَ اَوْلَادًا، وَ قَالُوْا نَحْنُ اَحْتَرُ اَمْوَالًا وَ اَوْلَادًا، يَعْلَمُوْنَ يَعْلَمُوْنَ جَ

وَ مَنَ آمُوَالْكُمْ وَلَا آوَلَا دُكُمْ بِالَّتِي تُقَرِّبُكُمْ عِنْدَنَا ذُلْفَى إَلَّا مَنْ امَنَ وَ عَمِلَ صَالِحًا وَ فَاوَلَئِكَ لَهُمْ جَزَاءُ الضِّعْفِ بِمَا عَمِلُوْا وَهُمْ فِي الْغُرُفْتِ أُمِنُوْنَ۞ وُالَّذِيْنَ يَسْعَوْنَ فِنَ اليتِنَا مُعْجِزِيْنَ أُولَئِكَ فِي الْعَذَابِ مُحْضَرُوْنَ۞ قُلْ إِنَّ دَبِيْ يَبْسُطُ الرِّزْقَ لِمَنْ يَشَاءُ

3

<sup>\$35.</sup> And We never sent a Warner to any township but the wealthy ones thereof said, 'Surely, we disbelieve in what you have been sent with.'

the provision for such of His servants as He pleases and straitens *it* for such of them as *He pleases*. And whatever you spend, He will replace it; and He is the Best of providers.'

\*41. And *remember* the day, when He will gather them all together; then He will say to the angels: 'Was it you that they worshipped?'

42. They will say, 'Holy art Thou. Thou art our Protector against them. Nay, but they worshipped the Jinn; it was in them that most of them believed.'

43. 'So, this day, you will have no power either to profit or harm one another.' And We shall say to those who did wrong: 'Taste ye the punishment of the Fire that you denied.'

44. And when Our manifest Signs are recited to them, they say, 'This is but a man who seeks to turn you away from that which your fathers worshipped.' And they say, 'This is but a forged lie.' And those who disbelieve say about the truth when it comes to them, 'This is nothing but clear magic.'

مِنْ عِبَادٍةٍ وَ يَقْدِدُ لَهُ ﴿ وَمَآ ٱنْفَقْتُمْ مِّنْ شَيْءٍ فَهُوَ يُخْلِفُهُ ، وَهُوَ خَيْرُ الرزقين. وَ بَهْمَ يَحْشُرُهُمْ جَمِنْعًا ثُمَّ بَقُوْلُ للْمَلْئِكَة أَ هَؤُلًاء اتَّاكُمْ كَانُوْا تغدرون ٢ قَالُهْ اسْبْحْنَكَ أَنْتَ وَلِتُنَا مِرْبْ دُوْنِهِمْ ، بَلْ كَانُوْا يَعْبُدُوْنَ الْجِنَّ، ٱكْتَرُهُمْ بِهِمْ مُّؤْمِنُوْنَ @ فَالْبَوْمَ لَا يَمْلِكُ يَحْضُكُمْ لِتَعْض نَّفْعًا وَكَا ضَرًّا ﴿ وَ نَقُوْلُ لِلَّذِيرِ يَ ظَلَمُوْا ذُوْقُوْا عَذَابَ النَّارِ الَّجْنِ كُنْتُمْ بِهَاتُكَذِّبُوْنَ @ وَإِذَا تُثْلِّي عَلَيْهِمْ إِيْتُنَا بَيِّنْتِ قَالُوْا مَا هٰذَآ إِلَّا رَجُلٌ تُرِيدُ أَنْ تَصْدَّكُمْ عَمَّاكَاتَ بَعْبُدُ إِنَّا وُعُمْ ، وَقَالُوْا مَا هٰذَآ إِلَّا إِفْكَ مُفْتَرًى \* وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا لِلْحَقّ لَمَّا جَاءَهُمْ النّ لهٰذا إلاً سِحْرٌ مُّبِيْنَ @

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ | \ c_{1} \ i \ (\delta = details of transiteration on page 'p').$ 

<sup>\*41.</sup> And *remember* the day, when He will gather them all together; then He will say to the angels: Was it you **in particular** that they worshipped?

Note: The translation of the word *iyyākum (يَكْفَر)* seems to have been omitted. The insertion of the word 'in particular,' therefore, seems to be appropriate.

٩

45. And We gave them no books which they studied, nor did We send to them any Warner before thee.

46. And those who were before them *also* rejected *the truth*—and these have not attained *even* to a tenth of that which We gave them, but they treated My Messengers as liars. So how *terrible* was the change I *brought about*!

# R. 6.

47. Say, 'I only exhort you *to do* one thing: that you stand up before Allāh in twos and singly and then reflect. *You will then know that* there is no insanity in your companion; he is only a Warner to you of an impending severe punishment.'

48. Say, 'Whatever reward I might have asked of you—let it be yours. My reward is only with Allāh; and He is Witness over all things.'

49. Say, 'Truly, my Lord hurls the Truth *at falsehood. He is* the Great Knower of the unseen.'

\*50. Say, 'The Truth has come, and falsehood could neither originate any good nor reproduce it.'

51. Say, ' If I err, I err only against myself; and if I am rightly guided,

وَ مَا اتَيْنَهُمْ مِّنْ حُتُبٍ يَّدْرُسُوْنَهَا وَ مَا اَرْسَلْنَا اِلَيْهِمْ قَبْلَكَ مِنْ تَّذِيْرٍ وَ كَنَّبَ الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ وَ مَا بَلَغُوْا مِعْشَارَ مَا اتَيْنَهُمْ وَكَنَّبُوْا رُسُلِيْ وَكَيْفَ كَانَ نَكِيْرِ

قُلْ اِنَّمَآ ٱعِظُمُمْ بِوَاحِدَةٍ ، آنَ تَقُوْمُوْا لِلَّهِ مَثْنَى وَ فُرَادَى ثُمَّ تَتَفَكَّرُوْا حَمَا بِصَاحِبِكُمْ مِّنْ جِنَّةٍ الْنُ هُوَ إِلَّا نَزِيرً آَكُمْ بَيْنَ يَدَي عَذَابِ شَرِيدٍ؟ عَذَابِ شَرِيدٍ؟ قُلْ مَا سَالَتُكُمْ مِّنْ آجَرٍ فَهُوَ لَكُمْ قُلْ مَا سَالَتُكُمْ مِّنْ آجَرٍ فَهُوَ لَكُمْ تُقُلْ مَا سَالَتُكُمْ مِّنْ آجَرٍ فَهُوَ لَكُمْ عُذَابِ شَرِيدٍ؟ تُقُلْ مَا سَالَتُكُمْ مِنْ عَلَى قُلْ جَاءَ الْحَقُّ وَمَا يُبْرِئُ الْبَاطِلُ وَمَا قُلْ إِنْ ضَلَلْتُ فَاتَمَآ آضِلُ عَلَى قُلْ إِنْ ضَلَلْتُ فَاتَمَآ آضِلُ عَلَى

\* 50. Say, 'The Truth has **arrived**, and falsehood could neither **initiate nor repeat** anything.' a i u + b + 7 + b + 7 + b + 7 + b + 7 + b + 7 = 0

<sup>(</sup>See details of transliteration on page 'p').

وَمَنْ يَقْنُتْ Part 22 - ٢٢

it is because of what my Lord has revealed to me. Verily, He is All-Hearing, Nigh.'

52. Couldst thou but see when they will be smitten with fear! Then there will be no escape, and they will be seized from a place nearby. 53. And they will say, '*We now* believe them is 'But here the

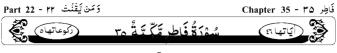
- \*believe therein.' But how can the attaining *of faith* be possible to them from a position *so* far-off,
- \*54. While they had disbelieved in it before? And they are uttering conjectures from a far-off place.

55. And a barrier will be placed between them and that which they long for, as was done with the likes of them before. They *too* were in disquieting doubt indeed.

نَفْسِيْ ۽ وَ اِنِ اَهْتَدَيْتُ فَبِمَا يُوْحِيَّ اِلَيَّ رَبِّيْ الَّهُ سَمِيْحُ قَرِيْبُ () وَلَوْ تَرَى اِذْ فَزِعُوْا فَلَا فَوْتَ وَ اُخِذُوْا مِنْ مَكَانٍ قَرِيْبٍ () وَقَالُوَّا اَمَنَّا بِهِ ءِ وَ ٱنَّى لَهُمُ التَّنَاوُشُ مِنْ مَكَانٍ بَعِيْدٍ () وَقَادُ كَفَرُوْا بِهِ مِنْ قَبْلُ ، وَ يَقْذِفُوْنَ بِالْغَيْبِ مِنْ مَكَانٍ بَعِيْدٍ () فَعِلَ بَيْنَهُمْ وَ بَيْنَ مَا يَشْتَهُوْنَ كَمَا فُعِلَ بِاَشْيَاعِهِمْ مِّنْ قَبْلُ ، اِنَّهُمْ إِنَّ نُوْا فِيْ شَاعِهِمْ مِّنْ قَبْلُ ، اِنَّهُمْ

\*53. Note: It simply means that having distanced themselves earlier from it, they could not attain faith at the time of punishment.

<sup>\*54.</sup> Verily, they had rejected it earlier, indulging in wild conjectures from a distant position.



**FĀȚIR** (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. All praise belongs to Allāh, the Maker of the heavens and the earth, Who employs the angels as messengers, having wings, two, three, and four. He adds to *His* creation whatever He pleases; for Allāh has power over all things.

3. Whatever of mercy Allāh grants to men—there is none to withhold it; and whatever He withholds, there is none who can release it after that; and He is the Mighty, the Wise.

4. O ye men, remember the favour of Allāh towards you. Is there any creator other than Allāh *who* provides for you from the heaven and earth? There is none worthy of worship but He. Whither then are you turned away?

5. And if they reject thee, verily, *God's* Messengers have been rejected before thee; and unto Allāh *all* things are brought back *for decision*.

6. O ye men, assuredly the promise of Allāh is true, so let not the present life deceive you, nor let the Deceiver deceive you with respect to Allāh.

بشير الله الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () ٱلْحَمْدُ يِتَّهِ فَاطِر السَّمْوَتِ وَالْأَرْضِ جَاعِل الْمَلْئِكَةِ رُسُلًا أو لِنَ ٱجْنِحَةٍ مَثْنى وَ ثُلثَ وَ رُلِعَ . يَزِيدُ فِي الْخَلْقِ مَا يَشَاءُ وإنَّ اللهَ عَلى كُلّ شَيْءٍ تَر يُرْ مَا يَفْتَح اللهُ لِلنَّاسِ مِنْ دَّحْمَة فَكَرْ مُمْسِكَ لَهَا ، وَ مَا يُمْسِكْ ا فَكَر مُرْسِلَ لَهُ مِنْ بَعْدِةٍ ﴿ وَ هُوَ الْعَزِيْزُ الْحَكِثُمُ لَاتُها النَّاسُ اذْكُرُوْا نِعْمَتَ اللهِ عَلَيْكُمْ ﴿ هَلْ مِنْ خَالِقٍ غَيْرُ اللهِ يَرْزُقُكُمْ مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ وَ الأَرْضِ، لَآ اللهَ الله هُوَ إِنَّانًى تُؤْذَ كُوْنَ ٢ وَ إِنْ تُكَذَّبُوْكَ فَقَدْ كُذَّبَتْ رُسُلً مِّنْ قَبْلِكَ ، وَ إِلَى اللهِ تُرْجَعُ الأمةر لْأَتُهَا النَّاسُ إِنَّ وَعْدَ اللهِ حَقٌّ فَلَا تَغُرَّنَ حُم الْحَلُوةُ الرُّنْسَا ... وَ لَا يَعُرَّزَ حُمْ بِاللهِ الْغَرُوْرُ (

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rhotomode | \ h \ rhotomode | \ rhot$ 

7. Surely Satan is an enemy to you; so take him as an enemy. He calls his followers only that they may become inmates of the burning Fire.

8. For those who disbelieve there is a severe punishment. And for those who believe and do good works there is forgiveness and a great reward.

#### R. 2.

\*9. Is he, then, to whom the evil of his deed is made to appear pleasing, so that he looks upon it as good, *like him who believes and does good deeds*? Surely, Allāh adjudges astray whom He will and guides whom He will. So let not thy soul waste away in sighing for them. Surely Allāh knows what they do.

10. And Allāh it is Who sends the winds which raise the clouds; then do We drive them to a lifeless tract of land, and quicken thereby the earth after its death. Likewise *shall* the Resurrection be.

\*11. Whoso desires honour, then *let him know that* all honour belongs to Allāh. Unto Him ascend good words, and righteous work does He exalt. And those who plot evils—

ارب الشَّيْطْنَ آكُمْ عَدُوًّ فَاتَّخِذُوْ لا عَدُوًا ما أَنَّمَا بَدْعُوْا جِزْبَهُ لِبَكُوْنُوْا مِنْ أَصْحْبِ السَّعِيْرِ ٥ ٱلَّذِيرِ بَ كَفَرُوْا لَهُمْ عَذَاتَ شَدِيدَة وَ الَّذِيْرِبِ أَمَنُوْا وَ عَمِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ ي ا لَهُمْ مَّغْفِرَةً وَّ آجْزً كَبِيْرً ٥ أَ فَحَنْ زُيَّنَ لَهُ سُوَءُ عَصَلَهِ فَرَاعُ حَسَنًا ﴿ فَإِنَّ اللَّهُ يُضِلُّ مَنْ تَشَاءُ وَ يَهْدِيْ مَنْ تَشَاء \* فَلَه تَذْهَبُ نَفْسُكَ عَلَيْهِمْ حَسَرْتٍ وَإِنَّ اللَّهُ عَلِيْمٌ بِمَا يَصْنَعُوْنَ () وَ اللهُ الَّذِينَ ٱرْسَلَ الرِّيْحَ فَتُثِيْرُ سَحَامًا فَسُقْنَهُ إلى بَلَدٍ مَّيَّتٍ فَاَحْمَيْنَا بِهِ الْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا كَذٰلكَ النُّشُوْرُ ( مَنْ كَانَ يُرِنْدُ الْعِزَّةَ فَلِلَّهِ الْعِزَّةُ جَمِيْعًا ﴿ إِلَيْهِ يَصْعَدُ الْكَلِمُ الطَّيِّبُ وَ الْعَمَلُ الصَّالِحُ يَرْفَعُهُ . وَ الَّذِينَ

**<sup>\*9.</sup>** Is he, then, whose misdeeds are made to appear beautiful to him so he views them as good *like one who believes and truly does good deeds*?

**<sup>\*11.</sup> Whoever** desires honour, then *let him know that* all honour belongs to Allāh. **To** Him ascend good words and righteous work **helps them rise**. And those who plot evils, for them is a severe punishment; and the plotting of such will perish.

for them is a severe punishment; and the plotting of such will perish.

12. And Allāh created you from dust, then from a sperm-drop, then He made you pairs. And no female conceives, nor does she bring forth *a child* without His knowledge. And no one whose life is prolonged has *his* life prolonged, nor is anything diminished of his life, but *it is recorded* in a Book. That surely is easy for Allāh.

13. And the two seas are not alike: this one palatable, sweet *and* pleasant to drink, and the other, salt *and* bitter. And from each you eat fresh meat, and take forth ornaments which you wear. And thou seest the ships therein ploughing *the waves* that you may seek of His bounty, and that you may be grateful.

14. He merges the night into the day, and He merges the day into the night. And He has pressed into service the sun and the moon; each one runs *its* course to an appointed term. Such is Allāh, your Lord; His is the kingdom, and those whom you call upon beside Allāh own not even a whit.

15. If you call on them, they will not hear your call; and even if they heard it, they could not answer you.

يَمْكُرُوْنَ السَّيِّاتِ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ شَرْبُرُ وَ مَكْرُ أُولَكُ هُوَ يَنُوُرُ ( وَ اللهُ خَلَقَ كُمْ مِّنْ تُرَابٍ ثُمَّ مِنْ نُّطْفَة ثُمَّ جَعَلَكُمْ آزْوَاجًا ، وَ مَا تَحْمِلُ مِنْ أَنْتَى وَلَا تَضَعُرِ إِلَّا بِعِلْمِهِ . وَ مَا يُحَمَّرُ مِنْ مُحَمَّرِ وَّ لَا يُنْقَصُ مِنْ عُمُرِبٓ إلَّا فِي كِتْبِ ﴿ إِنَّ ذَٰلِكَ عَلَى الله يَسيُرُ ٢ وَ مَا يَسْتَوِي الْبَحْزِنِ عَا هَذَا عَذْتَ فُرَاتَ سَائِغُ شَرَائِهُ وَ هَذَا مِلْحُ أَجَاجُ ، وَ مِنْ كُلّ تَأْكُلُوْنَ لَحْمًا طَرِيًّا وَّ تَسْتَخْرِجُوْنَ حِلْيَةً تَلْبَسُوْنَهَا ، وَ تَرَب الْفُلْكَ فِنْهِ مَوَاخِرَ لِتَبْتَغُوْا مِنْ فَضْلِهِ وَ لَعَلَّكُمُ تَشْكُرُوْنَ يُوْلِجُ الَّيْلَ فِي النَّهَارِ وَ يُوْلِجُ النَّهَارَ فِي الَّيْلِ وَسَخَّرَ الشَّمْسَ وَ الْقَمَرَدِ ڪُلُّ يَجْرِيْ لِأَجَل شَسَحَّى < ذٰلِكُمُ اللَّهُ رَبُّكُمْ لَهُ الْمُلْكُ ، وَ الَّذِيْنَ تَدْعُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِهِ مَا يَمْلِكُوْنَ مِنْ قِطْمِيْرِ أَ إِنْ تَدْعُوْهُمْ لَا يَسْمَعُوْا دُعَاءَ كُمْ، وَلَهْ سَمِعُوْا مَا اسْتَجَابُوْا لَكُمْ

And on the Day of Resurrection they will deny your having  $\frac{1}{2}$ associated *them with God.* And  $\frac{1}{2}$ none can inform thee like the *One Who is* All-Aware.

# R. 3.

\*16. O ye men, it is you that stand in need of Allāh, but Allāh is He Who is Self-Sufficient, the Praiseworthy.

17. If He please, He could destroy you, and bring a new creation *instead*.

18. And that is not difficult for Allāh.

19. And no burdened *soul* can bear the burden of another; and if a heavily laden *soul* call another to *bear* its load, naught of it shall be carried *by the other*, even though he be a kinsman. Thou canst warn only those who fear their Lord in secret and observe Prayer. And whoso purifies himself, purifies himself only to his own advantage; and to Allāh shall be the return.

20. And the blind and the seeing are not alike,

21. Nor the darkness and light,

22. Nor the shade and heat.

23. Nor alike are the living and the dead. Surely, Allāh causes him to hear whom He pleases; and thou canst not make those to hear who

 وَ يَوْمَ الْقِيْمَةِ يَكْفُرُوْنَ بِشِرْكِكُمْ ، وَلَا يُنَبِّئُكَ مِثْلُ خَبِيْرٍ ۞

لَا تُعَا النَّاسُ ٱنْتُمُ الْفُقَرَاءِ إِلَى اللهِ وَاللهُ هُوَ الْغَنْ الْحَمدُ ( اِنْ يَّشَا يُذْهِبْكُمْ وَ يَاتٍ بِخَلْقِ جَدِيُدِهُ وَمَاذٰلِكَ عَلَى اللهِ بِعَزِيْزٍ ( وَكَا تَزِرُ وَاذِرَةً وَّزْرَ أُخْرِى \* وَ إِنْ تَدْعُ مُثْقَلَةً إلى حِمْلِهَا لَا يُحْمَلُ مِنْهُ شَيْءً وَّ لَهْ كَانَ ذَا قُرْلِي ﴿ إِنَّهَا تُنْذِرُ الَّذِينَ يَخْشَوْنَ رَبَّهُمْ بِالْغَيْبِ وَ أَقَامُوا الصَّلِوةَ \* وَ مَنْ تَزَحَّى فَانَّهَا بَتَزَحَّى لِنَفْسِهِ وَإِلَى اللهِ الْمَصِيْرُ () وَمَا يَشْتَوى الْأَعْلَى وَ الْبَصِيْرُ خَ وَلَا الظُّلُمْتُ وَلَا النُّوْرُ ال وَلا الظُّلُّ وَكَا الْحَرُوْرُشْ وَمَا يَسْتَوى الْأَحْيَاءُ وَلَا الْآَمْوَاتُ انَّ الله بُسْمعُ مَنْ تَشَاءُ ، وَمَا أَنْتَ

\*16. O ye men, you are mere beggars unto Allāh, while Allāh is He Who stands in need of none, Ever Praiseworthy.

are in the graves.

24. Thou art only a Warner.

25. Verily, We have sent thee with the truth, *as* a Bearer of glad tidings and *as* a Warner; and there is no people to whom a Warner has not been sent.

26. And if they treat thee as a liar, those who were before them *also* treated *their Prophets* as liars. Their Messengers came to them with clear Signs, and with the Scriptures, and with the illuminating Book.

27. Then I seized those who disbelieved and how *terrible* was the change I *brought about*!

### R. 4.

28. Dost thou not see that Allāh sends down water from the sky and We bring forth therewith fruits of different colours; and among the mountains are streaks white and red, of diverse hues and others raven black;

29. And of men and beasts and cattle, in like manner, there are various colours? Only those of His servants who possess knowledge fear Allāh. Verily, Allāh is Mighty, Most Forgiving.

30. Surely, *only* those who follow the Book of Allāh and observe Prayer and spend out of what We

بمُسْمِع مَّنْ فِي الْقُبُوْرِ س اِنْ ٱنْتَ الاَنْذِيْرُ ؟ إِنَّآ ٱرْسَلْنْكَ بِالْحَقِّ وَّ نَذِيْرًا \* وَ إِنْ مِّنْ أُمَّةٍ إِلَّا خَلَا فَيُهَا نَزْيَرُه وَ إِنْ تُكَذِّبُوْكَ فَقَدْ كَذَّبَ الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ ، جَاءَتْهُمْ رُسُلُهُمْ بِالْبَيِّنْتِ وَبِالزَّبُرِ وَبِارْكِتْبِ الْمُنِيْرِ 🕞 ثُمَّ اخَذْتُ اللَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا فَكَيْفَ كَانَ 2 ليس " زي ش ٱكَمْ تَدَ آَتَ اللهُ أَنْزَلَ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً ، فَاَخْرَجْنَا بِهِ ثَمَرْتٍ مُخْتَلِفًا ٱلْوَانُهَا ، وَمِنَ الْجِبَالِ جُدَةً بِيْضَ وَّ حُمْرً مُّخْتَلِفً ٱلْوَانُهَا وَ غَرَابِيْبُ سُوْ ڈُ (٣٨) وَ مِنَ النَّاسِ وَالدَّوَآبَ وَالأَنْعَامِ مُخْتَلِفٌ ٱلْوَانُهُ كَذَلِكَ ﴿ إِنَّهَا يخشف الله مِنْ عِمَادِهِ الْعُلَمَةُ ا اِتَ اللهُ عَزِيزُ غَفُوْرُ اِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ يَتْلُوْنَ كِتْبَ اللهِ وَ أَقَامُوا الصَّلْوةَ وَ أَنْفَقُوْا مِصَّا رَزَقْنُهُمْ سِرًّا

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ (35)$ (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

have provided for them, secretly and openly, hope for a bargain which will never fail;

31. In order that He may give them their full rewards, and *even* increase them out of His bounty. He is surely Most Forgiving, Most Appreciating.

32. And the Book which We have revealed to thee is the truth *itself*, fulfilling that which is before it. Surely, Allāh is All-Aware, All-Seeing with respect to His servants.

33. Then We gave the Book for an inheritance to those of Our servants whom We chose. And of them are *some* who are breaking down their own selves *by suppressing their desires*, and of them are *some* who keep to the right course, and of them are *some* who excel *others* in acts of goodness by Allāh's leave. And that *indeed* is the great distinction.

34. Gardens of Eternity! They will enter them. They will be adorned therein with bracelets of gold, and pearls; and their garments therein will be of silk.

35. And they will say, 'All praise belongs to Allāh Who has removed grief from us. Surely, our Lord is MostForgiving, MostAppreciating,

36. 'Who has, out of His bounty, settled us in the Abode of Eternity,

وَّ عَلَانِيَةً يَّرْجُوْنَ تِجَارَةً لَّنْ تَبُوْرَ أَ

لِيُوَقِّيَهُمْ ٱجُوْدَهُمْ وَ يَزِيْدَهُمْ قِنْ فَضْلِهِ داِنَّهٔ غَفُوْرَ شَكُوْرَ ۞

٤ الَّذِي ٓ اَوْحَيْنَ ٓ الَيْكَ مِنَ الْحِتْبِ هُوَ الْحَقُّ مُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيُهِ -اِنَّ اللَّه بِعِبَادِ لَخَبِيُرُ بَصِيرً صَ شُمَّ اَوْرَثْنَا الْكِتْبَ الَّذِينَ اصْطَفَيْنَا مُنَ عِبَادِنَا ، فَمِنْهُمْ ظَالِمَ لِّنَفْسِهِ، وَ مِنْهُمْ مُقْتَصِدً ، وَ مِنْهُمْ سَابِقً بِالْخَيْرَاتِ بِاذْنِ اللَّهِ . ذٰلِكَ هُوَ الْفَضْلُ الْحَبِيْرُشَ

جَنَّتُ عَدْنٍ يَدْخُلُوْنَهَا يُحَلَّوْنَ فِيْهَا مِنْ اَسَاوِرَ مِنْ ذَهَبٍ وَّ لُوُلُوًّا. وَلِبَاسُهُمْ فِيْهَا حَرِيْرً صَلُوا الْحَمْدُ لِلْهِ الَّذِيَّ اَذْهَبَ عَنَّا الْحَزَنَ داِنَّ رَبَّنَا لَغَفُوْرَ شَكُوْرُ شَ

إِلَّذِينَ آحَلَّنَا دَارَالْمُقَامَةِ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ،

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (see details of transiteration on page 'p').$ 

where no toil will touch us, nor any *sense of* weariness affect us therein.'

\*37. But *as for* those who disbelieve, for them is the fire of Hell. Death will not be decreed for them so that they may die; nor will the punishment thereof be lightened for them. Thus do We requite every ungrateful person.

38. And they will cry for help therein, 'O our Lord, take us out, we will do righteous works other than those we used to do.' 'Did We not give you a life *long enough* so that he who would reflect could reflect therein? And there came unto you a Warner *too*. So taste ye *the punishment*; for wrongdoers have no helper.'

### R. 5.

39. Verily, Allāh knows the secrets of the heavens and of the earth. Verily, He knows full well all *that lies hidden* in the breasts.

40. He it is Who made you vicegerents in the earth. So he who disbelieves, will *himself* suffer *the consequences of* his disbelief. And for the disbelievers their disbelief will only increase odium in the sight of their Lord, and their disbelief will increase for the disbelievers nothing but loss.

41. Say, 'Have you seen your

لَا يَمَسَّنَا فِيْهَا نَصَبَّ وَّ لَا يَمَسَّنَا فِيْهَا لُغُوْبَ ۞ وَ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا لَهُمْ نَارُ جَهَنَّمَ ، لَا يُقْضَى عَلَيْهِمْ فَيَمُوْتُوْا وَلَا يُخَفَّفُ عَنْهُمْ مِّنْ عَذَابِهَا ؞ كَذٰلِكَ نَجْزِيْ كُلَّ كَفُوْرِ ۞ كُلَّ كَفُوْرِ ۞ نَعْمَلُ صَالِحًا غَيْرَ الَّذِيْ كُنَّا تَعْمَلُ م آوَلَمْ نُعَمِّرُ كُمْ مَّا يَتَذَكَّرُ فِيْهِ مَنْ تَذَكَّرَوَ جَآءَ كُمُ النَّذِيْرُ ، فَذُوْقُوْا فَمَا لِلظْلِمِيْنَ مِنْ تَصِيْرٍ ۞

اِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلِمُ غَيْبِ السَّمَوْتِ وَالْاَرْضِ لِنَّه عَلِيمَ غَيْبِ السَّمُوْتِ هُوَ الَّذِيْ جَعَلَكُمْ خَلَيْفَ فِي الْاَرْضِ فَمَنْ كَفَرَ فَعَلَيْهِ كُفْرُهُ وَ وَلا يَزِيدُ الْكُفِرِيْنَ كُفْرُهُمْ عِنْهَ رَبِيهِمْ إِلَّا مَقْتًا ، وَ لا يَزِيدُ الْكُفِرِيْنَ كُفْرُهُمْ قُلْ اَ رَءَيْتُمْ شُرَكَاءِكُمُ الَّنْنُ بَ

ے ۱

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ | \ th \ \not = \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot s \ | \ \delta \ s \ of \ transitieration on \ page \ p'). \end{array}$ 

<sup>\*37.</sup> But *as for* those who disbelieve, for them is the fire of Hell. It will not be decreed for them that they may die; nor will the punishment thereof be lightened for them.

associate-gods whom you call on beside Allāh? Show me *then* what they have created of the earth. Or have they a share in the creation of the heavens? Or have We given them a Book so that they have an evidence therefrom?' Nay, the wrongdoers promise one another nothing but deception.

42. Surely, Allāh holds the heavens and the earth lest they deviate *from their places*. And if they did deviate, none can hold them after Him. Verily, He is Forbearing, Most Forgiving.

43. And they swore by Allāh their strongest oaths, that if a Warner came to them, they would follow guidance better than any other people. But when a Warner did come to them, it only increased them in aversion,

44. Out of arrogance in the earth and evil plotting. But the evil plot encompasses none but the authors thereof. Do they then look for anything but *God's* way of *dealing with* the peoples of old? But thou wilt never find any change in the way of Allāh; nor wilt thou ever find any alteration in the way of Allāh.

45. Have they not travelled in the earth and seen how *evil* was the end of those who were before them?

تَدْعُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللَّهِ ، اَرُوْ نِيْ مَاذَا خَلَقُوْا مِنَ الْآرْضِ اَمْ لَهُمْ شِرْكَ فِي السَّمٰوٰتِ ، اَمْ اَتَيْنُهُمْ حِتْبًا فَهُمْ عَلٰى بَيْنَتٍ مِّنْهُ ، بَلْ اِنْ يَجِدُ الظَّلِمُوْنَ بَحْضُهُمْ بَحْضًا لِلَّا غُرُوْرًا @

اِنَّ اللَّهَ يُمْسِكُ السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْأَرْضَ اَنْ تَزُوْلَا ذَوَ لَئِنْ زَالَتَآ اِنْ اَمْسَكَهُمَا مِنْ اَحَدٍ مِّنْ بَعْدِمٌ ؞ اِنَّهْ كَانَ حَلِيْمًا غَفُوْرًا @

وَ ٱقْسَمُوْا بِاللَّهِ جَهْدَ ٱيْمَانِهِمْ لَئِنْ جَاءَهُمْ نَزِيْرً لَّيَكُوْنُنَّ آهْدى مِنْ اِحْدَى الْأُمَمِ، فَلَمَّا جَاءَهُمْ نَذِيْرً مَاذَادَهُمْ إِلَّا نُفُهْرَاشُ

إِسْتِحْبَارًا فِي الْاَرْضِ وَ مَكْرَ السَّيِّئُ وَلَا يَحِيْقُ الْمَحْرُ السَّيِّئُ إِلَّا بِآهَلِهِ فَهَلْ يَنْظُرُوْنَ إِلَّا سُنَّتَ الْاَوَلِيْنَ، فَلَنْ تَجِدَ لِسُنَّتِ اللَّهِ تَبْحِيْلًا ﴿ وَلَنْ تَجِدَ لِسُنَّتِ اللَّهِ تَحْوِيْلًا @

اَوَلَـمْ يَسِيْرُوْا فِي الْاَدْضِ فَيَنْظُرُوْا كَيْفَ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ الَّزِيْنَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ

And they were stronger than they in power. And Allāh is not such that anything in the heavens or the earth should frustrate His *plans*; verily, He is All-Knowing, All-Powerful.

46. And if Allāh were to punish people for what they do, He would not leave a living creature on the surface of *the earth*; but He grants them respite until an appointed \*term; and when their appointed time comes, then *they will know that* Allāh has all His servants under *His* eyes.

وَكَانُوَّا اَشَدَّمِنْهُمْ قُوَّةً • وَمَاكَانَ اللَّهُ لِيُحْجِزَةُ مِنْ شَيْءٍ فِي السَّمٰوٰتِ وَلَا فِي الْاَرْضِ • إِنَّهُ كَانَ عَلِيْمًا قَرِيْرًا ﴿ وَ لَوْ يُؤَاخِذُ اللَّهُ النَّاسَ بِمَا كَسَبُوْا مَاتَرَكَ عَلٰى ظَهْرِهَا مِنْ ذَاتَبَةٍ وَّ لَكِنْ مَاتَرَكَ عَلٰى ظَهْرِهَا مِنْ ذَاتَبَةٍ وَ لَكِنْ مَاتَرَكَ عَلٰى ظَهْرِهَا مِنْ ذَاتَبَةٍ وَ لَكِنْ مَاتَرَكَ عَلْى ظَهْرِهَا مِنْ ذَاتَبَةٍ وَ لَكِنْ مَاتَرَكَ عَلْى ظَهْرِهَا مِنْ ذَاتَبَةٍ وَ لَكِنْ مَاتَرَكَ عَلْى ظَهْرِهَا مِنْ مَاتَرَةً

\*\* 46. and when their appointed time comes, *beware that* Allah is fully aware of His servantsthe mankind.

200

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (39)$  (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

وَمَنْ يَقْنُتَ Part 22 - 71 Chapter 36 - MM

YĀ SĪN (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. Yā Sīn.‡

3. By the Qur'an, full of wisdom,

4. Thou art indeed *one* of the Messengers,

5. On a right path.

6. *This is* a revelation of the Mighty, the Merciful,

7. That thou mayest warn a people whose fathers were not warned, and so they are heedless.

8. Surely the word has proved true against most of them, for they believe not.

\*9. We have put round their necks, chains reaching unto the chins, so that their heads are forced up.

10. And We have set a barrier before them and a barrier behind them, and have covered them over, so that they cannot see.

11. And it is equal to them whether thou warn them or warn them not: they will not believe.

12. Thou canst warn only him who

بشير الله الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () وَ الْقُرْانِ الْحَكِيْمِ أَ إِنَّكَ لَحِنَ الْمُرْسَلِيْنَ ﴾ عَلٰى صِرَاط مُّشتَقنه (أ تَنْزِيْلَ الْعَزِيْزِ الرَّحِيْمِ " لتُنبذرَ قَوْمًا مَّآ أُنْذِرَ إِنَّا أُهُمْ فَهُمْ غفكةن لَقَدْ حَقَّ الْقَوْلُ عَلَى آَكْثَرِهِمْ فَهُ لَا يُؤْمِنُهُ نَ إِنَّا جَعَلْنَا فِيَّ اعْنَاقِهِمْ اَغْلَلًا فَهِيَ إِلَى الْكَذْقَانِ فَهُمْرِ مُّقْمَحُوْنَ () وَ جَعَلْنَا مِنْ بَيْنِ أَيْدِيْهِمْ سَدًّا وَّحِنْ خَلْفِهِمْ سَدًّا فَاَغْشَيْنُهُمْ فَهُمْ لَا يُبْصِرُ وْنَ. وَ سَوَاءً عَلَيْهِمْ ؟ ٱنْذَدْتَهُمْ آمْرَلَهْ تُنْذِرْ هُمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ ( إِنَّهَا تُنْذِدُ مَنِ اتَّبَعَ الذَّخُرَ وَخَشِيَ

<sup>‡</sup>O Perfect Leader!

\*9. We have put round their necks, **collars reaching** to the chins, so that their heads are forced up.

ين ۱۸

وتقارزه

would follow the Reminder and fear the Gracious *God* in secret. So give him the glad tidings of forgiveness and a noble reward.

13. Surely, We *alone* give life to the dead, and We record that which they send forward and that which they leave behind; and all things have We recorded in a clear Book.

# R. 2.

14. And set forth to them the parable of a people of the town, when the Messengers came to it.

15. When We sent to them two Messengers, and they rejected them both; so We strengthened *them* by a third, and they said, 'Verily we have been sent to you as Messengers.'

16. They replied, 'You are but men like us and the Gracious *God* has not revealed anything. You only lie.'

17. They said, 'Our Lord knows that we are indeed *His* Messengers to you;

18. 'And on us lies only the plain delivery of the Message.'

19. They said, 'Surely we augur evil fortune from you; if you desist not, we will certainly stone you, and a painful punishment will surely befall you at our hands.'

20. They replied, 'Your evil fortune is with your own selves. Is it

الرَّحْمٰنَ بِالْغَيْبِ ۽ فَبَشِّرْهُ بِمَغْفِرَةٍ وَّ ٱجْرِكْرِيْمِ اِنَّا نَحْنُ نُحْي الْمَوْتْ وَ نَكْتُ مَا قَدَّ مُوْا وَ إِثَارَهُ مِرْ ﴿ وَكُلُّ شَيْءٍ ٱحْصَيْنَهُ فِنْ إِمَامٍ مُّبِيْتٍ ٢ وَاضْرِبْ لَهُمْ مَّثَلًا أَصْحُبَ الْقَرْيَةِ م اذْ حَاءَهَا الْمُرْسَلُونَ شَ ٳۮٛٵۯڛڶڹؘۜٳڶؽۿۄؙٳؿٛڹؽڹۏؘڲۮۜٞؠؙۉۿػٳ فَحَزَّ ذَنَا بِثَالِثٍ فَقَالُوًا إِنَّا إِلَيْكُمْ مر سَدُن الله قَالُوْا مَا آنْتُمْ إِلَّا بَشَرٌ مَّثْلُنَا " وَمَا ٱنْزَلَ الرَّحْمٰنُ مِنْ شَيْءٍ اإِنْ ٱنْتُمْر الا تَكْنُبُوْنَ قَالُوْا رَبُّنَا يَعْلَمُ إِنَّآ إِلَيْكُ كَمُرْ سَلُوْنَ @ وَمَاعَلَيْنَآ إِلَّا الْبَلْعُ الْمُبِيْنُ قَالُوْا إِنَّا تَطَيَّرُنَا بِحُمْ ، لَكِنْ لَّمْ كنتهوا لنزجمتك فرز ليمستكم مَّنَّاعَذَاتُ ٱللَّمُ (

قَالُوْا طَأْئِرُكُمْ مَّعَكُمْ ، أَئِنْ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ \circ \ (41)$  (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

because you have been admonished? Nay, you are a people transgressing all bounds.'

21. And from the farthest part of the town there came a man running. He said, 'O my people, follow the Messengers,

22. 'Follow those who ask of you no reward, and who are rightly guided.

23. 'And what reason have I that I should not worship Him Who has created me, and unto Whom you will be brought back?

24. 'Shall I take others beside Him as gods? If the Gracious *God* should intend me any harm, their intercession will avail me naught, nor can they rescue me.

25. 'In that case I should indeed be in manifest error.

26. 'I believe in your Lord; so listen to me.'

27. It was said *to him*, 'Enter Paradise.' He said, 'O, would that my people knew,

28. 'How *graciously* my Lord has granted me forgiveness and has made me of the honoured ones!'

29. And We sent not down against his people, after him, any host from heaven, nor did We need to send down *any*.

30. It was but a single blast and lo!

 ذُكِّرْ تُمْ « بَلْ ٱنْتُمْ قَوْمَ شَسْرِفُوْنَ · ·

حَاءَ مِنْ أَقْصَا الْمَدْنَيَةِ رَجُلٌ يَسْلح قَالَ لِقَوْمِ اتَّبِعُوا الْمُوْسَلِيْنَ أَ اتَّبعُوْا مَنْ لَا يَسْئَلُكُمْ أَجْرًا وَّ هُمْ مُفتكدُوْن **وَمَالِي** لَآ اَعْبُدُ الَّذِي فَطَرَيْ الْجَ وَالَئِهِ تُرْجَعُهْنَ ٢ ءَ ٱتَّخِذُ مِنْ دُوْنِهَ البهة إنْ تُرِدْنِ الرَّحْمٰنُ بِضُرّ لَا تُغْنٍ عَبِّى شَفَاعَتُهُمْ شَيْئًا وَلَا يُنْقِذُوْنِ شَ ٳڹٚؽٙٳڋؘٳڷٙۼؽۣۻؘڶڸؗؗؗؗٞٞؠؽڹؚ۞ ٳڹۣٚؽؖٳؗڡڹٛؾؙڔڗؚۑٞڴۿڔڡؘٵۺڡػۉڹ۞ قِيْلَ ادْخُلِ الْجَنَّةَ ﴿ قَالَ لِلَيْتَ قَوْمِ يَعْلَمُوْنَ بِمَا غَفَرَ لِفٍ رَبِّبٍ وَ جَعَلَنِيْ مِنَ الْمُكْرَمِنْنَ 🔊 وَ مَآ ٱنْزَلْنَا عَلْى قَوْمِهِ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ مِنْ جُنْدِ مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ وَمَا كُنَّا مُنْزِلِيْنَ اِنْ كَانَتْ إِلَّا صَيْحَةً وَّاحِدَةً فَإِذَا هُمْ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (\delta = details of transliteration on page 'p').$ 

they were extinct.

\*31. Alas for *My* servants! there comes not a Messenger to them but they mock at him.

32. Have they not seen how many generations We have destroyed before them, *and* that they never return to them?

33. And all of them, gathered together, will certainly be brought before Us.

### R. 3.

34. And the dead earth is a Sign for them: We quicken it and bring forth therefrom grain, of which they eat.

35. And We have placed in it gardens of date-palms and grapes, and We have caused springs to gush forth therein,

36.That they may eat of the fruit thereof, and it was not their hands that made them. Will they not then be grateful?

37. Holy is He Who created all things in pairs, of what the earth grows, and of themselves, and of what they know not.

\*38. And a Sign for them is the night from which We strip off the day, and lo! they are in darkness.

\*39. And the sun is moving on the

امدُوْنَ. لِحَسْرَةً عَلَى الْعِبَادِ ، مَا يآتيهم مِّن ڗۜٛڛٛۉڶٳڵ<u>ؖ</u>ٳؘؘۜۜڲٵٮؙۉٵڹ؋ؾۺؾۿڔ۬ٷؾ۞ ألَدْ تَكَوْرَكُمْ أَهْآَكُذَا الْقُرُوْنِ ٱنْلَهُمْ إِلَيْهِمْ لَا يَرْجِعُوْنَ 🖑 كأند 2 ۔ بع مُحْضَرُوْنَ ٢ وَ أَيَةً لَّهُمُ الْأَدْضُ الْحَدْ وَ أَخْرَحْنَا مِنْهَا حَتًّا فَمِنْهُ كَأْكُلُوْنَ ? قر • وَجَعَلْنَا فِيْهَا جَنَّتِ وَّ اَعْنَابٍ وَّ فَجَّرْنَا فِيْهَا مِنَ الْعُيُوْ لِيَاكُلُوْا مِنْ ثَمَرِةِ " وَمَا عَمِلَتُهُ ٱؽدؽهم؞**ٱفَلَا يَشْڪُرُوْن**™ حٰنَ الَّذِي خَلَقَ الْأَذْوَاجَ كُلُّهَا مِمَّا تُنْبِتُ الْأَرْضُ وَ مِنْ وَمِمَّا لَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ نَشلَخُ منْهُ ا فَاذَا هُمْ مُظْلِمُوْنَ و الشَّ

<sup>\*31.</sup> Alas for mankind! there comes not a Messenger to them but they mock at him.

<sup>\* 38.</sup> And a Sign for them is the night from which We **draw forth the day**, and lo! they are in darkness.

<sup>\* 39.</sup> And the sun is moving on the course prescribed for it. That is the decree of the Almighty, the All-Knowing God.

course *prescribed* for it. That is the decree of the Almighty, the All-Knowing *God*.

40. And for the moon We have appointed stages, till it becomes again like an old dry branch of a palm-tree.

41. It is not for the sun to overtake the moon, nor can the night outstrip the day. All of them float in an orbit.

42. And a Sign for them is that We carry their offspring in the laden ship,

\*43. And We have created for them the like thereof whereon they ride.44. And if We *so* willed, We could drown them; then they would have no one to succour them, nor would they be rescued,

45. Except through mercy from Us and as a provision for a time.

46. And when it is said to them, 'Guard yourselves against that which is before you and that which is behind you, in order that you may receive mercy,' *they turn away*.
47. And there comes not to them any Sign out of the Signs of their Lord, but they turn away from it.

48. And when it is said to them, 'Spend out of that with which Allāh has provided you,' those who ذٰلِكَ تَقْدِيرُ الْعَزِيْزِ الْعَلِيْمِ ٢

وَ الْقَمَرَ قَدَّرْنَهُ مَنَازِلَ حَتَّى عَادَ كَالْعُرْجُوْتِ الْقَرِيْمِ ۞ لا الشَّمْسُ يَنْبَغِيْ لَهَا آنُ تُدْرِكَ الْقَمَرَ وَلَا الَّيْلُ سَابِقُ النَّهَارِ وَكُلَّ فِيْ فَلَكٍ يَسْبَحُوْنَ۞ وَ أَيَةً لَّهُمْ آنَّا حَمَلْنَا ذُرِّيَّتَهُمْ فِي الْفُلْكِ الْمَشْحُوْنِ۞

وَ خَلَقْنَا لَهُمْ مِّنْ مِّثْلِهِ مَايَرْ كَبُوْنَ ﴿ وَ اِنْ تَشَا نُغْرِقُهُمْ فَلَا صَرِيْخَ لَهُمْ وَلَاهُمْ يُنْقَذُوْنَ أُ

- اِلَّا رَحْمَةً مِّنَّا وَ مَتَاعًا الل حِيْنِ® وَاِذَاقِيْلَ لَهُمُ اتَّقُوْا مَا بَيْنَ ٱيْدِيْكُمْ وَمَا خَلْفَكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُرْحَمُوْنَ®
- ۘۅؘۜڡٵؾؙٲؾؚؽڥؚۿڔڡؚؚۜڽٛٵؾ؋ٟڡؚۧڽٛٵڸؾؚػؾؚؚڥۿڔ ٳڷۜاڪٵڹؙۉٵۘڠڹٛۿٵؗؗؗڡڠڔۻۣؽؚؾ۞

وَ اِذَا قِيْلَ لَهُمْ ٱنْفِقُوْا مِمَّا رَزَقَكُمُ اللهُ " قَالَ الَّـزِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا لِلَّذِيْنَ

\*43. And We will create for them the like thereof on which they will ride.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ r \ | \ h \ r \ | \ kh \ r' \ | \ dh \ s \ s \ s \ for a single for a sin$ 

disbelieve say to those who believe, 'Shall we feed him whom Allāh would have fed, if He had *so* willed? You are but in manifest error.'

49. And they say, 'When will this promise be *fulfilled*, if *indeed* you are truthful?'

50. They are waiting only for a single blast which will seize them while they are disputing.

51. And they will not be able to make a will, nor will they return to their families.

### R. 4.

52. And the trumpet shall be blown, and lo! from the graves they will hasten on to their Lord.

53. They will say, 'O! woe to us! who has raised us up from our place of sleep? This is what the Gracious *God* had promised, and the Messengers spoke the truth.'

54. It will be but one blast and lo! they will all be brought before Us.

55. And on that day, no soul will be wronged in aught; nor will you be rewarded but for what you used to do.

\*56. Verily the inmates of Heaven will, on that day, be happy in *their* 

\_\_\_\_ اَمَنُوْٓا ٱنُطْعِمُ مَنْ لَّوْ يَشَاءُ اللهُ أَطْعَمَهُ \* إِنْ أَنْتُمْ إِلَّا فِي مُبِيْنِ@ وَ يَقُوْلُوْنَ مَتَّى هٰذَا الْوَعْدُ إِنْ كُنْتُ صرقيْنَ 🔊 مَا يَنْظُرُوْنَ الَّا صَبْحَةً وَّاحِدَةً تَأْخُذُهُمْ وَهُمْ يَخصِّمُوْنَ. فَكَهُ مَسْتَطِيْعُوْنَ تَوْصِيَةً وَّ لَآَ الْحَ ي م ٱۿڵؚۿؗؗۿڔؙؽۯڿڠۉۘؽ۞ وَ نُفخَ فِ الصَّوْرِ فَإِذَا هُمْ مِّن الكجداث إلى رَبِّهِم يَنْسِلُوْن @ قَالُوْا لَوَيْلَنَّا مَرِثْ يَعَثَنَا مَرْقَدِنًا ج هٰذَا مَا وَعَدَ الرَّحْمِنُ وَصَدَقَ الْمُرْسَلُوْنَ، انْ كَانَتْ إِلَّا صَيْحَةً وَّاحِدَةً فَإِذَا هُمْ جَمِنْعُ لَّدَنْنَا مُحْضَرُ وْنَ، فَالْكَوْمَ لَا تُظْلَمُ نَفْسً الششقا وكلا تُجْذَوْنَ اللَّهُ مَاكُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُوْنَ اللَّهِ انَّ أَصْحْتَ الْجَنَّة الْبَوْمَ فِي شُ

\*56. Verily, the inhabitants of Heaven, on that day, will be happily employed in several occupations.

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ r & | \ h \ r & | \ kh \ r & | \ dh \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s &$ 

occupation.

57. They and their wives will be in pleasant shades, reclining on raised couches.

58. They will have fruits therein, and they will have whatever they call for.

59. 'Peace on you'—a word of greeting from the Merciful Lord.

60. And *God will say*, 'Separate yourselves *from the righteous* this day, O ye guilty ones!

61. 'Did I not enjoin on you, O ye sons of Adam, that you worship not Satan—for he is to you an open enemy—

62. 'And that you worship Me? This is the right path.

63. 'And he did lead astray a great multitude of you. Why did you not then understand?

64. 'This is the Hell which you were promised.

65. 'Enter it this day, because you disbelieved.'

66. This day We shall put a seal on their mouths, and their hands will speak to Us, and their feet will bear witness to what they had earned.

ف كمُوْنَ الله هُمْرُوَا زُوَاجُهُمْ فِيْ ظِلْلِ عَلَى الْآ زَائِكِ مُتَّكُوُنَ لَهُمْ فَدْهَا فَاحَهَةً وَّ لَهُمْ مَّا بَرَّعُوْنَ أَهَ سَلْمَ ، قَوْلَا مِّنْ رَّبّ رَّحِيْمٍ ( وَ امْتَازُوا الْيَوْمَرَ أَيُّهَا الْمُجْرِمُوْنَ ٠ اَ لَمْ اَعْهَدُ اِلْتُكُمْ لِمَتِي الْحَمَ اَنَ <del>لَا</del> تَعْبُدُوا الشَّيْطِنَ ، إِنَّهُ لَكُمْ عَدُوًّ مّبيْنُ 🖑 وَّ أَنِ اعْبُدُوْنِنَ ، هٰذَا صِرَاطُ مُسْتَقِيْمُ ٣ وَ لَقَدْ أَضَلَّ مِنْكُمْ جِبِلًّا كَثِيْرًا ﴿ ٱفَلَمْ تَكُوْنُوْا تَعْقِلُوْنَ· · هٰذِه جَهَنَّمُ الَّتِيْ كُنْتُمْ تُوْعَدُوْنَ · إصكوها الْيَوْمَربِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَكْفُرُوْنَ الْ ٱلْيَوْمَ نَخْتِمُ عَلَى ٱفْوَاهِهِمْ وَ تُكَلِّمُنَّآ ٱؽدِيهم و**تَشْهَدُ آ** (جُلُهُم بِمَا كَانُوْا ىڭسبۇن 🕾

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ (46)$  (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

É

67. And if We had so willed. We could have put out their eyes, then they would have rushed to *find* the way. But how could they see?

68. And if We had so willed. We could have transformed them so as to transfix them in their places, then they would not be able to move forward or turn back

### R.5.

- \*69. And him whom We grant long life-We revert him to a weak condition of creation. Will they not then understand?
- \*70. And We have not taught him poetry, nor does that suit it (the Our'an). It is but a Reminder and a Our'an that makes things plain,
- \*71. So that it may warn all who live, and that the word of punishment be justified against the disbelievers.

72. Do they not see that, among the things which Our hands have fashioned. We have created for them cattle of which they are masters?

73. And We have subjected the same to them, so that some of them they use for riding and some others they eat.

74. And in them they have other

وَلَهُ نَشَاءُ لَطَمَسْنَا عَلَى أَعْبُنِهِمْ فَاسْتَبَقُوا الصِّرَاطَ فَأَنَّى يُبْصِرُوْنَ؟ وَلَوْ نَشَاءُ لَمَسَخْنُهُمْ عَلَى مَكَانَتِهِمْ فَمَا اسْتَطَاعُوْا مُضِيًّا وَّ لَا يَرْجِعُوْنَ شَ

وَ مَنْ نَّعَمِّرُهُ نُنَكِّسْهُ فِ الْخَلْقِ، آفَرَ يَعْقِلُوْنَ (1) وَمَا عَلَّمُنْهُ الشِّعْرَ وَمَا يَنْبَغِيْ لَهُ ـ اِنْ هُوَ اِلَّا ذِكْرَ وَ قُرْانَ مُّبِيْنَ ٥ لِّهُنْذِرَ مَنْ كَانَ حَيًّا وَ يَحِقَّ الْقَوْلُ عَلَى الْكَفِرِيْنَ () آوَ لَمْ تَرَوْا آنَّ خَلَقْنَا لَهُمْ مَّمًّا عَمِلَتْ أَثَدِثُنَآ أَثْعَامًا فَهُمْ لَهَا مَالكُوْنَ ۇ ذَتَّلْنْهَا لَهُمْ فَمِنْهَا دَكُوْبُهُمْ وَ مِ ىأكُلُەن @

وَلَهُمْ فِيْهَامَنَافِحُ وَمَشَادِبُ وَأَفَلَا \*69. And him whom We grant long life, We cause him to revert to a state of senility.

\*70. And We have not taught him poetry, nor does it befit him.

ء ' ا ق p ا غ h ا ظ z ا ط t ا ف p م م ع ا ف h ا ا أ ث h ا ا ث h ا ا ا م ا م ا م ا م ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

<sup>\*71.</sup> So that it may warn all who live, and that the decree against the disbelievers may come to pass.

benefits and *also* drinks. Will they not then be grateful?

75. And they have taken *other* gods beside Allāh, that they might be helped.

\*76. They are not able to help them, but they will be brought *before God* as their *allied* host.

77. So let not their speech grieve thee. Verily We know what they conceal and what they proclaim.

78. Does not man see that We have created him from a *mere* sperm-drop? Yet lo! he is an open quarreller!

79. And he coins similitudes for Us and forgets his own creation. He says, 'Who can quicken the bones when they are decayed?'

80. Say, 'He, Who created them the first time, will quicken them; and He knows every *kind of* creation full well,

81. 'He Who produces for you fire out of the green tree, and behold, you kindle from it.

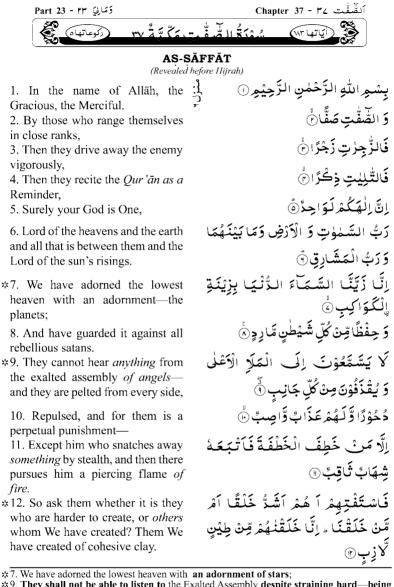
82. 'Has not He Who created the heavens and the earth the power to create the like of them?' Yea, and He is indeed the Supreme Creator, the All-Knowing.

شگ ور ج وَ اتَّخَذُوْا مِنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ أَلِهَةً لَّعَدَّ ينصرون لَا تَسْتَطِيْعُوْنَ نَصْرَهُمْ " وَ هُمْ م<sup>ع</sup>ناً تُخْضَرُون آن فَلَا يَحْزُنْكَ قَوْلُهُمْ م إِنَّا نَعْلَمُ مَا يُسِرُّوْنَ وَمَا يُعْلِنُوْنَ @ اَ وَ لَمْ مَرَ الْانْسَانُ اَتَّا خَلَقْنُهُ مِ تُطْفَةٍ فَإِذَا هُوَ خَصِيْمَ مُّبِيْنَ ۞ وَضَرَبَ لَنَا مَثَلًا وَّ نَسِيَ خَلْقَهُ ﴿ قَالَ مَنْ يُحْي الْعِظَامَرُوَ هِيَ رَمِيْمَ @ قُلْ يُحْيِيْهَا الَّذِينَ ٱنْشَاهَآ أَوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ . وَهُوَ بِكُلِّ خَلْقٍ عَلِيْمُ ٥ الَّذِي حَعَلَ لَكُمْ مِّنَ الكُخْضَر نَارًا فَاذَآ تُوْقِدُوْنَ (1) اَ وَ لَيْسَ الَّذِي خَلَقَ رْضْ بْقْدْرْ عَلَى أَنْ مثْلَهُمْ يَلْيُودَ هُوَ الْخَلْقُ الْعَلْبُ

\*76. They will not be able to help them; on the contrary, they themselves will be made to appear along with them as hosts.

وَمَالِيَ ٢٣ - Part 23	YĀ SĪN	یستی Chapter 36 - ۳۹
*83. Verily His command,		إِنَّكُمَا أَمْرُنَا إِذَا أَرَادَ شَيْئًا أَنْ
intends a thing, is <i>only</i> that He to it, 'Be!,' and it is.	at He says	لَه <b>ْ ڪُنْ فَيَ</b> كُوْنُ®
84. So Holy is He, in W	ڪَلِّ hose hand	فسُبْحٰنَ الَّذِيْ بِيَدِهِ مَلَكُوْتُ
is the kingdom of all things Him will you <i>all</i> be brough		شَيْءٍوَّ إِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُوْنَ ٢

\*83. Verily His command, when He intends a thing, is *only* that He says to it, 'Be!,' **and it** begins to be.



<sup>\*9.</sup> They shall not be able to listen to the Exalted Assembly despite straining hard—being pelted from all sides.

\*12. So ask them if what they can create is more enduring than what We have created?

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (50) \ o \ (50) \ o \ (50) \ s \$ 

13. Nay, thou dost wonder, and they ridicule.

14. And when they are admonished, they pay no heed.

15. And when they see a Sign, they seek to ridicule it.

16. And they say, 'This is nothing but plain magic.

17. 'What! when we are dead and have become dust and bones, shall we then be raised up *again*?

18. 'And our forefathers of yore *also*?'

19. Say, 'Yea; and you will *then* be abased.'

\*20. Then it will be but one shout of reproach, and behold, they will begin to see.

21. And they will say, 'Alas for us! this is the Day of Requital.

22. 'This is the Day of the *final* decision which you used to deny.'

## R. 2.

23. And it will be said to the angels, 'Assemble those who acted wrongfully, along with their companions, and what they used to worship

24. 'Beside Allāh; and lead them to the path of the Fire;

25. 'And stop them; for they must be questioned.'

26. 'What is the matter with you that you help not one another?'

\*20. Then it will be a single stern call, and behold, they will begin to see.

لي م

بَلْ عَجِبْتَ وَيَسْخُرُوْنَ ٣ وَ إِذَا ذُكِّرُوْا لَا يَذْكُرُوْنَ شَ وَاذَا رَاوْا أَبَةً تَسْتَسْخِرُوْنَ ٢ وَقَالُوْا إِنْ هٰذَا إِلَّا سِحْرُ مُّبِيْنَ أَ ءَإِذَا مِتْنَا وَكُنَّا تُرَابًا وَّ عِظَامًا ءَإِنَّا كمنعة ثون ٱد اَيَا أَنَّا الْأَوَّلُونَ شَ قُلْ نَعَمْرُوَ ٱنْتُمْ دَاخِرُوْنَ أَنَّ فَبَانَّهَا هِيَ زَجْرَةً وَّاحِدَةً فَإِذَا هُمْ ينظروي وَقَالُوْا لِوَيْلَنَا لِهٰذَا يَوْمُ الدِّيْنِ @ هٰذَا يَوْمُ الْفَصْلِ الَّذِيْ كُنْتُمْ بِه تُكَذِّ بُوْنَ 🕅 أحْشُرُوا الَّذِيْنَ ظَلَمُوْا وَ أَزْوَاجَهُمْ وَ مَاكَانُوْا تَعْبُدُوْنَ ٢

مِنْ دُوْنِ اللَّهِ فَاهْدُوْهُمْ إِلَى صِرَاطِ الْجَحِيْمِ وَقِفُوْهُمْ إِنَّهُمْ مَّسْئُوْلُوْنَ۞ْ مَا لَكُمْ لَا تَنَاصَرُوْنَ۞ وَمَالِيَ Part 23 - ۲۳

27. Nay, on that day they will surrender themselves.

28. And some of them will address the others, questioning one another.

\*29. They will say, 'Verily, you used to come to us, swearing that you were truthful.'

30. They will answer, 'Nay, you yourselves were not believers.

31. 'And we had no power over you; but you yourselves were a transgressing people.

32. 'Now the word of our Lord has been justified against us that we shall surely have to taste the punishment.

33. 'And we caused you to go astray for we ourselves had gone astray.'

34. Truly, on that day they will all be sharers in the punishment.

35. Surely, thus do We deal with the guilty:

36. For when it was said to them, 'There is no God but Allah,' they turned away with disdain,

37. And said, 'Shall we give up our gods for a mad poet?'

38. Nay, he has brought the truth and has testified to the truth of all the Messengers.

أَنَصَّفَت Chapter 37 - ٣٤ كُلْ هُمُ الْكَوْمَرُمُسْتَسْلِمُوْنَ وَاقْتِلَ يَعْضُهُمْ عَلْ تَتَسَاءَلُوْنَ@ قَالُهَا اتَّكُمْ كُنْتُمْ تَاتُهُنَهُ الْتَمِنْنِ قَالُوْا بَلْ لَّمْ تَكُوْنُوْا مُؤْ وَ مَا كَانَ لَنَا عَلَدُكُمْ مِّنْ سُ ىل كُنْتُمْ قَوْمًا طْغِيْنَ @ فَحَقٍّ عَلَيْنَا قَوْلُ رَبِّنَا 7 إِنَّا لَذَا بَقُهْنَ m فَاَغْوَيْنْكُمْ إِنَّاكُنَّا غُويْنَ @ فَاتَّهُمْ يَوْمَئِذٍ فِي مُشْتَرِ كُوْنَ@ اِنَّا كَذٰلِكَ نَفْعَلُ بِالْمُجْرِمِيْنَ، إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوْا إِذَا قِيْلَ لَهُمْ كَا إِلَٰهَ إلاً اللهُ ايَسْتَكْبِرُوْنَ أ وَ يَقُوْلُوْنَ آئِنَّا لَتَارِكُوْا أَلِهَ لِشَاعِر مَّجْنُوْن ٢ ۇ لْحَة

\*29. They will say, 'Verily, you used to come at us from the right.'

ء ' ا ق p ا غ h ا ظ z ا ط t ا ف p و و 652 ص ص s ا خ h ا ا ث h ا ا ث h ا ا ا ا ا ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

39. You shall surely taste the painful punishment.

40. And you will be rewarded only for what you have wrought—

41. Save the chosen servants of Allāh;

42. These will have a known provision;

43. Fruits; and they shall be honoured,

44. In the Gardens of Bliss,

45. *Seated* on thrones, facing one another.

46. They will be served round with a cup from a flowing fountain,

47. *Sparkling* white, delicious to the drinkers,

48. Wherein there will be no intoxication, nor will they be exhausted thereby.

49. And with them will be *chaste women*, with restrained looks *and* large beautiful eyes,

\*50. As though they were sheltered eggs.

51. Then some of them will address the others, questioning one another.

52. A speaker from among them will say, "I had a companion,

\_\_\_\_\_ إِنَّكُمْ لَذَا لِقُوا الْعَذَابِ الْآلِيْمِ أَ وَمَا تُجْزَوْنَ الَّهُ مَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُوْنَ أَ الَّا عمَادَ اللهِ الْمُخْلَصِيْنَ @ ٱولَئِكَ لَهُمْ رِزْقُ مَعْلُوْمُ شَ فَوَاكِهُ وَكُوهُمْ مُحْرَمُوْنَ أَسَ فِيْجَنّْتِ النَّعِيْمِ على سُرُدٍ مُتَقْبِلِيْنَ ٢ يُطَافُ عَلَيْهِمْ بِكَاسٍ مِّنْ مَّعِيْنُ بَيْضَاء لَذَّةٍ لِّلشّْرِبِيْنَ كَا فَنْهَا غَوْلٌ وَّكَا هُمْ عَنْهَا بُنْزَفُوْنَ؟ وَعِنْهُ هُمْ قُصِرْتُ الطَّرْفِ عِنْنَ أَسْ كَانْتُهُنَّ بَيْنُ مَّكْنُونَ ۞ فَاقْتِلَ تَعْضُهُمُ تتساءكهن قَالَ قَائِلٌ مِّنْهُمْ اِنِّيْ كَانَ لِيْ قَرِيْنَ الْ

 $a i u + | th \doteq | h \tau | kh \neq | dh \Rightarrow | s \Rightarrow 633$   $a i u + | th = | z = | \cdot r | gh \neq | q = 1$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

ن عنه 50. Note: Baidun (بَيْفَنْ) as baidatun (بَيْفَنْ) an egg of an ostrich or of any bird. When said in praise, huwa baidatul balad (بَيْفَنْ بَعَبَدُ) means: He is like an ostrich egg in which is the young bird, because the male ostrich in that case protects it; or he is unequalled in nobility, like the egg that is left alone; or he is a lord, or chief; or he is the unequalled of the balad (بيف (country or the like) to whom others resort, and whose words they accept or he is celebrated, or well-known, person. Thus baidum maknūn (بَيْنَ مَكْنَوْنَ اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْعُمُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ مُ

53. "Who used to say, 'Art thou indeed among those who believe *it* to be true?

54. 'When we are dead, and have become dust and bones, shall we indeed be requited?'"

55. He will ask, 'Will you have a look *at him*?'

56. Then he will look and see him in the midst of the Fire.

57. He will say, 'By Allāh, thou didst almost cause me to perish.

58. 'And had it not been for the favour of my Lord, I should surely have been of those who are called up *before Him.* 

59. 'Is it *not so that* we are not going to die *again*,

60. 'Save our previous death, and that we are not to be punished?

61. 'Surely this is the supreme triumph.

62. 'For the like of this, then, let the workers work.'

63. Is that better as an entertainment, or the tree of Zaqqūm?

64. Verily We have made it a trial for the wrongdoers.

65. It is a tree that springs forth in the bottom of Hell;

66. The fruit thereof is as though it were the heads of serpents.

67. And they shall eat of it and fill *their* bellies therewith.

ءَإذَا مِتْنَا وَكُنَّا تُزَابًا وَّ عِظَامًا ءَإِنَّا لَمَد نُنُوْنَ @ قَالَ هَلْ ٱنْتُمْ مُطَّلِعُوْنَ فَاطَّلَحَ فَرَاهُ فِي سَوَاءِ الْجَحِيْمِ ( قَالَ تَاللَّهِ إِنْ كِدْتَّ لَتُرْدِيْنِ اللَّهِ وَ لَوْ لَا نِعْمَةُ رَبِّبْ لَكُنْتُ مِنَ الْمُحْضَرِيْنَ@ ٱڣؘٙؖٵڹؘڂڽؙؠؚڡؾؚؾؚؽ؈ؗ اللا مَوْتَتَنَا الْأُوْلِ وَ مَا نَحْرِ جُ بمُعَذَّبِيْنَ 🕞 اتَ هٰذَا لَهُوَ الْفَوْ زُالْعَظِيْمُ ( لِمِثْلِ هٰذَا فَلْيَعْمَلِ الْعُمِلُوْنَ • اَذٰلِكَ خَيْرٌ نُّزُلًا آَمْ شَجَرَةُ الزَّقُهُمِ (m) إِنَّا جَعَلْنُهَا فِتْنَةً لِّلظَّلِمِيْنَ @ إِنَّهَا شَجَرَةً تَخْرُجُ فِنَ أَصْل الْجَحثم 🖑 طَلْعُهَا كَاَنَّهُ دُءُوْسُ الشَّيْطِيْن 🐨 فَاتَّهُمْ لَأَكْلُوْنَ مِنْهَا فَمَالِتُوْنَ مِنْهَا الْمُطُوْنَ ٢

وَمَا لِيَ Part 23 - ۲۳

أَنَصَّفَت Chapter 37 - 72

68. Then will they have in addition to it a mixture of boiling water *as a drink*.

69. Then surely their return shall be to Hell.

70. They indeed found their fathers erring,

71. And they hurried on in their footsteps.

72. And most of the ancient peoples had erred before them,

73. And We had sent Warners among them.

74. Behold, then, how *evil* was the end of those who were warned,

75. Save the chosen servants of  $\xi_{r}$  Allāh.

### R. 3.

76. And Noah indeed did cry unto Us, and what an excellent answer did We give *to his prayer*!

77. And We saved him and his family from the great distress;

78. And We made his offspring the only survivors.

79. And We left for him *a good name* among the following generations—

\*80. 'Peace be upon Noah among the peoples!'

81. Thus indeed do We reward those who do good.

82. He was surely *one* of Our believing servants.

شَمَّر اِنَّ لَهُمْ عَلَيْهَا لَشَوْبًا مِّنْ حَمِيْمِ شَ شُمَّر اِنَّ مَرْجِعَهُمْ لَا اِلَى الْجَحِيْمِ ٣ اِنَّهُمْ اَلْفَوْا اَبَآءَهُمْ ضَالِّيْنَ شُ فَهُمْ عَلَى الْثرِهِمْ يُهْرَعُوْنَ ٥ وَ لَقَدْ مَلَ قَبْلَهُمْ اَكْثَرُ الْاَ وَلِيْنَ شُ وَ لَقَدْ اَرْسَلْنَا فِيْهِمْ مُنْذِرِيْنَ ٣ اِلَّا عِبَادَ اللَّهِ الْمُخْلَصِيْنَ شُ

وَ لَقَدْ نَادِنَا نُوْحَ فَلَنِعْمَ الْمُجِيْبُوْنَ فَى وَ نَجَّيْنُهُ وَ آهْلَهُ مِنَ الْكَرْبِ الْمَظِيْمِ فَى وَ تَرَكْنَا عَلَيْهِ فِي الْاخِرِيْنَ فَى

سَلْمَ عَلْى نُوْحٍ فِي الْعُلَمِيْنَ۞ إِنَّا كَذٰلِكَ نَجْزِى الْمُحْسِنِيْنَ۞ إِنَّهُ مِنْ عِبَادِنَا الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ۞

#80. 'Peace be upon Noah among people of the worlds.'

83. Then We drowned the others.

84. And verily of his party was Abraham;

\*85. When he came to his Lord with a sound heart;

86. When he said to his father and to his people, 'What is it that you worship?

\*87. 'Do you falsely seek gods beside Allāh?

88. 'So what is your idea about the Lord of the worlds?'

89. Then he cast a glance at the stars,

90. And said, 'I am indeed *feeling* unwell.'

91. So they went away from him turning their backs.

92. Then he went secretly to their gods and said, 'Will you not eat?

93. 'What is the matter with you that you speak not?'

94. Then he began suddenly to strike them with the right hand.

95. Thereupon *the people* came towards him hastening.

96. He said, 'Do you worship that which you have *yourselves* carved out,

97. 'Whereas Allāh has created you and your handiwork?'

98. They said, 'Build for him a structure and cast him into the fire.'

99. Thus they intended an evil

شَمَّدَ ٱغْرَقْنَا الْأَخَرِيْنَ ۞ وَرَاتَ مِنْ شِيْعَتِهِ كَلِ بُرْهِيْمَ ۞ اِذْ جَاءَ رَبَّهْ بِقَلْبٍ سَلِيْمٍ ۞ اِذْ قَالَ لِآبِيْهِ وَ قَوْمِهِ مَاذَا تَعْبُدُوْنَ ۞

ائفْ ڪَالِهةَ دُوْنَ اللّٰهِ تُرِيدُوْنَ ٥ فَمَا ظَنَّ حُمْ بِرَبِّ الْعَلَمِيْنَ ٥ فَنَظَرَ نَظْرَةً فِي النَّجُوْمِ ٥ فَقَالَ إِنِّي سَقِيمً ٠ فَتَوَلَّوْا عَنْهُ مُدْبِرِيْنَ ٥ فَرَاغَ إِلَى الِهَ تِهِمْ فَقَالَ الَا تَا حُلُوْنَ ٠ مَا لَكُمْ كَا تَنْطِقُوْنَ ٩ فَرَاغَ عَلَيْهِمْ ضَرَبًا بِالْيَمِيْنِ ٩ فَاقْبَلُوْا الَيْهِ يَنِفُوْنَ ٥ قَالَ ا تَعْبُدُوْنَ مَا تَنْحَتُوْنَ ٥

وَ اللهُ خَلَقَكُمْ وَ مَا تَعْمَلُوْنَ تَالُوا ابْنُوْا لَهُ بُنْيَانًا فَالْقُوْهُ فِىالْجَحِيْمِ @

فَأَرَادُوْا بِه كَيْدًا فَجَعَلْنَهُمُ

\*85. When he came to his Lord with a submissive heart. \*87. Do you seek lies as gods instead of Allāh?

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau | \ h \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{s} | \ \sigma \ \delta_{55} \ \sigma \ \delta_{55} \ \phi \ \delta_{55} \ \phi \ \delta_{55} \ \phi \ \delta_{55} \ \delta_{55} \ \delta_{5} \$ 

design against him, but We made them most humiliated.

100. And he said, 'I am going to my Lord, Who will guide me.

101. 'My Lord, grant me a righteous *son*.'

102.So We gave him the glad tidings of a forbearing son.

103. And when he was old enough to work with him, he said, 'O my dear son, I have seen in a dream that I am slaughtering thee. So consider, what thou thinkest *of it*!' He replied, 'O my father, do as thou art commanded; thou wilt find me, if Allāh please, of those who are patient.'

\*104. And when they both submitted to the Will of God, and he had thrown him down on his forehead, 105. We called to him: 'O Abraham,

106. 'Thou hast indeed fulfilled the dream.' Thus indeed do We reward those who do good.

107. That surely was a manifest trial.

108. And We ransomed him with a great sacrifice.

109. And We left for him *a good name* among the following generations—

110. 'Peace be upon Abraham!'

111. Thus do We reward those who do good.

الاَسْفَلِيْنَ ۞ وَقَالَ إِنِّيْ ذَاهِبَ إِلَى رَبِّيْ سَيَهُ دَيْنِ رَبِّ هَبْ لِيْ مِنَ الصَّلِحِيْنَ ۞ فَبَشَّرْنُهُ بِغُلَمٍ حَلِيْمٍ ۞ فَلَمَّا بَلَخَ مَعَهُ السَّحْيَ قَالَ يُبُنَيَ فَانْظُرُ مَاذَا تَرَى • قَالَ آيَا بَتِ افْعَلُ مَاتُؤْمَرُ دَسَتَجِدُنِيْ إِنْ شَاءَ اللهُ مِنَ الصِّبِرِيْنَ۞

وَنَادَيْنُهُ اَنْ يَّبَابُرْهِيْمُ فَ قَدْ صَدَّقْتَ الرُّءَيَا ۽ اِتَّا ڪَذٰلِكَ نَجْزِى الْمُحْسِنِيْتَ اِنَّ هٰذَا لَهُوَ الْبَلَوُّا الْمُبِيْنُ ٤ وَ فَدَيْنُهُ بِزِبْحٍ عَظِيْمٍ ٤ وَتَرَكْنَا عَلَيْهِ فِي الْأَخِرِيْنَ ٥

سَلْمَ عَلَى اِبْلَاهِيْمَ اللَّمَ عَلَى اِبْلَهِ فِيْمَ المُحُسِنِيْنَ

\*104. And when they both submitted to the Will of God and he laid him on the ground face down,

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ (57) \ o \ (57) \ o \ (57) \ s \ (57$ 

وَمَالِيَ Part 23 - ۲۳

وع

112. Surely, he was *one* of Our believing servants.

113. And We gave him the glad tidings of Isaac, a Prophet, *and one* of the righteous.

\*114. And We bestowed blessings on him and Isaac. And among their progeny are *some* who do good and others who clearly wrong themselves.

R. 4.

115. And, indeed, We bestowed favours on Moses and Aaron.

116. And We saved them both and their people from the great distress;

117. And We helped them, and it was they who were victorious.

\*118. And We gave them the Book that made *things* clear;

119. And We guided them to the right path.

120. And We left for them *a good name* among the following generations—

انَّهُ مِنْ عِمَادِنَا الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ١ وَ يَشْرُنْهُ بِإِسْحُوَ وَلا كُنّا عَلَيْهِ وَعَلَى إِسْحُقَ \* ذَرَّيَّتِهِمَا مُحْسِنٌ وَّ ظَ مُبِيْنُ وَلَقَدْ مَنَنَّ عَلَى مُوْسَى وَ هُرُوْنَ أَ وَ نَجَّيْنُهُمَا وَ قَوْمَهُمَا مِنَ الْكَرْبِ الْحَظْمُ ٢ وأنصد فلكمة فكانفا هم وَ أَتَنْنَهُمَا الْكِتْبَ وَهَدَيْنُهُمَا الصَّرَاطَ الْمُسْتَقِيْمَ شُ وَتَرَكْنَا عَلَيْهِمَا فِي الْأَخِرِيْنَ أَ

\*114. And We bestowed blessings on him and Isaac. And from among the progeny of both there is many a doer of good and many a one who is manifestly cruel to himself.

Note: The word  $z\bar{a}lim$  ( $z\bar{a}|u\bar{u}$ ) (cruel) or zulm ( $z\bar{a}|u\bar{u}$ ) is not always used as condemnation without exception in the Holy Qur'ān. When used in this sense it covers all eategories of deviation from the right path. Yet, there are some exceptions where it is used to signify praiseworthiness.

In 35:33 (Fāțir), it is evident that God has included amongst His chosen servants, such people as are *zālimul linafsihī* (تَنْزِيرْ نَتْفَرِيبَ) who treat themselves cruelly as they strive in the path of Allāh. In the same category those belonging to the comparatively higher order are mentioned as *muqtaşid* (مَعْتَمِينَ) and *sābiq bilkhairāt* (مَعْتَمِينَ). (Fāțir Ch:35 Verse 33)

Similarly, to bring oneself to do good deeds requires a measure of harshness and cruelty to oneself during early stages of spiritual struggle. Those who do it for the sake of God are evidently praiseworthy, yet they are spoken of as zālimul linafsihī(غَرِيْرَيْنَنْهِهُ) (cruel to himself). \* 118. And We gave them the manifestly clear Book.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \overset{}{\sim} \ | \ h \ \overset{}{\tau} \ | \ h \ \overset{}{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \overset{}{\circ} \ | \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}}{\sim} \ \overset{}}{\sim} \ \overset{}}{\sim} \ \overset{}}{\sim} \ \overset{}}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}}{\sim} \ \overset{}}{\sim}$ 

121. 'Peace be on Moses and Aaron!'

122. Thus indeed do We reward those who do good.

123. Surely they were both among Our believing servants.

124. And assuredly Elias *also* was *one* of the Messengers,

125. When he said to his people, 'Will you not fear God?

126. 'Do you call on Ba'l, and forsake the Best of creators,

127. 'Allāh, your Lord and the Lord of your forefathers of old?'

128. But they treated him as a liar, and they will surely be brought *before God to render an account*;

129. Except the chosen servants of Allāh.

130. And We left for him *a good name* among the following generations—

131. 'Peace be on Elias *and his people*!'

132. Thus indeed do We reward those who do good.

133. Surely he was *one* of Our believing servants.

134. And assuredly Lot *too* was *one* of the Messengers,

135. When We delivered him and all his family,

136. Except an old woman *who was* among those who stayed *behind*.

137. Then We utterly destroyed the others.

سَلَّمَ عَلَى مُوْسَى وَ هُرُوْنَ ٢ اِتَّا كَذٰلِكَ نَجْزِى الْمُحْسِنِيْنَ ٣ اِتَّا كَذٰلِكَ نَجْزِى الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ٣ وَاِتَّ اِلْيَاسَ لَمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ٣ وَاِتَ الْيَاسَ لَمِنَ الْمُؤْمَنِيْنَ ٣ الْذَقَالَ لِقَوْمِ آكَا تَتَقُوْنَ ٢ الْخَالِقِيْنَ جُعَلًا وَ تَذَدُوْنَ آحَسَنَ اللّٰهَ رَبَّكُمْ وَ رَبَّ أَبَّا يُكُمُ الْاَوَّلِيْنَ ٢ فَكَذَّبُوْهُ فَإِنَّهُمْ لَمُحْضَرُوْنَ ٣

> اِلَّا عِبَادَ اللهِ الْمُخْلَصِيْنَ؟ وَتَرَكْنَا عَلَيْهِ فِي الْإِخْرِيْنَ الْ

سَلَمَّ عَلَى اِلْ يَاسِيْنَ ۞ اِنَّا كَذٰلِكَ نَجْزِى الْمُحْسِنِيْنَ ۞ اِنَّهُ مِنْ عِبَادِنَا الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ۞ وَاِنَّ لُوْطًالَّمِنَ الْمُرْسَلِيْنَ۞ اِذْنَجَيْنُهُ وَ اَهْلَهَ اَجْمَعِيْنَ۞

ثُمَّر دَمَّرْنَ الْأَخَرِيْنَ ٢

وَمَالِيَ Part 23 - ۲۳

138. And surely you pass by them in the morning,

139. And by night. Then why do you not understand? R. 5.

140. And surely Jonah *also* was *one* of the Messengers,

141. When he fled to the laden ship;

\*142. And he cast lots with the crew of the ship and was of the losers.

143. And the fish swallowed him while he was blaming *himself*.

144. And had he not been of those who glorify *God*,

145. He would have surely tarried in its belly till the Day of Resurrection.

146. Then We cast him on a bare tract of land, and he was sick;

147. And We caused a plant of gourd to grow over him.

148. And We sent him as a *Messenger* to a hundred thousand *people* or more,

149. And they believed; so We gave them provision for a while.

150. Now ask them whether thy Lord has daughters whereas they have sons.

151. Did We create the angels females while they were witnesses?

\*152. Now, surely it is one of their fabrications that they say,

وَ اِنَّكُمْ لَتَمُرُّوْنَ عَلَيْهِمْ وَ اِنَّكُمْ لَتَمُرُّوْنَ عَلَيْهِمْ وَبِالَّيْلِ الْفَلَا تَعْقِلُوْنَ أَوَاتَ يُوْنُسَلَمِنَ الْمُرْسَلِيْنَ اِذْ آبَقَ اِلَى الْفُلْكِ الْمَشْحُوْنِ فَالْتَقَمَهُ الْحُوْتُ وَهُوَ مُلِيْمُ فَلُو لَا آنَّهُ كَانَ مِنَ الْمُسَبِّحِيْنَ أَنَّ لَلَبِكَ فِي بَطْنِهَ إِلَى يَوْمِ يُبْعَثُوْنَ أَنَّ

ڣؘڹۜڹۮٛڹؙۿۑؚٳڷۼڗۜٳءؚۘۊۿۅؘڛۊؚؽ۪ۂ ۞ٝ ۅؘٱڹٛڹؿڹٵۼڶؽۅۺٙڿٙڗڐڝؚٞڽٛؾۛڨڟۣؽڽٟؗ۞۫ ۅؘٱۯڛڵڹ۠ۿٳڶىڝٵؘؾۊؚٙٳڷڣٟٲۅٛؾڒؚؽۮ۠ۅٛؾ۞

فَامَنُوْا فَمَتَعْنَهُمُ إِلَى حِيْنِ ﴾ فَاسْتَفْتِهِمْ آلِرَبِّكَ الْبَنَاتُ وَلَهُمُ الْبَنُوْنَ ﴾ آمَر خَلَقْنَ الْمَلَيِّكَةَ إِنَاثًا وَّ هُمْ شَاهِدُوْنَ ۞

\* 142. And he drew lots at the bidding of his shipmates and was of the losers.\* 152. Beware, verily it is of their fabrication when they say,

153. 'Allāh has begotten children;' and they are certainly liars.

154. Has He chosen daughters in preference to sons?

155. What is the matter with you? How judge ve?

156. Will you not then reflect?

157. Or have you a clear authority?

158. Then produce your Book, if you are truthful.

\*159. And they assert a blood relationship between Him and the Jinn while the Jinn themselves know that they will be brought before God for judgment.

160. Holy is Allah and free from what they attribute to Him.

161. But the chosen servants of Allāh do not do so.

162. Verily, you and what you worship-

163. None of you can mislead anyone against Him,

164. Except him who shall burn in Hell.

165. And the angels say: 'And there is not one of us but has an appointed station.

166. 'And, verily, we are those who stand ranged in ranks.

167. 'And we are verily those who glorify God.'

168. And surely they used to say,

وَلَدَ اللهُ اوَ إِنَّهُمْ لَكُذِبُونَ ٢ ٱصْطَغَى الْبَنَاتِ عَلَى الْبَنِيْنَ أَ مَالَكُمْ مَاكَمُونَ ٥ ٱفَارْتَنَكُونَ أَنَّ ٱمْرَكَحُمْ سُلْطْنَ مُّبِيْنَ ٥ فَٱ تُوْا بِكِتْبِكُمْ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صِدِقِيْنَ @ وَ جَعَلُوْا بَيْنَهُ وَ بَيْنَ الْجِنَّةِ نَسَبًا ﴿ وَلَقَدْ عَلِمَتِ الْجِنَّةُ إِنَّهُمْ لَمُحْضَرُ وْنَ أَشْ سُبْحْنَ اللهِ عَمَّا يَصِفُوْنَ شّ إلاً عِنادَ الله الْمُخْلَصِيْنَ ( فَا يَحْمَدُ وَمَا تَعْبُدُوْنَ أَسَ مَآ ٱنْتُمْ عَلَيْهِ بِفَاتِنِيْنَ أَ إِلَّا مَنْ هُوَ صَالِ الْجَحِيْمِ @ وَ مَا مِنَّآ الَّا لَهُ مَقَامً مَّعْلُوْمُ شَ

وَّ إِنَّا لَنَحْنُ الصَّا فُوْنَ شَ وَ إِنَّا لَنَحْنُ الْمُسَبِّحُوْنَ @ وَإِنْ كَانُوْالْبَعَقُوْلُوْنَ 🖑

\*159. And they assert a blood relationship between Him and the Jinn, while the Jinn know full well that they too will be summoned to His presence.

ء : ا ق p ا غ h ت ا ظ z ا ظ t ا ف ب ( 661 ع ) ع ع s ا ف h ت ا h ت ا h ت ا h ت ا h ت ا h ت ا h ت ا h ت ا h ت ا h (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

وَمَالِيَ Part 23 - ٢٣

169. 'If we had with us a Book *like that* of the people of old,

170. 'We would surely have been Allāh's chosen servants.'

171. Yet *when it is come to them* they disbelieve therein, but they will soon come to know.

172. And surely Our word has gone forth respecting Our servants, the Messengers,

173. That it is certainly they who would be helped;

174. And that it is Our host that would certainly be victorious.

175. So turn thou away from them for a while.

176. And watch them, for they will soon see.

177. Is it then Our punishment that they seek to hasten on?

178. But when it descends into their courtyard, it shall be an evil morning to those who were warned.

179. So turn thou away from them for a while.

180. And watch, for they will soon see.

181. Holy is thy Lord, the Lord of Honour *and Power*, far above that which they assert.

182. And peace be upon the Messengers!

183. And all praise belongs to  $\xi$ .

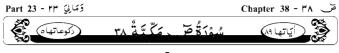
ڮؘۅٛٵؾۜۛۜۛۼؚؽٛػٵڿؚؗۛٛۘڴۯٵڡؚؚؚۜؾٵٛڵٲۊۜڸؽؿؖؖ ٞڷڝؙؙڹۜٵۼؚ؉ٵڎٵٮؾ۠ۊٵڷڡؙڂ۠ڷڝؚؽؾ۞ ڡ۬ػڣؘۯۉٵڽؚ؋ڡؘؘۺۉڡ۬ؾۼٮۧڡؙۄٛؾ۞

ۘۊ لَقَدْ سَبَقَتْ كَلِمَتُنَا لِعِبَادِنَا الْمُرْسَلِيْنَ۞ الَّهُمْ لَهُمُ الْمَنْصُوْدُوْنَ۞ وَإِنَّ جُنْدَنَا لَهُ مُ الْغُلِبُوْنَ۞

- فَتَوَلَّ عَنْهُمْ حَتَّى حِيْنٍ <sup>للل</sup>ِّ وَ ٱبْصِرْ هُمْ فَسَوْفَ يُبْصِرُ وْنَ®
- ر، بورسىرىسوت يبوررى». افبىغدابىت يشتىغچلۇن»
- الحبِعد ابِت يستعجِنون فَاذَا نَزَلَ بِسَاحَتِهِمْ فَسَاّءَ صَبَاحُ
  - الْمُنْذَرِيْنَ» وَتَوَلَّ عَنْهُمْ حَتَّى حِيْنٍ اللَّ
- وَّٱبْصِرْفَسَوْفَ يُبْصِرُوْنَ۞ سُبْحٰنَ رَبِّكَ رَبِّ الْعِزَّةِ عَمَّا يَصِفُوْنَ۞
  - ۇسَلْمَرْعَلَى الْمُرْسَلِيْنَ شَ

وَ الْحَمْدُ بِتْهِ رَبِّ الْعُلَمِيْنَ ٢

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{>} \ | \ s \ \circ \ (6c_{6c_{2}}) \ \circ \ b \ | \ z \ \dot{>} \ | \ \dot{>} \ | \ \dot{>} \ (See \ details \ of \ transliteration \ on \ page \ p').$ 



SAD (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. Ṣād.<sup>‡</sup> By the Qur'ān , full of exhortation, *it is Our revealed word*.

3. But those who disbelieve are *steeped* in *false* pride and enmity.

4. How many a generation before them have We destroyed! They cried out *for help*, but it was no longer the time for escape.

5. And they wonder that a Warner has come to them from among themselves; and the disbelievers say, 'This is a magician, a great liar.

- \*6. 'Does he make the gods to be one God? This is indeed a strange thing.'
- \*7. And the leaders among them spoke out, 'Go and stick to your gods. This is a thing designed.
- \*8. 'We have not heard of this *even* in the latest religion. This is nothing but a fabrication.

\*9. 'Has the exhortation been sent

بِسْمِراللهِ الرَّحْمٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () صَ وَالْقُرْانِ ذِي الذِّكْرِ ()

بَلِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا فِي عِزَّةٍ وَ شِقَاقٍ () كَمْ اَهْلَكْنَا مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ مِّنْ قَرْنٍ فَنَادَوْا وَ لَاتَ حِيْنَ مَنَاصٍ () وَ عَجِبُوَّا اَنْ جَاءَهُمْ مُنْذِرً مِنْهُمْ د وَ عَجِبُوَّا اَنْ جَاءَهُمْ مُنْذِرً مِنْهُمْ د وَ عَجِبُوَّا اَنْ لَهَةَ اللَّهَا وَاحِدًا ﴾ إِنَّ هٰذَا لَتَكْيَةً عُجَابً () وَ انْطَلَقَ الْمَلَا مِنْهُمْ آنِ امْشُوْا وَ انْطَلَقَ الْمَلَا مِنْهُمْ آنِ امْشُوْا مَا سَمِعْنَا بِهٰذَا فِي الْمِتَكُمْ ﴾ إِنَّ هٰذَا اِنْ هٰذَا الْالِحَةِ الْيَ الْمَتَكُمْ ﴾ إِنَّ الْمُنْوَا مَا سَمِعْنَا بِهٰذَا فِي الْمِتَكُمْ ﴾ إِنَّ هٰذَا اِنْ هٰذَا الْا حَتَلَاقُ أُنْ

Truthful God!

- \*6. 'Has he forged the gods into One God? This, verily, is the strangest thing we have heard'.
- \*7. At that, their leaders disputed *admonishing them*, 'Go hold fast to your gods. This is a thing much desired.
- \*8. 'We never heard of such a thing in any other religion.
- \*9. 'What, is he out of all of us the one to whom exhortation is sent down?'

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a & i & u & | & th & \dot{-} & | & h & \tau & | & kh & \dot{-} & | & dh & \dot{-} & \delta \\ a & i & u & | & th & \dot{-} & | & h & \tau & | & kh & \dot{-} & | & dh & \dot{-} & \delta \\ (See \ details \ of \ transliteration \ on \ page \ p). \end{array}$ 

down to him *in preference to all* of us?' Nay, they are in doubt concerning My exhortation. Nay, but they have not yet tasted My punishment.

10. Do they possess the treasures of the mercy of thy Lord, the Mighty, the Great Bestower?

11. Or is the kingdom of the heavens and the earth and all that is between them theirs? So let them ascend with the means *at their disposal*.

12. *They are* a host from among the confederates *which will be* routed here.

- \*13. Before them *too* the people of Noah, and *the tribe of* 'Ād and Pharaoh, the lord of stakes, treated *the Messengers* as liars;
- \*14. And *the tribe of* Thamūd, and the people of Lot, and the dwellers of the Wood—these were the confederates.
- \*15. There was not one *of them* but treated *their* Messengers as liars, so My punishment rightly overtook *them*.

#### R. 2.

\*16. And these only wait for a single blast, and there shall be no delaying it.

هُمْ فِيْ شَلَّ مِّنْ ذِكْرِيْ ، بَلْ لَّمَّا يَذُوْقُوْا عَذَابِ أَ
اَمْ عِنْكَهُمْ خَزَائِنُ رَحْمَةٍ رَبِّكَ الْعَزِيْزِ الْوَهَّابِ
مَرْلَهُمْ مُلْكُ السَّلْوَتِ وَالْآدْضِ وَمَا اَمْرَلَهُمْ مُلْكُ السَّلْوَتِ وَالْآدْضِ وَمَا إِيْنَهُمَا * فَلْيَرْتَقُوْا فِي الْآسْبَابِ ()
جُنْدٌ مَّا هُنَالِكَ مَهْزُوْمٌ مِّيْنَ الْاَحْزَابِ @
َ كَذَّبَتْ قَبْلَهُمْ قَوْمُ نُوْحٍ وَّ عَادً وَفِرْعَوْنُ ذُو الْأَوْتَادِ أَ
وَثَمُوْدُوَ قَوْمُ لُوْطٍ وَّ اَصْحْبُ لَنَيْكَةٍ. اُولَئِكَ الْاَحْزَابُ @
ِنْ ڪُلَّ اِلَّا ڪَذَّبَ الرُّسُلَ فَحَقَّ عِقَابِ۞

وَ مَا يَنْظُرُ هَؤُلَاءِ إِلَّا صَيْحَةً وَّاحِدَةً مَّا لَهَا مِنْ فَوَاقٍ ()

\*13. Much as before them the people of Noah and *the tribe of* 'Ād and Pharaoh, the lord of encampments, had rejected.

<sup>\*14.</sup> So *the tribe of* Thamūd, and the people of Lot, and the dwellers of the Wood—these were the **hordes** *routed one and all*.

<sup>\*15</sup>. All without exception rejected the Messengers, thus My punishment became inevitable.

<sup>\$16.</sup> They wait not but for a long drawn out scream from which there is no respite.

17. They say, 'Our Lord, hasten to us our portion *of the punishment* before the Day of Reckoning.'

- \*18. Bear patiently what they say, and remember Our servant David, man of *strong* hands; surely he was always turning *to* God.
- \*19. We subjected *to him* the mountains. They celebrated God's praises with him at nightfall and sunrise.
- \*20. And *We subjected to him* the birds gathered together: all turned to him.
- \*21. And We strengthened his kingdom, and gave him wisdom and decisive judgment.

22. And has the story of the disputants reached thee when they climbed over the wall of *his* chamber?—

23. When they entered in upon David, and he was afraid of them. They said, "Fear not. *We are* two disputants; one of us has transgressed against the other; so judge between us with justice, and deviate not from the right course and guide us to the right way.

24. "This is my brother; he has

وَ قَالُوْا رَبَّنَا عَجِّلْ لَّنَا قِطَّنَا قَبْلَ
يَوْمِ الْحِسَابِ
اِصْبِرْ عَلَى مَا يَقُوْلُوْنَ وَاذْكُرْ عَبْدَنَا
كَاؤُكُ ذَا الْأَيْدِ وَإِنَّهُ آَوَّابٌ ٢
إِنَّا سَخَّرْنَا الْجِبَالَ مَعَهُ يُسَبِّحْنَ
بِالْحَشِيِّ وَ الْإِشْرَاقِ أَنَّ
وَ الطَّيْرَ مَحْشُوْرَةً ؞ ڪُلَّ لَّهَ ٱوَّابَ⊙
وَشَرَدْنَا مُلْكَهُ وَ أَتَيْنِهُ الْحِكْمَةَ
وَ فَصْلَ الْخِطَابِ
وَ هَلْ ٱتَّعَكَ نَبَوُّا الْخَصْمِ م إِذْ
نَسَوَّدُوا الْمِحْرَابِ شَ
إِذْ دَخَلُوْا عَلْ دَاؤَدَ فَغَزِعَ مِنْهُمْ
قَالُوْا كَا تَخَفْ ، خَصْمَنِ بَغَى بَعْضُنَا
عَلْى بَعْضٍ فَاحْكُمْ بَيْنَنَّا بِالْحَقِّ وَ لَا
نُشْطِطْ وَ اهْدِنَآ إِلَى سَوَآءِ الْقِبْرَاطِ @
المعالمة الم

\*18. Bear patiently with what they say, and remember Our servant David, a man of many powers; surely he was always turning to God.

- x 20. Note: The word *attair* ( انطقر) (birds) means men of exceptional talents who soar high on the wings of their achievements.
- \*21. And We strengthened his kingdom, and gave him wisdom and *talent for* decisive speech.

 $a i u + | th \doteq | h \tau | kh \neq | dh \Rightarrow | s \leftrightarrow 655$   $a i u + | i \Rightarrow | s = i + r | sh \neq | gh = | gh$ 

<sup>\* 19.</sup> Note: The word *jibāl* (جبكن) (mountains) may apply to the powerful mountainous tribes which were subjugated by David or it may also refer to the mineral wealth of mountains which was well exploited in his time.

ninety-nine ewes, and I have one ewe. Yet he says, 'Give it to me,' and has been overbearing to me in his address."

25. David said, 'Surely, he has wronged thee in demanding thy ewe in addition to his own ewes. And certainly many partners transgress against one another, except those who believe *in God* and do good works; and these are but few.'And David perceived that We had tried him; so he asked forgiveness of his Lord, and fell down bowing in worship and turned *to Him*.

26. So We forgave him that; and indeed, he had a position of nearness with Us and an excellent retreat.

27. 'O David, We have made thee a vicegerent in the earth; so judge between men with justice, and follow not vain desire, lest it should lead thee astray from the way of Allāh.' Surely those who go astray from the way of Allāh will have a severe punishment, because they forgot the Day of Reckoning.

## R. 3.

28. And We have not created the heaven and the earth and all that is between them in vain. That is the view of those who disbelieve. Woe, then, to the disbelievers because of the Fire.

نَعْجَةً وَّلِيَ نَعْجَةً وَّاحِدَةً \* فَقَالَ ٱكْفِلْنِيْهَا وَعَزَّ نِيْ فِي الْخِطَابِ @ قَالَ لَقَدْ ظَلَمَكَ بِسُؤَالِ نَعْجَتِكَ الْىٰ نِعَاجِهِ وَانَّ كَثِيْرًا مِّنَ الْخُلَطَاءِ لَيَبْغِيْ بَعْضُهُمْ عَلْى بَعْضٍ الَّا الَّذِيْنَ امْنُوْا وَ عَمِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ وَ قَلِيْلً سَا هُمْ ، وَظَنَّ دَاؤَدُ ٱنَّمَا فَتَنَّهُ فَاسْتَغْفَرَ رَبَّهُ وَ خَرَّ رَاكِعًا وَ آنَابَ ۞

فَخَفَرْنَا لَهُ ذٰلِكَ ؞ وَ اِنَّ لَهُ عِنْدَنَا لَزُلْفَى وَحُسْنَ مَابٍ ۞ لِدَاؤُدُ إِنَّا جَعَلْنُكَ خَلِيْفَةً فِي الْأَرْضِ

يداود إنا جعلتك خليفه في الارض فَاحْكُمْ بَيْنَ النَّاسِ بِالْحَقِّ وَلَا تَتَّبِعِ الْهَوٰى فَيُضِلَّكَ عَنْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ اللهِ الَّذِيْنَ يَضِلُّوْنَ عَنْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ لَهُمْ عَذَابَ شَرِيْذَ بِمَا نَسُوْا يَوْمَ الْحِسَابِ هَٰ

وَ مَا خَلَقْنَا السَّمَاءَ وَ الْاَرْضَ وَ مَا بَيْنَهُمَا بَاطِلًا • ذٰلِكَ ظَنُ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا • فَوَيْلً لِّلَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا مِنَ النَّارِشُ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (\delta c \ \delta c$ 

ģ

29. Shall We treat those who believe and do good works like those who act corruptly in the earth? Shall We treat the righteous like the wicked?

30. *This is* a Book which We have revealed to thee, full of blessings, that they may reflect over its verses, and that those gifted with understanding may take heed.

31. And We bestowed on David, Solomon who was an excellent servant. He was always turning to Us.

32. When there were brought before him at eventide steeds of noblest breed and swift of foot,

- \*33. He said, 'I love the love of horses because of the remembrance of my Lord.' So great was his love of them that when they were hidden behind the veil, he said,
- \*34. 'Bring them back to me.' Then he began to pass his hand over *their* legs and *their* necks.

35. And We did try Solomon and We placed on his throne a *mere* body. Then he turned *to God*, *seeking His mercy*.

\*36. He said, 'O my Lord, grant me forgiveness and bestow on me a kingdom that will not suit anyone after me; surely Thou art the Great Bestower.' اَمْ نَجْعَلُ الَّذِيْنَ اٰمَنُوْا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ كَالْمُفْسِدِيْنَ فِي الْاَرْضِ اَمْنَجْعَلُ الْمُتَّقِيْنَكَالْفُجَّارِ® كِتْبَ اَنْزَلْنْهُ لِلَيْكَ مُلْبَرَكَ لِّيَدَّبَّرُوَّا اليتِه وَلِيَتَذَكَّرَ أُولُوا الْاَلْبَابِ@

وَ وَهَبْنَا لِدَاؤَدَ سُلَيْمْنَ ، نِعْمَ الْعَبْدُ الَّنَهُ آوَّابَشْ الْعَبْدُ النَّهُ آوَّابَشْ الْجَيَادُشْ الْجِيَادُشْ فَقَالَ الْخَيْرَةِ عَلَيَّ مَعْتَى تَوَارَتْ بِالْحَيْرِ عَنْ فَقَالَ الْخَيْاقِ وَ الْاَعْنَاقِ شَ وَ الْاَعْنَاقِ شَ كُرْسِيِّهِ جَسَدًا ثُمَّرَ آنَابَ اللَّهُ الْمَا اللَّهُ الْمَا الْمَالْمَا الْمَا الْمَالْمَا الْمَا الْمَالْمَ الْمَالْ الْمَالْمَا الْمَا الْمَالْ

قَالَ رَبِّ اغْفِرْ لِنْ وَ هَبْ لِنْ مُلْكًا لَّا يَنْبَغِيْ لِاحَدٍ مِّنْ بَعْدِيْ ، اِنَّكَ ٱنْتَ الْوَهَّابُ @

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ | \ th \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ dh \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ s \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ \underbrace{f_{67}}_{667} \ d \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ d \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ z \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ s \ | \ gh \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ h \ \stackrel{\sim}{=} \ h \ \stackrel{\sim}{$ 

<sup>\* 33.</sup> He said, 'The love of horses is dear to me because they remind me of my Lord.' So he sat until they disappeared behind the veil.

<sup>\* 34.</sup> He said, Bring them back to me.' Then he started stroking their legs and their necks. \* 36. He said, 'O my Lord, grant me forgiveness and bestow on me a kingdom which none unworthy of it may possess after me. Surely Thou art so Generous.'

0 = دیف لازہ ا

37. So We subjected to him the wind, blowing gently by his command whithersoever he desired to go,

38. And the giants, all *sorts of* builders and divers,

39. And others bound in fetters.

40. 'This is Our gift—so give freely or withhold—without reckoning.'

41. And certainly he had a position of nearness with Us and an excellent retreat.

## R. 4.

42. And remember Our servant Job, when he cried unto his Lord, *saying*, 'Satan has afflicted me with toil and torment.'

- \*43. 'Strike and urge thy riding beast with thy foot. Here is cool water to wash with and a drink.'
- \*44. And We bestowed on him his family and as many more with them, *by way of* mercy from Us, and as a reminder to men of understanding.

45. And *We said to him*, 'Take in thy hand a handful of dry twigs and strike therewith, and break not thy oath.' Indeed, We found him steadfast. An excellent servant was he. Surely, he was always turning *to God*.

فَسَخَّرْنَا لَهُ الرِّيْحَ تَجْرِيْ بِٱمْرِهِ أَخَاءً حَنتُ أَصَات وَ الشَّلِطِيْنَ كُلَّ بَنَّاءٍ وَّغَوَّاصٍ ش وَّ اخَرِيْنَ مُقَرَّنِ مُنَ فِي الْأَصْفَادِ 🔊 هٰذَا عَطَّأَؤُنَا فَامْنُنْ اَوْ و اد ک که عندتا مَأْبِ شَ وَ اذْكُرْ عَبْدَنَّآ رَبَّهُ أَنَّىٰ مَسَّنِّي وَّعَذَاب ش ٱڒٛكْضْ برجْلِكَ ۽ هٰذَا مُ اَتْ شَدَ اَتْ ۇ ۇھئنالۇ آھلۇ مث دَحْمَةً مِّنَّا وَ ذِكْرَى لِأُولِي الْآلْبَ وَ خُذْ بِيَدِكَ ضِغْثًا فَاضْرِبْ تِهِ وَلَا تَحْنَتْ د إنَّا وَجَدْنَهُ صَابِرًا د نِعْمَ الْعَنْدُ اللَّهُ أَوَّاتَ

\*43. 'Spur on your mount. Here is cool water to wash with and a drink.'

<sup>\*44.</sup> And We bestowed on him his family and many like them along with them, by way of mercy from Us, and as a reminder to men of understanding.

- \*46. And remember Our servants Abraham, and Isaac, and Jacob, *men* of strong hands and *powerful* vision.
- \*47. We chose them for a special *purpose*—reminding *people* of the abode *of the Hereafter*.

48. And truly, they are in Our sight among the elect *and* the best.

49. And remember lshmael and Elisha and Dhu'l-Kifl‡; and all were of the best.

50. This is a reminder. And the righteous will surely have excellent retreat:

51. Gardens of Eternity, with their gates thrown open to them,

52. Reclining therein *on cushions*; they will therein call *at pleasure* for plenteous fruit and drink.

53. And with them will be *chaste women*, restraining their looks, companions of equal age.

54. This is what you are promised for the Day of Reckoning.

55. Verily, this is Our provision which will never be exhausted.

56. This is *for the believers*. But for the rebellious there is an evil place of return—

57. Hell, wherein they will burn. What an evil resting-place!

وَإِذْكُرْ عِلْدَنَّ إِبْلِهِبْهُ وَ إِسْخَةً ] وَيَعْقُوْبَ أُولِي الْآثِيدِيْ وَ الْآبْصَارِ ٢ إنَّآ ٱخْلَصْنْهُمْ بِخَالِصَةٍ ذِكْرَى الدار وَ انَّهُمْ عِنْدَنَا لَمِنِ الْمُصْطَفَ الأخْيَارِ ٢ وَ اذْكُرْ إِسْمَعِنْكَ وَ وَ ذَا الْكِفْلِ ، وَ كُلُّ مِّنَ الْآخْيَارِ ٢ لهٰذَا ذِكْرً ﴿ وَإِنَّ لِلْمُتَّقِيْنَ لَحُسْ مَأْبِ۞ جَنّْتِ عَدْن مُّفَتَّحَةً لَّهُمُ الْإَبْوَابُ أَ مُتَّجِئِينَ فِيْهَا يَدْعُوْنَ فِيْهَا بِفَاكِهَةٍ كَثِيْرَةٍ وَشَرَاب وَعِنْدَهُمْ قُصِرْتُ الطَّرْفِ ٱ تُرَابَ @ لهذاماتُوْعَدُوْنَ لِيَوْمِ الْحِسَابِ ·· ٳڹۜٙۿۮؘٵۘڵڔۯ۫ۊؙڹؘٵڡؘٵڶۘؗؗ؋ڡۣڽٛڹۜٞڣؘٳڋۿؖ هٰذَا ، وَ إِنَّ لِلطَّغِيْنَ لَشَرَّ مَاٰبٍ ٢ جَهَنَّمَ، يَصْلَوْنَهَا، فَبِئْسَ الْمِهَادُ @

\*46. And remember Our servants Abraham, and Isaac, and Jacob, men of might and vision.
\*47. We choose them especially to remind *people* of the abode *of the Hereafter*.
‡ Ezekiel

ŝ,

٢

58. This is what they will have. So let them taste it: a boiling fluid, and an intensely cold and stinking drink.

59. And various kinds of other torments of a similar nature.

60. 'This is a host of yours rushing headlong with you, O leaders of mischief.' No welcome for them. They must burn in the Fire.

61. They will say, 'Nay, it is you. No welcome for you in truth. It is you who prepared this for us. So what an evil resting-place it is!'

62. They will also say, 'Our Lord, whosoever prepared this for us-so add to him a double punishment in the Fire.'

63. And they will say, 'What has happened to us that we see not the men whom we used to reckon among the wicked?

64. 'Is it because we subjected them to ridicule unjustly, or have the eves missed them?'

\*65. Surely, this is a fact-the disputing together of the people of the Fire.

#### R. 5.

66. Say, 'I am only a Warner; and there is no God but Allah, the One, the Most Supreme;

67. 'The Lord of the heavens and the earth, and all that is between the two, the Mighty, the Great Forgiver.'

هٰذَا الفَلْعَذُوْقُوْلاً حَمِنْهُ وَ غَسَّاقً

الأبصار إِنَّ ذٰلِكَ لَحَقُّ تَخَاصُمُ اَهْلِ النَّارِقُ عَظَّ

قُلْ إِنَّهَآ أَنَّا مُنْذِدًهِ وَّ مَا مِنْ إِلْهِ إِلَّا اللهُ الْوَاحِدُ الْقَهَّارُ شَ دَبُ السَّبِطوت وَالْأَدْضِ وَمَا بَعْنَهُمَا الْعَزِيْزُ الْغَفَّارُ @

**\*** 65. Verily, it is true—the disputing together of the people of the Fire.

ء : ا ق p ا ف h ح ا ل ا ف h ح ا ا ف h ح ا ا ف h ح ا ا ف ا م ح ا ف ا م ا م ا م ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا م ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

68. Say, 'It is a big news,

69. 'From which you are turning away.

70. 'I had no knowledge of the exalted Assembly when they discussed *it* among themselves,

71. 'But this that it has been revealed to me, that I am a plain Warner.'

72. When thy Lord said to the angels, 'I am about to create man from clay,

73. 'And so when I have fashioned him *in perfection*, and have breathed into him of My Spirit, fall ye down in submission to him.'

74. So the angels submitted, all of them together.

75. But Iblīs *did* not. He behaved proudly, and was of those who disbelieved.

\*76. God said, 'O Iblīs, what hindered thee from submitting to what I had created with My two hands? Is it that thou art *too* proud or art thou *really* of the exalted ones?'

77. He said, 'I am better than he. Thou hast created me of fire and him hast Thou created of clay.'

78. *God* said, 'Then get out hence, for, surely thou art rejected.

قُلْ هُوَ نَبَوًّا عَظِيمَ أَ ٱنْتُمْرَعَنْهُ مُعْرِضُوْنَ مَا كَانَ لِيَ مِنْ عِلْجَرِ بِالْمَلَا الْأَعْلَى إِذْ يختصمون ا إِنْ يُوْخَى إِلَى إِلَّا آَنَّمَا آَنَا نَذِيرُ مَّبِيْنُ () إِذْ قَالَ رَبُّكَ لِلْمَلَّئُكَةِ إِنَّى خَالِقً بَشَرًا مِّنْ طِيْنِ ٢ فَاذَا سَوَّيْتُهُ وَ نَفَخْتُ فِيْهِ مِنْ رُّوْحِيْ فَقَعُوْا لَهُ سَجِدِيْنَ ٢ فَسَجَدَ الْمَلَلَكَةُ كُتُّهُمْ آجْمَعُوْنَ أُ الا اللنس ، داشتگېز و کان مِن الْكْفِرِيْنَ@ قَالَ آلاللس مَا مَنْعَكَ أَنْ تَسْجُدَ لِمَا خَلَقْتُ بِيَدَتَ ، ٱسْتَكْبَرْتَ ٱمْ كُنْتَ مِنَ الْعَالِيْنَ ( قَالَ اَنَا خَيْرٌ مِّنْهُ ؞ خَلَقْتَنِيْ مِنْ نَّادٍ وَّخَلَقْتَهُ مِنْ طِيْنِ@ قَالَ فَاخْرُجْ مِنْهَا فَإِنَّكَ رَجِبْمُ أَهَ

\*76. God said, 'O Iblīs, what hindered you from submitting to what I had created with My two hands? Have you acted out of pride or you really belong to the exalted ones?'

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (see details of transitieration on page \ p').$ 

79. 'And surely on thee shall be My curse till the Day of Judgment.'

80. He said, 'My Lord, then grant me respite till the day when they shall be raised.'

81. *God* said, 'Certainly thou art of those that are granted respite,

82. 'Till the day of the appointed time.'

83. He said, 'So by Thy might, l will surely lead them all astray,

84. 'Except Thy chosen servants from among them.'

85. *God* said, 'Then the truth is, and the truth I speak,

86. '*That* I will certainly fill Hell with thee and with those who from among them follow thee, all together.'

87. Say, 'I ask not of you any reward for it, nor am I of those who are given to affectation.

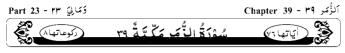
88. 'It is nothing but a Reminder for *all* peoples.

\*89. 'And you shall surely know the truth of it after a while.'

وَّ إِنَّ عَلَيْكَ لَعْنَتِي إِلَى يَوْمِ الدِّيْنِ، قَالَ رَبِّ فَٱنْظِرْنِيْ إِلَى يَوْمِ يُبْعَثُوْنَ. قَالَ فَإِنَّكَ مِنَ الْمُنْظَرِيْنَ ٥ إلى يَوْمِ الْوَقْتِ الْمَعْلَوْمِ @ قَالَ فَبِعِزَّتِكَ لَأُغْوِيَنَّهُمْ ٱجْمَعِيْنَ شَ إِلَّا عِبَادَكَ مِنْهُمُ الْمُخْلَصِيْنَ @ قَالَ فَالْحَقُّ دِوَ الْحَقَّ آقُوْلُ أَ لَاَمْلَكَنَّ جَهَنَّمَ مِنْكَ وَمِحَنْ تَبِعَكَ مِنْهُمْ أَجْمَعِيْنَ ٢ قُلْ مَآ ٱسْئَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ ٱجْرٍ وَّ مَآ أَنَا مِنَ الْمُتَكَلِّفَنْنَ ٢ اِنْ هُوَ اِلَّا ذِكْرُ لِّلْعْلَمِيْنَ ( وَلَتَعْلَمُنَّ نَبَالَا بَعْدَحِيْنِ ٢

\*89. 'And you will surely learn its implication after a while.'

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ | \ th \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ dh \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ \stackrel{\circ}{=}$ 



AZ-ZUMAR (Revealed before Hijrah)

وقفالازه

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. The revelation of this Book is from Allāh, the Mighty, the Wise.

\*3. Surely it is We Who have revealed the Book to thee with truth; so worship Allāh, being sincere to Him in obedience.

4. Hearken, it is to Allāh *alone* that sincere obedience is due. And those who take for protectors others beside Him *say*, 'We serve them only that they may bring us near to Allāh in station.' Surely, Allāh will judge between them concerning that wherein they differ. Surely, Allāh guides not him who is an ungrateful liar.

5. If Allāh had desired to take to Himself a son, He could have chosen whom He pleased out of \*what He creates. Holy is He! He is Allāh, the One, the Most Supreme.

6. He created the heavens and the earth in accordance with the requirements of wisdom. He makes the night to cover the day, and He makes the day to cover the night; and He has pressed the sun and the

بشير الله الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () تَنْزِيْلُ الْكِتْبِ مِنَ اللَّهِ الْحَكِيْمِ إنَّآ ٱنْزَلْنَآ المَيْكَ الْكِتْبَ بِالْحَقّ فَاعْبُد اللَّهَ مُخْلِصًا لَّهُ الدَّيْنَ شَ اَلَا بِلَه البَدَيْنُ الْخَالِصُ < **وَ الَّذَ**يْرِ بَ اتَّخَذُوْا مِرْبْ دُوْنِيَة أَوْلِيَاءَ مِ مَا نَعْبُدُهُمْ إِلَّا لِيُقَرِّبُوْنَآ إِلَى اللهِ زُلْغَى ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ يَحْكُمُ بَيْنَهُمْ فَيْ مَا هُمْ فِيْهِ يَخْتَلِفُوْنَ دْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَهْدِيْ مَنْ هُوَ كذب كَفَّادُ لَوْ أَرَادَ اللهُ أَنْ يَتَّخِذَ وَلَدًالَّا مىتما ئىخْلُةُ مَا ئَشَاءُ لاسْبْحْنَا الله الواحد القَهّار خَلَةً السَّمَوْتِ وَ الْأَرْضَ بِالْحَقِّ،

يُكَوِّرُ الَّيْلَ عَلَى النَّهَارِ وَ يُكَوِّرُ النَّهَارَ عَلَى الَّيْلِ وَ سَخَّرَ الشَّمْسَ وَ الْقَمَرَ ﴿ كُلُّ يَجْرِيْ لِآجَلِ مُسَمَّح ِ آلَا هُوَ

\*3. Surely it is We Who have revealed the Book to you with truth; so worship Allāh, dedicating your faith to Him in all sincerity.
5. He is Allāh, the only One, the Dominant.

moon into service; each pursues *its* course until an appointed time. Hearken, *it is* He *alone Who* is the Mighty, the Great Forgiver.

7. He created you from a single being; then from that He made its mate; and He has sent down for you \* eight *head* of cattle in pairs. He creates you in the wombs of your mothers, creation after creation, in threefold darkness. This is Allāh, your Lord. His is the kingdom. There is no God but He. Whither then are you being turned away?

8. If you are ungrateful, surely Allāh is Self-Sufficient *being independent* of you. And He is not pleased with ingratitude in His servants. But if you show gratefulness, He likes it in you. And no bearer of burden shall bear the burden of another. Then to your Lord is your return; And He will inform you of what you have been doing. Surely, He knows full well all that is hidden in the breasts.

9. And when an affliction befalls a man, he calls upon his Lord, turning *penitently* to Him. Then, when He confers upon him a favour from Himself, he forgets what he used to pray for before, and begins to assign rivals to Allāh, that he may lead *men* astray from His way. Say, 'Benefit thyself with thy disbelief a little while; thou art surely of the inmates of the Fire.'

الْعَزِيْزُ الْغَفَّارُ (

خَلَقَكُمْ مِّنْ نَّفْسٍ وَّاحِدَةٍ ثُمَّ جَعَلَ مِنْهَا ذَوْجَهَا وَ آنْزَلَ لَكُمْ مِّن الْأَنْعَامِ ثَمْنِيَةَ آ زُوَاجٍ ، يَخْلُقُكُمْ فِي بُطُوْنِ اُمَّهٰتِكُمْ خَلْقًا مِّنْ بَعْدِ خَلْتِ فِي فُلُمْتٍ ثَلْتٍ . لَآ الله الله مَوَ ، فَاَنْ تُصْرَفُوْنَ ۞ انْ تَكْفُرُوْا فَاتَ الله غَنِيُّ عَنْكُمْ ال

رَن صَعَرُوا فَاتَ الله عَلَي عَصَمَرَ اللهُ عَلَي عَصَمَرَ اللهُ عَلَي عَصَمَرَ اللهُ عَلَي عَصَمَرً اللهُ عَ تَشْكُرُوا يَرْضَهُ لَكُمْ وَلَا تَزِرُ وَازِرَةً وِّزْرَ اخْرَى مُ ثِمَا كُنْ تُمْ تَعْمَلُوْنَ مَ انَّهُ عَلِيْمَ بِذَاتِ الصُّدُوْرِ () وَ إِذَا مَتَسَ الْانْسَانَ ضُرَّ دَعَا رَبَّهُ

مُنِيْبًا الِيُو ثُمَّ اِذَاخَوَّلَهُ نِعْمَةً مِّنْهُ نَسِي مَا كَانَ يَدْعُوَّا اِلَيْهِ مِنْ قَبْلُ وَ جَعَلَ لِتٰهِ ٱنْدَادًا لِيُضِلَّ عَنْ سَبِيْلِهِ - قُلْ تَمَتَّعْ بِكُفْرِكَ قَلِيْلًا لَهُ النَّارِ ()

\*7. He creates you in the wombs of your mothers, creation after creation, in three tiers of darkness.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (see details of transiteration on page 'p').$ 

10. Is he who prays devoutly to God in the hours of the night, prostrating himself and standing, and fears the Hereafter and hopes for the mercy of his Lord, like him \* who does not do so? Say, 'Are those who know equal to those who know not?' Verily, only those endowed with understanding will take heed.
R. 2.

11. Say, 'O ye My servants who believe, fear your Lord. There is good for those who do good in this life. And Allāh's earth is spacious. Verily the steadfast will have their reward without measure.'

12. Say, 'Verily I am commanded to worship Allāh, being sincere to Him in religion.

13. 'And I am commanded to be the first of those who submit *to Him*.'

14. Say, 'Indeed I fear, if I disobey my Lord, the punishment of the great day.'

15. Say, 'It is Allāh I worship, being sincere to Him in my religion.

16. 'So worship what you like beside Him.' Say, 'Surely the losers will be those who ruin their souls and *ruin* their families on the Day of Resurrection.' Beware! that will اَمَّنْ هُوَ قَانِتْ أَنَّاءَ الَّيْلِ سَاجِدًا وَقَانِمًا يَحْذَرُ الْأَخِرَةَ وَ يَرْجُوْا رَحْمَةَ رَبِّهٖ ٤ قُلْ هَلْ يَسْتَوِى الَّذِيْنَ يَعْلَمُوْنَ وَ الَّذِيْنَ لَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ ٤ إِنَّمَا يَتَذَكَّرُ ٱولُوا الْآلْبَابِ أَ

قُلْ لِعِبَادِ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوا اتَّقُوْا رَتَّكُمْ لِ لِلَّذِيْنِ أَحْسَنُوْا فِي هٰذِهِ الدُّنْتِيا حَسَنَةً • وَ أَرْضُ اللهِ وَاسِعَةً • إِنَّهَا يُوَفِ الصِّبرُوْتَ أَجْرَهُ جسًاب قُلْ إِنَّىٰ أُمِرْتُ أَنْ أَعْبُدَ اللَّهَ مُ لَّهُ الدَّيْنَ أَ أُمِرْتُ لِأَبْ أَكُوْتَ أَوَّلَ 5 الْمُشلميْنَ قُلْ اذِّبْ أَخَافُ إِنْ عَصَبْه عَذَابَ يَوْمِرعَظِيْمِ () قُلِ اللَّهُ اَعْبُدُ مُخْلِطً فَاعْبُدُوْا مَا شَبُّتُمْ مِّنْ دُوْنِهِ • قُلْ إِنَّ الْخْسِرِيْنَ اتَّذِيْنَ خَسِرُوْٓا ٱنْفُسَهُمْ وَ ٱهْلِيْهِمْ يَوْمَرِ الْقِيْمَةِ • ٱلَّا ذَٰلِكَ هُوَ

\*10. Say, 'Can those who know and those who do not know be equal?' Verily, only those endowed with understanding will take heed.

surely be the manifest loss.

17. They will have over them coverings of fire, and beneath them *similar* coverings. It is this against \* which Allāh warns His servants. 'O

My servants, take Me, then, for your Protector.'

18. And those who shun false gods lest they worship them and turn to Allāh—for them is glad tidings. So give glad tidings to My servants,

19. Who listen to the Word and follow the best thereof. It is they whom Allāh has guided, and it is they who are men of understanding.

20. Is he, then, against whom the sentence of punishment has become due *fit to be rescued*? Canst thou rescue him who is in the Fire?

21. But for them who fear their Lord there are lofty mansions built over lofty mansions, beneath which rivers flow. Allāh has made that promise; *and* Allāh breaks not *His* promise.

22. Hast thou not seen that Allāh sends down water from the sky, and causes it to flow in *the form of* streamlets in the earth and then brings forth thereby herbage, varying in its colours? Then it dries up and thou seest it turn yellow; then He reduces it to broken straw. In that verily is a reminder for men of understanding.

الْخُسْرَانُ الْمُدَيْنُ @ لَهُمْ مِّنْ فَوْقِهِمْ ظُلَلُ مِّنَ النَّادِ وَمِنْ تَحْتِهِمْ ظُلَلُ ، ذٰلِكَ يُخَوّفُ اللهُ بِهِ عِبَادَهٔ لِعِبَادٍ فَاتَّقُوْن وَ الَّذِينَ اجْتَنَبُوا الطَّاغُوْتَ أَنْ تَعْسُدُوْهَا وَأَنَّابُهُ إِلَى الله لَهُمُ الْبُشْرِي فَبَشَّرْ عِمَاد أَ الَّذِيْنَ يَسْتَمِعُوْنَ الْقَوْلَ فَيَتَّبِعُوْنَ ٱحْسَنَهُ \* أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ هَدْمُمُ اللَّهُ وَ أُولَئِكَ هُمْ أُولُوا الْآلْبَابِ ( ٱ فَمَنْ حَقَّى عَلَيْهِ كَلِيمَةُ الْحَذَابِ، ٱفَاَنْتَ تُنْقِذُ مَنْ فِي النَّارِ<sup>خَ</sup> لَكِنِ الَّذِيْنَ اتَّقَوْا رَبَّهُمْ لَهُمْ غُرَفً مِّنْ فَوْقِهَا غُرَفٌ مَّبْنِيَّةً " تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْكَنْلِهُوْ وْوَعْبَرَ الله مِ كَا يُخْلِفُ اللهُ الْمِيْعَادُ @ ٱلَحْ تَبَرَ أَنَّ اللَّهَ ٱنْزَلَ مِنَ الشَّيمَاءِ مَاءً فَسَلَكَهُ يَنَابِيْعَ فِي الْأَرْضِ ثُمَّر يُخْرِجُ بِهِ زَرْعًا مُّخْتَلِفًا ٱلْوَانُهُ ثُمَّ يَهِنجُ فَتَزْبِهُ مُصْفَرًا ثُمَّ بَحْعَلُهُ حُطَامًا إِنَّ فى ذلك كَذِكْرى لِأُولِي الْآلْبَاب شَ

\*17. Hence 'O My servants! Fear Me alone.'

R. 3.

23. Is he then whose bosom Allāh has opened for *the acceptance of* Islām, so that he possesses a light from his Lord, *like him who is groping in the darkness of disbelief?* Woe, then, to those whose hearts are hardened against the remembrance of Allāh! They are in manifest error.

24. Allāh has sent down the best Message *in the form of* a Book, *whose verses are* mutually supporting *and* repeated *in diverse forms* at which do creep the skins of those who fear their Lord; then their skins and their hearts soften to the remembrance of Allāh. Such is the guidance of Allāh; He guides therewith whom He pleases. And he whom Allāh adjudges astray he shall have no guide.

25. Is he, then, who has nothing but his own face to protect him with from the evil punishment on the Day of Resurrection *like him who is secure*? And it will be said to the wrongdoers, 'Taste ye what you used to earn.'

26. Those who were before them rejected *Our Messengers*, so the punishment came upon them whence they knew not.

27. So Allāh made them taste humiliation in the present life and the punishment of the Hereafter will certainly be greater, if they but knew! ٢ فَمَنْ شَرَحَ اللهُ صَدْدَة لِلْإِسْلَامِ فَهُوَ عَلْى نُوْرِمِّنْ رَّبِّهٖ \* فَوَيْلٌ لِلْقُسِيَةِ تُلُوْبُهُمْ مِّنْ ذِكْرِ اللهِ \* أُولَئِكَ فِي ضَلْلٍ مُبِيْنٍ ؟

اَىلَّهُ نَزَّلَ اَحْسَنَ الْحَدِيْثِ كِتْبًا مُتَشَابِهَا مَثَانِيَ اللَّ تَقْشَعِرُ مِنْهُ جُلُوْدُ الَّذِيْنَ يَخْشَوْنَ رَبَّهُمْ اللَّ فَتُمَ تَلِيْنُ جُلُوْدُهُمْ وَ قُلُوْبُهُمْ اللَّ فِكْرِ اللَّهِ ذٰلِكَ هُدَى اللَّهِ يَهْدِيْ بِهِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَمَنْ يُنْكِلِ اللَّهُ فَمَالَهُ مِنْ هَادٍ @

٦ فَمَنْ يَّتَّقِيْ بِوَجْهِهِ سُوَّءَ الْعَذَابِ يَوْمَ الْقِيْمَةِ • وَقِيْلَ لِلظَّلِمِيْنَ ذُوْقُوْا مَاكُنْ تُمْ تَكْسِبُوْنَ®

كَذَّبَ الَّذِيْنَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ فَاتَ لَهُمُ الْحَذَابُ مِنْ حَيْثُ لَا يَشْعُرُوْنَ () فَاذَاقَهُمُ اللَّهُ الْخِزْيَ فِ الْحَلُوةِ الدُّنْيَا ، وَلَحَذَابُ الْأَخِرَةِ آَڪْبَرُ مِلَوْ إَلَٰ كَانُوْا يَعْلَمُوْنَ ()

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ (577) \ o \ (577) \ \dot{s} \ (577) \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s} \ (57) \ \dot{s} \$ 

28. And, indeed. We have set forth to men all kinds of parables in this Qur'an that they may take heed.

- \*29. We have revealed the Our'an in Arabic wherein there is no deviation from rectitude, that they may become righteous.
- \*30. Allāh sets forth a parable; a man belonging to several partners, disagreeing with one another, and a man belonging wholly to one man. Are they both equal in condition? All praise belongs to Allah. But most of them know not.

31. Surely thou wilt die, and surely they too will die.

32. Then surely on the Day of Resurrection you will dispute with one another before your Lord.

# R. 4.

24  $\frac{2}{2}$ 33. Who, then, is more unjust than he who lies against Allah or he who rejects the truth when it comes to him? Is there not in Hell an abode for the disbelievers?

34. But he who has brought the truth, and he who testifies to it as *such*— these it is who are the righteous.

35. They will have with their Lord whatever they desire; that is the reward of those who do good.

IAR	الزَّمَر Chapter 39 - ۳۹
	وَ لَقَدْ ضَرَبْنَا لِلنَّاسِ
	مِنْ كُلِّ مَثَلٍ لَعَلَّهُمْ
يْ عِوَجٍ لَّعَلَّهُمْ	قُرْانًا عَرَبِيًّا غَيْرَ ذِ
	<b>يَ</b> تَّقُوْنَ®
جُلًا فِيْهِ شُرَكًاءُ	ضَرَبَ اللهُ مَثَلًا رَّ
لًا سَلَمًا لِّرَجُلٍ؞	مُتَشَاكِسُوْتَ وَ رَجُ
	هَلْ يَسْتَوِيْنِ مَثَلًا
	بَلْ أَكْثَرُهُ هُرَلَا يَعْلَمُ
ۑؚؚؚٚؾؙۅٛؽ۞	إِنَّكَ مَيِّتٌ وَّ إِنَّهُمْ مَّ
مَةِ عِنْدَ رَبِّكُمْ	ثُمَّر إنَّكُمْ يَوْمَر الْقِيْ
	ؾڂٛؾؘڝؚڡؙۅٛؽ۞۫
ہِمَّنْ کَزَبَ عَلَى	فمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مِ
	اللهِ وَ حَذَّبَ بِالصِّ
ى لِّلْكْفِرِيْنَ @	اَ لَيْسَ فِيْ جَهَنَّمَ مَثْوً
	وَالَّذِيْ جَاءَ بِالصِّدْفِ
	ٱولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُتَّقُوْنَ
لَدَ رَبِّهِمْ الْخُلِكَ	لَهُمْ مَّا يَشَاءُوْنَ عِنْ
	جزؤاالمخسنين

والمراجع المحالية

(See details of transliteration on page 'p')

<sup>\*29.</sup> We have revealed the Qur'an manifestly clear, with no crookedness about it, that they may become righteous.

<sup>\*30</sup>. Allāh sets forth a parable; a man belonging to several partners, disagreeing with one another, and a man belonging exclusively to one man. Are they both equal in example?

36 So that Allah will remove from them the evil consequences of what they did, and will give them their reward according to the best of their actions.

37. Is not Allah sufficient for His servant? And yet they would frighten thee with those beside Him. And he whom Allah adjudges astray-for him there is no guide.

38. And he whom Allah guidesthere is none to lead him astray. Is not Allah the Mighty, the Lord of retribution?

39. And if thou ask them, 'Who created the heavens and the earth?'. they will surely say. 'Allah.' Say, 'What think ye, if Allah intends to do me an injury, will those whom you call upon beside Allah be able to remove the injury inflicted by Him? Or if He wills to show me mercy, could they withhold His mercy?' Say, 'Allah is sufficient for me. In Him trust those who would trust."

40. Say, 'O my people, act as best you can; I too am acting; soon shall you know,

41. 'Who it is unto whom comes a punishment that will disgrace him, and on whom there descends an abiding punishment.'

42. Verily, We have revealed to thee the Book with truth for the good of mankind. So whoever follows

لِيُكَفِّرَ اللهُ عَنْهُمْ ٱسْوَاالَّذِيْ عَمِلُوْا وَ يَجْزِيَهُمْ أَجْرَهُمْ بِأَحْسَنِ الَّذِيْ كَانُوْا يَعْمَلُوْنَ ٱ لَيْسَ اللهُ بِكَافٍ عَبْدَهُ ۇ يُخَوّفُوْنَكَ بِالَّذِيْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِهِ. وَ مَنْ يُضْلِلِ اللهُ فَمَا لَهُ مِنْ هَادٍ ٢ وَ مَنْ تَهْدِ اللهُ فَمَا لَهُ مِنْ شُضِلًا اَكَيْسَ اللهُ بِعَزِيْزِذِي انْتِقَامِ ··· وَلَبِّنْ سَالتهُمْ مَنْ خَلَقَ السَّهٰوت <u> ز</u>اڭ (ضَ لَـبَقُوْلُنَّ اللَّهُ • قُلْ أَفَرَءَ بْتُمْ مماتدعون من دوب الله إن أرادي اللهُ بِضُرّ هَلْ هُنَّ كَشِفْتُ ضُرّ بَهَ أَوْ آرادى برَحْمَةٍ هَلْ هُنَّ مُمْسِكْتُ رَحْمَتِهِ ، قُلْ حَسْجِتِ اللهُ ، عَلَيْهِ ۣ يَتَوَڪَّلُ الْمُتَوَكِّلُوْنَ<sup>®</sup> قُلْ لِقَوْمِ اعْمَلُوْا عَلَى مَكَانَبْتُكُمْ إِنَّيْ عَامِلٌ فَسَوْفَ تَعْلَمُوْنَ أَ مَنْ يَأْتِيْهِ عَذَابٌ يُخْزِيْهِ وَ يَحِلُّ عَلَيْهِ عَذَابٌ مُّقِيْمٌ () إِنَّا ٱنْزَلْنَا عَلَيْكَ الْحِتْبَ لِلنَّاسِ بالْحَقّ، فَمَنِ اهْتَدْى فَلِنَفْسِهِ،  $a i u \mid th$   $\dot{h} \tau \mid kh \dot{\tau} \mid dh$   $\dot{s} \mid \dot{c}$   $\dot{c}$ 

(See details of transliteration on page 'p')

guidance, *follows it* for the benefit of his own soul; and whoever goes astray, goes astray only to its detriment. And thou art not a guardian over them.

#### R. 5.

\*43. Allāh takes away the souls of human beings at the time of their death; and during their sleep of those *also* that are not *yet* dead. And then He retains those against which He has decreed death, and sends *back* the others till an appointed term. In that surely are Signs for a people who reflect.

44. Have they taken intercessors beside Allāh? Say, 'Even if they have no power over anything and no intelligence?'

45. Say, 'All intercession rests with Allāh. To Him belongs the kingdom of the heavens and the earth. And to Him then shall you be brought back.'

\*46. And when Allāh alone is mentioned the hearts of those who believe not in the Hereafter shrink with aversion; but when those beside Him are mentioned, behold, they begin to rejoice.

47. Say, 'O Allāh! Originator of the heavens and the earth; Knower of the unseen and the seen; Thou *alone* 

وَ مَنْ ضَلَّ فَإِنَّمَا يَضِلُّ عَلَيْهَا ، وَمَآ آنْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ بِوَكِيْلٍ ۞

ٱللهُ تَتَعَذُّ بِالْأَنْفُسَ حِبْ جَبِ مَوْتِهَا دَ الَّتْنْ لَمْ تَمُتْ فِيْ مَنَامِهَا، فَيُمْهِ الَّتِيْ قَضِي عَلَيْهَا الْمَوْتَ وَ يُرْس الْكُخْبَرَى الْبِ أَجَبِلِ تُمْسَمًّى إِنَّ فِيْ ذٰبِكَ لأيتٍ لِّقَوْمِ يَّتَفَكَّرُوْنَ @ أم اتَّخَذُوْا مِنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ شُفَعَاءً قُلْ أَوَلَهُ كَانُهُ الْا تَهْلِكُهْنَ شَبْئًا وَّ لَا ىغقلەن@ قُلْ، تَتْه الشَّفَاعَةُ جَمِعُا ﴿ لَهُ مُلْكُ السلمات و الأرْضٍ ، ثُمَّر تَرْجَعُوْنَ، وَ إِذَا ذُكِرَ اللَّهُ وَحْدَهُ اشْمَا زَّتْ قُلُوْبُ الَّذِيْنَ لَا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِالْأَخِرَةِ، وَ إِذَا ذُكِرَ الَّذِينَ مِنْ دُوْنِهَ إِذَا هُمْ كشتبشر وى قُل اللَّهُمَّ فَاطَرَ الشَّهٰمَةِ وَالْأَ ب وَالشَّهَادَة الغثد

\*43. Allāh takes away the souls of the living at the time of their death;
\*46. And when Allāh alone is mentioned the hearts of those who believe not in the Hereafter wince in aversion; but when those beside Him are mentioned, behold, they begin to rejoice.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (see details of transiteration on page \ p').$ 

wilt judge between Thy servants concerning that in which they differed.'

48. And even if the wrongdoers possessed all that is in the earth, and the like thereof in addition to it. they would surely seek to ransom themselves with it from the evil punishment on the Dav of Resurrection; but there shall appear unto them, from Allah, that which they never thought of.

49. And the evil consequences of what they had earned will become apparent to them and that which they used to mock at will encompass them.

50. And when trouble touches man, he cries unto Us. But when We bestow on him a favour from Us, he says, 'This has been given to me on account of my own knowledge.' Nay, it is only a trial; but most of them know not.

51. Those who were before them said the same thing, yet all that they had earned availed them not:

52. So the evil consequences of what they had earned overtook them; and those who do wrong from among these disbelieversthe evil consequences of what they earned shall also overtake them. They cannot escape.

53. Know they not that Allah provision enlarges the for whomsoever He pleases, and تَحْكُمُ بَيْنَ عِبَادِكَ فِي مَا كَانُوْا فِيْهِ ىختىلغەن 🔊 وَلَوْاَنَّ لِلَّذِيْنَ ظَلَمُوْا مَا فِي الْأَرْضِ جَمِيْعًا وَ مِثْلَهُ مَعَهُ لَافْتَكُوْا بِهِ مِنْ سُوْءِ الْعَذَابِ يَوْمَ الْقِيْمَةِ وَبَدَا لَهُمْ مِّنَ اللهِ مَا لَمْ رَكُوْنُوْا يَحْتَسِبُوْنَ،

وَ بَدَا لَهُمْ سَيّاتُ مَا كَسَبُوْا وَ حَاقَ بِهِمْ مَّاكَانُوْا بِهِ يَسْتَهْ زِءُوْنَ ٢

فَاذَا مَسَّ الْانْسَانَ ضُرًّ دَعَانَا دِثُقَرِإِذَا خَوَّلْنهُ نِعْمَةً مِنَّا اقَالَ إِنَّمَآ أُوْتِيْتُهُ على عِلْمِ ، بَلْ هِتَ فِتْنَةً وَّ لَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ. قَدْ قَالَهَا الَّذِيْنَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ فَمَآ اغْنَى عَنْهُمْ مَّاكَانُوْا يَكْسِبُوْنَ@ فَاصَابَهُمْ سَيِّاتُ مَا كَسَبُوْا وَ الَّذَيْنَ ظَلَمُوْا مِنْ هَؤُلًا إِ سَيُصِيْبُهُمْ سَيِّاتُ مَا كَسَبُوْا ومَاهُمْ بِمُعْجِزِيْنَ @ اَ وَلَمْ يَعْلَمُوٓا اَتَّ اللهَ يَبْسُطُ الرِّزْقَ لِمَنْ يَشَاءُ وَيَقْدِرُ ﴿ إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ  $a i u \mid h \stackrel{\circ}{=} |\dot{h} \tau| kh \dot{\tau} | dh \stackrel{\circ}{=} |\dot{c} \stackrel{\circ}{=} \underbrace{(681)}_{681} \circ \dot{b} \stackrel{\circ}{=} \frac{1}{681} |\dot{c} \stackrel{\circ}{=} |\dot{c} \stackrel{\circ}{=} |\dot{c} \stackrel{\circ}{=} |\dot{c} \stackrel{\circ}{=} |\dot{c} \stackrel{\circ}{=} \dot{c} \stackrel{\circ}{=}$ 

(See details of transliteration on page 'p').

# فَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ Part 24 - ۲۴

straitens *it for whomsoever He f pleases*? Verily, in that are Signs for a people who believe.

### R. 6.

54. Say, "O My servants who have committed excesses against their own souls! despair not of the mercy of Allāh, surely Allāh forgives all sins. Verily He is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

55. "And turn ye to your Lord, and submit yourselves to Him, before there comes unto you the punishment; *for* then you shall not be helped.

56. "And follow the best *teaching* that has been revealed to you from your Lord, before the punishment comes upon you unawares, while you perceive not;

\*57. "Lest a soul should say, 'O my grief for my remissness *in my duty* in respect of Allāh! and surely 1 was among those who scoffed;'

58. "Or lest it should say, 'If Allāh had guided me, I should certainly have been among the righteous;'

59. "Or lest it should say, when it sees the punishment, 'Would that there were for me a return *to the world*, I would then be among those who do good!""

كايتٍ لِقَوْمٍ يُؤْمِنُوْنَ ٢

قُلْ لِعِبَادِيَ الَّذِيْنَ ٱسْرَفُوْا عَلَى ٱنْفُسِهمْ لَا تَقْنَطُوْا مِنْ رَّحْمَةِ اللهِ اِنَّ اللَّهَ يَغْفِرُ الذُّنُوْبَ جَمِيْعًا ﴿ اِنَّهُ هُوَ الْغَفُوْرُ الرَّحِيْمُ @ وَ أَنِيْبُوْا إِلْى رَبِّكُمْ وَ ٱسْلِمُوْا لَهُ مِنْ قَبْل اَنْ يَّاْتِبَكُمُ الْحَذَابُ ثُمَّرَكَا تنصرون وَ اتَّبِعُوٓا أَحْسَنَ مَآ أُنْزَلَ إِلَيْكُمُ مِّنْ رَّبَكُمْ مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ يَأْتِيَكُمُ الْحَذَابُ ىغْتَةً وَ ٱنْتُمْ لَا تَشْعُرُوْنَ الله اَرِبْ تَقْدَلَ نَفْسٌ يَحَسَرَتْ عَلَى مَا فَرَّطْتٌ فِيْ جَنَب اللهِ وَ إِنْ كُنْتُ لَمِنَ السَّاخِرِيْنَ ٥ اَوْ تَقْوْلَ لَوْ اَتَّ اللَّهَ هَذِينَ لَكُنْتُ مِنَ الْمُتَّقِيْنَ ٥ اَوْ تَقُوْلَ حِيْنَ تَرَى الْعَذَاتِ لَوْ اَنَّ لِيْ

او تفوّل حِينَ مَرْى الْحُدَابَ لَوْ أَنَّ لِوَ كَرَّةً فَاَڪُوْنَ مِنَ الْمُحْسِنِيْنَ۞

\*57. "Lest a soul should say, 'O, my grief! I fell short *in my conduct* despite being in the presence of Allāh and surely I was of those who scoffed.'

a i u | h τ | kh τ | dh خ | s ن (682) ع ن اظ ال ۲ | kh τ | kh τ | dh ج | s (682) م ن اط ال ال ۲ | a i u | r (see details of transliteration on page 'p').

فَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ Part 24 - ۲۴

60. God will answer, 'Aye, there came to thee My Signs, but thou didst treat them as lies, and thou wast arrogant, and thou wast of the disbelievers.'

61. And on the Day of Resurrection, thou wilt see those who lied against Allāh with their faces blackened. Is there not in Hell an abode for the proud?

\*62. And Allāh will deliver the righteous *and lead them* to a place of security and success; evil shall not touch them, nor shall they grieve.

63. Allāh is the Creator of all things, and He is Guardian over all things.

64. To Him belong the keys of the heavens and the earth; and as for those who disbelieve in the Signs of Allāh, these it is who are the losers.

#### R. 7.

65. Say, 'Is it other *gods* than All $\bar{a}h$  that you bid me worship, O ye ignorant ones?'

66. And verily it has been revealed to thee as unto those before thee: 'If thou attribute partners *to God*, thy work shall surely go vain and thou shalt certainly be of the losers.'

بَلْى قَدْ جَاءَتْكَ الْتِيْ فَكَذَّبْتَ بِهَا ٤ اشتَكْبَرْتَ وَ كُنْتَ مِنَ الْخُفِرِيْنَ 
٤ يَوْمَ الْقِيْمَةِ تَرَى الَّذِيْنَ كَذَبُوْا ٤ يَوْمَ الْقِيْمَةِ تَرَى الَّذِيْنَ كَذَبُوْا يْ جَهَنَمَ مَثُوَى لِّلْمُتَكَبِّرِيْنَ ()
٤ يُنَجِى اللَّهُ الَّذِيْنَ التَّقَوْا بِمَفَازَتِهِمْ دُلْهُ مُ مُحْرَيُخُرَنُوْنَ ()

ٱللَّهُ خَالِقُ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ دَوَّ هُوَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَّحِيْلَ ﴾ لَهُ مَقَالِيدُ السَّمُوْتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا بِالِيتِ اللَّهِ ٱولَئِكَ هُمُ الْخُسِرُوْنَ ﴾ قُل آ فَغَيْرَ اللَّهِ تَاْمُرُوَّ نِيْ آعْبُدُ تُها الْجِهِلُوْنَ ﴾ وَلَقَدْ ٱوْحِيَالَيْكَ وَالَى الَّذِيْنَ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ ، لَبُنْ ٱشْرَكْتَ لَيَحْبَطَنَّ عَمَلُكَ وَلَتَكُوْنَنَّ مِنَ الْخُسِرِيْنَ ﴾

\*62. Allāh delivers those who fear *Him* to their rightful place of security and success;

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ (see details of transliteration on page 'p').$ 

Part	24	-	۲٣	أظْلَمُ	فمَن
------	----	---	----	---------	------

67. Aye, worship Allāh and be among the thankful.

\*68. And they do not esteem Allāh, with the esteem that is due to Him. And the whole earth will be *but* His handful on the Day of Resurrection, and the heavens will be rolled up in His right hand. Glory to Him and exalted is He above that which they associate *with Him*.

69. And the trumpet will be blown, and *all* who are in the heavens and *all* who are in the earth will *fall down in a* swoon, except those whom Allāh will please *to exempt*. Then will it be blown a second time, and lo! they will be standing, awaiting.

70. And the earth will shine with the light of her Lord, and the Book will be laid *open before them*, and the Prophets and the witnesses will be brought, and judgment will be given between them with justice, and they will not be wronged.

71. And every soul will be fully rewarded for what it did. And He knows full well what they do.

#### R. 8.

72. And those who disbelieve will be driven to Hell in troops until, when they reach it, its gates will be opened, and its Keepers will say to them: 'Did not Messengers from

ٺ ڦِن	وَ گُر	فَاعْبُدْ	بَلِ اللهَ
			الشَّكِرِيُ
🗄 وَ الْاَرْضُ	، قَدْرِم	اللهَ حَقَّ	وَمَا قَدَرُوا
الْقِيْمَةِ	يَوْمَر	قبْضَتُـهٔ	بجميئها
<b>ب</b> یمینه	ِ <sup>ٹ</sup> یت ب	ِتُ مَطْوِ	ۇ الىتسىلى
گۇن⊛	ٵ <i>يُ</i> شْرِّ	تعلى عَمَّ	سْبْحْنَهْ وَ

وَ نُفِخَ فِ الصَّوْرِ فَصَعِقَ مَنْ فِ السَّمُوْتِ وَ مَنْ فِ الْأَرْضِ إلَّا مَنْ شَاءَ اللهُ - ثُمَّ نُفِخَ فِيْهِ اُخْرَى فَاِذَا هُمْ قِيَامً يَّنْظُرُوْنَ ®

وَ ٱشْرَقَتِ الْأَرْضُ بِنُوْرِ رَبِّهَا وَ وُضِعَ الْكِتْبُ وَ جِآيْء بِالنَّبِيِّن وَالشُّهَدَآءِ وَ قُضِيَ بَيْنَهُمْ بِالْحَقِّ وَ هُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُوْنَ۞ وَ وُفِيِّيتُ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَّا عَمِلَتْ وَهُوَ اعْلَمُ بِمَا يَفْعَلُوْنَ۞

وَ سِيْقَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا إلى جَهَنَّمَ زُمَرًا . حَتَّى إذَا جَاءُوْهَا فُتِحَتْ ٱبْوَابُهَا وَقَالَ لَهُمْ خَزَنَتُهَا ٱلَمْ يَاتِكُمْ

\$\$68. They did not pay proper respect to the Majesty of Alläh as was due to it. And the earth will be entirely in His grasp on Doomsday; so will the heavens be rolled up by His right hand.

ی ک

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ r & | \ h \ r & | \ kh \ r & | \ dh \ s & | \ s & | \ \epsilon & | \ s & | \ \epsilon & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s &$ 

among yourselves come to you, reciting unto you the Signs of your Lord, and warning you of the meeting of this Day of yours?' They will say, 'Yea, but the sentence of punishment has become justly due against the disbelievers.'

73. It will be said, 'Enter ye the gates of Hell, abiding therein. And evil is the abode of the arrogant.'

74. And those who feared their Lord will be conducted to Heaven in groups until, when they reach it, and its gates are opened, and its Keepers say to them, 'Peace be upon you! be ye happy, and enter it abiding *therein*;'

75. And they will say, 'All praise belongs to Allāh Who has fulfilled His promise to us, and has given us the land for an inheritance, making our abode in the Garden wherever we please.' How excellent then is the reward of the *righteous* workers!

76. And thou wilt see the angels going round the Throne, glorifying their Lord with *His* praise. And it will be judged between them with justice. And it will be said: 'All praise belongs to Allāh, the Lord of the worlds.'

رُسُلَ مِنْكُمْ بَتْلُوْنَ عَلَيْكُمْ الت رَبِّكُمْ وَ يُنْدَرُوْنَكُمْ لِقَاءَ يَوْمِكُمْ هٰذَا ، قَالُوْا بَلْي وَ لَحِنْ حَقَّتْ كَلِمَةُ الْعَذَابِ عَلَى الْكَفِرِيْنَ ۞ قِيْلَ ادْخُلُوْا ٱبْوَابَ جَهَنَّمَ خَلِدِيْنَ فِيْهَا ، فَبِئْسَ مَتْوَى الْمُتَكَبِّرِيْنَ @ وَسِيْقَ الَّذِيْنَ اتَّقَوْا رَبَّهُمْ إِلَى الْجَنَّةِ زُمَرًا \* حَتَّى إذًا جَاءُوْهَا وَ فُتِحَتْ ٱبْوَائِهَا وَ قَالَ لَهُمْ خَزَنَتُهَا سَلَمً عَلَبُكُمْ طِبْتُمْ فَادْخُلُوْهَا خْلِدِيْنَ @ وَقَالُوا الْحَمْدُ بِتْلِهِ الَّذِي صَدَقَنَا وَعْدَةُ وَ آوْدَتْنَا الْأَدْضَ نَتَبَوَّأُ مِنَ الْحَنَّة حَنْتُ نَشَاء فَنَعْمَ أَجْرُ الْعُمليْنَ@ وَ تَرَى الْمَلْئِكَةَ خَافِيْنَ مِنْ حَوْلِ

الْحَرْشِ يُسَبِّحُوْنَ بِحَمْدِ دَبِّهِمْ َ وَقُضِيَ بَيْنَهُمْ بِالْحَقِّ وَقِيْلَ الْحَمْدُ بِلَّهِ دَبِّ الْعَلَمِيْنَ۞

 $a i u \mid h$  ث اظ  $r \mid kh \neq dh$  خ  $s \mapsto 685$  ع  $h \neq 1$  ث  $h \neq 1$  ث  $h \neq 1$  ث  $h \neq 1$  (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

فَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ Part 24 - ۲۴ اَلْمُؤْمِن ٢٠ - Chapter 40

AL-MU'MIN (Revealed before IIijrah)

 In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.
 Hā Mīm.‡

3. The revelation of the Book is from Allāh, the Mighty, the All-Knowing,

4. The Forgiver of sin and the Acceptor of repentance, Severe in punishment, the Possessor of bounty. There is no God but He. Towards Him is the *final* return.

5. None disputes about the Signs of Allāh except those who disbelieve. Let not, then, their going about in the land deceive thee.

6. The people of Noah and *other* groups after them denied *Our Signs* before these *people*, and every nation strove to seize their Messenger, and disputed by means of false *arguments* that they might rebut the truth thereby. Then I seized them, and how *terrible* was My retribution!

7. Thus was the word of thy Lord proved true against the disbelievers: that they are the inmates of the Fire.

8. Those who bear the Throne, and those who are around it, glorify their Lord with *His* praise, and

بشبر الله الرَّحْمٰن الرَّحِيْمِ ( لحمر تَنْزَيْلُ الْكِتْبِ مِ 5. الْعَلْثُم ش غَافِرِ الذَّنُبِ وَقَابِلِ التَّوْبِ شَدِيدِ الْعِقَابِ اذِي الطَّوْلِ ﴿ لَآ اللهَ إِلَّا هُوَ ﴿ إلَيْهِ الْمَصِيْرُ () مَا بُحَادِلُ فَ أَلْتِ الله إلا الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا فَلَا يَغْرُرُكَ تَقَلَّبُهُمْ الْدَلَادِ ( كَذَّبَتْ قَيْلَهُمْ قَوْمُ نُوْجٍ وَّ الْأَحْزَابُ مِنْ تَعْدِهِهُ وَ هَمَّتْ كُلَّ، أُمَّة برَسُوْلِهِمْ لِيَأْخُذُوْهُ وَ جَادَلُهُا بِالْبَاطِلِ لِيُدْحِضُوْا بِهِ الْحَقَّى فَاخَذْ تُهُمْر ما فَكَيْفَ كَانَ عِقَاب 🕑 وَ كَذٰلِكَ حَقَّتْ كَلِمَتُ رَبِّكَ عَلَى وقفالازه الَّذِيْنَ كَغَرُوٓا ٱنَّهُمْ أَصْحِبُ النَّارِ ۞ ٱلَّذِيْنَ يَحْمِلُهْنَ الْحَرْشَ وَ مَنْ حَوْلَهُ حُوْتَ بِحَمْدٍ رَبِّهِمْ وَ يُؤْمِنُوْنَ

<sup>‡</sup>The Praiseworthy, the Lord of Honour.

believe in Him, and ask forgiveness for those who believe, *saying*: 'Our Lord, Thou dost comprehend all things in *Thy* mercy and knowledge. So forgive those who repent and follow Thy way; and protect them from the punishment of Hell.

9. 'And make them, our Lord, enter the Gardens of Eternity which Thou hast promised them, as well as such of their fathers and their wives and their children as are virtuous. Surely Thou art the Mighty, the Wise.

10. 'And protect them from evils; and he whom Thou dost protect from evils on that day—him hast Thou surely shown mercy. And that *indeed* is the supreme triumph.'

## R. 2.

\*11. An announcement will be made to those who disbelieve *in the words:* 'Greater was the abhorrence of Allāh when you were called to the faith and you disbelieved than your *own* abhorrence of yourselves *today*.'

12. They will say, 'Our Lord, Thou hast caused us to die twice, and Thou hast given us life twice, and now we confess our sins. Is then there a way out?'

\*13. It will be said to them, 'This is

وَ يَسْتَغْفِرُوْنَ لِلَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُهُا أأته ربي أأشحك ۇسغت كار وَ عِلْمًا فَاغْفِرْ لِلَّذِبْنِ تَابُوْا وَاتَّبَه سَىيْلَكَ وَقِهِمْ عَذَاتِ الْ رَتَنَا وَ أَدْخِلْهُمْ جَنَّا ۇغدْتَّهُمْ ۇ مَرْبْ صَ لمكترمن أكآئهم وَ ٱزْوَاجِهِمْ وَ ذُرِّيْتِهِمْ الْكَ الْعَزِيْزُ الْحَكِيْمُ ۇقىھەرالىتىتات، ۇمن ئق الىت يَوْمَئِذٍ فَقَدْ رَحِمْتَهُ ، وَ ذَلِكَ الْغَهْ ذُ الْعَظِيْمُ أَنَّ الله المذير ب كَفَرُوْا بُنَادَوْنَ لَمَقْتُ اللهِ آكْبَرُ مِنْ مَقْتِ كُمْ آنْفُسَكُمْ إذْ تُدْعَدْنَ إِلَى الْاثِيمَانِ فَتَكْفُرُوْنَ قَالُوْا دَتَّنَّآ أَمَتَّنَا اثْنَتَيْنَ وَ أَحْمَيْتَنَا اثْنَتَيْنِ فَاعْتَرَفْنَا بِذُنُوْبِنَا فَهَلْ إِلَى خُرُوْجٍ مِّنْ سَبِيْلِ @

ذَرِيحُهُ بِأَنَّهُ إِذًا دُعِي اللهُ وَحْدَة

ę

<sup>\*11.</sup> Certainly to those who disbelieved a call will be made to them, 'The detestation of Allāh is greater than your detestation of yourselves, when you were called to have faith and you rejected *it*.'

<sup>\*13.</sup> It will be said to them, 'That is because when Allāh alone was proclaimed you rejected the call but when partners were associated with Him, you believed. But the last word belongs to Allāh, the Lofty, the Great.'

because, when Allāh was proclaimed as One, you disbelieved, but when partners were associated with Him, you believed. The decision *now* belongs only to Allāh, the High, the Incomparably Great.' 14. He it is Who shows you His Signs, and sends down provision for you from heaven; but none pays heed save he who turns *to God*.

- \*15. Call ye then on Allāh, being sincere to Him in religion, though the disbelievers may be averse.
- \*16. *He is* of most exalted attributes, Lord of the Throne. He sends the Word by His command to whomsoever of His servants He pleases, that He may give warning of the Day of Meeting,
- \*17. The day when they will *all* come forth; nothing concerning them will be hidden from Allāh. 'Whose is the kingdom this day?' '*It is* Allāh's, the One, the Most Supreme.

18. 'This day will every soul be requited for that which it has earned. No injustice this day. Surely, Allāh is Swift at reckoning.'

19. And warn them of the

هُوَ الَّذِبْ يُرِيْكُمْ الِيِّهِ وَ يُنَزِّلُ لَڪُمْ مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ دِزْقًا ﴿ وَمَا يَتَذَكَّرُ المَّ مَنْ تُنبُبُ ٢ فَادْعُوا اللهُ مُخْلِصِيْنَ لَهُ الدِّيْنَ وَلَهْ كَرة الْكُفِرُوْنَ رَفِيْعُ الدَّرَجْتِ ذُو الْعَرْشِ ، يُلْقِي الرُّوْحَ مِنْ أَمْرِبِ عَلَى مَنْ تَشَاءُ مِنْ عتادة لِيُنْذَرَ يَوْمَرَ التَّلَاقِ يَوْمَ هُمْ بَارِزُوْنَ أَ لَا يَخْفَى عَلَى اللهِ مِنْهُمْ شَيْءً ﴿ لِمَنِ الْمُلْكُ الْيَوْمَرِ ﴿ يله الواجد القَهّار ٱلْيَوْمَرُّجُزَى كُلُّ نَفْسٍّ بِمَا كَسَبَتْ -لَا ظُلْمَ الْيَوْمَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ سَرِيْعُ الْحِسَابِ وَآنْدَرْهُمْ يَوْمَ الْأَرْفَةِ إِذِ الْقُلُوْبُ

**\*17**. The day when they will *all* come forth; nothing concerning them will be hidden from Allāh. **'To whom belongs the kingdom this day?' To Allāh**, the One, the Most Supreme.

<sup>\*15.</sup> Call you then Allāh, being sincere to Him in faith, though the disbelievers may be averse.
\*16. The Exalter of ranks, the Lord of the Throne. He causes the Spirit to descend with His command to whomsoever of His servants He pleases, that He may give warning of the Day of Meeting *Him*.

Approaching Day, when the hearts will reach to the throats while they will be full of suppressed grief. The wrongdoers will have no loving friend, nor any intercessor whose *intercession* will be complied with. 20. He knows the treachery of the eyes and what the breasts conceal.

\*21. And Allāh judges with truth, but those on whom they call beside Him cannot judge at all. Surely, Allāh is the All-Hearing, the All-Seeing.

#### R. 3.

\*22. Have they not travelled in the earth and seen what was the end of those before them? They were mightier than these in power and *in* the marks *they left* in the earth. But Allāh seized them for their sins, and they had no protector against Allāh.

23. That was because their Messengers came to them with manifest Signs, but they disbelieved; so Allāh seized them. Surely He is Powerful, Severe in punishment.

24. And We did send Moses, with Our Signs and manifest authority,

الْحَنَّاجِر كَاظِمِيْنَ أَ مَا ميْنَ مِنْ حَمِيْمِ وَّ لَا شَفِيْ تُطَعُ اللهُ يَعْلَمُ خَابُنَةَ الْأَعْيُنِ وَمَا الصُّدُوْدُ مِنْ دُوْنِهِ لَا يَقْضُوْنَ بِشَيْءٍ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ هُوَ السَّمنعُ الْتصيرُ ش اَ وَ لَمْرِيَسِيْرُوْا فِي الْآَرْضِ فَيَنْظُرُوْا كَيْفَ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ الَّذِينَ كَانُوْا مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ ، كَانُوْا هُمْ أَشَدَّ مِنْهُمْ قُوَّةً وَّ أَثَارًا في الْأَرْضِ فَأَخَذَ هُمُ اللَّهُ بذُنُوْبِهِمْ وَمَاكَانَ لَهُمْ مِّنَ اللهِ مِنْ وَّاق ذٰلكَ بِٱنَّفُمْ كَانَتْ تَّا بالبتيذت فكفكروا فكخذ همرايلته داتك قوقٌ شَدِيدُ الْعِقَابِ @ ۇلَقَدْ اَرْسَلْنَا مُوْسِي بِأَلِ

<sup>\*21.</sup> And Allāh judges with truth while those on whom they call beside Him judge nothing. Surely, Allāh is the All-Hearing, the All-Seeing.

<sup>\*22.</sup> Have they not travelled in the earth and seen what was the end of those before them? They were far more powerful than these and stronger in the marks they left in the earth.

فَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ Part 24 - ۲۴

25. Unto Pharaoh and Hāmān and Korah; but they said, '*He is* a magician and an impostor.'

26. And when he came to them with truth from Us, they said: 'Slay the sons of those who have believed with him, and let their women live.' \*But the design of the disbelievers is but a thing wasted.

27. And Pharaoh said: 'Leave me alone that I may kill Moses; and let \*him call on his Lord. I fear lest he should change your religion or cause disorder to show itself in the land.'

28. And Moses said, 'I take refuge with my Lord and your Lord from every arrogant *person* who believes not in the Day of Reckoning.'

## R. 4.

29. And a believing man from among the people of Pharaoh, who concealed his faith, said, "Will you slay a man because he says, 'My Lord is Allāh,' while he has brought you clear proofs from your Lord? And if he be a liar, on him will be *the sin of* his lie; but if he is truthful, then some of that which he threatens you with will *surely* befall you. Certainly Allāh guides not one who is a transgressor, *and* a liar.

إلى فِرْعَوْنَ وَ هَامْنَ وَ قَارُوْنَ فَقَالُوْا سج تخ ات فَلَمَّا جَآءَهُمْ بِالْحَقِّ مِنْ عِنْدِنَا قَالُوا اقْتُلُوَّا ٱبْنَاءَ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا مَعَهُ وَاسْتَحْبُوْا نِسَاءَهُمْ ﴿ وَ مَا كَيْدُ الْكُفِرِيْنَ إِلَّا فِيْ ضَلْلِ 🕞 وَ قَالَ فِرْعَوْنُ ذَرُونِينَ آقْتُلْ مُوْسَى وَلْبَدْعُ رَبَّهُ \* إِنَّتْ أَخَافُ أَنْ تُبَدَّلُ دِيْنَكُمْ أَوْ أَبْ تُظْهَرَ فِ الْأَرْضِ المفساك وَقَالَ مُوْسَى إِنِّيْ عُذْتُ بِرَبِّيْ وَ رَبِّكُمْ مِّنْ كُلِّ مُتَكَبِّرٍ لَا يُؤْمِنُ بِيَوْمِ ۳ می الْجِسَابِ ٢ وَ قَالَ رَجُلٌ مُّؤْمِنٌ 7 مِّنْ ال فِرْعَوْنَ كَكْتُمُ إِنْمَانَهُ ٱ تَقْتُلُوْتَ رَجُلًا اَنْ تَقُوْلُ رَبِّيَ اللهُ وَ قَدْ جَاءَكُمْ بِالْبَيِّنْتِ مِنْ رَّبِّكُمْ ، وَ اِنْ يَّكُ كَاذِبًا فَعَلَيْهِ كَذَبُهُ ، وَإِنْ يَكُ صَادِقًا يُصِبْكُمْ بَحْضُ الَّذِيْ يَعِدُكُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَهْدِيْ مَنْ هُوَ مُسْرِفً كَذَّاب<del>َ</del>

\*26. But the design of the disbelievers is nothing but wasteful.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ | \ content of transitieration on page 'p').$ 

<sup>\*27.</sup> I fear lest he should change your religion or inundate the land with disorder and corruption.

30. "O my people, yours is the sovereignty this day, you being dominant in the land. But who will help us *and protect us* from the punishment of Allāh if it comes upon us?" Pharaoh said: '1 only point out to you that which I see myself, and I guide you only to the path of rectitude.'

\*31. And he who believed said: "O my people, I fear for you *something* like the day of the parties,

32. "Like the case of the people of Noah, and 'Ād and Thamūd and those after them. And Allāh intends no injustice to *His* servants.

\*33. "And O my people, I fear for you the day of mutual calling *and wailing*,

34. "A day when you shall turn your backs fleeing. No defender shall you have against Allāh. And for him whom Allāh adjudges astray shall be no guide.

35. "And Joseph did come to you before with clear proofs, but you ceased not to be in doubt concerning that with which he came to you till, when he died, you said: 'Allāh will never raise up a Messenger after him.' Thus does Allāh adjudge as lost those who transgress, *and* are doubters,

لِنَقَوْمِ لَكُمُ الْمُلْكُ الْيَوْمَ ظَاهِرِيْنَ في الأَرْضِ رَفَمَنْ يَنْصُرُنَا مِنْ تَأْسِ الله اب جَاءَنا ، قَالَ فَرْعَدْنُ مَا ٱرىكُمْ إِلَّا مَآ آرى وَ مَآ آهُدِيْكُمْ إِلَّا سَبِيْلَ الرَّشَادِ @ وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ أَمَنَ لِقَوْمِرًا فَيْ آَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ مِّثْلَ يَوْمِ الْأَحْزَابِ ش مِثْلَ دَأْبٍ قَوْمِ نُوْحٍ وَّ عَادٍ وَّ ثَمُوْدَ وَ الَّذِينَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ ﴿ وَ مَا اللَّهُ يُرِيدُ ظُلْمًا لِّلْعِبَادِ وَ لِقَوْمِ إِنَّ أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ بَوْمَ التنادش يَوْمَ تُوَلَّوْنَ مُدْبِرِيْنَ ، مَا لَكُمْ مِّنَ اللهِ مِنْ عَاصِمِ ۚ وَ مَنْ يُّضْلِل اللَّهُ فَمَالَهُ مِنْ هَادٍ @ ۇ لَقَدْ جَاءَكُمْ بُوْسُفُ مِرْنَ قَبْلُ بِالْبَيِّنْتِ فَمَا زِلْتُمْ فِي شَكٍّ مِّمَّا جَاءَكُمْ بِهِ ﴿ حَتَّى إِذَا هَلَكَ قُلْتُمْ لَنْ تَبْعَثُ اللهُ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ رَسُوْلًا كَذٰلِكَ يُضِلُّ اللهُ مَنْ هُوَ مُسْرِفً مُرْتَاكُ

<sup>\*31.</sup> And he who believed said: 'O my people, I fear for you like the *fateful* time of the confederates.

<sup>33.</sup> 'And O my people, I fear for you the day of **calling each other** *for help*.

36. "Those who dispute concerning the Signs of Allāh without any authority having come to them. Grievously hateful is this in the sight of Allāh and in the sight of those who believe. Thus does Allāh seal up the heart of every arrogant, haughty *person*."

\*37. And Pharaoh said: 'O Hāmān, build thou for me a lofty building that I may attain to the means of approach,

38. 'The means of approach to the heavens, so that I may have a look at the God of Moses, and I surely think him to be a liar.' And thus the evil of his doing was made *to look* fair in the eyes of Pharaoh, and he was turned away from the *right* path; and the design of Pharaoh ended in nothing but ruin.

# R. 5.

39. And he who believed said: 'O my people, follow me. I will guide you to the path of rectitude.

40. 'O my people, this life of the world is but a temporary provision; and the Hereafter is certainly the home for permanent stay.

41. 'Whoso does evil will be requited only with the like of it; but whoso does good, whether male or female, and is a believer—these will enter the Garden; they will be provided therein without measure. التزيمن يُجادِلُون فِنَ اليتِ الله بِغَيْر سُلُطْنِ آتْمهُم ، كَبُرَ مَقْتًا عِنْدَ اللهِ وَ عِنْدَ الَّزِيْنَ امَنُوْا ، كَذٰلِكَ يَطْبَحُ اللهُ عَلٰى كُلِّ قَلْبِ مُتَكَبِّرٍ جَبَّارٍ وَ قَالَ فِرْعَوْنُ لِهَامْنُ ابْنِ بِيْ صَرْحًا المَّبَابَ السَّمٰوَتِ فَاَطَّلِمَ الْى الْهِ مُوْسَى وَ اِنِّيْ لَاَطْتُهُ كَاذِبًا ، وَ حَذٰلِكَ السَّبِيْلِ ، وَ مَا حَيْدُ فِرْعَوْنَ الَّا فِي تَبَابِهَ

وَ قَالَ الَّذِيٓ أَمَنَ لِقَوْمِ اتَّبِعُوْنِ اَهْدِكُمْسَبِيْلَ الرَّشَادِشَ لِقَوْمِ اِنَّمَا هٰذِهِ الْحَلُوةُ الدُّنْيَا مَتَاعٌ وَ وَ الْاَخِرَةَ هِيَ دَارُ الْقَرَارِ مَنْ عَمِلَ سَيِّئَةً فَلَا يُجْزَى الَّا مِثْلَهَا وَ مَنْ عَمِلَ صَالِحًا مِّنْ ذَكَرٍ اَوْ أُنْثَى وَ هُوَ مُؤْمِنَ فَاوَلَئِكَ يَدْخُلُوْنَ الْجَنَّةَ يُرْزَقُوْنَ فِيْهَا بِغَيْرِ حِسَابِ @

\*37. And Pharaoh said; 'O Hāmān, build for me a lofty mansion that I may gain access,

بي ا

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \overset{(62)}{\longrightarrow} \ \mathfrak{s} \ \overset{(62)}{\longrightarrow} \ \mathfrak{s} \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s}$ 

42. 'And O my people, how *strange* it is that I call you to salvation, and you call me to the Fire.

43. 'You invite me to disbelieve in Allāh and to associate with Him that of which I have no knowledge, while I invite you to the Mighty, the Great Forgiver.

44. 'Surely that to which you call me has no *title* to be called upon in this world or in the Hereafter; and that our return is certainly to Allāh and that the transgressors will be the inmates of the Fire.

45. 'So you will soon remember what I say to you. And I entrust my cause to Allāh. Verily, Allāh sees *all His* servants.'

46. The result was that Allāh preserved him from the evils of whatever they plotted, and a grievous punishment encompassed the people of Pharaoh—

47. The Fire. They are exposed to it morning and evening. And on the day when the Hour will come, *it will be said*: 'Cast Pharaoh's people into the severest punishment.'

48. And when they will dispute with one another in the Fire, the weak will say to those who were proud, 'Verily, we were your followers; will you then relieve us of a portion of the Fire?'

وَ لِقَوْمِ مَالِيَ آدْعُوْكُمْ إِلَى النَّجُوةِ النصف وَتَدْعُوْنَنِيْ إِلَى النَّارِشُ تَدْعُوْنَنِيْ لِأَكْفُرَ بِاللهِ وَ أُشْرِكَ بِه مَالَيْسَ لِيْ بِهِ عِلْمَرِ: وَّ آنَا آدْعُوْكُمْ إِلَى الْعَزِيْزِ الْغَفَّارِ @ كَا جَرَمَ آنَّمَا تَدْعُوْنَنِي إِلَيْهِ لَيْسَ لَهُ دَعْوَةً فِ الدُّنْيَا وَ لَا فِي الْأَخِرَةِ وَ اَنَّ مَرَدَّنَآ إِلَى اللهِ وَاَنَّ الْمُسْرِفِيْنَ هُمْ أَصْحُبُ النَّارِ @ فَسَتَذْكُرُوْتَ مَا آقُوْلُ لَكُمْ، وَ أُفَوِّضُ آمْرِيَّ إِلَى اللهِ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ بَصِيْرُ بِالْعِبَادِ ٢ فَوَقْدِهُ اللهُ سَيّاتِ مَا مَكَرُوْا وَ حَاقَ بال فِرْعَوْنَ سُوْءُ الْعَذَابِ شَ ٱلنَّارُ يُعْرَضُوْنَ عَلَيْهَا غُدُوًّا وَّ عَشِيًّا، وَ يَوْمَرِ تَقُوْمُ السَّاعَةُ \* اَدْخِلُوْا أَلَ فِرْعَوْنَ آشَدَّ الْعَذَاب

رِعون الله العرابِ وَ إِذْ يَتَحَاجُوْنَ فِ النَّارِ فَيَقُوْلُ الضَّحَفَوُّا لِلَّذِيْنَ اسْتَكْبَرُوْا إِنَّا كُنَّا لَكُمْ تَبَعًا فَهَلْ آنْتُمْ مُغْنُوْنَ عَنَّا نَصِيْبًا مِّنَ النَّارِ®

49. Those, who were proud, will say: 'We are all in it. Allāh has already judged between *His* servants.'

50. And those in the Fire will say to the Keepers of Hell, 'Pray to your Lord that He may lighten for us the punishment for a *single* day.'

51. They will say: 'Did not your Messengers come to you with manifest Signs?' They will say: 'Yea.' *The Keepers* will say, 'Then pray on.' But the prayer of disbelievers is of no avail.

R. 6.

52. Most surely We help Our Messengers and those who believe, *both* in the present life and on the day when the witnesses will stand forth,

53. The day when their excuses will not profit the wrongdoers, and theirs will be the curse and theirs the evil abode.

54. And indeed We gave Moses the guidance, and made the children of Israel the inheritors of the Book—

55. A guidance and a reminder for men of understanding.

56. So have patience. Surely the promise of Allāh is true. And ask forgiveness for thy frailty, and glorify thy Lord with His praise in the evening and in the morning.

قَالَ الَّذِينَ اسْتَكْبَرُوْا إِنَّا كُلُّ فِيْهَا ا انَّ اللهُ قَدْ حَكَمَ بَعْنَ الْعِبَادِ ٢ وَ قَالَ الَّذِيْنَ فِي النَّارِ لِخَزَنَةٍ جَهَنَّمَ ادْعُوْا رَتَّكُمْ بُخَفَّفْ عَنَّا بَوْمًا مِّرِي الْعَذَاب@ قَالُهْ ١ وَ لَمْ تَكُ تَأْتِيْكُمْ رُسُلُكُمْ بِالْبَيِّنْتِ ، قَالُوْا بَلْى ، قَالُوْا فَادْعُوْا، - لگین ۵ وَ مَا دُغَوُّا الْخُفِرِينَ إِلَّا فِي ضَلْلٍ ٥ إِنَّا لَنَنْصُرُ رُسُلَنَا وَ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا ف الْحَلْوة الدَّنْيَا وَ يَوْمَر يَقُوْمُ الكشقادة تەمرلا يَنْفَعُ الظَّلِمِيْنَ مَعْذِدَتُهُمْ وَلَهُمُ اللَّعْنَةُ وَلَهُمْ سُوْءُ الدَّادِ @ وَلَقَدْ أَتَبْنَا مُؤْسَى الْهُدِي وَ أَوْرَثْنَا يَخِينَ إِسْرَاءِنِكَ الْكِتْتَ أَ هُدًى وَّ ذِكْرَى لِأُولِي الْآلْبَابِ ٢ فَاصْبِرْ إِنَّ وَعْدَ اللهِ حَقَّ وَّ اسْتَغْفِرْ لِذَنَّبِكَ وَ سَبِّحْ بِحَمْدٍ رَبِّكَ بِالْحَشِيِّ وَالْإِبْكَارِ ٢

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ | \ dh \ i \ | \ \delta \ o \ (56)$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

57. Those who dispute concerning the Signs of Allah without any authority having come to them-\*there is nothing in their breasts but a feeling of greatness which they

will never attain. So seek refuge in Allāh. Surely He is the All-Hearing, the All-Seeing.

58. Certainly, the creation of the heavens and the earth is greater than the creation of mankind: but most men know not

59. And the blind and the seeing are not equal; neither are those who believe and do good deeds equal to those who do evil. Little do you reflect.

60. The Hour will surely come; there is no doubt about it; yet most men believe not

61. And your Lord says: 'Pray unto Me; I will answer your prayer. But those who are too proud to worship Me will surely enter Hell, despised.'

#### R. 7.

62. It is Allah Who has made the night for you that you may rest therein, and the day to enable you to see. Verily, Allah is the Lord of bounty for mankind, yet most men are ungrateful.

63. Such is Allāh, your Lord, the Creator of all things. There is no

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يُجَادِلُوْنَ فَنَ الَّبِتِ اللهِ بخير سُلْطْنِ ٱتْنَهُمْ النَّفِيْ صُدُوْدِهِمْ رِلا كِبْرَتّا هُمْ بِبَالِغِيْهِ ، فَاسْتَعِذْ باللهِ دانتَّهُ هُوَ السَّمِيْحُ الْبَصِيْرُ ٤ لَخَلْقُ السَّمَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ أَكْبَرُ مِنْ خَلْق النَّاسِ وَ لَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لاتغلَمُوْنَ ٢ وَمَا يَشْتَوِبِ الْأَعْمَى وَ الْبَصِيْرُة وَ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَ عَمِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ وَكَا الْمُسِيْءُ وَلِللَّهِ مَّا تَتَذَكَّرُوْنَ، إِنَّ السَّاعَةَ لَأَتِيَةً لَّا رَيْبَ فِيْهَا وَلٰڪِنَّ ٱكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لَا يُؤْمِنُهُنَ وَقَالَ رَبُّكُمُ ادْعُوْنِيٓ ٱسْتَجبْ لَكُمْ -إِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ يَسْتَكْبِرُوْنَ عَنْ عِبَادَتِيْ سَيَدْخُلُوْنَ جَهَنَّمَرَ دَاخِرِيْنَ أَ ٱلله الَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُمُ الَّبِلَ لتَشِيحُنُوا فنه وَ النَّهَارَ مُبْصِرًا ﴿ إِنَّ اللهَ لَذُوْ فَضْلِ عَلَى النَّاسِ وَلَكِنَّ ٱكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لَا يَشْكُرُ وْنَ @ ذٰلِكُمُ اللهُ رَبُّكُمْ خَالِقُ كُلِّ شَيْءٍم

\*57. there is nothing in their breasts but a conceit of greatness which they will never achieve. ء : ا ق p ا غ h ت ا ظ z ا ظ t ا ف b ر و و و و م ع ع ا م ا h ت ا kh r | kh r | dh i ا ب ع ع i u ا ا ا ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

وقفالازه

لج

God but He. How then are you turned away?

64. Thus indeed are turned away those who deny the Signs of Allāh.

\*65. Allāh it is Who has made for you the earth a resting-place, and the heaven a canopy, and has given you shape and made your shapes perfect, and has provided you with good things. Such is Allāh, your Lord. So blessed is Allāh, the Lord of the worlds.

66. He is the Living *God*. There is no God but He. So pray unto Him, being sincere to Him in religion. All praise belongs to Allāh, the Lord of the worlds.

67. Say, 'I have been forbidden to worship those whom you call upon beside Allāh since there have come unto me clear proofs from my Lord; and I have been commanded to submit myself to the Lord of the worlds.'

68. He it is Who created you from dust, then from a sperm-drop, then from a clot; then He brings you forth as a child; then *He lets you grow* that you may attain your full strength; then *He lets* you become old though some among you are caused to die before—and *He lets you live* 

لَآ الْمَه الله هُوَ إِفَاتِي تُؤْفَكُون @ كَذَلِكَ نُؤْفَكُ الَّذِبْنَ كَانُوْا الله تحجدُوْن ٱبلهُ الَّذِيْ جَعَلَ لَكُمُ الْآدُضَ قَرَارًا وَّ الشَّمَاءَ بِنَاءً وَّ صَوَّدَكُمْ فَأَحْسَ وَ رَزَوَ كُمْ مّ ، تى الطّت ذَلِكُمُ اللهُ رَبُّكُمْ \* فَتَارَكَ اللهُ دَتُ الْعُلَمِيْنَ هُمَ الْحَتُ كَمَّ إِلَمَهُ إِلَّهُ مَوَ فَادْعُوْهُ مُخْلِصِبْ لَهُ الدَّيْرِي ﴿ ٱلْحَمْ يله زَبّ الْعُلَمِيْنَ قُلْ إِنَّى نُهِنْتُ أَنْ أَعْبُدُ الَّذِيْنَ تَدْعُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ لَمَّا خَاءَنِيَ الْمَت رَّتِيْ د وَ أُمِرْتُ أَنْ الْعْلَمْنْنَ <u>يَ</u>رَةٍ کُ .0 أفأ ىمە خاچ **ر** م 5

<sup>\*65.</sup> Allāh it is Who has made for you the earth a resting-place, and the heaven a means of dependence and into figures He fashioned you and made your shapes excellent and provided you with wholesome provisions.

ي کمک

that you may reach a term appointed, and that you may learn wisdom.

\*69. He it is Who gives life and causes death. And when He decrees a thing, He says to it only, 'Be!,' and it is

#### R. 8.

70. Hast thou not seen those who dispute concerning the Signs of Allāh? How they are being turned away from the truth!

71. Those who reject the Book and come to know.

72. When the iron-collars will be round their necks, and chains too. They will be dragged

73. Into boiling water; then in the Fire will they be burnt.

74. Then it will be said to them, 'Where are those whom you associated with God

75. 'Beside Allāh?' They will say, 'They have vanished away from us. Nay, we never prayed to anything before.' Thus will Allah confound the disbelievers.

76. 'That is because you exulted in the earth without justification, and because you behaved insolently.

وَّ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَعْقِلُونَ ٢ هُوَ الَّذِبْ يُنْي وَ يُمِيْتُ ، فَإِذَا قَضَى ٱحْرًا فَانَّتَمَا تَقُوْلُ لَهُ كُنْ فَتَكُوْنُ أَنَّ

ٱلَمْ تَزَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ يُجَادِلُوْنَ فِيَّ أَلِتِ اللهِ داَنْي يُصْرَفُوْنَ ٥

الَّذِيْنَ كَذَّبُوْا بِالْكِتْبِ وَ بِمَآ أَرْسَلْنَا بِهِ رُسُلَنَا ۖ اللَّهُ فَسَوْفَ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ ال **ىغىك**مەن أە

> إِذِ الْآغُلُلُ فِيْ آَعْنَاقِهِمْ وَ السَّ ؽۺڂؠؙۉڹ۞

> ف الْحَمِيْمِ لا تُمَّ ف النَّار <u>يُشجرُ وْرَى شَ</u>

> ثُمَّ قَمْلَ لَهُمْ آيْنَ مَا كُنْتُمْ تُشْرِكُوْنَ ۞

مِنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ ، قَالُوْا ضَلُّوْا عَنَّا بَلْ لَّمْ نَكُنْ نَّدْعُوْا مِنْ قَبْلُ شَبْاً. كَذٰلِكَ يُضِلُّ اللهُ الْخُفِرِينَ @ ذٰي عُمْ بِمَا حُنْ تُمْ تَفْرَحُوْنَ فِي الْأَرْضِ

بِغَيْرِ الْحَقِّ وَبِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَمْرَحُوْنَ أَ

\* 69. See the explanation of " لَن تَعَكُونَ " (" 'Be!' And it is") under 2:118. (Publisher)

ء : ا ق p | غ ب ا ظ z | ظ z | ظ dh + | dh م و (697 ص ص ع ا خ dh + ا ث h ا ث h ا ا ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

77. 'Enter ye the gates of Hell, to abide therein. And evil is the abode of the proud.'

78. Then have patience. Surely, the promise of Allah is true. And whether We show thee part of what We have promised them, or whether We cause thee to die before the fulfilment of Our promise, to Us in any case will they be brought back. 79. And We did send Messengers before thee: of them are some whom We have mentioned to thee. and of them there are some whom We have not mentioned to thee: and it is not possible for any Messenger to bring a Sign except by the leave of Allah. But when Allah's decree came, the matter was decided with ÷ truth, and then there perished those who uttered falsehoods.

## R. 9.

80. It is Allāh Who has made cattle for you, that you may ride on some of them, and eat of some of them—

81. And you have *other* advantages in them—and that, by means of them, you may satisfy any desire *that there may be* in your breasts. And on them and on ships are you borne.

82. And He shows you His Signs; which then of the Signs of Allāh will you deny?

83. Have they not travelled in the earth that they might see what was

ٱدْخُلُوْا ٱبْوَابَ جَهَنَّمَ خْلِدِيْنَ فِيْهَا، فَبِئْسَ مَثْوَى الْمُتَكَبِّرِيْنَ فَاصْبِرْ الْتَ وَعْدَ اللهِ حَقَّى ، فَالَّ نُرِيَنَّكَ بَعْضَ الَّذِيْ نَعِدُهُمْ آوْ نَتَوَفَّيَنَّكَ فَالَيْنَا يُرْجَعُوْنَ۞

وَ لَقَدْ اَدْسَلْنَا دُسُلًا مِّنْ قَبْلِكَ مِنْهُمْ مَّنْ قَصَصْنَا عَلَيْكَ وَ مِنْهُمْ مَنْ تَمْ نَقْصُصْ عَلَيْكَ • وَ مَا كَانَ لِرَسُوْلِ اَنْ يَاثِيَ بِايَةٍ اللَّهِ بِاذْنِ اللَّهِ، فَإِذَا جَاءَ آمُرُ اللَّهِ قُضِيَ بِالْحَقِّ وَخَسِرَهُنَالِكَ الْمُبْطِلُوْنَ۞

اَللَّهُ الَّذِيْ جَعَلَ لَكُمُ الْأَنْعَامَ لِتَرْكَبُوْا مِنْهَا وَ مِنْهَا تَاْكُلُوْنَ شُ وَلَكُمْ فِيْهَا مَنَافِعُ وَ لِتَبْلُغُوْا عَلَيْهَا حَاجَةً فِيْ صُدُوْرِكُمْ وَ عَلَيْهَا وَ عَلَى الْفُلْكِ تُحْمَلُوْنَ ()

وَ يُرِيحُمْ اليتِهِ \* فَاَتِّ اليتِ اللهِ تُنْكِرُوْنَ»

ٱ فَكَمْ يَسِيْرُوْا فِي الْأَرْضِ فَيَنْظُرُوْا

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (see details of transiteration on page 'p').$ 

the end of those who were before them? They were more numerous than these, and mightier in power and *in* the marks *they left behind them* in the earth. But all that which they earned was of no avail to them.

84. And when their Messengers came to them with manifest Signs, they exulted in the knowledge which they possessed. And that at which they mocked encompassed them.

85. And when they saw Our punishment, they said: 'We believe in Allāh alone and we reject all that which we used to associate with Him.'

86. But their faith could not profit them *at the time* when they saw Our punishment. This is Allāh's law that has *ever* been in operation in respect of His servants. And thus have perished those who disbelieved. كَيْفَ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ الَّذَيْنَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ د كَانُوْا أَحْثَرَ مِنْهُمْ وَ أَشَدَّ قُوَّةً وَّ أَثَارًا فِ الْأَرْضِ فَمَآ أَغْنَى عَنْهُمْ مَّاكَانُوْا يَكْسِبُوْنَ ٢ فَكَمّا جَاءَتْهُمْ رُسُلُهُمْ بِالْبَيِّنْتِ فَرِحُوْا بِمَاعِنْدَهُمْ مِّنْ الْعِلْمِ وَحَاقَ بِهِمْ مَّا كَانُوْا بِم يَسْتَهْ زِءُوْنَ ؟ فَلَمَّا دَاوًا تَأْسَبُ قَالُوًا أُمَنًّا باللهِ وَحْدَة وَ كَفَرْنَا بِمَا كُنَّا بِم مُشْرِكِيْنَ 🐼 فَلَهُ بَكُ تَنْفَعُهُمْ انْمَانُهُمْ لَمَّ رَاوْا بَاْسَنَا ، سُنَّتَ اللهِ الَّحِيْ قَدْخَلَتْ فِيْ عِبَادِمْ ، وَخَسِرَ هُنَالِكَ المحفرون

ي ا

فَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ Part 24 - ۲۴ خم الشَحْرَة (٢ - Chapter 41

**HĀ MĪM AS-SAJDAH** (Revealed before Ilijrah)

 In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.
 Hā Mīm.‡

3. *This is* a revelation from the Gracious, the Merciful.

\*4. A Book, the verses of which have been expounded in detail—the Qur'ān in clear, eloquent language—for a people who have knowledge,

5. A bringer of glad tidings and a warner. But most of them turn away and they hear not.

6. And they say: 'Our hearts are under covers *and are protected* against that to which thou callest us, and in our ears there is a \*\* deafness, and between us and thee

there is a screen. So carry on thy work; we too are working.

7. Say, 'I am only a man like you. It is revealed to me that your God is One God; so go ye straight to Him *without deviating*, and ask forgiveness of Him.' And woe to the idolaters,

8. Who give not the Zakāt, and they it is who deny the Hereafter.

بشمرائله الرَّحْمٰن الرَّ لَقَوْم تَعْلَمُوْنَ ٢ بَشَيْرًا وَّ نَذِيرًا ، فَأَعْرَضَ أَحْتُرُهُمْ فَهُمْ كَا تَسْمَعُوْنَ ٥ وَ قَالُوْا قُلُوْلُنَا فِي آَكَنَّة مَّمَّ اكَتِه وَ فِنْ إِذَانِنَا وَقُرُ وَ مِ فاغ لى ججاب عمكةن قُلْ انْجَآ أَنَّا كَشُ لَهُ قَاح اشتغف 5 مُوَّا الْمُ ۵ بُوْتُوْتَ الزَّحُوةَ وَ هُمْ الاخرة همركفرون.

<sup>‡</sup> The Praiseworthy, the Lord of Honour.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ dh \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ s \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ \frac{1}{2} \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ \frac{1}{2} \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ \stackrel{\circ}{$ 

<sup>\*4.</sup> A Book, the verses of which have been expounded in detail—oft recited, made manifestly clear for a people who have knowledge.

<sup>\*6.</sup> and between us and you there is a veil. So carry on your work; we too are working.'

9. As to those who believe and do good works, they will surely have a reward that will never end.

# R. 2.

- \*10. Say: 'Do you really disbelieve in Him Who created the earth in two days? And do you set up equals to Him?' That is the Lord of the worlds.
- \*11. He placed therein firm mountains rising above its *surface*, and blessed it *with abundance*, and provided therein its foods in proper measure in four days—alike for *all* seekers.

12. Then He turned to the heaven while it was *something like* smoke, and said to it and to the earth: 'Come ye both of you, willingly or unwillingly.' They said, 'We come willingly.'

13. So He completed them into seven heavens in two days, and He revealed to each heaven its function. And We adorned the lowest heaven with lamps *for light* and for protection. That is the decree of the Mighty, the All-Knowing.

14. But if they turn away, then say: 'I warn you of a destructive punishment like the punishment which *overtook* 'Ād and Thamūd.'

15. When their Messengers came to them from before them and behind them, *saving*: 'Worship none but

اِنَّ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّلِحَتِ لَهُمْ اَجْزَ غَيْرُ مَمْنُوْنِ أَ قُلْ اَئِنَّ كُمْ لَتَكُفُرُوْنَ بِالَّذِيْ خَلَقَ الأَرْضَ فِي يَوْمَيْنِ وَ تَجْعَلُوْنَ لَهَ انْدَادًا لَ لَكَ مَنْ وَيَهَا رَوَاسِيَ مِنْ فَوْقِهَا وَ بَرَكَ فِيْهَا وَ قَدَّرَ فِيْهَآ اَقْوَاتَهَا فِيْ ارْبَعَةِ اسْتَوَى إلى السَمَاءِ وَهِيَ دُخَانَ فَقَالَ لَهَا وَلِلْاَرْضِ الْتِيَا طَوْعًا اَوْ كَوْهًا وَالْتَا اَتَدْبَا طَائِعِيْنَ آَ

فَقَضْ لَهُنَّ سَبْعَمَ سَلْوَتٍ فِي يَوْمَيْنِ وَ اَوْلَى فِيْ كُلِّ سَمَاءٍ اَمْرَهَا ، وَ زَيَّنَّا السَّمَاء الدُّنْيَا بِمَصَابِيْحَ ، وَ حِفْظًا، ذلِكَ تَقْدِيرُ الْحَزِيْزِ الْعَلِيْمِ فَوَلْ الْحَدَقُوْا فَقُلْ اَنْذَرْتُكُمْ صَعِقَةً مِثْلَ صَعِقَةِ عَادٍ وَّ تَمُوْدَ ﴾ وَ مِنْ خَلْفِهِمْ الرُّسُلُ مِنْ بَيْنِ اَيُدِيْهِمْ وَ مِنْ خَلْفِهِمْ الرَّسُلُ مِنْ بَيْنِ اَيُدِيْهِمْ

\*10. Say: 'Do you really disbelieve in Him Who created the earth in two periods?

\*11. He set therein firm mountains rising above its *surface*, and **placed blessings therein and** finely balanced its means of sustenance in four periods alike for *all* who seek.

 $a \ i \ u \ \mid \ h \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \tau \ \mid \ dh \ \Rightarrow \ \mid \ s \ (see details of transilieration on page \ p').$ 

فمر الشَجْدَة ٢١ - Chapter 41

Allāh,' they said: 'If our Lord had *so* willed, He would have certainly sent down angels. So we do disbelieve in that with which you have been sent.'

16. As for 'Ād, they behaved arrogantly in the earth without any justification and said, 'Who is mightier than we in power?' Do they not see that Allāh, Who created them, is mightier than they in power? Still they continued to deny Our Signs.

17. So We sent upon them a furious wind for several ominous days, that We might make them taste the punishment of humiliation in this life. And the punishment of the Hereafter will surely be more humiliating, and they will not be helped.

18. And as for Thamūd, We gave them guidance, but they preferred blindness to guidance, so the calamity of a humiliating punishment seized them, on account of what they had earned.

19. And We saved those who believed and acted righteously.

## R. 3.

\*20. And on the day when the enemies of Allāh will be gathered together and driven to the Fire, they will be goaded on.

قَالُوْا لَوْ شَاءَ رَتُنَا كَأَنْزَلَ مَلْئِكَةً فَإِنَّا بِمَآ أَرْسِلْتُمْرِبِهِ كَفِرُوْنَ،

فَاَمَّا عَادً فَاسْتَكْبَرُوْا فِ الْأَرْضِ بِغَيْرِ الْحَقِّ وَ قَالُوْا مَنْ أَشَدُّ مِنَّا قُوَّةً ﴿ أَ وَ لَمْ يَرَوْا أَتَّ اللَّهُ الَّذِي خَلَقَهُمْ هُوَ ٱشَدُّ مِنْهُمْ قُوَّةً ﴿ وَكَانُوْا باليتِنَا يَجْحَدُوْنَ. فَا اسْلْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ رِيْحًا صَرْصَرًا فْ آيَّامِ نَّجِسَاتٍ لِّنُذَيْقَهُمْ عَذَابَ الْخِزْي في الْحَيْوةِ الدُّنْيَا ، وَ لَعَذَابُ الأجرة أخزى وَهُمْ كَا يُنْصَرُوْنَ ٢ وَ آمَّا ثَمُوْدُ فَهَدَيْنَهُمْ فَاسْتَحَتُوا الْعَمٰى عَلَى الْهُدِي فَاخَذَتْهُمْ صعِقَةُ الْعَذَابِ الْهُوْنِ بِمَا كَانُوْا ىڭسبۇن& وَ نَجَّيْنَا الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَ كَا وَ يَهْ مَ يُحْشَرُ أَعْدَاءُ الله إلى النَّار فَهُمْ بُهْزَعُهْنَ.

\*20. And on the day when the enemies of Allah will be flocked together and led to the fire, they will be marched in order.

بج

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ | \ condition on page 'p').$   $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ | \ condition on page 'p').$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

21. Till, when they reach it, their ears and their eyes and their skins will bear witness against them as to what they had been doing.

22. And they will say to their skins: 'Why bear ye witness against us?' They will say: 'Allāh has made us to speak as He has made everything *else* to speak. And He it is Who created you the first time, and unto Him have you been brought back.

23. 'And you did not fear *while committing sins* that your ears and your eyes and your skins would bear witness against you, nay, you thought that *even* Allāh did not know much of what you used to do.

24. 'And that thought of yours, which you entertained concerning your Lord, has ruined you. So *now* you have become of those who are lost.'

- \*25. Now if they can endure, the Fire is their abode; and if they ask for forgiveness, they are not of those whom forgiveness can be shown.
- \*26. And We had assigned for them companions who made *to appear* attractive to them what was before

حَتَّى إذا مَا جَأَءُوْهَا شَهدَ عَلَيْهُمُ سَمْعُهُمْ وَ ٱنْصَارُهُمْ وَ جُلُوْدُهُمْ بِمَا كانُدْا تعْمَلُوْنَ () وَ قَالُوْا لِجُلُوْدِهِمْ لِمَ شَهِدْ عَلَيْنَا ﴿ قَالُهُ الْنُطَعَنَا اللهُ الَّذِي ٱنْطَقَ كُلُّ شَيْءِ وَّ هُوَ خَلَقَكُمْ أَوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ وَّ إِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُوْنَ ? وَمَا كُنْتُمْ تَسْتَتَرُوْنَ آَنْ تَشْهَرَ عَلَيْكُمْ سَمْعُكُمْ وَ لَآ ٱبْصَادُكُمْ وَلَا حُلُوْدُكُمْ وَلَكِنْ ظَنَنْ تُمْ آنَّ اللَّهَ لَا ىغلَم كَثْبُرًا مَّمَّا تَعْمَلُوْنَ ٢ وَ ذَاكُمْ ظَنُّكُمُ الَّذِي ظَنَنْتُمْ برَتِكُم آدَدِيكُمْ فَأَصْبَحْتُمْ الْخْسِرِيْنَ @ فَإِنْ تَصْبِرُوْا فَالنَّارُ مَثْوًى لَّهُمْ ، وَإِنْ تكشتك تشتغتكوا فكما هم تج

وَ قَيَّضْنَا لَهُمْ قُرَنَاءَ فَزَيَّنُوْا لَهُمْ مَّابَيْنَ آيدِيْهِمْ وَ مَا خَلْفَهُمْ وَ حَقَّ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau | \ h \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \ \dot$ 

<sup>\*25.</sup> Now if they can endure, the Fire is their abode; and if they seek a hearing they will not be of those who are heard.

<sup>26.</sup> And We had assigned for them companions who made to appear attractive to them that which had gone before and that which lay ahead of them; and the judgement was passed against them as it was passed regarding the peoples before them belonging to the Jinn (great people) or common men. Surely, they were the losers.

202

ضمر الشَجْدَة الم - Chapter 41 - ٢١

them and what was behind them; and the sentence became due against them along with the communities of Jinn and mankind that had gone before them. Surely, they were *the* losers.

## R. 4.

27. And those who disbelieve say: 'Listen not to this Qur'ān, but make noise during its *recital* that you may have the upper hand.'

28. And most certainly We will make those who disbelieve taste a severe punishment, and, most certainly, We will requite them for the worst of their deeds.

29. That is the reward of the enemies of Allāh—the Fire. For them there will be an abiding home therein as a requital because they used to deny Our Signs.

30. And those who disbelieve will say, 'Our Lord, show us those who led us astray from among both the Jinn and men, that we may put them under our feet so that both of them may become of the lowest.'

31. *As for* those who say, 'Our Lord is Allāh,' and then remain steadfast, the angels descend on them, *saying*: 'Fear ye not, nor grieve; and rejoice in the Garden that you were promised.

عَلَيْهِمُ الْقَوْلُ فِنَي أُمَمٍ قَدْخَلَتُ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ مِّنَ الْجِنِّ وَالْإِنْسِ، إِنَّهُمْكَانُوْا خُسِرِيْنَ۞

وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا لَا تَسْمَعُوْا لِهٰذَا الْقُرْانِ وَ الْغَوْا فِيْهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَغْلِبُهْنَ فَلَنُذَيْقَنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا عَذَابًا شَدِيدًا " وَ لَنَجْزِيَنَّهُمْ ٱسْوَالَّذِيْ كانفا يعملون ذٰلِكَ جَزَاءُ أَعْدَاءِ اللهِ النَّارُ ، لَهُمْ فِيْهَا دَارُ الْخُلْدِ ، جَزَاءً بِمَا كَانُوْا باليتنا يَجْحَدُوْنَ وَ قَالَ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا رَبَّنَآ أَرِنَا الَّذَيْنِ أَضَلّْنَا مِنَ الْجِنِّ وَ الْإِنْسِ نَجْعَلْهُمَا تَحْتَ ٱقْرَامِنَا لِتَكُوْنَا مِنَ الْأَسْفَدِيْنَ ٢ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ قَالُوْا رَبُّنَا اللهُ ثُمَّر

رَكْ أُدْوِيْنْ قَالُوا رَبْتُ أَلَّهُ تَمَ اسْتَقَامُوْا تَتَنَزَّلُ عَلَيْهِمُ الْمَلَّئِكَةُ الَّهُ تَخَافُوْا وَ لَا تَحْزَنُوْا وَ اَبْشِرُوْا بِالْجَنَّةِ الَّتِيْ كُنْتُمْ تُوْعَدُوْنَ@ 3

32. 'We are your friends in this life and in the Hereafter. Therein you will have all that your souls will desire, and therein you will have all that you will ask for—

33. 'An entertainment from the Most Forgiving, the Merciful.'

#### R. 5.

34. And who is better in speech than he who invites *men* to Allāh and does good works and says, '1 am surely of those who submit?'

35. And good and evil are not alike. Repel *evil* with that which is best. And lo, he between whom and thyself was enmity will become as though he were a warm friend.

\*36. But none is granted it save those who are steadfast; and none is granted it save those who possess a large share of good.

37. And if an incitement from Satan incite thee, then seek refuge in Allāh. Surely He is the All-Hearing, the All-Knowing.

38. And among His Signs are the night and the day and the sun and the moon. Prostrate not yourselves before the sun, nor before the moon, but prostrate yourselves before Allāh, Who created them, if it is Him Whom you *really* worship.

نَحْنُ ٱوْلِيَّوُّ كُمْ فِ الْحَيْوةِ الدُّنْيَا وَ فِ الْاخِرَةِ ، وَلَكُمْ فِيْهَا مَا تَشْتَعِيَّ ٱنْفُسُكُمْ وَلَكُمْ فِيْهَا مَا تَدَّعُوْنَ شَ نُزُلًا مِّنْ غَفُوْرٍ تَحِيْمٍ شَ

وَ مَنْ أَحْسَنُ قَوْلًا مِّمَّنْ دَعَا إِلَى اللهِ وَ عَمِلَ صَالِحًا وَّ قَالَ إِنَّبَىٰ مِنَ الْمُسْلِمِيْنَ. وَلا تَسْتَوى الْحَسَنَةُ وَلَا السَّيِّئَةُ • إِدْفَعْ بِالَّتِيْ هِيَ أَحْسَنُ فَإِذَا الَّذِي تنتك وَ تَسْتَبَهُ عَدَاوَةً حَانَيْهُ وَلِنَّ حَمِنْمُ ٢ وَ مَا تُكَقَّبُهَا إِلَّا الَّذِينَ صَبَرُوْا ، وَ مَا بُلَقّْ بِهَا إِلَّا ذُوْ حَظَّ عَظِيْم ٢ وَ إِمَّا يَنْذَغَنَّكَ مِرْجَى الشَّيْطِ، نَنْغُ فَاسْتَعِذْ بِاللهِ ﴿ إِنَّهُ هُوَ السَّ الْعَلَيْمُ ٢ وَ مِنْ الْبِيهِ الْمُلُهِ وَا وَ الْقَمَرُ ﴿ لَا تَسْجُدُوْا لِلشَّهِ لِلْقَمَرِ وَاسْجُدُوْا بِتَّهِ اتَّذِيْ ان كُنْتُمْ إِيَّاهُ تَعْبُدُوْنَ.

\* 36. But none is granted that save those who are steadfast; and none is granted that except the one who possesses a large share of excellence.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (see details of transiteration on page 'p').$ 

i.

39. But if they turn away with disdain *they do it to their own detriment*, while those who are with thy Lord glorify Him night and day, and they are never wearied.

- \*40. And among His Signs is *this*: that thou seest the earth *lying* withered, but when We send down water on it, it stirs and swells *with verdure*. Surely, He Who quickened it can quicken the dead. Verily He has power over all things.
- \*41. Surely, those who deviate *from the right path* with respect to Our Signs are not hidden from Us. Is he, then, who is cast into the Fire better or he who comes out safe on the Day of Resurrection? Do what you will. Surely He sees all that you do.

42. Those who disbelieve in the Reminder when it comes to them *are the losers*. And, truly, it is a mighty Book.

43. Falsehood cannot approach it *either* from before or from behind it. *It is* a revelation from the Wise, the Praiseworthy.

44. Nothing is said to thee but what was said to the Messengers before thee. Thy Lord is indeed the Master of forgiveness; and *also* the Master of painful chastisement.

فَانِ اسْتَكْبَرُوْا فَالَّذِيْنَ عِنْدَ رَبِّكَ حُوْنَ لَهُ بِالَّيْلِ وَ النَّهَادِ وَهُمْ كا تىشىخەن 🕅 وَ مِنْ الْبِيهَ ٱنَّلِكَ تَبَرَى الْآدْضَ خَاشِعَةً فَاذًا آنْزَلْنَا عَلَيْهَا الْمَاءَ اهْتَنَّاتْ وَ رَبَتْ ، إِنَّ الَّذِيَّ أَحْيَاهَا لَمُثْي الْمَهْ فِي دِانَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيْرُ ٢ انَّ الَّذِينَ تُلْحِدُوْنَ فِنَ الْتِنَا لَا بَخْفَهْنَ عَلَيْنَا ﴿ أَفَمَنْ يُلْعَى فِي النَّارِ خَيْرُ آمَرِمَّنْ تَبْآتَ أَمِنًا تَهْمَ الْقَلْمَةَ اعْمَلُوْا مَا شَئْتُمْ الآَنَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَا تصير اِنَّ الَّذْ نَ كَفَرُوْا بِالذِّكْرِ لَمَّا حَاءَهُمْ ، وَإِنَّهُ لَكِتْبٌ عَزِيْزُ ٣ لاً تأتنبه الْبَاطِلُ مِنْ بَيْنِ يَدَيْهِ خَلْفه ﴿ تَنْزَيْلُ مِّنْ حَكِيْه قَتْلِكَ مِانَّ رَتَكَ لَذُوْ مَ وَّذُوْعِقَابِ ٱلِيْمِ ٣

\*40. And among His Signs is *this*: that **you see the earth dried up**, but when We send down water on it, it stirs and swells *with verdure*.

\*41. Surely, those who quarrel regarding Our Signs are not hidden from Us.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ | \ th \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ dh \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ s \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ \begin{array}{c} q \\ \hline \eta_{06} \\ \hline \eta_{06} \\ \hline \eta_{06} \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} b \\ \hline \eta_{16} \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} | \ z \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} | \ s \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} | \ gh \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ p \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} | \ s \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} | \ s \end{array} \begin{array}{c} | \ s \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} | \ s \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} | \ s \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \end{array}$  \\c} \end{array} \end{array} \\c} \end{array} \\c} \end{array} \\c} \end{array}

200

45. And if We had made it a Qur'ān in a foreign tongue, they surely would have said, 'Why have not its verses been made clear? What! a foreign tongue and an Arab?' Say, 'It is a guidance and a healing for those who believe.' But *as to those* who believe not, there is a deafness in their ears, and it is blindness for them. They are, *as it were*, being called to from a far off place.

# R. 6.

46. And We did give Moses the Book, but differences were created concerning it; and had it not been for a word that had gone before from thy Lord, *the matter* would have been decided between them; and certainly they are in a disquieting doubt about it.

47. Whoso does right, it is for his own soul; and whoso does evil, it will *only go* against it. And thy Lord is not at all unjust to *His* servants.

48. To Him *alone* is referred the knowledge of the Hour. And no fruits come forth from their spathes, nor does any female bear *a child*, nor does she give birth *to it*, but with His

\*knowledge. And on the day when He will call unto them, *saying*, "Where are My 'Partners'?" they will say, 'We declare unto Thee, not one of us is a witness *thereto*.'

وَلَوْ جَعَلْنُهُ قُرَانًا ٱعْجَمِيًّا لَقَالُوْا لَوْ لَا فُصِّلَتْ التُهُ - ٢ آعْجَمِيًّا تَقَالُوْا لَوْ قُلْ هُوَ لِلَّذِيْنَ امْنُوْا هُدًى وَ شِفَاءً -وَ الَّذِيْنَ لَا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ فِيَّ اذَانِهِمْ وَقَرَ وَ هُوَ عَلَيْهِمْ عَمًى - أولَئِكَ يُنَادَوْنَ مِنْ مَكَانٍ بَعِيْدٍ هَ

ۅَؗؖٮٞقَدْ اٰتَؽنَا مُوْسَى الْكِتْبَ فَاخْتُلِفَ فِيْهِ • وَلَوْ لَا كَلِمَةً سَبَقَتْ مِنْ رَّبِّكَ لَقُضِيَ بَيْنَهُمْ • وَ اِنَّهُمْ لَغِيْ شَلَّ مِنْهُ مُرِيْبٍ ٣

مَنْ عَمِلَ صَالِحًا فَلِنَفْسِهٖ وَمَنْ ٱسَاءَ فَعَلَيْهَا ؞ وَمَا دَبُّكَ بِظُلَّامٍ لِّلْعَبِيْدِ **إِلَيْهِ يُرَدُّ** عِلْمُالسَّاعَةِ وَمَا تَخْرُجُ مِنْ أَنْتَى وَلَا تَضَعُ إِلَّا بِعِلْمِهِ دو يَوْمَ مِنْ أَنْتَى وَلَا تَضَعُ إِلَّا بِعِلْمِهِ دو يَوْمَ مَامِنَّا مِنْ شَهِيْدٍ شَ

**\***48. And *think of* the day when He will call them, *saying*, 'Where are the partners attributed to Me?' They will say, 'We declare to You, there is none among us as a witness *to that*.'

\*49. And all that they used to call upon before will be lost to them, and they will know for certain that they have no place of escape.

50. Man does not tire of praying for good; but if evil touch him, he despairs, *and* gives up *all* hope.

51. And if We make him taste of mercy from Ourself, after *some* affliction that has befallen him, he will surely say, 'This is my due; and I do not think the Hour will *ever* come. But if I am returned to my Lord, I shall surely have with Him the very best.' Then We will surely tell the disbelievers all that they did, and We will certainly make them taste hard punishment.

\*52. And when We bestow a favour on man, he goes away, turning aside; but when evil touches him, lo! he starts offering long prayers.

53. Say, 'Tell me: if it is from Allāh but you disbelieve in it—who is more astray than one who has drifted away *from Allāh*?'

\*54. Soon We will show them Our Signs in all parts of the earth, and among their own people until it

-SAJDAH	Chapter	1 1	مر السبوه ا
ۇت مِنْ قَبْلُ	نُوْا يَدْعُ	لم ممّاكًا	وَضَلَّ عَنْهُ
ں ۳	ڹٛڡٞۜڿؽۅٟ	ؙۿۯڞ	وَ ظَنُّوْا مَا لَ
عاءِ الْخَيْرِد			
			ۇإنْتَمْتَمْهُ
نَّىا مِنْ بَعْدِ			
لهذا بيْ اوَ مَآ			
لَئِنْ رُّجِعْتُ			
ا لَلْحُسْنَى:			
ابِمَا عَمِلُوْاد			
غَلِيْظٍ <sup>®</sup>	نُ عَذَابٍ	ۿؗۿڔڞؚ	<u></u> وَلَنُـزِيْقَةً
سانِ ٱعْرَضَ	ب الإن	نماعكم	وإذآ أنعه
هُ الشَّرُّ فَذُوْ	إذا مَشّ		
			دُعَاءٍ عَرِيْةٍ
ڡؚڹٛڔٵٮڷۅؿؙؗۿٙ			
مِمَّنْ هُوَ فِيْ	، ٱضَلُّ	، مَنْ	كَفَرْتُمْ بِ
		<u>ہ</u>	شْقَاقٍ بَعِيْ
لَّاتِ وَ فِيْ	ف الأف	ليتينا	سنريهما
راً نَّهُ الْحَقُّ	ؠؾؘٞۘؽؘڶۿۿ	ؾ۠ؽؾؘ	ٱنْفُسِهِمْ حَ

\*54. Soon We will show them Our Signs *appearing* on the horizon and within themselves until it becomes manifest to them that it is the truth.

<sup>\*49.</sup> And all that they used to call upon before will be lost to them, then will they realise that there is no escape for them.

<sup>\*52.</sup> And when We bestow a favour on man, he ignores *it* and turns aside; but when evil touches him, lo! there he is a supplicant of long prayers.

becomes manifest to them that it is the truth. Is it not enough that thy Lord is Witness over all things?

55. Aye, they are surely in doubt concerning the meeting with their Lord. Aye, He certainly encompasses all things.

ٱ وَ لَـمْ يَكْفِ بِرَبِّكَ ٱنَّـهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيدً ٱلَا لِنَّهُمْ فِيْ مِرْيَةٍ مِّنْ لِقَاءِ رَبِّهِمْ ٱلَا لِنَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ مُحِيْطً۞



ASH-SHŪRĀ (Revealed before IIijrah)

 In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.
 Hā Mīm.†

3. 'Ain Sīn Qāf.‡

\*4. Thus has Allāh, the Mighty, the Wise, been revealing to thee and to those that preceded thee.

5. To Him belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is in the earth, and He is the High, the Great.

\*6. The heavens may well-nigh rend asunder from above them; and the angels glorify their Lord with His praise and ask forgiveness for those on the earth. Behold! it is surely Allāh Who is the Most Forgiving, the Merciful.

7. And *as for* those who take *for themselves* protectors beside Him, Allāh watches over them; and thou art not a guardian over them.

\*8. Thus have We revealed to thee

سسم الله الرَّحْمن الرَّحِثم () كَذٰلِكَ يُوْجِي إِلَيْكَ وَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ اللهُ الْعَزِيْزُ الْحَكِيْمُ () لَهُ مَانِي السَّهٰوَتِ وَ مَا فِ الْآَرْضِ -وَهُوَ الْعَلِيُّ الْعَظِيْمَ () تَكَادُ السَّيْهَاتُ يَتَفَطَّرْنَ مِنْ فَوْقِعِنَّ وَ الْمَلَئِكَةُ يُسَبِّحُوْتَ بِحَمْدٍ رَبِّهِمْ وَيَسْتَغْفِرُوْنَ لِمَنْ فِي الْأَرْضِ ﴿ ٱلَّآ إِنَّ الله هو الْعَفُوْرُ الرَّحِيْمُ () وَ الَّذِينَ اتَّخَذُوْا مِنْ دُوْنِهَ ٱوْلِياً؟ اللهُ حَفِيْظٌ عَلَيْهِمْ ۖ وَمَآ ٱنْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ بۇكِيْل وَكَذَلِكَ أَوْحَبْنَآ إِلَيْكَ قُرْ إِنَّا عَرَيتًا

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup>The Praiseworthy, the Lord of Honour.

The All-Knowing, the All-Hearing, the Possessor of Power.

<sup>\*4.</sup> Thus Allāh, the Mighty, the Wise, reveals to you and *has revealed* to those that preceded you.
\*6. The heavens may rend asunder in their celestial heights; and the angels glorify their Lord with His praise and ask forgiveness for those on the earth.

<sup>\*8.</sup> Thus have We revealed to you the Qur'ān in Arabie that you may warn the Mother of townships, and all around it; and *that* you may warn *them* of the Day of Gathering whereof there is no doubt: A section will abide in the gardens of *Paradise* and a section will be in a blazing Fire.

Note: The first house ever built for the purpose of worship of Allāh was *al-Ka'bah* (مکتبه) situated in a township named Mecca. It is this township which is referred to as *Ummul-Qura* (الإنظرى) (the mother of all townships). This expression may signify its importance with relation to all other

the Qur'ān in Arabic, that thou mayest warn the Mother of towns, and all around it; and *that* thou mayest warn *them* of the Day of Gathering whereof there is no doubt: A party *will be* in the Garden, and a party in the blazing Fire.

9. And if Allāh had *so* pleased, He could have made them one people; but He admits into His mercy whomsoever He pleases. And *as for* the wrongdoers, they will have no protector and no helper.

10. Have they taken *for themselves* protectors other than Him? But it is Allāh Who is the *real* Protector. And He quickens the dead, and He has power over all things.

#### R. 2.

11. And in whatsoever you differ, the decision thereof *rests* with Allāh. *Say*: 'Such is Allāh, my Lord; in Him I put my trust, and to Him I *always* turn.'

\*12. *He is* the Maker of the heavens and the earth. He has made for you pairs of your own selves, and of the cattle *also He has made* pairs. He multiplies you therein. There is nothing whatever like unto Him; and He is the All-Hearing, the All-Seeing. لِّتُنْذِرَ أُمَّرَ الْقُرٰى وَ مَنْ حَوْلَهَا وَ تُنْذِرَ يَوْمَ الْجَمْعِ كَا رَيْبَ فِيْهِ • فَرِيْقً فِي الْجَنَّةِ وَ فَرِيْقٌ فِي السَّعِيْرِ ۞

وَلَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ لَجَعَلَهُمْ أُمَّةً وَّاحِدَةً وَ لَكِنْ يُدْخِلُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ فِي رَحْمَتِهِ وَ الظَّلِمُوْنَ مَا لَهُمْ مِّنْ وَ لِدٍّ وَ لَا نَصِيْرِ امَر اتَّخَذُوْا مِنْ دُوْنِهَ آوْلِيَاءَ ، فَاللَّهُ هُوَالُوَلِيُّ وَ هُوَ يُحْيِ الْمَوْقُ دَوَ هُوَ عَلَى حُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَرِيْرَ أَ

وَمَا اخْتَلَفْتُمْ فِيْهِ مِنْ شَيْءٍ فَحُكْمُهَ إلى الله ، ذٰلِكُمُ اللهُ رَبِّيْ عَلَيْهِ تَوَحَّلْتُ ٥ وَالَيْهِ أُنِيْبُ ٥ فَاطِرُ السَّهٰ تِ وَالْاَ دُضِ ، جَعَلَ

كَرِّ (مُسْتَمُوكِ (مَرَّ رَرِكَ يَجْعَنَ) لَكُمْ مِّنْ ٱنْفُسِكُمْ ٱ ذَوَاجًا وَ مِنَ الْآنْحَامِ آ ذَوَاجًا ، يَذْ رَؤُكُمْ فِيْهِ لَيْسَ كَمِثْلِهِ شَيْءً ، وَّ هُوَ السَّمِيْحُ

غ

$$a \ i \ u \ | \ th$$
 أخ $| \ kh \neq | \ kh \neq | \ dh \ i \ s = 0$  م  $i \ kh \neq | \ dh \neq 0$  م  $i \ kh \neq | \ dh \neq 0$  (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

cities or it may also literally mean to be the first township ever built. In that case it would imply that in the ancient times, in the same place where Mecca is situated, a township gradually grew around the house of God when it was initially built by some unknown people. Mankind learned to build townships in imitation of this. As such it can be referred to as the mother of all townships. \* 12. *He is* the **Prime Creator** of the heavens and the earth. **He made pairs from among you and also pairs from among the cattle for your benefit**.

13. To Him belong the keys of the heavens and the earth. He enlarges the provision for whomsoever He pleases and straitens *it for whomsoever He pleases*. Surely, He knows all things full well.

14. He has prescribed for you the religion which He enjoined on Noah, and which We have revealed to thee, and which We enjoined on Abraham and Moses and Jesus, *saying*, 'Remain steadfast in obedience, and be not divided therein. Hard upon the idolaters is that to which thou callest them. Allāh chooses for Himself whom He pleases, and guides to Himself him who turns *to Him.*'

\*15. And they did not become divided but after knowledge had come to them, through jealousy among themselves. And had it not been for a word that had already gone forth from thy Lord for an appointed term, *the matter* would surely have been decided between them. And surely those who were made to inherit the Book after them are in a disquieting doubt concerning it.

16. To this, then, do thou invite *mankind*. And be thou steadfast as thou art commanded, and follow not their evil inclinations, but say, 'I believe in whatever Book Allāh

لَهُ مَقَالِنَهُ الشَّهٰ فِ وَالْأَرْضِ، يَبْسُطُ الرَّزْقَ لِمَنْ يَشَاءُ وَ يَقْدِدُ إِنَّهُ بِكُلٍّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيْمَ <sup>(</sup>)

شَرَعَ لَكُمْ مِّنَ الرِّيْنِ مَا وَصَّى بِه نُوْحًا وَّ الَّذِي آوْحَيْنَآ الَيْكَ وَ مَا وَصَّيْنَا بِهَ إِبْرَهِيْمَ وَ مُوْسَى وَ عِيْلَى آن آقِيْ مُوا الرِّيْنَ وَلَا تَتَفَرَّقُوْا فِيْهِ كَبُرَ عَلَى الْمُشْرِكِيْنَ مَا تَدْعُوْهُمْ الْيَهِ الْيَهِ مَنْ يَشَآءُ وَ مَا تَفَرَّقُوْا الَّا مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا جَآءَهُمُ الْعِلْمُ بَغْيَّ بَيْهَمُ ، وَ لَوْ لَا كَلِمَةً سَبَقَتْ مِنْ رَبِّكَ إِلَى أَبْعَلِ مُسَمَّى

شبغت مِن رَبِكَ إِنَّى اَجَلٍ مُسَمَّى لَّقُضِيَ بَيْنَهُمْ ، وَ اِتَّ الَّذِيْنَ أُوَرِتُوا الْكِتْبَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ لَغِيْ شَاحٍّ مِّنْهُ مُرِيْبٍ®

فَلِذٰلِكَ فَادْعُ ، وَ اسْتَقِمْ كَمَا أُمِرْتَ ، وَلَا تَتَّبِعُ آهْوَا مَهُمْ ، وَ قُلْ أَمَنْتُ بِمَا آنْزَلَ اللهُ مِنْ كِتْبٍ ، وَ أُمِرْتُ

\*15. They did not differ and split, but after knowledge had come to them, *they did so* out of envy against each other.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ (\frac{1}{2})^{2} \qquad (see details of transliteration on page 'p').$ 

has sent down, and I am commanded to judge justly between you. Allāh is our Lord and your Lord. For us is the reward of our works, and for you the reward of your works. There is no quarrel between us and you. Allāh will gather us together, and to Him is the return.'

17. And those who dispute concerning Allāh after He has been accepted—their dispute is futile in the sight of their Lord; and on them is *God's* wrath and for them will be a severe punishment.

18. Allāh it is Who has sent down the Book with truth and *also* the Balance. And what will make thee know that the Hour may be near at hand?

19. Those who believe not therein seek to hasten it; but those who believe are fearful of it, and know that it is the truth. Beware! those who dispute concerning the Hour are in error, far gone.

\*20. Allāh is Benignant to His servants. He provides for whom He pleases. And He is the Powerful, the Mighty. **B.3**.

21. Whoso desires the harvest of the Hereafter, We give him increase in his harvest; and whoso desires

\*20. Allāh is **exquisitely kind** to His servants.

اَنشَّوْرَى ۲۲ - Chapter 42 - ۲۲ لأعدل بَيْنَكُمْ ﴿ اَللَّهُ رَبُّنَا وَ رَبُّكُمْ ﴿ لَنَّآ ٱعْمَالُنَّا وَلَكُمْ ٱعْمَارُكُمْ لَا حُجَّةَ بَيْنَنا وَبَنْنَكُمْ ﴿ اَللَّهُ مَحْمَعُ بَيْنَنَا وَإِلَيْهِ الْمَصِيْرُ أَنَّ وَ الَّذِينَ يُحَاجُّونَ فِي اللهِ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا اسْتُجِيْبَ لَهُ حُجَّتُهُمْ دَاحِضَةً عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ وَ عَلَيْهِمْ غَضَبٌ وَّ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ ۺؘۮؽڋٞ۞ ٱىللهُ الَّذِيٓ ٱنْزَلَ الْكِتْبَ بِالْحَقِّ وَ الْمِيْزَانَ ، وَ مَا يُدْرِيْكَ لَعَلَّ السَّاعَةَ قَرِيْبُ يَسْتَعْجِلُ بِهَا الَّذِيْنَ لَا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِهَا ، وَ اتَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا مُشْفِقُوْنَ مِنْهَا، وَيَعْلَمُوْنَ ٱنَّهَا الْحَقُّ ، ٱلآراتَ الَّذِينَ يُمَادُوْنَ فِي السَّاعَةِ لَغِيْ ضَلْلُ بَعِيْدِ 🖲 ٱللهُ لَطِيْفٌ بِعِبَادِم يَرْزُقُ مَنْ يَشَاء وَ هُوَ الْقَوِيُّ الْعَزِيْزُ رَجَ مَنْ كَانَ يُرِيدُ حَرْثَ الْأَخِرَةِ نَزِدْلَهُ فِيْ حَرْثِهِ ، وَ مَنْ كَانَ يُرِيْدُ حَرْثَ الدُّنْيَا

Ŀ

the harvest of this world, We give him thereof, but in the Hereafter he will have no share.

22. Have they *such* associates *of Allāh* as have made lawful for them in religion that which Allāh has not allowed? And but for *Our* word about the final judgment, *the matter* would have been decided *by now* between them. And surely the wrongdoers will have a grievous punishment.

23. Thou wilt see the wrongdoers in fear on account of that which they have earned, and it is sure to befall them. But those who believe and do good works will be in the meadows of the Gardens. They shall have with their Lord whatever they will desire. That is the great bounty of God.

24. This it is whereof Allāh gives the glad tidings to His servants who \*believe and do good works. Say: 'I ask of you no reward for it, except that I am inviting you to God because of love of kinship.' And whoso earns a good deed, We give him increase of good therein. Surely, Allāh is Most Forgiving, Most Appreciating.

\*25. Do they say, 'He has forged a

نُهْتِه منْهَا وَ مَا لَهُ فِ الْإِخْرَةِ مِنْ آم لَهُمْ شُرَكْمُا شَرَعُوْا لَهُمْ جَنَ الدِّيْنِ مَا لَمْ يَأْذَنَّ بِهِ اللهُ ، وَ لَوْ لَا كَلِمَةُ الْفَصْلِ لَقُضِيَ بَنْتَهُمْ ﴿ وَإِنَّ الظَّلِمِيْنَ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ ٱلِيْمُ ٢

تَرَى الظَّلِمِيْنَ مُشْفِقِيْنَ مِمَّا كَسَبُوْا وَ هُوَ وَاقِحْ بِهِمْ ، وَ الَّذِيْنَ امْنُوْا وَ عَمِلُوا الصَّلِحَتِ فِي رَوْضَتِ الْجَنَّتِ ، لَهُمْ مَا يَشَاءُوْنَ عِنْدَ كَتِهِمْ ، ذَلِكَ هُوَ الْفَضْلُ الْكَبِيْرُ الْجَنُوا وَ عَمِلُوا الصَّلِحَتِ ، قُلْ لَآ المَنُوْا وَ عَمِلُوا الصَّلِحَتِ ، قُلْ لَآ الْقُرْبِي ، وَ مَنْ يَقْتَرِفْ حَسَنَةً نَزِهِ لَهُ فِيْهَا حُشْنًا ، إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَفُوْرَ الْمُ يَقُوْلُوْنَ افْتَرْى عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِبًا،

 $a i u \mid h \stackrel{\frown}{=} h \stackrel{\frown}{=} | h \stackrel{\frown}{=}$ 

<sup>\*24.</sup> Say: 'I ask of you no reward for it, except a love displayed among kith and kin.' And whoever does an act of goodness, We further enhance for him the beauty of his goodness.
\*25. Do they say, 'He has forged a lie against Allāh?' If Allāh so willed He could have sealed your heart. But Allāh blots out falsehood and establishes truth by His Commands.

lie against Allāh'? If Allāh had so willed, He could seal thy heart as *He has sealed the hearts of thy enemies.* But Allāh is blotting out falsehood *through thee* and is establishing the truth by His words. Surely, He knows full well what is in the breasts.

26. And He it is Who accepts repentance from His servants, and forgives sins. And He knows what you do.

27. And He accepts *the prayers of* those who believe and do good works, and gives them more out of His grace; and *as for* the disbelievers, they will have a severe punishment.

28. And if Allāh should enlarge the provision for His servants, they would rebel in the earth; but He sends down according to a *proper* measure as He pleases. Indeed, He is All-Aware and All-Seeing with regard to His servants.

29. And He it is Who sends down rain after they have despaired, and spreads out His mercy. And He is the Protector, the Praiseworthy.

30. And among His Signs is the creation of the heavens and the earth, and *of* whatever living creatures He has spread forth in  $\bar{a}$ , both. And He has the power to  $\mathcal{R}$  gather them together when He pleases.

فَاِنْ تَشَرَ اللهُ يَخْتِمْ عَلَى قَلْبِكَ وَيَمْحُ اللهُ الْبَاطِلَ وَ يُحِقُّ الْحَقَّ بِحَلِمْتِهِ ﴿ اِنَّهْ عَلِيْمٌ بِذَاتِ الصُّدُوْرِ@

وَهُوَ الَّذِيْ يَقْبَلُ التَّوْبَةَ عَنْ عِبَادِمَ وَ يَعْفُوْا عَنِ السَّيِّاٰتِ وَ يَعْدَمُ مَا تَفْعَلُوْنَ أُ

وَ يَسْتَجِيْبُ الَّذِيْنَ الْمَنُوْا وَ عَمِلُوا الصِّلِحْتِ وَ يَزِيْدُهُمْ مِّنْ فَضْلِهِ وَالْكَفِرُوْنَ لَهُمْ عَذَابَ شَرِيْدً

وَلَوْ بَسَطَ اللهُ الرِّزْقَ لِعِبَادِمْ لَبَغَوْا فِي الْاَرْضِ وَلٰكِنْ تُنَزِّلُ بِقَدَدٍ مَّا يَشَاءُ النَّهُ بِعِبَادِمْ خَبِيْرَ بَصِيْرً ؟

وَ هُوَ الَّذِيْ يُنَزِّلُ الْغَيْثَ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا قَنَطُوْا وَ يَنْشُرُ رَحْمَتَهُ < وَ هُوَ الْوَلِيُّ الْحَمِيْدُ®

ۅَ مِنْ اليتِ مِ خَلْقُ السَّمٰوٰتِ وَ الْأَرْضِ وَمَا بَثَّ فِيْهِمَا مِنْ كَآبَةٍ . وَ هُوَ عَلْيَ جَمْعِهِمْ اِذَا يَشَاءُ قَرِيْرَ ﴾

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{s} | \ s \ (715)$   $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \dot{\tau} | \ \dot{s} | \ \dot{s}$ 

R. 4.

31. And whatever misfortune befalls you, is due to what your own hands have wrought. And He forgives many *of your sins*.

32. And you cannot frustrate *God's plan* in the earth; nor have you any friend or helper beside Allāh.

33. And of His Signs are the sailingships on the sea like mountain tops:

34. If He *so* will, He can cause the wind to become still so that they become motionless upon the surface thereof—in that, surely, are Signs for every person who is most patient and grateful—

35. Or He can destroy them because of that which they (the men) have earned—but He forgives many *of their sins*—

36. And *He destroys them so that* those who dispute about the Signs of Allāh may know *that* they have no refuge.

37. And whatever you have been given is only a temporary provision of this life, but that which is with Allāh is better and more lasting for those who believe and put their trust in their Lord,

38. And who eschew the more grievous sins and indecencies, and, when they are wroth, they forgive,

وَ مَآ أَصَابَكُمْ مِّنْ شَصِيْبَةٍ فَبِمَا كَسَبَتْ ٱيْدِيْكُمْ وَيَحْفُوْا عَنْ كَثِيْرِ ٣ وَ مَنَّ ٱنْتُمْ بِمُعْجِزِيْنَ فِ الْآَرْضِ \* وَ مَا لَكُمْ مِّنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ مِنْ وَّلِيّ وَّ لَا نَصِيْر @ وَ مِنْ أَلِتِهِ الْجَوَارِ فِي الْبَحْرِ كَالْأَعْلَدِم ٢ إنْ يَشَا يُسْكِنِ الرِّيْحَ فَيَظْلَلْنَ رَوَاكِدَ عَلْى ظَهْرِمْ . اِتَّ فِيْ ذَلِكَ لَاٰيتِ تَكُلَّ صَبَّار شَكُوْر شُ اَوْ يُوْبِقْهُنَّ بِمَا كَسَبُوْا وَ يَعْفُ عَنْ **ػؿؽڔ۞** وَّ يَعْلَمَ الَّذِينَ يُجَادِلُوْنَ فِنَّ الْبِتِنَاء مَا لَهُمْ مِّنْ مَّجِيْص 🕤 فَمَآ أُوْتِيْتُمْ مِّنْ شَيْءٍ فَمَتَاعُ الْحَلْوةِ الدُّنْيَا ، وَ مَاعِنْدَ اللهِ خَيْزَ وَّ ٱبْتَى لِتَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا وَعَلَى رَبِّهِمْ يَتَوَكَّلُوْنَ ٢ وَ الَّذِيْنَ يَجْتَنِبُوْنَ كَبْيُرَالْإِثْمِ وَالْفَوَاحِشَ وَإِذَا مَا غَضِبُوْا هُمْ يَغْفِرُ وْنَ@

39. And those who hearken to their Lord, and observe Praver. and whose affairs are decided bv mutual consultation. and who spend out of what We have provided for them.

40. And those who, when a wrong is done to them, defend themselves.

41. And the recompense of an injury is an injury the like thereof; but whoso forgives and his act brings about reformation. his reward is with Allah. Surely, He loves not the wrongdoers.

42. But there is no blame on those who defend themselves after they have been wronged.

43. The blame is only on those who wrong men and transgress in the earth without justification. Such will have a grievous punishment.

44. And he who is patient and forgives-that surely is a matter of strong determination.

### R. 5.

45. And he whom Allah adjudges astray-there is no protector for him thereafter. And thou wilt find the wrongdoers, when they see the punishment, saying: 'Is there any way of return?'

46. And thou wilt see them brought before it (the Fire), casting down their eves on account of disgrace,

(See details of transliteration on page 'p')

وَالَّذِيْنَ اسْتَجَابُوْا لِرَبِّهِمْ وَ أَقَامُوا الصَّلُوةَ م وَ أَمْرُهُمْ شُوْلِي بَنْنَهُمْ مِ وَ مِمَّا رَزَقْنُهُمْ بُنْفَقُوْنَ أَ وَ الَّذِيْبَ إِذَآ أَصَابَهُمُ الْبَغْبُ هُمْ ينتصرون وَجَزَوُ اسَتِيئَةٍ سَتِيئَةً مَثْلُهَا ، فَمَنْ عَفَا وَ أَصْلَحَ فَأَجْرُهُ عَلَى اللهِ • إِنَّهُ كَا يُجِبُّ الظَّلِمِيْنَ () وَلَمَنِ انْتَصَرَ بَعْدَ ظُلْمِهِ فَأُولَبُكَ مَاعَلَيْهِمْ مِّنْ سَبِيْلِ شُ إِنَّمَا السَّبِيُلُ عَلَى الَّذِينَ يَظْلِمُوْنَ النَّاسَ وَ يَبْغُوْنَ فِي الْأَدْضِ بِغَيْرِ الْحَقِّ ، أُولَئِكَ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ ٱلِيْمَ ] وَ لَمَنْ صَبَرَ وَ غَفَرَ إِنَّ ذَٰلِكَ لَمِنْ عَزْم الأُمُوْرِ أَ وَ مَنْ يُضْلِلِ اللهُ فَمَا لَهُ مِنْ وَّلِيّ مِّنْ بَعْدِهِ ، وَ تَرَى الظَّلِمِيْنَ لَمَّا زَاوًا الْعَذَابَ يَقُوْلُوْنَ هَلْ إِلَى مَرَدٍ مِّنْ ڛؘڹؽڸ۞ وَ تَارِيهُمْ يُعْرَضُون عَلَيْهَا خْشِعِيْنَ مِنَ الذُّلِّ يَنْظُرُوْنَ مِنْ طَرْفٍ خَفِيٍّ  $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ (h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ (717) \ dh \ \dot{s} \ (717) \ dh \ \dot$ ء ' اق z h ' ۶ | gh ج | ظ z ط t

looking *thereat* with a stealthy glance. And those who believe will say, 'The losers indeed are those who ruin themselves and their families on the Day of Resurrection.' Behold! the wrongdoers are *to remain* in a lasting punishment.

47. And they have no helpers to help them other than Allāh. And for him whom Allāh adjudges astray there is no way *at all*.

48. Hearken ye to your Lord before there comes a day for which there will be no averting in opposition to *the decree of* Allāh. There will be no refuge for you on that day, nor will there be for you any *possibility of* denial.

49. But if they turn away, We have not sent thee as a guardian over them. Thy duty is only to convey *the Message*. And truly when We cause man to taste of mercy from Us, he rejoices therein. But if an evil befalls them because of what their hands have sent forth, then lo! man is ungrateful.

50. To Allāh belongs the kingdom of the heavens and the earth. He creates what He pleases. He bestows daughters upon whom He pleases, and He bestows sons upon whom He pleases;

51. Or He mixes them, males and females; and He makes whom He pleases barren. Surely, He is

وَ قَالَ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوَّا إِنَّ الْخُسِرِيْنَ الَّذِيْنَ خَسِرُوَّا آنْفُسَهُمْ وَ آهْلِيْهِمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيْمَةِ • آكَآ اِنَّ الظُّلِمِيْنَ فِيْ عَذَابٍ مُّقِيْمٍ ( مَا كَانَ لَهُمْ مِّنْ آوْلِيَاً ءَيَنُصُرُوْنَهُمْ مَنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ • وَ مَنْ يُّضْلِلِ اللهُ فَمَا لَهُ مِنْ سَبِيْلِ ( يَوْمَ لَا مَرَةَ لَهُ مِنَ اللهِ • مَا لَكُمْ مِّنْ مَلْجَإِ يَوْمَئِذٍ وَ مَا لَكُمْ مِّنْ تَحْدِيْرِ (

فَإِنْ ٱعْرَضُوْا فَمَآ ٱرْسَلْنُكَ عَلَيْهِمْ حَفِيْظًا ﴿ إِنْ عَلَيْكَ إِلَّا الْبَلْغُ ﴿ وَ إِنَّآ إِذَآ ٱذَقْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ مِنَّا رَحْمَةً فَرِحَ بِهَا ۽ وَ إِنْ تُصِبْهُمْ سَيِّنَةً بِمَا قَرَّمَتْ آيرِيْهِمْ فَإِنَّ الْإِنْسَانَ كَفُوْرَ ايرِيْهِمُلْكُ السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْارْضِ اينَدُلُقُ مَا يَشَاءُ ﴿ يَهَبُ لِمَنْ يَشَاءُ إِنَانًا

ٱۅٛ يُزَقِّجُهُمٛ ذُكْرَانًا وَّ اِنَاثًا، وَيَجْعَلُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ عَقِيْمًا ؞ اِنَّهُ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ (\frac{1}{718}) \ o \ b \ (\frac{1}{718}) \ \dot{s} \ (\frac{1}$ 

اِلَيْهِ يُرَدُّ Part 25 - ۲۵

All Knowing, Powerful.

52. And it is not for a man that Allāh should speak to him except by revelation or from behind a veil or by sending a messenger to reveal by His command what He pleases. Surely, He is High, Wise.

53. And thus have We revealed to thee the Word by Our command. Thou didst not know what the Book was, nor what the faith. But We have made it (the revelation) a light, whereby We guide such of Our servants as We please. And truly, thou guidest *mankind* to the right path,

54. The path of Allāh, to Whom belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is in the earth. Behold! to Allāh do all things return.

عَلِيْمً قَرِيْرً ( وَ مَا كَانَ لِبَشَرٍ آنَ يُكَلِّمَهُ اللهُ الَّا وَ حَيًا آوَ مِنْ قَ رَآ قُ حِجَابٍ آوَ يُرْسِلَ رَسُوْلًا فَيُوْتِي بِإِذْنِهِ مَا يَشَآءُ ، إِنَّهُ عَلِيَّ حَكِيْمَ ( عَلِيَّ حَكِيْمَ ( تَعْلِيَّ حَكِيْمَ ( وَ كَذٰلِكَ آوَ حَيْنَآ الَيْكَ رُوْحًا مِّن مَرْنَا ، مَا كُنْتَ تَدْرِيْ مَا الْكِتْبُ وَ رَالِ الْإِيْمَانُ وَ لَكِنْ جَعَلْنَهُ نُوْرًا تَهْدِيْ بِهِ مَنْ تَشَآءُ مِنْ عِبَادِنَا وَ اللَّهُ مَوْرَ مُسْتَقِيْمٍ ( مَرْاطِ اللهِ الَّذِيْ لَهُ مَا فِي السَّمٰوتِ وَ مَا فِي الْاَرْضِ ، آلَآ إِلَى اللهِ تَصِيرُ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ i \ s \ (ransliteration on page \ p').$ 

ن پ



AZ-ZUKHRUF (Revealed before IIijrah)

معانقة

In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.
 Hā Mim.‡

3. By this perspicuous Book,

4. We have made it a Qur'ān in clear, eloquent language that you may understand.

5. And surely, it is *safe* with Us in \*the Mother of the Book, exalted *and* full of wisdom.

6. Shall We then take away the Reminder from you, neglecting *you* because you are an extravagant people?

7. And how many a Prophet did We send among the earlier peoples!

8. But there never came to them a Prophet but they mocked at him.

\*9. And We destroyed *those* who were stronger in power than these, and the example of the earlier peoples has gone before.

10. And if thou ask them, 'Who

بشمرالله الرَّحْمٰن الرَّحِيْمِ خم 🕅 وَ الْكِتْبِ الْمُ إنَّا جَعَلْنَهُ قُرْأَنًا تَعْقَلُهُنَ وَ إِنَّهُ فَنَّ أَمِّرِ الْكِتْ ككثم ٥ ٱ فَنَضْرِبُ عَنْكُمُ الذِّحْرَ صَفْحًا كُنْتُمْ قَوْمًا مُّسْرِفِيْنَ لْمُنَا مِنْ نَّبِيٍّ فِي الْأَوَّلِيْنَ وَمَايَاتِيْهِمْ مِّنْ نَّجِتِ إِلَّا كَانُوْابِهِ يَسْتَهْز ءُوْنَ ﴿ فَاَهْ لَكْنَا ٱشَدَّ مِنْهُمْ بَطْشً مَثَلُ الْأَوَّلِيْنَ () وَ إَبْكَنْ سَالَةَ مُهْ هَنْ خَدَةً. البَّتَه

peoples has gone before.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau | \ h \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} | \ \dot{\tau}$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>+</sup><sub>+</sub>The Praiseworthy, the Lord of Honour.

<sup>\*5.</sup> Note: The phrase Ummul-Kitāb (الله ناوغف) (Mother of the Book) is commonly applied to the opening chapter of the Qur'ān Al-Fātiḥah (تكاويغة) which like a seed has all the basic teachings and characteristics of the Qur'ān. But here it seems to apply to the blueprint of the Divine Book which in some form is preserved with God, in dimensions not fully fathomable by man. \*9. And We destroyed *those* who were stronger in grip than these, and the example of the carlier

created the heavens and the earth?'. they will surely say, 'The Mighty, the All-Knowing God created them '

11. He. Who has made the earth for you a cradle, and has made pathways, for you therein, that you may follow the right way:

12. And Who sends down water from the sky in proper measure, and We thereby quicken a dead land:- even so will you be raised:----

13. And Who has created all the pairs, and has made for you ships and cattle whereon you ride,

14. That you may sit firmly upon their backs, and then, when you are firmly seated thereon, you may remember the favour of your Lord, and say, 'Holy is He Who has

subjected this to us, and we had not the strength to subdue it ourselves.

15. 'And to our Lord surely shall we return."

\*16. And a portion of His servants they assert to be His children. Indeed man is clearly ungrateful.

#### R. 2.

17. Has He taken daughters from what He has created, and honoured you with sons?

وَالْاَدْضَ لَيَقُهْ لُرِبَّ لَقَهُنَّ الْعَزِيْزُ الْعَلْمُ أَنْ الَّنٰون حَعَلَ لَكُمُ الْأَرْضَ آد آ کُ ۱ وَّ جَعَلَ لَكُمْ فَبْهَا سُئُلًا تفتك فن أ وَ الَّذِيْ نَزَّلَ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً بِقَدَرٍ، نْشَرْنَا بِهِ بَلْدَةً مَّيْتً ؾؙڂٛڔؙڿۿڹ؊ وَ الَّذِيْ خَلَقَ الْآَذُوَاجَ كُلُّهَا وَ حَعَلَ بِّمِرَى الْفُلْكَ وَ الْأَنْحَامِ مَ ؾۯڲؠؙۿڹ۞ اظْهُدُرُهُ ثُمَّ تَزْكُرُوْا عَذ ةَ رَبَّكُمْ إِذَا اسْتَوَيْتُمْ عَلَيْه وَ تَقُوْلُوْا سُبْحُنَ الَّذِي سَخَّ كَنَا هُذَا وَمَاكُنَّالَهُ مُقْرِنِيْنُ أَ وَإِنَّا إِلَى رَبِّنَا لَمُنْقَلِبُوْنَ@ وَ حَعَلُوْا لَهُ مِنْ عِمَادِهِ جُزْءًا ماتَ Ę ڵۘڪؘفَوٛۯٞ ؗؗٞؗ ان ٱمِراتَّخَذَ مِمَّا يَخْلُقُ بَنْتٍ وَّ ٱصْفِيكُمْ لتنثن ٢

\*14. 'Holy is He Who has subjected this to us, and we, by ourselves, were unable to harness it. \*16. And they assert some of His servants to be a part of Him. Indeed man is manifestly ungrateful.

 $a i u \mid | th$  ث  $h \tau \mid kh \dot{\tau} \mid dh i \mid s$  ص  $a i u \mid s$  ص  $a i u \mid s$ ء' | ق q k ج | gh ج | ظ z | ط إ ض ل<sup>م</sup> در <sub>72</sub> (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

18. Yet when tidings are given to one of them of that the like of which he ascribes to the Gracious *God*, his face becomes darkened and he is choked with grief.

19. Do you ascribe to God one who is reared among ornaments, and who is not clear in disputation?

20. And they describe the angels, who are the servants of the Gracious *God*, as females. Did they witness their creation? Then their testimony will be recorded, and they shall be questioned.

21. And they say, 'If the Gracious *God* had *so* willed, we should not have worshipped them.' They have no knowledge whatsoever of that. They do nothing but conjecture.

22. Have We given them a Scripture before this, so that they are holding fast to it?

23. Nay, they say, 'We found our fathers following a *certain* course, and we are guided by their footsteps.'

\*24. And thus *has it always been* that We never sent any Warner before thee to any township but the evil leaders thereof said: 'We found our fathers following a *certain* course, and we are following in their footsteps.' وَ إِذَا بُشِّرَ آحَدُهُمْ بِمَا ضَرَبَ لِلرَّحْمٰنِ مَثَلًا ظَلَّ وَجْهُهُ مُسْوَدًا وَّ هُوَ كَظنهُ ١ ا وَ مَنْ يُنَشَّؤُا فِ الْجِلْيَةِ وَ هُوَ فِي الْجْصَامِ غَيْرُ مُبِيْنِ () وَ جَعَلُوا الْمَلَئِكَةَ الَّذِينَ هُمْ عِلِدُ الرَّحْمن إنَّاشًا ﴿ ٱشْهَدُوْا خَلْقَهُمْ ﴿ سَتُكْتَبُ شَهَادَتُهُمْ وَ يُسْعَلُوْنَ وَقَالُوْا لَهُ شَبّاء الرَّحْمِنُ مَا عَبَدْنُهُمْ ﴿ مَا لَهُمْ بِذٰلِكَ مِنْ عِلْمِرِ وَإِنْ هُمْ الَّه يَخْرُ صُوْنَ شَ آمر أتَيْنهُمْ كِتْبًا مِّنْ قَبْلِهِ فَهُمْ به مُشتَمْسِكُوْنَ بَلْ قَالُوْا إِنَّا وَجَدْنَا أَبَاءَنَا عَلَى أُمَّةِ وَّإِنَّاعَلَى الْرِهِمْ مُهْتَدُوْنَ @ وَ كَذٰلِكَ مَا آرْسَلْنَا مِنْ قَبْلِكَ فِي قَرْيَةٍ مِّنْ نَّذِيْرٍ إِلَّا قَالَ مُتْرَفُوْهَآ انًّا وَجَدْنَا أَبَاءَنَا عَلَى أُمَّةٍ وَّ انَّا عَلَى اثرهم مُقْتَدُون ?

<sup>24.</sup> And thus has it always been that We never sent any Warner before you to any township but the prosperous thereof said: 'We found our ancestors set on a certain course; and we are following in their footsteps.'

اِلَيْهِ يُرَدُّ Part 25 - ۲۵

25. *Their Warner* said: 'What! even though I bring you a better guidance than that which you found your fathers following?' They said: 'Certainly we disbelieve in that which you are sent with.'

\*26. So We punished them. Behold then what was the end of those who rejected *the Prophets*!

R. 3.

27. And *remember* when Abraham said to his father and his people: 'I *positively* disown what you worship,

28. 'Except Him Who created me, and He will surely guide me.'

29. And He made it a byword to last among his posterity, that they might turn *to God*.

30. Nay, but I allowed them and their fathers *temporary* enjoyment until there came to them the truth and a Messenger who makes *his Message* clear.

31. But when the truth came to them they said, 'This is magic, and we do reject it.'

32. And they say, 'Why has not this Qur'ān been sent to some great man of the two towns?'

33. Is it they who would distribute the mercy of thy Lord? It is We Who distribute among them their

قْلَ اَ وَ لَوْجِئْتُكُمْ بِآَهْدِ مِمَّا وَجَدْتُمْ عَلَيْهِ أَبَاءَكُمْ ﴿ قَالُوْا إِنَّا بِمَا أَرْسِلْتُمْرِبِهِ كَفِرُوْنَ، فَانْتَقَمْنَا مِنْهُمْ فَانْظُ كَيْفَ كَانَ بغ ^ عَاقِبَةُ الْمُكَذِّبِيْنَ أَن وَ إِذْ قَالَ إِبْرَهِيْمُ لِأَبِيْهِ وَ قَوْمِهَ إِنَّنِيْ بَرَاءً مَّمَّا تَعْبُدُوْنَ ٢ إِلَّا الَّذِيْ فَطَرَنِيْ فَإِنَّهُ سَيَهُدِيْنِ ٢ وَ جَعَلَهَا كَلِمَةٌ بَاقِيَةً فِي عَقِبِهِ لَعَدَّهُمْ يَرْجِعُوْنَ ىَلْ مَتَّعْتُ هَؤُلًّا وَ ابْآءَهُمْ حَتَّى جَاءَهُمُ الْحَقَّ وَرَسُوْلُ شُبِيْنَ ؟

وَ لَمَّا جَاءَهُمُ الْحَقُّ قَالُوْا هٰذَا سِحْزَ وَ إِنَّابِهٖ خُفِرُوْنَ۞ وَ قَالُوْا لَوْ لَا نُزِّلَ هٰذَا الْقُرْانُ عَلٰى رَجُلٍ مِّنَ الْقَرْيَتَيْنِ عَظِيْمٍ ۞ اَهُمْ يَقْسِمُوْنَ رَحْمَتَ رَبِّكَ ٤ نَحْنُ قَسَمْنَا بَيْنَهُمْ مَعِيْشَتَهُمْ فِي الْحَيْوَةِ

\*26. So We exacted retribution from them.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (723)$   $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \exists \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (723)$   $(See \ details \ of \ transliteration \ on \ page \ p').$ 

\*livelihood in the present life, and We exalt some of them above others in degrees of rank, so that some of them may make others subservient *to themselves*. And the mercy of thy Lord is better than that which they amass.

34. And were it not that mankind would have *all* become one *type of* people, We would have given to those who disbelieve in the Gracious *God*, roofs of silver for their houses, and *silver* stairways by which they could go up;

35. And doors *of silver* to their houses, and couches *of silver*; on which they could recline,

36. And other articles of embellishment. But all that is nothing but a temporary provision of the present life. And the Hereafter with thy Lord is for the righteous.

#### R. 4.

37. And he who turns away from the remembrance of the Gracious *God*, We appoint for him a satan, who becomes his companion.

38. And surely they hinder them from the way *of God*, but they think that they are rightly guided;

39. Till, when such a one comes to Us, he says *to his companion*, 'Would that between me and thee were the distance of the East and the West!' What an evil companion is he!

الدُّنْبَادَ دَفَعْنَا بَعْضَهُمْ فَهُدً دَرَجْت لِّمَتَّخَذَ مَ سُخُريًّا ﴿ وَ رَحْمَتُ يَجْمَعُوْنَ اُمَّةً وَّاحِدَةً وَلَهُ لَآ أَنْ تَكُهْنَ النَّاسُ لمَهُ أ تَكْفَرُ بِالرَّحْمِنِ فًا تِّنْ فِضَّةٍ وَّ مَعَارِجَ عَكَثِمًا يَظْهَرُ وْنَ ئەتبھىم آئەائا 🦉 سررًا عَلَيْهَا ڪئون ش زُخْرُفًا ، وَإِنْ كُلّْ ذَلِكَ لَمَّ لمهة الدُّنْكاء وَالْإَخْرَةُ ع ا ا متققلن ٢ نْ تَعْشُ عَنْ ذِكْرِ الرَّ لَهُ شَيْطِنًا فَهُمَ لَهُ قُرِيْنَ ٢ وَ بَحْسَبُوْنَ إَنَّهُمْ شَفْتَدُوْنَ 📾 ، إذَا جَاءَنَا قَالَ لِلْنَبِ رقد بُعْدَ الْمَشْ الْقَرِيْنُ

\* 33. ... and We exalt some of them above others in degrees *of rank*, **but alas merely to result** in the subjugation of some by others. And the mercy of your Lord is better than that which they amass.

ې

\*40. 'And the fact that you are partners in punishment will not profit you this day for you have acted wrongfully."

41. Canst thou, then, make the deaf hear, or guide the blind and him who is in manifest error?

42. And if We take thee away, We shall surely exact retribution from them.

43 Or We shall show thee that which We have promised them; for surely We have complete power over them.

44 So hold thou fast to that which has been revealed to thee: for thou art on the right path.

\*45. And, truly, it is a source of eminence for thee and for thy people; and you will be inquired about.

46. And ask those of Our Messengers whom We sent before thee, 'Did We appoint any deities beside the Gracious God, to be worshipped?'

#### R. 5.

47. And We did send Moses with Our Signs to Pharaoh and his chiefs, and he said, 'I am truly a Messenger of the Lord of the worlds.'

وَ لَرِنْ تَنْفَعَ كُمُ الْبَوْمَ إِذْ ظَّلَمْ تُمْ ٱنَّكُمْ فِي الْعَذَابِ مُشْتَرِكُوْنَ ؟ اَفَانْتَ تُشْمِعُ الصَّمَّ اَوْ تَهْدِي الْعُمْى وَمَنْ كَانَ فِيْ ضَلْلٍ مُّبِيْنٍ ؟ فَاِمَّا نَذْهَبَتْ بِكَ فَاِنَّا مِنْهُمْ مُنْتَقَمُوْنَ اَوْ نُرِيَنَىكَ الَّذِنِ وَعَدْنُهُمْ فَإِنَّا عَلَيْهِمْ مُقْتَدِرُوْنَ ؟ فَاسْتَمْسِكْ بِالَّذِيْ أَوْجِي إِلَيْكَ، إِنَّكَ عَلَى صِرَاطٍ مُّسْتَقِيْمِ ? وَإِنَّهُ لَذَكُرٌ لَّكَ وَلِقَوْمِكَ ، وَسَوْفَ تُسْـَلُوْنَ@ وَسْتَلْ مَنْ آرْسَلْنَا مِنْ قَبْلِكَ مِنْ رُّسُلِنَآ اَجَعَلْنَا مِنْ دُوْنِ الرَّحْمَنِ المَةً تُعْمَدُوْنَ ٢ وَ لَقَدْ آرْسَلْنَا مُوْسى بِالتِنَآ إلى فِرْعَوْنَ وَ مَلَا بَهِ فَقَالَ إِنَّىٰ رَسُوْلُ رَبّ العلَميْنَ٢

ن بي م

ء ' ا ق p ا غ h ا ظ z ا ط t ا ف p ر بر بر م ع ا ف h ا ا أ ش p ا أ ث h ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا م ا ا ا ا ا ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

avail to you this day.'

<sup>\*45.</sup> And, truly, it is a reminder for you and for your people, and you shall be called to account.

48. But when he came to them with Our Signs, lo! they laughed at them.

49. And We showed them no Sign but it was greater than its preceding sister, and We seized them with punishment, that they might turn to Us.

50. And they said, 'O thou magician, pray for us to thy Lord, according to the covenant He has made with thee: for, then we will surely accept guidance.'

51. But when We removed the punishment from them, behold! they broke their word.

52. And Pharaoh proclaimed among his people, saying, 'O my people! does not the kingdom of Egypt belong to me and these streams flowing under me? Do you not then see?

53. 'Nay, I am better than this fellow who is despicable and can scarcely express himself clearly.

54. 'And why have not bracelets of gold been bestowed on him, or angels accompanied him in serried ranks?'

55. Thus did he make light of his people, and they obeyed him. Indeed they were a wicked people.

56. So, when they excited Our anger. We exacted retribution from them, and drowned them all.

اَلزَّخْرُف ٢٣ - Chapter 43 - ٢٣ فَكَمَّا جَاءَهُمْ بِالتِنَآ إِذَا هُمْ مِّنْهَا يَضْحَكُوْنَ. وَ مَا نُوِيْهِمْ مِّنْ أَيَةٍ إِلَّا هِيَ آكْبَرُ مِنْ أخْتِهَا د وَاخَذْنْهُمْ بِالْعَذَابِ لَعَدَّهُمْ يَرْجِعُوْنَ 🕅 وَ قَالُهُا آَمَا تُهَ السَّجرُ ادْعُ لَنَا رَتَّكَ بِمَاعَهِدَ عِنْدَكَ ، إِنَّنَا لَمُهْتَدُوْنَ ۞ فَكَمَّا كَشَفْنَا عَنْهُمُ الْعَذَاتِ إِذَا هُمْ ىنىڭەن سەر وَ نَادِ فِرْعَوْنُ فِيْ قَوْمِهِ قَالَ لِقَوْمِ ٱلَيْسَ بِيْ مُلْكُ مِصْرَ وَ هٰذِهِ الْآنْهُرُ تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِيْ ۽ آفَلَا تُبْصِرُوْنَ شَ اَمْ اَنَا خَيْرً مِّنْ هٰذَا الَّذِيْ هُوَ مَهِيْنَ<sup>ّه</sup> وَّ لَا يَكَادُ يُبِيْنُ @ فَلَوْ لَآ ٱلْقِيَ عَلَيْهِ ٱسْوِرَةً مِّنْ ذَهَبِ اَوْجَاءَمَعَهُ الْمَلْبُكَةُ مُقْتَرِنِيْنَ @ فَاسْتَخَفٍّ قَوْمَهُ فَأَطَاعُوْهُ ٤ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوْا قَوْمًا فْسَقَيْنَ، فكمما اسفؤنا انتقمنا منه فَاغْرَقْنِهُمْ أَجْمَعِ بْنَ أَسْ

ء : ا ق p ا ف h ح ا kh خ ا dh أ ع ب م ج ا ف h ح ا ا ث h ح ا ا ث ا ا ت ع ا ا م ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا م ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

اِلَيْهِ يُرَدُّ Part 25 - ۲۵

and an example for the coming generations.

R. 6.

\*58. And when the son of Mary is mentioned as an instance. lo! thy people raise a clamour thereat;

59. And they say, 'Are our gods better, or he?' They mention not this to thee but for the sake of disputation. Nay, but they are a contentious people.

60. He was only Our servant on whom We bestowed Our favour. and We made him an example for the children of Israel.

61. And if We so willed. We could make from among you angels in the earth to be successors therein.

\*62. But verily, he was a sign of the Hour. So have no doubt about it. but follow me. This is the right path.

63. And let not Satan hinder vou. Surely, he is to you an open enemy.

فَجَحَلْنَهُمْ سَلَفًا وَ مَثَلًا لِّزْاخِرِيْنَ ﴾ عَ جَحَلْنَهُمْ سَلَفًا وَ مَثَلًا لِلْاخِرِيْنَ ﴾

وَ لَمَّا ضُرِبَ ابْنُ مَزْيَمَ مَثَلًا إِذَا قَوْمُكَ مِنْهُ بَصِدُّوْنَ ٨ وَقَالُوْاعَ الْهَتُنَا خَبْرُ آمْ هُوَ مِمَا ضَرَبُوْهُ لَكَ إِلَّا جَدَلًا ، بَلْ هُمْ قَوْمً خَصمُوْنَ، اَتْ هُوَ اللهُ عَبْدُ ٱنْعَمْنَا عَلَيْهِ وَ جَعَلْنَهُ مَثَلًا لِّبَنِي إِسْرَاءِ يُلَ وَلَهُ نَشَاءُ لَجَعَلْنَا مِنْكُمْ مَّلَئِكَةً فِي الأزض تخْلُفُوْنَ وَ إِنَّهُ لَعِلْمُ لَّلِسَّاعَة فَلَا تَمْتَرُنَّ بِهَا <u>وَ</u> اتَّبِعُوْنِ ؞ هٰذَا صِرَاطُ شُسْتَقِيْمَ · • وَادْ رَصْحَةً كُمُ الشَّيْطِ بُي انَّهُ لَكُمْ عَدُوٌ مُبْنَ ٢

**\$58.** And when the son of Mary is mentioned as a **parable**, lo! **your** People raise a clamour thereat;

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ (727) \ dv \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \dot{$ 

<sup>\* 62.</sup> But verily, he is a sign of the Hour. So have no doubt about it, but follow me. This is the right path.

Note: The word as-sā 'ah (السَعَة) literally translated as 'the Hour' should be understood in the light of the same expression used in (54:2) Sūrah Al-Oamar. There the revolutionary changes which were destined to be brought about by the advent of the Holy Prophet Muhammad (may peace and blessings of Allah be upon him) are referred to as as-sā 'ah (تقافت). And the splitting of the moon is presented as evidence in favour of the spiritual revolution which was about to take place. The connotation of this term as applied to Jesus in the verse under study should be understood on the same lines. Hence 'the Hour' refers to the advent of Jesus in the latter days and the spiritual revolution attendant upon it.

64. And when Jesus came with clear proofs, he said, 'Truly I am come to you with wisdom, and to make clear to you some of that about which you differ. So fear Allāh and obey me.

65. 'Verily Allāh—He is my Lord and your Lord. So worship Him. This is the right path.'

66. But the parties differed among themselves. So woe to the wrongdoers because of the punishment of a grievous day.

67. They wait not but for the Hour to come suddenly upon them, while they perceive *it* not.

68. Friends on that day will be foes to each other, except the righteous.

# R. 7.

69. 'O My servants, there is no fear for you this day, nor shall you grieve;

- \*70. 'You who believed in Our Signs and submitted,
- \*71. 'Enter ye the Garden, you and your wives, honoured and happy.'

72. To them will be passed round dishes of gold and cups, and therein will be all that the souls desire and

وَ لَمَّا جَاءَ عِيْسِي بِالْمَتِنْتِ قَالَ قَرْ جِئْتُكُمْ بِالْجِكْمَةِ وَ لِأُبَيِّنَ لَكُمْ نَعْضَ الَّذِيْ تَخْتَلِفُوْنَ فِنْهِ ، فَاتَّقُوا الله و أطيعون، اِنَّ اللهَ هُوَ رَبِّيْ وَ رَبُّكُمْ فَاعْبُدُوْهُ ـ هٰذَا صرًاطٌ مُسْتَقْبُمُ ١ فاختكف الأخزاك ذيْنِ ظَلَمُوْا مِنْ عَذَا كة مرألثم 🕅 هَ أَنْ يَنْظُونُونَ إِلَّهُ إِلَيَّ بَغْتَةً وَّ هُمْ لَا يَشْعُهُ وَ باد لَا خَـهْفْ عَلَىْكُمُ الْبَيْهُ مَرِ وَلَآ ٱ**نْتُمْ تَحْزَنُوْنَ** ۇ كَ أمَنُوْا بِالْيِتِنَ يمن ۞ أدْخُلُها الْحَنَّةَ ٱنْتُمْ وَ ٱزْوَاحُ تُحْكَرُوْنَ@ ڙَ أَڪْوَابِ ۽ **وَ فِ**يْ

\*70. 'Those who believed in Our Signs and submitted,
 \*71. 'Enter ye the Garden, you and your spouses will be honoured and made happy.'

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \overset{}{=} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \overset{}{=} \ | \ \overset{}{=} \ \overset{}$ 

الله الله

Part	25	-	10	ؠؙڒڎؙ	رليه

*in which* the eyes delight. 'And therein will you abide.

73. 'And this is the Garden to which you have been made heirs because of what you have been doing.

74. 'Therein for you is fruit in abundance, which you will eat.'

75. The guilty will certainly abide in the punishment of Hell.

76. It will not be mitigated to them, and they will be seized therein with despair.

77. And We wronged them not, but it was they themselves who were the wrongdoers.

\*78. And they will cry: 'O master! let thy Lord finish with us.' He will say, 'You must remain.'

79. God will say: 'We certainly brought you the truth; but most of you were averse to the truth.'

80. Have they determined upon a course? Then We *too* are determined.

81. Do they think that We hear not their secrets and their private counsels? Yea! And Our messengers remain with them recording *everything*.

اَلَزْخُرُف ٢٣ - Chapter 43 - ٣٣ الْآنْفُسُ وَتَلَذُّ الْآعَبُنُ ، وَ ٱنْتُمْ فِيْهَا خٰلدُوْنَ۞ وَ تِلْكَ الْجَنَّةُ الَّتِيْ أَوْرِثْتُمُوْهَا بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُوْنَ @ لَكُمْ فَنْهَا فَاكِهَةً كَتْيْرَةً مِّنْهَ تأكُلُون إِنَّ الْمُجْرِمِيْنَ فِيْ عَذَابٍ جَهَنَّمَ ڂؚڸۮۯؽۿؖ اَ الْمُفَتَّرُ عَنْهُمُ وَ هُمْ فَدُ وَ مَا ظَلَمْنُهُمْ وَ لَكِرِ ٢ كَانُوْا هُمُ الظَّلِميْنَ@ وَ نَادَوْا لِمٰلِكُ لِيَقْضِ عَلَيْنَهُ قَالَ إِنَّكُمْ مَّا كِثُوْنَ @ لَقَدْ جِئْنِكُمْ بِالْحَقِّ وَلَكِنَّ ٱكْثَرَه لِلْحَقَّ كُرِهُوْنَ@ اَمْ اَبْرَمُوْا أَمْرًا **فَإِنَّا مُبْرِمُوْنَ** أَمَ آمريخسيُوْن آنَّا لَا نَسْمَعُ سِرَّهُمْ وَ نَجْدِيهُمْ ( بَلْ وَ رُسُلُنَا لَدَيْهِمْ كَكْتُلُوْنَ@

\*78. And they will cry out, 'O custodian of Hell, let your Lord cause us to perish.' He will reply, 'You must remain.'

اِلَيْهِ يُرَدُّ Part 25 - ۲۵

الزَّخْرُف ۲۳ - Chapter 43 - ۲۳

82. Say, 'If there had been a son to the Gracious *God*, I would have been the first of worshippers.'

83. Holy is *Allāh*, the Lord of the heavens and the earth, the Lord of the Throne, *and He is free* from all that which they attribute *to Him*.

84. So leave them alone to indulge in vain discourse and amuse themselves until they meet that Day of theirs which they have been promised.

85. And He it is Who is God in heaven, and God on earth; and He is the Wise, the All-Knowing.

86. And blessed is He to Whom belongs the kingdom of the heavens and the earth and all that is between them, and with Him is the knowledge of the Hour, and to Him shall you be brought back.

87. And those on whom they call beside Him possess no power of intercession but he who bears witness to the truth, and they know *him*.

88. And if thou ask them, 'Who created them?', they will surely say, 'Allāh'. How then are they being turned away?

89. *I swear* by his *repeated* cry 'O my Lord! that these are a people if who will not believe.'

90. Therefore, turn aside from them, and say, 'Peace'; and soon shall they know.

تُوَلْ اِنْ كَانَ لِلرَّحْمَٰنِ وَلَدً \* فَانَا ٱوَّلُ الْعَبِدِيْنَ؟ سُبْحَٰنَ رَبِّ السَّمَٰوْتِ وَ الْأَرْضِ رَبِّ الْعَرْشِ عَمَّا يَصِفُوْنَ؟ فَذَرْهُمْ يَخُوْضُوْا وَ يَلْعَبُوْا حَتَّى يُلْقُوْا يَوْمَهُمُ الَّذِيْ يُوْعَدُوْنَ؟

وَ هُوَ الَّذِيْ فِ السَّمَاءِ اللهُ وَّ فِ الْاَرْضِ الْهُ وَهُوَ الْحَكِيْمُ الْعَلِيْمُ @ وَ تَلْبَرَكَ الَّذِيْ لَهُ مُلْكُ السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْاَرْضِ وَ مَابَيْنَهُمَا ، وَ عِنْدَهُ عِلْمُ السَّاعَةِ ، وَ إِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُوْنَ @

وَلَا يَمْلِكُ الَّذِيْنَ يَدْعُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِهِ الشَّفَاعَةَ إِلَّا مَنْ شَهِدَ بِالْحَقِّ وَ هُمْ يَعْلَمُوْنَ۞ وَلَئِنْ سَالْتَهُمْ مَّنْ خَلَقَهُمْ لَيَقُوْلُنَّ

اىتە فَاَنْى يُؤْفَكُوْنَ 🖑

وَ قَيْدِلِه لَنَرَبِّ إِنَّ هَؤُلًاء قَوْمَ لَا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ۞

فَاصْفَحْ عَنْهُمْ وَقُلْ سَلْمَ ، فَسَوْفَ يَعْلَمُوْنَ۞

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (30)$  (See details of transliteration on page 'p').



AD-DUKHĀN (Revealed before IIijrah)

 In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.
 Hā Mīm.‡

3. By this perspicuous Book.

4. Truly, We revealed it in a blessed Night. Truly, We have *ever* been warning *against evil*.

5. In it all wise things are decided,

6. By Our own command. Verily, We have ever been sending Messengers,

7. As a mercy from thy Lord. Verily, He is the All-Hearing, the Allknowing,

8. The Lord of the heavens and the earth and all that is between them, if you would *only* have faith.

9. There is no God but He. He gives life and He causes death. He is your Lord, and the Lord of your forefathers.

10. Yet they play about in doubt.

11. But watch thou for the day when the sky will bring forth a visible smoke,

12. That will envelop the people. This will be a painful torment.

بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () حَمَّرَ أَنَ وَالْكِتْبِ الْمُبِيْنِ أَ وَالْكِتْبِ الْمُبِيْنِ أَ انْتَزَلْنَهُ فِيْ لَيْلَةٍ مُّبْرَكَةٍ إِنَّ كُنَّ مُنْزِرِيْنَ ۞ مُنْزِرِيْنَ ۞ امْرًا مِّنْ عِنْدِنَا الاَ كَيْ أَمُرْ سِلِيْنَ أَ الْعَلِيْمُ ۞ الْعَلِيْمُ ۞ إِنْ كُنْتُم مُقْقَنِيْنَ ۞

كَّ الْمَ الَّه الَّكُمُ يَنْتَكُمُ وَ يُحَمَّ وَ يُعِيْتُ ٢ تَبَحُمُ وَ رَبُّ اٰبَآرِ حُمُ الْأَوَّلِيْنَ () بَلْ هُمْ فِيْ شَكٍّ يَّلْعَبُوْنَ () فَارْتَقِبْ يَوْمَ تَأْتِ السَّمَاءُ بِدُخَانٍ مُبِيْنٍ أَنَّ

\* The Praiseworthy, the Lord of Honour.

وتقالان

اِلَيْهِ يُرَدُّ Part 25 - ۲۵

13. Then will the people crv: 'Our Lord, remove from us the torment; truly, we are believers.'

14. How can they benefit by admonition, when there has already come to them a Messenger, explaining things clearly,

15. And yet they turned away from him and said: 'He is tutored, a man possessed?'

16. We shall remove the punishment for a little while, but you will certainly revert to disbelief.

17. On the day when We shall seize *vou* with the great seizure, then certainly We will exact retribution.

18. And We tried the people of Pharaoh before them, and there came to them a noble Messenger,

19. Saying, 'Deliver to me the servants of Allah. Truly, I am to you a Messenger, faithful to mv trust;

20. 'And exalt not yourselves in defiance of Allah. Surely, I come to you with a clear authority.

21. 'And I seek refuge in my Lord and your Lord, lest you stone me.

22. 'And if you believe me not, then keep yourselves away from me.'

23. Then he prayed unto his Lord, saying, 'These are indeed a sinful people."

اَلدُّخَان ۳۳ - Chapter 44 رَبَّنَا اكْشَفْ عَنَّا الْعَذَاتِ إِنَّا مؤمنون اَنِّي لَهُمُ الذَّكْرُبِ وَ قَدْ جَاءَ ڒڛؙۉڵ <sup>ؿ</sup>ؠؽؚڽٞ۠ۨ ۇڭ® چ ؿؙؗۘمۧڒٙؽؘۅؘڷۧۉٳۼڹٛؗؗؗ؋ؙۅؘۊٙٵڵۉٳڡؙۼڷۧۿؘڔؘۿ إِنَّا كَاشِفُوا الْعَذَابِ قَلِيْلًا اِنَّكُمْ وتفالازه بَهْ مَ نَنْطِشُ إِلْبَطْشَهَ الْكُنْايِ، إِنَّا منتقمون وَلَقَدْ فَتَنَّا قَبْلَهُمْ قَوْمَ فِرْعَوْنَ **وَجَاءَ هُمْرَ سُوْلُ كُرِ يُمْ اللهُ** اَنْ اَدُّوْا إِلَتَ عِبَادَ اللهِ ﴿ إِنَّى لَكُمْ رَسُوْلُ آمِيْنُ أَبْ وَّ أَنْ لَّا تَعْلُوْا عَلَى اللهِ ۽ إِنَّيْ أَبْتِئُكُ بِسُلْطْنٍ مُبِيْنٍ أَ وَ اِنِّيْ عُذْتُ بِرَبِّيْ وَ رَبِّكُمْ ؾۯجؙڡؙۉڹ۞ وَإِنْ لَّمْ تُؤْمِنُوْ إِلَيْ فَاعْتَزِلُوْنِ @ فَكَعَا رَبَّهَ آنَّ هَؤُلًاءٍ قَوْمَ مُّجْرِمُوْنَ ﴾ إ

ء i u | th ش h 7 | kh 7 | dh 3 | ۶ م ج (732 م 1 ف ل 2 | ط 1 | ش ا ب ا ش h 7 | kh 7 | dh 3 | ۶ م ا ت ع (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

اِلَيْهِ يُرَدُّ Part 25 - ۲۵

24. *God said*, 'Take My servants away by night; for you will surely be pursued.

25. 'And leave thou the sea *at a time when it is* motionless. Surely, they are a host that are doomed to be drowned.'

26. How many were the gardens and the springs that they left behind!27. And the cornfields and the noble places!

28. And the comforts wherein they took delight!

29. Thus *it was destined to be*. And We made another people inherit these things.

30. And the heaven and the earth wept not for them, nor were they given a respite.

### R. 2.

31. And We delivered the children of Israel from the abasing torment

32. *Inflicted* by Pharaoh; he was surely haughty *even* among the extravagant.

33. And We chose them knowingly above the peoples *of their time*.

34. And We gave them some Signs wherein was a clear trial.

35. These *people* do say:

36. 'It is but our first *and only* death, *after which there is no life* and we shall not be raised again.

 $a i u \mid h \doteq |h \tau| kh \tau |dh \rangle s = 733$ 

ڣؘٲۺڔؠۼؚؠٵڋؽؚڵؽؚۘۘۘۘۘڐڔڹٞؖػؙۿڔؗۺؙؾٞۜؠؘۼۉؽؖؗؖ وَاتْرُكِ الْبَحْرَ رَهْوًا ﴿ إِنَّهُمْ جُنْدُ مُغْرَقُونَ كَمْ تَرَكُوْا مِنْ جَنّْتٍ وَّ عُيُوْنٍ 🖑 وَّ زُرُوْعٍ وَ مَقَامٍ كَرِيْمٍ الله وَّنَعْمَةٍ كَانُوْا فِيْهَا فْكِهِيْنَ أَ كَذٰلِكَ ٥ وَ أَوْرَثْنَهَا قَوْمًا أَخَرِيْنَ ٢ فَحَا بَكَتْ عَلَيْهُمُ السَّمَاءُ وَالْاَرْضُ بطيح س وَمَا كَانُوْا مُنْظَرِيْنَ ٢ وَلَقَدْ نَجَيْنَا بَخِتَ إِسْرَاءِيْلَ مِنَ الْعَذَابِ الْمُهِيْنِ أَ مِنْ فِرْعَوْنَ ۽ إِنَّهٰ كَانَ عَالِيًا مِّ المشرفين. ۇ كَقَد اخْتَرْنْهُمْ عَلْ عِلْم الْعْلَمْنُنَ شَ وَ أَتَيْنَهُمْ مِّنَ الْإليت مَا فَعُه مَلْهُا مَّبِيْنُ 🐨 انَّ هَمُ لَاء لَبَقُوْ لُوَى ابْ هِيَ الْلا مَوْتَتُبْعَا الْأَوْلِي وَ مَا نَحْر بمُنْشَرِيْنَ

ء ' اق z اغ f | gh ج اظ z اط t

(See details of transliteration on page 'p').

ا ض ام رح

37. 'So bring *back* our fathers, if you speak the truth.'

38. Are they better or the people of Tubba' and those before them? We destroyed them because they were sinful.

39. And We created not the heavens and the earth, and all that is between them, in sport.

40. We created them not but with the requirements of truth *and justice*, but most of them understand not.

41. Verily, the Day of Decision is the appointed time for all of them,

42. The Day when a friend shall not avail a friend at all, nor shall they be helped,

43. Save those to whom Allāh shows mercy. Surely, He is the Mighty, the Merciful.

## R. 3.

44. Verily, the tree of Zaqqūm

45. Will be the food of the sinful,

46. Like molten copper, it will boil

47. Like the boiling of scalding water.

48. 'Seize him and drag him into the midst of the blazing Fire;

49. 'Then pour upon his head the torment of boiling water.'

فَٱتُوْابِابَائِنَآرِنْ كُنْتُمْرِضِدِقِيْنَ@ ٱ هُمْ خَيْرٌ آمْ قَوْمُ تُبَعِ « وَالَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ ﴿ آهْلَكُنْهُمْ دَانَّهُمْ كَانُوْا مُجْرِمِيْنَ، وَ مَا خَلَقْنَا السَّمَوْتِ وَالْأَرْضَ وَ مَا بَيْنَهُمَا لْعِبِيْنَ. مَا خَلَقْنُهُمَا إِلَّا بِالْحَقِّ وَلَكِنَّ ٱكْتَرَهُمْ لَا تَعْلَمُوْنَ؟ ٳؚؾؘۜؽۉڡڔٳؽڣؘڞڵڡؚؽؚۊؘٵڗؙۿۿڔٱڿٛڡۼؽؚۘڹ۞ يَوْمَرِلَا يُغْنِيْ مَوْلًى عَنْ مَّوْلًى شَبْئًا وَّ لَا هُمْ يُنْصَرُوْنَ ٢ إِلَّا مَنْ رَّحِمَ اللهُ ﴿ إِنَّهُ هُوَ الْعَزِيْزُ التَّحْثُهُ شَ إِنَّ شَجَرَتَ الزَّقُّهُ مِ شَ طَعَامُ الْأَثِيْمِ ٢ كَالْمُهْلِ ؛ يَغْلِيْ فِي الْبُطُوْنِ 🖑 كَغَلْي الْحَمِيْمِ ٢ خُذُوْهُ فَاعْتِلُوْهُ إِلَى سَوَاءِ الْجَحِيْمِ ٥ ثُمَّر صُبُّوًا فَوْقَ رَأْسِهِ مِنْ عَذَارِ الْحَمْثِم ش

سع ۱۹ 50. 'Taste *it*! Thou *didst consider* thyself the mighty, the honourable.

51. 'This indeed is what you did doubt.'

52. Verily, the righteous will be in a place of security,

53. And gardens and springs,

54. Attired in fine silk and heavy brocade, facing one another.

55. Thus *will it be.* And We shall consort them with fair maidens, having wide, beautiful eyes.

56. They will call therein for every *kind of* fruit, in *peace and* security.

57. They will not taste death therein, other than the first death. And He will save them from the punishment of the blazing Fire,

58. *As an act of* grace from thy Lord. That is the supreme triumph.

59. And We have made it (the Qur'ān) easy in thy tongue that they may give heed.

60. So wait thou; they too are  $\underbrace{\&}_{M}$  waiting.

ذُقْ اللَّكِ أَنْتَ الْعَزِيْزُ الْكَرِيْمُ، اِنَّ هٰذَا مَا كُنْتُمْرِبِهِ تَمْتَرُوْنَ ( إِنَّ الْمُتَّقِيْنَ فِيْ مَقَامٍ آمِيْنِ أَهُ ڣٛڹڹڗۜۊۜۼؽۏڹ۞ يَلْبَسُوْنَ مِنْ سُنْدُسٍ وَإِسْتَبْرَق متقبلين كَذٰلِكَ ٥ زَوَّجْنهُمْ بِحُوْرٍ عِيْنٍ يدْعُوْنَ فِيْهَا بِكُلِّ فَاكِهَةٍ أمِنِيْنَ أَ لَا يَذُوْقُوْنَ فِيْهَا الْمَوْتَ إِلَّا الْمَوْتَةَ الْأُوْلِي ، وَوَقْدَهُمْ عَذَابَ الْجَحِيْمِ هُ فَضْلًا مِّنْ رَّبِّكَ ، ذٰلِكَ هُوَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيْمُ ٢ فَإِنَّمَا يَشَرْنُهُ بِلِسَانِكَ لَعَلَّهُمْ ىتَ تَحُدُوْنَ، فَارْتَقِبْ إِنَّهُمْ مُّرْتَقِبُوْنَ ﴾



**AL-JĀTHIYAH** (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. Hā Mīm.‡

3. The revelation of this Book is from Allāh, the Mighty, the Wise.

4. Verily in the heavens and the earth are Signs for those who believe.

5. And in your own creation and *in* that of all the creatures which He scatters *in the earth* are Signs for a people who possess firm faith.

6. And *in* the alternation of night and day, and the provision that Allāh sends down from the sky, whereby He quickens the earth after its death, and *in* the change of the winds, are Signs for a people who *try to* understand.

7. These are the Signs of Allāh which We rehearse unto thee with truth. In what word, then, after *rejecting that of* Allāh and His Signs will they believe?

8. Woe to every sinful liar,

9. Who hears the Signs of Allāh recited unto him, and then proudly persists *in his disbelief*, as though he heard them not. So give him the tidings of a painful punishment.

<sup>+</sup> The Praiseworthy, the Lord of Honour.

بشمرالله الرَّحْمَن الرَّحِيْمِ () خم أ تَنْزِيْلُ الْكِتْبِ مِنَ اللهِ الْحَزِيْزِ الْحَكِيْمِ ( إِنَّ فِ الشَّيْطَةِ وَ الْأَرْضِ لَأَلِيهِ للمؤمنين أ <u>ۇ</u> فى خَلْقِكُمْ وَمَايَبُثَّ مِنْ دَا يَّةِ ا لِقَوْمِ تُوْقِنُوْنَ أَن وَ اخْتِلَافِ الَّيْلِ وَالنَّهَارِ وَمَا ٱنْزَلَ اللهُ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مِنْ رِّزْقِ فَأَحْيَا بِهِ الْأَدْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا وَ تَصْرِيْفِ الرَّلِيحِ ايتَ تِقَوْمِ يَعْقِدُون تلك ألت الله نَتْلُوْهَا عَلَيْكَ بالْحَقِّ ، فَبِآيّ حَدِيْثٍ بَعْدَ اللهِ وَ الته يُؤْمِنُوْنَ) وَيْلُ تَڪُلَّ أَفَّاكِ أَثْنَم أَ يَسْمَعُ إليت الله تُثْلى عَلَيْهِ ثُمَّر يُصِرُّ مُسْتَكْبِرًا كَانْ لَّمْرِيَسْمَعْهَا ، فَبَشِّ بِعَذَابِ ٱلِيْمِ ()

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \ddot{r} \ | \ kh \ \dot{r} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ \dot{r} \ o \ \dot{r} \$ 

Ľ

10. And when he learns something of Our Signs, he makes a jest of them. For such there is an abasing punishment.

11. Before them is Hell; and that which they have earned shall not avail them aught, nor shall those whom they have taken for protectors beside Allāh. And they will have a great punishment.

12. This is guidance. And for those who disbelieve in the Signs of their Lord is the torture of a painful punishment.

R. 2.

13. Allāh it is Who has subjected the sea to you that ships may sail thereon by His command, and that you may seek of His bounty, and that you may be grateful.

14. And He has subjected to you whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is in the earth: all *this is* from Him. In that surely are Signs for a people who reflect.

\*15. Tell those who believe to forgive those who *persecute them and* fear not the Days of Allāh, that He may requite a people for what they earn.

16. Whoso does right, does it for his own soul; and whoso does wrong, does so to its detriment. Then to your Lord will you *all* be brought back. وَ إِذَا عَلِمَ مِنْ أَلِيتِنَا شَيْحًا إِتَّخَذَهَا هُزُوًا ، أولَئكَ لَهُمْ عَذَاتَ مُّهِبْنَ ٢ مِنْ وَّرَائِهِمْ جَهَنَّمُ ، وَ لَا يُغْنِيْ عَنْهُمْ مَّا كَسَلُهُا شَنًّا وَّ لَا مَا اتَّخَذُوْا مِنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ أَوْلِيَاءَ ، وَ لَهُمْ عَذَاتَ عظنمُ هٰذَا هُدًى ، وَ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا بِالِيتِ زَبِّهِمْ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ مِّنْ رَجْزِ ٱلِيْمَ <sup>(\*</sup> ٱللهُ الَّذِيْ سَخَّرَ لَكُمُ الْبَحْرَ لِتَجْرِيَ الْفُلْكُ فِيْهِ بِآمْرِةٍ وَ لِتَبْتَغُوْا مِنْ فَضْله وَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُوْنَ شَ وَ سَخَّرَ لَكُمْ تَمَا فِي السَّهٰ وَ مَا فِي الأرْضِ جَمِيْعًا مِّنْهُ ﴿ إِنَّ فِي ذَٰلِكَ لَاٰيت لِقَوْم يَتَفَكَّرُوْنَ ؟ قُلْ لِتَّذَيْنَ أَمَنُوْا يَغْفِرُوْا لِلَّذَيْنَ لَا يَرْجُوْنَ ٱتّامَراللهِ لِيَجْزِي قَوْمًا بِمَا كانواككسبون مَنْ عَملَ صَالِحًا وَمَنْ اَسَاءَ فَحَلَيْهَا ﴿ ثُمَّرِ إِلَى رَبِّكُمْ تُرْجَعُوْنَ 🖻

\* 15. Say to those who believe, that they exercise forgiveness towards those who do not expect the promised days of Alläh to come to pass, that He may requite a people for what they earn.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ (37)$   $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ (737)$  (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

17. And verily, We gave the children of Israel the Book, and sovereignty, and prophethood; and We provided them with good and pure things, and We exalted them over the peoples of the time.

- \*18. And We gave them clear Signs regarding this affair. And they did not differ but after true knowledge had come to them, through mutual envy. Verily, thy Lord will judge between them on the Dav of Resurrection concerning that wherein they differed.
- \*19. Then We set thee on a clear path in the matter of religion; so follow and follow not the evil it. inclinations of those who know not

20. Verily, they will not avail thee aught against Allah. And as for the wrongdoers, some of them are friends of others; but Allah is the Friend of the righteous.

21. This Book contains clear evidences for mankind and is a guidance and a mercy for a people who possess firm faith.

22. Do those who commit evil deeds think that We shall make them like those who believe and do good works, so that their life and their death shall be equal? Evil indeed is what they judge.

وَ لَقَدْ أَتَدْنَا بَنِي إِسْرَاءِتِلَ الْحُتْتِ وَالْحُكْمَ وَ النُّبُوَّةَ وَ رَزَقْنُهُمْ مِّنَ الطَّتيات وَفَضَّلْنَهُمْ عَلَى الْعُلَمِينَ وَ أَتَيْنَهُمْ بَيِّنْتِ مِّنَ الْآمْرِ ، فَمَا اخْتَلَفُوٓا إلَّا مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا جَاءَ هُمُ الْعِلْمُ "بَغْيًّا بَيْنَهُمْ " إِنَّ رَتَّكَ يَقْضِيْ بَيْنَهُمْ يَوْمَر الْقِيْمَةِ فِيْمَا كَانُوْا فئەتختكفەن حَعَلْنْكَ عَلْى شَرِيْعَةٍ مِّنَ الْأَمْرِ فحها وكا تَتَّسِعُ أَهْوَاءَ الَّذِينَ كغلمةن انَّهُمْ لَنْ يُغْنُوْا عَنْكَ مِنَ اللَّهِ شَيْئًا -وَ إِنَّ الظِّلمِيْرِي بَعْضُهُمْ أَوْلِيَاءُ بَعْضٍ ، وَ اللهُ وَلِيُّ الْمُتَقِيْنَ ] هٰذَا بَصَائِرُ لِلنَّاسِ وَ هُدًى وَّ رَحْمَةً لِقَوْمِ تُوْقِنُونَ (٢) اَهْ حَسب الْنْبْ الْحَتَّ خَعَلَمُ كَالَّ وَعَمِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ ال وَ مَمَا

3

 $\overline{a \ i \ u \mid th}$  ث  $| h \ \tau \mid kh \ \dot{\tau} \mid dh$   $| \dot{s} \mid s \rightarrow \infty$ ء' | ق q k ج | gh ج | ظ z | ط إ ض *b* و <sub>738</sub> (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

<sup>\*18.</sup> And We gave them clear instructions regarding the law.

 $<sup>\</sup>neq$  19. Then We set you upon a clear path of the law; so follow it, and follow not the evil inclinations of those who know not.

R. 3.

23. And Allāh has created the heavens and the earth with truth and that every soul may be requited for that which it earns; and they shall not be wronged.

\*24. Hast thou seen him who conceives of his god according to his own fancy, and whom Allāh has adjudged astray on basis of *His* knowledge, and whose ears and whose heart He has sealed up, and on whose eyes He has put a covering? Who, then, will guide him after Allāh *has condemned him*? Will you not then heed?

25. And they say, 'There is nothing but this our present life; we die and we live *here*; and nothing but Time destroys us.' But they have no knowledge of that; they do but conjecture.

26. And when Our clear Signs are recited unto them, their only contention is that they say, 'Bring *back* our fathers, if you are truthful.'

27. Say, '*It is* Allāh *Who* gives you life, then causes you to die; then He will gather you together unto the Day of Resurrection about which there is no doubt. But most men know not.'

وَ خَلَقَ اللهُ السَّموٰتِ وَالْأَرْضَ بِالْحَقِّ وَ لِتُجْزٰى كُلُّ نَفْئٍ بِمَا مَسَبَتْ وَ هُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُوْنَ اَ فَرَءَيْتَ مَنِ اتَّخَذَ اللهُ هُوْلهُ وَ اَضَلَّهُ اللهُ عَلى عِلْم وَ خَتَم على سَمْعِه وَ قَلْبِه وَ جَعَلَ عَلى بَصْرِهِ يَشْوَةً ، فَمَنْ يَهْرِيْهِ مِنْ بَعْدِ اللهِ، اَفَلَا تَذَكَرُوْنَ؟

وَ قَالُوْا مَا هِيَ اِلَّا حَيَاتُنَ الدُّنْيَا نَمُوْتُ وَ نَحْيَا وَ مَا يُهْلِحُنَا الدُّنْيَا الدَّهْرُ ، وَ مَا لَهُمْ بِذٰلِكَ مِنْ عِلْمٍ ، اِنْ هُمْ الَّا يَظُنُّوْنَ۞ وَ اِذَا تُتْلَى عَلَيْهِمْ أَيْتُنَا بَيِّنْتِ مَّا كَانَ حُجَتَهُمْ الَّا اَنْ قَالُوا الْتُوْا فِيْ اللَّهُ يُحْيَيْكُمْ تُمَّ يُويْ تُكُمْ تُمَّ يَجْمَعُكُمْ إِلَى يَوْمِ الْقِيْمَةِ لَا دَيْتِ فِيْهِ وَلٰكِنَّ اَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ۞ هَجً فِيْهِ وَلٰكِنَّ اَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ۞ هَجً

<sup>\*24.</sup> Have you seen him who makes his own desire his lord, and whom Alläh has adjudged astray knowingly, and whose ears and whose heart He has sealed up, and on whose eyes He has put a covering?

R. 4.

28. To Allāh belongs the kingdom of the heavens and the earth; and on \*the day when the Hour shall come, on that day those who follow falsehood will be the losers.

29. And thou wilt see every people on *their* knees. Every people will be summoned to their record, *and it shall be said to them*, 'This day shall you be requited for that which you did.

30. 'This is Our Book; it speaks against you with truth. We caused *all* that you did to be *fully* recorded.'

31. Now as for those who believed and did good works, their Lord will admit them into His mercy. That is the clear achievement.

32. But as to those who disbelieved: "Were not My Signs recited unto you? But you were arrogant, and were a guilty people.

33. "And when it was said, 'The promise of Allāh is certainly true, and *as to* the Hour, there is no doubt about its *coming*,' you said, 'We know not what the Hour is; we think it to be nothing but a conjecture, and we are not convinced.'"

34. And the evil *consequences* of their deeds will become apparent to them, and that which they used to mock at shall encompass them.

وَ بِنْهِ مُلْكُ السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْاَرْضِ و يَوْمَ تَقُوْمُ السَّاعَةُ يَوْمَئِزٍ يَخْسَرُ الْمُبْطِلُوْنَ۞ وَ تَرْعَ إِلَى كِتْبِهَا - اَلْيَوْمَ تُجْزَوْتَ مَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُوْنَ۞

لَمَنَّ المَنْبَنَا يَنْطِقُ عَلَيْكُمْ بِالْحَقِّ ، إِنَّا كُنَّ انَسْتَنْسِخُ مَا كُنْ تُمْ تَعْمَلُوْنَ فَامَّا الَّذِينَ الْمَنُوْا وَ عَمِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ فَيُدْخِلُهُمْ رَفِي رَحْمَتِهِ ، ذَلِكَ هُوَ الْفَوْذُ الْمَبِيْنُ @ التَحِي تُتْل عَلَيْكُمْ فَاسْتَكْبَرْتُمْ التِحِي تُتْل عَلَيْكُمْ فَاسْتَكْبَرْتُمْ وَ اِذَا قِيْلَ اِنَّ وَعُدَ اللَّهِ حَقَّ وَ اِذَا قِيْلَ اِنَّ وَعُدَ اللَّهِ حَقَّ نَدْرِيْ مَا السَّاعَةُ الِنْ نَظُنُ إِلَا ظَنَّ وَ مَا نَحْنُ بِمُسْتَيْقِزِيْنَ ؟ وَ بَدَا لَهُمْ سَيِّاتُ مَا عَمِلُوا وَ حَاقَ وَ بَدَا لَهُمْ سَيِّاتُ مَا عَمِلُوا وَ حَاقَ بِهِمْ مَا كَنُوا بِهِ يَسْتَهُ زِءُوْنَ ؟

\*28. on that day those who **reject the truth will suffer**.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ h \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid \ dh \ \dot{s} \ \mid \ \dot{s} \ \overset{}{\underset{(3ee details of transliteration on page \ p').}{}} \circ (3ee details of transliteration on page \ p'). \end{array}$ 

اِلَيْهِ يُرَدُّ Part 25 - ۲۵

35. And it will be said *to them*, 'This day shall We forget you, as you forgot the meeting of this day of yours. And your resort is the Fire, and you will have no helpers.

\*36. 'This *is so*, because you made a jest of the Signs of Allāh, and the life of the world deceived you.' Therefore, that day they will not be taken out from thence, nor will they be taken back into favour.

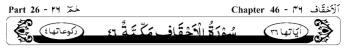
37. All praise, then, belongs to Allāh, Lord of the heavens, and Lord of the earth, the Lord of all the worlds.

38. And His is the Majesty in the heavens and the earth; and He is the Mighty, the Wise.

وَقِيْلَ الْيَوْمَ نَنْلسَكُمْ كَمَا نَسِيْتُمْ لِقَاءَ يَوْمِكُمْ هٰذَا وَمَا وْنَكُمُ النَّارُ وَمَا لَكُمْ مِنْ نَّصِرِيْنَ۞ هٰ زُوًا وَّ غَرَّتُكُمُ اتَخَذْتُمْ اليتِ اللهِ هُرُوًا وَ غَرَّتُكُمُ الْحَيْوةُ الدُّنْيَا، فَلِلْهِ الْحَمْدُ دَبِّ السَّمٰوٰتِ وَ دَبِّ الْأَرْضِ دَبِّ الْعَلَمِيْنَ؟ وَلَهُ الْكِبْرِيَاءُ فِي السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْآَرْضِ وَلَهُ الْكِبْرِيَاءُ فِي السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْآَرْضِ مِ

بلي الم

<sup>\*36. &#</sup>x27;This is so, because you made a jest of the Signs of Allāh, and the life of the world deceived you.' Therefore, that day they will not be taken out from thence, nor will they be granted access to the threshold.



AL-AHQĀF (Revealed before Hijrah)

العجزرية

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

ਸ਼ੂ 2. H਼ā Mīm.‡

3. The revelation of this Book is from Allāh, the Mighty, the Wise.

4. We have not created the heavens and the earth, and all that is between them, but with truth, and for an appointed term; but those who disbelieve turn away from that of which they have been warned.

5. Say, 'Do you know what it is you call on beside Allāh? Show me what they have created of the earth. Or have they a share in the *creation* of the heavens? Bring me a Book revealed before this or some vestige of knowledge in your support, if you indeed speak the truth.'

6. And who is more astray than those who, instead of Allāh, pray unto such as will not answer them till the Day of Resurrection, and they are even unconscious of their prayer?

7. And when mankind are gathered together they will become enemies to them, and will deny their worship.

بشيرانيه الرَّحْمن الرَّحِبْير 🛈 خم ش تَنْزِيْلُ الْحِتْبِ مِنَ اللهِ الْعَزِيْزِ الْحَكِيْمِ ( مَا خَلَقْنَا السَّمُوْتِ وَ الْأَرْضَ وَ مَا بَيْنَهُمَا إِلَّا بِالْحَقِّ وَ أَجَلِ مُّسَمًّى ، وَالَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا عَمَّآ أُنْذِرُوْا مُعْرِضُوْنَ۞ قُلْ آ رَءَيْتُمْ مَّا تَدْعُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِ الله آرُوْ فيْ مَاذَا خَلَقُوْا مِنَ الْأَرْضِ أَمْرِكَهُمْ شِرْكٌ فِي السَّبْطُوتِ وَإِيْتُوْنِيْ بِكِتْبِ مِّنْ قَبْلِ هٰذَآ آوْ آثْرَةٍ مِّنْ عِلْم إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صِدِقَيْنَ () وَمَنْ أَضَلُّ مِمَّنْ يَّدْعُوْا مِنْ دُوْن اللهِ مَنْ لا يَسْتَجِيْبُ لَهُ إلى يَوْمِ الْقِيْمَةِ وَهُمْ عَنْ دُعَائِهِمْ غُفِلُوْن 🕙 وَإِذَا حُشْرَ النَّاسِ كَانُهُ إِلَهُمْ أَعْدَاً وَ كَانُوْا بِعِبَادَ تِهِمْ كَفِرِيْنَ )

<sup>+</sup> The Praiseworthy, the Lord of Honour.

8. And when Our clear Signs are recited unto them, those who disbelieve say of the truth when it comes to them, 'This is manifest sorcery.'

9. Do they say, 'He has forged it'? Say, 'If I have forged it, you cannot avail me aught against Allāh. He knows best what *mischievous* talk you indulge in. Sufficient is He for a Witness between me and you. And He is the Most Forgiving, the Merciful.'

10. Say, 'I am no new Messenger, nor do I know what will be done with me or with you *in this life*. I do but follow what is revealed to me; and I am but a plain Warner.'

11. Say, 'Tell me, if this is from Allāh and you disbelieve therein, and a witness from among the children of Israel bears witness to *the advent of* one like him, and he believed, but you are too proud, *how should you fare*?' Verily, Allāh guides not the wrongdoing people.

# R. 2.

12. And those who disbelieve say of those who believe: 'If it were any good, they could not have been ahead of us in attaining it.' And since they have not been guided thereby, they will say, 'This is an old lie.'

وَ إِذَا تُثْلَى عَلَيْهِمْ التُنَا بَيِّنْتٍ قَالَ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا لِلْحَقِّ لَمَّا جَاءَهُمُ <u></u>هٰذَا سِحْرَّ شَبِيْنَ اَمْرِيَقُوْلُوْنَ افْتَرْبِهُ ﴿ قُلْ إِنِ افْتَرَيْتُهُ فَكَر تَمْلِحُوْنَ لِيْ مِنَ اللهِ شَبْعًا ﴿ هُوَ ٱعْلَمُ بِمَا تُفِيْضُوْتَ فِيْهِ ، كَفى به شَهِيْدًا بَيْنِيْ وَبَيْنَكُمْ ﴿ وَهُوَ الْغَفُوْرُ الرَّجِعْمُ () قُلْ مَاكُنْتُ بِدْعًامِّنَ الرُّسُلِ وَمَا اَدْرِيْ مَا يُفْعَلُ بِيْ وَلَا بِكُمْرِ إِنْ اَتَّبِعُ إلَّا مَا يُؤْتَى إِلَيَّ وَ مَآ أَنَّا إِلَّا نَذِيْرُ مَّبِيْنَ قُلْ آ رَءَيْتُمْرِانْ كَانَ مِنْ عِنْدِ اللهِ وَكَفَرْتُمْ بِهِ وَ شَهِدَ شَاهِدً مِّنْ بَنِيْ إِسْرَآءِيْلَ عَلْى مِثْلِهِ فَامَن وَاسْتَكْبَرْتُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَهْدِف الْقَوْمَر الظَّلِمِيْنَ أَ ė وَ قَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا لِلَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا لَهُ كَانَ خَيْرًا مَّا سَبَقُوْنَا إِلَيْهِ ﴿ وَإِذْ لَمْ يَهْ تَدُوْا بِهِ فَسَيَقُوْلُوْنَ هٰذَا إِفْكُ قَدِيْمٌ ()

13. And before it there was the Book of Moses, a guide and a mercy; and this is a Book in the Arabic language fulfilling *previous prophecies*, that it may warn those who do wrong; and as glad tidings to those who do good.

14. Verily, those who say, 'Our Lord is Allāh,' *and* then remain steadfast—no fear *shall come* upon them, nor shall they grieve.

15. These are the dwellers of the Garden; they shall abide therein—a recompense for what they did.

16. And We have enjoined on man to be good to his parents. His mother bears him with pain, and brings him forth with pain. And the bearing of him and his weaning takes thirty months, till, when he attains his full maturity and reaches the age of forty years, he says, 'My Lord, grant me the power that I may be grateful for Thy favour which Thou hast bestowed upon me and upon my parents, and that I may do such good works as may please Thee. And make my seed righteous for me. I do turn to Thee; and, truly, I am of those who submit to Thee.'

17. Those are they from whom We accept their good works and overlook their ill deeds. *They shall be* among the inmates of the Garden, *in fulfilment of* the true promise which was made to them.

وَ مِرْفٍ قَسْلِهِ كِتْبُ مُوْسَى إِمَامًا وَّ رَحْمَةً ﴿ وَ هٰذَا كَتْبَ مُصَرِّقُ لِسَانًا عَرَبِيًّا لِيُنْذِرَ الَّذِيْنَ ظَلَمُوْا وَ بُشْرى لِلْمُحْسنيْنَ أَ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ قَالُوْا رَتُنَا اللَّهُ ثُمَّر اسْتَقَامُوْا فَلَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ ؽڂڒؘڹؙۮؽ۞۫ ٱولَّئكَ آصْحْبُ الْجَنَّةِ خْلِدِيْنَ فِيْهَا، جَزَاءً بِمَاكَانُوْا يَعْمَلُوْنَ وَوَصَيْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ بِوَالِدَيْهِ إِحْسَنَّاء حَمَلَتُهُ أُمُّهُ كُرْهًا وَّ وَضَعَتْهُ كُرْهًا -وَحَمْلُهُ وَ فَصِلُهُ ثَلِثُونَ شَهْرًا ﴿ حَتَّى إِذَا بَلَغَ أَشُدَّة وَ بَلَغَ آَدْبَعِيْنَ سَنَةً قَالَ رَبّ أَوْزِعْنِيْ أَنْ أَشْكُرَ نِعْمَتَكَ الَّتِي ٱنْعَمْتَ عَلَيَّ وَعَلَى وَالِدَيَّ وَأَنْ ٱعْمَلَ صَالِحًا تَرْضِيهُ وَ ٱصْلِحْ لِيْ فى ذُرِّيِّتِي النَّى تُبْتُ الَمِكَ وَ إِنَّى مِنَ الْمُسْلِمِيْنَ

ٱولَّئِكَ الَّذِينَ نَتَقَبَّلُ عَنْهُمْ اَحْسَنَ مَا عَمِلُوْا وَ نَتَجَاوَزُ عَنْ سَيِّاتِهِمْ فِنَ آَصْحٰبِ الْجَنَّةِ ، وَعْدَ الصِّدْقِ الَّذِيْ كَانُوْا يُوْعَدُوْنَ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{>} \ | \ s \ \circ \ (14)$ (See details of transiteration on page 'p').

18. But the one who says to his parents, 'Fie on you both! do you threaten me that I shall be brought forth *again*, when generations have already passed away before me?' And they both cry unto Allāh for help *and say to him*: 'Woe unto thee! believe; for the promise of Allāh is true.' But he says, 'This is nothing but the fables of the ancients.'

19. These are they against whom \* the sentence *of punishment* became due, along with the communities of the Jinn and mankind that had gone before them. Indeed, they were the losers.

20. And for all are degrees of rank according to what they did, and that Allāh may fully repay them for their deeds; and they shall not be wronged.

21. And on the day when those who disbelieve will be brought before the Fire, *it will be said to them*, 'You exhausted your good things in the life of the world, and you *fully* enjoyed them. Now this day you shall be requited with ignominious punishment because you were arrogant in the earth without justification, and because you acted rebelliously.'

# R. 3.

22. And make mention of the brother of 'Ād, when he warned his people among the sand-hills—and

وَالَّذِي قَالَ لِوَالدَبِهِ أُفَّ تُكُمَا أَ تَعْذِبُنَ أَنْ أُخْرَجَ وَ قَدْ خَلَت المُحْدَجَة مَا اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ المُحْدَة المُحْد المحاديقة ال المحاديقة المحاديق المحاديقة المحا المحاديقة الم محاديقة المحاديقة المحاديقة المحاديقة المحاديقة المحاديقة المحاديقة المحاديقة حماديقة المحاديقة ال ا محاديقة المحاديقة المحا الْقُرُوْنُ مِنْ قَبْلِنْ ، وَ هُمَا يَسْتَغِيْتُنِ الله وَيْلَكَ أُمِرْنَ ٢ إِنَّ وَعْدَ الله حَةً جَ فَيَقُوْلُ مَا هٰذَا إِلَّا أَسَاطِيْرُ الْاَوَّ لِيْنَ. ٱولَبِّكَ الَّذِينَ حَقَّ عَلَيْهِمُ الْقَوْلُ فِي ٱمَمِر قَدْ خَلَتْ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ مِّنَ الْجِنِّ وَ الْإِنْسِ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوْا خْسِرِيْنَ () وَ لِڪُلَّ دَرَجْتُ مِّمَا عَملُوْك وَ لِبُوَقِيَهُمْ أَعْمَالَهُمْ وَهُمْ لَا يظكمون وَ يَهْمَ يُعْرَضُ الْزَيْرِي كَفَرُوْا عَلَى النَّارِ ، ٱذْهَبْتُمْ طَيِّبتِحُمْ فِي حَيَاتِكُمُ الدُّنْيَاوَاشتَمْتَعْتُمْ بِهَاء فَالْيَوْمَر تُجْزَوْنَ عَذَابَ الْهُوْنِ بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَسْتَكْبِرُوْنَ فِ الْآدْضِ بِغَيْرِ الْحَقّ وَبِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَفْسُقُوْنَ أَ

وَ اذْكُرْ اَخَا عَادٍ مَ اِذْ اَنْذَرَ قَوْمَهُ بِالْاَحْقَافِ وَقَدْ خَلَتِ النَّذُرُ مِنْ بَيْنِ

\*19. These are they against whom the judgment was passed,

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ h \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid \ dh \ \dot{s} \ \mid \ \dot{s} \ \overset{}{\underset{(745)}{}} \ a \ \dot{s} \ \overset{}{\underset{(745)}{}} \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s}$ 

Part	26	-	۲۲	ځقر
------	----	---	----	-----

Warners there have been before him and after him—saying, 'Worship none but Allāh. I fear for you the punishment of a great day.'

23. They said, 'Hast thou come to us to turn us away from our gods? Bring us then that with which thou dost threaten us, if *indeed* thou art of the truthful.'

24. He said, 'The knowledge *thereof* is only with Allāh. And I convey to you what I have been sent with, but I see you to be a *very* ignorant people.'

25. Then, when they saw it coming towards their valleys as a cloud, they said, 'This is a cloud which will give us rain.' 'Nay, but it is that which you sought to hasten—a wind wherein is a grievous punishment.

26. 'It will destroy everything by the command of its Lord.' And they became such that there was nothing left to be seen, except their dwellings. Thus do We requite the guilty people.

27. And We had established them in what We have established you not; and We gave them ears and eyes and hearts. But their ears and their eyes and their hearts availed them naught since they denied the Signs يَدَيْهِ وَمِنْ خَلْفِهَ ٱلَّا تَعْبُدُوْا إِلَّا اللهُ دانيُّ أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَذَاتٍ بَوْمِ عظيم قَالُوْا اَجِئْتَنَا لِتَافِكَنَاعَنْ إِلِمَتِنَاء فَأْتِنَا بِمَا تَعِدُنَآ إِنْ كُنْتَ مِنَ الصّرقيْن قَالَ إِنَّهَا الْعِلْمُ عِنْهِ دَالِتَّهِ رَوَ ٱكَلَّغُكُمْ مَّآ أَرْسِلْتُ بِهِ وَ لَكِنِّيٓ آَرْسُلْتُ قَوْمًا تَجْهَلُوْنَ٣ فَلَمَّا رَاوَة عَادِضًا مُّسْتَقْبِلَ ٱوْجِيَتِهِمْ " قَالُوْا هٰذَا عَادِضْ مُّمْطِرُنا ٢ يَلْ هُوَ مَا اسْتَعْجَلْتُمْ بِهِ دِيْحٌ فِيْهَا عَذَابٌ ٱلِيْمُ اللهُ تُدَمِّرُ كُلٌّ شَيْءٍ بِآمَرِ رَبِّهَا فَأَصْبَحُوْا كَا يُزَى إِلَّا مَسْكِنُهُمْ \* كَذٰلِكَ نَجْزِى الْقَوْمَ الْمُجْرِمِيْنَ وَ لَقَدْ مَكَّنَّهُمْ فَبْمَآ إِنْ مَّكَّنُّكُمْ فَيْهِ

وَ جَعَلْنَا لَهُمْ سَمْعًا وَ آبْصَارًا وَ آفَئِدَةً اللهُ فَمَآ آغْلَى عَنْهُمُ سَمْعُهُمْ وَلَا آبْصَادُهُمْ وَلَا آفْئِدَ تُهُمْ مِّنْ شَيْءٍ of Allāh; and that at which they used to mock encompassed them.

### R. 4.

\*28. And We did destroy townships round about you; and We have varied the Signs, that they might turn to Us.

29. Why, then, did not those help them whom they had taken for gods beside Allāh, seeking *His* nearness *through them*? Nay, they were lost to them. That was *the result of* their lie, and of what they fabricated.

30. And *remember* when We turned towards thee a party of the Jinn who wished to hear the Qur'ān and, when they were present at its *recitation*, they said *to one another*, 'Be silent *and listen*,' and, when it was finished, they went back to their people, warning *them*.

31. They said, 'O our people, we have heard a Book, which has been sent down after Moses, fulfilling that which is before it; it guides to the truth, and to the right path.

32. 'O our people, respond to Allāh's Summoner and believe in Him. He will forgive you your sins, and protect you from a painful punishment.

اِذْ كَانُوْا يَجْحَدُوْنَ البِالِيتِ اللهِ وَحَاقَ بِهِمْ مَّاكَانُوْا بِهِ يَسْتَهْ زِءُوْنَ ٢ وَلَقَدْ آَهْلَكْنَامًا حَوْلَكُمْ مِّنَ الْقُرْي وَ صَرَّفْنَا الْالِيتِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْجِعُوْنَ ٢ فَلَهُ لَا نَصَرَهُمُ الَّذِينَ اتَّخَذُوْا مِنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ قُرْبَانًا اللهَةَ ، بَلْ ضَلُّوْا عَنْهُمْ، وَذَلِكَ إِنْ هُمُهُمْ وَ مَا كَانُوْا كفتكر ودراس وَإِذْ صَرَفْنَا إِلَيْكَ نَفَرًا مِّنَ الْجِنّ يَسْتَمِعُوْنَ الْقُرْانَ ، فَلَمَّا حَضَرُوْهُ قَالُوْا ٱنْصِتُوْاء فَلَمَّا قُضِيَ وَلَّوْا إِلَى قۇمەم مُنْزرين 🕞 قَالُوْا لِيقَوْمَنَّ إِنَّا سَمِعْنَا كِتْبًا أُنْزِلَ مِنْ بَعْدٍ مُوْسى مُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا بَيْنَ

يَدَيْهِ يَهْدِيَّ إلَى الْحَقِّ وَ إلى طَرِيْقٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ القَوْمَنَ آجِيبُوْا دَاعِيَ اللهِ وَ أَمِنُوْا بِه يَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ مِّنْ ذُنُوْبِكُمْ وَ يُجِرْكُمْ مِنْ عَذَابِ آلِيْمٍ ش

\*28. And We did destroy townships **all around you** and We have varied the Signs, that they might turn to Us.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (set details of transiteration on page \ p').$ 

Part	26	-	۲۲	ځټر
------	----	---	----	-----

33. 'And whoso does not respond to Allāh's Summoner, he cannot escape *Him* in the earth, nor can he have any protector beside Him. Such are in manifest error.'

34. Have they not seen that Allāh, Who created the heavens and the earth and was not wearied by their creation, has the power to give life to the dead? Yea, verily, He has power over all things.

35. And on the day when those who disbelieve will be brought before the Fire, *it will be said to them*, 'Is not this the truth?' They will say, 'Aye, by our Lord.' He will say, 'Then taste the punishment, because you disbelieved.'

36. Have patience, then, as had the Messengers of strong determination; and be in no haste about them. On the day when they see that with which they are threatened, it will appear to them as though they had not tarried save for an hour of a day. *This warning* has been conveyed; and none but the disobedient people shall be destroyed.

وَ مَنْ لا يُجِبْ دَاعِي اللهِ فَلَيْسَ بِمُعْجِزٍ فِي الْآَرْضِ وَ لَيْسَ لَهُ مِنْ دُوْنِبَ ٱوْلِياء ، أولَئِكَ فِي ضَلْل مَّبِيْنِ] آ وَ لَمْ يَرَوْا آنَ الله اللهٰ عَلَيْ فَاللهُ اللهٰ عَلَيْ اللهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ اللهُ عَالَيْ اللهُ عَلَيْ اللهُ عَلَيْنَ اللهُ عَلَيْ اللهُ عَلَيْ اللهُ عَلَيْ اللهُ عَلَيْ ا اللهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ اللهُ عَلَيْ اللهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ اللهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ اللهُ عَلَيْ اللهُ عَلَيْ اللهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ عَالِيلُهُ اللهُ عَلَيْ اللهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ عَ اللهُ عَلَيْ اللهُ عَلَيْ عَ اللهُ عَلَيْ عَ المُ عَلَيْ عَ عَلَيْ عَ عَلَيْ ع مُولُ الْعُلَيْ عَلَيْ عَ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ عَلَ السَّلْمُوْت وَالْآَرْضَ وَ لَمْ يَعْبَ بِخَلْقِهِنَّ بِقْدِرٍ عَلَى أَنْ يُّيْيِ يَ الْمَوْتِي \* بَلِّي إِنَّهُ عَلْي كُلُّ ثَبَيْءٍ قرير وَ يَوْمَ يُعْرَضُ اللَّزَيْنَ كَفَرُوْا عَلَى ا النَّارِ ، ٱلَيْسَ هٰذَا بِالْحَقِّ ، قَالُوْا بَلْ وَ رَبِّنَا \* قَالَ فَذُوْقُوا الْعَذَابَ بِمَا كُنْتُهْ تَكْفُرُون @ فَاصْبِرْ كَمَا صَبَرَ أُولُوا الْعَزْمِ مِنَ الرُّسُلِ وَلاتَسْتَعْجِلْ لُّهُمْ لا كَانَّهُمْ يَوْمَ يَرَوْنَ مَا يُوْعَدُوْنَ " لَمْ يَلْبَثُوْآ إلَّا سَاعَةً مِّنْ نَّهَادٍ . بَلْغُ ، فَهَلْ يُهْلَكُ إِلَّا الْقَوْمُ الْفُسِقُوْنَ أَسَ 3

 $a \ i \ u \ \mid \ | \ th \ \not= \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ o \ \tau_{48} \ o \ h \ f \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \$ 



**MUHAMMAD** (Revealed after Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. Those who disbelieve and hinder *men* from the way of Allāh—He renders their works vain.

3. But *as for* those who believe and do good works and believe in that which has been revealed to Muhammad—and it is the truth \* from their Lord—He removes from

them their sins and improves their condition.

4. That is because those who disbelieve follow falsehood while those who believe follow the truth from their Lord. Thus does Allāh set forth for men their similitudes.

5. And when you meet in regular *hattle* those who disbelieve, smite their necks; and, when you have overcome them, bind fast the fetters-then afterwards either release them as a favour or by taking ransom—until the war lays #down its burdens. That is the ordinance. And if Allah had so pleased, He could have punished them Himself, but He has willed that He may try some of you by others. And those who are killed in

بشمرالله الرَّحْمن الرَّحْمه () ٱلَّذَيْنَ كَفَرُوْا وَ صَدُّوْا عَنْ سَ الله أضَلَّ أعْمَالَهُمْ ٠ وَالَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا وَ عَمِلُوا الصَّ وَ امْنُوْا بِمَا نُزَّلَ عَلْيٍ مُحَمَّد وَّ هُوَ ٵ**ۮڂۊٞ۠ڝؚڽٛڗٞؾ**ۿۄ۫ٵ**ػڣٚؖۯۼڹٛ**ۿۄٛ؊ وَ ٱصْلَحَ تَالَهُمْ @ ذٰلِكَ بِأَنَّ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوا اتَّبَعُوا الْتَاطِلَ وَ أَنَّ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوا اتَّبَعُوا الْحَوَّى مِنْ رَّبِّهِمْ عَذَلِكَ يَضُرِبُ اللهُ للنَّاسِ أَمْثَالَهُمْ ٢ فَاذَا لَقِبْتُمُ الَّذِيْرِي كَفَرُوْا فَضَرْبَ الرِّقَابِ ﴿ حَتَّى إِذَا ٱثْخَنْتُمُوْهُمْ فَشُدُّوا الْمَ ثَاقَة لا فَامَّا مَنًّا بَعُدُ وَ امَّا فداءً حَتَّى تَضَعَر الْحَرْبُ إَوْذَارَهَا ذلك ذككة كشآء الله ك وَلٰكِرِ ثَ تَعْشَلُوَ أَ يَعْضَكُمُ بِيَعْضُ وَ الَّذِيْنَ قُتِلُوْا فِيْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ

\*3.He will remove from them their evils and will reform their conduct.

<sup>\*5.</sup> And if Allāh had so decided ,He could have Himself exacted retribution from them, but he puts some of you to trial at the hands of some others.

the way of Allāh—He will never render their works vain.

\*6. He will guide them and improve their condition,

\*7. And admit them into the Garden which He has made known to them.
8. O ye who believe! if you help *the cause of* Allāh, He will help you and will make your steps firm.

9. But *as for* those who disbelieve, perdition is their *lot*; and He will make their works vain.

10. That is because they hate what Allāh has revealed; so He has made their works futile.

11. Have they not travelled in the earth and seen what was the end of those who were before them? Allāh *utterly* destroyed them, and for the disbelievers there will be the like thereof.

12. That is because Allāh is the Protector of those who believe, and  $\mu$  as for the disbelievers, there is no  $\xi_{r}$  protector for them.

## R. 2.

13. Verily, Allāh will make those who believe and do good works enter the Gardens underneath which rivers flow; while those who disbelieve enjoy themselves and eat even as the cattle eat, and the Fire will be their resort.

تُضلّ أعْمَالَهُمْ @ سَبَهْ يُهْمَ وَ يُصْلِحُ بَالَهُمْ ﴿ وَ يُدْخِلُهُمُ الْجَنَّةَ عَرَّفَهَا لَهُمْ ٥ لَاَتُهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُهُمَا إِنْ تَنْصُرُوا اللَّهُ ينْصُرْ حُمْرَوَ يُثَبِّتْ ٱقْدَامَ حُمْ ( وَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا فَتَعْسًا لَّهُمْ وَ أَضَلّ آغمًا كَفُمْ () ذٰلكَ بِٱنْهُمْ كَرِهُوْا مَآ ٱنْزَلَ اللهُ فَأَحْتَطَ أَعْمَالُهُمْ ٠ ٱ فَلَمْ يَسِيْرُوْا فِ الْآَرْضِ فَيَنْظُرُوْا كَانَ عَاقِمَةُ الَّذِيْنَ مِرْ د كَمَرَ اللهُ عَلَيْهِمُ وَ لِلْكُفِرِيْنَ آمْتَالُهَا () ذٰلِكَ بِأَتَّ اللهُ مَوْلَى الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا وَ اَنَّ الْكُفِرِيْنَ لَا مَوْلَى لَهُمْ شَ إِنَّ اللَّهُ بُدْخِلُ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا وَ عَمِلُوا الصِّلِحْتِ جَنَّتٍ تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الأنْهُرُ ، وَ الَّذِيْنِ كَفَرُوْا يَتَمَتَّعُوْنَ وَ تَأْكُلُونَ كَمَا تَأْكُلُ الْآنْعَامُ وَ النَّارُ مَثْوًى لَّهُمْ ٣

\*6.He will guide them and reform their conduct. \*7. And admit them into the Garden which **He beautified and made distinguished for them.**  $a i u + | th \doteq | h \tau | kh \dot{\tau} | dh \Rightarrow | a \Rightarrow | a \Rightarrow | a \Rightarrow | a \Rightarrow | b \Rightarrow$ 

(See details of transliteration on page 'p').

14. And how many a township, more powerful than thy town which has driven thee out, have We destroyed, and they had no helper!

15. Is he then who stands upon a clear proof from his Lord like those to whom the evil of their deeds is made *to look* beautiful and who follow their evil inclinations?

16. A description of the Garden promised to the righteous: therein are rivers of water which corrupts not; and rivers of milk of which the taste changes not; and rivers of wine, a delight to those who drink, and rivers of clarified honey. And in it will they have all *kinds of* fruit, and forgiveness from their Lord. Can *those who enjoy such bliss* be like those who abide in the Fire and who are given boiling water to drink so that it tears their bowels?

17. And among them are some who listen to thee till, when they go forth from thy presence, they say to those who have been given knowledge, 'What has he been talking about just now?' These are they whose hearts Allāh has sealed, and who follow their own evil inclinations.

18. But *as for* those who follow guidance, He adds to their guidance, and bestows on them their righteousness.

وَكَايَيْنَ مِّرْنَ قَرْبَةٍ هِي أَشَدُّ قُوَّةً مِّنْ قَرْيَتِكَ الَّجْبَ أَخْرَجَتُكَ، أَهْلَكْنُهُمْ فَلَانَا صِرَلَهُمْ m ٱ فَمَنْ كَانَ عَلَى بَيِّنَةٍ مِّنْ رَبِّه كَمَنْ زُيِّنَ لَهُ سُوْءُ عَمَلِهِ وَ اتَّبَعُوْا اَهْوَاءَهُمْ ١ مَثَلُ الْجَنَّةِ الَّتِيْ وُعِدَ الْمُتَّقَوْنَ. فِيْهَا ٱنْهُرُ مِّنْ مَّآءٍ غَيْرِ أُسِنٍ، وَ ٱنْهُرْ مِّنْ لَّبَنِ لَّمْ يَتَغَيَّرْ طَعْمُهُ، وَ ٱنْهُرَ مِّنْ خَمْرٍ لَّذَّةٍ لِّلشَّرِبِيْنَة وَ ٱنْلِأَ يِّنْ عَسَلٍ مُّصَفَّى ﴿ وَلَهُمْ فِيْهَا مِنْ كُلِّ الثَّمَاتِ وَ مَغْفِرَةً مِّنْ رَّبِّهِمْ -حَمَنْ هُوَ خَالِدٌ فِي النَّارِ وَ سُقُوْا مَاءً حَمِيْمًا فَقَطَّحَ أَمْعَاءَهُمْ ( وَ مِنْهُمْ مَّنْ يَسْتَمِحُ إِلَيْكَ ، حَتَّى إِذَا خَرَجُوْا مِنْ عِنْدِكَ قَالُوْا لِلَّذِيْنَ ٱوْتُوا الْعِلْمَ مَاذَا قَالَ إِنَّا مَا أُوَلَّئِكَ الَّذِيْنَ طَبَحَ اللهُ عَلْى قُلُوْبِهِمْ وَ اتَّبَعُوْا أَهْوَ أَعْهُمْ ٢ وَ الَّذِيرِبِ اهْتَكَوْا زَادَهُمْ هُدًى وَّ أَتْبَهُمْ تَقْوِيهُمْ (

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rhop | \ hh \ rhop | \ rhop | \ hh \ rhop | \ hh \ rhop | \ rhop$ 

19. They wait not but for the Hour, that it should come upon them suddenly. The signs thereof have already come. But *of* what *avail* will their admonition be to them when it has *actually* come upon them?

20. Know, therefore, that there is no god other than Allāh, and ask forgiveness for thy frailties, and for believing men and believing women. And Allāh knows the place where you move about and the place where you stay.

R. 3.

21. And those who believe say, 'Why is not a Sūrah revealed?' But when a decisive Sūrah is revealed and fighting is mentioned therein, \* thou seest those in whose hearts is a disease looking towards thee with the look of one who is fainting on account of *approaching* death. So ruin seize them!

22. Obedience and a kind word *is better for them*. And when the matter is determined upon, it is good for them if they were true to Allāh.

23. Would you then, if you are placed in authority, create disorder in the land and sever your ties of kinship?

24. It is these whom Allāh curses so that He makes them deaf and makes their eyes blind. فَهَلْ يَنْظُرُوْنَ إِلَّا السَّاعَةَ آنْ تَأْتِيَهُمْ بَخْتَةً ، فَقَرْ جَاءَ ٱشْرَاطُهَا ، فَاَنْٰ لَهُمْ إِذَا جَاءَتْهُمْ ذِكْرِيهُمْ ®

فَاعْلَمْ ٱنَّهْ لَآ الله الله وَ اسْتَخْفِرْ لِذَنَّبِكَ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنِيْتَ وَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْتِ وَ اللهُ يَحْلَمُ مُتَقَلَّبَكُمْ وَ مَثْوالْمُحْ هَ جَ

وَ يَقُوْلُ الَّذِينَ امَنُوْا لَوْ لَا نُزِّلَتْ سُوْرَةً ، فَإِذَا الْنِلِتْ سُوْرَةً مُحْكَمَةً وَ ذُكِرَ فِيْهَا الْقِتَالُ ارَايَتَ الَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوْ بِهِمْ مَّرَضٌ يَّنْظُرُوْنَ المَوْتِ -نَظَرَ الْمَغْشِيِّ عَلَيْهِ مِنَ الْمَوْتِ -فَاوَلْى لَهُمْ أَ الْأَمُرُ حَفَلَوْ صَرَقُوا اللَّهَ لَكَانَ خَيْرًا تَهُمُ أَنَ

فَهَلْ عَسَيْتُمْ إِنْ تَوَلَّيْتُمْ أَنْ تَفْسِدُوْا فِي الْاَرْضِ وَتُقَطِّعُوْا اَرْحَامَكُمْ @ اُولَئِكَ اتَّذِينَ لَعَنَهُمُ اللهُ فَاصَمَّهُمْ وَاعْمَى اَبْصَارَهُمْ @

\*21.you will see those whose hearts are diseased looking at you with a look of one dazed by the shadow cast upon him by death. So ruin seize them!

#### خم ۲۲ - Part 26 - ۲۲

\*25. Will they not, then, ponder over the Qur'ān, or is it that on the hearts are their locks?

26. Surely, those who turn their backs after guidance has become manifest to them, Satan has seduced them, and holds out to them false hopes.

27. That is because they said to those who hate what Allāh has revealed, 'We will obey you in some matters;' and Allāh knows their secrets.

28. But how *will they fare* when the angels will cause them to die, smiting their faces and their backs?

29. This is because they followed that which displeased Allāh, and hated that which pleased Him. So He rendered their works vain.

# R. 4.

30. Do those in whose hearts is a disease suppose that Allāh will not bring to light their malice?

31. And if We pleased, We could show them to thee so that thou shouldst know them by their marks. And thou shalt surely recognize them by the tone of *their* speech. And Allāh knows your deeds.

\*32. And We will surely try you until

اَفَكَ بَتَدَيَّرُوْرَبِ الْقُرْانَ آمْ عَلْ قُلُوْبِ ٱقْفَالُهَا، انَّ الَّذِبْنِ ادْتَدُّوْا عَلَى أَدْبَادِ هِمْ جّ بَعْدِ مَا تَبَتَّنَ لَهُمُ الْهُدَى سَمَّلَ لَهُمْ إِذَ أَمْلِي لَهُمْ شَرَ ذٰلكَ بِٱنَّهُمْ قَالُهُ، لِلَّا مَا نَزَّلَ اللهُ سَنُطْبُعُ كُمْ فِي الأشرج والله يعلم إشرار اذًا تَوَفَّثْهُمُ الْمَ يَضْرِبُوْنَ وُجُوْهَهُمْ وَ آَدْبَارَهُمْ 🔊 ذلك بأنهم اتتعفوا حَرِهُوْا رِضُوَانَهُ فأختط 5 rue v أغمّاكهُ أ ذِيْنَ فِي قُلُوْ بِهِمْ مَّرَضْ ٱنْ لَّنْ يُّخْرِ*جَ* اللهُ ٱضْغَا ۇ لەنشاءكارىنگە، فلغ دۇلتىغرۇنىڭى د. الْقَوْلِ فَ اللهُ يَعْلَمُ أَعْمَا لَكُمْ وَ لَنَدْ لُهُ أَ جُمْ حَتَّى نَعْلَمَ الْمُحْهِدِينَ

\*25. Will they not 'then' ponder over the Qur'an, or is it that **upon** *their* hearts are locks of their own *making*?

<sup>\*32.</sup> And We will surely try you until We know the true strivers among you and the steadfast, and *by trial* We will bring out your real worth.

We distinguish those among you who strive *for the cause of God* and those who are steadfast. And We will make known the facts about you.

33. Those who disbelieve and hinder *men* from the way of Allāh and oppose the Messenger after guidance has become manifest to them, shall not harm Allāh in the least; and He will make their works fruitless.

34. O ye who believe! obey Allāh and obey the Messenger and let not your works go vain.

35. Verily, those who disbelieve and hinder *men* from the way of Allāh, *and* then die while they are disbelievers—Allāh certainly will not forgive them.

\*36. So be not slack and sue not for peace; for you will *certainly* have the upper hand. And Allāh is with you, and He will not deprive you of *the reward of* your actions.

37. The life of *this* world is but a sport and a pastime, and if you believe and be righteous, He will give you your rewards, and will not ask of you your possessions.

38. If He ask them of you, and press you, you would be niggardly, and He would bring to light your malice.

اِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا وَصَدُّوْا عَنْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ وَ شَاَقُوا الرَّسُوْلَ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا تَبَيَّنَ لَهُمُ الْهُلَى الَّ سُوْلَ عَنْ يَضُرُّوا اللَّهُ شَيْئًا وَ سَيُحْبِطُ اَعْمَالَهُمْ آيَتُيها الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَ لَا تُبْطِلُوْا اللَّهَ وَ اَطِيْعُوا الرَّسُوْلَ وَ لَا تُبْطِلُوْا اعْمَالَكُمْ

اِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا وَ صَدُّوْا حَنْ سَبِيْلِ اللَّهِ ثُمَّ مَاتُوْا وَ هُمْ كُفَّازً فَكَنْ يَّغْفِرَ اللَّهُ لَهُمْ ®

فَكَرَتَهِنُوْا وَتَدْعُوَّا إِلَى السَّلْمِ \* وَ ٱنْتُمُ الْآعْلَوْنَ \* وَ اللَّهُ مَعَكُمْ وَلَنْ يَتِرَحُمْ ٱعْمَالَكُمْ ۞

اِنَّمَا الْحَلُوةُ الدُّنْيَا لَعِبَ وَّ لَهُوً وَ اِنْ تُؤْمِنُوْا وَ تَتَّقُوْا يُؤْتِكُمُ اجُوْرَكُمْ وَلَا يَسْئَلْكُمْ آمْوَالَكُمْ اِنْ يَسْئَلْكُمُوْهَا فَيُحْفِكُمْ تَبْخَلُوْا وَيُخْرِجُ آضْغَانَكُمْ ®

\* 36. Do not slacken lest you should sue for peace while you are bound to emerge victorious.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ (754) \ (754) \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s$ 

Part	26 -	۲۲	خقر
------	------	----	-----

39. Behold, you are those who are called upon to spend in the way of Allāh; but of you there are some who are niggardly. And whoso is niggardly, is niggardly only against his own soul. And Allah is Self-Sufficient, and it is you that are needy. And if you turn your backs, He will bring in your stead a people other than you, then they will not غَيْرَكُمْ الْمُقَالَكُمْ أَمْتَالَكُمْ فَي عَلَيْهُمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ مُ be like you.

هَانْتُمْ هَؤُلاء تُدْعَوْنَ لِتُنْفِقُوْا فِ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ ، فَمِنْكُمْ مَّنْ يَبْخَلُ، وَ مَنْ تَبْخَلْ فَإِنَّمَا يَبْخُلُ عَنْ نَّفْسِهِ ، وَ اللهُ الْغَنِيُّ وَ ٱنْتُمُ الْفُقَرَاءَ. وَ اِنْ تَتَوَلَّوْا يَسْتَبْدِلْ قَوْمًا



**AL-FATH** (Revealed after Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. Verily, We have granted thee a clear victory,

3. That Allāh may cover up for thee thy shortcomings, past and future, and that He may complete His favour upon thee, and may guide thee on a right path;

4. And that Allāh may help thee with a mighty help.

5. He it is Who sent down tranquillity into the hearts of the believers that they might add faith to their faith—and to Allāh belong the hosts of the heavens and the earth, and Allāh is All-Knowing, Wise—

6. That He may make the believing men and the believing women enter the Gardens beneath which streams flow, wherein they will abide, and *that* He may remove their evils from them—and that, in the sight of Allāh, is the supreme triumph—

7. And *that* He may punish the hypocritical men and the hypocritical women, and the idolatrous men and the idolatrous women, who entertain evil thoughts *\** concerning Allāh. On them *shall fall* an evil calamity; and the wrath

تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْآنْهُرُ خْلِحِيْنَ فِيْهَا وَ يُكَفِّرَ عَنْهُمْ سَيِّا تِهِمْ ٥ كَانَ ذٰلِكَ عِنْهَ اللهِ فَوْذًا عَظِيْمًا لَى

وَ يُعَذِّبَ الْمُنْفِقِيْنَ وَالْمُنْفِقْتِ
وَ الْمُشْرِكِيْنَ وَ الْمُشْرِكِتِ الظَّانِيْنَ
بِاللهِ ظَنَّ السَّوْءِ ، عَلَيْهِمْ وَ لَعَنَهُمْ

\*7. Against them will turn the wheel of misfortune, and the wrath of Allāh is upon them.

of Allāh is upon them. And He has cursed them, and has prepared Hell for them. And that indeed is an evil destination.

8. And to Allāh belong the hosts of the heavens and the earth; and Allāh is Mighty, Wise.

9. We have sent thee as a Witness and a Bearer of glad tidings and a Warner,

10. That you should believe in Allāh and His Messenger, and may help him, and honour him, and *that* you may glorify Him morning and evening.

11. Verily, those who swear allegiance to thee indeed swear allegiance to Allāh. The hand of Allāh is over their hands. So whoever breaks *his oath*, breaks *it* to his own loss; and whoever fulfils the covenant that he has made with Allāh, He will surely give him a great reward.

## R. 2.

12. Those of the desert Arabs, who were left behind, will say to thee, 'Our possessions and our families kept us occupied, so ask forgiveness for us.' They say with their tongues that which is not in their hearts. Say, 'Who can avail you aught against Allāh, if He intends you some harm, or if He intends you some benefit? Nay, Allāh is Well-Aware of what you do.

رَ بِتْهِ جُنُوْدُ السَّحْوَتِ وَالْاَدْضِ دَ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَزِيْزًا حَكِيْمًا ()
رَانَ آَرُسَلُنْكَ شَاهِدًا وَّ مُبَشِّرًا وَ نَزِيْرًا ()
يَّتُؤْمِنُوْا بِاللَّهِ وَ رَسُوْلِهِ وَ تُعَزِّرُوْهُ
رَ تُعَزِّرُوْهُ وَ تُسَبَحُوْهُ بُكْرَةً وَ آَمِييَلًا ()

اِنَّ الَّذِينَ يُبَايِعُوْنَكَ اِنَّمَا يُبَايِعُوْنَ اللَّهَ لَيَدُ اللَّهِ فَوُقَ آيَرِ يُهِمْ ، فَمَنْ تَكَثَ فَاِنَّمَا يَنْكُثُ عَلْ نَفْسِهِ، وَ مَنْ آوْفْ بِمَا عْهَدَ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ فَسَيُؤْتِيْهِ آجْرًا عَظِيْمًا أَ

سَيَقُوْلُ لَكَ الْمُخَلَّفُوْتَ مِنَ الْاعْرَابِ شَغَلَتْنَآ اَمْوَالُنَا وَ اَهْلُوْنَا فَاسْتَغْفِرْلَنَا ، يَقُوْلُوْتَ بِالْسِنَتِهِمْ مَالَيْسَ فِيْ قُلُوْبِهِمْ - قُلْ فَمَنْ يَمْلِكُ لَكُمْ مِّنَ اللهِ شَيْطًا إِنْ آَرَادَ بِكُمْ ضَرًّا اَوْ آَرَادَ بِكُمْ نَفْعًا - بَلْ كَانَ اللهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُوْنَ خَبِيْرًا ؟

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (57) \ o \ (757) \ o \$ 

13. 'Nay, you thought that the Messenger and the believers would never come back to their families, and that was made to appear \*pleasing to your hearts, and you thought an evil thought, and you were a ruined people.'

14. And *as for* those who believe not in Allāh and His Messenger— We have surely prepared for the disbelievers a blazing fire.

15. And to Allāh belongs the kingdom of the heavens and the earth. He forgives whom He pleases, and punishes whom He pleases. And Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

16. Those *who had managed to be* left behind will say, when you go forth to the spoils that you may get them, 'Let us follow you.' They seek to change the decree of Allāh. Say, 'You shall not follow us. Thus has Allāh said beforehand.' Then they will say, 'Nay, but you envy us.' Not so, but they understand not except a little.

17. Say to the desert Arabs who were left behind, 'You shall be called *to fight* against a people of mighty valour; you shall fight them until they surrender. Then, if you obey, Allāh will give you a good reward, but if you turn your backs, as you turned your backs before,

بَلْ ظَنَنْتُمْ آنْ لَّنْ يَّنْقَلِبَ الرَّسُوْلُ وَ الْمُؤْمِنُوْنَ إِلَى آهْلِيْهِمْ آبَدًا وَّ زُيِّنَ خٰلِكَ فِيْ قُلُوْبِكُمْ وَ ظَنَنْتُمْ ظَنَّ السَّوْءِ جَوَ حُنْتُمْ قَوْمًا بُوْرًا @ وَ مَنْ لَمْ يُؤْمِنْ بِاللَّهِ وَ رَسُوْلِهِ فَإِنَّ آ آعْتَدْنَا لِلْكُفِرِيْنَ سَعِيْرًا @

وَ بِلْهِ مُلْكُ السَّحْوٰتِ وَالْاَرْضِ مَ
 يَخْفِرُ لِمَنْ يَشَاءُوَ يُعَزِّبُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ مَ
 وَ حَانَ اللَّهُ غَفُوْرًا تَحِيْمًا ()

سَيَقُوْلُ الْمُخَلَّفُوْنَاذَا انْطَلَقْتُمْ إِلَى مَغَانِمَ لِتَاخُذُوْهَا ذَرُوْنَا نَتَبِعْ صُمْ يُرِيدُوْنَ آنَ يُبَدِّلُوْا كَلْمَ اللَّه مِنْ لَنْ تَتَبِعُوْنَا كَذٰلِكُمْ قَالَ اللَّه مِنْ قَبْلُ ، فَسَيَقُوْلُوْنَ بَلْ تَحْسُدُوْنَنَا و بَلْ كَانُوْالا يَفْقَهُوْنَ الَّا قَلِيلًا () تُعْلَ يَلْمُخَلَّفِيْنَ مِنَ الْاعْرَابِ شَرْيَدٍ تُقَاتِلُوْنَهُمْ آوْ يُسْلِمُوْنَ ، فَإِنْ تُطِيْعُوْا يُؤْتِكُمُ اللَّهُ اَجْرًا حَسَنًا ، وَ إِنْ تَتَوَلَّوْا كَمَا تَوَلَّيْ يُتُمْ مِنْ قَبْلُ

\*13. and you entertained an evil thought, and you were a ruined people.

He will punish you with a painful punishment.'

18. There is no blame on the blind, nor is there blame on the lame, nor is there blame on the sick, *if they go not forth for fight*. And whoso obeys Allāh and His Messenger, He will make him enter the Gardens beneath which streams flow; but whoso turns his back, him will He punish with a grievous punishment.

# R. 3.

19. Surely, Allāh was well pleased with the believers when they were swearing allegiance to thee under the Tree, and He knew what was in their hearts, and He sent down tranquillity on them, and He rewarded them with a victory near at hand;

20. And great spoils that they will take. And Allāh is Mighty, Wise.

21. Allāh has promised you great spoils that you will take, and He has given you this in advance, and has restrained the hands of men from you, that it may be a Sign for the believers, and that He may guide you on a right path.

22. And *He has promised you* another *victory*, which you have not yet been able to achieve, *but* Allāh has surely compassed it. And Allāh has power over all things.

يُعَزِّبُكُمْ عَذَابًا آلِيْمًا ۞ لَيْسَ عَلَى الْاعْلَى حَرَجً وَّ لَا عَلَى الْاعْرَج حَرَجً وَ لَا عَلَى الْمَرِيْضِ حَرَجٌ ٥ مَنْ تُطِع اللَّه وَ رَسُوْلَهُ يُدْخِلُهُ جَنَّتٍ تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْانْهُ ء وَ مَنْ يَتَوَلَّ يُعَزِّبُهُ عَذَابًا الْانْهُ ء وَ مَنْ يَتَوَلَّ يُعَزِّبُهُ عَذَابًا لَيْمَا ﴾ لَقَدْ رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنِ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ إِذْ يُبَايِعُوْنَكَ تَحْتَ الشَّجَرَةِ فَعَلِمَ مَا فِيْ قُلُوبِهِمْ فَانْزَلَ السَّكِيْ نَة عَلَيْهِمْ وَاَثَابَهُمْ فَتْحًا قَرِيْبًا ﴾

> وَّ مَغَانِمَ كَثِيْرَةً يَّاخُذُوْنَهَا ، وَ كَانَ اللهُ عَزِيزًا حَجِيْمًا ؟

وَعَدَّكُمُ اللهُ مَغَانِمَ حَثَيْرَةً تَاخُذُوْنَهَا فَحَجَّلَ لَكُمْ هٰذِمْ وَ كَفَّ آيدِي النَّاسِ عَنْكُمْ وَ لِتَكُوْنَ ايَةً لِّلْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ وَ يَهْدِيَكُمْ صِرَاطًا مُستَقِيْمًاشٌ

وَّ ٱخْرَف لَمْ تَقْدِرُوْا عَلَيْهَا قَدْ أَحَاطَ اللهُ بِهَا - وَ كَانَ اللهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرًا ()

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rhop | \ h \ rhop | \ hh \ rhop | \ rhop$ 

23. And if those who disbelieve should fight you, they would certainly turn their backs; then they would find neither protector nor helper.

\*24. Such is the law of Allāh that has been *in operation* before; and thou shalt not find any change in the law of Allāh.

25. And He it is Who withheld their hands from you and your hands from them in the valley of Mecca, after He had given you victory over them. And Allāh sees all that you do.

26. It is they who disbelieved and hindered you from the Sacred Mosque and the offering which was prevented from reaching its place of sacrifice. And had it not been for believing men and believing women whom you knew not and whom you might have trampled down so that harm might have come to you on their account unknowingly, He would have permitted you to fight, but He did not do so that He might admit into His mercy whom He will. If they had been separated from the disbelievers. We would have surely punished those of them who disbelieved with а grievous punishment.

وَ لَهُ قَاتَلَكُمُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا لَوَلَّوُا الْأَدْبَارَ ثُمَّرِ لَا يَجِدُوْنَ وَلِيًّا وَّ كَا نَصيْرًا سُنَّةَ اللهِ الَّتِيْ قَدْ خَلَتْ مِنْ قَبْلُ \* وَلَنْ تَجِدَ لِسُنَّةِ اللهِ تَبْدِيْلًا @ وَ هُوَ اتَّذِبْ كَفَّ آيَدِيَهُمْ عَنْكُمْ وَ ٱيْدِيَكُمْ عَنْهُمْ بِبَطْنِ مَكَّةَ مِنْ بَعْدِ اَنْ اَظْفَرَكُمْ عَلَيْهِمْ د وَكَانَ اللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُوْنَ بَصِيْرًا، هُمُ الَّذِبِ كَفَرُوْا وَ صَدُّوْ حُمْ عَنِ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ وَ الْهَدْتِ مَعْهُوْفًا أَنْ يَبْلُغَ مَجِلَّهُ وَ لَوْ كَا رجَالُ مُؤْمِنُوْنَ وَ بِسَاءً مُؤْمِ تَعْلَمُوْهُمْ أَنْ تَطَنُوْهُمْ فَتُصِبْتُكُمْ مِّنْهُمْ مَّعَرَّةً بِغَيْرِ عِلْمٍ ، لِيُدْخِلَ اللهُ في رَحْمَتِهِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ > لَهُ تَزَتَلُهُا لَعَذَّبْنَا الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا مِنْهُمْ عَذَابًا الثمًا (1)

\*24. Such has been the established practice of Allāh that has been *in operation* before and you shall not find any change in the established practice of Allāh.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ h \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid \ dh \ \dot{s} \ \mid \ s \ v \ \delta \ (f_{1}) \ f_{1} \ b \ \dot{s} \ v \ \delta \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s$ 

فع ا

27. When those who disbelieved harboured in their hearts prideful indignation, the indignation of the Days of Ignorance, Allāh sent down His tranquillity on His Messenger \*\* and on the believers, and made them cleave to the principle of righteousness, and they were better entitled to it and more worthy of it. And Allāh knows everything full well.

#### R. 4.

28. Surely has Allāh in truth fulfilled for His Messenger the Vision. You will certainly enter the Sacred Mosque, if Allāh will, in security, *some* having *their* heads shaven, and *others* having *their* hair cut short; *and* you will have no fear. But He knew what you knew not. He has in fact ordained for you, besides that, a victory near at hand.

29. He it is Who has sent His Messenger, with guidance and the Religion of truth, that He may make it prevail over *all other* religions. And sufficient is Allāh as a Witness.

\*30. Muhammad is the Messenger of Allāh. And those who are with him are hard against the disbelievers, tender among themselves. Thou seest them bowing *and* prostrating themselves اِذْ جَعَلَ الَّزِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا فِيْ قُلُوْبِهِمُ الْحَمِيَّةَ حَمِيَّةَ الْجَاهِلِيَّةِ فَانْزَلَ اللَّهُ سَكِيْنَتَهُ عَلْى رَسُوْلِهِ وَ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ وَ الْزَمَهُمْ كَلِمَةَ التَّقُوٰى وَكَانُوْا اَحَقَّ بِهَاوَ آهْلَهَا ـ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيْمًا جَ

لَقَدْ صَدَقَ اللهُ كَسُوْلَهُ الرَّاعَيَا بِالْحَقِّ لَتَدْخُلُنَّ الْمَسْجِدَ الْحَرَامَ إِنْ شَاءَ اللهُ امِنِيْنَ الْمَسْجِدَ الْحَرَامَ إِنْ شَاءَ وَمُقَصِّرِيْنَ الاَتَخَافُوْنَ فَكَلِمَ مَالَمُ تَعْلَمُوْا فَجَعَلَ مِنْ دُوْنِ ذٰلِكَ فَتْحًا قَرِيْبًا هُوَ الَّذِي آدَسَلَ دَسُوْلَهُ بِالْهُدْى وَ وَيْنِ الْحَقِّ لِيُظْهِرَهُ عَلَى الدِّيْنِ

ڪُلِّهٖ ٤ ڪَفْى بِاللَّهِ شَهِيْدًا ۞ مُحَمَّدً تَسُوْلُ اللَّهِ ٤ وَ الَّذِيْنَ مَعَةَ اَشِدَّاءُ عَلَى الْكُفَّارِ دُحَمَاءُ بَيْنَهُمْ تَرْسَهُمْ دُكَّعًا سُجَّدًا يَّبْتَغُوْنَ فَضْلًا مِنَ اللَّهِ وَ رِضُوَانًا دَسِيْمَاهُمْ فِيْ

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ r & | \ h \ r & | \ kh \ r & | \ dh \ s & | \ s & | \ th \ s & | \ th \ th \ r & | \ h \ r & | \ h \ r & | \ h \ r & | \ s & | \ s & | \ th \ s & | \ th \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \$ 

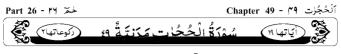
<sup>\*27.</sup> and made them cleave to the **word** of righteousness and they were better entitled to it and more worthy of it.

<sup>\* 30.</sup> Muhammad is the Messenger of Allāh. And those who are with him are **firm against the non-believers**, tender among themselves.

*in Prayer*, seeking grace from Allāh and *His* pleasure. Their mark is upon their faces, being the traces of prostrations. This is their description in the Torah. And their description in the Gospel is like unto a seed-produce that sends forth its sprout, then makes it strong; it then becomes thick, and stands firm on its stem, delighting the sowers—that He may cause the disbelievers to burn with rage *at the sight* of them. Allāh has promised, unto those of them who believe and do good works, forgiveness and a great reward.

ۇجۇھىھم تىن آئر الشجۇد ، ذلك مَثَلُهُمْ ف التَّوْاية لائجنال شكرزع فازرة فاشتغلظ فا شتكاي سُوْقِهِ يُعْجِبُ الزُّرَّاعَ لِتغنظَ الْكُفَّادَ ﴿ وَعَدَ اللهُ الَّذِينَ وَ عَملُوا الصّلحت مِنْهُمْ مَّغْفرَةً ≞ليں ٢ وَّ أَجْرًا عَظِيْمًا شَ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (5c) \ (7c) \ (7$ 



**AL-HUJURĀT** (Revealed after Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

\*2. O ye who believe! be not forward in the presence of Allāh and His Messenger, but fear Allāh. Verily, Allāh is All-Hearing, All-Knowing.

3. O ye who believe! raise not your voices above the voice of the Prophet, and speak not aloud to him, as you speak aloud to one another, lest your works become vain while you perceive not.

- \*4. Verily those who lower their voices in the presence of the Messenger of Allāh are the ones whose hearts Allāh has purified for righteousness. For them is forgiveness and a great reward.
- \*5. Those who shout out to thee from without *thy private* apartments— most of them lack understanding.

6. And if they had waited patiently until thou came out to them, it would be better for them. But Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

بشمرائله الرَّحْمَن الرَّحِيْمِ () يَا يُهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا لَا تُقَدِّمُوْا بَيْنَ يَدَي اللهِ وَ رَسُوْلِهِ وَ اتَّقُوا اللهُ د إنَّ الله سَمنعُ عَلنمُ () لَا يُقا الَّذِيرِي أَمَنُهُا لَا تَرْفَعُهُا أَصْوَا تَكْمُ فَوْقَ صَوْتِ النَّجّ وَكَا تَجْهَرُوْا لَهُ بِالْقَوْلِ كَجَهْرِ بَعْضِكُمْ لِبَعْضِ أَنْ تَحْبَطُ أَعْمَالُكُمْ وَ أَنْتُهُمْ ارتشعر ون اتَ الَّذِيْنَ يَغُفُّوْنَ أَصْوَاتَهُمْ عِنْدَ رَسُوْلِ اللهِ أُولَىٰكَ الَّذِبِ بَ اللهُ قُلُوْ مَهُمْ لِلتَّقْطِي ﴿ لَهُمْ مَّغْفِرَ وَّ أَجْزَ عَظْنُمُ ٢ اِنَّ الْذِيرِ بُنَادُوْنَكَ مِنْ وَرَآءٍ الْحُجُرَات ٱكْثَرُهُمْ لَا يَعْقِلُونَ ٥ وَلَهُ ٱنَّهُمْ صَبِّرُوْا حَتَّى تَخْرُجَ إِلَيْهِمْ أَكَابَ خَبْرًا لَّهُمْ ﴿ وَ اللَّهُ غَفُوْرُ ڗۜڿؠٛ۞

<sup>\*2.</sup> O, Ye who believe! be not forward with respect to Allāh and His Messenger, but fear Allāh. \*4. Verily those who lower their voices in the presence of the Messenger of Allāh are the ones whose hearts Allāh has made righteous through trials.

<sup>\*5.</sup> Surely those who start addressing you loudly while as yet at a distance from your houses—most of them lack understanding.

7. O ye who believe! if an unrighteous person brings you any news, ascertain the correctness of the report fully, lest you harm a people in ignorance, and then become repentant for what you have done

8. And know that among you is the Messenger of Allāh; if he were to comply with your wishes in most of the matters, you would surely come to trouble; but Allah has endeared the faith to you and has made it look beautiful to your hearts, and He has made disbelief, wickedness and disobedience hateful to vou. Such indeed are those who follow the right course.

9. Through the grace and favour of Allāh. And Allāh is All-Knowing, Wise.

10. And if two parties of believers fight against each other, make peace between them; then if after that one of them transgresses against the other, fight the party that transgresses until it returns to the command of Allah. Then if it returns, make peace between them with equity, and act justly. Verily, Allāh loves the just.

11. Surely all believers are brothers. So make peace between brothers, and fear Allah that mercy may be shown to you.

لَكَ تُبْعَا الَّذِبُونِ أَحَنُّهُمَا إِنَّ جَاءَكُمُ فَاسَقٌّ بِنَبًا فَتَبَيَّنُوٓا أَنْ تُصِيْبُوْا قَوْمًا بجَهَالَةٍ فَتُصْبِحُوْا عَلَى مَا فَعَلْتُمْ ندميْنَ) وَاعْلَمُوْا أَنَّ فِيْكُمْ رَسُوْلَ اللهِ • لَوْ يُطِيْعُكُمْ فِيْ كَثِيْرِ مِّنَ الْآمْرِ لَعَنِتُّمْ وَلَكِنَّ اللهَ حَبَّبَ إِلَيْكُمُ الْإِيْمَانَ وَ زَيَّنَهُ فِي قُلُوْبِكُمْ وَكَرَّةَ المَيْكُمُ الْكُفْرَ وَ الْفُسُوْقَ وَ الْعِصْيَاتَ -ٱولَبْكَ هُمُ الرَّاشدُوْنَ ٥ فَضْلًا مِّنَ اللهِ وَ نِعْمَةً ﴿ وَ اللَّهُ عَلِيمُ حكثم (1) وَ إِنْ طَائِفَتْنٍ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ اقْتَتَلُوْا فَأَصْلِحُوْا بَيْنَهُمَا \* فَإِنَّ يَغَتْ احْدِيهُمَا عَلَى الْأُخْدِي فَقَاتِلُوا الَّتِيْ تَبْغِيْ حَتَّى تَغِيْءَ إِلَى آمر اللهِ ، فَإِنْ فَأَءَتْ فَأَصْلِحُوْا بَيْنَهُمَا بِالْعَدْلِ وَ ٱقْسِطُوْا د إِنَّ اللَّهُ مُحتُ الْمُقْسطيْنَ() انَّمَا الْمُؤْمِنُونَ اخْوَةُ فَأَصْلِحُوْا كَيْنَ أَخَوَنُكُمْ وَ اتَّقُوا اللهَ لَعَلَّكُمْ ؾؙۯڂڡؙ؋ؽ؊ٛ (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

R. 2.

12. O ye who believe! let not one people deride *another* people, who may be better than they, nor let women *deride other* women, who \*may be better than they. And defame not your own people, nor call *one another* by nicknames. Bad *indeed* is evil reputation after *the profession of* belief; and those who repent not are the wrongdoers.

- \*13. O ye who believe! avoid most of suspicions; for suspicion in some cases is a sin. And spy not, nor back-bite one another. Would any of you like to eat the flesh of his brother who is dead? Certainly you would loathe it. And fear Allāh, surely, Allāh is Oft-Returning with compassion and is Merciful.
- \*14. O mankind, We have created you from a male and a female; and We have made you into tribes and sub-tribes that you may recognize one another. Verily, the most honourable among you, in the sight of Allāh, is he who is the most righteous among you. Surely, Allāh is All-Knowing, All-Aware.

لْكَاتُهَا الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا لَا يَسْخُرُ قَوْمٌ مِّنْ قَوْمِ عَلَمَى أَنْ تَكُوْنُوْا خَبْرًا مِّنْهُمْ وَلَا نِسَاءً مِّنْ نُسَاءٍ عَسَى أَنْ تَكُنَّ خَبْرًا مِّنْهُنَّ وَكَا تَلْمِزُوْا أَنْفُسَ كُمْ وَكَاتَنَا بَزُوْا بِالْآلْقَابِ بِئْسَ الْإِسْمُ الْفُسُوْقُ بَعْدَ الْإِيْمَانِ ، وَ مَنْ لَّمْ كتُبْ فَأُولَيْكَ هُمُ الظُّلْمُوْنَ ؟ لَأَتُهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوا اجْتَبِبُوْا كَثِيْرًا مِّن الظَّنَّ د إِنَّ بَعْضَ الظَّنَّ إِثْمَ وَّ لَا تَجَسَّسُوْا وَكَمَا يَغْتَبْ تَعْضُكُمْ بَعْضًاء اَ بُحِتُ اَحَدُكُمْ اَنْ تَاكُلَ لَحْمَ أَجْبُهِ مَيْتًا فَكَرِهْتُمُوْهُ ، وَ اتَّقُوا اللهُ دانَّ اللهُ تَوَّاتُ رَّحِيْمُ ٣ لَا تُعَا النَّاسُ إِنَّا خَلَقْنِكُمْ مِّنْ ذَكَر وَّ ٱنْثَى وَ جَعَلْنَكُمْ شُعُوْبًا وَ قَمَائِلَ لتتعادفوا داق أخرم عثد الله ٱثْقْدَكُمْ دانْ الله عَلِيْمُ خَبِيْرُ ؟

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ dh \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ s \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ \frac{1}{765} \ o \ \frac{1}{765} \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ \frac{1}{2} \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ \frac{1}{2} \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ \stackrel{\circ}{=}$ 

 <sup>\* 12.</sup> Do not slander your own people, nor taunt each other with nicknames. It is bad indeed to earn foul reputation after *professing* the faith; and those who repent not are the wrongdoers.
 \* 13. O ye who believe! Avoid too frequent indulgence in suspicion; for some suspicions are

certainly sin.

<sup>\*14.</sup> O mankind, We have ereated you from male and female; and We have made you into elans and tribes that you may recognize one another.

15. The Arabs of the desert say, 'We believe.' Say, "You have not believed *yet*; but rather say, 'We have accepted Islām,' for the *true* belief has not yet entered into your hearts." But if you obey Allāh and His Messenger, He will not detract anything from your deeds. Surely, Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

16. The believers are only those who *truly* believe in Allāh and His Messenger, and then doubt not, but strive with their possessions and their persons in the cause of Allāh. It is they who are truthful.

17. Say, 'Will you acquaint Allāh with your faith, while Allāh knows whatever is in the heavens and whatever is in the earth, and Allāh knows all things full well?'

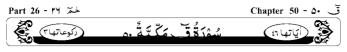
18. They think they have done thee a favour by their embracing Islām. \*Say, 'Deem not your embracing Islām a favour unto me. On the contrary, Allāh has bestowed a favour upon you in that He has guided you to the *true* Faith, if you are truthful.'

19. Verily, Allāh knows the secrets of the heavens and the earth. And Allāh sees all that you do.

قَالَتِ الْآعْرَابُ أَمَنَّا ﴿ قُلْ لَّمْ تُؤْمِنُوا وَ لَكِنْ قُوْلُوْا أَسْلَمْنَا وَ لَمَّا يَدْخُل الْايْمَانُ فِي قُلُوْ بِكُمْرِ • وَإِنْ تُطِيْعُوا الله وَ رَسُوْلَهُ لَا يَلِتُكُمْ مِّنْ أعْمَا حُمْ شَبْعًا ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ غَفُوْرُ دَّ حِبْمُ ١ إِنَّمَا الْمُؤْمِنُوْتَ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا بِاللَّهِ وَ رَسُوْلِهِ ثُمَّ لَمْ يَرْتَابُوْا وَ حَاهَدُوْا بِأَمْوَالِهِمْ وَ ٱنْفَسِهِمْ فِي سَبِيْلِ اللَّهِ • أو لَئكَ هُمُر الصَّدِقُوْنَ قُلْ ٱتُعَلِّمُوْتَ اللهَ بِدِينِكُمْ وَاللهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا فِي السَّلْطُوْتِ وَ مَا فِي الْأَرْضِ ا وَ اللهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيْمً ٤ بَمُنُّوْنَ عَلَيْكَ أَنْ أَسْلَمُوْا وَقُلْ لَّا تَمُنُّوا عَلَى إِسْلَا مَحُمْ عَلَ اللَّهُ يَمُنُّ عَلَيْكُمْ آنْ هَا لَمُ لِلْإِيْمَ انْ كُنْتُمْ صَدِقَيْنَ ( ارب الله تغلك غثب الس ے د وَ الله کے یُڑ ۔ تعملهن

re S

<sup>\*18.</sup> Say, 'Do not show off your acceptance of Islām as a favour to me. It is you on the contrary, whom Allāh has favoured by guiding you to the true faith, if you are true *in* your claim to be believers.'



**QĀF** (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

\*2. Qāf.<sup>‡</sup> By the glorious Qur'ān, *thou art a Messenger of God.* 

3. But they wonder that there has come to them a Warner from among themselves. And the disbelievers say, 'This is a strange thing!

4. 'What! when we are dead and have become dust, *shall we be raised to life again*? That is a return far *from possible*.'

5. We know how much the earth diminishes of them and with Us is a Book that preserves *everything*.

6. Nay, they rejected the truth when it came to them, and so they are in a state of confusion.

7. Have they not looked at the sky above them, how We have made it and adorned it, and there are no flaws in it?

8. And the earth—We have spread it out, and placed therein firm mountains; and We have made to grow therein every *kind of* beautiful species,

9. As *a means of* enlightenment and as a reminder to every servant that turns *to God*.

بشمر الله الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () فَ ذَوَ الْقُرْانِ الْمَجِيدِ بَلْ عَجبُوٓا أَنْ جَاءَهُمْ مُّنْذِرً مِّنْهُمُ فَقَالَ الْكُفِرُوْنَ هٰذَا شَيْءً عَجِيْبَ أَ ءَإِذَا مِتْنَا وَ حُنَّا تُرَابًا ، ذٰلِكَ رَجْعُ بَعِيْدٌ) قَدْ عَلِمْنَا مَا تَنْقُصُ الْأَرْضُ مِنْهُمْ وَعِنْدَنَا كِتْتَ حَفَيْظُ بَلْكَذَّبُوْا بِالْحَقِّ لَمَّا جَاءَهُمْ فَهُمْ اَمْرِتَّر**يْج** () أفكم ينظُرُوْا الحرب الشّيماء فَهْ قَهْمَ كَيْفَ بَنَيْبُهَا وَ ذَيَّتْهَا وَ مَالَهَا مِنْ فُرُوْج وَالْدَوْضَ مَدَوْلُهَا وَ ٱلْقَدْنَا فِيْهَا رَوَاسِيَ وَ ٱنْبَتْنَا فِيْهَا مِنْ كُلّ زَوْجُ بَهيْج ۞ تَبْصِرَةً وَ ذِكْرِي لِكُلِّ عَبْ

\* The Possessor of Power!

2. Qāf. We present the Glorious Qur'an as a witness to your truth.

10. And We send down from the sky water which is full of blessings, and We produce therewith gardens and grain harvests,

11. And tall palm-trees, with spathes piled one above the other,

12. As a provision for *Our* servants; and We quicken thereby a dead land. Even so shall be the Resurrection.

13. The people of Noah rejected *the truth* before them and *so did* the People of the Well,‡ and Thamūd,

14. And 'Ād, and Pharaoh and the brethren of Lot,

15. And the Dwellers of the Wood,‡ and the people of Tubba'.‡ *All of them* rejected the Messengers with the result that My threatened punishment befell *them*.

16. Have We then become weary with the first creation? Nay, but they are in confusion about the new creation.

## R. 2.

\*17. And assuredly, We have created man and We know what his *physical* self whispers *to him*, and We are nearer to him than *even his* jugular vein.

18. When the two Recording *angels* record *the deeds of men, one* sitting on the right and *the other* on the left.

<sup>+</sup> Ancient Arab tribes.

وَ نَزَّلْنَا مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً مُبْرَكًا
 فَاتَبْتْنَابِه جَنْتٍ وَ حَبَّ الْحَمِيْرِنَّ
 وَ النَّخْلُ لِبِسِقْتٍ لَّهَا طَلَحْ نَضِيدًنَّ
 رِزْقًا لِّلْعِبَادِ اوَ احْتَيْنَا بِه بَلْدَةً
 رِزْقًا لِلْعِبَادِ اوَ احْتَيْنَا بِه بَلْدَةً
 رِزْقًا لِلْعِبَادِ اوَ احْتَيْنَا بِه بَلْدَةً
 مَيْتًا مَكَذَلِكَ الْخُرُوْجُ
 مَيْتًا وَ تَمُوْدُنَّ
 وَ عَادًوَ فَوْرَعُوْنُ وَ لِخُوَانُ لُوْطِ
 وَ الرَّسِ وَ تَمُوْدُ
 وَ عَادً وَ فَرْعَوْنُ وَ لِخُوَانُ لُوْطِ
 وَ عَادً وَ فَرْعَوْنُ وَ لِخُوَانُ لُوْطِ
 وَ تَضْحُبُ الْأَيْكَةِ وَ قَوْمُ تُوَحِدُ وَ الْحَدَيْ
 مَعْنَا الرَّعْنَةِ وَ مَوْدَى الْحَدَى الَ

ٱڣؘؘۜڪيِؽڹٙٳۑؚڷڂؘڷقِ الٱۊۜٞڸۦؠٙڵۿۿڔڣۣ۬ ۘڷڹٛڛؚڡؚؚٞڽٛڂڷۊؚٟڿڕؽڋؚ۞

وَ لَقَدْ خَلَقْنَ الْإِنْسَانَ وَ نَعْلَمُ مَا تُوَسْوِسُ بِهِ نَفْسُهْ \* وَ نَحْنُ آقْرَبُ اِلَيْهِ مِنْ حَبْلِ الْوَرِيْدِ اِذْ يَتَلَقَّى الْمُتَلَقِّيٰنِ عَنِ الْيَمِيْنِ وَعَنِ الشِّمَالِ قَعِيْدًى

<sup>\*17.</sup> And assuredly, We have created man and We are aware of what his ego whispers to him, and We are nearer to him than *even his* jugular vein.

19. He utters not a word but there is by him a guardian angel ready to record it

20. And the stupor of death certainly comes. 'This is what thou wast trying to run from."

21. And the trumpet shall be blown: 'This is the Day of Promise.'

22. And every soul shall come forth and along with it there will be an angel to drive and an angel to bear witness.

23. 'Thou wast heedless of this: now We have removed from thee thy veil, and sharp is thy sight this day.'

24. And his companion will say, 'This is what I have of the record ready.

25. 'Cast ye twain into Hell every ungrateful enemy of truth,

26. 'Hinderer of good, transgressor, doubter.

27. 'Who sets up another god beside Allāh. So do ye twain cast him into the dreadful torment."

28. His associate will say, 'O our Lord, I did not cause him to rebel; but he himself was too far gone in error.'

29. God will say, 'Quarrel not in My presence, I gave you the warning beforehand.

30. 'The sentence passed by Me

مَا يَلْفِظُ مِنْ قَوْلِ إِلَّا لَدَيْهِ رَقِيْبٌ عَتْدُ (1) وَ جَاءَتْ سَكْرَةُ الْمَوْتِ بِالْحَقِّ. ذلك مَا كُنْتَ مِنْهُ تَجِنُدُ وَنُفِخَفِ الصَّوْدِ وَذَلِكَ يَوْمُ الْوَعِيْدِ ( وَ جَاءَتْ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَعَهَا سَائِقً وَّ شَهِيْدُ ج لَقَدْ كُنْتَ فَيْ غَفْلَةٍ مِّنْ هٰذَا فَكَشَفْنَا عَنْكَ غِطَاءَكَ فَبَصَرُكَ الْبَدَمَ حَدِيُدُ٣ وَقَالَ قَرِيْنُهُ هٰذَا مَا لَدَيَّ عَتِيدٌ أَ ٱلْقِيَافِيْ جَهَنَّمَرُكُلَّ كَفَّارٍ عَنِيدٍ ٥ مَنّاع لِّلْخَيْرِ مُعْتَدٍ مُّرِيْبِ إِلَّذِيْ جَعَلَ مَعَ اللهِ إِلْهَا اٰخَرَ فَٱلْقِلِهُ في الْعَذَابِ الشَّدِيدِ قَالَ قَرِيْنُهُ رَبَّنَا مَآ أَطْغَيْتُهُ وَلَحِنْ كَانَ فِيْ ضَلْلُ بَعِيْدٍ ٢ قَالَ لَا تَخْتَصِمُوْا لَدَتَ وَ قَدْ قَدَّمْتُ ٳڶؽڴۿڔؠۜٵٛ<u>ۊ</u>ؘۛڡۣؽڋ۞ مَا يُبَدَّلُ الْقَوْلُ لَدَيَّ وَمَآ أَنَا بِظَلَّامٍ ء : ا ق q ا \$ + \$ | \$ + \$ | \$ + \$ | \$ م \$ | \$ - \$ 10 | \$ + \$ - \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ - \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 | \$ + \$ 10 |

(See details of transliteration on page 'p')

Chapter 50 - ۵۰ 🗳

cannot be changed, and I am not at  $k_{M}^{r}$  all unjust to My servants.'

# R. 3.

31. On that day We will say to Hell, 'Art thou filled up?', and it will answer, 'Is there more?'

32. And Heaven will be brought near to the righteous, no longer remote.

33. 'This is what was promised to you—to everyone who always turned *to God* and was watchful *of his actions*,

34. 'Who feared the Gracious *God* in private and came *to Him* with a penitent heart.

35. 'Enter ye therein in peace. This is the Day of Eternity.'

36. They will have therein whatever they desire, and with Us is *a good deal* more.

37. And how many a generation who were greater than they in power have We destroyed before them! *But when the punishment came*, they went about the lands. Was there any place of refuge *for them*?

38. Therein, verily, is a reminder for him who has a heart, or who gives ear, and is attentive.

39. And verily, We created the

<u>ؾؚ</u>ڷۼؠؽڔ۞ؘ

يَوْمَ نَقُوْلُ لِجَهَنَّمَ هَلِ امْتَكَبْ <u></u> وَتَقُوْلُ هَلْ مِنْ مَّزِيدِ ص وَ أَزْلِفَتِ الْجَنَّةُ لِلْمُتَّقِيْنَ غَيْرَ بَعِيْدِ٣ لْهُذَا مَا تُوْعَدُوْتَ لِكُلِّ أَوَّابٍ حَفِيْظ مَنْ خَشِيَ الرَّحْمٰنَ بِالْغَيْبِ وَجَاءَ بقَلْب مَنِيْب ادْخُلُوْهَا بِسَلْمٍ د ذلك يَوْمُر الْخُلُوْدِ، لَهُمْ مَّا يَشَاءُوْنَ فِيْهَا وَ لَدَيْنَا مَزْيُرُ 🕤 وَ كَمْ أَهْلَكْنَا قَبْلَهُمْ مِّنْ قَرْنِ هُمْ اَشَدُّ مِنْهُمْ بَطْشًا فَنَقَّبُوْا فِي الْبِلَاجِ<sup>1</sup> هَلْ مِنْ مَجِيْص 🕾

اِتَّ فِيْ ذٰلِكَ لَذِكْرَى لِمَنْ كَانَ لَهُ قَلْبُ اَوْ اَلْقَى السَّمْحَ وَ هُوَ شَهِيْدً® وَ لَقَدْ خَلَقْنَا السَّمٰوٰتِ وَ الْاَرْضَ

heavens and the earth and all that is between them in six periods, and no weariness touched Us.

40. So bear with patience what they say, and glorify thy Lord with *His* praise, before the rising of the sun and before *its* setting;

41. And in *a part of* the night *also* do thou glorify Him, and after *prescribed* prostrations.

42. And listen! The day when the crier will cry from a place nearby,

\*43. The day when they will hear the blast in truth; that will be the day of coming forth *from the graves*.

44. Verily, it is We Who give life and cause death, and to Us is the *final* return.

45. On the day when the earth will cleave asunder from over them *and they will come forth* hastening—that will be a gathering together, quite easy for Us.

46. We know best what they say; and thou hast not been *appointed* to compel them *in any way*. So admonish, by means of the Qur'ān, him who fears My warning. وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا فَنْ سَتَّةِ آتَّام دَدٍ قَ مَا مَشَنَامِنْ لَغُوْبِ فَاصْبِرْ عَلَى مَا يَقُوْلُوْنَ وَ سَتَحْ رَبِّكَ قَبْلَ طُلُوْعِ الشَّمْسِ وَ قَبْ الْغُرُوْب نَ الَّيْلِ فَسَبِّحْهُ وَ ٱدْبَارَ الشُجُوْدِ (٢) وَ اسْتَمِعْ يَوْمَ يُنَادِ الْمُنَ مرَ ڪَان قَر نُب ش تَوْمَر يَسْمَعُوْنَ الصَّيْحَةَ بِالْ ذلك مَهُ الْخُرُوْج، إِنَّا نَحْنُ نُحْيَ وَ نُمِيْ الْمَصِيْرُ شَ بَهْمَ تَشَقَّقُ الْآدْضُ عَنْهُمْ سَرَاعً ذلك حَشَّرٌ عَلَيْنَا تَه

نَحْنُ ٱعْلَمُ بِمَايَقُوْلُوْنَ وَ مَآ ٱنْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ بِجَبَّارٍ سَنَ فَنَحِّرْ بِالْقُرْانِ مَنْ يَخَافُ وَعِيْدِ أَ

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ r & | \ h \ r & | \ kh \ r & | \ dh \ s & | \ s & | \ r & | \ s & | \ th \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \$ 

**<sup>\*43</sup>**. The Day when they will **certainly** hear the blast, that will be the day of coming forth *from the graves*.



ADH-DHĀRIYĀT (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

- \*2. By *the winds* that scatter *seeds with a true* scattering,
- \*3. Then by *the clouds* that carry the load *of moisture*,
- \*4. Then by *the rivers* that flow gently,
- \*5. And then by the angels that finally administer and execute affairs,

6. Surely, that which you are promised is true;

7. And the Judgment will surely come to pass.

8. And by the heaven *full* of tracks,

- \*9. Truly you are discordant in *your* utterances.
- \*10. He *alone* is turned away from *the truth* who is *destined to be thus* turned away.
- \*11. Cursed be the liars,

\*12. Who are heedless in the depth *of ignorance*.13. They ask: 'When will be the

Day of Judgment?'

\*2. By the scatterers who scatter—a thorough scattering.

- \*3. Then by those who earry heavy loads.
- \*4. Then by those who move along effortlessly.
- \*5. Then by those who distribute authority,
- **\*9. Verily, you hold different views.**
- \*10. Only he will be led away from the promised truth who is fit to be led away.
- \$11. Cursed be the conjecturers,
- \*12. Who are drowned deep in negligence.

بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () وَ الذَّرِلِتِ ذَرَوًا () فَالْحَمِلْتِ وِقْرًا () فَالْمُقَسَّمَت أَسْرًا ()

اِنَّكَا تُوْعَدُوْنَ لَصَادِقً نُ وَّانَّ الزَّيْنَ لَوَاقِعُ ٥َ وَ السَّحَاءِ ذَاتِ الْحُبُكِ ۞ اِنَّكُمْ لَغِيْ قَوْلٍ مُّخْتَلِفٍ ۞ تُؤْفَكُ عَنْهُ مَنْ اُفكَ۞

ؾٞؾؚڶ اڶڂؘڒۧٵڞۉؿ۞ ٵڷۜؖؖۛۛذِؽؿۿۿڔڣۣ۬ۼٛۻٛۯۊٟڛٵۿۉؿ۞۠ ؽۺٵؚٙؗؗؗؗؽۉؿٲڲؘٳؾؿۣۉؙۄؙٵٮڋؚؽڹ۞۫ حْمَر Part 26 - ۲۹

14. *It will be* the day when they will be tormented at the Fire.

\*15. 'Taste ye your torment. This is what you would hasten.'

16. *But* surely the righteous will be in the midst of gardens and springs, 17. Receiving what their Lord will give them; for they used to do good before that.

18. They used to sleep but a little of the night;

19. And at the dawn of the day they sought forgiveness;

\*20. And in their wealth was a share for one who asked for help and *for* one who could not.

21. And in the earth are Signs for those who have certainty of faith,

22. And *also* in your own selves. Will you not then see?

23. And in heaven is your sustenance, and *also* that which you are promised.

24. And by the Lord of the heaven and the earth, it is certainly the truth, even as *it is true that* you speak.

R. 2.

25. Has the story of Abraham's honoured guests reached thee?

26. When they entered upon him and said, 'Peace!' he said, 'Peace!' *They were* all strangers.

تەمرھەر عكى النَّاد مُفْتَنُوْنَ · » ذُوْقُوْا فَتْنَتَكُمْ إِهْذَا الَّذِيْ كُنْتُمْ بەتشتغجلۇن@ إِنَّ الْمُتَّقِيْنَ فِي جَنَّتِ وَعُمُوْنِ أَ اخذيري مَبَ الْمَهُمْ رَسُّهُمْ وَالْمُهُمْ وَالْمُهُمْ كَانُوْا قَبْلَ ذٰلِكَ مُحْسنيْنَ ٥ كَانُوْا قَلِيلًا مِّنَ الَّثِلِ مَا يَهْجَعُوْنَ ﴿ وَبِالْآَسْحَارِ هُمْ يَسْتَغْفِرُ وْنَ ۇ فِنْ أَمْوَالِهُمْ حَقّْ وَ الْمَحْرُوْ مِ 🕅 وَفِي الْأَرْضِ إِلِتَ لِّلْمُوْقِنِيْنَ أَ وَفَيْ ٱنْفُسِكُمْ ، ٱفَلَا تُبْصِرُوْنَ @ وَ فِي السَّمَاءِ رِزْقُكُمْ وَ مَا تُوْعَدُوْنَ ٢ فَوَ رَبِّ السَّمَاءِ وَالْآدُضِ إِنَّهُ لَحَقُّ مٓؿ۠ڵؘ مَآ ٱڗٚٞڲؙۿڗؾٛ حَدِيْثُ الْمُكْرَمِيْنَ أَ اذْ دَخَلُهْا عَلَيْهِ فَقَالُهْا سَـ سَلْمٌ ، قَهْمَ مُنْكَرُوْنَ شَ

**\*15**. 'Taste ye *the consequence of* your mischief. This is what you were hastening towards.' **\*20**. And in their wealth is a share belonging to the beggar and the destitute.

Er M

وقفالازم

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u & \mid \mid th & \exists \mid p \ \tau \mid kh \ \tau \mid dh \ s & s & \tau_{773} \\ (See details of transliteration on page \ p). \end{array}$ 

قَالَ فَمَا خَطْئُكُمْ ٢٤ - Part 27

27. And he went quietly to his household, and brought a fatted calf.

28. And he placed it before them. He said, 'Will you not eat?'

\*29. And he felt a fear on account of them. They said, 'Fear not.' And they gave him glad tidings of the birth of son possessing а knowledge.

30. Then his wife came forward crving and smote her face and said. 'A barren old woman!'

31. They said, 'Even so has thy Lord said. Surely, He is the Wise, the All-Knowing."

لجزئ 32. Abraham said, 'Now what is your errand, O ye messengers?"

33. They said, 'We have been sent to a sinful people,

34. 'That we may send down upon them stones of clay,

35. 'Marked, with thy Lord, for those guilty of excesses.'

36. And We brought forth therefrom such of the believers as were there.

37. And We found not there except only one house of Muslims.

38. And We left therein a Sign for

فَرَاغُ إِلَى آَهْلِهِ فَجَاءً بِعِجْلٍ ميْن فَقَرَّ بَهُ إِلَيْهِمْ قَالَ ٱلا تَاجُلُوْنَ أَ فَأَوْجَسَ مِنْهُمْ خِيْفَةً . قَالُوْا لَا تَخَفْ ، وَبَشَّرُوْهُ بِغُلْمِ عَلِيْمِ 🔊

فَاقْبَلَتِ امْرَاتُهُ فِي صَرَّةٍ فَصَكَّتْ وَجْهَهَا وَقَالَتْ عَجُوْزُ عَقِدْمُ @ قَالُوْا كَذٰلِكَ اقَالَ رَبُّكَ ما إِنَّهُ هُوَ الْحَكْثُمُ الْعَلْثُمُ @ خَطْئُكُہ قال فترا الْمُ سَلُهُ نَ٣ قَالُهْ إِنَّا ٱرْسِلْنَا إِلَى قَوْمِ مُّجْرِمِيْنَ 🖑 لِنُرْسِلَ عَلَيْهِمْ حِجَارَةً مِّنْ طِيْنِ أَ مُسَوَّمَةً عِنْدَ رَبِّكَ لِلْمُسْرِفَيْنَ 🔊 فَأَخْرَحْنَا مَرْنَ كَانَ فَبْقًا مِـ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ 🖑 فَمَا وَجَدْنَا فِيْهَا غَيْرَ بَيْتٍ مِّ الْمُشلمِ أَنْ وَ تَرَكْنَا فَمْهَا أَيَةً لَّذَّ

\*29. He grew apprehensive of them. They said, 'Fear not.' And they gave him glad tidings of the birth of a knowledgeable son.

(See details of transliteration on page 'p')

those who fear the painful punishment.

39. And We left another Sign in Moses when We sent him to Pharaoh with clear authority,

\*40. But he turned away from Moses in his pride of power, and said, 'A sorcerer, or a madman.'

41 So We seized him and his hosts and threw them into the sea: and he himself was to blame.

42. And there was a Sign in the tribe of 'Ad, when We sent against them the destructive wind

43. It left nothing whatever that it visited, but made it like a rotten bone.

44. And a Sign there was in the tribe of Thamūd when it was said to them, 'Enjoy yourselves for a while.'

45. But they rebelled against the command of their Lord. So the thunderbolt overtook them while they gazed;

46. And they were not able to rise again, nor could they defend themselves.

47. And We destroyed the people of Noah before them; they were a disobedient people.

YĀT	Chapter	: 51 - QI	ؙڵڋ۬۠ڔڸؾ
		ابَ الْاَلِيْ	
ننهٔ اِلٰی فِرْعَوْنَ	إِذْ آَدْسَا	، مُوْسَّى	وَ فِيْ
	(P)	طنٍ شَبِيْرٍ	بسد
ال سُجِرٌ أَوْ	به وَ قَ	، بِرُڪْز	فَتَوَلَّ
		ۇڭ۞	مَجْذُ
ذْنْهُمْ فِي الْيَحِر	ۇدَة فَنَبَ	ن د و جُدُ	فأخذ
		مَلِيْمُ أَنَّ	ۇھۇ
عَلَيْهِمُ الرِّيْحَ	آژسُنْنَا	عَادٍ إِذْ أ	وَ فِيْ
		ě.	:== îi
تَتْ عَلَيْهِ إِلَّا	ِ شَيْءٍ آ	ذَرُ مِنْ	مَاتَ
	مِيْمِ ٢	ؿ <sup>ْ</sup> هُ كَالرَّ	جَعَدَ
تَتْ عَلَيْهِ إِلَّا رِتَمَتَّعُوْا حَتَّى	قِيْلَ لَهُ	ئمۇد إذ	وَ فِيْ ثَ
		T	حِيْنٍ
بِمْ فَأَخَذَ تُهُمُ	آشر رَبْهِ	يا عَنْ	فَعَتَوْ
෯	ؚؽڹٛڟؙۘۯۏؽ	قَةُوَهُمْ	الصْحِ
بَامٍ وَ مَا كَانُوْا	ۋا مِنْ قِبَ	اشتَطَاءُ	فَمَا
		ڛؚڔؽؿ۞	
ن نهُمْ كَانُوْا قَوْمًا	ى قبل د ا	ِ نُوْحٍ مِّر	ۇ قۇم
		يَن۞	فسق

\*40. He turned away along with his chieftains and said, 'A sorcerer, or a madman.'

(See details of transliteration on page 'p')

Ėr

R. 3.

\*48. And We have built the heaven with *Our own* hands, and verily We have vast powers.

49. And the earth We have spread out, and *how* excellently do We prepare *things*!

50. And of everything have We created pairs, that you may reflect.

51. Flee ye therefore unto Allāh. Surely, I am a plain Warner unto you from Him.

52. And do not set up another god along with Allāh. Surely, I am a plain Warner unto you from Him.

53. Even so there came no Messenger to those before them, but they said, 'A sorcerer, or a madman!'

54. Have they made it a legacy to one another? Nay, they are *all* a rebellious people.

55. So turn away from them; and there will be no blame on thee.

\*56. And keep on exhorting; for verily, exhortation benefits those who would believe.

57. And I have not created the Jinn and the men but that they may worship Me.

58. I desire no sustenance from them, nor do I desire that they should feed Me.

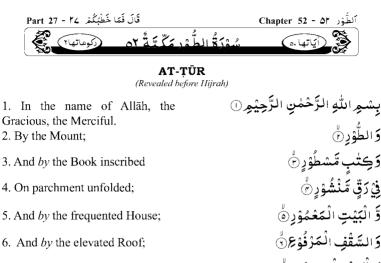
وَ السَّمَاءَ بَنَيْنُهَا بِأَمِيدٍ وَّ إِنَّا لَمُوْسِعُوْنَ@ وَالْكَرْضَ فَوَشَيْهَا فَنَعْدَ الْمَاهِدُوْنَ، وَ مِنْ كُلّ شَيْءٍ خَلَقْنَا زَوْجَهْ لَعَا حُمْ تَذَكَّ وْنَ٥ فَغِرُّوْا إِلَى اللهِ ما نَّيْ لَكُمْ مِّنْهُ نَذِيْ مُيْنُ(أُ وَلَا تَحْعَلُهُا مَعَ اللهِ إِلْيَهَا أَخَرَ إِلَيْهَا ڵڴۿڔڡۣۧڹٛ؋ڹ۬ۮؚؽڔٞۺ۫ؠؽڽؘٛ۞۫ كَذٰلِكَ مَآ اَتَى الَّذِيْنَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ مِّنْ رَّسُوْلِ إِلَّا قَالُوْا سَاحِرٌ أَوْ مَجْنُوْنَ شَ ٱ تَوَاصَوْا بِهِ ، بَلْ هُمْ قَوْمٌ طَاغُوْنَ أَ فَتَوَلَّ عَنْهُمْ فَمَآ آنْتَ بِمَلُوْمِ أَنَ وَّ ذَجِّرْ فَاتٌ الذَّحُرْ 4625 الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ@ وَمَا خَلَقْتُ الْجِنَّ لِيَعْبُدُوْن @ مَا أُرِيدُ مِنْهُمْ مِّنْ دَزْقٍ وَّ مَا أُرِيدُ أَنْ

يَّطْعِمُوْن@

\*48. And We have built the heaven with might and We continue to expand it indeed.\*56. And keep on exhorting; certainly exhortation benefits the believers.

ADH-DH قَالَ فَمَا خَطْبُكُمْ ٢٤ - 27 Part	ألنَّزْلِيت ا۵ - Chapter 51 مَالنَّزْلِيت ا
59. Surely, it is Allāh <i>Himself</i> Who is the Great Sustainer, the Powerful, the Strong.	اِتَّ اللَّهَ هُوَ الرَّزَّاقُ ذُوالْقُوَّةِ الْمَتِيْنُ@
*60. And for those who do wrong there is a share of comfort like the share enjoyed by their fellows of the earlier times; so let them not	ڣؘٳٮۜٞڸؚڷۜڹؚٛؽٮؘڟؘٮۧڡؙۉ١ۮؙٮؙۉٵۊؿ۠ ۮؘٮؙٛۉٮؚٱڞڂۑؚۿؚۯڣؘڒٮؽۺؾۛۼڿؚٮؙۉڹ۞
ask Me to hasten on <i>the punishment</i> . 61. Woe, then, to those who disbelieve, because of that day of theirs which they have been promised!	فَوَيْلُ لِّلَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا مِنْ تَوْمِهِمُ الَّذِيْ يُوْعَدُوْنَ۞

\*60. Surely, the fate of those who did wrong shall be like that of the people of their ilk; so let them not ask Me to hasten on *the punishment*.



7. And by the swollen sea;

8. The punishment of thy Lord shall certainly come to pass;

9. There is none that can avert it.

\*10. On the day when the heaven will heave *with awful* heaving,

\*11. And the mountains will move, with terrible moving,

12. Then woe that day to those who reject the truth,

13. Who sportingly indulge in idle talk.

14. The day when they shall be thrust into the fire of Hell *with a violent* thrust.

15. 'This is the Fire which you treated as a lie.

16. 'Is this then magic, or do you not see?

17. 'Burn ye therein; and whether

٤٤٤</td

النّارُ الَّتِيْ حُنْتُمْ بِهَاتُكَذِّبُوْنَ۞
 أفَسِحْرٌ هٰذَآ آمْ آنْتُمْ لا تُبْصِرُوْنَ۞
 إصْلَوْهَا فَاصْبِرُوْا آوْ لَا تَصْبِرُوْا.

**\***10. On the day when the heaven will heave with great commotion. **\***11. And the mountains will move a great moving,

you show patience or you show *it* not, it will be the same for you. You are requited *only* for what you used to do.'

18. Verily, the righteous are in Gardens and in bliss,

19. Enjoying what their Lord has bestowed on them; and their Lord has saved them from the torment of the Fire.

\*20. 'Eat and drink in happiness because of what you used to do,

21. 'Reclining on couches arranged in rows.' And We shall consort them with fair maidens having wide, beautiful eyes.

22. And those who believe and whose children follow them in faith—with them shall We join their children. And We will not diminish anything from *the reward* of their works. Every man stands pledged for what he has earned.

23. And We shall bestow upon them *an abundance of* fruit and meat such as they will wish for.

24. There they will pass from one to another a cup wherein is neither levity nor sin.

25. And there will wait upon them youths of their own, as though they were pearls well-preserved.

26. And they will turn to one

سَوَاءً عَلَيْكُمْ ما أَنَّمَا تُجْزَؤُتَ مَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُوْنَ» إِنَّ الْمُتَّقِيْنَ فِيْ جَنُّتِ وَّنَعِيْمِ أَ فَاعِهِيْنَ بِمَآ اتْنَهُمْ رَبُّهُمْ ، وَ وَقْنَهُمْ ڒڹ<sup>\*</sup>ۿۿڔۼۮؘٳڹٳڷڿؘڿؽؚؠ حُلُوا وَ اشْرَبُوْا هَنِيْتًا بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تعملون مُتَكِئِنَ عَلٰى سُرُرٍ مَصْفُوْفَةٍ، وَزَوَّ جُنْهُمْ بِحُوْرٍ عِيْنِ ⊕ وَ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَاتَّبَعَتْهُمْ ذُرِّيَّتُهُمْ بِإِيْمَانٍ ٱلْحَقْنَا بِهِمْ ذُرِّيَّتَهُمْ وَ مَآ ٱلَتْنَهُمْ مِّنْ عَمَلِهِمْ مِّنْ شَيْءٍ ﴿ كُلُّ امْرِيٌّ بِمَاكَسَبَ رَهِيْنُ وَ آمْدَدْنُهُمْ بِفَاكِهَةٍ وَّ لَحْمٍ مِّمَّا كَشْتَهُوْنَ يتتنازعون فيهاكأسا لآلكغو فيها وَكَاتَا ثِبْمُ @ <u>ۅ</u>ؘؾڟؙۉڣؙۜۜۜۘۘۘٵؽؘۿؗؗؗؗ؞ڔۼڵػٵڹٞؖڷ لُوْلُوَ مَكْنُونَ ۇ اقْتىل بَعْضُهُمْ عَ

20. 'Eat and drink **joyfully**, as a reward for what you used to do.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ i \ s \ (77)$   $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (77)$   $(See details of transitieration on page \ p').$ 

بع

another, asking mutual questions.

27. They will say, 'Before this, when we were among our family, we were very much afraid of God's displeasure;

28. 'But Allah has been gracious unto us and has saved us from the torment of the burning blast.

29. 'We used to pray to Him before. Surely, He is the Beneficent, the Merciful.'

#### R. 2.

30. Admonish then. By the grace of thy Lord, thou art neither a soothsayer, nor a madman.

31. Do they say, 'He is a poet; we are waiting for some calamity which time will bring upon him'?

32. Say, 'Await ye then! I too am with you among those who are waiting.'

33. Do their intellect and reason enjoin this upon them or are they a rebellious people?

34. Do they say, 'He has fabricated it?' Nay, but they would not believe.

- \*35. Let them, then, bring forth an announcement like this, if they speak the truth!
- \*36. Have they been created for nothing, or are they themselves the creators?

تتساءكهن قَالُهْ إِنَّا كُنَّا قَعْلُ فَيَ فَحَرَبَ اللهُ عَلَيْنَا وَ وَقْدِنَا عَذَ السَّمُهُ م 🕅 إِنَّا كُنًّا مِنْ قَبْلُ نَدْعُوْلُ إِ الرَّحِثُمُ (٣ فَزَجَّرْ فَمَآ ٱنْتَ بِنِعْمَ بكاهِنٍ وَلَا مَجْنُوْن شَ اَمْ بَقُوْلُوْنَ شَاعِزٌ نَّتَرَبُّصُ الْمَنُوْن قُلْ تَرَتَّصُوْا فَانْتُ مَعَكُمْ الْمُتَرَبِّصِيْنَ أَ آمرتاً مُرُهُم أَجْلَا مُهُمْ بِهٰذَآ أَمْ قَهْ مُرطَاغُهْنَ ش آمْ بَقُوْلُوْنَ تَقَوَّلُهُ ، بَلْ لا بُؤُ فَلْيَأْتُوْا بِحَدِيْثٍ مِّثْلِمَ إِنْ كَانُوْا ۻؗدقيْنَ۞ اَمْرِ خُلِقُوْا مِنْ غَيْرٍ شَيْءٍ اَمْرِ هُمُ الْخَالِقُوْنَ ٢

**\***35. Let them, then, bring forth a narration like this, if they speak the truth. \*36. Have they been created out of nothing, or are they themselves the creators?

ء ' اق q الج h 7 | kh 7 | kh 7 | dh أظ ج (780 م) ص الج الج h 7 | kh 7 | kh 7 | dh أ ث h 7 | kh 7 | dh (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

37. Did they create the heavens and the earth? Nay, but they have no faith.

38. Do they own the treasures of thy Lord, or are they the guardians *thereof*?

39. Have they a ladder *unto heaven* by means of which they can overhear? Then let their listener bring a manifest authority.

40. Has He daughters and you have sons?

41. Dost thou ask a reward from them, so that they are weighed down with a load of debt?

42. Do they possess *knowledge of* the unseen, so that they write *it* down?

43. Do they intend a plot? But it is those who disbelieve that will be caught in the plot.

44. Have they a god other than Allāh? Exalted is Allāh above *all* that which they associate *with Him*!

- \*45. And if they should see a piece of the cloud falling down, they would say, 'Clouds piled up.'
- \*46. So leave them until they meet that day of theirs, on which they will be overtaken by a thunderbolt,

أَمْرِ خَلَقُوا السَّبْطَوْتِ وَ الْأَدْضَ \* بَلْ اللَّهُ ئە**تن**ەن، آمْ عِنْدَهُمْ خَزَآئِنُ رَبِّكَ آمْ هُمُ الْمُصَيْطِ وْنَ اَهْ لَـهُمْ سُلَّہُ تَـ آه لَهُ الْتَنْتُ وَلَكُمُ الْبَه اَمْ تَسْعَلُهُمْ اَجْرًا فَهُمْ جِّرِنْ مَغْزَم مُثْقَلُهُنَ آمْ عِنْدَهُمُ الْغَنْبُ فَهُمْ تَكْتُنُوْنَ شَ اَمْ يُرِيْدُوْنَ كَيْدًا \* فَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا هُمُ الْمَكْبُدُوْنَ ش آمركَهُمْ إلْهُ غَيْرُ الله ، سُبْحْنَ الله عَمّا يُشْرِكُوْنَ @ وَإِنْ تَيَرَوْا كَشَفًّا مِّنَ السَّهَاءِ سَ تَقُوْلُوْا سَحَاتٌ مَّرْكُوْمٌ @ فَذَرْهُمْ حَتَّى لُلْقُوْا بَوْمَهُمُ الَّ فيه يُصْعَقَوْنَ ٢

<sup>\*45.</sup> And if they see a piece of cloud descending, they say; 'soon will follow clouds layer upon layer.'

<sup>\*46.</sup> So leave them alone until they confront their *promised* day on which they will be thunderstruck.

قَالَ فَمَا خَطْبُكُمْ ٢٤ - Part 27

لي الي

لنُّحُهْ م

47. The day when their plotting will not avail them aught, nor shall they be helped.

48. And verily, for those who do wrong there is a punishment besides that. But most of them know not.

49. So wait patiently for the judgment of thy Lord; for assuredly thou art before Our eyes; and glorify thy Lord with *His* praise when thou risest up *from sleep*;

50. And for part of the night *also* do thou glorify Him and at the setting of the stars.

يَوْمَرَكَا يُغْخِيْ عَنْهُمْ كَيْدُهُمْ شَيْعًا وَّ لَا هُمْ يُنْصَرُوْنَ شَ وَ اِنَّ لِلَّذِيْنَ ظَلَمُوْا عَذَابًا دُوْنَ ذٰلِكَ وَ لَكِنَّ اَ كُثَرَهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ () وَ اصْبِرْ لِحُكْمِ رَبِّكَ فَانَّكَ بِاَعُيْنِنَا وَ سَبِّحْ بِحَمْدِ رَبِّكَ حِيْنَ تَقُوْمُ () وَ صِنَ الَّيْلِ فَسَبِّحْهُ وَ اِذْبَارَ

قَالَ فَمَا خَطْبُكُمْ ٢٤ - Part 27 اَلنَّحْم Chapter 53 - ۵۳ 58 1 471

**AN-NAJM** (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

\*2. By the stemless plant when it falls,

3. Your companion has neither erred, nor has he gone astray,

4. Nor does he speak out of *his own* desire.

5. It is nothing but *pure* revelation *that has been* revealed *by God.*6. *The Lord* of mighty powers has

taught him, \*7. *The One* Possessor of strength. So He manifested His ascendance

over everything.

\*8. And *He revealed His Word* when he was on the uppermost Horizon,
9. Then he drew nearer to God; then he came down to mankind.

10. So that he became, *as it were*, one chord to two bows or closer still.

11. Then He revealed to His servant that which He revealed.

\*12. The heart of the Prophet was not untrue to that which he saw.13. Will you then dispute with him about what he saw?

14. And certainly, he saw Him a second time *also*,

\*2. By the star when it falls,

\*7. Of Great Might. Who then settled upon His Throne,

\*8. And *He revealed His Word* when He was at the loftiest Horizon,

\*12. The heart of the Prophet lied not regarding what he saw.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ r & | \ h \ \tau & | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} & | \ dh \ \dot{s} & | \ s \ o \ ransilieration on \ page \ p'). \end{array}$ 

بِسْمِرانلَّهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () وَالنَّجْمِرِ إِذَا هَوٰى ۗ مَاضَلَّ صَاحِبُكُمْ وَمَاغَوٰى ۗ وَمَا يَنْطِقُ عَنِ الْهَوٰى ۞ اِنْ هُوَ إِلَّا وَحَيَّ يُّوْحَ ۞ عَلَّمَهُ شَدِيْدُ الْقُوٰى ۞ ذُوْ مِرَّةٍ • فَاسْتَوٰى ۞

> ٷۿۅؘۑؚٳۮؙڣؙۊؚٳۮؘۼڸ۞ ؿؙمۧۮڬٳڣؘؾػڸۨؖ۞

فَكَانَ قَابَ قَوْسَيْنِ آوْ آدْنَى أَ

فَاوْتَى الى عَبْدِ اللَّا ٱوْحَى أَلَّ الْمَا ٱوْحَى أَلَّ الْمَا كَذَبَ الْفُؤَادُ مَا رَاى ⊕
ٱ فَتُمْرُوْنَهُ عَلَى مَا يَرْى ⊕
ٱ فَتُمْدُ رَاعُ نَزْلَةً ٱخْرَى ⊕

15. Near the farthest Lote-tree,

16. Near which is the Garden of Eternal Abode.

17. *This was* when that which covers covered the Lote-tree.

18. The eye deviated not, nor did *it* wander.

19. Surely, he saw the greatest of the Signs of his Lord.

20. Now tell *me* about Lāt‡ and 'Uzzā‡,

21. And Manāt<sup>‡</sup>, the third one, another *goddess*!

22. 'What! for you the males and for Him the females!'

23. That indeed is an unfair division.

24. 'These are but names which you have named—you and your fathers—for which Allāh has sent down no authority.' They follow naught but conjecture and what their souls desire, while there has already come to them guidance from their Lord.

- \*25. Can man have whatever he desires?
- \*26. Nay, to Allāh belong the Allāh belong the

R. 2.

27. And how many an angel is there in the heavens, but their intercession shall be of no avail, except after Allāh has given permission to whomsoever He wills and pleases.

<sup>‡</sup> Favourite idols of the Quraish of Mecca.

#26. Nay, to Allah belongs the end of everything and all that precedes.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ (see details of transiteration on page \ p').$ 

عِنْدَسِدْرَةِ الْمُنْتَهْى عِنْدَهَاجَنَّةُ الْمَاؤى اذْ يَغْشَى السِّدْرَةَ مَا يَغْشَى مَازَاغَ الْبَصَرُ وَمَاطَغَى اللَّذَيَ يُشَمَ اللَّتَ وَ الْعُزْى وَمَنْوَةَ الشَّالِثَةَ الْأُخْرى اللَّمُ الذَّكَرُ وَلَهُ الأُنْقَى اللَّمُ الذَّكَرُ وَلَهُ الأُنْقَى اللَّمُ الذَّكَرُ وَلَهُ الأُنْقَى اللَّهُ الذَّكَرُ وَلَهُ الأُنْقَى اللَّهُ الذَّكَرُ وَلَهُ الأُنْقَى اللَّهُ بِهَا مِنْ الْمُلُوى الْأَنْفُسُ ، وَ لَقَدْ جَآءَهُمْ مِنْ

> دَّبِّهِمُ الْهُدٰى شُ ٱمْ لِلْإِنْسَانِ مَا تَمَنَّى أَهُ فَلِنَّهِ الْأَخِرَةُ وَ الْأُوْلِي شُ

وَ كَمْ مِّنْ مَّلَكٍ فِي السَّسْطُوٰتِ لَا تُغْنِيْ شَفَاعَتُهُمْ شَيْئًا اِلَّا مِنُ بَعْدِ اَنْ يَّاذَنَ اللهُ لِمَنْ يَشَاءُ وَيَرْضَى @

**<sup>\*</sup>**25. Is there for man all that he desires?

# قَالَ فَمَا خَطْبُكُمْ ٢٤ - Part 27

28. Those who believe not in the Hereafter name the angels with names of females;

29. But they have no knowledge thereof. They follow nothing but conjecture; and conjecture avails naught against truth.

30. So turn aside from him who turns away from Our remembrance, and seeks nothing but the life of this world.

\*31. That is the utmost limit of their knowledge. Verily, thy Lord knows him best who strays from His way, and He knows him best who follows guidance.

32. And to Allāh belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is in the earth, that He may requite those who do evil for what they have wrought, and that He may reward with what is best those who do good.

\*33. Those who shun the grave sins and immoral actions except minor faults—verily, thy Lord is very liberal in forgiving. He knows you full well *from the time* when He created you from the earth, and when you were embryos in the bellies of your mothers. So ascribe

انَّ الَّذَرِبَ كَا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِالْأَخِرَةِ مُوْتَ الْمَلْئَكَةَ a tiv وَ مَا لَهُمْ بِهِ مِنْ عِلْمِ د إِنْ يَتَّبِعُوْنَ إلا الظَّتَّ ، وَإِنَّ الظَّنَّ لَا يُغْنِيُ الْحَقّ شَيْئًا 🕅 فَاعْرِضْ عَنْ مَّنْ تَوَلَّى 1 عَنْ ذِكْرِنَا وَلَمْ يُرد إِلَّا الْحَلُوةَ الدُّنْيَا ٢ ذٰلكَ مَبْلَغُهُمْ مِّنَ الْعِلْمِر إِنَّ رَبِّكَ هُوَ آعْلَمُ بِمَنْ ضَلَّ عَنْ سَبِيْلِهِ うべ وَهُوَ آعْلَمُ بِمَنِ اهْتَدٰى @ وَ بِتَّهِ مَا فِي السَّلْطُوْتِ وَ مَا فِي الْأَرْضِ ا لِيَجْزِيَ الَّذِيْنَ ٱسَاءُوْا بِمَا عَمِلُوْا وَيَجْزِى الَّذِينَ آحْسَنُوْا بِالْحُسْنِي شَ

ٱلَّذِيْنَ يَجْتَنِ بُوْنَ كَبَّئِرَ الْإِثْمِ وَ الْفَوَاحِشَ اِلَّا اللَّمَمَ اِنَّ رَبَّكَ وَاسِعُ الْمَغْفِرَةِ الْهُوَ اعْلَمُ بِكُمْ اِذْ اَنْشَاكُمْ مِّنَ الْأَرْضِ وَ اِذْ اَنْتُمْ اَجِنَّةَ فِيْ بُطُوْنِ اُمَّلْتِكُمْ الْ فَلَا تُزَكُّوَا

**\***31. That is the utmost **they have of knowledge**.

<sup>#33.</sup> Those who shun major sins and indecencies except for minor slips—verily, your Lord is expansive in forgiveness.

not purity to yourselves. He knows  $\xi$  him best who is *truly* righteous.

R. 3.

34. Dost thou see him who turns away,

35. And gives a little, and does it grudgingly?

36. Has he the knowledge of the unseen so that he can see?

37. Has he not been informed of what is in the Scriptures of Moses 38. And *of* Abraham who fulfilled

the commandments?—

39. That no bearer of burden shall bear the burden of another;

- \*40. And that man will have nothing but what he strives for;
- \*41. And that his striving shall soon be seen;

42. Then will he be rewarded for it with the fullest reward;

43. And that to thy Lord do *all things* ultimately go;

44. And that it is He Who makes *men* laugh and makes *them* weep;

45. And that it is He Who causes death and gives life;

46. And that He creates the pairs, male and female,

47. From a sperm-drop when it is poured forth;

48. And that it is for Him to bring forth the second creation;

ٱنْفُسَكُمْ دهُوَ ٱعْلَمُ بِمَنِ اتَّغْى ٢ ٱ**ڣ**ؘڗءٛؽؾٵڷۜڋؽؾؘۄٙڸۨٞ؊ؖ وَ أَعْطَى قَلِناً وَ أَكْدِي، ٱعِنْدَة عِلْمُ الْغَيْبِ فَهُوَ يَرِى ٢ آمْرَكَمْرِيْنَبَّأْ بِمَافِيْ صُحُفٍ مُوْسِي الله ۅؘٳؠٛڔ۬ۿؽؚڡؘڔٳڷۜۮؽۅؘڡ۬۠۫ۿ ٱلاَتَزِرُ وَازِرَةً وِّزْرَ أُخْرَى اللَّهُ <u>وَ</u> اَنْ لَّيْسَ لِلْإِنْسَانِ اِلَّا مَاسَعَى <sup>(\*</sup> وَ أَنَّ سَعْبَهُ سَوْفَ يُراي شَ ثُمَّ يُجْزِيهُ الْجَزَاءَ الْأَوْفِي اللَّ وَ أَنَّ إِلَى رَبِّكَ الْمُنْتَهَى ٢ وَانَّهُ هُوَ أَضْحَكَ وَ أَنْكَى ﴿ وَ ٱنَّهٰ هُوَ ٱمَّاتَ وَ ٱحْلِي ٢ وَ أَنَّهُ خَلَقً الزَّوْجَيْنِ الذَّحَرَ وَالْأَنْثُنِ ڡؚڽٛڹٞ۠ڟٛڣؘڎٟٳۮؘٳؾؙۿڹ۬ؽ۞ وَ اَنَّ عَلَيْهِ النَّشْاَةَ الْأُخْرَى ٢

**\***40. And there is nothing for man but *the fruits of* his endeavours; **\***41. And that his endeavour will soon be acknowledged;

a i u + | th + | kh + | dh + | dh + | ع : | ق kh + | dh + | dh + | ع : | ق kh + | dh + | dh + | a : | ع : | 36 (See details of transliteration on page 'p'). 49. And that it is He Who enriches and grants wealth to *one's* satisfaction;

50. And that He is the Lord of Sirius;

51. And that He destroyed the first *tribe of*  $^{\circ}\overline{A}d$ ,

52. And *the tribe of* Thamūd, and He spared not *any of them*,

53. And *He destroyed* the people of Noah before *them*—verily, they were most unjust and most rebellious—

\* 54. And He overthrew the subverted cities *of the people of Lot*,

\*55. So that there covered them that which was to cover.

56. Which then, *O man*, of the bounties of thy Lord wilt thou dispute?

57. This is a Warner from among the *class of the* Warners of old.

58. *The Hour* that was to come has come nigh,

59. None but Allāh can avert it.

60. Do you then wonder at this announcement?

61. And do you laugh, and weep not?

62. And will you remain proudly heedless?

63. So prostrate yourselves before 1 for Allāh, and worship *Him*.

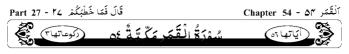
<u>وَ</u>ٱنَّهٰ هُوَٱغْنٰى وَ ٱقْنٰى أَ

ۅؘٱڹَّۿؘۅؙڒڹؖٵڶۺؚٚڠڒؽ۞ٚ ۅؘٱنَّهۡ ٱۿڶػٵۮٳڶٮٞٛۉڸ۞ۨ ۅؘؿؘؠٛۄٛۮٱڣؘؠٓٵؘؠٛۼ۬ۑ۞

وَ قَوْمَ نُوْحٍ مِّنْ قَبْلُ ؞ اِنَّهُمْ كَانُوْا هُمْ ٱظْلَمَرَوَ ٱطْخَى۞

- وَ الْمُؤْتَفِكَةَ آهُوٰى ﴿ فَخَشْمَهَا مَا غَشّى ٥ فَبِآيَ الْآءِ رَبِّكَ تَتَمَارى ﴿
- انذِيرَ مِّنَ التُّذُرِ الْأُوْلى
   ازِفَتِ الْأَزِفَةُ
   لَيْسَ لَهَامِنْ دُوْنِ اللَّهِ كَاشِفَةً
   اَفَمِنْ هٰذَا الْحَدِيْثِ تَعْجَبُوْنَ
   وَتَضْحَكُوْنَ وَلَا تَبْكُوْنَ أَهْ
   وَانْتُمْ سَامِدُوْنَ (

**\*** 54. And He overthrew the subverted **townships** of the people of Lot. **\*** 55. **So covered them that which did cover them.** 



AL-QAMAR (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. The Hour has drawn nigh, and the moon is rent asunder.

3. And if they see a Sign, they turn away and say, 'A passing *feat of* magic.'

4. They reject *the truth* and follow their own fancies. But every decree *of God* shall certainly come to pass.

5. And there has already come to them the great news wherein is a warning—

6. Consummate wisdom; but the warnings profit them not.

7. Therefore turn thou away from them. The day when the Summoner will summon *them* to a disagreeable thing,

8. While their eyes will be cast down and they will come forth from *their* graves as though they were locusts scattered about,

9. Hastening towards the Summoner. The disbelievers will say, 'This is a hard day.'

10. The people of Noah rejected *the truth* before them; aye, they rejected Our servant and said, 'A madman and one who is spurned.'

11. He therefore prayed to his Lord *saying*, 'I am overcome, *so come* Thou *to my* help!'

بشمرائله الرَّحْمَن الرَّحِيْمِ () إِقْتَرَبَتِ السَّاعَةُ وَ انْشَقَّ الْقَمَرُ () وَ إِنْ يَبْرَوْا إِنَّ يُغْرِضُوْا وَ يَقُوْلُوْا سخرَّ مُشتَمِرًّ ( وَ كَذَّبُوْا وَاتَّبَعُوْا أَهْوَا عَمْرَ وَكُلَّ آمر <sup>م</sup>ُسْتَقِرًّ 🕤 وَ لَقَدْ جَاءَهُمْ مِّرِي الْأَنْيَاءِ مَا فَدْ مأذجك حكمةً تالغَةً فَمَاتُغْنِ النُّذُرُ \* فَتَوَلَّ عَنْهُمْ مِ يَوْمَرِيدْعُ الدَّاعِ إِلَى ۺؘؽۦٟڹؙٞػؙڔؗؗ خُشَّعًا ٱبْصَارُهُمْ يَخْرُجُوْنَ مِنَ الْآجْدَاتِ كَأَنَّهُمْ جَرَادٌ مُّنْتَشِرُّ ٨ مُّهْطِعِيْنَ إِلَى الدَّاعِ ، يَقُوْلُ الْكَفِرُوْنَ هذا تَهْ مُعَسِرٌ (9) كَذَّبَتْ قَسْلَهُمْ قَوْمُ نُوْجٍ وَكَزَّبُوْا عَبْدَنَا وَقَالُوْا مَجْنُوْنَ وَّ ازْدُجرَ 🕞 فَدَعَا رَتَّهُ آنَّىٰ مَغْلُوْتَ فَانْتَصِرْ ()

12. Thereupon We opened the gates of heaven, with water pouring down;

13. And We caused the earth to burst forth with springs, so the *two* waters met for a purpose that was decreed.

14. And We carried him upon that *which was made* of planks and nails.

15. It floated on under Our eyes: a reward for him who had been rejected.

16. And We left it as a Sign *for the coming generations*; but is there anyone who would receive admonition?

17. How *terrible* then was My punishment and My warning!

18. And indeed We have made the Qur'ān easy *to understand and* to remember. But is there anyone who would receive admonition?

19. *The tribe of* 'Ād rejected *the truth.* How *terrible* then was My punishment and My warning!

20. We sent against them a furious wind on a day of unending ill luck,

21. Tearing people away as though they were the trunks of uprooted palm-trees.

22. How *terrible* then was My punishment and My warning!23. And indeed We have made the

فَفَتَحْنَآ ٱبْوَابَ السَّمَاءِ بِمَاءٍ مُنْهَمِر وَ فَجَرْبَا الْآرْضَ عُبُهُنَّا فَالْتَعْيِ الْمَاءُ عَلَى آمْرِقَدْ قُدِرَشْ وَ حَمَلْنَهُ عَلَى ذَاتِ ٱلْوَاحِ وَّ دُسُرٍ ٢ تَجْرِيْ بِأَعْيُنِنَا، جَزَاءً لِّمَنْ كَان گفر وَلَقَدْتَرَعۡنٰهَا ايَةً فَهَلۡ مِنۡ مُدَّحِرٍ™ فَحَيْفَ كَانَ عَذَابِيْ وَنُذُرٍ ١ وَلَقَدْ يَشَرْنَا الْقُرْانَ لِلذِّحْرِ فَهَلْ مِنْ مُدَّحِر كَذَّبَتْ عَادً فَكَيْفَ كَانَ عَذَابِيْ ۇ ئۇر إِنَّآ ٱ دُسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ رِيْحًا صَرْصَرًا فِيْ

رە، رىسىت ئىيۇىرىيەت روپ يۇمرنخىس شىشتىمرى تىنزىم النَّاس «كَانَّهُم اعْجَازُ نَخْلٍ شىتقىر فىكىف كان عذابيى دَنْدُر س

## قَالَ فَمَا خَطْبُكُمْ ٢٤ - Part 27

Qur'ān easy to understand and to remember. But is there anyone who would receive admonition?

R. 2.

24. *The tribe of* Thamūd *also* rejected the Warners.

25. And they said, 'What! a man, from among ourselves, a single individual! Shall we follow him?

\*Then indeed we would be in manifest error, and *would be* mad.
26. 'Has the Reminder been revealed to him *alone* of all of us? Nay, he is a boastful liar.'

27. 'Tomorrow will they know who is the boastful liar!

28. 'We will send the she-camel as a trial for them. So watch them, O *Şāliḥ*, and have patience.

- \*29. 'And tell them that the water is shared *only* between them, *but as for the she-camel* every drinking time may be attended *by her*.'
- \*30. But they called their comrade, and he seized *a sword* and hamstrung *her*.

31. How *terrible* then was My punishment and My warning!

32. We sent against them a single blast, and they became like the dry stubble, trampled upon.

ڡؚؽؗؗؗڞٞڐۜڮڔۣؖؖٛ

كَذَّبَتْ ثَمُوْدُ بِالنَّذُرِ @ فَقَالُوَّا آبَشَرًا مِّنَّا وَاحِدًا تَّتَبِعُهَ إِنَّآ إِذَا لَّغِيْ ضَلْلٍ وَّ سُعُرٍ @

ءَ ٱلْقِيَ الذِّحْرُ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ بَيْنِنَا بَلْ هُوَكَذَّابَ ٱشِرَْ سَيَعْلَمُوْنَ غَدًا مَّنِ الْكَذَّابُ الْآشِرُ فَارْتَقِبْهُمْ وَاصْطَبِرْ أَ وَنَبِّنْهُمْ آتَ الْمَاء قِسْمَةً بَيْنَهُمْ ، كُلُّ شِرْبِ مُحْتَضَرَ ()

فَنَادَوْا صَاحِبَهُمْ فَتَعَاطى فَعَقَرَ

فَكَيْفَ كَانَ عَذَابِيْ وَنُذُرِ @ اِنَّآ ٱرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ صَيْحَةً وَّاحِدَةً فَكَانُوْاكَهَشِيْمِ الْمُحْتَظِرِ @

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ (79)$  (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

<sup>#25.</sup> Indeed then we shall be in grave error and afflicted with madness.

<sup>\*29. &#</sup>x27;And tell them that the water is shared between them, every drinking time shall be observed.'

<sup>\*30.</sup> But they called their comrade, and he poised himself to strike and hamstrung her.

33. And indeed We have made the Our'an easy to understand and to remember. But is there anyone who would receive admonition?

34. Lot's people also rejected the Warners.

35. We sent a storm of stones upon them except the family of Lot. whom We delivered by early dawn,

36. As a favour from Us. Thus do We reward him who is grateful.

37. And he indeed had warned them of Our punishment, but they doubted the warning.

38. And they *deceitfully* sought to turn him away from his guests. So We blinded their eyes, and said, 'Taste ye now My punishment and My warning.'

39. And there came upon them early in the morning a lasting punishment.

40. 'Now taste ye My punishment and My warning.<sup>2</sup>

41. And, indeed, We have made the Qur'an easy to understand and to remember. But is there anyone who would receive admonition?

R. 3.

42. And surely to the people of Pharaoh also came Warners.

43. They rejected all Our Signs. So We seized them like the seizing of One Who is Mighty and Omnipotent.

44. Are your disbelievers better

وَ لَقَدْ يَسَرْنَا الْقُرْانَ لِلذِّ خُرِ فَهَلْ مِنْ مُدَّحِر التُّرَيث قَوْمُ لُوْطٍ بِالتُّذُرِ إِنَّا آرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ حَاصِبًا إِلَّا أَلَ لُوْطِ أَنَجَّيْنُهُمْ بِسَحَرْ اللهُ نِّحْمَةً مِّنْ عِنْدِنَا - كَذٰلِكَ نَجْزِيْ مَنْ نیک m وَ لَقَدْ ٱنْذَرَهُمْ تَطْشَتَنَا فَتَمَارَوْا بالنُّذُر وَ لَقَدْ رَاوَدُوْهُ عَنْ ضَيْفِهِ فَطَمَسْنَآ ٱعْيُنَهُمْ فَذُوْقُوْا عَذَابِيْ وَنُذُرِ وَ لَقَدْ صَتَّحَهُمْ لُكَرَةً عَذَاتَ مُسْتَقَرُّ فَذُوْقُوْا عَذَابِيْ وَنُذُرِ وَكَقَرْ يَشَرْنَا الْقُرْانَ لِلزِّكْرِ فَهَلْ مِنْ مُدَّحِر شَ وَلَقَدْجَاء إِلَى فِرْعَوْنَ النُّذُرُشْ كَذَّبُوْا بِالِتِنَا كُلِّهَا فَاَخَذْنُهُمْ اَخْذَ عَزيْز مُقْتَدِرٍ 🐨 ٱكُفَّارُكُمْ خَيْرٌ مِّنْ ٱولَٰئِكُمْ آمْ

 $a i u \mid th$   $\dot{h} \tau \mid kh \dot{\tau} \mid dh$   $\dot{s} \mid \dot{s} \rightarrow (79)$   $\dot{h} \tau \mid dh$   $\dot{s} \mid \dot{s} \rightarrow (79)$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

than those? Or have you an exemption in the Scriptures?

45. Do they say, 'We are a victorious host'?

46. The hosts shall soon be routed and will turn their backs in flight. 47. Ave, the Hour is their appointed time: and the Hour will be most calamitous and most bitter.

48. Surely, the guilty are in manifest error and gone mad.

49. On the day when they will be dragged into the Fire on their faces. and it will be said to them, 'Taste ye the touch of Hell.'

50. Verily, We have created everything in *due* measure.

51. And Our command is carried out by only one word, like the twinkling of an eye.

52. And indeed We have destroyed people before you who were like unto you. But is there anyone who would receive admonition?

53. And everything they have done is recorded in the Books.

54. And every matter, small and great, is written down.

55. Verily, the righteous will be in the midst of Gardens and streams, 56. In the seat of truth with an Omnipotent King.

لَكُمْ بَرَاءة فِي الزُّبُرِ شَ اَمْرِيَقُوْلُوْنَ نَحْنُ جَمِيْعٌ مَّنْتَصِرً<sup>®</sup> سَيُهْزَمُ الْحَمْعُ وَ بُوَلَّوْنِ الدُّبُرَ 🕅 كَل السَّاعَةُ مَوْعِدُهُمْ وَ السَّاعَةُ اَدْهٰى وَ اَحَدُّ ٢ رِنَّ الْمُجْرِمِيْنَ فِيْ ضَلْلٍ وَ سُعُرٍ <sup>٢</sup> يَوْمَ يُسْحَبُوْتَ فِي النَّارِ عَلَى ۇجۇھەم ، ذۇقۇامس سقر 🔊 إِنَّاكُلَّ شَيْءٍ خَلَقْنهُ بِقَدَرِ <<ul>التَّاكُلُ شَيْءٍ خَلَقْنهُ بِقَدَرٍ وَ مَآ أَمُؤْنَا إِلَّا وَاجِدَةً كَلَمْخُ بالْبَصَر وَلَقَدْ آَهْلَكْنَآ آَشْبَاعَكُمْ فَهَلْ مِنْ مُدَّكِر، وَكُلُّ شَيْءٍ فَعَلُوْهُ فِي الزُّبُرِ @ وَكُلُّ صَغِيْرٍ وَّكَبِيْرٍ مُسْتَطَرً ··· إِنَّ الْمُتَّقِيْنَ فِي جَنَّتِ وَّنَهَرِهُ فِيْ مَقْعَدِ صِدْقٍ عِنْدَ مَلِيْتٍ مُقْتَدِرٍ ٢

ء : ا ق p | غ ب ا ظ z | ظ z | ظ dh + | dh م ج ( ر 792 م ع ع ا خ dh + | h 7 | kh 7 | dh + | dh م ا ج ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

قَالَ فَمَا خَطْبُكُمْ ٢٤ - Part 27 اَلَ حَمْن 10 - Chapter 55

**AR-RAHMĀN** (Revealed before Hijrah)

 In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.
 *It is God*, the Gracious

3. Who has taught the Qur'an .

4. He has created man.

\*5. He has taught him plain speech.

6. The sun and the moon *run their courses* according to a fixed reckoning.

7. And the stemless plants and the trees *humbly* submit *to His will*.

8. And the heaven He has raised high and set up a measure,

9. That you may not transgress the measure.

10. So weigh all things in justice and fall not short of the measure.

11. And He has set the earth for *His* creatures;

12. Therein are *all kinds of* fruit and palm-trees with sheaths,

13. And grain with *its* husk and fragrant plants.

14. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny, *O* men and Jinn?

بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () ٱلرَّحْمُنُ عَلَّمَ الْقُرَانَ حَلَّقَ الْإِنْسَانَ عَلَّمَهُ الْبَيَانَ ٱلشَّمْسُ وَ الْقَمَرُ بِحُسْبَانٍ ﴾ وَ النَّجْمُوَ الشَّجَرُ يَسْجُدُنِ ؟

وَ السَّمَاء رَفَعَهَا وَ وَضَعَ الْمِيْزَانَ ( اَلَّا تَطْغَوْا فِي الْمِيْزَانِ () وَ اَقِيْمُوا الْوَزْنَ بِالْقِسْطِ وَ لَا تُخْسِرُوا الْمِيْزَانَ () وَالْاَرْضَ وَضَعَهَا لِلْاَنَامِ () فَيْهَا فَاكِهَةً لَا وَ التَّخْلُ ذَاتُ الْكُحْمَامِ () وَ الْحَبُ ذُو الْعَصْفِ وَالتَّيْحَانُ ()

\*5. He taught him the skill of expression.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ r \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ of \ ransiliteration on \ page \ p'). \end{array}$ 

قَالَ فَمَا خَطْئُكُم Part 27 - ۲۷

15. He created man from dry ringing clay which is like baked pottery.

16. And the Jinn He created from the flame of fire.

17. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny?

18. The Lord of the two Easts and the Lord of the two Wests!

19. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny?

\*20. He has made the two bodies of water flow. They will one day meet. 21. Between them is *now* a barrier: they encroach not one upon the other.

22. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny?

23. There come out from them pearls and coral.

24. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny?

25. And His are the lofty ships reared aloft the sea on like mountains.

26. Which, then, of the favours of  $\mathcal{F}_{1}$ your Lord will you twain deny?

# R. 2.

27. All that is on it (earth) will pass away.

28. And there will remain only the Person of thy Lord, Master of Glory and Honour.

29. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny?

الانسان مِنْ صَ ÷13 كَالْفَخَّارِ وَ خَلَقَ الْجَانَ مِنْ مَّارِجٍ مِّنْ نَّارٍ أَ فَبِآيٍّ الآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّلِنِ رَبُّ الْمَشْرِقَيْنِ وَرَبُّ الْمَغْرِبَيْنِ أَ فَبِآَيِّ أَلَاءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّلِنِ () مَرَجَ الْبَحْرَيْنِ يَلْتَقَلِّن اللَّ بَيْنَهُمَا بَرْزَخٌ لاَ يَبْغِيْنَ أَ

فَبِاَيِّ الأَءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّلِنِ ٢ يَخْرُجُ مِنْهُمًا اللُّؤُلُؤُ وَ الْمَرْجَانُ شَ فَبِآَيِّ أَلَاءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّلِنِ @ ۇلە الجَوَارِ الْمُنْشَلْتُ فِ كَالْأَعْلَامِ أَنْ فَباكَيَّ الآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّلِنِ ٢

كُلُّ مَنْ عَلَيْهَا فَانٍ ٥ وَّ يَبْغَى وَجْهُ رَبِّكَ ذُو الْجَلْ وَالْاحْرَامِ ٢ فَبِاَيِّ الآءِ رَبَّكُمَا تُكَذَّلِنِ<sup>®</sup>

\*20. Verily, He will merge the two oceans, joining them together.

ء : ا ق p | غ ب ا ظ z | ظ z | ظ b | ث أ ف ع ب ( ج 794 ص ع ا خ d h خ d h خ l d h أ ث h ا ا ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

30. Of Him do beg all that are in the heavens and the earth. Every day He *reveals Himself* in a different state.

31. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny?

\*32. Soon shall We attend to you, O ye two big groups!

33. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny?

34. O company of Jinn and men! if you have power to go beyond the confines of the heavens and the earth, then do go. But you cannot go save with authority.

35. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny?

\*36. There shall be sent against you a flame of fire, and smoke; and you shall not be able to help yourselves.

37. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny?38. And when the heaven is rent asunder, and becomes red like red hide—

39. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny?—40. On that day neither man nor Jinn will be asked about his sin.

41. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny?

\*32. Soon shall We attend to you, O ye two mighty powers!

\*36. There shall be sent against you a smokeless tongue of fire and a fireless column of smoke and you shall not be able to help one another.

a i u + | th خ | k / r | kh + | dh خ | s م الم جوم ع الم الم + | th ال h r | kh + | dh + | dh + | s م الم جوم ع (See details of transliteration on page 'p'). قَالَ، فَمَا خَطْئُكُم Part 27 - ۲۷

وتفالاز

42. The guilty will be known by their marks, and they will be seized by the forelocks and the feet.

43. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny? 44. This is the Hell which the guilty deny,

45. Between it and fierce boiling water will they go round. 46. Which, then, of the favours of æ. your Lord will you twain deny?

R. 3.

\*47. But for him who fears to stand before his Lord there are two Gardens-

48. Which, then, of the favours of vour Lord will vou twain denv?-

\*49. Having many varieties of trees.

50. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny? 51. In both of them there are two fountains flowing free.

52. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny?

53. Therein will be every kind of fruit in pairs.

54. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny?

55. They will recline on couches above carpets, the linings of which will be of thick brocade. And the ripe fruit of the two Gardens will be within easy reach.

يعرَفُ الْمُجْرِمُوْنَ بِسِيْمَهُمْ فَيُؤْخَذُ بالنَّهَ احِيْ وَالْأَقْدَامِ شَ فَباكَيَّ الآءِ رَبَّكُمَا تُكَذِّلِن ٢ حَمَنًهُ اللَّحْن **، ۲**: الْمُجْرِمُوْنَ شَ يَطُوْ فُوْنَ بَيْنَهَا وَ بَيْنَ حَمِ فَبِآيٍّ أَلَاءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّلِنِ ٢ وَلِمَنْ خَافَ مَقَامَ رَبِّه جَنَّتْن ٢ فَبِاَيِّ الْآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّلِنِ أَ ذَوَاتًا ٱفْنَانِ فَبِاَيِّ الأورَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّلِنِ () فِيْهِمَا عَيْنُنِ تَجْرِلِنِ أَ فَبِاَيِّ الْآءِرَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّلِنِ @ فَيْهِمَا مِنْ كُلٌّ فَاكِهَةٍ زَوْجُن أَهُ فَبِاَيِّ الْآءِرَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّلِنِ @ مُتَّكِنْنَ عَلْى فُوْشُ بَطَّائِنُهَا إشتبترق ووجنا البخن تثين دان

#47. But for him who is awed by the lofty station of his Lord, there are two Gardens. :: 49. Both having many branches.

 $\overline{a \ i \ u} \mid th$   $\mathring{} \mid h \ \tau \mid kh \ \dot{\tau} \mid dh \ \dot{} \mid s$ ء' | ق q k ج | gh ج | ظ z | ط إ ض *h* د 796 (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

قَالَ فَمَا خَطْبُكُمْ Part 27 - ۲۷

56. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny?

57. Therein will *also* be *chaste maidens* of modest gaze, whom neither man nor Jinn will have touched before them—

58. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny?— 59. As if they were rubies and small

pearls.

60. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny?

61. The reward of goodness is nothing but goodness.

62. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny?63. And besides these two, there are two *other* Gardens—

64. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny?— 65. Dark green with foliage.

66. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny?67. Therein *also* will be two springs gushing forth with water.

68. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny?69. In both of them there will be *all kinds of* fruit, and dates and pomegranates.

70. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny?

71. Therein will be *maidens*, good *and* beautiful—

72. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny?—73. Fair maidens with lovely black eyes, well-guarded in pavilions—

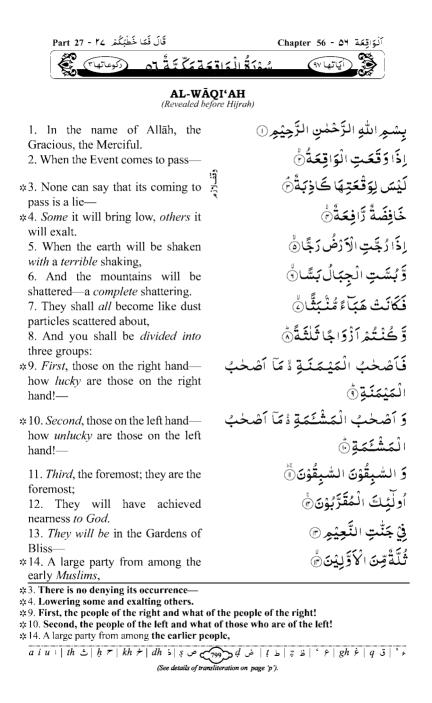
فَبِآَيِّ أَلَاءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّلِنِ ٢ فِيْهِنَّ قْصِرْتُ الطَّرْفِ الْجُرْ يَطْجِتُهُنَّ إِنْسَ قَبْلَهُمْ وَلَا حَانَّ هُ فَبِاَيَّ الآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّلِنِ ٥ كَأَنَّهُنَّ الْمَاقَوْتُ وَالْمَرْحَانُ أَنَّ فَبِاَيِّ الآءِرَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّ<sup>ل</sup>ِين هَلْ جَزّاءُ الْإِحْسَانِ إِلَّا الْإِحْسَانُ أَ فَبِاَيِّ أَلَاءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّلِنِ ·· <u>ۅؘ</u>ڝؚؚڽٛۮۅٛڹۣۿؚڝؘٵڿڹۜؾؖڹؖؖؖ فَبِاَيِّ الآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّلِنِ أَ مُدْهَامَّتْنِ فَبِاَيَّ الْأَءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّلِنِ شَ فِيْهِمَا عَيْنُنِ نَضَّاخَتُنِ أَن فَبِاَيَّ الأَءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّلِنِ فِيْهِمَا فَاكِهَةً وَّ نَخْلُ وَّ رُمَّانَ ٢ فَبِاَيّ أَلَاءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبنِ فِيْهِنَّ خَيْرَتٌ حِسَانٌ ٥ فَباكَيّ الآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّلنِ ٢ حُوْرٌ مَّقْصُوْرِتٌ فِي الْجِيَامِ شَ

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \dot{-} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{-} \ | \ dh \ \dot{-} \ | \ \dot{-} \ \eta \ \dot{-} \ \dot{-} \ \eta \ \dot{-} \ \eta \ \dot{-} \ \eta \ \dot{-} \ \eta \ \dot{-} \ \dot{-} \ \eta \ \dot{-} \ \eta \$ 

74. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny?—
75. Whom neither man nor Jinn will have touched before them—
76. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny?—
77. Reclining on green cushions and beautiful carpets.

78. Which, then, of the favours of your Lord will you twain deny?79. Blessed is the name of thy Lord, Master of Glory and Honour.

فَبِاَيِّ الْآَءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبُنِ شَ لَمْ يَطْمِثْهُنَّ اِنْسَ قَبْلَهُمْ وَلَا جَآنَّ شَ فَبِاَيِّ الآَءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبْنِ شَ مُتَّكِئِين على رَفْرَفٍ خُضْرٍ وَّ عَبْقَرِيٍّ حِسَانٍ شَ فَبِاَيٍّ الآَءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبْنِ @ تَبْرَكَ اسْمُ رَبِّكَ ذِم الْجَلْلِ وَالْإِكْرَامِ قُ



\*15. And a few from the later ones,

16. Seated on couches inwrought with gold and jewels,

17. Reclining thereon facing each other.

18. There will wait on them youths, who will not age,

19. Carrying goblets and ewers and cups *filled* out of a flowing spring—

20. No headache will they get therefrom, nor will they be intoxicated—

21. And *carrying* such fruits as they choose,

22. And flesh of birds as they may desire.

23. And *there will be* fair maidens with wide, lovely eyes,

\*24. Like pearls, well preserved,

25. As a reward for what they did.

26. They will not hear therein any vain or sinful talk,

27. Except *only* the word *of salutation*, 'Peace, peace.'

\*28. And *as for* those on the right hand—how *lucky* are those on the right hand!—

29. *They* will be amidst thornless lote-trees,30. And clustered bananas.

وَقَلِيْلُ مِّنَ الْإِخِرِيْنَ، عَلْى سُرُرِ مَّوْضُوْنَةٍ 🖑 مُتَّكِئِن عَلَيْهَا مُتَقْبِلِيْنَ @ يَطُوْفُ عَلَيْهِمْ وِلْدَانَ مُّخَلَّدُوْنَ أَنَّ بِٱحْوَابِ وَآبَارِيْقَ ة وَ كَأْسٍ مِّنْ مّعيْن 🖑 لا ئصداً عُدْنَ عَنْهَا وَكَا يُنْزِفُوْنَ اللَّهُ <u>ۅ</u>ؘڣؘٳڮۿ؋ؚؠٞڟٵؽؾڂؾۜؽڔ۠ۅ۠ؽؖؖ وَلَحْمِ طَيْرِ مِّمَّا يَشْتَهُوْنَ شَ وَحُوْزٌ عِيْنَ أَ كَامْثَال اللُّؤْلُوءِ الْمَكْنُوْنِ شَ جَزَاءً بِمَاكَانُوْا يَعْمَلُوْنَ · كَا يَسْمَعُوْنَ فَبْهَا لَغُوًا وَّ لَا تَأْثِدُهَا ٢ الاقتلا سلما سلما وَ ٱصْحِبُ الْيَمِيْنِ الْمَا ٱصْحِبْ الْيَمِيْنِ 🖑 فْ سِدْرِ مَّخْضُوْدٍ أ وَّ طَلْح مَّنْضُوْدِ شَ

**\*15.** And a smaller group from among the people of the latter days, **\*24.** Like pearls, well concealed *and protected.* 

**\***28. The people of the right and what of the people of the right!

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ | \ th \ & \mid \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ h \ & | \ & | \ h \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & | \ & |$ 

31. And extended shade,		ٳؚٛڟؚڵؚۜۜۜؗٞڡؙۧؗؗؗۿۮۉۮٟ۞ؗ
32. And flowing water,		ؚ ٳؘڝٙٵۛۅۣڡٙۺػٛۉؚۛۛۛڹؚؖ۞
33. And abundant fruit,		ۯؚ ڣؘٵؚڮؚۿڐ۪ػؿؚؽڔؖۊ <sup>ۣ</sup>
34. Neither failing, nor forbi	dden,	ڒؚڡڨڟؙۉۼڐ۪ۊؘۜڒؘۮڡؘۛڡڹؙۉۼڐ <u>۪</u> ۞
35. And <i>they will have</i> spouses—	noble	ۯؙؚڣؙۯۺۣڡٞۯڣؙۉۼڐ۪۞ ڔ؞
36. Verily, We have created good creation,	them a	ِنَّ ٱنْشَانْهُةَ إِنْشَاءَ <sup>ا</sup>
37. And made them virgins,		فَجَعَلْنَهُنَ ٱبْكَارًا ٢
38. Loving, of equal age	1	عُرُبًا ٱثْرَابًا ۞
39. With those on the right h	and: 🚝	٢ِصْحْبِ الْيَمِ <b>يْ</b> نِ ٣
40. A large party from amo early <i>Muslims</i> ,	ng the	یکؓ ۃً مِّن الْکَوَّ لِیْنَ <sup>ج</sup> ُ
41. And a large party from thones.	ne later	ۣؿؙڵٞڐؘؙڡؚؚؚۜؽٵڵٳڂڔؽؿ۞
42. But <i>as for</i> those on the hand—how <i>unlucky</i> are the the left hand!—	•	دِ اَصْحْبُ الشَِّمَالِ لَا مَآ اَصْ لشِّمَالِ شَ
43. <i>They will be</i> in the m scorching winds and sc water.	idst of calding	ڹۣٛٛۺڡؙۉ <i>ۄ</i> ۊٞڂۛۅؽۛڡؚٟۛۛۛؗ
44. And under the shadow of smoke,	f black	ڐؙؚڟؚڵٟۨڡؚؚۜڽٛؾۜڂۘؗؗؗڡۉۛڡٟؗ۞
45. Neither cool nor of any g	وني .	دِبادِدٍ وَ لَا تَرِيْحٍ ®
46. Before this they lived a ease and plenty	life of 💮	ِنَّهُمْ كَانُوْا قَبْلَ ذَٰلِكَ مُتْرَفِيْنَ
47. And used to persist in e	حِنْثِ xtreme	زِ ڪَانُوْا يُصِرُّوْتَ عَكَ الْ
sinfulness.		لْحَظِيْمِ ٢
<ul> <li>39. For the people of the right.</li> <li>40. A large party from among the</li> <li>42. And the people belonging to</li> </ul>		those who belong to the left!

48. And they were wont to say, 'What! when we are dead and have become dust and bones, shall we indeed be raised again,

49. 'And our fathers of yore too?'

50. Say, 'Yes, the earlier ones and the later ones

51. 'Will *all* be gathered together unto the fixed time of an appointed day.

52. 'Then, O ye that have gone astray and have rejected *the truth*,

53. 'You will surely eat of the tree of Zaqqūm,

54. 'And will fill *your* bellies therewith,

55. 'And will drink thereon of boiling water,

\*56. 'Drinking like the drinking of the camels that suffer from an insatiable thirst.'

57. This will be their entertainment on the Day of Judgment.

\*58. We have created you. Why, then, do you not accept *the truth?*59. What think ye *of the sperm-drop* that you emit?

60. Is it you who have created it or are We the Creator?

61. We have ordained death for *all* of you; and We cannot be prevented

وَ كَانُهْ اسَقُوْلُهُ بَ مَّا يَذَا مِتْنَا وَ كُنَّا تُرَابًا وَ عِظَامًا ءَ إِنَّا لَمَنْعُهْ ثُهْنَ أَسَ آة أنَّ أنَّ الأوَّ لَهْنَ m قُلْ إِنَّ الْأَوَّلِيْنَ وَ الْأَخِرِيْنَ ٥ كَمَجْمُوْعُوْنَ دْ الْمِ مِبْقَاتِ بَوْمِ مَعْلُوْمِ ( ثُمَّ انْكُمْ أَتُهَ الضَّالَّهُدِ الْمُكَذِّ بُوْنَ أَنَّ فَمَالُهُ نَ منْهَا الْبُطُوْنَ أَنَّ فَشَارِيُوْنَ عَلَيْهِ مِنَ الْحَمِيْمِ أَنَّ فَشَارِبُوْنَ شُرْبَ الْهَيْحِ ٢ <u></u>
هٰذَا نُزُلُهُمْ يَوْمَ الدِّيْنِ ٥ نَحْنُ خَلَقْنُكُمْ فَلَوْكَا تُصَرِّقُوْنَ، ا**فَرَءَنْ تُهُ مَّا تُهْنُوْنَ** أَهُ

ءِ ٱنْتُمْ تَخْلُقُوْنَهَ آمْ نَحْنُ الْخَالِقُوْنَ۞

نَحْنُ قَدَّرْنَا بَيْنَكُمُ الْمَوْتَ وَ مَا نَحْنُ بِمَسْبُوْقِيْنَ أَ

\*56. 'Drinking like an ever thirsty camel.'

\*58. We have created you. Why, then, do you not acknowledge it?

قَالَ فَمَا خَطْبُكُمْ ٢٤ - Part 27	AL-WĀQI'AH	آلُوَاقِعَة Chapter 56 - 64		
*62. From bringing in your others like you, and <i>from</i> developyou into a form which <i>at pr</i>	oping	عَلَى أَنْ نُّبَرِّلَ آمْثَالَكُمْ وَ نُنْشِئً فِيْ مَا لَا تَعْلَمُوْنَ @		
you know not. 63. And you have certainly k the first creation. Why, the you not reflect?		وَ لَقَدْ عَلِمْتُمُ النَّشْاةَ الْأُوْلَى فَ تَزَكَّرُوْنَ @		
64. Do you see what you sow	?	ٵڣؘڒٵؽؾؙۿڔڟٵؾڂۯؿؙۅٛڹ۞۫		
65. Is it you who grow it or an the Grower?	ن re We	۲ آنتُم تَزْرَعُوْنَهُ آم نَحْ الزَّارِعُوْنَ۞		
*66. If We <i>so</i> pleased, We reduce it all to broken pieces, you would keep lamenting:		لَوْ نَشَاءُ لَجَعَلْنَهُ حُطَامًا فَظَلْ تَفَكَّهُوْنَ آ		
67. 'We are ruined!		اِنَّا لَمُغْرَمُوْنَ ٢		
<ul><li>68. 'Nay, we are deprive <i>everything</i>.'</li><li>69. Do you see the water whic drivel?</li></ul>	·	بَلْ نَحْنُ مَحْرُوْ مُوْى ۞ ٱفَرَءَيْتُمُ الْمَاءَ الَّذِيْ تَشْرَبُوْنَ ﴿		
drink? 70. Is it you who send it down the clouds, or are We the Sen		َءَ ٱنْتُمْ ٱنْزَلْتُمُوْهُ مِنَ الْمُزْنِ نَحْنُ الْمُنْزِلُوْنَ۞		
71. If We <i>so</i> pleased, We make it bitter. Why, then, are not grateful?		لَوْ نَشَاءُ جَعَلْنُهُ أَجَاجًا فَلَمَ تَشْكُرُوْنَ@		
<ul><li>72. Do you see the fire which kindle?</li><li>73. Is it you who produce the for it, or are We the Producer?</li></ul>	۔ ځنُ e tree	ٱفَرَءَيْتُمُ النَّارَ الَّتِيْ تُوْرُوْنَ ﴾ ءَ ٱنْتُمْ آنْشَاتُمْ شَجَرَتَهَ آمْ ذَ الْمُنْشِئُوْنَ @		
	rms and raising	المعسون ( <sup>س</sup> ) you into something of which you have		
no idea. \$\$66 Had We so wanted We could have turned it into chaff, then you would be left				

 $\begin{array}{c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \overset{\circ}{=} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \overset{\circ}{=} \ \overset$ 

<sup>\*66.</sup> Had We so wanted We could have turned it into chaff, then you would be left lamenting.

قَالَ فَمَا خَطْبُكُمْ ٢٤ - Part 27	AL-WĀQI'AH	Chapter	56 - 64	ٱ <b>لْوَاقِعَ</b> ة
74. We have made it a remind a benefit for the wayfarers.	تکاگ er and	لهَا تَذْكِرَةً وَ مَـ	_	
75. So glorify the name of thy the Great.	Lord,	رَبِّكَ الْحَظِيْمِ ۞	ِیْنَ شَّ جَ بِاشحِ	·
<b>R. 3.</b> *76. Nay, I swear by the shoot the stars—	-	وقِع النُّجُوْمِ <sup>ف</sup> ُ	-	
77. And, indeed, that is a oath, if you only knew—	_	لَّوْ تَعْلَمُوْنَ عَظِيْمُ اللَّ	ڵڟٙۺؖۿؘۯ ڦؙۯٲڹٞػڔ	
<ul> <li>78. That this is indeed a Qur'ān,</li> <li>79. In a well-preserved Book</li> </ul>			مران لر بِ مَّكْنُوْ	
80. Which none shall touch	-	ڡؚ ؗٞؗڝؙڟؘۿۜٙۯۉؽ۞		
those who are purified. 81. <i>It is</i> a revelation from the of the worlds.	e Lord	بِّ الْعُلَمِ <b>يْنَ</b> (	ل قِن رَّد	تنزيرً
*82. Is it this <i>Divine</i> discours you would reject?		ېثِ ٱنْتُمْ مُدْهِنُوْنَ		
83. And do you make the thereof your <i>means of</i> livelih	ood?	ؚۊؘڴۿٵؾٚؖڴۿڗؙػڋؚٚؠ ۼؾٵڷڂڷڨۄٛ؆۞	· · .	
<ul><li>84. Why, then, when <i>the soul</i></li><li><i>dying man</i> reaches the throat,</li><li>85. And you are at that m</li></ul>	,	ي چېنځرون	• •	-
looking on— 86. And We are nearer to hir	يىنى كم n than	راکیدومِنْکُمْرَوَ لَکِ		
you, but you see not—			ۇن	تُبْصِرُ
87. Why, then, if you are not called to account,		ؾؙۿڔۼؘؽۯڡؘڔؽڹؚؽڹ ·		
88. You cannot bring it back, are truthful?		ػؙڹٛؾؙۿڔۻڍؚۊؚؽؚؽ۞		-
89. Now if he be of those who attained nearness to God,	o have	ن مِنَ الْمُقَرَّبِيْنَ »	اِنْ ڪَانَ	فَأَمَّآ
<b>*</b> 76. Nay, I swear by the <b>moorings</b>	of the stars—			

\*82. Will you then treat this *divine* discourse with hypocrisy?

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ h \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \mid \ \overset{}{kh \ } \ \mid \ dh \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\mid} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}}{\sim} \ \overset{}}{\sim} \ \overset{}{\sim} \ \overset{}}{\sim} \ \overset{}$ 

Dant	27	-	41	خَطْبُكُمْ	153.	115
Iari	41			سيبمر		~~

90. Then *for him* is comfort and fragrance *of happiness* and a Garden of Bliss;

\*91. And if he be of those who are on the right hand,

\*92. Then 'Peace be on thee, *who is* from those on the right hand.'93. But if he be of those who reject *the truth* and are in error,

94. Then *for him will be* an entertainment of boiling water,95. And burning in Hell.

96. Verily, this is the certain truth.

97. So glorify the name of thy Lord, the Great.

\*91. And if he be of those who are the people of the right,

\*92. Then 'Peace be on you, who is from the people of the right.'

فَرَوْحَ وَ رَيْحَانَ التَّ جَنَّتُ نَعِيْمٍ ·

ۅَٱمَّآرِنْ كَانَ مِنْ ٱصْحْبِ الْيَمِيْنِ قُ فَسَلْمُ لَّكَ مِنْ ٱصْحْبِ الْيَمِيْنِ شَ وَ ٱمَّآ رِنْ كَانَ مِنَ الْمُكَذِّبِيْنَ الضَّالِيْنَ صَفِيْمٍ شَ وَتَصْدِيةُ جَحِيْمٍ شَ اِنَّ هٰذَا لَهُوَ حَقُّ الْيَقِيْنِ شَ



AL-HADĪD (Revealed after Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. Whatever is in the heavens and the earth glorifies Allāh; and He is the Mighty, the Wise.

3. His is the kingdom of the heavens and the earth; He gives life and He causes death; and He has power over all things.

4. He is the First and the Last, and the Manifest and the Hidden, and He knows all things full well.

5. He it is Who created the heavens and the earth in six periods, then He settled Himself on the Throne. He knows what enters the earth and what comes out of it, and what comes down from heaven and what goes up into it. And He is with you wheresoever you may be. And Allāh sees all that you do.

6. His is the kingdom of the heavens and the earth; and to Allāh are all affairs referred.

7. He causes the night to pass into the day and causes the day to pass into the night; and He knows full well all that is in the breasts.

8. Believe in Allāh and His Messenger, and spend *in the way of Allāh* out of that to which He has

بشمرالله الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () سَبَّحَ بِلهِ مَا في السَّلْطُوْتِ وَ الْآَرْضِ، وَهُوَ الْعَزِيْزُ الْحَكِيْمُ ] لَهُ مُلْكُ السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْأَدْضِ، يُثْي ٷؠؙڡؚؚؽؚ<sup>ؚ</sup>ٷۿۊۼڶۑؙؗؗػۨڸۺؘؽٛۦٟۊٙڔؽۯؖ؇ؗ هُوَ الْآوَلُ وَالْإِجْرُ وَ الظَّاهِرُ وَ الْتَاطِنُ ، وَهُوَبِكُلْ شَيْءٍ عَلِيْمُ ] هُوَ الَّذِيْ خَلَقَ السَّهٰوتِ وَالْأَرْضَ فِيْ ستَّية ٱتَّام ثُمَّ اسْتَهٰى عَلَى الْحَرْشِ، يَعْلَمُ مَا يَلِجُ فِ الْآدَضِ وَ مَا يَخْرُجُ مِنْهَا وَ مَا يَنْزِلُ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ وَمَا يَعْرُجُ فَيْهَا ﴿ وَ هُوَ مَعَكُمُ أَيْنَ مَاكُنْتُمْ دَوَاللهُ بِمَاتَعْمَلُوْنَ بَصِيْرٌ ۞ لَهُ مُلْكُ السَّمَاتِ وَالْآرْضِ • وَإِلَى الله تُرْجَعُ الْأُمُوْرُ () يُوْلِجُ الَّيْلَ فِي النَّهَارِ وَ يُوْلِجُ النَّهَارَ فِي الَّيْلِ وَهُوَ عَلِيْمَ بِذَاتِ الصَّدُوْرِ» أمِنُوْا باللهِ وَ رَسُوْلِهِ وَ ٱنْفِقُوْا مِمَّا حَعَلَكُم مُسْتَخْلَفِيْنَ فَيْهِ وَفَالَّذَيْنَ

 $a i u \mid h$  ال  $r \mid kh \neq dh$  خ ا خ ا ف  $p_{1} \neq 0$  م ا خ  $h \neq dh \neq 0$  م  $s \mid s \mapsto 0$  م  $s \mid s \mapsto 0$  (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

made you heirs. And those of you who believe and spend will have a great reward.

9. Why is it that you believe not in Allāh, while the Messenger calls you to believe in your Lord, and He has already taken a covenant from you, if indeed you are believers?

10. He it is Who sends down clear Signs to His servant, that He may bring you out of every *kind of* darkness into the light. And verily, Allāh is Compassionate *and* Merciful to you.

11. And why is it that you spend not in the way of Allāh, while to Allāh belongs the heritage of the heavens and the earth? Those of you who spent and fought before the Victory are not equal *to those who did so later*. They are greater in rank than those who spent and fought afterwards. And to all has Allāh promised good. And Allāh is Well Aware of what you do.

# R. 2.

12. Who is he that will lend to Allāh a goodly loan? So He will increase it manifold for him, and he will have a generous reward.

13. And *think of* the day when thou wilt see the believing men and the believing women, their light running before them and on their right hands, *and it will be said to them*, 'Glad tidings for you this

مَنُوْا مِنْكُمْ وَ ٱنْفَقُوْا لَهُمْ آجُرُ ئىيْر⊛ وَمَالَكُمْ كَاتُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِاللهِ ، وَ الرَّسُوْلَ يدْعُوْكُمْ لِتُؤْمِنُوْا بِرَبِّكُمْ وَ قَدْ آخَذَ مِيْتَاقَكُمْ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِيْنَ () هُوَ الَّذِبْ يُنَزِّلُ عَلَى عَبْدِةٍ أَيَتٍ بَيّنْتٍ لِّيُخْرِجَكُمْ مِّنَ الظُّلُمْتِ إِلَى النُّوْرِ ، وَ إِنَّ اللهَ بِكُمْ لَرَءُوْفُ رَجْبُمُ⊡ وَمَا لَكُمْ أَلَّا تُنْفِقُوْا فِي سَبِيْلِ اللهِ وَ بِتَّهِ مِيْرَاتُ السَّلْطَوْتِ وَالْأَرْضِ، لَا يَسْتَوِيْ مِنْكُمْ مَّنْ ٱنْفَقَ مِنْ قَبْلِ الْفَتْجِ وَ قَاتَلَ ﴿ ٱولَّبُكَ ٱعْظَمُ دَرَجَةً مِّنَ الَّذِيْنَ ٱنْفَقُوْا مِنْ بَعْدُ وَ قَاتَلُوْاء وَ ڪُلَّرٍ وَعَدَ اللَّهُ الْحُسْلِي ، وَاللَّهُ بِهَا تَعْمَلُوْنَ خَبِيْرُ أَ مَنْ ذَا الَّذِيْ يُقْرِضُ اللَّهَ قَرْضًا حَسَنًا فَيُضْعِفَهُ لَهُ وَلَهُ آجْزُ كَرِيْمً ٢ ىەْمَرْ تَكْرَف الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ وَالْمُؤْمِ يشلى ئۇرھىمرىيىت آيېيىم وَبِأَيْمَانِهِمْ بُشْرِٰىكُمُ الْيَوْمَ جَنَّتَ

تجرئ مرث تختقا الآنهز خلدين

dav! Gardens through which streams flow, wherein you will abide. That is the supreme triumph." 14. On the day when the hypocritical men and the hypocritical women will say to those who believe, 'Wait a while for us that we may take light from your light,' it will be said to them, 'Go ye back if you can, and seek for light.' Then there will be set up between them a wall with a door in it. The inside of it will be all mercy and in front, outside it, will be torment.

15. They will call out to them, *saying*, 'Were we not with you?' They will answer, 'Yea, but you led yourselves into temptation and you hesitated and doubted and your vain desires deceived you till the decree of Allāh came to pass. And the Deceiver deceived you in respect of Allāh.

16. 'So this day no ransom shall be accepted from you, nor from those who disbelieved. Your final abode is the Fire; that is your friend; and a very evil destination it is.'

17. Has not the time arrived for those who believe that their hearts should feel humbled at the remembrance of Allāh and at the truth which has come down *to them*, and that they should not become like those who were given the Book before them and the term was prolonged for them, but their hearts were hardened, and many of them are wicked? فِيْهَا دذٰلِكَ هُوَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيْمُ ٢

يَوْمَ يَقُوْلُ الْمُنْفِقُوْنَ وَالْمُنْفِقْتُ لِلَّ زِيْنَ أَمَنُوا انْظُرُوْنَا نَقْتَبِسَ مِنْ تُوْرِكُمْ ، قِيْلَ ارْجِعُوْا وَرَآءَكُمْ فَالْتَحِسُوْا نُوْرًا ، فَضُرِبَ بَيْنَهُمْ بِسُوْرٍ لَّهْ بَابَ ، بَاطِنُهُ فِيْهِ الرَّحْمَةُ وَظَاهِرُهُ مِنْ قِبَلِهِ الْعَذَابُ يُنَادُوْنَهُمْ آ لَمْ نَكُنْ مَعَكُمْ ، قَالُوْا يُنَادُوْنَهُمْ آ لَمْ نَكُنْ مَعَكُمْ الْأَمَانِيُ بَلْ وَ نَتَرَبَّصْتُمُ وَارْتَبْ اللَّهِ وَ غَرَّتُكُمُ الْأَمَانِيُ الْعُرُوْرُ@

فَالْيَوْمَرَ لا يُؤْخَذُ مِنْكُمْ فِدْيَةً وَ لَا مِنَ الَّزِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا مَاوْ لَمُمَ النَّارُ هِيَ مَوْلْلَكُمْ وَ بِئْسَ الْمَصِيْرُ () المَرْيَانِ لِلَّذِيْنَ امَنُوَّا آنْ تَخْشَعَ قُلُوْبُهُمْ لِذِخْرِ اللهِ وَ مَا نَزَلَ مِنَ الْكِتِّبَ مِنْ قَبْلُ فَطَلَ عَلَيْهِمُ الْأَمَدُ فَقَسَتْ قُلُوْبُهُمْ . وَ حَثِيْرَ مِنْهُمْ فُسِقُوْنَ ()

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ | \ ch \ solution \ solution\ solution\ solution\ solution \ solution \ solution \ solution$ 

# قَالَ فَمَا خَطْبُكُمْ ٢٤ - Part 27

\*18. Know that Allāh is *now* quickening the earth after its death. We have made the Signs manifest to you, that you may understand.

19. As to the men that give alms, and the women that give alms, and those who lend to Allāh a goodly loan—it will be increased manifold for them, and theirs will *also* be an honourable reward—

20. And those who believe in Allāh and His Messengers *and* they are the Truthful and the Witnesses in the sight of their Lord, they will have their reward and their light. But *as for* those who disbelieve and reject Our Signs, these are the inmates of Hell.

#### R. 3.

21 Know that the life of this world is only a sport and a pastime, and an adornment, and a source of boasting among yourselves, and of rivalry in multiplying riches and children. This life is like the rain the vegetation produced whereby rejoices the tillers. Then it dries up and thou seest it turn yellow; then it becomes broken pieces of straw. And in the Hereafter there is severe punishment, and also forgiveness from Allah, and His pleasure. And the life of this world is nothing but temporary enjoyment of deceitful things.

اِعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللهُ يُحْي الْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا ﴿ قَرْبَتَّنَّا لَكُمُ الْأَلِتِ لَعَدَّكُمُ تغقلەن، اِنَّ الْمُصَّدِّقِيْنَ وَ الْمُصَّ وَ ٱقْرَضُوا اللَّهُ قَرْضًا حَسَبًا تُضْعَفُ لَهُمْ وَلَهُمْ أَجْزُكُر يُمُّ () وَالَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا بِاللهِ وَ رُسُلِمَ أُولَئِكَ هُمُ الصِّدِيقُوْتَ \* وَالشُّهَدَاءُ عِنْدَ ڒؾؚۿۄٝ؞ڬۿۯٲۘۘۘڋۯۿۿڔۊڹؙۉۯۿۿ؞ۊ**ٳ**ڷٙڋؽؾ كَفَرُوْا وَ كَذَّبُوْا بِالْتِنَا أُولَئِكَ أضحب الججيم اعْلَمُوا أَنَّمَا الْجَلُوةُ الدُّنْبَا لَعِبُ وَّ لَهُوَ وَ زِنْنَةً وَ تَفَاخُرُ بَنْنَكُمُ وَتَكَاثُرُ فِي الْكَمُوَالِ وَالْكَوْلَادِ \* كَمَثَل غَيْث آعْجَبَ الْكُفَّارَ نَبَاتُهُ ثُمَّ يَهِيْجُ فَتَرْبَهُ مُصْفَرًا ثُمَّر يَكُوْنُ حُطَامًا ﴿ وَفِي الْأَخِرَةِ عَذَابٌ شَدِيدًا وَ مَغْفِرَةً مِّنَ اللهِ وَ رِضْوَانً . وَ مَا الْحَيْوةُ الدُّنْيَآ إِلَّا مَتَاعُ الْغُرُوْرِ @

\*18. Know that Allāh quickens the earth after its death.

\*22. Vie with one another in seeking forgiveness from your Lord and for a Garden the value whereof is equal to the value of the heaven and the earth; it has been prepared for those who believe in Allāh and His Messenger. That is Allāh's grace; He bestows it upon whomsoever He pleases, and Allāh is the Lord of immense grace.

23. There befalls not any calamity either in the earth or in your *own* persons, but it is *recorded* in a Book before We bring it into being surely, that is easy for Allāh—

24. That you may not grieve over what is lost to you nor exult because of that which He has given to you. And Allāh loves not any selfconceited boaster,

25. Such as are niggardly and *also* enjoin upon men to be niggardly. And whoso turns his back, then surely Allāh is Self-Sufficient, Worthy of all praise.

26. Verily, We sent Our Messengers with manifest Signs and sent down with them the Book and the Balance that people may act with justice; and We sent down iron, wherein is *material for* violent warfare and *\*many* benefits for mankind, and سَابِقُوْا إلى مَغْفِرَةٍ مِّنْ دَّبِكُمْ وَ جَنَّةٍ عَرْضُهَا كَعَرْضِ السَّمَاءِ وَالْاَرْضِ اُعِدَّتْ لِلَّذِينَ امْنُوْا بِاللَّهِ وَ رُسُلِهِ ذٰلِكَ فَضْلُ اللَّهِ يُؤْتِيْهِ مَنْ تَشَاءُ وَاللَّهُ ذُو الْفَضْلِ الْعَظِيْمِ @

مَا ٱصَابَ مِنْ مُصِيْبَةٍ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَلَا فِيْ آنْفُسِكُمْ الَّافِي حِتْبٍ مِّنْ قَبْلِ آنْ نَّبْرَآهَا واتَى لَا فِي حِتْبٍ مِّنْ قَبْلِ آنْ تَبْرَكَهَا واتَى لَا يَحْدُ عَلَى اللَّهِ يَسِيرَرُ شَ تَفْرَحُوْا بِمَا الْمَكْمَ وَ وَاللَّهُ لَا يُحِبُ حُلَّ مُخْتَالٍ فَخُوْرِ شَ الْعَذِي يَبْخُلُوْنَ وَ يَأْمُرُوْنَ النَّاسَ الْعَذِي الْحَمِيْدَى وَ آنْزَلْنَا مَعَهُمُ الْكِتْبَ وَ الْمِيْزَانَ الْحَرْيَة فِيْهِ بَاشَ شَرِيدً وَ مَنْ الْعُمْ

 $a \ i \ u \ \mid \ h \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid \ dh \ \dot{s} \ \mid \ \delta \ s \ of \ ransilieration \ on \ page \ p').$ (See details of transilieration on page 'p').

<sup>\*22.</sup> Vie with one another in seeking forgiveness from your Lord and for a Paradise, whose span is like the span of the heaven and the earth; it has been prepared for those who believe in Allāh and His Messenger.

<sup>\*26.</sup> and that Allāh may distinguish those who help Him and His Messengers, albeit He remains unseen. Surely, Allāh is Powerful, Mighty.

۳ پ

that Allāh may distinguish those who help Him and His Messengers without having seen *Him*. Surely, Allāh is Powerful, Mighty.

#### R. 4.

27. And We did send Noah and Abraham, and We placed among their seed prophethood and the Book. So some of them followed the guidance, but many of them were rebellious.

28. Then We caused Our Messengers to follow in their footsteps: and We caused Jesus, son of Mary, to follow them, and We gave him the Gospel. And We placed in the hearts of those who accepted him compassion and mercy. But \*monasticism which they invented themselves-We for did not prescribe it for them-for the seeking of Allah's pleasure; but they did not observe it with due observance. Yet We gave those of them who believed their due reward, but many of them are rebellious.

29. O ye who believe! fear Allāh and believe in His Messenger; He will give you a double share of His mercy, and will provide for you a light wherein you will walk, and will grant you forgiveness—and verily Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful—

وَ لِبَعْلَمَ اللهُ مَنْ يَبْصُرُهُ هٔ بالْغَيْب النَّ عَزَيْزُ 🕅 آذشذة جَعَلْنَا فَ ذُرَّيَّتِهِمَا النُّمُوَّةَ وَ الْكِتْبَ فَمَنْهُمْ مُّهْتَدٍ، وَ كَتْبُرُ مَنْهُمْ فْسَقُوْنَ ثُمَّ قَفَّنْنَا عَلَى أثَارِهِمْ بِرُسُ ۇقَفْنْ بَابِعِيْسَى ابْنِ مَرْبَمَ وَا الإنجيلَ ال جَعَلْنَا فِي قُلُوْبِ الْ اتَّبَعُهْ هُ دَافَةً وَّ دَحْمَةً ﴿ وَ دَهْبَانِيَّةً اِبْتَدَعُوْهَا مَا كَتَدْ نمة ا عَلَثه ابْتِغَاءَ رِضْوَانِ اللهِ فَمَا رَعَوْهَا حَقَّ دعا<u>ي</u>تها،فَاتَيْنَاالَّذِيْنَامَنُوْامِنْهُمْ ٱجْرَهُمْ وَكَثْبُرٌ مِّنْهُمْ فْسَقُوْنَ 🕅

ێٵؘؾۢۿٵ ڷۜۜۜۜڹؚؽؾٵؗڡٮؙؙۅٵ اتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَ أَمِنُوٛا بِرَسُوْلِه يُؤْتِكُمْ كِفْلَيْنِ مِنْ رَّحْمَتِه وَيَجْعَلْ لَّكُمْ نُوْرًا تَمْشُوْنَ بِهِ وَيَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ دِوَ اللَّهُ غَفُوْرً رَّحِيْمً ۞

\*28. The monasticism which they innovated—We did not prescribe it for them—for the sake of gaining Allāh's favour; but they did not practise it in accordance with its true spirit.

قَالَ فَمَا خَطْبُكُمْ ٢٤ - Part 27

30. That the People of the Book may not think that they (the Muslims) have no power to attain aught of the grace of Allāh; whereas grace is *entirely* in the hands of Allāh. He gives it to whomsoever He pleases. And Allāh is the Master r. of immense grace.

لِّنَكَلَّا يَعْلَمَ اَهْلُ الْكِتْبِ اَلَّا يَقْدِدُوْنَ عَلْى شَيْءٍ مِّنْ فَضْلِ اللهِ وَ اَنَّ الْفَضْلَ بِيَدِ اللهِ يُؤْتِيْهِ مَنْ تَيْشَاءُ • وَ اللَّهُ ذُوالْفَضْلِ الْمَظِيْمِ جَ



AL-MUJĀDALAH (Revealed after Hijrah)

 In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.
 2. Allāh has indeed heard the speech of her who pleads with thee concerning her husband, and complains unto Allāh. And Allāh has heard your dialogue. Verily, Allāh is All-Hearing, All-Seeing.

3. Those among you who put away their wives by calling them mothers—they do not become their mothers; their mothers are only those who gave them birth; and they certainly utter words that are manifestly evil and untrue; but surely Allāh is the Effacer of sins, Most Forgiving.

4. *As to* those who call their wives mothers, and then would go back on what they have said, *the penalty for it* is the freeing of a slave before they touch each other. This is what you are admonished with. And Allāh is Well-Aware of what you do.

5. But whose does not find *one*, he must fast for two successive months, before they touch each other. And whose is not able to do so, should feed sixty poor people. This *is so*, that you may *truly* believe in Allāh and His Messenger. And these are the limits *prescribed* 

بشير الله الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () قَرْسَمِعَ اللَّهُ قَوْلَ الَّتِيْ تُجَادِلُكَ فى زَوْجِهَا وَ تَشْتَكِيْ إِلَى اللهِ 3 وَ اللهُ يشمع تحاور كما ، إنَّ الله سَمِيعً تصير 🕞 ٱلَّذِيْرِي يُظْهِرُوْنَ مِنْكُمْ مِّنْ نِسَائِهم مّا هُنَّ أُمَّهتِهم ان ٱمَّلْمُتُهُمْ إِلَّا الْحَبْ وَلَدْنَهُمْ ، وَ إِنَّهُمْ لَيَقُوْلُوْنَ مُنْكَرًا مِّنَ الْقَوْلِ وَ زُوْرًا -وَ إِنَّ اللَّهُ لَعَفُقٌ غَفُوْ رُسَ والَّذِيْنَ يُظْهِرُوْنَ مِنْ نِّسَائِهِمْ ثُمَّر يعوددون لماقالوا فتحرير رقبة قون قَبْلِ أَنْ يَتَمَاسًا ، ذٰلِ عُمْر تُوْعَظُوْنَ بِه وَ اللهُ بِمَاتَعْمَلُوْنَ خَبِيْرُ ? فَمَنْ لَّمْ يَجِدْ فَصِيَامُ شَهْرَيْنِ مُتَتَابِعَيْنِ مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ يَتَمَاسًا،

فَمَنْ لَّمْ يَسْتَطِحْ فَاطْحَامُ سِتِّيْنَ مِسْكِيْنًا ، ذٰلِكَ لِتُؤْمِنُوْا بِاللهِ وَ رَسُوْلِهِ ، وَ تِلْكَ حُدُوْدُ اللهِ،

فج

by Allāh; and for the disbelievers is a painful punishment.

6. Those who oppose Allāh and His Messenger will surely be abased even as those before them were abased; and We have already sent down clear Signs. And the disbelievers will have an humiliating punishment.

7. *On* the day when Allāh will raise them all together, He will inform them of what they did. Allāh has kept account of it, while they forgot it. And Allāh is Witness over all things.

### R. 2.

8. Dost thou not see that Allāh knows all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth? There is no secret counsel of three, but He is their fourth, nor of five, but He is their sixth, nor of less than that, nor of more, but He is with them wheresoever they may be. Then on the Day of Resurrection He will inform them of what they did. Surely, Allāh knows all things full well.

9. Hast thou not seen those who were forbidden to hold secret counsels and again return to what they were forbidden, and confer secretly for sin and transgression and disobedience to the Messenger? And when they come to thee, they greet thee with *a greeting* with which Allāh has not greeted thee;

وَلِلْكُفْرِيْنَ عَذَابَ ٱلِيْمَ ۞ اِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ يُحَادُّوْنَ اللَّهَ وَ دَسُوْلَهُ كُبِتُوْا حَمَا كُبِتَ الَّذِيْنَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ وَقَدَا أَنْزَلْنَ اليَتْبَيِّنْتٍ وَلِلْكُفِرِيْنَ عَذَابَ مَّهِيْنَ ۞ يَوْمَ يَبْعَتُهُمُ اللَّهُ جَمِيْعًا فَيُنَبِّ مُهُمْ بِمَا عَمِلُوْا ﴿ اَحْصَدِهُ اللَّهُ وَ نَسُوْهُ ﴿ وَ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيدَ ﴾

ٱلَمْ تَرَانَ الله يَعْلَمُ مَا فِي السَّمْوَتِ وَ مَا فِي الْاَرْضِ ، مَا يَكُوْنُ مِنْ تَّجْوَى ثَلْثَةٍ إِلَّا هُوَ رَابِعُهُمْ وَ لَا خَمْسَةٍ إِلَّا هُوَ سَادِسُهُمْ وَ لَآ اَدْنَى مِنْ ذَلِكَ وَ لَآ اَكْثَرَ إِلَّا هُوَ مَعَهُمْ آَدْنَى مِنْ ذَلِكَ وَ لَآ ثُمَّ يُنَبِّهُمُ بِمَا عَمِلُوْا يَوْمَ الْقِيْمَةِ إِنَّ اللَّه بِحُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيْمَ () المَرْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِيْنَ نُهُوْا عَنْهُ وَ مَعْصِيَتِ بِالْإِشْمِ وَ الْعُدْوَاتِ وَ مَعْصِيَتِ الرَّسُوْلِ دَوَ إِذَا جَاءُوْكَ حَيَّوْكَ بِمَا المَّ يُحَيِّكَ بِهِ اللَّهُ " وَ يَقُولُوْتَ فِيْ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} | \ dh \ \dot{s} | \ s \ o \ s | \ s \ \dot{s} | \ \dot$ 

but among themselves they say, 'Why does not Allāh punish us for what we say?' Sufficient for them is Hell, wherein they will burn; and a most evil destination it is!

10. O ye who believe! when you confer together in secret, confer not for *the commission of* sin and transgression and disobedience to the Messenger, but confer for *the attainment of* virtue and righteousness, and fear Allāh unto Whom you shall *all* be gathered.

11. *Holding of* secret counsels *for evil purposes* is only of Satan, that he may cause grief to those who believe; but it cannot harm them in the least, except by Allāh's leave. And in Allāh should the believers put their trust.

12. O ye who believe! when it is said to you, 'Make room!' in *your* assemblies, then do make room; Allāh will make ample room for you. And when it is said, 'Rise up!' then rise up; Allāh will raise those who believe from among you, and those to whom knowledge is given, to degrees of rank. And Allāh is Well-Aware of what you do.

\*13. O ye who believe! when you consult the Messenger in private, give alms before your consultation. That is better for you and purer. But

حَسْبُهُمْ جَهَنَّمُ ، يَصْلَوْنَهَا ، فَبِئْسَ الْمَصِيْرُ ()

لَياً يُها اللَّذِينَ أَمَنُوًا إِذَا تَنَاجَيْتُمُ فَلَا تَتَنَاجَوْا بِالْإِثْمِ وَ الْعُدْوَاتِ وَ مَعْصِيَتِ الرَّسُوْلِ وَ تَنَاجَوْا بِالْبِرِّ وَ التَّقُوٰى ﴿ وَ اتَّقُوا اللهُ الَّذِي إِلَيْهِ تُحْشَرُ وْرَي إِنَّمَا النَّجْوى مِنَ الشَّيْطِنِ لِيَحْزُنَ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَ لَيْسَ بِضَارِّهِمْ شَيْئًا إِلَّا بِإِذْنِ اللهِ . وَعَلَى اللهِ فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ الْمُؤْمِنُوْنَ () يَا يُهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوٓا إِذَا قِيْلَ لَكُمْ تَفَسَّحُوا في الْمَجْلِسِ فَافْسَحُوْا يَفْسَج اللهُ لَكُمْ، وَإِذَا قَيْلَ انْشُزُوْا فَانْشُزُوْا يَرْفَعِ اللهُ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا مِنْكُمْ اوَ الَّذِينَ أَوْتُوا الْعِلْمَرِ وَرَجْتِ ﴿ وَاللهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُوْنَ خَبِيْرُ . يَا يُهَا الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْٓا إِذَا نَاجَيْتُمُ الرَّسُوْلَ فَقَدِّمُوْا بَيْنَ يَدَىْ نَجُوْ حُمْ صَرَقَةً . ذٰلِكَ خَيْرٌ تَكْمَر وَ أَطْهَرُ.

\*13. O ye who believe! When you consult the Messenger in private, present an offering before your consultation.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rhop | \ hh \ rhop | \ rhop | \ hh \ rhop | \ rhop |$ 

أَلْمُجَادَلَة AA - SA أَلْمُجَادَلَة

if you find not anything to give, then Allah is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

\*14. Are you afraid of giving alms before your consultation? So, when vou do not do so and Allāh has been merciful to you, then observe Prayer and pay the Zakāt and obey Allah and His Messenger. And Allāh is Well-Aware of what you چ do

# R 3

15. Hast thou not seen those who make friends with a people with whom Allah is wroth? They are neither of you nor of them, and they swear to falsehood knowingly.

16. Allāh has prepared for them a severe punishment. Evil indeed is that which they used to do.

17. They have made their oaths a screen for their misdeeds, and they turn men away from the path of Allāh; for them, therefore, will be an humiliating punishment.

18. Neither their riches nor their children will avail them aught against Allah. They are the inmates of the Fire wherein they will abide.

19. On the day when Allah will

فَإِنْ لَّمْ تَجِدُوْا فَإِنَّ اللهَ غَفُوْرَ دَّحْمُ ٦ ءَ ٱشْفَقْتُمْ أَنْ تُقَدَّمُوْا بَيْنَ يَدَى نَجْوِيكُمْ صَدَقْت وَفَاذْ لَمْ تَفْعَلُوْا وَ تَابَ اللهُ عَلَيْكُمْ فَاقْتُمُوا الصَّلُوةَ وَ اتُّوا الزَّحُوةَ وَ أَطِيْعُوا اللَّهَ وَ رَسُوْلَهُ -وَ اللهُ خَبِيْزُ بِمَاتَعْمَلُوْنَ ٢ ٱ لَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ تَوَلَّوْا قَوْمًا غَضِبَ الله عَلَيْهِمْ ﴿ مَا هُمْ مِّنْكُمْ وَكَا مِنْهُمْ اوَ يَحْلِفُوْنَ عَلَى الْكَذِبِ وَهُمْ تغلمه فن اَعَدَّ اللَّهُ لَهُمْ عَذَابًا شَدِيدًا ﴿ إِنَّهُمُ ساء ماكانوا يعملون إِتَّخَذُوْا آَيْمَانَهُمْ جُنَّةً فَصَدُّوْا عَنْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ فَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ مُّهِيْنُ ، لَرِنْ تُغْخِبُ عَنْهُمْ أَمْوَالُهُمْ وَلَأَ اَوْلَادُهُمْ قِبْنَ الله شَنْطًا أولَدُ أصحب النَّادِ • هُمْ فِيْهَا خْلِدُوْنَ.

بَوْمَرِيبْعَثْهُمُ اللهُ جَمِيعًا فَيَحْلِفُوْنَ

ء ' ا ق p ا غ h ا ظ z ا ط t ا ف p م ع ا ف h ا ا أ ف p م ع ع ا ف h ا ا ا أ h ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

<sup>\*14.</sup> Are you afraid of giving offerings before your consultation? But if you do not and may Allah forgive you, then it should be enough that you observe Prayer and pay the Zakat and obey Allah and His Messenger.

raise them all together, they will swear to Him even as they swear to you, and they will think that they have something *to stand upon*. Now surely it is they who are the liars.

20. Satan has gained mastery over them, and has made them forget the remembrance of Allāh. They are Satan's party. Now surely it is Satan's party that are the losers.

21. Certainly those who oppose Allāh and His Messenger will be among the lowest.

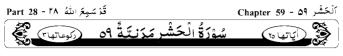
22. Allāh has decreed: 'Most surely I will prevail, I and My Messengers.' Verily, Allāh is Powerful, Mighty.

23. Thou wilt not find any people who believe in Allah and the Last Day loving those who oppose Allah and His Messenger, even though they be their fathers, or their sons or their brethren, or their kindred. These are they in whose hearts Allah has inscribed true faith and whom He has strengthened with inspiration from Himself, And He will make them enter Gardens through which streams flow. Therein will they abide. Allah is well pleased with them, and they are well pleased with Him. They are Allāh's party. Hearken ye O people! it is Allāh's party who will be successful.

لَهُ كَمَا يَحْلِفُوْنَ لَكُمْ وَ يَحْسَبُوْنَ ٱنَّهُمْ عَلْي شَيْءٍ ﴿ ٱلَّإِلَّهُمْ هُمُ الْكَذِبُوْنَ (1) اِسْتَحْوَذَ عَلَيْهِمُ فَأَنْسْبَهُمْ ذِحْرَ اللهِ ﴿ أُولْبُكَ حِزْبُ الشَّيْطن ، أكَلَ إنَّ حِزْبَ الشَّيْطن هُمُ الْخُسِرُوْنَ. اِنَّ الَّذِينَ يُخَادُّوْنَ اللهَ وَ رَسُوْلَهُ ٱولَبُكَ في الْكَذَبِّيْنَ () كَتَبَ اللهُ لَأَغْلِبَنَّ آنَا وَ رُسُلِيْ . إِنَّ الله قويٌّ عَزِيزٌ س كا تجد قومًا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ باللهِ وَ الْيَوْمِ الْأَخِرِ يُوَآدُوْنَ مَنْ حَادً اللهُ وَ رَسُوْلَهُ وَ لَوْ كَانُوْا أَبَاءَهُمْ أَوْ ٱبْنَاءَهُمْ أَوْ إِخْوَانَهُمْ أَوْ عَشِيْرَتَهُمْ ا ٱولَئِكَ كَتَبٍ فِي قُلُوْبِهِمُ الْإِيْمَانَ وَ ٱيَّدَهُمْ بِرُوْحٍ مِّنْهُ ، وَ يُدْخِلُهُمْ جَنَّتٍ تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهُرُ خلديت فيها ، رَضِيَ اللهُ عَنْهُمُ وَ رَضُوْا عَنْهُ ، أُولَبْكَ حِزْبُ اللهِ،

ٱكَمْ إِنَّ حِزْبَ اللهِ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُوْنَ ﴾

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \dot$ 



AL-HASHR (Revealed after Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. All that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth glorifies Allāh; and He is the Mighty, the Wise.

3. He it is Who turned out the disbelievers among the People of the Book from their homes at *the time of* the first banishment. You did not think that they would go forth, and they thought that their fortresses would defend them against Allāh. But Allāh came upon them whence they did not expect, and cast terror into their hearts, so that they destroyed their houses with their own hands and the hands of the believers. So take a lesson, O ye who have eyes!

4. And had it not been that Allāh had decreed exile for them, He would have surely punished them *otherwise* in this world. And in the Hereafter they will certainly have the punishment of the Fire.

5. That is because they opposed Allāh and His Messenger; and whoso opposes Allāh—then surely Allāh is Severe in retribution.

6. Whatever palm-trees you cut

بشير الله الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () سَبَّحَ بِتَّهِ مَا فِ السَّمَوْتِ وَ مَا فِي الْأَدْضِ، وَهُوَ الْعَزِيْزُ الْحَكَيْمُ () هُوَ الَّذِينَ آخْرَجَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا مِنْ ٱهْلِ الْكِتْبِ مِنْ دِيَادِهِمْ لِأَوَّلِ الْحَشْرِ ، مَا ظَنَنْتُمْ أَنْ يَخْرُجُوْا وَ ظَنُّوٓا ٱنَّهُمْ مَّانِعَتُهُمْ حُصُوْنُهُمْ مرب الله فَأَتْسَهُمُ اللهُ مِنْ حَيْثُ لَمْ يَحْتَسِبُوْا وَ قَذَفَ فِي قُلُوْ بِهِمُ الرُّعْب يُخْرِبُوْنَ بُيُوْتَهُمْ بِأَيْدِيْهِمْ وَ ٱبْدِى الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ وَ فَاعْتَبِرُوْا يَأُولِي الأبْصَار وَلَوْ لَآ أَنْ كَتَبَ اللهُ عَلَيْهِمُ الْجَلَّاءَ لَحَذَّ بَهُمْ فِي الدُّنْتِيا - وَلَهُمْ فِي الْأَخِرَةِ عَذَابُ النَّارِ ذٰلِكَ بِٱنَّهُمْ شَآقُوا الله وَ رَسُوْلَهُ، وَ مَنْ تُشَاقِ اللهَ فَإِنَّ اللهَ شَدِيدُ العِقَابِ ( مَا قَطَعْتُمْ مِّنْ لَنْبَعَة آوْ تَرَكْتُمُوْهَا

down or left standing on their roots, it was by Allāh's leave, and that He might disgrace the transgressors.

7. And whatever Allāh has given to His Messenger as spoils from them, you urged neither horse nor camel
\* for that; but Allāh grants power to His Messenger over whomsoever He pleases; and Allāh has power over all things.

8. Whatever Allāh has given to His Messenger as spoils from the people of the towns is for Allāh and for the Messenger and for the near of kin and the orphans and the needy and the wayfarer, that it may not circulate *only* among those of you who are rich. And whatsoever the Messenger gives you, take it; and whatsoever he forbids you, abstain from *that*. And fear Allāh; surely, Allāh is Severe in retribution.

9. These spoils are for the poor Refugees who have been driven out from their homes and their possessions while seeking grace from Allāh and *His* pleasure, and helping Allāh and His Messenger. These it is who are true *in their faith*.

10. And those who had established *their* home *in this city* before them and *had accepted* faith, love those

قَائِمَةً عَلَى أُصُوْلِهَا فَبِإِذْنِ اللهِ وَلِيُخْزِى الْفُسِقِيْنَ () وَ مَا ٱفَاءَ اللهُ عَلَى رَسُوْلِهِ مِنْهُمْ فَمَا ٱوْجَفْتُمْ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ خَيْلٍ وَّ لَا رِكَاب وَّ لَحِنَّ اللهَ يُسَلِّطُ رُسُلَهُ عَلَى مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَ اللهُ عَلَى حُلَّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيْرُ ] مَا أَفَاءَ اللهُ عَلَى رَسُوْلِهِ مِنْ أَهْلِ الْقُرْبِ فَلِتَّهِ وَ لِلرَّسُوْلِ وَ لِذِي الْقُرْلِي وَ الْيَتْلَى وَالْمَسْكِيْنِ وَ ابْنِ السَّبِيْلِ "كَنْ كَا يَحُوْنَ دُوْلَةً بَيْنَ الْكَغْنِيَاءِ مِنْكُمْ دَوَمَا الْبِكُمُ الرَّسُوْلُ فَخُذُوْهُ وَ مَا نَفِيكُمْ عَنْهُ فَانْتَقُوْهِ وَ اتَّقُوا الله لا إنَّ الله شَدِيدُ وقفالازم الْعِقَابِ ١ لِلْفُقَرَآءِ الْمُهْجِرِيْنَ اتَّذِيْنَ أُخْرِجُوْا مِنْ دِيَارِهِمْ وَ أَمْوَالِهِمْ يبتغوى فَضْلًا مِّنَ اللهِ وَ رَضُوَانًا وَ يَنْصُرُونَ اللهَ وَ رَسُوْلَهُ ، أُولَبُكَ هُمُ الصَّدقُوْنَ أَ وَ الَّذِيْنِ تَتَوَّؤُ الدَّارَ وَالْأَيْمَانَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ يُحِبُّوْنَ مَنْ هَ

\*7. but Allāh grants power to His Messengers over whomever He pleases.

who came to them for refuge, and find not in their breasts any desire for that which is given them \*(Refugees), but prefer *the Refugees* 

to themselves, even though poverty be their *own lot*. And whoso is rid of the covetousness of his own soul—it is these who will be successful.

11. And *the spoils are also for* those who came after them. They say, 'Our Lord, forgive us and our brothers who preceded us in the faith, and leave not in our hearts any rancour against those who believe. Our Lord! Thou art indeed Compassionate, Merciful.'

# R. 2.

12. Hast thou not seen those who are hypocrites? They say to their brethren who disbelieve among the People of the Book, 'If you are turned out, we will surely go out with you, and we will never obey anyone against you: and if you are fought against, we will certainly help you.' But Allāh bears witness that surely they are liars.

13. If they are turned out, they will never go out with them; and if they are fought against they will never help them. And even if they help them, they will assuredly turn *their* backs; and then they shall not be helped.

14. Of a truth, they have greater

وَكَا يَجِدُوْنَ فِيْ صُدُوْرِهِمْ حَاجَةً مِّمَّآ ٱوْتُوْا وَ يُؤْثِرُوْنَ عَلَى ٱنْفُسِهِمْ وَ لَوْ كَانَ بِهِمْ خَصَاصَةً \* وَ مَنْ يُوْقَ شُحَّ نَفْسِهِ فَاُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُوْنَ أَ

وَ الَّذِينَ جَاءُوْ مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ بَقُوْلُوْنَ رَبَّنَااغْفِرْلَنَا وَ لِإِخْوَانِنَا الَّذِيْنَ سَبَقُوْنَا بِالْإِيْمَانِ وَلَا تَجْعَلْ فِي قُلُوْبِنَا غِلًّا لِلَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا رَبَّنَآ اِنَّكَ ٦ بر بر ش رَءُوْفَ دَحِيْمَ ١ اَ لَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِيْنَ نَافَقُوْا يَقُوْلُوْنَ لِإِخْوَانِهِمُ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا مِنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتْبِ لَئِنْ أُخْرِجْتُمْ لَنَخْرُجَنَّ مَعَكُمْ وَكَانُطِيْعُ فِيْكُمْ أَحَدًا أَبَدًا وَ إِنْ قُوْتِلْتُمْ لَنَنْصُرَ أَجُمْ ﴿ وَ اللَّهُ ؾۺٛۿۮٳڹٚؖۿۯڶڬ<u>ڋ</u>ڹۉڹ۞ لَئِنْ أُخْرِجُوْا لَا يَخْرُجُوْنَ مَعَهُمْ، وَ لَئِنْ قُوْتِلُوْا لَا يَنْصُرُوْنَهُمْ ، وَ لَئَنْ نَّصرُوْهُمْ لَمُوَلَّبٌ الْأَدْمَارَ \* ثُمَّرًا ننصر وري لا ٱنْتُم ٱشَدُّرَهْبَةً فِيْ صُدُوْرِهِمْ مِّن

\*10. but prefer *others* to themselves even though poverty be their own lot.

fear of you in their hearts than of Allāh. That is because they are a people who are devoid of *all* reason. 15. They will not fight you in a body except in fortified towns or from behind walls. Their fighting among themselves is severe. Thou thinkest them to be united, but their hearts are divided. That is because they are a people who have no sense.

16. *Their case is* like *the case of* those who have, a short time before them, tasted the evil consequences of their doings. And for them is a painful punishment.

17. *It is* like *that of* Satan, when he says to man, 'Disbelieve;' but when he disbelieves, he says, 'I have nothing to do with thee; I fear Allāh, the Lord of the worlds.'

18. And the end of both will be that they will both be in the Fire, abiding therein. Such is the reward of the wrongdoers.

### R. 3.

19. O ye who believe! fear Allāh; and let *every* soul look to what it sends forth for the morrow. And fear Allāh; verily Allāh is Well-Aware of what you do.

\*20. And be not like those who forgot Allāh, and whom He has *consequently* caused to forget their own souls. It is they that are the rebellious.

لَا يُقَاتِلُهُ نَكُمْ جَمِيْعًا إِلَّا فِي قُرًى مُّحَصَّنَةٍ أَوْ مِنْ وَّرَأَءٍ جُدُرٍ . بَأْسُهُمْ كنبتهم شدند اتخسبهم جمنعا ۊۜ ڡؙٞڶۉؠؙۿؗؗؗۿڔۺٙؾۨٙ۠ؠۦۮ۬ڸؚڬٙؠٵؘٮٚۧۿۿڔۊٙۉۿڕ<u>ؖ</u>ٳ ىغقلەن< كَمَثَلِ الَّذِيْنَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ قَرِيْبًا ذَاقُوْا وَبَالَ أَسْرِهِمْ وَ لَهُمْرِ عَذَابٌ ٱلِيْمُ كَمَثُل الشَّيْطِنِ إِذْ قَالَ لِلْإِنْسَانِ أَكْفُرْ ، فَلَمَّا كَفَرَ قَالَ إِنِّيْ بَرِينَ أ مِّنْكَ إِنَّى آَخَافُ اللَّهَ رَبَّ الْعُلَمِ بْنَ ٢ فَكَانَ عَاقبَتَهُمَا أَنَّهُمَا ف النَّارِ خَالِدَيْنِ فِيْهَا ، وَ ذَلِكَ جَزَؤُا ہے۔ م الظَّلميْنَ ٢ لَا يُها الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوا اتَّقُوا الله وَلْتَنْظُرْ نَفْسَ مَّا قَدَّمَتْ لِغَدِهِ وَاتَّقُوا اللهُ داِنَّ اللهُ خَبِيْرُّ بِمَا تَعْمَلُوْنَ ( وَلا تَكُوْنُوْا كَالَّذِيْنَ نَسُوا الله فَأَنْسُمُم أَنْفُسَهُمْ ﴿ أُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْفْسَقُوْنَ.

\*20. And be not like those who forgot Allāh, so He made them forget themselves.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ dh \ \dot{r} \ | \ dh \ \dot{r} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ content \ dh \ \dot{s} \ content \ conte$ 

21. The inmates of the Fire and the inmates of the Garden are not equal. It is the inmates of the Garden that will triumph.

22. If We had sent down this Qur'ān on a mountain, thou wouldst certainly have seen it humbled and rent asunder for fear of Allāh. And these are similitudes that We set forth for mankind that they may reflect.

- \*23. He is Allāh, and there is no god beside Him, the Knower of the unseen and the seen. He is the Gracious, the Merciful.
- \*24. He is Allāh, and there is no god beside Him, the Sovereign, the Holy One, the Source of Peace, the Bestower of Security, the Protector, the Mighty, the Subduer, the Exalted. Holy is Allāh *far* above that which they associate *with Him*.

25. He is Allāh, the Creator, the Maker, the Fashioner. His are the most beautiful names. All that is in the heavens and the earth glorifies Him, and He is the Mighty, the Wise.

لَا يَسْتَوِي آَصْحْبُ النَّارِ وَ أَصْحُبُ الْحَنَّة \* أَصْحُبُ الْحَنَّة هُمُ الْفَائَذُ وْنَ لَهُ آنْزَلْنَا هٰذَا الْقُرْاتَ عَلَى حَتِل لَّرَا نَتَهُ خَاشِعًا مُّتَصَدَّعًا مِّنْ خَشْبَة الله ، وَ تَبْلُكَ الْأَمْتَالُ نَضْرِئُهَا للنَّاس لَعَدَّهُمْ بَتَغَجُّرُ وْنَ هُوَ اللَّهُ الَّذِبْ كَلَّ إِلٰهَ إِلَّا هُوَ وَ عَلَمُ الْغَيْبِ وَ الشَّهَادَةِ ، هُوَ الرَّحْمَنُ الرَّحثمُ 🕅 هُوَ اللهُ الَّذِيْ لَآ اللهَ الَّهُوَ ، ٱلْمَلِكُ الْقُرُّوْسُ السَّلْمُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُهَيْمِنُ الْعَزِيْزُ الْجَبِّارُ الْمُتَكَبِّرُ . سُبْحْنَ اللهِ عَمَّا يُشْرِكُوْنَ آ هُوَ اللهُ الْخَالِقُ الْبَارِئُ الْمُصَوِّرُ لَهُ الأشماءُ الْحُسْنى ، يُسَبِّحُ لَهُ مَا فِي السَّمُوْتِ وَالْأَرْضِ ، وَ هُوَ الْعَزِيْزُ الْحَكْثُمُ ٢

**\***23. He is Allāh, there is none worthy of worship except Him, **\***24. He is Allāh, there is none worthy of worship except Him,

چ



AL-MUMTAHINAH (Revealed after Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. O ye who believe! take not My enemy and your enemy for friends, offering them love, while they disbelieve in the truth which has come to you and drive out the Messenger and yourselves from your homes merely because you believe in Allāh, your Lord. If you go forth, to strive in My cause and seek My pleasure, take them not for friends, sending them messages of love in secret, while I know best what you conceal and what you reveal. And whoever of you does so, has, surely, lost the right path.

\*3. If they get the upper hand of you, they show themselves to be your *active* enemies, and will stretch forth their hands and their tongues towards you with evil *intent*; and they ardently desire that you should become disbelievers.

4. Neither your ties of kindred nor your children will avail you aught on the Day of Resurrection. He will decide between you. And Allāh sees all that you do.

5. There is a good model for you in

بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () آيَا يُّهَا الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا لا تَتَّخِذُوْا عَدُوِّيْ وَ عَدُوَّ كُمْ آوَلِيَاء تُلْقُوْنَ إلَيْهِمْ بِالْمَوَدَّةِ وَ قَدْ كَفَرُوا بِمَا جَاءَحُمْ مِن الْحَقِّ ، يُخْرِجُوْنَ الرَّسُوْل وَ إِيَّاحُمْ أَنْ تُؤْمِنُوا بِاللهِ الرَّسُوْل وَ إِيَّاحُمْ أَنْ تُؤْمِنُوا بِاللهِ مَنِيْمُ الْنَ حُنْتُم خَرَجْتُم جِهَادًا فِي الرَّسُوْل وَ إِيَّاحُمْ أَنْ تُؤْمِنُوا بِاللهِ مَنِيْمُ الْنَ حُنْتُم خَرَجْتُم جِهَادًا فِي الرَّسُوْل وَ ابْتَاحُمْ أَنْ تُؤْمِنُوا بِاللهِ مَنْكُمْ أَوْلَ وَابْتِعَاء مَرْضَاتِي \* تُسِرُوْن مَنْكُمْ فَقَدْ ضَلَّ سَوَاء السَّبِيْلِ () إِنْ يَتْقَفُو حُمْ يَكُونُوا لَكُمْ أَعْدَاء بالسُوَّ وَ وَدُوَا لَهُ تَكْفُرُونَ ()

لَنْ تَنْفَعَكُمْ آَدْحَامُكُمْ وَكَلَّ آَوَلَادُكُمْ أَيَوْمَ الْقِيلِمَةِ أَ يَفْصِلُ أَ بَيْنَكُمْ وَ اللهُ بِمَاتَعْمَلُوْنَ بَصِيْرُ ﴾ قَدْ كَانَتْ لَكُمْ أُسْوَةً حَسَنَةً فِيَ

\*3. Only if they gain ascendency over you will they emerge as open enemies to you,

Abraham and those with him, when they said to their people, 'We have nothing to do with you and with that which you worship beside Allāh. We disbelieve all that you believe. There has arisen enmity and hatred between us and you for ever, until you believe in Allah alone'-with the exception of this saving of Abraham to his father, 'I will surely ask forgiveness for thee, though I have no power to prevail upon Allah in favour of thee.' They prayed to God saying, 'Our Lord, in Thee do we put our trust and to Thee do we turn repentant, and towards Thee is the *final* return.

6. 'Our Lord, make us not a trial for those who disbelieve, and forgive us, our Lord; for Thou alone art the Mighty, the Wise.'

7. Surely, there is a good example in them for you—for *all* who have hope in Allāh and the Last Day. And whosoever turns away—truly, Allāh is Self-Sufficient, Worthy of all praise.

#### R. 2.

8. It may be that Allāh will bring about love between you and those of them with whom you are *now* at enmity; and Allāh is All-Powerful; and Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

9. Allāh forbids you not, respecting those who have not fought against you on account of *your* religion,

ابر المحيم وَاتَّذِينَ مَعَهُ ، اذْ قَالُوْا لِقَوْمِهِمْ انَّل بُرَ آَوُّا مِنْكُمْ وَ مِمَّ تَعْبُدُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ المَفَرْنَا بِكُمْ وَ بَدَا بَيْنَنَا وَ بَيْنَكُمُ الْعَدَاوَةُ وَ الْبَغْضَاءُ آبَدًا حَتَّى تُؤْمِنُوْا بِاللهِ وَحْدَةَ الَّا قَوْلَ الْبَرْهِيْمَ لِآبِيْهِ اللهِ مِنْ شَيْءٍ دَبَّنَا عَلَيْكَ تَوَكَّلْنَا وَ الْمَكَ أَنْبَنَا وَ لِيَكَ الْمَصِيْرُ ()

ڒڹٜۜٞڬ١ۘۘۘۘۘ ڒڹۜڿػڶڬٳڣؾٛڹؘڐٞؖؾؚۜڷۜۜڹؚٛؽڹ ڪَفَرُو۠١ ۅؘٵۼٛڣۯڶڹؘٵڒڹڹٵ؞ٳٮٚؖڮٵڹٛٮٵٮڷڬٳؽۯؙ ٵٮٛحكؚؽۿ۞

لَقَدْكَانَ لَكُمْ فِيْهِمْ أَسْوَةً حَسَنَةً لِّمَنْ كَانَ يَرْجُوا اللَّهَ وَ الْيَوْمَ الْاخِرَ وَ مَنْ يَتَوَلَّ فَاِنَّ اللَّهَ هُوَ الْغَنِيُّ الْحَمِيْدُ الْحَمِيْدُ عَسَى اللَّهُ أَنْ يَجْعَلَ بَيْنَكُمْ وَ بَيْنَ قَرِيْرً وَ اللَّهُ غَفُوْرً دَحِيْمً ۞

کا یَنْهٰــکُـمُ اللَّهُ عَنِ اتَّذِیْتَ لَمْ یُقَاتِلُوْكُمْ فِ الدِّیْنِ وَ لَمْ

and who have not driven you forth from your homes, that you be kind to them and act equitably towards them; surely Allah loves those who are equitable.

10. Allāh only forbids you, respecting those who have fought against you on account of your religion, and have driven you out of your homes, and have helped others in driving you out, that you make friends of them, and whosoever makes friends of them-it is these that are the transgressors.

11. O ve who believe! when believing women come to you as Refugees, examine them. Allah knows best their faith. Then, if you find them true believers, send them not back to the disbelievers. These women are not lawful for them, nor are they lawful for these women. give their But disbelieving husbands what they have spent on them. And it is no sin for you to marry them, when you have given them their dowries. And hold not to your matrimonial ties with the disbelieving women; but demand the return of that which you have spent; and let the disbelievers demand that which they have spent. That is the judgment of Allah. He judges between you. And Allah is All-Knowing, Wise.

12. And if any of your wives goes away from you to the disbelievers, then when you retaliate and get

ؽڂٛڔ<u>ج</u>ؙۅٛڪؙۿڔڡؚؚٞڽٛ ڊۑۜٳڔؙؙؙۘؗۿڔٳؘڽٛؾؘڮڗؙۘۯۿۿڔ وَتُقْسِطُوٓا إِلَيْهِمْ د إِنَّ اللهُ يُحِبُّ الْمُقْسِطِيْنَ. إِنَّمَا يَنْهُدُكُمُ اللَّهُ عَنِ الَّذِينَ قَاتَلُوْكُمْ فى الدَّيْن وَ أَخْرَجُوْ كُمْ مِّنْ دِيَارُكُمْ <u>ۅ</u>ؘڟؘۿڔؙۉٵۼڵٙؠٳڂٛڒٵڿػؙۿڔٵؽؾؘۊڵؖۉۿۿ؞ ۇ مَنْ يَتَوَلَّهُمْ فَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الظَّلْمُوْنَ لَيَا يُبْهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا إِذَا جَاءَكُمُ الْمُؤْمِنْتُ مُهْجِرْتٍ فَامْتَحِنُوْهُنَّ، ٱللهُ أَعْلَمُ بِإِيْمَانِهِنَّ ، فَإِنْ عَلِمْتُمُوْهُنَّ مُؤْمِنْتِ فَكَر تَرْجِعُوْهُنَّ إِلَى الْكُفَّارِ ، لَا هُنَّ حِلُّ لَّهُمْ وَ لَا هُمْ بَجِلَّوْنَ لَهُنَّ ﴿ وَ اتَّوْهُمْ مَّآ أَنْفَقُوْا ﴿ وَ لَا جُنَاحَ عَلَىْكُمْ أَنْ تَنْكِحُوْهُنَّ إِذَآ أَتَنْتُمُوْهُنَّ أَجُوْرَهُنَّ ، وَلا تُمْسِكُوْا بِعِصَمِ الْكَوَافِرِ وَسْـلَوْا مَا ٱنْفَقْتُمْ وَلْيَسْعَلُوْامَآ ٱنْفَقُوْا وِذْلِكُمْ حُكْمُ اللهِ ﴿ يَحْكُمُ بَيْنَكُمْ ﴿ اللهُ عَلِيْمٌ حَكِيْمٌ ()

وَ إِنْ فَاتَكُمْ شَيْءً مِّنْ أَذْوَاجِكُمْ إِلَى الْصُفَّادِ فَعَاقَبْتُمْ فَأَتُوا الَّذِينَ

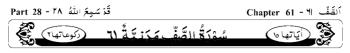
 $a i u \mid h \stackrel{\circ}{=} |\dot{h} \tau| kh \dot{\tau} | dh \stackrel{\circ}{=} |\dot{e} \stackrel{\circ}{=} (825) a \stackrel{\circ}{=} \dot{h} \stackrel{\circ}{=} |\dot{e} \stackrel{\circ}{=} |\dot{e} \stackrel{\circ}{=} \dot{h} \stackrel{\circ}{=} |\dot{e} \stackrel{\circ}{=} \dot{h} \stackrel{\circ}{=}$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

some spoils from the disbelievers, give to those believers whose wives have gone away the like of that which they had spent *on their wives*. And fear Allāh in Whom you believe.

13. O Prophet! when believing women come to thee, taking the oath of allegiance *at thy hands* that they will not associate anything with Allāh, and that they will not steal, and will not commit adultery, nor kill their children, nor bring forth a scandalous charge which they themselves have deliberately forged, nor disobey thee in what is right, then accept their allegiance and ask Allāh to forgive them. Verily, Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

14. O ye who believe! make not friends of a people with whom Allāh is wroth; they have indeed despaired of the Hereafter just as have the disbelievers despaired of those who are in the graves. ذَهَبَتْ اَزْوَاجُهُمْ مِّثْلَ مَا اَنْفَقُوْا وَ اتَّقُوا اللهَ الَّذِيَ اَنْتُمْ بِه مُؤْمِنُوْنَ۞ يَاتُيهَا النَّبِيُّ إِذَا جَاءَكَ الْمُؤْمِنْتُ يُبَابِعْنَكَ عَلَى اَنْ لَا يُشْرِكْنَ بِاللهِ

شَيْعًا وَّ لا يَسْرِقْنَ وَ لا يَزْنِيْنَ وَ لَا يَقْتُلْنَ آوْلَادَهُنَّ وَ لا يَأْتِيْنَ بِبُهْتَانٍ يَفْتَرِيْنَهُ بَيْنَ آيرِيْهِنَّ وَ آرَجُلِهِنَّ وَلا يَحْصِيْنَكَ فِيْ مَحْرُوْفٍ فَبَايِحُهُنَّ وَ اسْتَغْفِرْلَهُنَّ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ عَفَوْرُ يَآتُيها الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا لَا تَتَوَلَّوْا قَوْمًا غَضِبَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ قَدْ يَئِسُوْا مِنَ الْاخِرَةِ حَمَايَئِسَ الْكُفَارُ مِنْ



**AŞ-ŞAFF** (Revealed after Hijrah

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. Whatever is in the heavens and whatever is in the earth glorifies All $\bar{a}$ h; and He is the Mighty, the Wise.

3. O ye who believe! why do you say what you do not do?

4. Most hateful is it in the sight of Allāh that you say what you do not do.

5. Verily, Allāh loves those who fight in His cause arrayed in *solid* ranks, as though they were a *strong* structure cemented with *molten* lead.

\*6. And *remember* when Moses said to his people, 'O my people, why do you vex and slander me and you know that I am Allāh's Messenger unto you?' So when they deviated *from the right course*, Allāh caused their hearts to deviate, for Allāh guides not the rebellious people.

7. And *remember* when Jesus, son of Mary, said, 'O children of Israel, surely I am Allāh's Messenger unto you, fulfilling that which is before me of the Torah, and giving glad

بشير الله الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () سَبَّحَ بِتَّهِ مَا فِي السَّمَوْتِ وَ مَا فِي الأرض، وَهُوَ الْعَزِيْزُ الْحَكِيْمُ ] لَا يُهَا الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا لِمَ تَقُوْلُوْنَ مَا كَا تَفْعَلُوْنَ @ كَبْرَ مَقْتًا عِنْدَ اللهِ أَنْ تَقُوْلُوْا مَا لَا تفْعَلُوْنَ ات الله مُحتُ اللَّذَينَ يُقَا فِي سَبِيْلِهِ صَفًّاكَانَّهُم بُنْيَ مَّرْصُهْضُ، وَ إِذْ قَالَ مُؤْسَى لِقَوْمِهِ لِقَوْمِ لِمَ تُؤْذُوْنَنِيْ وَ قَدْ تَعْلَمُوْنَ آَنِّي رَسُوْلُ الله المُكْمَ م فَلَمَّا ذَاغُوْا أَذَاغُ اللهُ قُلُوْبَهُمْ ﴿ وَ اللَّهُ لَا يَهْدِفِ الْقَوْمَ الْفُسقيْنَ () وَاذْ قَالَ عِيْسَى ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ لِبَنِيَ إِسْرَاءِيْلَ إِنَّى رَسُوْلُ اللهِ إِلَيْكُمْ مُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا بَيْنَ بَدَيَّ مِرْبَ التَّوْرِيةِ

\*6. And remember when Moses said to his people, 'O my people, why do you hurt me and you know that I am Allāh's Messenger to you?'

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ o \ s_{27}$  م (see details of transitieration on page 'p').

tidings of a Messenger who will come after me. His name will be Ahmad.' And when he came to them with clear proofs, they said, 'This is clear enchantment.'

8. But who could do greater wrong than one who forges the lie against Allāh while he is called to Islām? Allāh guides not the wrongdoing people.

9. They desire to extinguish the light of Allāh with *the breath of* their mouths, but Allāh will perfect His light, even if the disbelievers hate *it*.

10. He it is Who has sent His Messenger with the guidance and the Religion of truth, that He may cause it to prevail over all religions, even if those who associate partners *with God* hate *it*.

R. 2.

11. O ye who believe! shall I point out to you a bargain that will save you from a painful punishment?

12. That you believe in Allāh and His Messenger, and strive in the cause of Allāh with your wealth and your persons. That is better for you, if you did but know.

13. He will forgive you your sins, and make you enter the Gardens through which streams flow, and pure and pleasant dwellings in Gardens of Eternity. That is the supreme triumph. وَ مُبَشِّرًا بِرَسُوْلٍ يَّاتِيْ مِنْ بَعْدِى اسْمُهُ آحْمَدُ ، فَلَمَّ جَاءَهُ مَ بِالْبَيِّنْتِ قَالُوْاهُذَا سِحْرَّ تَّبِيْنَ وَ مَنْ اَظْلَمُ مِعَّنِ افْتَرَى عَلَى اللهِ الْكَذِبَ وَ هُوَ يُدْعَى إلَى الْإِسْلَامِ وَ اللَّهُ لَا يَهْدِى الْقَوْمَ الظَّلِمِيْنَ يُرِيدُوْنَ لِيُطْفِئُوْا نُوْرَ اللهِ بِافْوَاهِهِمْ وَ اللَّهُ مُتِمُ نُوْرِهِ وَ لَوْ كَرِهَ الْكُفِرُوْنَ ﴾

هُوَ اتَّذِيَّ اَرْسَلَ رَسُوْلَهُ بِالْهُ لَى وَ دِيْنِ الْحَقِّ لِيُظْهِرَهُ عَلَى الرِّيْنِ كُلِّهٖ وَلَوْ كَرِهَ الْمُشْرِكُوْنَ۞

يَا يُهَا الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا هَلْ آدُلُّ هُمْ عَلْ تِجَارَةٍ تُنْجِيْكُمْ مِّنْ عَذَابٍ الِيْمِ () تُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِاللهِ وَ رَسُوْلِهٖ وَ تُجَاهِدُوْنَ فِيْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ بِآمُوَالِكُمْ وَ ٱنْفُسِكُمْ ذٰلِكُمْ خَيْرً لَكُمْ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُوْنَ () يَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ ذُنُوْبَكُمْ وَ يُدْخِلْكُمْ جَنَّتٍ تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْآنْهُرُ وَ مَسْكِنَ طَيِّبَةً فِي جَنَّتِ عَدْنٍ ذٰلِكَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيْمُ ()

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ h \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid \ dh \ \dot{\circ} \ \mid \ s \ o \ (828) \\ \hline (See \ details \ of \ transliteration \ on \ page \ p'). \end{array}$ 

ę

14. And *He will bestow* another *favour* which you love: help from Allāh and a near victory. So give glad tidings to the believers.

15. O ye who believe! be helpers of Allāh, as said Jesus, son of Mary, to his disciples, 'Who are my helpers in the cause of Allāh.' The disciples said, 'We are helpers of Allāh.' So a party of the children of Israel believed, while a party disbelieved.
\* Then We gave power to those who believed against their enemy, and

they became victorious.

وَٱخْرَى تُحِبُّوْنَهَا ، نَصْرَ مِّنَ اللهِ وَفَتَحَ قَرِيْبَ ، وَ بَشِّرِ الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ( آيَا يُّهَا الَّذِيْنَ الْمَنُوْا كُوْنُوْا ٱنْصَارَ الله كَما قَالَ عِيْمَى ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ لِلْحَوَارِيَّنَ مَنْ ٱنْصَارِيَ إِلَى اللهِ قَالَ الْحَوَارِيُّوْنَ نَحْنُ آنْصَارِ إِلَى فَامَنَتْ طَّائِفَةً مِّنْ بَنِي إِسْرَاءِيْلَ فَامَنَتْ عَلْ عَدُوَّهِمْ فَاصَبَحُوْا مْنُوْا عَلْ عَدُوَّهِمْ فَاصَبَحُوْا طْهِرِيْنَ (

\*15. Then We helped those who believed against their enemy, and they became victorious.



**AL-JUMU'AH** (Revealed after Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. Whatever is in the heavens and whatever is in the earth glorifies Allāh, the Sovereign, the Holy, the Mighty, the Wise.

3. He it is Who has raised among the Unlettered *people* a Messenger from among themselves who recites unto them His Signs, and purifies them, and teaches them the Book and Wisdom, although they had been, before, in manifest misguidance;

4. And *among* others from among them who have not yet joined them. He is the Mighty, the Wise.

5. That is Allāh's grace; He bestows it on whom He pleases; and Allāh is the Master of immense grace.

6. The likeness of those who were made to bear the *law of* Torah, but would not bear it, is as the likeness of an ass carrying *a load of* books. Evil is the likeness of the people who reject the Signs of Allāh. And Allāh guides not the wrongdoing people.

7. Say, 'O ye who are Jews, if you think you are the friends of Allāh to the exclusion of *all* other people,

بشمرادتيه الرَّحْمن الرَّجيْم () يُسَبِّحُ بِتَّهِ مَا فِ السَّهٰوْتِ وَمَا فِي الأزض المملك القُدُّوس الْعَزيز الْحَكِيْمِ هُوَ الَّذِيْ بَعَثَ فِي الْأُمِّيِّينَ رَسُؤًا ۊؚ۪ڹٛۿؗۿؽؿڵۉٳۼڵؽۿۿڔٳڸؾؚ؋ۘۘۘۯؽڒؘڝؚٞؽۿۿ وَ يُعَلَّمُهُمُ الْكِتْبَ وَ الْحِكْمَةَ وَ إِنْ كَانُوْا مِنْ قَبْلُ لَغِيْ ضَلْلٍ شُبِيْنٍ خُ و اخرين مِنْهُمْ لَمَّا يَلْحَقُوْا بِهِمْ مَ وَهُوَ الْعَزِيْزُ الْحَكِيْمُ () ذٰلِكَ فَضْلُ اللهِ يُؤْتِيهِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَ اللهُ ذُو الْفَضْلِ الْعَظِيْمِ () مَثَلُ الَّذِينَ حُمِّلُوا التَّوْلِيةَ ثُمَّرِلَمْ يَحْمِلُوْهَا كَمَثَل الْجِمَارِ يَحْمِلُ ٱسْفَارًا ﴿ بِئْسَ مَثَلُ الْقَوْمِ الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوْا بِاليتِ اللهِ وَ اللهُ لَا يَهْدِ ع الْقَهْ مَر الظَّلِمِ بْنَ قُلْ يَا يُّهَا الَّذِينَ هَادُوْٓا إِنْ زَعَمْتُمْ ٱنْحُمْرِ ٱوْلِياءُ بِتَّهِ مِنْ دُوْنِ النَّاسِ

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rhop | \ hh \ rhop | \ rhop | \ hh \ rhop | \ rhop | \ hh \ rhop | \ hh \ rhop | \ rhop$ 

then wish for Death, if *indeed* you are truthful.'

8. But they will never wish for it, because of that which their hands have sent on *before them*. And Allāh knows full well those who do wrong.

9. Say, 'The Death from which you flee will surely meet you. Then will you be returned unto Him Who knows the unseen and the seen, and He will inform you of what you had been doing.'

# R. 2.

10. O ye who believe! when the call is made for Prayer on Friday, hasten to the remembrance of Allāh, and leave off *all* business. That is better for you, if you only knew.

11. And when the Prayer is finished, then disperse in the land and seek of Allāh's grace, and remember Allāh much, that you may prosper.

12. But when they see some merchandise or some amusement, they break up for it, and leave thee standing. Say, 'That which is with Allāh is better than amusement and merchandise, and Allāh is the Best Provider.'

فَتَمَنَّوُا الْمَوْتَانْ كُنْتُمْ صَرِقِيْنَ۞ وَ لَا يَتَمَنَّوْنَهُ آبَرًا بِمَا قَرَّمَتْ آيْرِيْهِمْ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيْمٌ بِالظَّلِمِيْنَ۞

قُلْ إِنَّ الْمَوْتَ الَّذِي تَفِرُّوْنَ مِنْهُ فَاتَّهُ مُلْقِيْكُمْ ثُمَّ تُرَدُّوْنَ إِلَى غَلِمِ الْغَيْبِ وَالشَّهَادَةِ فَيُنَبِّ تُكُمْ بِمَا حُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُوْنَ أَ عَنْتُمَ تَعْمَلُوْنَ أَ لِلصَّلُوةِ مِنْ يَوْمِ الْجُمُعَةِ فَاسْعَوْا اللَّذِي وَنُو مِنْ يَوْمِ الْجُمُعَةِ فَاسْعَوْا عَيْرً تَحُمَ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُوْنَ ( فَاذَا قُضِيتِ الصَّلُوةُ فَانْتَشْرُوْا فَاذَا قُضِيتِ الصَّلُوةُ فَانْتَشْرُوْا اللَّهِ وَاذَ حُرُوا اللَّهُ حَثِيْرًا تَعَلَّهُمْ مَنْ إِذَا رَافَا يَجَارَةً اوْ لَهْوَا إِنْ الْفَقَا وَ إِذَا رَافَا يَجَارَةً اوْ لَهْوَا إِنْ الْفَقَا وَ إِذَا رَافَا يَخْذَوْنَ اللَّهُ عَثَيْرًا لَعَلَيْهُمْ

اِلَيْهَا وَ تَرَكُوْكَ قَائِمًا ؞ قُلُ مَا عِنْدَ الله خَيْرً مِّنَ اللَّهُوِ وَ مِنَ التِّجَادَةِ ؞ وَاللَّهُ خَيْرُ الرَّزِقِيْنَ ﴾



AL-MUNĀFIQŪN (Revealed after Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. When the hypocrites come to thee, they say, 'We bear witness if that thou art indeed the Messenger if of Allāh.' And Allāh knows that thou art indeed His Messenger, but Allāh bears witness that the hypocrites are surely liars.

3. They have made their oaths a shield; thus they turn *men* away from the way of Allāh. Evil surely is that which they have been doing.

4. That is because they *first* believed, then disbelieved. So a seal was set upon their hearts and *consequently* they understand not.

\*5. And when thou seest them, their figures please thee; and if they speak, thou listenest to their speech. *They are* as though they were *blocks of* wood propped up. They think that every cry is against them. They are the enemy, so beware of them. Allāh's curse be upon them! How are they being turned away!

6. And when it is said to them, 'Come, that the Messenger of Allāh may ask forgiveness for you,' they

بشمرائله الرَّحْمَن الرَّحِيْمِ () اذَا جَاءَكَ الْمُنْفَقُونَ قَالُوْا نَشْهَدُ انَّكَ كَرَسُوْلُ الله مِرْجَ اللَّهُ مَعْ لَرَسُوْلُهُ وَ اللَّهُ يَشْهَدُ إِنَّ الْ ڷڴڋؠؙۉؽ۞ اتَّخَذُوْا ٱبْمَانَهُمْ حُنَّةً فَصَرُّوْا عَنْ ل الله ، إنَّهُمْ سَاءَ مَا كَانُوْا يَعْمَلُوْنَ () ذٰلك با نَّهُم أمَّنُوا ثُمَّ كَفَرُوْا فَطبِعَ عَلَى قُلُوْ بِهِمْ فَهُمْ لَا يَفْقَهُوْنَ ] وَ إِذَا دَاَثْتَهُمْ تُعْجِبُكَ أَحْسَه تَشْمَعُ لِقَوْلِ تَقَوْلُوْا مُسَنَّكَةً مِ بَحْسَ الم م م 5 يْحَةٍ عَلَيْهِمْ ٢ هُمُ الْعَدُقُ فَاحْذَدْهُمْ ٢ قَاتَلَهُمُ اللهُ دَ أَنَّى ئۇ**نىڭەن**ە وَ إِذَا قَبْلَ لَهُمْ تَعَالَهُ دَسُوْلُ الله لَيَّاوْا دُءُوْ سَهُمْ وَ رَا

\*5. And when you see them, their figures please you; and if they speak, you listen to their speech, whereas they are like dry twigs propped up. They fear every calamity to befall them.

turn their heads aside, and thou seest them keeping back while they are full of pride.

7. It is equal to them whether thou ask forgiveness for them or ask not forgiveness for them, Allāh will never forgive them. Surely Allāh guides not the rebellious people.

\*8. They it is who say, 'Spend not on those who are with the Messenger of Allāh that they may disperse *and leave him*;' while to Allāh belong the treasures of the heavens and the earth; but the hypocrites understand not.

9. They say, 'If we return to Medina, the one most honourable will surely drive out therefrom the one most mean;' while *true* honour belongs to Allāh and to His Messenger and the believers; but the hypocrites know not.

#### R. 2.

10. O ye who believe! let not your wealth and your children divert you from the remembrance of Allāh. And whoever does so—it is they who are the losers.

11. And spend out of that with which We have provided you before death comes upon one of you and he says, 'My Lord! if only Thou wouldst grant me respite for a little <u>ى</u>صُدُّوْن وَهُمْ شُسْتَكْبِرُوْن ()

سَوَّاءً عَلَيْهِم ٱسْتَغْفَرْتَ لَهُمْ آمْ لَمْ تَسْتَغْفِرْ لَهُمْ لَنَ يَغْفِرَ اللهُ لَهُمْ -اِنَّ الله لا يَهْدِى الْقَوْمَ الْفُسِقِيْتَ () هُمُ الَّذِيْنَ يَقُوْلُوْنَ لا تُنْفِقُوْا عَلْى مَنْ عِنْهَ رَسُوْلِ اللهِ حَتَّى يَنْفَضُّوا - وَ لِلْهِ خَرَّا يُنَ السَّمٰوْتِ وَالْاَرْضِ وَلٰكِنَّ الْمُنْفِقِيْنَ لا يَفْقَهُوْنَ ()

يَقُوْلُوْنَ لَئِنْ تَجَعْنَا إِلَى الْمَزِيْنَةِ لَيُخْرِجَنَّ الْاَعَزُّ مِنْهَا الْاَذَلَ ، وَ بِتْهِ الْعِزَّةُ وَ لِرَسُوْلِهِ وَ لِلْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ وَ لٰكِنَّ الْمُنْفِقِيْنَ لَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ أَن

يَاكَيُهَا الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا لَا تُلْهِكُمْ امْوَالُكُمْ وَلَا آوْلَادُكُمْ عَنْ ذَكْرِ اللهِ وَ مَنْ يَفْعَلْ ذَلِكَ فَاُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْخُسِرُوْنَ وَ آنْفِقُوْا مِنْ مَّا رَزَقْنَكُمْ مِّنْ قَبْلِ آنْ تَاتَى آحَدَكُمُ الْمَوْتُ فَيَقُوْلَ رَبِّ لَوْ

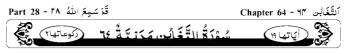
نِيْ إِلَى اَجَلِ قَرِيْبِ " فَاَصَّدَّقَ

\*8. They it is who say, 'Spend not on those who are with the Messenger of Alläh until they disperse deserting him;' while to Alläh belong the treasures of the heavens and the earth; but the hypocrites understand not.

3

 $a i u + | th \stackrel{\circ}{=} | h \tau | kh \stackrel{\circ}{=} | dh \stackrel{\circ}{=} | s \stackrel{\circ}{=} s \stackrel{\circ}{=} s \stackrel{\circ}{=} h \stackrel{\circ}{=} | s \stackrel{\circ}{=} h \stackrel{\circ}{=} | s \stackrel{\circ}{=} h \stackrel{\circ$ 

قَدْ سَمِعَ اللهُ Part 28 - ۲۸	AL-MUNĀFIQŪN	أَنْمُنْفِقُوْنَ 13 - Chapter 63 - 1
while, then I would give a be among the righteous.' 12. And Allāh will not gran to a soul when its appoint has come; and Allāh is Wel	lms and t respite جَلُهَاء ed time لِ	وَٱكُنْ مِّنَ الصَّلِحِيْنَ () وَلَنْ يُوَخِّرَ اللَّهُ نَفْسًا إِذَا جَآءًا، وَ اللَّهُ خَبِيْزَ بِمَا تَعْمَلُوْنَ أَ
of what you do.	71	



AT-TAGHĀBUN (Revealed after Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. Whatever is in the heavens and whatever is in the earth glorifies Allāh; His is the kingdom and His the praise, and He has power over all things.

- \*3. It is He Who has created you, but some of you are disbelievers and some of you are believers; and Allāh sees what you do.
- \*4. He created the heavens and the earth with truth, and He shaped you and made your shapes beautiful, and to Him is the *ultimate* return.

5. He knows whatever is in the heavens and the earth, and He knows what you conceal and what you disclose; and Allāh knows full well *all* that is in the breasts.

6. Has not the news reached you of those who disbelieved before? So they tasted the evil consequences of their conduct, and they had a painful punishment.

\*7. That was because their Messengers

بشمرالله الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () يُسَبِّحُ بِلْهِ مَافِ السَّهٰوٰتِ وَ مَافِي الأذض ، لَهُ الْمُلْكُ وَلَهُ الْحَمْدُرِ وَهُوَ عَلَى كُلَّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيْرٌ ص هُوَ الَّذِي خَلَقَكُمْ فَمِنْكُمْ كَافِرُ وَّ مِنْكُمْ مُّؤْمِنٌ • وَ اللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُوْنَ بَصِيْرُ خَلَةً . الشَّمَوْتِ وَالْأَرْضَ بِالْحَقِّ وَصَوَّرَكُمْ فَأَحْسَنَ صُوَرَكُمْ وَإِلَيْهِ الْمَصِيْرُ ? يَعْلَمُ مَا فِ السَّمْ التَ وَالْآَرْضِ ۇ يىچىكىرىما تىسىردىن ۋىما تىغىلىنەن، وَ اللهُ عَلِيْمَ بِذَاتِ الصُّدُوْرِ ( ٱلَمْ يَا يَكُمْ نَبَوُّا الَّذَيْتَ كَفَرُوْا مِنْ قَبْلُ د فَذَاقُوْا وَبَالَ ٱمْرِهِمْ وَلَهُمْ عَذَاتَ ٱلنَّمْ () المُ كَانَتْ ثَاْت

 $a i u + h \tau + h$ 

<sup>\*3.</sup> It is He who has created you, then some of you become disbelievers and some of you become believers. And Allah sees what you do.

<sup>\*4.</sup> He created the heavens and the earth with truth, and He fashioned you and made your shapes excellent, and to Him is the *ultimate* return.

<sup>\*7.</sup> That was because their Messengers came to them with manifest Signs, but they said, 'Shall humans guide us?'

came to them with manifest Signs, but they said, 'Shall mortals guide us?' So they disbelieved and turned away, but Allāh had never any need *of them*; and Allāh is Self-Sufficient, Worthy of all praise.

8. Those who disbelieve assert that they will not be raised up. Say, 'Yea, by my Lord, you shall surely be raised up; then shall you surely be informed of what you did. And that is easy for Allāh.'

9. Believe, therefore, in Allāh and His Messenger, and in the Light which We have sent down. And Allāh is Well-Aware of all that you do.

10. The day when He shall gather you, on the Day of Gathering, that will be the day of mutual loss *and gain.* And whoso believes in Allāh and does good deeds—He will remove from them the evil *consequences* of their deeds and He will make them enter Gardens through which streams flow, to abide therein for ever. That is the supreme triumph.

11. But *as to* those who disbelieve and reject Our Signs, these shall be the inmates of the Fire, wherein they shall abide; and an evil  $\overline{a}$  destination it is!

R. 2.

12. There befalls not any affliction but by the leave of Allāh. And whosoever believes in Allāh—He

بِالْبَيِّنْتِ فَقَالُوٓا ٱ بَشَرَّ يَهُدُوْنَنَا: فَكَفَرُوْا وَ تَوَلَّوْا وَّ اسْتَغْنَى اللهُ -وَ اللهُ غَنيُّ حَمد رُ زَعَمَ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوٓا آنُ لَّنْ يُّبْعَثُوْاء قُلْ بَلْ وَ رَبِّيْ لَتُبْعَثُنَّ ثُمَّ لَتُنَبَّؤُنَّ بِمَا عَمِلْتُمْ ﴿ وَ ذٰلِكَ عَلَى الله يَسيُرُ ﴿ فَامِنُوْا بِاللهِ وَ رَسُوْلِهِ وَالنُّوْرِ اتَّذِيْ ٱنْزَلْنَا دَوَاللهُ بِمَاتَعْمَلُوْنَ خَبِيْرُ () يَوْمَ يَجْمَعُكُمْ لِيَوْمِ الْجَمْعِ ذَلِكَ يَوْمُ التَّغَابُنِ ، وَ مَنْ يُؤْمِنْ بِاللهِ وَ يَعْمَلُ صَالِحًا يُكَفِّرُ عَنْهُ سَيّاتِهِ وَ يُدْخِلْهُ جَنّْتِ تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الأنْهُرُ خَبِدِيْتَ فِيْهَا آبَدًا ﴿ ذَلِكَ الْفَهْزُ الْعَظِيْمُ ٠ وَ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا وَ كَذَّبُوْا بِاليتِنَآ ٱولَبِّكَ ٱصْحْبُ النَّارِ خْلِدِيْنَ فِيْهَا ﴿ وَبِئْسَ الْمَصِيْرُ أَ مَآ اَصَابَ مِنْ مُصِيْبَةٍ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ ﴿

وَ مَنْ يُؤْمِنْ بِاللهِ يَهْدِ قَلْبَهُ ، وَ اللهُ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ o \ s_{36}$   $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ o \ s_{36}$  (See details of transiteration on page 'p').

guides his heart *aright*. And Allāh knows all things full well.

13. And obey Allāh and obey the Messenger. But if you turn away, then Our Messenger is responsible only for the clear conveying *of the Message*.

14. Allāh! there is no god but He; so in Allāh let the believers put their trust.

15. O ye who believe! surely among your wives and your children are *some that are really* your enemies, so beware of them. And if you overlook and forgive and pardon, then surely, Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

16. Verily, your wealth and your children are a trial; but with Allāh is an immense reward.

17. So fear Allāh as best you can, and listen, and obey, and spend *in His cause*; it will be good for \*yourselves. And whoso is rid of the covetousness of his own soul—it is such who shall be successful.

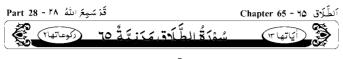
18. If you lend to Allāh a good loan, He will multiply it for you, and will forgive you; and Allāh is Most Appreciating, Forbearing,

19. The Knower of the unseen and the seen, the Mighty, the Wise.

بكُلّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيْهُ () وَ أَطِبْعُوا اللهُ وَ أَطِبْعُوا الرَّسُوْلَ» فَانْ تَوَلَّعْتُمْ فَانَّهَا عَلْ دَسُوْلِذَ الْبَلْغُ الْمُبِيْنُ @ ٱبله كَمْ إله إلَّه هُوَ . وَ عَلَى اللهِ فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ الْمُؤْمِنُوْنَ ياً يُها الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوٓا إِنَّ مِنْ أَزْوَاجِكُمْ وَ آَوْ لَادَكُمْ عَدُوًا آَكُمْ فَاحْذَرُوْ هُمْ، وَ إِنْ تَحْفُوا وَ تَصْفَحُوا وَ تَخْفِرُوا فَإِنَّ الله غَفُوْزَ رَّحِنْمُ ( إِنَّمَا آمَوَالُكُمْ وَ أَوْكَادُكُمْ فَتُنَةً وَ اللهُ عِنْدَةَ آجْزُ عَظِيمَ () فَاتَّقُوا الله مَا اسْتَطَعْتُمْ وَ اسْمَعُوْا وَ أَطِيْعُوْا وَ أَنْفِقُوْا خَيْرًا لَّ نُفُسِكُمْ ﴿ وَ مَنْ تُوْقَ شُحَّ نَفْسِهِ فَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُوْنَ@ اِنْ تُقْرِضُوا اللهَ قَرْضًا حَسَنً تُضعفْهُ آكُمْ وَ يَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ ﴿ وَ اللَّهُ شَكُوْرٌ حَلْبُمُ أَ عْلِمُ الْغَيْبِ وَالشَّهَادَةِ الْعَزِيْزُ الْحَكْثُمُ أَنْ

**\***17. And whose is **saved from his own covetousness—it is these** who shall be successful.

لي



AȚ-ȚALĀQ (Revealed after Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

\*2. O Prophet! when you divorce women, divorce them for the *prescribed* period, and reckon the period; and fear Allāh. Turn them not out of their houses, nor should they *themselves* leave unless they commit an act which is manifestly foul. And these are the limits *set* by Allāh; and whoso transgresses the limits of Allāh, he indeed wrongs his own soul. Thou knowest not; it may be that thereafter Allāh will bring something new to pass.

3. Then, when they are about to reach their *prescribed* term, keep them with kindness, or put them away with kindness, and call to witness two just persons from among you; and bear *true* witness for Allāh. This is by which is admonished he who believes in Allāh and the Last Day. And he who fears Allāh—He will make for him a way out,

4. And will provide for him from where he expects not. And he who puts his trust in Allāh—He is sufficient for him. Verily, Allāh will accomplish His purpose. For

بشمرالله الرَّحْمن الرَّجيْمِ () لَاتُهَا النَّحِبُ إِذَا طَلَّقْتُمُ النِّسَاءَ فَطَبِّقُوْهُنَّ لِعدَّ تِهنَّ وَاحْصُوا الْعدَّةَ، وَ اتَّقُوا اللهَ رَتَّكُمْ لا تُخْرِجُوْهُنَّ مِنْ بُيُوْتِهِيَّ وَ لَا يَخْرُجْنَ إِلَّا آَتْ يَاتِيْنَ بِفَاحِشَةٍ مُّبَيِّنَةٍ وَتِلْكَ حُدُوْدُ اللهِ وَمَنْ تَتَعَدَّ حُدُوْدَ الله فَقَدْ ظَلَمَ نَفْسَهُ لا تَدْرِعْ لَعَلَّ الله يُحْدِثُ تعدد ذلك أمرًا () فَإِذَا بَلَغْنَ آجَلَهُرِ فَآمُسِكُوْهُنَّ بمَعْرُوْفٍ أَوْ فَارْقُوْهُنَّ بِمَعْرُوْفٍ وَّ ٱشْهدُوْا ذَوَىْ عَدْل مِّنْكُمْرِوَ ٱقْيُمُوا الشَّهَادَةَ بِتَّهِ ، ذَلِكُمْ يُوْعَظُ بِهِ مَنْ كَانَ يُؤْمِنُ بِاللهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْأَخِرِهُ <u>ۅؘڡؘڽٛؾ</u>ؾۧۊؚ ١ ٮڷؗ؋ؾڿۼڵڐۜ؋ڡؘڂٛڒؚڲؚٵؗ وَّ يَرْزُقْهُ مِنْ حَنْثُ لَا يَحْتَسِبُ ﴿ وَمَنْ يَّتَوَكَّلُ عَلَى اللهِ فَهُوَ حَسْبُهُ ﴿ إِنَّ الله بَالِغُ آمرة - قَدْ جَعَلَ اللهُ لِكُلّ

\*2. O Prophet! when you divorce women, divorce them for the *prescribed* period, and reckon the period; and fear Allāh, **your Lord**.

everything has Allāh appointed a measure.

5. And if you are in doubt *as to* such of your women as despair of monthly courses, then *know that* the *prescribed* period for them is three months, and *the same is for* such as have not had their monthly courses *yet*. And *as for those* who are with child, their period shall be until they are delivered of their \*burden. And whoso fears Allāh, He

will provide facilities for him in his affair.

6. That is the command of Allāh which He has revealed to you. And whoso fears Allāh—He will remove from him the evil *consequences* of his deeds and will enlarge his reward.

7. Lodge them *during the prescribed period* in the houses wherein you dwell, according to *the best of* your means; and harass them not that you may create hardships for them. And if they be with child, spend on them until they are delivered of their burden. And if they give suck *to the child* for you, give them their \*recompense, and consult with one another in kindness; but if you meet with difficulty from each other, then another *woman shall* suckle *the child* for him (the father). شَيْءٍ قَدْرًا ۞ وَ الْحِنْي يَئِشنَ مِنَ الْمَحِيْضِ مِنْ نِّسَائِكُمْ إنِ ارْتَبْتُمْ فَعِدَّتُهُنَّ تَلْتَهُ ٱشْهُرٍ " وَ الْحِيْ لَمْ يَحِضْنَ \* وَ أُولَاتُ الْأَحْمَالِ ٱجْلُهُنَّ آنْ يَضَعْنَ حَمْلَهُنَّ • وَ مَنْ يَتَقَقِ اللَّه يَجْعَلْ لَّهُ مِنْ آمْرِةٍ يُسْرًا۞

ذٰلِكَ آمُرُ اللهِ ٱنْزَلَهَ اِلَيْكُمْ وَ مَنْ يَتَقِي اللهَ يُكَفِّرُ عَنْهُ سَيِّاتِهِ وَيُغْظِمْ لَهَ آجْرًا آ

ٱسْكِنُوْهُنَّ مِنْ حَيْثُ سَكَنْتُمَ تِمِنْ قُجْدِحُمْ وَ لَا تُضَارُّوْهُنَّ لِتُضَيِّقُوْا عَلَيْهِنَّ ، وَ إِنْ كُنَّ أُولَاتِ حَمْلٍ فَانْفِقُوْا عَلَيْهِنَّ حَتَّى يَضَعْنَ حَمْلٍ فَانْفِقُوْا عَلَيْهِنَّ ءَ وَ إِنْ كُنَّ الْمُرُوْا فَاتُوْهُنَ اجُوْرَهُنَ ، وَ إِنْ تَعَاسَرْتُمْ فَسَتُرْضِعُ لَهَ أُخْرَى ()

3 5. And whose fears Allāh, He will faeilitate his affairs for him.

\*7. and decide your affairs by mutual consultation with fairness; but if you meet with difficulty from each other, then another *woman shall* suckle *the child* for him (the father).

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ c \ (839)$   $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ c \ (839)$  (See details of transiteration on page 'p').

8. Let him who has abundance of means spend out of his abundance. And let him whose means of subsistence are straitened spend out of what Allah has given him. Allah burdens not any soul beyond that which He has given it. Allah will soon bring ahout ease after hardship.

#### R. 2.

9. How many a city rebelled against the command of its Lord and His Messengers, and We called it to severe account, and punished it with dire punishment!

10. So it tasted the evil consequences of its conduct, and the end of its affair was ruin.

11. Allāh has prepared for them a severe punishment; so fear Allah, O believed. Allah has indeed sent down to you a Reminder-

12. A Messenger, who recites unto you the clear Signs of Allah, that he may bring those who believe and do good deeds out of every kind of darkness into light. And whoso believes in Allah and does good deeds-He will make him enter Gardens, through which rivers flow, to abide therein for ever. Allah has indeed made excellent provision for him.

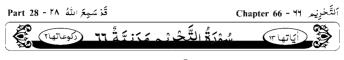
13. Allāh is He Who created seven

لمُنْفِقْ ذُوْسَعَةٍ مِّنْ سَعَتِهٍ ، وَ مَنْ قُررَ عَلَيْهِ رِزْقُهُ فَلْمُنْفِقْ مِمَّآ أَتْبِهُ اللهُ ولَا يُكَلِّفُ اللهُ نَفْسًا إِلَّا مَمَا الْبِهَاءِ سَيَجْعَلُ اللهُ بَعْدَ عُسْرِتُّسْرًا ﴾ 2

وَ كَاتِينْ مِّنْ قَرْيَةٍ عَتَتْ عَنْ أَمْرِ رَبِّهَا وَ رُسُلِهِ فَحَاسَبْنُهَا حِسَابًا شَدِيدًا وَّ عَذَّنْهُاعَذَابًا نُّكُرًا () فَذَاقَتْ وَبَالَ ٱصْرِهَا وَ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ آشرهاخُشرًا⊙ أعَدَّ اللهُ لَهُمْ عَذَابًا شَجِيدًا الفَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ آيَا ولِي الْأَلْبَابِ اللَّهِ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا اللَّهِ إِنَّهُ اللَّهُ آيَ ولِي الْأَلْبَاب قَدْاَنْزَلَاللهُ الْتُكْمُدْكُرَّاشْ رَّسُوْلًا تَتْلُوْا عَلَيْكُمْ الْت الله مُبَيِّنْتٍ لِّيُخْرِجَ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَ عَمِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ مِنَ الظُّلُمْتِ إِلَى النُّوْدِ ، وَ مَنْ يُؤْمِنُ بِاللهِ وَ يَعْمَلُ صَالِحًا يُدْخِلْهُ جَنَّتِ تَجْرِف مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهُرُ خَلِدِيْنَ فِيْهَا ٱبَرًا وَقَرْ أَحْسَنَ اللهُ لَهُ رِزْقًا ( ٱبلهُ الَّذِيْ خَلَقَ سَبْحَ سَمَاتٍ وَّ مِنَ

ء : ا ق p ا ف h ح ا ل ا ف h ح ا ا ف h ح ا ا ف h ح ا ا ف ا ب ح ا ا ف ا م ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا م ا (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

قَدْ سَمِعَ اللهُ Part 28 - ۲۸	AT-ȚALĂQ	اَلطَّكَرة Chapter 65 - ۲۵
heavens, and of the earth the l thereof. The <i>divine</i> comm comes down in their midst, that y may know that Allāh has por over all things, and that Al encompasses all things in knowledge.	and you کُلِّ شَحَبْ ۽ wer اah بِکُلِّ شَمْيْءٍ	الکارض مِثْلَمُنَّ ، يَتَنَزَّلُ لِتَحْلَمُوَٓا آَتَ اللَّهَ عَلْ قَرِيْرً لَهُ وَ آَنَّ اللَّهَ قَدْ آَ عِلْمًا أَ



AT-TAHRĪM (Revealed after Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. O Prophet! why dost thou forbid *thyself* that which Allāh has made lawful to thee, seeking the pleasure of thy wives? And Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

\*3. Allāh has indeed allowed to you the dissolution of your oaths, and Allāh is your Friend; and He is All-Knowing, Wise.

4. And when the Prophet confided a matter unto one of his wives and she then divulged it, and Allāh informed him of it, he made known to her part thereof, and avoided mentioning part of it. And when he informed her of it, she said, 'Who has informed thee of it?' He said, 'The All-Knowing, the All-Aware God has informed me.'

5. Now if you two turn unto Allāh repentant, *it will be better for you*, and your hearts are *already so* inclined. But if you back up each other against him, surely Allāh is his Helper and Gabriel and the righteous among the believers; and furthermore, *all other* angels *too* are *his* helpers.

بشمرالله الرَّحْمن الرَّحِيْمِ () يَا يُهَا النَّجُّ لِمَر تُحَرِّمُ مَا آحَلَّ اللهُ لَكَ ، تَبْتَغِنْ مَرْضَاتَ ٱزْوَاجِكَ، وَ اللهُ غَفُوْزَ رَّجِنُمُ 🕞 قَدْ فَرَضَ اللهُ لَكُمْ تَجِلَّةً ٱيْمَانِكُمْ، وَ اللهُ مَوْلَىكُمْ، وَ هُوَ الْعَلِيْمُ الْحَكَيْمُ ( وَ إِذْ آسَرَّ النَّجِتُ إِلَى بَعْضِ أَزْوَاجِهِ حَدِيْتًا، فَلَمَّانَبَّاتْ بِهِ وَ أَظْهَرَهُ اللهُ عَلَيْه عَرَّفَ تَعْضَهُ وَ أَعْرَضَ عَنْ بَعْضٍ ، فَلَمَّا نَبَّاهَا بِهِ قَالَتْ مَنْ ٱنْبَاكَ لْهَذَا ﴿ قَالَ نُبَّانِي الْعَلِيْمُ الْخَبِيْرُ) إنْ تَتُوْبَآ إِلَى اللهِ فَقَدْ صَغَتْ قُلُوْ يُكْمَاءٍ وَإِنْ تَنْظَهَرًا عَلَيْهِ فَانَّ الله هُوَ مَوْلِيهُ وَ جَبْرِيْلُ وَ صَالِحُ الْمُؤْمنَيْنَ ، وَ الْمَلْئَكَةُ تَعْدَ ذَلِكَ ظهيرُ،

\*3. Allāh has indeed **made incumbent upon you** the dissolution of **your vows**, *concerning the aforementioned*, and Allāh is your **Guardian**; and He is All-Knowing, Wise.

6. It may be that, if he divorce you, his Lord will give him instead wives better than you—resigned, believing, obedient, always turning to God, devout in worship, given to fasting, *both* widows and virgins.

7. O ye who believe! save yourselves and your families from a Fire whose fuel is men and stones, over which are appointed angels, stern *and* severe, who disobey not Allāh in what He commands them and do as they are commanded.

8. O ye who disbelieve! make no excuses this day. You are requited for what you did.

### R. 2.

9. O ye who believe! turn to Allāh in sincere repentance. It may be that your Lord will remove from you the evil *consequences* of your deeds and make you enter Gardens through which rivers flow, on the day when Allāh will not abase the Prophet nor those who have believed with him. Their light will run before them and on their right hands. They will say, 'Our Lord, perfect our light for us and forgive us; surely Thou hast power over all things.' عَلَى رَتُهَ إِنْ طَلَّقَكُنَّ آَنْ تُبْدِلَهُ ٱزْوَاجًا خَيْرًا مِّنْكُنَّ مُسْلِمْتِ مُؤْمِنْتٍ قْنِتْتٍ تَبْبُتٍ عْبِدْتٍ سَرِّحْتٍ ثَيِّبْتٍ وَ ٱبْكَارًا () يَا يُها الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا قُوَّا أَنْفُسَكُمْ وَ أَهْلِيْكُمْ نَارًا وَقُوْدُهَا النَّاسُ وَالْحِجَارَةُ عَلَيْهَا مَلْئِكَةً غِلَاظُ شدَادً لاَ يَعْصُوْتَ اللهَ مَآ آمَرَهُمْ وَ يَفْعَلُوْنَ مَا يُؤْمَرُ وْنَ ) لَياً يُّهَا الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا لَا تَعْتَذِرُوا الْيَوْمَرِ إِنَّمَا تُجْزَوْنَ مَا كُنْتُمْ تعملەن لَيا يُها الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا تُوْبُوْا إِلَى اللهِ تَوْبَةً نَّصُوْحًا ، عَسى رَبُّكُمْ أَنْ يُّكَفِّرَ عَنْكُمْ سَيّاتِكُمْ وَ يُدْخِلَكُمْ جَنّْتٍ تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهُرُ " يَوْمَ لَا يُخْزِى اللهُ النَّبِيَّ وَ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا مَعَهُ ، نُوْرُهُمْ يَسْعَى بَيْنَ آَيْدِيْهِمْ وَ بِآيْمَانِهِمْ يَقُوْلُوْتَ رَبَّنَآ آَتْمِمْ كَنَانُوْرَنَا وَاغْفِرْكَنَا، إِنَّكَ عَلَى كُلّ شَيْءِ قَرِيْرُ ()

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ | \ dh \ i \ | \ \delta \ o \ (843)$  (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

الح

10. O Prophet! strive hard against the disbelievers and the hypocrites; \*and be strict against them. Their home is Hell, and an evil destination it is!

11. Allāh sets forth for those who disbelieve the example of the wife of Noah and the wife of Lot. They were under two righteous servants of Ours, but they acted unfaithfully towards them. So they availed them naught against Allāh, and it was said *to them*, 'Enter the Fire, ye twain, along with those who enter.'

12. And Allāh sets forth for those who believe the example of the in wife of Pharaoh when she said, in 'My Lord! build for me a house with Thee in the Garden; and deliver me from Pharaoh and his work, and deliver me from the wrongdoing people;'

13. And *the example of* Mary, the daughter of 'Imran, who guarded her private parts—so We breathed into him of Our Spirit—and she fulfilled *in her person* the words of her Lord and His Books and was one of the obedient.

لَيَا يُهُا النَّجِيُّ جَاهِمِ الْكُفَّارَ وَ الْمُنْفِقِيْنَ وَ اغْلُظْ عَلَيْهُمْ وَمَاوْدِهُمْ جَهَنَّهُمُ وَبِئْسَ الْمَصِيْرُ الْ ضَرَبَ اللهُ مَثَلًا لِتَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا اسْرَاتَ نُوْجٍ وَّ اسْرَاتَ لُوْطِ ﴿ كَانَتَنَا تحت عبددين من عبادنا صالحين فَخَانَتْهُمَا فَلَمْ يُغْنِبَا عَنْهُمَا مِنَ الله شَنًّا وَّ قَنْلَ ادْخُلُا النَّارَ مَعَ الداخلين وَ ضَرَبَ اللهُ مَثَلًا لِّلَّذِينَ أَمَنُوا امْزَاتَ فِرْعَوْنَ مَ إِذْ قَالَتْ رَبّ ابْنِ بِيْ عِنْدَكَ بَيْتًا فِي الْجَنَّةِ وَ نَجْنِيْ مِنْ فِرْعَوْنَ وَ عَمَلِهِ وَ نَجِّنِيْ مِنَ الْقَوْمِ الظَّلِمِيْنَ أَ وَ مَزْيَمَ ابْنَتَ عِمْرِنَ الَّتِيَّ أَحْصَنَتْ فَرْجَهَا فَنَفَخْنَا فِيْهِ مِنْ رُوْحِنَا

رب کے معلقات ویکو کرتے۔ وَ صَدَّقَتْ بِکلِ لَتِ دَبِّهَا وَ کُتُبِهِ وَکَانَتْ مِنَ الْقُنِتِيْنَ شَ



AL-MULK (Revealed before Hijrah)

In the name of Alläh, the Gracious, the Merciful.
 Blessed is He in Whose hand is the kingdom, and He has power over all things;

3. Who has created death and life that He might try you—which of you is best in deeds; and He is the Mighty, the Most Forgiving,

4. Who has created seven heavens in harmony. No incongruity canst thou see in the creation of the Gracious *God*. Then look again: Seest thou any flaw?

\*5. Aye, look again, and yet again, thy sight will *only* return unto thee confused and fatigued.

6. And verily, We have adorned the lowest heaven with lamps, and We have made them for driving away satans, and We have prepared for them the punishment of the blazing Fire.

7. And for those who disbelieve in their Lord there is the punishment of Hell, and an evil resort it is!

8. When they are cast therein, they will hear it roaring as it boils up.

بشمرائله الرحمن الرحم لمكك التذى يتده المك كُ ز**وَ هُوَ** عَلَى كُلَّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرُ الْ الَّذِي خَلَةً الْمَوْتَ وَالْحَلُوةَ لتنبلُهَ كُمْ ٱتُّكُمْ أَحْسَنُ عَصَلًّا ﴿ وَهُوَ الْعَزِيْزُ الْغَفُوْرُ أَ الَّذِي خَلَقَ سَبْعَ سَمَوْتِ طِبَاقًا ﴿ مَا تَرى فِيْ خَلْق الرَّحْمٰنِ مِنْ تَفُوْتٍ . فَارْجِع الْبَصَرَ " هَلْ تَرْي مِنْ فُطُوْر ؟ ثُمَّر ارْجِع الْبَصَرَكَرَّ تَيْن يَذْ الَثِكَ الْبَصَرُ خَاسِئًا وَّ هُوَ حَسِبُرُ ٥ وَلَقَدْ ذَتَنَّا السَّمَاءَ الدُّنْيَا بِمَصَابِيْحَ وَ جَعَلْنَهَا رُجُوْمًا لِّلشَّلِطِيْرِ. وَاَعْتَدْنَالَهُمْ عَذَابَ السَّعِيْرِ () وَلِنَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا بِرَبِّهِمْ عَذَابُ جَهَنَّهُ مَد وَبِئْسَ الْمَصِيْرُ ﴾ إِذَآ ٱلْقُوْا فِيْهَا سَمِعُوْا لَهَا شَهِيْ وَّ هِيَ تَفُوْ رُهُ

\*5. Aye, look again, and yet again, your sight will only return to you frustrated and fatigued.

9. It would almost burst with fury. Whenever a host *of disbelievers* is cast into it the wardens thereof will ask them, 'Did no Warner come to you?'

10. They will say, "Yea, verily, a Warner did come to us, but we treated *him* as a liar, and we said: 'Allāh has not revealed anything; you are but in great error.'"

11. And they will say, 'If we had but listened or possessed sense, we should not have been among the inmates of the blazing Fire.'

- \*12. Then will they confess their sins; but far away are the inmates of the blazing Fire *from God's mercy*.
- \*13. Verily, those who fear their Lord in secret—for them is forgiveness and a great reward.

14. And whether you conceal what you say or make it public, He knows full well what is in *your* breasts.

15. Does He Who has created *you* not know *it*? He is the Knower of all subtleties, the All-Aware.

R. 2.

16. He it is Who has made the earth even and smooth for you; so traverse through its sides, and eat of His provision. And unto Him will be the Resurrection.

تَكَادُ تَمَتَّزُ مِنَ الْغَيْظِ مُكَلَّمَا ٱلْقِيَ فثقا فَهُجُ سَالَهُمْ خَزَنَتُهَا آلَمْ كأتكم نَزْيَرُ ① قَالُوْا بَلِّي قَدْ جَاءَنَا نَذِيْرُ لا فَكَذَّبْنَا وَ قُلْنَا مَا نَزَّلَ اللهُ مِنْ شَيْءٍ \* إِنْ ٱنْتُم إِلَّافِيْ ضَلْلٍ كَبِيْرٍ ا وَ قَالُوْا لَوْ كُنًّا نَسْمَعُ أَوْ نَعْقِلُ مَا كُنَّانِي آَصْحْبِ السَّعِيْرِ () فَاعْتَرَفُوْا بِذَنْبِهِمْ ۽ فَسُحْقًا كِّأَصْحْبِ السَّعِيْرِ ( اِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ يَخْشَوْنَ رَبَّهُمْ بِالْغَيْ لَهُمْ مَّغْفِرَةً وَّ آجْزَ كَبِيْرَ . وَ اَسِرُّوْا قَوْلَكُمْ أَوِ اجْهَرُوْا بِهِ إِنَّهُ عَلِيْهُ بِذَاتِ الصُّدُوْرِ® اَلَا تَعْلَمُ مَنْ خَلَقٌ ، وَ هُوَ اللَّطِيفُ الْخَبِيْرُ@ ٩ هُوَ الَّذِيْ جَعَلَ لَكُمُ الْأَرْضَ ذَلُوْكًا فَامْشُوْا فِيْ مَنَاكِبِهَا وَكُلُوْا مِنْ رِّزْقِهِ ؞ وَ إِلَيْهِ النُّشُوْرُ (

\*12. Then will they confess their sins; but damnation be for the inmates of the Fire.

\*13. Verily, those who fear their Lord while He is hidden *from them*—for them is forgiveness and a great reward.

17. Do you feel secure from Him Who is in the heaven that He will not cause the earth to sink with you when lo! it begins to shake?

18. Do vou feel secure from Him Who is in the heaven that He will not send against you a sandstorm? Then will you know how terrible was My warning.

19. And indeed those before them also treated My Messengers as liars; then how grievous was Mv punishment!

20. Have they not seen the birds above them, spreading out their وقفاززه wings without moving them and then drawing them in to swoop down upon the prev? None withholds them but the Gracious God. Verily He sees all things.

21. Or who is he that can be an army for you to help you against the Gracious God? The disbelievers are only in deception.

22. Or who is he that will provide for you, if He should withhold His provision? Nay, but they obstinately persist in rebellion and aversion.

23. What! is he who walks grovelling upon his face better guided or he who walks upright on the straight path?

24. Say, 'He it is Who brought you into being, and made for you ears and eves and hearts; but little thanks

ءَ ٱمِنْ تُهُ مَّنْ فِي السَّبِي آنَ يَخْسِفَ بِكُمُ الْآدُضَ فَإِذَا هِيَ تَمُوْدُ الله أمراً مِنْ تُمْرَحَنْ فِي السَّمَاءِ أَنْ يُرْسِلَ عَلَيْكُمْ حَاصِبًا \* فَسَتَعْلَمُوْنَ كَيْفَ نَزْيُرِ@ وَ لَقَدْ كَذَّبَ الَّذِيْنَ مِنْ قَبْ فَكَيْفَ كَانَ نَكِيْرِ (1) أوَلَمْ يَرَوْا إِلَى الطَّيْرِ فَوْقَهُمْ ضَفًّ وَّ يَقْبِضْنَ ، مَا يُمْسِكُهُنَّ إِلَّا الرَّحْمَنُ -ٳ ڹ**ٞ**؋ؙؠػڵۺؘؽٵؘٟڹڝؽۯؘ۞

ٱمَّنْ هٰذَا الَّذِيْ هُوَ جُنْدٌ لَّكُمْ يَنْصُرُكُمْ مِّنْ دُوْنِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ ﴿ إِنَّ الْكْفِرُوْنَ إِلَّافِي غُرُوْدِ أَ اَمَّنْ هٰذَا الَّذِيْ يَرْزُقُكُمْ إِنْ أَمْسَكَ ڔۯ۬ۊٙۮ؞ڹڶڷۜجؖۉٳڣۣٛۼؾؙۊؚۊٙٮؙڣؙۉڔٟ؊ ٱفَمَنْ تَيْمَشِيْ مُكِبًّا عَلْ وَجْهِمَ ٱهْزَى ٱمَّنْ تَيْمْشِيْ سَوِيًّا عَلَى صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيْمِ 🐨 قُلْ هُوَ الَّذِي آنْشَاكُمْ وَ جَعَلَ لَكُمُ السَّمْعَ وَالْآيْصَارَ وَالْآفْخَذَةَ ، قَلْمُلَّ ء : ا ق p ا ف h ح ا ل ا ف h ح ا ا ف h ح ا ا ف h ح ا ا ف ا ب ح ا ا ف ا م ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا م ا

<sup>(</sup>See details of transliteration on page 'p')

do you give.'

25. Say, 'He it is Who multiplied you in the earth, and unto Him will you be gathered.'

26. And they say, 'When will this promise *come to pass*, if *indeed* you are truthful?'

27. Say, 'The knowledge *of it* is with Allāh, and I am only a plain Warner.'

28. But when they see it near, the faces of those who disbelieve will become grief-stricken, and it will be said, 'This is what you used to ask for.'

29. Say, 'Tell me, if Allāh should destroy me and those who are with me, or have mercy on us, who will protect the disbelievers from a painful punishment?'

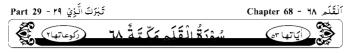
30. Say, 'He is the Gracious *God*; in Him have we believed and in Him have we put our trust. And you will soon know who is in manifest error.'

\*31. Say, 'Tell me, if *all* your water were to disappear *in the earth*, who then will bring you *clear* flowing water?'

چِ ات**َشْكُرُوْنَ** قُلْ هُوَ الَّذِي ذَرَا كُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَ الَيْهِ تُحْشَرُ وْنَ وَ يَقُوْلُوْنَ مَتَّى خِيزًا الْوَعْدُ إِنْ كُنْتُوْ صرقيْن قُلْ إِنَّهَا الْعِلْمُ عِنْدَ اللهِ م وَ إِنَّهَا ٱنَانَزِيْرُ شَبِ**يْ**نَ@ فَلَمَّا رَاوَهُ زُلْفَةً سَنَّتَ وُجُوْهُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا وَقِيْلَ لِهٰذَا الَّذِي كُنْتُمْ بِهِ تَدَّعُوْنَ قُلْ اَ دَءَيْتُمْ إِنْ اَهْلَكَنَّ اللهُ وَ مَنْ مَّعِيَ اَوْ رَحِمَنَا " فَمَنْ يُجِيْرُ الْكُفِرِيْنَ مِنْ عَذَابِ ٱلِيْمٍ ( قُلْ هُوَ الرَّحْمَنُ أَمَنَّا بِهِ وَعَلَيْهِ تَوَكَّلْنَا ، فَسَتَعْلَمُوْنَ مَنْ هُوَ فَ ۻؘڶٳؚؗٞڟ۫ۑؚؽڹ۞ قُلْ اَ رَءَيْتُمْ إِنْ أَصْبَحَ مَاَؤُكُمْ غَوْرًا فَمَنْ يَابَتْ عُمْرِ بِمَاءٍ مَعِيْنِ شَ

\*31. Say, 'Tell me, if *all* your water **sinks into a deep recess**, who then will bring you *clear* flowing water?'

E



AL-QALAM (Revealed before Hijrah)

2. By the inkstand and by the pen and by that which they write,

3. Thou art not, by the grace of thy Lord, a madman.

4. And for thee, most surely, there is an unending reward.

5. And thou dost surely possess high moral excellences.

6. And thou wilt soon see and they *too* will see

7. Which of you is afflicted with madness.

8. Surely, thy Lord knows best those who go astray from His way, and He knows best those who follow guidance.

9. So comply not with the wishes of those who reject *the truth*.

10. They wish that thou shouldst be pliant so that they may *also* be pliant.

11. And yield not to any mean swearer,

12. Backbiter, one who goes about slandering,

13. Forbidder of good, transgressor, sinful,

14. Ill-mannered and, in addition to that, of doubtful birth.

15. This is because he possesses riches and children.

بشير الله الرَّحْمن الرَّحِيْمِ () ن وَالْقَلَمِ وَمَا يَسْطُرُوْنَ أَ مَآ أَنْتَ بِنِعْمَةِ رَبِّكَ بِمَجْنُوْنِ شَ وَإِنَّ لَكَ لَأَجْرًا غَيْرَ مَمْنُوْنِ شَ وَإِنَّكَ لَعَلْى خُلُق عَظِيْمٍ () فَسَتُبْصِرُ وَ يُبْصِرُ وَ سُ باَىتِكُمُ الْمَفْتُوْنُ ) اتَ رَبَّكَ هُوَ ٱعْلَمُ بِمَنْ ضَلَّ عَنْ سَبِيْلِهِ م وَ هُوَ آعْلَمُ بِالْمُهْتَدِيْنَ ( فَلَا تُطِعِ الْمُكَذِّبِيْنَ () وَدُّوْالَهُ تُدْهِنُ فَعُدْهِنُوْنَ. وَكَا تُطِعْ كُلَّ حَلَّافٍ مَّهِنْ أَ

و ٥ لطِع ڪل حلافٍ مهِينِ هَمَّازٍ مَشَّاءٍ بِنَمِيْمٍ مَنَّاع لِلْخَيْرِ مُعْتَدٍ آثِيمٍ عُتُلٍ بَعْدَ ذٰلِكَ ذَنِيْمٍ أُ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ c \ (849)$  (See details of transitieration on page 'p').

تَبْرَكَ الَّذِيْ Part 29 - ٢٩

16. When Our Signs are recited unto him, he says, 'Stories of the ancients!'

17. We will brand him on the snout.

18. We will surely try them as We tried the owners of the garden when they vowed that they would certainly pluck *all* its *fruit* in the morning,

 And they made no exception and did not say, 'If God please.'
 Then a visitation from thy Lord visited it while they were asleep;

21. And the morning found it like *a* garden cut down overnight.

22. So they called to one another at *the break of* dawn,

\*23. Saying, 'Go forth early in the morning to your field, if you would gather the fruit.'

24. And they set out, talking to one another in low tones,

- \*25. Saying, 'Let no poor man today enter it against you.'
- \*26. And they went forth early in the morning, determined to *achieve their* purpose.

27. But when they saw it, they said, 'Surely, we have lost *our way*!

28. 'Nay, we have been deprived of everything.'

اذا تُثل عليه التناقال أساطير الْاَوَّ لِبْنَ الْ سَنَسِمُهُ عَلَى الْخُرْطُة مِ ٢ انَّا بَلَهُ لَهُمْ كَمَا بَلَهُنَّ أَصْحِت الْجَنَّيةِ ، إِذْ ٱقْسَمُوْا لَيَصْرِمُنَّهُ مُصْبِحِيْنَ وَلَا يَسْتَثْنُوْنَ () فَطَافَ عَلَيْهَا طَائِفٌ مِّنْ رَّبِّكَ وَ هُمْ . نائمەن@ فَأَصْبَحَتْ كَالصَّرِيْمِ ش فتتنادؤا مُصْبِحِيْنَ أَ اَن اغْدُوْا عَلْى حَرْ تُكُمْ إِنْ صارميْن فَانْطَلَقُوْا وَ هُمْ يَتَخَافَتُوْنَ ٢ آَبْ لَا يَدْخُلَنَّهَا الْبَوْمَ عَلَيْكُمْ مّشكيْنُ وَ غَدَوْا عَلَى حَرْدٍ قَادٍ رِيْنَ ٢ فَلَمَّارَا وْهَاقَالُوْا إِنَّا لَضَالُّونَ ٥ ىأ، نَحْنُ مَحْرُوْ مُوْنَ.

\*23. Saying, 'Go forth early in the morning to your field, if you are to reap the harvest.'

\*26. And they set out early in the morning with full might.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ | \ th \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ dh \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ s \ o \ (see details of transilteration on page 'p'). \end{array}$ 

<sup>\*25.</sup> Saying, 'Let no poor man enter therein today against your interest.'

تَبْرَكَ الَّذِيْ ٢٩ - Part 29

29. The best among them said, "Did I not say to you, 'Why do you not glorify *God*?"

30. *Now* they said, 'Glory be to our Lord. Surely, we have been wrongdoers.'

31. Then some of them turned to the others, reproaching one another.

\*32. They said, 'Woe to us! We were indeed rebellious *against God*.
33. 'Maybe our Lord will give us

instead *a* better *garden* than this; we do humbly entreat our Lord.'

34. Such is the punishment of this world. And surely the punishment  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the Hereafter is greater. Did they  $\frac{2}{3}$  but know!

### R. 2.

35. For the righteous, indeed, there are Gardens of Bliss with their Lord.

36. Shall We then treat those who submit to Us as We treat the guilty?

37. What is the matter with you? How judge ye!

38. Have you a Book wherein you read,

39. That you shall surely have in it whatever you choose?

40. Or have you any covenant binding on Us till the Day of Resurrection that you shall surely have all that you order?

تَسَبِّحُوْنَ قَالَ ٱوْسَطُهُمْ ٱ لَمْ ٱقُلْ تَكُمْ لَوْ لَا تُسَبِّحُوْنَ قَالُوْا سُبُحْنَ رَبِّنَآ إِنَّا كُنَّا طٰلِمِيْنَ الْفَا لِمَوْنَ تَتَلَا وَيُلَنَآ إِنَّا كُنَّا طِغِيْنَ تَالُوا لِوَيْلَنَآ أَنْ يُبْدِلَنَا خَيْرًا مِّنْهَآ عَلى رَبِّنَا رَافِ عُنَا مُوْنَ آكْبَرُ مَلُوْكَانُوْا يَعْلَمُوْنَ شَ

اِتَّ لِلْمُتَّقِيْنَ عِنْدَ كَبِّهِمْ جَنَّتِ النَّعِيْمِ آفَنَجْعَلُ الْمُسْلِمِيْنَ كَالْمُجْرِمِيْنَ مَالَكُمْ حَيْفَ تَحْكُمُوْنَ آمْلَكُمْ فِيْهِ لَمَاتَخَيَّرُوْنَ أَ آمْلَكُمْ آيْمَانَ عَلَيْنَا بَالِغَةً إِلٰى يَوْمِ الْقِيْمَةِ الِنَّ لَكُمْ لَمَاتَحْكُمُوْنَ أَ

\*32. They said, 'Woe to us! Verily, we were transgressors indeed.

41. Ask them which of them will a vouch for that.

42. Or have they any 'partners' of *God*? Let them, then, produce *those* 'partners' of theirs, if they speak the truth.

43. On the day when the truth shall be laid bare and they will be called upon to prostrate themselves, they will not be able *to do so*;

44. Their eyes will be cast down, *and* humiliation will cover them; and they were indeed called upon to prostrate themselves when they were safe and sound, *but they obeyed not*.

45. So leave Me alone with those who reject this word *of Ours*. We shall draw them *near to destruction* step by step from whence they know not.

46. And I give them respite; for My plan is strong.

47. Dost thou ask a reward of them that they are *as if* being weighed down with a *heavy* tax?

48. Is the unseen with them so that they write *it* down?

49. So be thou steadfast in *carrying* out the command of thy Lord, and in be not like the Man of the Fish is when he called *to his Lord* and he was full of grief.

50. Had not a favour from his Lord reached him, he would have surely been cast upon a bare tract of land, while he would have been blamed *by his people*.

سَلْهُمْ آيُّهُمْ بِذٰلِكَ زَعِيْمٌ شَٰ ٱمْ لَهُمْ شُرَكَاءُ الْقَايَاتُوْا بِشُرَكَائِهِمْ اِنْ كَانُوْا صَرِقِيْنَ @ يَوْمَ يُكْشَفُ عَنْ سَاقٍ وَّ يُدْعَوْنَ اِلَى السُّجُوْدِ فَلَا يَسْتَطِيْعُوْنَ شَ خاشِعَةً آبْصَارُهُمْ تَرْهَقُهُمْ ذِنَّةً وَ قَدْ كَانُوْا يُدْعَوْنَ إِلَى السُّجُوْدِ وَ هُمْ سَابِمُوْنَ @

ڣؘۮؘۯڹۣٛۉػڡؘڽ۠ؾؙػۏؚٚۜۛۛۛۛۛۛۛۛۛۛڹۑؚؗؗؗؗڂۮؘٵڶػڔؽؿؚ ؊ڹؘۺؾۮڔجؙۿؗؗؗؗؗؗؗؗؗؗؗؗؗۿڗڡۣٞڽٛػؽؚڎؙڵٳؾۼٮۧۿۏؿ۞

تَبْرَكَ الَّذِيْ Part 29 - ۲۹	AL-QALAM	ٱلْقَدَم Chapter 68 - ۲۸
51. But his Lord chose hir made him <i>one</i> of the righteou	- /	فَاجْتَبْىهُ رَبُّهٔ فَجَعَلَهٔ
made min one of the fighteou	5.	الصْلِحِيْنَ۞
52. And those who disb		وَ إِنْ تَيْكَادُ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا لَيُزْلِ
would fain dislodge thee <i>fro</i> <i>God-given station</i> with their	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	بِٱبْصَادِهِمْ لَمَّا سَمِعُوا
looks when they hear the Rem and they say, 'He is certainly		ڒؙۘؾڨؙۉڵۉڽٳڹؖٞ؋ڵؘؘۘۘۿڿٮؙٛۉڽ۫۞
\$53. Nay, it is naught but a south honour for all the worlds.	erce of The	وَمَا هُوَ إِنَّا ذِكْرٌ لِّلْعُلَمِيْنَ ٢

\* 53. Nay, it is naught **but a Reminder** for all the worlds.

تَبْرَكَ الَّذِيْ Part 29 - 19 الْحَاقَة Chapter 69 - 49 اتدا ته

AL-HÂQQAH (Revealed before Hijrah)

 In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.
 The Inevitable!

- 3. What is the Inevitable?
- 4. And what should make thee know what the Inevitable is?
- \*5. The tribe of Thamūd and the tribe of 'Ād treated as a lie the sudden calamity.

6. Then, as for Thamūd, they were destroyed with a violent blast.

7. And as for ' $\bar{A}$ d, they were destroyed by a fierce roaring wind,

8. Which He caused to blow against them for seven nights and eight days consecutively, so that thou mightest have seen the people therein lying prostrate, as though they were trunks of palm-trees fallen down.

9. Dost thou see any remnant of them?

10. And Pharaoh, and those who were before him, and the overthrown cities *persistently* committed sins.

بشمرالله الرَّحْمٰن الرَّ ٱكَاقَةُ بَ الْحَافَةُ أَوْ أَوْ أَنْ ومآ أذليك مالأ حاقة ىڭ تْمُوْدُوْ عَادَّ بِالْقَ فَاَمَّا ثُمُهُدُ فَأَهْلِكُوْا بِالطَّاغِيَةِ () وَ آمَّا عَادً فَأَهْلِكُوْا بِرِيّ عاتكة سَخَّرَهَا عَلَيْهِمْ سَبْحَ لَيَ ٱيَّامِرِ احْسُوْمًا افَتَرَى الْقَوْمَ صَرْعِي إِكَا نَّهُمْ أَعْجَازُ نَخْلٍ خَاوِيَةٍ ڵؘۿؙؗۿڔڡ**ؚ**ڹٛ۫؆ۊؚؾڐٟ۞ وكمآء فزغدت \$ وَ الْمُؤْتَفِكْتُ بِالْخَاطِئَةِ أَ

ن تَخَرَيْ عَنْدَ اللَّهُ عَنْدُ اللَّهُ عَنْدَ اللَّهُ عَنْدَ اللَّهُ عَنْدَ اللَّهُ عَنْدَ اللَّهُ عَنْدَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ عَنْدَ اللَّهُ عَنْدَ اللَّهُ عَنْدَ اللَّهُ عَنْ الللَّهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُمُ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ عَ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُمُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْ عَنْ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُمُ عَنْهُ عَ اللَّعْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْ عَنْهُ عَ مَعْنَا عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْ عَنْهُ عَنْ عَنْهُ عَنْ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْ عَنْهُ عَنْ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَا عَنْهُ عَنْ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْ عَنْهُ عَنْ عَمْ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْ عَنْ عَنْ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْ عَا عَنْ عَنْ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْ عَنْ عَنْهُ عَنْ عَنْعُو عَنْهُ عَنْ عَا عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنُهُ عَنْ ع

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ | \ th \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ dh \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ s \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ g_{4} \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ d \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ (see \ details \ of \ transilieration \ on \ page \ p'). \end{array}$ 

لْبَرَكَ الَّذِيْ Part 29 - ۲۹	÷
--------------------------------	---

\*11. And thev disobeved the Messenger of their Lord, therefore He seized them—a severe seizing.

12. Verily, when the waters rose high. We bore you in the boat.

13. That We might make it a reminder for you, and that retaining ears might retain it.

14. And when a single blast is sounded on the trumpet.

15. And the earth and the mountains are heaved up and then crushed in a single crash.

16. On that day will the great Event come to pass.

17. And the heaven will cleave asunder, and it will become frail that day.

\*18. And the angels will be standing on the sides thereof, and above them on that day eight angels will bear the Throne of thy Lord.

19. On that day you will be presented before God; and none of your secrets will remain hidden.

20. Then, as for him who is given his record in his right hand, he will say, 'Come, read my record.

فَعَصَوْا رَسُوْلَ رَبِّهِمْ فَاَخَذَهُمْ اَخْذَةً رَّابِيَةً () انَّا لَمَّا طَغَاالْمَاءُ حَمَلْنُ الْحَارِكَة ش لِنَجْعَلَهَا لَكُمْ تَذْكِرَةً وَّ تَعْتَهَآ أَذُنَّ وَّاعِمَةُ ٣ فَاذَا نُفِخَ فِي الصُّوْرِ نَفْخَةٌ وَّاحِدَةً أَ وَّ حُمِلَتِ الْآدُضُ وَ الْجِبَالُ فَدُكَّتَا دَكَّةً وَّاحِدَةً ۞ فَكَهُ مَنْذٍ وَقَعَت الْوَاقِعَةُ أَ و انشقت السماء ۊٵۿػ؋ؖ۞ وَّ الْمَلَكُ عَلَى ٱدْحَا عَرْشَ رَبِّكَ فَوْقَهُمْ يَوْمَبُدْ بَوْمَئِذٍ تُعْرَضُوْنَ لَا تَخْفَى خَافَنَةُ ىمىن أۋ تى فَيَقُوْلُ هَاؤُمُ اقْرَءُوْا كِتْبِيَهِ

 $a i u \mid th$   $\hat{a} \mid h \tau \mid kh \dot{\tau} \mid dh \Rightarrow | s \circ (855)$ ء' | ق q k ج | gh ج | ظ z | ط t (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

<sup>\*11.</sup> And they disobeyed the Messenger of their Lord, therefore He seized them with an ever-tightening grip.

<sup>\*18.</sup> And the Angels will be *standing* on the sides thereof, and above them on that day **the** eight angels will bear the Throne of your Lord.

تَبْرَكَ الَّذِيْ ٢٩ - Part 29

21. 'Surely, I knew that I would meet my reckoning.'

22. So he will have a delightful life,

23. In a lofty Garden,

24. Whereof clusters of fruit will be within easy reach.

25. 'Eat and drink joyfully because of the *good* deeds you did in days gone by.'

26. But as for him who is given his record in his left hand, he will say, 'O would that I had not been given my record!

27. 'Nor known what my reckoning was!

\*28. 'O would that *death* had made an end *of me*!

29. 'My wealth has been of no avail to me.

30. 'My power has perished from me.'

31. 'Seize him and fetter him,

32. 'Then cast him into Hell.

33. 'Then put him into a chain the length of which is seventy cubits;

34. 'Verily, he did not believe in Allāh, the Great,

35. 'And he did not urge the feeding of the poor.

ٳڹٚۨؽۣڟؘٮؘؘڹٛٮٛٲڒٙؽٛڡؙڶۊۛڝٙٵؚۑؚؾۮؖؖ۞ فَهُوَ فِي عِيْشَةِ رَّاضِيَةٍ أَسَ فى جَنَّةٍ عَالِيَةٍ ش قُطُهْ فُهَا دَانِيَةً ٢ كُلُوْا وَ اشْرَبُوْا هَنِيَنَّا بِمَا ٱسْلَفْتُمْ فِي الأتّام الْخَالِبَة وَأَمَّا مَنْ أَوْقِي كِتْبَهُ بِشِمَالِهِ فَيَقُوْلُ لِلَيْتَنِيْ لَمْ أَوْتَ كِتْبِيَهْ أَ وَلَمْ أَدْرِمَا حِسَابِيَهُ أَ لِلَبْتَهَا كَانَتِ الْقَاضِيَةُ مَآ ٱغْنى عَنِّىٰ مَالِيَهُ هَلَكَ عَنِّيْ سُلْطِنِيَهُ أَ ڂؙۯؙۯ؇ڣؘۼؙڷۉ؇ؗۺ ثُمَّ الْجَحِنْمَ صَلُّوْ لَا أَ ثُمَّر في سلسلة ذَرْعُهَا سَبْعُوْنَ ذِرَاعًا فَاشلُكُهُ لا ش إِنَّهُ كَانَ لَا يُؤْمِنُ بِاللهِ الْحَظِيْمِ ٣ وَلَا يَحُضُّ عَلَى طَعَامِ الْمِسْكِيْنِ ٢

\*28. 'How I wish that judgement were a decree for me to perish!

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rhop | \ hh \ rhop | \ rhop | \ hh \ rhop | \ rhop |$ 

36. 'No friend, therefore, has he here this day;

\*37. 'Nor any food save blood mixed with water.

38. 'Which none but the sinners E eat.'

# R. 2.

39. But nay, I swear by all that you see.

40. And by all that you see not,

41. That it is surely the word brought by a noble Messenger; 42. And it is not the word of a poet; little is it that you believe!

43. Nor is it the word of a soothsayer; little is it that you heed!

44. It is a revelation from the Lord of the worlds.

\*45. And if he had forged and attributed any sayings to Us, 46. We would surely have seized

him by the right hand,

\*47. And then surely We would have severed his life-artery,

\*48. And not one of you could have held Us off from him.

49. And verily it is a reminder for the righteous.

\* 37. 'Nor any food save the washing of wounds,

#45. And if he had falsely attributed even a trivial statement to Us,

\*47. And then surely We would have severed his jugular vein.

ء ' اق p اغ f اظ z اظ t اظ t ا ف h ال ال ال ال ال عن p ال ال ال ال ال a i u + ا ف h ال ال h r | kh r | dh i + م ص s (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

فَلَنْسَ لَهُ الْبَوْمَ هُنَّا حَمِنْمُ 🖑 وَّ لَاطَعَامُ إِلَّا مِنْ غِسْلِيْن ٢ لَّا تَا كُلُهُ الَّهِ الْخَاطِئُهُ نَ ٢ فَلَآ أُقْسِمُ بِمَا تُبْصِرُوْنَ أَ وَمَا لَا تُبْصِرُ وْنَ شَ ٳ<sup></sup> ٞ ڐؘۿۮڶڡٙۊٛڮۯۺٷڸػڔؽڝٟ۞ وَّ مَا هُوَ بِقَوْلِ شَاعِر ، قَلِيْلًا تأمنهن ۇلا بىقۇل كاھىن تَ: كُوْنَ ش تَنْزِيْلٌ مِّنْ رَّبِّ الْعُلَمِيْنَ ? وَلَهُ تَقَوَّلُ عَلَيْنَا بَعْضَ الْأَقَاوِيْلَ ٢ كَخَذْنَا مِنْهُ بِالْيَمِيْنِ ش ثُمَّ لَقَطَحْنَا مِنْهُ الْوَتِيْنَ ٢ فَمَا مِنْكُمْ تِّرِنْ عثه أخد کاجزئين@ وَ انَّهُ لَتَذْكِرَةً لِّلْمُتَّ

<sup>\*48.</sup> And none of you could shield him from Us.

Part	29	-	29	الَّذِيْ	تبرك
------	----	---	----	----------	------

50. And, surely, We know that there are some among you who reject *Our Signs*.

51. And, verily, it will be a *source* of regret for the disbelievers.

52. And surely, it is the true certainty.

53. So glorify the name of thy Lord,  $\xi_{0}$  the Great.

وَرِاتَّالَنَعْلَمُ اَتَّمِنْكُمْ مُّكَذِّبِيْنَ۞ وَ اِنَّهْ لَحَشَرَةَ عَلَى الْكُفِرِيْنَ۞ وَ اِنَّهْ لَحَقُّ الْيَقِيْنِ۞ فَسَبِّحْ بِاشْمِرَبِّكَ الْعَظِيْمِ۞

تَبْرَكَ الَّذِيْ Part 29 - 19 اَلْمَعَارِج 4 - Chapter 70 50 60 71

AL-MA'ĀRIJ (Revealed before Hijrah)

2. An inquirer inquires concerning the punishment about to fall

3. Upon the disbelievers, which none can repel.

4. It is from Allāh, Lord of great ascents.

5. The angels and the Spirit ascend to Him in a day the measure of which is fifty thousand years.

6. So be patient with admirable patience.

7. They see it to be far off,

8. But We see it to be nigh.

9. The day when the heaven will become like molten copper,

10. And the mountains will become like flakes of wool,

11. And a friend will not inquire after a friend.

12. They will be placed in sight of one another, and the guilty one would fain ransom himself from the punishment of that day by *offering* his children,

13. And his wife and his brother,

14. And his kinsfolk who sheltered him,

بشمرالله الرَّحْمن الرَّحِيْم () سَالَ سَائِلٌ بِعَذَابٍ وَّاقِعٍ خُ لِّلْكُفِرِيْنَ لَيْسَ لَهُ دَافِحُ 🖑 مِّنَ اللهِ ذِي الْمَعَادِجِ \* تَعْرُجُ الْمَلْئِكَةُ وَالرُّوْحُ إِلَيْهِ فَ يَوْمِ كَانَ مِقْدَارُة خَمْسِيْنَ ٱلْغَ سَنَة فَاصْبِرْ صَبْرًا جَمِيْلًا 🕑 ٳڷٞۿؗؗۿۯڮۯۅٛڹؘۮؘؽۼؽڋٳ۞ ۊ*ٚ*ڹؘۯٮۿۊڔؽؚٵؚ۞۫ بَهْ مَرْتَكُوْنُ السَّبَمَاءُ كَالْمُهْلِ أَ وَتَكُوْنُ الْجِبَالُ كَالْعِهْنِ 🖑 وكانشك حمشم حميما يَّبَصَّرُوْنَهُمْ ، يَوَدُّ الْمُجْرِمُ لَوْ يَفْتَدِيْ مِنْ عَذَابٍ يَوْمِئِزُ بِبَنِيْهِ ٣

> ۉڝؘاحِبَڗؚ؋ۉؘٵڿؽۅۛ ۉ؋ؘڝؽڶڗؚۅؚٵڵؖڗؚؽؚ۠ؾ۠ٶۣؽۅۨ

 $a i u + h \tau + h$ 

تَبْرَكَ الَّذِيْ Part 29 - ۲۹

15. And by offering all those who are on the earth, if only thus he might save himself.

16. But no! surely it is a flame of Fire,

17. Stripping off the skin *even* to the extremities *of the body*.

18. It will call him who turned his back and retreated

19. And hoarded *wealth*, and withheld *it*.

20. Verily, man is born impatient and miserly.

21. When evil touches him, he is full of lamentation,

22. But when good falls to his *lot*, he is niggardly.

23. But not those who pray.

24. Those who are constant in their Prayer,

25. And those in whose wealth there is a recognized right

\*26. For one who asks *for help* and *for one* who does not.

27. And those who believe the Day of Judgment to be a reality,

28. And those who are fearful of the punishment of their Lord—

\*29. Verily the punishment of their Lord is not *a thing* to feel secure from—

30. And those who guard their private parts—

ب الأدْضِ جَمِنْعًا التُمَّ **ب** , ۹ **نَزَّ**اعَةً لِلشَّهٰي<sup>®</sup> تَدْعُوْا مَنْ أَدْبَرَ وَتَوَلَّى أَ وَ حَمَعَ فَأَوْغِ () إِنَّ الْانْسَانَ خُلَقَ هَلُوْعًا أَ إذَامَتَه فُالشَّرُّ جَزُوْعًا أَ وَّ إِذَامَتَ هُ الْخَبْرُ مَنُهُ عَاشً المُصَلّدُن الَّذِيْنَ هُمْ عَلْى صَلَاتِهِمْ دَآئِمُوْنَ شَ وَ الَّذِينَ فِيٓ آمَوَالِهِمْ حَقٌّ مَّعْلُوْمً ٥ لِّلسَّائِلِ وَالْمَحْرُوْمِ 🖑 وَالَّذِيْنَ يُصَرِّقُوْنَ بِيَوْمِ الدِّيْنِ ١ وَ الَّذَيْنَ هُمْ مِّنْ عَذَابٍ رَبِّهِمْ مَشْفِقُوْنَ ٢ اِنَّ عَذَابَ رَبِّهِمْ غَيْرُ مَ وَ الَّذِيْنَ هُمْ لِفُرُوْجِهِمْ خْفِظُوْنَ ٢

\*26. For the beggar and the destitute who begs not.\*29. Verily the punishment of their Lord is unsparing.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ r & | \ h \ \tau & | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} & | \ dh \ \dot{s} & | \ s \ of \ ransiliteration on \ page \ p'). \end{array}$ 

Part	29	-	۲9	الدِيْ	تَبْرَكَ
------	----	---	----	--------	----------

31. Except from their wives and *from* those whom their right hands possess; such indeed are not to blame;

32. But those who seek to go beyond that, it is these who are transgressors—

33. And those who are watchful of their trusts and their covenants,

34. And those who are upright in their testimonies,

\*35. And those who are strict in the observance of their Prayer.

36. These will be in the Gardens, Eduly honoured.

R. 2.

37. But what is the matter with those who disbelieve, that they come hastening towards thee,

38. From the right hand and from the left, in different parties?

39. Does every man among them hope to enter the Garden of Bliss?

40. Never! We have created them of that which they know.

41. But nay! I swear by the Lord of the easts and of the wests, that We have the power

42. To bring in their place others better than they, and We cannot be frustrated *in Our plans*.

**\***35. And those who stand guard over their Prayers.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ \dot{\tau} \ \dot{\tau}$ 

اِلَّا عَلَى ٱزْوَاجِهِمْ ٱوْ مَا مَلَكَتْ ٱيْمَانُهُمْ فَاتَّهُمْ غَيْرُ مَلُوْمِيْنَ شَ فَمَنِ ابْتَغْ وَرَآء ذٰلِكَ فَاوَلَئِكَ هُمُ الْحُدُوْنَ شَ وَ الَّذِينَ هُمْ لِأَمْنَتِهِمْ قَائِمُوْنَ شَ وَ الَّذِينَ هُمْ عَلْ صَلَا تِهِمْ اوَلَئِكَ فِيْ جَنَّتٍ مُكْرَمُوْنَ شَ فَمَال الَّذِيرَ كَفَرُوْا قَمَلَكَ

هما بسريف مسرود ببنا مُهْطِعِيْنَ هُ عَنِ الْيَمِيْنِ وَ عَنِ الشِّمَالِ عِزِيْنَ ٢ اَ يَطْمَعُ كُلُّ اسْرِئَ مِّنْهُمْ آنْ يُدْخَلَ جَنَّةَ نَعِيْمِ أَ كَلَّا ما تَعْدَمُ مِتَمَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ ؟ فَلَا اقْسِمُ بِرَبِ الْمَشْرِقِ وَالْمَعْرِبِ إِنَّا لَقْدِرُوْنَ أَ يَمَسْبُوْقِيْنَ؟

تَبْرَكَ الَّذِيْ Part 29 - ٢٩	AL-MA'ĀRIJ	اَلْمَعَارِج Chapter 70 - 4۰ ج
<ul> <li>43. So leave them alone to in in idle talk and play until they that day of theirs which the promised,</li> <li>*44. The day when they will forth from their graves hast as though they were racing target,</li> <li>45. With their eyes cast dow disgrace will cover them. S</li> </ul>	y meet ey are ening, g to a n; and ثَنَّهُ	نَذَرَهُمْ يَخُوْضُوْا وَ يَلْعَبُوْا حَتَّى يُلْقُوْا يَوْمَهُمُ الَّذِيْ يُوْعَدُوْنَ شَ يَوْمَ يَخْرُجُوْنَ مِنَ الْاَجْدَاثِ سِرَ كَاتَّهُمْ إلى نُصُبٍ يُوْفِضُوْنَ شَ خَاشِعَةً آبْصَارُهُمْ تَرْهَقُهُمْ ذِلَّ ذٰلِكَ الْيَوْمُ الَّذِيْ كَانُوْا يُوْعَدُوْنَ
the day which they are promi	ised. $\bigwedge^{\bullet}$ $\textcircled{\label{eq:sed}}$	دليك اليوم الدي كانوا يوعدون

\*44. The day when they would emerge from their graves rushing forth as if they were hastening towards their targets,

تَبْرَكَ الَّذِيْ Part 29 - 19 نوح ال - Chapter 71

**NŪĻ** (Revealed before Hijrah)

2. We sent Noah to his people, *saying*, 'Warn thy people before there comes upon them a grievous punishment.'

3. He said, 'O my people! surely I am a plain Warner unto you,

4. 'That you serve Allāh and fear Him and obey me.

5. 'He will forgive you your sins and grant you respite till an appointed time. Verily the time appointed by Allāh cannot be put : back when it comes, if only you Example.

6. He said, "My Lord, I have called my people night and day,

7. "But my calling *them* has only made them flee *from me* all the more.

8. "And every time I called them that Thou mightest forgive them, they put their fingers into their ears,

- \*and covered up their hearts, and persisted *in their iniquity*, and were disdainfully proud.
- \*9. "Then, I called them to righteousness openly.

بشمرائله الرَّحْمَن الرَّجِبْمِ () انَّا ٱ (سَلْنَا نُوْحًا إِلَى قَوْمَةَ أَنْ ٱنْزَرْ قَوْمَكَ مِنْ قَبْل أَنْ يَأْتِيَهُمْ عَذَابً اَلِيْمٌ () ݝؘݳ*ݢ*ڸڡؘٙۉڡؚڔٳڹٚٙؽٛڶػؙۿۯڹٙڋؚؽۯٞۺ ٱن اعْبُدُوا اللهَ وَاتَّقُوْ لاَوَ ٱطْبُعُوْن شَ يَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ مِّنْ ذُنُوْبِكُمْ وَ يُؤَخِّرْكُمْ إِلَى أَجَلٍ مُّسَمًّى ﴿ إِنَّ أَجَلَ اللهِ إِذَا جَاءَكَا يُؤَخَّرُ مِلَوْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُوْنَ. قَالَ رَبِّ اِنْفِ دَعَوْتُ قَوْمِيْ لَيْلًا وَنَعَادًا أَن فَكَمْرِيَزِدْهُمْدُ حُمَاءِنَ إِلَّا فِرَادًا ۞ وَإِنَّىٰ كُلَّمَا دَعَوْ تُهُمْ لِتَغْفِرَ لَهُمْ حَعَلُقًا أصابعهم فت أذانيهم واستغشوا ثبابهم و أصرُّوا واستَكْبَرُوا اشتكتارًا ثُمَّر إِنَّىٰ دَعَوْتُهُمْ جِهَارًا 🖱

\*8. and wrapped their garments around them and persisted in their iniquity, and behaved with exceeding arrogance.

\*9. 'Then I invited them to Your path openly.

10. "Then I preached to them in public, and *also* spoke to them in private.

\*11. "And I said, 'Seek forgiveness of your Lord; for He is the Great Forgiver.

12. 'He will send down rain for you in abundance,

13. 'And He will strengthen you with wealth and *with* children, and He will give you gardens and He will give you rivers.

- \*14. 'What is the matter with you that you expect not wisdom and staidness from Allāh?
- \*15. 'And He has created you in *different* forms and *different* conditions.
- \*16. 'Have you not seen how Allāh has created seven heavens in *perfect* harmony,

17. 'And has placed the moon therein as a light, and made the sun as a lamp?

- \*18. 'And Allāh has caused you to grow as a *good* growth from the earth,
- \*19. 'Then will He cause you to return thereto, and He will bring

ثُمَّر اِنِّيَ آعْلَنْتُ لَهُمْ وَ ٱسْرَدْتُ لَهُمْ اِسْرَارًا ۞ فَقُلْتُ اسْتَغْفِرُوْا رَبَّكُمْ ﴿ اِنَّهُ كَانَ غَفَّارًا ۞ تَكُمْ جَنَّتٍ وَ يَجْعَلْ تَكُمْ آنْهُرًا ۞ مَالَكُمْ كَاتَرْجُوْنَ لِلٰهِ وَقَارًا ۞

وَقَدْ خَلَقَكُمْ اَطْوَارًا (

ٱكَمْ تَرَوْا كَيْفَ خَلَقَ اللهُ سَبْعَ سَمُوْتٍ طِبَاقًا وَ جَعَلَ الْقَمَرَ فِيْهِنَّ نُوْرًا وَّ جَعَلَ الشَّمْسَ سِرَاجًا۞ وَ اللهُ ٱنْبَتَكُمْ مِّنَ الْآدْضِ نَبَاتًا۞

ثُمَّ بُعِبْدُكُمْ فَيْهَا وَ يُخْرِجُكُمْ

- \*11. 'And I said, 'Seek forgiveness of your Lord; for He is exceedingly Forgiving.
- \*14. 'What is the matter with you that you do not ascribe dignity to Allāh.
- \*15. 'And certainly He has created you in stages.
- \*16. 'Have you not observed how Allāh has created seven heavens tier upon tier?
- \*18. 'And Allāh has raised you from the earth like the raising of vegetation.
- \*19. 'Then will He return you therein and bring you forth in a special way.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rhotomode | \ th \ rhotomode | \ h \ rhotomode | \ rhot$ 

you forth a new bringing forth.

20. 'And Allāh has made the earth for you a wide expanse

21. 'That you may traverse the open En ways thereof.'"

R. 2.

22. Noah said, "My Lord, they have disobeyed me, and followed one whose wealth and children have only added to his ruin.

23. "And they have planned a mighty plan.

24. "And they say to one another, 'Forsake not your gods under any circumstances. And forsake neither Wadd, nor Suwā', nor Yaghūth and Ya'ūq and Nasr‡.'

25. "And they have led many astray; so increase Thou not the wrongdoers but in error."

26. Because of their sins they were drowned and made to enter Fire. And they found no helpers for themselves against Allāh.

\*27. And Noah said, 'My Lord, leave not in the land a single one of the disbelievers;

28. 'For, if Thou dost leave them, they will *only* lead astray Thy

اخْدَاحًا ( وَاللهُ جَعَلَ لَكُمُ الْأَرْضَ بِسَاطًا ﴿ لِتَسْلُكُوْا مِنْهَا سُبُلَافِجَاجًا قَالَ نُوْحُ رَّبِّ إِنَّهُمْ عَصَوْنِيْ وَ اتَّبَعُوْا مَنْ لَّمْ يَنِدْهُ مَالُهُ وَ وَلَدُهُ إِلَّا ذَ اللهُ اللهُ ، مَكَرُوْا مَكُرًا كُبَّارًا شَ وَ قَالُوْا كَا تَذَرُنَّ الْهَتَكُمْ وَ لَا تَذَرُنَّ وَدًّا وَّ كَلَّ سُوَاعًا لا وَّ لَا تَغُوْثَ وَ تَعُوْقَ وَ نَشْرًا شَ وَقَدْ أَضَلُّوْا كَثِيْرًا ةَ وَكَا تَزِدِ الظَّلِمِيْ الكضلار مِمَّا خَطِيَّا بِهِمْ ٱغْرِقُوْا فَأَدْخِلُوْا نَارًا لا فَلَمْ يَجدُوْا لَهُمْ مِّنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ **أنْصَ**ادًا (m) وَقَالَ نُوْحٌ دَّبٍّ كَا تَذَدْ عَلَى الْآدْضِ مِنَ الْكْفِرِيْنَ دَيَّارًا ٢ إِنَّكَ إِنْ تَذَرُهُمْ بُصَلُّوا عِمَادَكَ وَ لَا

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ of \ ransliteration on \ page \ p').$ 

<sup>‡</sup>Idols of pagan Arabs.

<sup>\* 27.</sup> And Noah said, 'My Lord leave not in the land a single one of the disbelievers as dwellers therein;

تَبْرَكَ اَنَّذِيْ Part 29 - ۲۹	NŪĻ	نُوْح ا4 - Chapter 71
servants and will not give birth bu to a sinner <i>and</i> a disbeliever.		يَلِدُوْٓ الِّكَ فَاجِرًا كَفَّارًا ۞
29. 'My Lord, forgive me and m parents, and him who enters m house as a believer, and th	V	رَبِّ اغْفِرْ لِيْ وَ لِوَالِدَيَّ وَ لِ دَخَلَ بَيْتِي مُؤْمِنًا وَّ لِلْمُؤْ
believing men and the believin women; and increase Thou not th wrongdoers but in perdition.'		وَالْمُؤْمِنْتِ ، وَكَاتَزِدِ الظَّلِمِ

تَبْرَكَ الَّذِيْ Part 29 - ٢٩ أَلَجِنَ 1/2 - Chapter 72

**AL-JINN** (Revealed before Hijrah)

2. Say, "It has been revealed to me that a company of the Jinn listened, and they said: 'Truly we have heard a Qur'ān that is wonderful,

3. 'It guides to the right way; so we have believed in it, and we will not associate any one with our Lord.

4. 'And *we believe* that the Majesty of our Lord is exalted. He has taken neither wife nor son unto Himself.

5. 'And *it is true* that the foolish amongst us used to utter extravagant lies concerning Allāh.

6. 'And we thought that men and Jinn would never speak a lie concerning Allāh.

7. 'And indeed some men from among the common folk used to seek the protection of some men from among the Jinn, and they *thus* increased *the latter in* their pride;

8. 'And indeed they thought, even as you think, that Allāh would never raise any *Messenger*.

9. 'And we sought to reach heaven, but we found it filled with strong guards and shooting stars.

بشمرالله الرَّحْمَن الرَّحِيْمِ () قُلْ أَوْجِي إِلَى آنَّهُ اسْتَمَعَ نَفَرَّمِّنَ الْجِنِّ فَقَالُوٓا إِنَّا سَمِعْنَا قُرْانًا ءَحَبًاڻ يَّهْدِيْ إِلَى الرُّشْدِ فَامَنَّا بِهِ • وَلَنْ نَّشُركَ بِرَبِّنَآ أَحَدًا ۞ وَّ ٱنَّهٰ تَعلى جَدُّ رَبِّنَامَا اتَّخَذَ صَاحِ . وَّ ٱنَّهٰ كَانَ بَقُوْلُ سَفِد مُنَاعَلَ الله شططًاه وَّ آنًا ظَنَنًّا آنْ لَّنْ تَقُوْلَ الْإِنْسُ وَالْجِنُّ عَلَى اللهِ كَذِبًّا 🖑 وَّ ٱنَّهٰ كَانَ رِجَالً مِنَ الْإِنْسِ يَعُوْذُوْنَ بر حَال مِّنَ الْجِنِّ فَزَادُوْ هُمْ رَهَقًا ٥ وَ ٱنَّهُمْ ظُنُّوا كَمَا ظَنَنْتُمْ آنْ لَّنْ تَبْعَثَ اللهُ أَحَدًا ٨ وَ آنًا لَمَسْنَا السَّمَاء فَوَحَدْنُهَا مُلِنَتْ حَرَسًا شَدِيدًا وَّشُهُبًا أُ

10. 'And we used to sit on some of its seats to listen. But whoso listens now, finds a shooting star in ambush for him.

11. 'And we know not whether evil is intended for those who are in the earth or whether their Lord intends *something* good for them.

12. 'And some of us are righteous and some of us are otherwise; and we are sects holding different views.

13. 'And we know that we cannot frustrate *the plan of* Allāh in the earth, nor can we escape Him by flight.

14. 'And when we heard the *call to* guidance, we believed in it. And he who believes in his Lord has no fear of loss or injustice.

15. 'And some of us submit to God and some of us have deviated from the right course.'" And those who submit to God—it is these who seek the right course.

16. And as for those who deviate *from the right course*, they are the fuel of Hell.

17. And if they keep to the *right* path, We shall certainly provide them with abundant water to drink,

18. That We may try them thereby. And whoso turns away from the remembrance of his Lord—He will push him into an overwhelmingly severe punishment.

مَّ اَنَّا ڪُنَّا نَقْعُدُ مِنْهَا مَقَاعِدَ لِلسَّمْعِ ﴿ فَمَنْ يَسْتَمِعِ الْأَنْ يَجدْلَهُ شهابًا دَّصدًا شَ وَّ ٱنَّا لَا نَدْرِيٓ ٱ شَرًّ أَرِيدَ بِمَنْ فِي الْأَرْضِ أَمْر أَرَادَ بِهِمْر رَبُّهُمْر رَشَّدًا أَ وَّ ٱنَّا مِنَّا الصَّلِحُوْنَ وَمِنَّا دُوْنَ ذٰلِكَ ﴿ كُنَّاطَرَآئِقَ قِدَدًا أَ وَّ ٱنَّا ظَنَتُنَا أَنْ لَنْ نُعْجِزَ اللهَ فِ الْاَدْضِ وَكَنْ نَّعْجِزَهُ هَرَبًا ﴾ وَّ ٱنَّا لَمَّا سَمِعْنَا الْهُدَى أَمَنَّا بِهِ فَمَنْ يُؤْمِنْ بِرَبِّهٖ فَلَا يَخَافُ بَخْسً وَّلَا دَهَقًا ﴿ وَ آنًا منًّا الْمُسْلِمُهْتَ وَ مِنًّا الْقَاسِطُوْنَ \* فَمَنْ ٱسْلَمَ فَأُولَئِكَ تَحَوَّ ( رَشَرًا هِ وَ آمَّا الْقَاسِطُوْنَ فَكَانُوْا لِجَهَنَّ حَطَـًا وَّ أَنْ لَهُوا سَتَقَامُوا عَلَى الطَّرِيْقَةِ كَشْقَنْدُهُ مَّاءًغَدَقًا لِنَفْتِنَهُمْ فِيْهِ . وَمَنْ يُعْرِضْ عَنْ ذِكْرِ زَتِهِ بَسْلُكُهُ عَذَا يَاصَعَدًا أَ

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ r & | \ h \ r & | \ kh \ r & | \ dh \ s & | \ s & s \\ (See details of transilieration on page \ p'). \end{array}$ 

تَبْرَكَ الَّذِيْ Part 29 - ۲۹

19. And all places of worship belong to Allah; so call not on any one beside Allāh.

20. And when the Servant of Allah stands up praying to Him, they Ę. crowd upon him, well nigh suffocating him.

21. Say, 'I pray to my Lord only, and Lassociate no one with Him.'

22. Say, 'I have no power to do you either harm or good.'

23. Say, 'Surely none can protect me against Allāh, nor can I find any place of refuge beside Him.

24. 'My responsibility is only to convey the revelation from Allah, and His Messages.' And for those who disobey Allah and His Messenger there is the fire of Hell, wherein they will abide for a long, long period.

25. They will continue to disbelieve until they see that which they are promised, and soon they will know who is weaker in helpers and fewer in numbers.

26. Say, 'I know not whether that which you are promised is nigh or whether my Lord has fixed for it a distant term.'

\*27. He is the Knower of the unseen; and He reveals not His secrets to any one,

وَّ اَنَّ الْمَسْجِدَ لِتَّهِ فَلَا تَدْعُوْا مَعَ اللهِ أكداره وَّ ٱنَّهُ لَمَّا قَامَ عَبْدُ الله بَدْعُوْهُ كَادُوْا تكُوْنُوْنَ عَلَيْهِ لِتَدًا ٢ قُلْ إِنَّمَآ أَدْعُوْا رَبِّي وَلَآ أُشْرِكُ بِهَ أحَدًا قُلْ إِنَّى كَمَّ آمُلِكُ لَكُمْ ضَرًّا وَّ لَا دَشَدًا ٢ قُلْ اِنِّي لَنْ يُجِيْرَنِيْ مِنَ اللهِ أَحَدُهُ وَّكَنْ أَجِدَمِنْ دُوْنِهِ مُلْتَحَدًا ش إِلَّا بَلْغًا مِّنَ اللهِ وَ دِسْلَتِهِ ﴿ وَ مَنْ تَعْص اللهَ وَ رَسُوْلَهُ فَإِنَّ لَهُ نَارَ جَهَنَّمَ خَلِدِينَ فَنْهَا ٱ بَدَّاش ب إذًا رَأَوْا مَا يُوْعَدُوْتَ

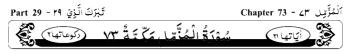
فسيغكمون من أضعف ناصرًا وَّ ٱقَلُّ عَدَدًا @ قُلْ إِنْ أَدْدِينَ أَ قَرِيْبٌ مَّا تُوْعَدُوْنَ أَمْر يَجْعَلُ لَهُ رَبِّيٓ أَ مَدًّا عٰلِمُ الْغَيْبِ فَلَا يُظْهِرُ عَلَى أحَدًا

27. He is the Knower of the unseen, and He does not grant anyone ascendency over His domain of the unseen.

(See details of transliteration on page 'p').

تَبْرَكَ اتَّذِيْ Part 29 - ۲۹	AL-JINN	أَلْجِنّ 14 - Chapter 72
*28. Except to him w chooses, namely a Mess	concor of	الله مَنِ ادْتَضْعَ مِنْ رَّسُوْ
His. And then He causes of guarding angels to g		یَشلُكُ مِنْ بَیْنِ یَدَیْهِ وَ مِرْ دَصَدًا
him and behind him, 29. That He may know	ب رَبِّهِمْ that they	لَي يَعْلَمَ أَنْ قَدْ أَبْلَغُوْا رِسْلْنِ
(His Messengers) have the Messages of their Lord encompasses <i>all</i> that is v	¥ "	وَٱحَاطَ بِمَالَدَ يُهِمْ وَٱحْطَى خُ
and He keeps count of all		عَدَدًا 🕅

\*28. Except him whom He chooses as *His* Messenger. And in front of him and at the back of him march *angels* as sentinels.



AL-MUZZAMMIL (Revealed before Hijrah)

\*2. O thou who art bearing *a heavy* responsibility,

3. Stand up *in Prayer* at night except a small portion thereof—

4. Half of it, or make it a little less than that

5. Or make it a little more than that—and recite the Qur'ān slowly and thoughtfully.

6. Verily, We are charging thee with a weighty Word.

7. Verily, getting up at night is the most potent means of subduing *the self* and most effective in respect of words *of prayer*.

8. Thou hast indeed, during the day, *a* long *chain of* engagements.

9. So remember the name of thy Lord, and devote *thyself* to Him with full devotion.

10. *He is the* Lord of the East and the West; there is no God but He; so take Him as *thy* Guardian.

11. And bear patiently all that they say; and part with them in a decent manner.

12. And leave Me alone with those who reject *the truth*, possessors of ease and plenty; and give them a little respite.

بِسْمِ اللّهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () يَكَيُّهَا الْمُزَّقِيلُ " قُمِ الَّيْدَلَ الَّا قَلِيْلًا " نِّصْفَهَ آوِ انْقُصْ مِنْهُ قَلِيْلًا " آوْ ذِهْ عَلَيْهِ وَ رَبِّلِ الْقُرَانَ تَرْتِيْلًا ©

اِنَّا سَنُلْعِيْ عَلَيْكَ قَوْلًا تَقِيْلًا () اِنَّ نَاشِئَةَ الَّيْلِ هِي اَشَدُ وَطْأً وَّ اَقْوَمُ قِيْلًا () وَ اَقْوَمُ قِيلًا () وَ اَنْ كُرِاسْمَ رَبِّكَ وَ تَبَتَّلْ اللَيهِ مَوْفَاتَخِذْهُ وَكِيْلًا () هُوَفَاتَخِذْهُ وَكِيْلًا () وَ اصْبِرْ عَلْى مَا يَقُوْلُوْنَ وَ اهْجُرْهُمْ هُجُرًا جَمِيْلًا () وَ مَهْدُهُمْ قَلْيُلًا ()

\*2. O you who has wrapped *himself* in a robe.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ dh \ \dot{r} \ | \ dh \ \dot{r} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ content \ \delta \ content \ \delta \ content \ content\ content \ content \ content \ content\ \$ 

13. Surely, with Us are *heavy* fetters and a *raging* fire,

14. And food that chokes, and a painful punishment—

15. On the day when the earth and the mountains shall quake, and the mountains will become like crumbling sandhills.

16. Verily, We have sent to you a Messenger, who is a Witness over you, even as We sent a Messenger to Pharaoh.

17. But Pharaoh disobeyed the Messenger, so We seized him with a terrible seizing.

\*18. How will you then, if you disbelieve, guard yourselves against a day which will turn children greyheaded?

19. On that day the heaven will be rent asunder and His promise will be fulfilled.

20. This, surely, is a reminder. So let him, who will, take a way unto his Lord.

## R. 2.

21. Surely, thy Lord knows that thou standest up *praying* for nearly two-thirds of the night, and *sometimes* half or a third thereof, and also a party of those who are with thee. And Allāh determines the measure of the night and the day. He knows that you cannot

انَّ لَدَيْنَآ ٱنْكَالَا وَ جَجِبْهَا وَ طَعامًاذَا غُصَّة وَ عَذَابًا ٱلْمُمَّاشُ يَوْمَرْتَرْجُفُ الْأَرْضُ وَالْجِبَالُ وَكَانَتِ الْجبَالُ كَثِيْبًا مَّهِيلًا @ انَّ آ السَلْنَآ الَيُكُمْ رَسُوْلًا لا شَاهِدًا عَلَيْكُمْ كَمَا ٱرْسَلْنَا إلى فِرْعَهْنَ <u>ک</u> سُمْلًا ش فَعَطِي فِرْعَوْتُ الرَّسُوْلَ فَاخَذْنُهُ ٱڂٛۮ۠ٙٳۊۜؠؽ<u>ٳ</u>ۜڰ فَجَيْفَ تَتَقَوْنَ إِنْ كَفَرْتُمْ مَوْمًا يَجْعَلُ الْوِلْدَانَ شِيْبَا السَّمَاءُ مُنْفَطِرُ بِهِ . كَانَ وَعْدُهُ مَفْعُهُلا إِنَّ هٰذِهِ تَذْكِرَةُ ، فَحَنْ شَاء اتَّخَذَ الى رَبِّه سَبِيُلًا ٢٠ انَّ رَبَّكَ بَعْلَمُ أَنَّكَ تَقُوْمُ أَدْنِي مِنْ ثُلُثَى الَّيْلِ وَ نِصْفَهُ وَ ثُلُثَهُ وَ طَأَبُفَةُ يِّنَ الَّذِينَ مَعَكَ ، وَ اللهُ مُقَدَّرُ الَّعْلَ وَالنَّهَارَ لِعَلَمَ أَنْ لَّنْ تُحْصُوْهُ فَتَابَ عَلَيْكُمْ فَاقْرَءُوْا مَا تَبَشَّرَ مِنْ

\* 18. How will you then, if you disbelieve, guard yourselves against a day which will turn the children's hair grey.

<u>ب</u>ع

# تَبْرَكَ الَّذِيْ ٢٩ - Part 29

بلغ

keep its measure, so He has turned to you in mercy. Recite, then, as much of the Qur'an as is easy for vou. He knows that there will be some among you who may be sick and others who may travel in the land seeking Allah's bounty, and others who may fight in the cause of Allah. So recite of it that which is easy for vou, and observe Prayer, and pay the Zakāt, and lend to Allāh a goodly loan. And whatever good you send on before you for your souls, you will find it with Allah. It will be better and greater in reward. And seek forgiveness of Allāh. Surely, Allāh is Most Forgiving, Merciful.

الْقُرْانِ ، عَلِمَ آنْ سَيَكُوْنُ مِنْكُمْ تَمَرْضَى وَ اخْرُوْنَ يَضْرِبُوْنَ فِي الْأَرْضِ يَبْتَغُوْنَ مِنْ فَضْلِ اللهِ وَ اخْرُوْنَ يُقَاتِلُوْنَ فِيْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ وَ الصَّلُوةَ وَ انْتُوا تَيَسَرَ مِنْهُ وَ آقَرِضُوا اللَّه قَرْضًا حَسَنًا ( وَ مَا تُقَرِّمُوْا كِأَنْفُسِكُمْ مِّنْ خَيْرٍ تَجِدُوْهُ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ هُوَ خَيْرًا وَ آعْظَمَ آجْرًا ﴿ وَ اسْتَغْفِرُوا اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَنْوَا لَ



AL-MUDDATHTHIR (Revealed before Hijrah)

In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.
 O thou that has wrapped *thyself* with thy mantle!
 Arise and warn.

\*4. And thy Lord do thou magnify.

\*5. And thy heart do thou purify,

6. And uncleanliness do thou shun,

7. And bestow not favours seeking to get more *in return*,

8. And for the sake of thy Lord do thou endure patiently.

9. And when the trumpet is sounded,

10. That day will be a distressful day.

11. For the disbelievers it will be anything but easy.

12. Leave Me to deal with him whom I created alone,

13. And *then* I gave him abundant wealth,

14. And sons, abiding in his presence,

#### \*4. And your Lord do extol.

#### \*5. And your garments do purify,

Note: The word *thiyabāka* ((zz)) may mean heart but only if it were taken as a figure of speech. But the problem is that the word *thiyāb* ((zz)) literally means clothes or garments. So if one treats it as a figure of speech then the heart is not the only possible interpretation. More likely perhaps *thiyabāka* ((zz)) in this context could refer to the companions of the Holy Prophet (may peace and blessings of Allāh be upon him) and the others close to him. Hence the suggested alternative translation is literal providing the reader a wider choice of interpretation.

بشم الله الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () لَا يُها الْمُدَ<sup>ّ</sup>ثُورُ قُمْ فَاَنْزَرُ ٢ وَ رَتَّكَ فَكَبَّرُ أَنَّ ۇ ثىتا ئىڭ فْطَقْرْ رَ وَ التَّجْزَ فَاهْحُنَ شَ وَلاَتَمْنُنْ تَسْتَكْتُوُ وَلِرَبِكَ فَاصْبَرْ ٥ فَاذَا نُقِرَ فِي النَّاقُونَ فَذٰلِكَ يَوْمَبُذِيَّوْمُ عَسِيْرًا عَلَى الْكُفِرِيْنَ غَيْرُ يَسِيْرِ () ذَرْ نِيْ وَ مَنْ خَلَقْتُ وَ حِبْدًا شَ وَّ حَعَلْتُ لَهُ مَالًا مَّمْدُوْ دًا أُ وَّ مَنْهُنَ شُهُهُ دًا شَ 15. And I prepared for him all necessary things.

16. Yet he desires that I should give *him* more.

17. Certainly not! for he has been hostile to Our Signs.

18. I shall soon inflict on him an overwhelming hardship.

19. Lo! he reflected and calculated!

20. Ruin seize him! how he calculated!

21. Ruin seize him again! how he calculated!

22. Then he looked,

23. Then he frowned and scowled,

24. Then he turned away and was disdainful,

25. And said, 'This is nothing but magic handed down;

26. 'This is nothing but the word of man.'

- \*27. Soon shall I cast him into the fire of Hell.
- \*28. And what makes thee know what Hell-fire is?
- \*29. It spares not and it leaves naught.
- \*30. It scorches the face.

31. Over it are nineteen angels.

- 32. And none but angels have We
- \*27. Soon shall I cast him into 'Saqar'.
- \*28. And what can make you know what 'Saqar' is?
- \*29. It spares not and leaves nothing.
- ≈ 30. It scorches the skin.

 $a i u + | th \stackrel{\circ}{=} | h \tau | kh \stackrel{i}{\neq} | dh \stackrel{\circ}{=} | s \stackrel{\circ}{=} (875) \stackrel{\circ}{=} a i u + | i \stackrel{\circ}{=} | s \stackrel{\circ}{=} |$ 

اَلْمُدَّ ثِبِّر ٢٢ Chapter 74 - ٢4 <u>ۊؘۜ</u>مَهۜۮؚؾؙؖڶۮ۬ؾؘۿڣؽڋٳۿ ثُمَّر يَطْمَعُ أَنْ أَزِيْدَ أَ ڪَلَّر اِنَّهٰ کَانَ لِإٰلِيتِنَا عَنِيْدًا ۞ سَارُهِقُهٔ صَعُوْدًا ٥ انَّهٰ فَكَرَوَ قَدَّدُهُ فَقْتِلَ كَنْفَ قَدَّرَهُ ثُمَّ قُتلَ كَنْفَ قَدَّرَشَ ثُةَ نَظَ شَ ثُمَّ عَدَسَ وَ بَسَرَ شَ ثُمَّ أَدْبَرَ وَ اسْتَكْبَرُ أَ فَقَالَ إِنْ هٰذَآ إِلَّا سِحْرَ تُبُؤْثُرُ أَ<sup>(</sup> اِنْ هٰذَ آ اِتَّا قَوْلُ الْبَشَرِ ٢ سَاصلِيْهِ سَقَرَ ٢ وَمَا اَدْل لِكَ مَا سَقَرُ شُ <u>ك</u> تُبْعَىٰ وَلَا تَذَرُ شَ لَوَّاحَةً لِّلْبَشَرِ أَ عَلَيْهَا تَسْعَةً عَشَرَ أَ وَمَا جَعَلْنَآ أَصْحْبَ النَّارِ إِلَّا

made wardens of the Fire. And We have not fixed their number except as a trial for those who disbelieve. so that those who have been given the Book may attain to certainty. and those who believe may increase in faith, and those who have been given the Book as well as the believers may not doubt, and that those in whose hearts is disease and the disbelievers may say, 'What does Allah mean by such an illustration?' Thus does Allah adjudge astray whom He pleases and guide whom He pleases. And none knows the hosts of thy Lord but He. And this is nothing but a Reminder for man.

### R. 2.

33. Nay, by the moon,

34. And by the night when it retreats.

35. And by the dawn when it shines forth.

36. Verily, it is one of the greatest calamities.

37. A warning to man,

38. To him among you who wishes to advance or hang back.

39. Every soul is pledged for what it has earned:

40. Except those on the right hand.

41. They will be in Gardens asking one another

مَلَئَكَةً وَوَمَا حَعَلْنَاعِدَّ تَفُمُ اللَّ فَتُنَةً لِّلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا الِيَسْتَيْقِنَ الَّذِينَ ٱوْتُوا الْكِتْبَ وَ يَزْدَادَ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوَّا الممانًا و كَلا يَرْتَاب المَنْيُرِي أَوْتُوا الْكِتْبَ وَ الْمُؤْمِنُوْنَ وَ لِمَقُوْلَ الَّذِينَ فِيْ قُلُوْبِهِمْ مَّرَضٌ وَّ الْكَفِرُوْنَ مَاذَآ ٱرَاحَ اللهُ بِهٰذَا مَتَلًا مَكَذَلِكَ يُضِلُّ اللهُ مَنْ تَشَاءُ وَ بَهْدِيْ مَنْ تَشَاءُ وَمَا يَعْلَمُ جُنُوْدَ رَبِّكَ إِلَّا هُوَ . وَ مَا - ur 2 هِيَ إِلَّا ذِكْرِي لِلْبَشَرِ شَ

كَلَّدوَالْقَمَرِ أَ وَ الَّيْلِ إِذْ ٱدْبَرَ شَّ وَالصُّبْحِ إِذَا آَسْفَرَ اللُّ إِنَّهَا لَاحْدَى الْكُبَرِ<sup>ش</sup> نَزِيرًا لِّلْبَشَرِ ٢ لِمَرِثِ شَاءَ مِنْكُمْ أَنْ تَتَقَدَّمَ أَوْ ، يَاخَّهُ ٢ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ بِمَاكَسَبَتْ رَهِيْنَةٌ 🖱 الا أَصْحْبَ الْيَمِيْنِ شَ <u>ڣ</u>ۣٛڿڹ۠ؾؚڐؽؾؘڛٵٵٮؙۉڽ؊  $a i u \mid h \stackrel{\circ}{=} |\dot{h} \tau| kh \dot{\tau} | dh \stackrel{\circ}{=} |\dot{e} \stackrel{\circ}{=} (876) \stackrel{\circ}{=} \dot{h} \stackrel{\circ}{=} (876) \stackrel{\circ}{=} \dot{h} \stackrel{\circ}{=} (376) \stackrel{\circ}{=} \dot{h} \stackrel{\circ}{=} (376) \stackrel{\circ}{=} \dot{h} \stackrel{\circ}{=} \dot{$ 

<sup>(</sup>See details of transliteration on page 'p')

42. Concerning the guilty ones.

\*43. 'What has brought you into the Fire of Hell?'

44. They will say, 'We were not of those who offered Prayers,

45. 'Nor did we feed the poor.

46. 'And we indulged in objectionable talk with those who indulge therein.

47. 'And we used to deny the Day of Judgment,

48. 'Until death overtook us.'

49. So the intercession of intercessors will not avail them.

50. Now what is the matter with them that they are turning away from the exhortation,

51. As if they were frightened asses

52. Fleeing from a lion?

53. Nay, every man among them desires to have open sheets *of revelation* given to him.

54. Never! verily they fear not the Hereafter.

55. Never! verily this is an exhortation.

56. Let him, then, who will, remember it.

57. And they will not remember unless Allāh *so* please. He *alone* is worthy to be feared and He *alone* is worthy to forgive.

\*43. 'What has brought you into 'Saqar'?

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ & \uparrow \ | \ h \ \\ \hline & \uparrow \ | \ h \ \\ \hline & \uparrow \ | \ h \ \\ \hline & \uparrow \ \\ \hline & (See \ details \ of \ transliteration \ on \ page \ p'). \end{array}$ 

عَنِ الْمُجْرِمِيْنَ ﴾ مَاسَلَكَحُمْ فِيْ سَقَرَ ۞ قَالُوْالَمْ نَكُ نُطْعِمُ الْمُصَلِّيْنَ ﴾ وَكَمْ نَكُ نُطْعِمُ الْمِسْكِيْنَ ﴾ وَحُنَّانَخُوْضُ مَعَ الْخَائِضِيْنَ ﴾

ۘۅؘػؙڹۜۜٵڹؙػڒؚٙؖۛۛۛۛۛۛۛۛۛ ڹؚؽۉؚڡؚۯڶڒؚؽڹؚ۞ۨ حَتَّى ٱتْىنَا الْيَقِيْنُ۞ فَمَا تَنْفَعُهُمْ شَفَاعَةُ الشَّافِعِيْنَ۞ فَمَا لَهُمْ عَنِ التَّذْحِرَةِ مُعْرِضِيْنَ۞

كَانَّهُمْ حُمُرً مُّسْتَنْفِرَةَ ۞ فَرَّتْ مِنْ قَسْوَرَةٍ ۞ بَلْ يُرِيدُ كُلُّ امْرِيًّ مِّنْهُمْ آن يُؤْتْ صُحْفًا مُنَشَّرَةً ۞ كَلَّا دِبَلْ لَا يَخَافُوْنَ الْاخِرَةَ ۞ كَلَّا دِبَلْ لَا يَخَافُوْنَ الْاخِرَةَ ۞ مَنْ شَاء ذَكَرَهُ ۞ اَهْلُ التَقْوَى وَاَهْلُ الْمَغْفِرَةِ ۞

تَبْرَكَ الَّذِيْ Part 29 - 19 آلَقِيْمَة 20 - Chapter 75

**AL-QIYĀMAH** (Revealed before Hijrah)

2. Nay! I call to witness the Day of Resurrection.

\*3. And I do call to witness the selfaccusing soul, *that the Day of Judgment is a certainty.* 

4. Does man think that We shall not assemble his bones?

5. Yea, We have the power to restore his very finger-tips.

\*6. But man desires to continue to send forth evil deeds in front of him.

7. He asks, 'When will be the Day of Resurrection?'

8. When the eye is dazzled,

9. And the moon is eclipsed,

10. And the sun and the moon are brought together,

11. On that day man will say, 'Whither to escape?'

12. Nay! There is no refuge!

13. With thy Lord *alone* will be the place of rest that day.

14. That day will man be informed of that which he has sent forward and left behind. بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () لَا ٱقْسِمُ بِيَوْمِ الْقِيْمَةِ ) وَلَا ٱقْسِمُ بِالنَّفْسِ اللَّوَّامَةِ ﴾

اَ يَحْسَبُ الْإِنْسَانُ اَلَّنْ نَّجْمَعَ عِظَامَهُ۞ بَلْ قَادِرِيْنَ عَلَى اَنْ نُّسَوِّيَ بَنَانَهُ۞ بَلْ يُرِيْدُ الْإِنْسَانُ لِيَفْجُرَ اَمَامَهُ۞

يَسْئَلُ ٱيَّانَ يَوْمُ الْقِيْمَةِ ٥ فَإِذَا بَرِقَ الْبَصَرُ ٥ وَخَسَفَ الْقَمَرُ ٥ يَقُولُ الْإِنْسَانُ يَوْمَئِذٍ آيْنَ الْمَفَرُ ٥ كَلَّا كَا وَذَرَ ٥ الْى رَبِّكَ يَوْمَئِذٍ إِلْمُسْتَقَرُ ٢ وَاخْرَ ٥ وَاخْرَ ٦

**\***3. And I call to witness **the oft-blaming conscience**. **\***6. But man desires to continue to **sin as he proceeds**.

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ r & | \ h \ \tau & | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} & | \ dh \ \dot{s} & | \ s \ o \ s_{\overline{878}} \ o \ b \ s_{\overline{878}} \ d \ \dot{s} & | \ \dot{s} \ b \ \dot{s} & | \ \dot{s} \ b \ \dot{s} \ b \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s$ 

\*15. Nay, man is a witness against himself;

16. Even though he puts forward his excuses.

17. Move not thy tongue with this *revelation* that thou mayest hasten *to preserve* it.

18. Surely upon Us rests its collection and its recital.

19. So when We recite it, then follow thou its recital.

20. Then upon Us rests the expounding thereof.

\*21. Nay, but you love the present life;

\*22. And you neglect the Hereafter.

23. Some faces on that day will be bright,

24. Looking *eagerly* towards their Lord;

25. And some faces on that day will be dismal,

26. Thinking that a back-breaking calamity is about to befall them.

27. Aye! when *the soul of the dying man* comes up to the throat,

28. And it is said, 'Who is the wizard *to save him*?'

29. And he is sure that it is the *hour* of parting;

30. And one shank rubs against another shank *in agony*;

31. Unto thy Lord that day will be  $\xi_{1/2}$  the driving.

\*15. Nay, man is fully aware of his own self.\*21. Nay, but you love that which is near at hand.

\*22. And disregard the Hereafter.

 $a i u \mid | th + \tau | kh \neq | dh + i s$  م  $(s_{79})$  م  $(kh \neq | b + \tau | kh \neq | dh + i s)$  (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

> كَلَّدَاذَا بَلَغَتِ التَّرَاقِيَ ﴾ وَقِيْلَ مَنْ حدَرَاقٍ ﴾ وَظَنَّ ٱنَّهُ الْفِرَاقُ ﴾ وَ الْتَفَّتِ السَّاقُ بِالسَّاقِ ﴾ إِلى رَبِّكَ يَوْمَئِذِ إِلْمَسَاقُ أُ

R. 2.

32. For he neither accepted *the truth*, nor offered Prayers;

33. But he rejected *the truth* and turned his back;

34. Then he went to his kinsfolk, strutting along.

35. 'Woe unto thee! and woe again!

36. 'Then woe unto thee! and woe again!'

\*37. Does man think that he is to be left *to himself* uncontrolled?

38. Was he not a drop of fluid, emitted forth?

39. Then he became a clot, then He shaped and perfected *him*.

40. Then He made of him a pair, the male and female.

41. Has not such a One the power to raise the dead to life?

فَكَرْصَدَّقَ وَلَاصَلُّ ش وَلٰكِنْ كَذَّبْ وَتَوَلَّى أَسْ ثُمَّرَذَهَبَ إِلَى اَهْلِهِ يَتَمَطَّى آۋلى كى فاۋلى ھ ثُمَّ أوْلى لَكَ فَأَوْلِي شَمَّ اَ تَحْسَبُ الْانْسَانُ سُدًى 🕅 ٱلَمْرِيَكُ نُطْفَةً مِّنْ مَّنِي<sub>َّ</sub> يُمْنٰى أ ثُم كَانَ عَلَقَةً فَخَلَقَ فَسَةً يَ فَجَعَلَ مِنْهُ الزَّوْجَيْنِ الذَّحَرَ دَالاُنْشَى 1 الأُنْشَى ٱكَيْسَ ذَٰلِكَ بِقْدِرٍ عَلَى أَنْ يُحْيِيَ الْمَوْتْي ٢

\* 37. Does man think that he will be left free to wander?

غ ب

تَبْرَكَ الَّذِيْ Part 29 - 19 آلدَّهْر Chapter 76 - ۲۷

**AD-DAHR** (Revealed before Hijrah)

2. There has certainly come upon man a period of time when he was not a thing spoken of.

\*3. We have created man from a mingled sperm-drop that We might try him; so We made him hearing, seeing.

4. We have shown him the Way, whether he be grateful or ungrateful.

5. Verily, We have prepared for the disbelievers chains and iron-collars and a blazing Fire.

6. But the virtuous drink of a cup, tempered with camphor—

7. A spring wherefrom the servants of Allāh drink. They make it gush forth— a forceful gushing forth.

8. They fulfil *their* vow, and fear a day the evil of which is widespread.

9. And they feed, for love of Him, the poor, the orphan, and the prisoner,

بشمرالله الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () هَلْ ٱللهُ عَلَى الْإِنْسَانِ حِيْنٌ مِّنَ الدَّهْرِ لَمْرِيَكُنْ شَيْئًا مَّذْكُوْرًا () إِنَّا خَلَقْنَا الْانْسَانَ مِ أمْشَاج وحقَّث تَلتُه فَجَعَلْنَهُ سَمِنْعًا **تص**ثرًا () إِنَّاهَدَيْنَهُ السَّبِيْلَ إِمَّاشَاكِرًا وَّ إِمَّا كَفُوْرًا إِنَّآ أَعْتَدْنَا لِلْحُفِرِيْنَ وَ أَغْلَادٌ وَ سَعِيْرًا ( اِنَ الْأَبْرَارَ يَشْرَبُوْنَ مِنْ كَأْسٍ كَانَ مِزَاجُهَا كَافُهُ رًا أَ عَيْنًا تَشْرَبُ بِهَا عِبَادُ اللهِ يُفَجِّرُوْنَهَا تَفْجِيْرًا ۞ يُوْفُوْنَ بِالنَّذْرِ وَ يَخَافُوْنَ يَوْمًا كَانَ شَرُّة مُسْتَطِبْرًا ( وَ تُطْعِمُوْتَ الطَّعَامَ عَلَى حُدّ مشكننًا وتنتماوً أسيرًا (

\*3. We created man from a mingled sperm-drop which We cause to pass through trials; then We turned him into a hearing, seeing being.

تَبْرَكَ الَّذِيْ Part 29 - ۲۹

10. *Saying*, 'We feed you for Allāh's pleasure *only*. We desire no reward nor thanks from you.

11. 'Verily, we fear from our Lord a frowning and distressful day.'

12. So Allāh will save them from the evil of that day, and will grant them cheerfulness and happiness.

13. And He will reward them, for their steadfastness, with a Garden and *a raiment of* silk,

14. Reclining therein upon couches, they will find there neither excessive heat nor excessive cold.

15. And its shades will be close over them, and its clustered fruits will be brought within easy reach.

16. And vessels of silver will be passed round among them, and *also* goblets of glass,

\*17. Bright as glass but made of silver, which they will measure according to *their own* measure.

18. And therein will they be given to drink a cup tempered with ginger,

19. *From* a spring therein named Salsabīl.

20. And there will wait upon them youths who will not age. When thou seest them, thou thinkest them to be pearls scattered about.

اِنَّمَا نُطْعِمُكُمْ لِوَجْهِ اللهِ لَا نُرِيْدُ منْكُمْ جَزَاءً وَكَلا شُكُمْ دَار إِنَّا نَخَافُ مِنْ رَّبِّنَا يَوْمًا عَبُوْسًا قَمْطَر يُرًا ()) فَوَقْدَهُمُ اللهُ شَرَّ ذَلِكَ الْمَوْمِ وَ لَقْبِهُمْ نَضْرَةً وَّ سُرُوْ رًا (أُ ۇ جَزْىھُمْ بِمَا صَبَرُوْا جَنَّةً وَّحَر يُرًا أَ مُتَكتب فيها عَلَى الْآرَائك ، كَا يَرَوْنَ فِيْهَا شَمْسًا وَّ لَا زَمْهَرِيْرًا شَّ وَ دَانِيَةً عَلَيْهِمْ ظِلْلُهَا وَ ذُيِّلَتْ قُطُهُ فُهَا تَذْلِيلًا @ وَ يُطَافُ عَلَيْهِمْ بِإِنِيَةٍ مِّنْ فِضَّةٍ وَّٱكْوَابِكَانَتْ قَوَارِيْرَأْشَ قَوَارِيْرَأْ مِنْ فِضَّةٍ قَدَّرُوْهَا تَقْدِيْرًا، وَ يُشقَوْنَ فِيْهَا كَأَسًا كَانَ مِزَاجُهَا ڒؘڹٛڿؘؠؽۘۘۘۘۘڒ۞ عَيْنًا فِيْهَا تُسَمَّى سَلْسَبِيُلًا وَ يَطُوْفُ عَلَيْهِمْ وِلْدَانَ مُّخَلَّدُوْنَ، إِذَا دَا تَتَهُمْ حَسِنْتَهُمْ لُؤُلُوًا مَّنْتُوْرًا

\*17. Glass of silver which they fashioned with outstanding skill.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ dh \ \dot{r} \ | \ dh \ \dot{r} \ | \ dh \ \dot{r} \ | \ \dot{r} \ dh \ dh \ \dot{r} \ dh \ dh \ \dot{r} \ dh \ \dot{r} \ dh \ \dot{r} \ dh \ \dot{r} \ dh \$ 

21. And when thou seest thou wilt see there a bliss and a great kingdom.

\*22. On them will be garments of fine green silk and thick brocade. And they will be made to wear bracelets of silver. And their Lord will give them to drink a pure beverage.

23. 'This is your reward, and your labour has been appreciated.'

## R. 2.

24. Surely, We have revealed unto thee the Qur'an piecemeal.

25. So wait patiently for the judgment of thy Lord, and yield not to any one among them who is sinful or ungrateful.

26. And remember the name of thy Lord morning and evening.

27. And during the night prostrate thyself before Him, and extol His glory for a long part of the night.

28. Verily, these people love the present life, and they neglect the hard day that is before them.

29. We have created them and strengthened their make; and when We will, We can replace them by others like them.

وَ إِذَا رَآيْتَ ثُمَّ رَآيْتَ نَعِيْمًا وَ مُرْكًا گېيئران خف غليهم ثياب سندس وَّ إِسْتَبْرَقُ دَوَّ حُلُّوًا ٱسَاوَدَ مِنْ فِضَّةٍ ، وَ سَقْدِهُمْ دَتُهُمْ شَرَابًا طَهُوْرًا اتَ هٰذَا كَانَ لَكُمْ جَزَاءً وَّ كَانَ سَعْنُكُمْ مَشْكُوْرًا ٣ إِنَّا نَحْنُ نَزَّلْنَا عَلَيْكَ الْقُرْانَ ؾڹٛۯؽڔؖ۞ فَاصْبُرْ لِحُكْمِ رَبِّكَ وَلَا تُطِعْ مِنْهُمْ اثما أوْكَفُوْرًا هَ وَاذْكُرِ اسْمَر رَبِّكَ بُكْرَةً وَّ أَصِيْلًا أَ وَمِنَ الَّيْلِ فَاسْجُدْ لَهُ وَ سَبِّحْهُ لَيْ طَويْلًا، إِنَّ هَؤُلًاءِ يُحِبُّوْنَ الْعَاجِلَةَ وَ يَذَرُوْنَ وَرَاءَهُمْ يَوْمًا ثَقِيْلًا» نَحْنُ خَلَقْنُهُمْ وَ شَرَدْنَآ آَسْرَهُمْ ، وَإِذَا شِئْنَا لَجَ لَنَا آَمْتَا لَهُمْ تَعْدِيلًا @

\*22. On them will be garments of fine green silk and broeade. And they will be deeked with bracelets of silver.

ء : ا ق p | غ ب ا ظ z | ظ z | ظ z | ظ b | ث ا ف و 883 م م و ا ف h r | kh r | dh أ ث kh r | dh أ ع e (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

تَبْرَكَ الَّذِيْ ٢٩ - Part 29	AD-DAHR	اَنَةَهُر ۲۹ - Chapter 76
30. Verily, this is a Remi whoever wishes, may tak	تَخَذَرِلٰی nder. So e a way	اِنَّ هٰذِه تَذْ كِرَةً ، فَمَنْ شَاءً ا
unto his Lord.		ڗؾؚ؋ <u></u> ڛۑؚؽۘڵا۞
*31. And you exercise your because Allāh has <i>so</i> willed. V Allāh is All-Knowing, Wise.	our will 1. Verily,	وَمَا تَشَاءُوْنَ إِلَّا أَنْ تَيَشَ
	•	إِنَّ اللهُ كَانَ عَلِيْمًا حَكِيْمًا أَ
32. He causes whom He pleases to enter His mercy, and for th wrongdoers He has prepared painful punishment.	زخمته، leases to for the t	يُدْخِلُ مَنْ تَيَشَآءُ فِيْ زَ
	أَلِيْهًا أُنَّ فِجْ pared a	وَ الظَّلِمِيْنَ اَعَدَّ لَهُمْ عَذَابًا

\* 31. And you cannot exercise your desires except when Allah so wills.

تَبْرَكَ الَّذِيْ Part 29 - 19 أَلْمُرْسَلْت 22 - Chapter 77

**AL-MURSALĀT** (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

- \*2. By *the angels* who are sent forth with goodness,
- \*3. *And* then they push on with a forceful pushing,
- \*4. And by the forces that spread the truth, a good spreading,
- \*5. *And* then they distinguish fully *between good and evil.*
- \*6. Then they carry the exhortation *far and wide*
- \*7. To excuse *some* and warn *others*.

8. Verily, that which you are promised must come to pass.

9. So when the stars are made to lose *their* light,

10. And when the heaven is rent asunder,

11. And when the mountains are blown away,

12. And when the Messengers are made to appear at the appointed time—

13. For what day has the time *of these happenings* been appointed? 14. For the Day of Decision.

15. And what should make thee know what the Day of Decision is!—

- \*2. By those which are sent off gently,
- \*3. Then gather speed and blow swiftly,
- \*4. And by those who spread a thorough spreading,
- \*5. And then they make clear distinctions,
- \*6. And by those who deliver the Reminder,

\*7. Absolving themselves of responsibility or by way of warning,

بِسْمِرانلَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيْمِ ( وَ الْمُرْسَلْتِ عُرْفًا 
فَالْحُصِفْتِ عَصْفًا 
فَالْحُصِفْتِ عَصْفًا 
قَ النَّشِرْتِ نَشْرًا 
فَ الْفُرِقْتِ فَرْقَا 
فَ الْمُلْقِلِتِ ذِكْرًا 
فَ الْمُلْقِلِتِ ذَرْدًا 
فَ الْمُلْقِلِتِ نَعْدَمُ 
فَ الْمُلْقِلِتِ ذَرْدًا 
فَ الْمُلْقِلِتِ ذَرْدًا 
فَ الْمُلْقِلِتِ أَحْدَا 
فَ الْمُلْقِلِي 
الْحُمَا 
الْحَمَا 
الْحَمَا

لِاَيِّ يَوْمِ أَجِّلَتْ ۞ لِيَوْمِ الْفَصْلِ۞ وَمَآ اَدْرْىكَ مَا يَوْمُ الْفَصْلِ۞ 16. Woe on that day unto those who reject *the truth*!

17. Did We not destroy the earlier peoples?

18. We will now cause the later ones to follow them.

19. Thus do We deal with the guilty.

20. Woe on that day unto those who reject *the truth*!

21. Did We not create you from an insignificant fluid,

22. And We placed it in a safe place,

23. For a known measure of time?

24. Thus did We measure, and how excellently do We measure!

25. Woe on that day unto those who reject *the truth*!

26. Have We not made the earth so as to hold

27. The living and the dead?

28. And We placed thereon high mountains, and gave you sweet water to drink.

29. Woe on that day unto those who reject *the truth*!

30. 'Now move on towards that which you treated as a lie,

31. 'Aye, move on towards a shadow which has three sections,32. 'Neither affording shade, nor protecting from the flame.'

<u>وَ</u>ؽؚڵؙؾۜۉمئِذِ ڸؚۧٮٛڡؙػڋؚٚؠؽؚؾ ٱكَمْرْنُهْلِكَ الْأَوَّلِيْنَ ٥ ثُمَّر نُتْبعُهُمُ الْأَخِرِينَ ( كَذٰلِكَ نَفْعَلُ بِالْمُجْرِمِيْنَ () وَيُلۡ يَوۡمَئِذِ لِلۡمُكَذِّبِيۡنَ۞ ٱڵۿۯڹڂٛڶڨٛڴٞۿڔ<u>ۻ</u>ٙڽٛۿۜٵؘۦٟۿٙڣۣؽڹۣ<sup>ؖ</sup> فَجَعَلْنُهُ فِي قَرَارِ مَكِيْنِ شَ ٳ**ڶى قَدَرِ مَّعْلُوْمِ** فَقَدَرْنَا \* فَنعْمَ الْقُدِرُوْنَ ? <u>وَ</u>ؽؚڵؙؾۜۉڡؠؙۮؚڵؚؚڵڡؙػڋٚؠؽڹ۞ ٱلَمْرَنَجْعَلِ الْأَرْضَ كِفَا تَّارُّ أَحْتَاءًو أَمْوَاتًا وَّ جَعَلْنَا فِيْهَا دَوَاسِ شْمِخْه وَّ ٱسْقَدْنِكُمْ مَّاءَفُرَاتًا <u>وَ</u>ؽؚڵؙؾۜۉمئِذِ لِّلْمُكَذِّبِيْنَ اِنْطَلِقُوْا الل مَا كُنْتُمْ بِه ؾؙڴڋٚٮؙۉؽ۞ٙ ٳڹٛڟؘڸڨؙۅٛٙٳڸ۬ۑڟؚڷ۪ڋؽؚٛؿؙڶؿؚۺؙۘ۫ۘۘۼٮؖ لَّا ظَلِيْل وَلَا يُغْبَىٰ مِنَ اللَّهَب ش

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{\diamond} \ | \ s \ \phi \ s_{886} \ \phi \ \dot{b} \ \dot{b} \ \dot{c} \ \dot{c}$ 

- \*33. It throws up sparks like huge castles.
- \*34. As if they were camels of dim colour.

35. Woe on that day unto those who reject the truth!

36. This is a day when they shall not be able to speak;

37. Nor shall they be permitted to offer excuses.

38. Woe on that day unto those who reject the truth!

39. 'This is the Day of Decision; We have gathered you and all the earlier peoples together.

40. 'If now you have any stratagem, use it against Me.'

41. Woe on that day unto those who 🗞 reject the truth!

## R. 2.

42. The righteous will be in the midst of shades and springs,

43. And fruits, such as they will desire.

44. 'Eat and drink pleasantly as a reward for what you did.'

45. Thus surely do We reward those who do good.

46. Woe on that day unto those who reject the truth!

47. 'Eat and enjoy yourselves a little while in this world, 0 rejectors of truth; surely you are the guilty ones.'

إِنَّهَا تَرْجِيْ بِشَرَرِكَالْقَصْرِ شَ كَانَّهُ حِمْلَتُ صُفْرٌ ش <u>وَ</u>ؽؚڵؙؾۜۉڡؘؠؙۮؚۑؚؖڵڡؙڲڋٚٮؽؚؾ۞ اللهذا تدهر لا تنطقُون الله وَلَا يُؤْذَنُ لَهُمْ فَبَعْتَذِرُوْنَ ٢ <u>ۅؘؽڵؙؾۜۉڡؠؙڹؚٳٞڷؚٮٛڡؙػڋؚؠؽڹ۞</u> لهذا يَهْمُ الْفَصْلِ ، جَمَعْنْكُمْ وَ الْاَوَّ لِبْنَ ٢ فَإِنْ كَانَ لَكُمْ كَيْدَ فَكِيْدُوْنِ ٢ <u>ۅؘؽڵؾؘۉڡؠؙۮؚڸۜۮؙڡػڋۑؽؽ</u>؊

اِنَّ الْمُتَقِيْنَ فِي ظِلْلِ وَعُيُوْنِ شُ وَّ فَوَاكِهَ مِمَّا مَشْتَهُوْنَ شَ كُلُوا وَ اشْرَبُوا هَنِيْكًا تَعْمَلُهُ نَ ٢ اتَّاكَذٰلِكَ نَجْزِي الْمُحْدِ <u>ۅؘؽڵؾؘۉڡؠؙڋؚڸۨۮؙڡػڋۨۑؽؾ</u>۞ ڪُلُهُا وَ تَمَتَّعُهْا قَلِيدًا إِنَّكُمُ مُجْرِمُوْنَ @

\*33. It throws up flames like castles,

\*34. As if it were made up of many copper-coloured camels.

ء ' اق p اغ f اظ z اط t ا ف p رجود مع م v اذ h r | kh r | dh i | z م م v اذ h r | kh r | dh i | z م م (See details of transliteration on page 'p')

تَبْرَكَ الَّذِيْ Part 29 - ۲۹	AL-MURSA	LĀT Chapter 77 - 44	ٱلْمُرْسَلْت
<ul><li>48. Woe on that day unto those reject <i>the truth</i>!</li><li>49. And when it is said unto th 'Bow down,' they do not</li></ul>	nem,	مَئِذٍ لِّلْمُكَذِّبِيْنَ۞ بِلَ لَهُمُ اۯػعُوْا لَا يَۯْكَعُوْنَ۞	
<ul><li>down.</li><li>50. Woe on that day unto those reject <i>the truth</i>!</li><li>51. In which word then, after will they believe?</li></ul>	۲	ؗؗؗمئؚؚۮؚۭڵؚٮٛؗؗؗؗؗڡؙػڒؚٙۑؚؽؽ۞ ڹڕؽڎٟٛڹۼػ؇ؙؽٷٛڝؚڹؙۉؽ۞	



AN-NABĀ' (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful. 2. About what do they question one another?

\*3. About the great Event,

4. Concerning which they differ.

5. Nay, soon they will come to know.

6. Nay, *We say it* again, they will soon come to know.

7. Have We not made the earth a bed,

8. And the mountains as pegs?

9. And We have created you in pairs,

10. And We have made your sleep for rest,

11. And We have made the night as a covering,

\*12. And We have made the day for the activities of life.

13. And We have built over you seven strong *heavens*;

14. And We have made *the sun* a bright lamp.

15. And We send down from the dripping clouds water pouring forth abundantly,

16. That We may bring forth thereby grain and vegetation,

\*3. About the news of great import,

\$12. And We have made the day for the sake of sustenance.

بشمرالله الرَّحْمن الرَّحِثم () عَمَّ يَتَسَاءَلُوْنَ أَ عَنِ النَّسَا الْعَظِيْمِ صَّ الّذيْ هُمْ فَنْهُ مُخْتَلِفُهُنَ ٢ كَلَّ سَتَعْلَمُوْنَ ثُمَّ كَلَّ سَيَعْلَمُوْنَ () ٱكَمْ نَجْعَلِ الْآَدْضَ مِهْدًا ۞ وَّ الْجِبَالَ اَوْتَادًا وَّ خَلَقْنَكُمْ ٱزْوَاجًانُ وَّ جَعَلْنَانَوْمَكُمْ سُبَاتًا وَّجَعَلْنَا الَّيْلَ لِتَاسًا وَّ حَعَلْنَا النَّفَارَ مَعَاشًا وَّبَنَدْنَافَهُ قَكُمْ سَمْعًا شَرَادًا شَ ۊۜڿؘۼڶڹؘٳڛۯٳڲؚٳۊۜٞۿۜٳڲؚٳۜ وَ ٱنْزَلْنَامِنَ الْمُعْصِرِتِ مَاءً ثَخَّاجًا

لِّنُخْرِجَ بِهِ حَبَّاوً نَبَاتًا 🖑

17. And gardens of luxuriant growth.

18. Surely, the Day of Decision has an appointed time:

\*19. The day when the trumpet will be blown; and you will come in large groups;

20. And the heaven shall be opened and shall become *all* doors;

21. And the mountains shall be made to move and shall become *as if they were* a mirage.

22. Surely Hell lies in ambush,

23. A home for the rebellious,

24. Who will tarry therein for ages.

\*25. They will taste therein neither sleep nor drink,

\*26. Save boiling water and a stinking fluid—

\*27. A meet requital.

28. Verily, they feared not the reckoning,

29. And rejected Our Signs totally.

30. And every thing have We recorded in a Book.

31. 'Taste ye therefore *the punishment*: We will give you no increase except in torment.'

R. 2.

32. Verily, for the righteous is a triumph:

وَّحَنَّت ٱلْفَافًاش اتَ يَوْمَرالْفَصْلِ كَانَ مِيْقَاتًا ﴿ يَّوْمَر يُنْفَخُ فِي الصَّوْرِ فَتَا تُوْنَ ٱفْوَاجًا ۗ وَّ فُتحَت السَّمَاء فَكَانَتْ أَبْوَابًا اللَّ وَّ سُيِّرَتِ الْجِبَالُ فَكَانَتْ سَرَاتًا شُ انَّ حَفَنَّهَ كَانَتْ مِرْصَادًا للطّغيْنَ مَا بًا لْبِثِبْنَ فَبُهَا أَحْقَابًا ش لَا يَذُوْقُهُنَ فَيْهَا بَرْدًا وَّلَا شَرَابًا أَ الا حمثماة غَسّاقًا جَزَاءً وْفَاقًا ٢ انَّهُمْ كَانُهْ الَايَرْجُهْنَ حِسَابًا ۊٞػڋٛؠٛۉٳؠٳڸؾؚڹؘٳڮؚڋۜٳٵ۪۞ وَ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ أَحْصَيْنُهُ كِتْبًا الله فَذُوْ قُوْا فَلَنْ نَّزِيْدَكُمْ الَّاعَذَابَاشَ

اِنَّ لِلْمُتَّقِيْنَ مَفَازًا شُ

\*19. The day when the trumpet will be blown; and you will come horde after horde.

\*25. They will taste therein neither cool nor a drink of any kind,

- **\***26. Except water boiling hot or freezing cold.
- \*27. A befitting requital.

٣

33. Walled gardens and grape-vines,

34. And young maidens of equal age,

35. And overflowing cups.

36. Therein they will hear no idle talk nor lying:

37. A recompense from thy Lord—a gift in proportion *to their works*—

38. Lord of the heavens and the earth and all that is between them,\*the Gracious. They shall not have

the power to address Him.

39. On the day when the Spirit and the angels will stand in rows, they shall not speak, except he whom the Gracious *God* will permit and who will speak only what is right.

40. That day is sure to come. So let him, who will, seek recourse unto his Lord.

41. Verily, We have warned you of a punishment which is near at hand: a day when man will see what his hands have sent on before, and the disbeliever will say, 'Would that I were mere dust!'

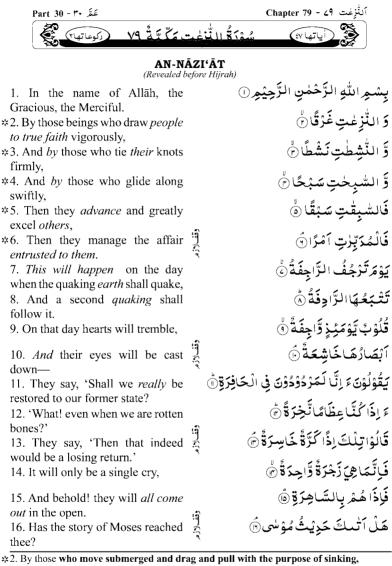
#38. They will possess no right to address Him.

اَلنَّبَ 14 - Chapter 78 - ۲۸ حَدَائِقَ وَ أَعْنَا الله وَ حَوَاعِت ٱثْرَالًا وَكَاسًا دهَاقًا ٢ <u>لَا يَسْمَعُوْنَ فَبْهَا لَغُوًا وَّلَا حَذًّ بَاشً</u> جَزَاءًمِّنْ زَّبِّكَ عَطَّاءً حِسَابًا

دَّبِ السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْاَرْضِ وَ مَا بَيْنَهُمَا الرَّحْمٰنِ لَا يَمْلِحُوْنَ مِنْهُ خِطَابًا يَوْمَ يَقُوْمُ الرُّوْمُ وَ الْمَلَّئِكَةُ صَفًّا لا لَّا يَتَكَلَّمُوْنَ إِلَّا مَنْ آذِنَ لَهُ الرَّحْمٰنُ وَقَالَ صَوَابًا الْيُوَمُ الْمَوْءُ مَا قَرَّمَتْ يَدْهُ وَ يَقُوْلُ الْنُوْرُ لِلَيْتَنِيْ كُنْتُ تُرْبًا أَ

 $a i u + | th \stackrel{\circ}{=} | h \tau | kh \stackrel{i}{\neq} | dh \stackrel{\circ}{=} | s \stackrel{\circ}{=} \underbrace{81}_{81} \circ \frac{1}{2} | s \stackrel{i}{=} |$ 

غ



- \*3. And by those who move swiftly across countries,
- \*4. And by those who swiftly travel long distances over the surface of oceans,
- \*5. And by those who vic with each other for supremacy,
- \*6. And by those who plan and execute their task well,

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ (892)$  (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

Part 30 - ۳۰ عَمَّر A	N-NĀZI'ĀT	اَلنَّزِغت Chapter 79 - 29
17. When his Lord called him in the holy Valley of Țuwā, <i>saying</i> ,	ڷڡؙۊؘۘۜۘڒؖڛ ڹ	اذْ نَادْ هُ رَبُّهُ بِالْوَادِ ا طُوًى أَنَ
18. "Go thou to Pharaoh; he ha		إذْهَبْ إلى فِرْعَوْنَ إِنَّهُ طَغْ
19. "And say <i>to him</i> , 'Wouldst the <i>like to</i> be purified?		فَقُلْ هَلْ تَكَالِلْ أَنْ تَزَكَّر
20. 'And I will guide thee to the Lord so that thou mayest feathim.'"	ہی ؓ ar	ۅؘٵۿؚۜۜۜٳڮؘۯؾؚڮٷڬؾڂٛڟ
21. So he showed him the gre Sign,	at	فَارْبِهُ الْأَيَةَ الْكُبْرِى أَ
22. But he rejected <i>him</i> ar disobeyed.	d	ڣؘڲڋٞؖۘۘۘۘۘۘٻؘۘۜۜۊؘۼڝؗؖ
23. Then he turned away <i>fro. Moses</i> , striving <i>against him</i> .	m	ؿؙؗؖ <u>ٛ</u> مَرَ ٱۮڹۯؽۺڂۑۺؖ
24. And he gathered <i>his people</i> ar proclaimed,	d	فَحَشَرَ فَنَادًى أَ
25. Saying, 'I am your Lord, th most high.'	ie	فَقَالَ ٱنَارَبُّكُمُ الْآعَلْيُ
26. So Allāh seized him for the punishment of the Hereafter and	وَالْأُوْلِى شَ id	فَاخَذَهُ اللهُ نَكَالَ الْأَخِرَةِ
the present world. 27. Therein surely is a lesson for him who fears. R. 2.	خْشٰی ﷺ پنج n	اِنَّ فِيْ ذَٰلِكَ لَعِبْرَةً لِّمَنْ يَ
28. Are you harder to create or the heaven that He has built?	التشبية الحط	ء آنْتُمْ آشَدُّ خَلْقًا آمِر بَنْهَا ()
29. He has raised the height therea	of	ڒڣؘ <i>ؘ</i> ؆ۺۿػۿٵڣؘۺۊ۠ٮۿٵۺ۠
and made it perfect. 30. And He has made its night dar, and has brought forth the more		وَ أَغْطَشَ لَيْلَهَا وَ أَخْرَجَ
thereof; 31. And the earth, along with it, H	le Ö	وَ الْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ ذٰلِكَ دَحْمَهَ
spread forth. 32. He produced therefrom i water and its pasture,		ٱخْرَبَح مِنْهَامَاًءَهَا وَمَرْع
$a \ i \ u \   \ th$ ث $h \ \tau \   \ kh \ \tau \   \ dh \ s$ (See details of	$p \xrightarrow{893} d = 0$ d d f transliteration on page 'p').	ءِ `   ق q   غ gh ؟ `   ظ z

33. And the mountains, He made them firm.

34. *All this is* a provision for you and for your cattle.

35. But when the great disaster comes,

36. The day when man will call to mind *all* that he strove for,

37. And Hell will be made manifest to him who sees.

38. Then, as for him who rebels,

39. And who chooses the life of this world,

40. The Fire of Hell shall surely be *his* home.

41. But as for him who fears to stand before his Lord, and restrains his soul from evil desires,

42. The Garden shall surely be *his* home.

43. They ask thee concerning the Hour: 'When will it come?'

44. But what hast thou to do with the mentioning thereof?

45. The ultimate knowledge of it *rests* with thy Lord.

46. Thou art only a Warner unto him who fears it.

47. On the day when they see it, *they will feel* as if they had not tarried *in the world* but an evening or a morn thereof.

وَ الْجِبَالَ آدْسْمَهَا مَتَاعًا لَكُمْرُوَ لِأَنْعَامِكُمْ أَ فَإِذَا جَاءَتِ الطَّامَةُ الْكُبْرِي ٢ <sub>ك</sub>ەمرىتىزىتىردالانىسان ماسىلى 🖑 وَبُرّزَتِ الْجَحِيْمُ لِمَنْ يَّرِى ٢ فأمتامن طغ الله وَأَثَرَ الْحَلْمَةَ الدُّنْتَاشُ فَانَ الْحَحِثْمَ هِيَ الْمَأْوِي ٢ وَ أَمَّا مَنْ خَافَ مَقَامَ رَبِّهِ وَ نَهَى النَّفْسَ عَنِ الْهَوِي أَ فَإِنَّ الْجَنَّةَ هِيَ الْمَأْوِي أَ يَسْعُلُوْنَكَ عَنِ السَّاعَةِ ٱتَّيانَ مُرْسْعَار فثمر ٱنْتَ مِنْ ذِكْرِيهَا، إلى رَبِّكَ مُنْتَهْ مَهَا إِنَّكَمَا ٱنْتَ مُنْذِرُ مَنْ يَخْشَبِهَا ٢ كَانَّهُمْ يَوْمَرِيَرَوْنَهَا لَمْ يَلْتَثُوَّا إِلَّا عَشتَةً أَوْضَحْبَهَا

 $a i u + | th \stackrel{\circ}{=} | h \tau | kh \stackrel{i}{\neq} | dh \stackrel{\circ}{=} s \stackrel{\circ}{=} \frac{84}{84} \circ b \stackrel{i}{=} | i \stackrel{\circ}{=} | i$ 



**'ABASA** (Revealed before Hijrah)

 In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.
 He frowned and turned aside.

3. Because there came to him the blind man.

4. And what makes thee know that he may be seeking to purify himself,5. Or he may take heed and the Reminder may benefit him?

6. As for him who is disdainfully indifferent.

7. Unto him thou dost pay attention,

8. Though thou art not responsible if he does not become purified.

9. But he who comes to thee hastening,

10. And he fears God,

11. Him dost thou neglect.

12. Nay! surely it is a Reminder-

13. So let him who desires pay heed z

14. On honoured sheets.

15. Exalted, purified,

16. In the hands of writers,

17. Noble and virtuous.

18. Ruin seize the man! how ungrateful he is!

بشمرالله الرَّحْمٰن الرَّحِيْمِ () عَكَسَ وَ تَوَلَّى أَ أَنْ حَاءَمُ الْأَعْلَى ش ۇمَايُدْرِيْكَ لَعَلَّهُ يَزَّ<sup>لَّ</sup>ى<sup></sup> ٱوْيَذَ<sup>ّ</sup>حَرُ فَتَنْفَعَهُ الذِّكْرِى اَمَّا مَنِ اسْتَغْنِي 🖑 فَانْتِ أَنْ أَنْتُ الْمُ أَصَرُّ عَالَهُ دَمَاعَلَيْكَ ٱل**َّانَ** الْحَارَ وَ أَمَّامَنْ جَاءَكَ يَسْعِي أً وَ هُوَ يَخْشَى أَ وَالْبَاعَةِ مُتَاهًا كَلَّوْ انَّهَا تَذْكَرَةُ ش فَمَنْ شَاءَذَكَرَهُ ٢ فى صُحْف شَكَرَّ مَه أَسَ مَرْفُهْعَة مُطَهَّرَة أُنَّ بِٱيْرِيْ سَفَرَةٍ أَ كَرَامُ بَرَدَةً قُتِلَ الْانْسَانُ مَآ أَكْفَرَهُ

 $a i u + | th \doteq | h \tau | kh \neq | dh \Rightarrow | s \Rightarrow 85$ (See details of transilieration on page 'p'). 19. Of what does He create him?

20. Of a sperm-drop! He creates him and proportions him;

21. Then He makes the Way easy for him,

22. Then He causes him to die and assigns a grave to him;

23. Then, when He pleases, He will raise him up again.

24. Nay! he has not yet done what He commanded him *to do*.

25. Now let man look at his food:

26. How We pour down water in abundance,

27. Then We cleave the earth—a proper cleaving—

28. Then We cause to grow therein grain,

29. And grapes and vegetables,

30. And the olive and the date-palm.

31. And walled gardens thickly planted,

32. And fruits and herbage,

33. Provision for you and your cattle.

34. But when the deafening shout comes,

35. On the day when a man flees from his brother,

36. And *from* his mother and his father,

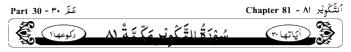
37. And from his wife and his sons,

38. Every man among them that

عَبَس ٨٠ - Chapter 80 مِنْ آيّ شَيْءٍ خَلَقَهُ مِنْ نَّطْفَة ، خَلَقَهُ فَقَدَّ رَبُّ ثُمَر السَّبِيْلَ يَسَرَهُ ثُمَّ آمَاتَهُ فَأَقْدَرُهُ ثُمَّ إذاشاء أنْشَاء أَشْ كَلَّا لَمَّا يَقْضِ مَآ أَمَرَهُ شُ فَلْيَنْظُرِ الْإِنْسَانُ إِلى طَحَامِة ٥ ٱنَّاصَتنْنَا الْمَاءَصَبًّا أَ ثُمَّ شَقَقْنَا الْأَرْضَ شَقَّاهً فَٱنْتَثْنَا فَثْهَا حَتَّا وَّعِنَبًاوَ قَضْبًا وَّ زَيْتُهْنَاوَ نَخْلُا شَ وَّ حَدَّائِقَ غُلْبًا أَ وَفَاكِفَةً وَآتًا مَّتَاعًا لَّكُمْ وَلِاَنْعَامِكُمْ شَ فَإِذَا جَاءَتِ الصَّاخَةُ كَوْمَرْ يَغِرُّ الْمَرْءُ مِنْ أَجْدَهِ أَ واُمِّه وَ اَبِيْهِ صَ وَصَاحِبَتِهِ وَبَنِيْهِ ٢ لِكُلَّ امْرِفٌ مِّنْهُمْ يَوْمَبْذِشَانُ

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ & \uparrow \ | \ h \ 7 \ | \ hh \ ' \ | \ dh \ ' < 0 \\ \hline (See details of transilieration on page \ p'). \end{array}$ 

عَمَّر ۳۰ - Part 30	'ABASA	عَبَس ۸۰ - Chapter
day will have concern enou	-	ؾؙۼٛڹؽۅ۞
make him indifferent <i>to other</i> 39. On that day some faces w		ٷڿؙۉۼٞؾۜۉۛڡڂؚۮؚٟ <sup>ٞ</sup> ۺڣڗۼ۬ؖ۞
bright, 40. Laughing, joyous!		ۻؘٳڃػڎؘ ؖڞ۠ۺؾؠٛۺؚۯۊؖٚ۞
41. And some faces, on tha	t day,	وَ وُجُوْةً يَّوْمَئِذٍ عَلَيْهَا غَبَرَةً <sup>6</sup>
will have dust upon them, 42. Darkness will cover them		تَرْهَقُهَا قَتَرَةً أَ
43. Those are the ones disbelieved <i>and</i> were wicked.		ٱولَّئِكَ هُمُ الْكَفَرَةُ الْفَجَرَةُ أَ



AT-TAKWĪR (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. When the sun is wrapped up,

3. And when the stars are obscured,

4. And when the mountains are made to move,

5. And when the she-camels, tenmonth pregnant, are abandoned,

6. And when the beasts are gathered together,

7. And when the seas are made to flow forth *one into the other*,

8. And when people are brought together,

9. And when the girl-child buried alive is questioned about,

10. 'For what crime was she killed?'

11. And when books are spread abroad.

12. And when the heaven is laid bare,

13. And when the Fire is caused to blaze up,

14. And when the Garden is brought nigh,

15. Then every soul will know what it has brought forward.

16. Nay! I call to witness the planets that recede,

17. Go ahead and then hide.

18. And *I call to witness* the night as it passes away,

بشمرالله الرَّحْمن الرَّحِيْم () إِذَا الشَّمْسُ كُوِّرَتْ ٣ وَ إِذَا النُّحُوْمُ إِنْكَدَرَتْ ٣ وَإِذَا الْجِبَالُ سُيِّرَتْ 🖑 وَ إِذَا الْعِشَارُ عُطِّلَتُ ٥ وَإِذَا إِلْهُ جُهْشُ حُشَرَتُ شَ وَإِذَا الْبِحَارُ سُجِّرَتْ ٥ وَإِذَا النُّفُوْسُ زُوِّجَتْ 🕅 وَإِذَا الْمَوْءَدَةُ سُبُلَتُ ( ب**ٵ**ؾۜۮؘڹٛڹۊؙؾؚڶؿ۞ وَإِذَا الصَّحُفُ نُشِرَتْ () وَإِذَا السَّبَعَاءُ كُشْطَتُ ١ وَإِذَا الْحَحِيْمُ سُبِّحَرَثُ أَنَّ وَإِذَا الْحَنَّةُ أَزْلِفَتْ ٢ عَلَمَتْ نَفْسٌ مَّا أَحْضَاتُ شَ فَلَآ أَقْسِمُ بِالْخُنَّسِ أَ الْجَوَارِ الْكُنَّسِ وَ الَّيْلِإِذَا عَسْعَسَ الله

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u & \mid \mid th & \exists \mid p \ \tau \mid kh \ \tau \mid dh \ s & s \\ (See details of transliteration on page \ p). \end{array}$ 

19. And the dawn as it begins to breathe,

20. That this is surely the *revealed* word of a noble Messenger,

21. Possessor of power, established in the presence of the Lord of the Throne,

22. Obeyed there, *and* faithful to *his* trust.

23. And your companion is not mad.

24. And he assuredly saw Him on the clear horizon.

25. And he is not niggardly with respect to the unseen.

26. Nor is this the word of Satan, the rejected.

27. Whither, then, are you going?

28. It is nothing but a Reminder unto all the worlds,

29. Unto such among you as desire to go straight,

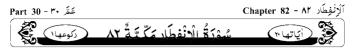
30. While you desire not *a thing* except that Allāh, the Lord of the worlds, desires *it*.

ۅؘٵٮڟٞڹؚٛڿٳۮؘٵؾؘٮؘؘڣٞٞۺ۞۠ ٳڹۜٞۿؙڶڦؘۅٛڶڒڛؙۉڸؚػڔؽٟ؞ؚٟ۞۠ ڿؽؚۊؙۊؚۜۊٟۼٮٛۮڿؽٵڷػۯۺۛڡؘڮؽڹۣ۞۠

مُّطَاعٍ ثَمَّرَ آمِيْنٍ شُ وَمَا صَاحِبُكُمْ بِمَجْنُوْنٍ شَ وَلَقَدْ رَاٰهُ بِالْأُفُقِ الْمُبِيْنِ شَ وَمَا هُوَ عَلَى الْغَيْبِ بِضَنِيْنٍ شَ وَمَا هُوَ بِقَوْلِ شَيْطْنٍ رَّجِيْمٍ شَ فَايْنَ تَذْهَبُوْنَ شَ لِمَنْ شَاء مِنْكُمْ آنْ يَسْتَقِيْمَ شُ وَمَا تَشَاءُوْنَ إِلَّا آنْ يَسْتَقِيْمَ شُ الْعْلَمِيْنَ شَ

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ o \ (899)$  ع  $(b \ ranshift e \ ranshif$ 

<u>چ</u>



AL-INFIȚĂR (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. When the heaven is cleft asunder,

3. And when the stars are scattered,

4. And when the rivers are made to flow forth *into canals*,

5. And when the graves are laid open,

6. Each soul shall *then* know what it has sent forth and what it has held back.

7. O man, what has emboldened thee against thy Gracious Lord,

8. Who created thee, then perfected thee, then proportioned thee aright?9. In whatever form He pleased, He fashioned thee.

10. Nay, but you deny the Judgment.

11. But there are guardians over you

12. Honoured recorders,

13. Who know *all* that you do.

14. Verily, the virtuous will be in bliss;

15. And the wicked will be in Hell;

16. They will burn therein on the Day of Judgment;

17. And they will not *be able to* escape therefrom.

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () إذا السَّمَاء انْفَطَرَتْ وَإِذَا الْكَوَاكِبُ انْتَثَرَتْ وَإِذَا الْبِحَادُ فُجِّرَتْ وَإِذَا الْقُبُوْدُ بُعَثِرَتْ عَلِمَتْ نَفْسَ مَّاقَدَّ مَتْ وَ اَخَّرَتْ ﴿

يَّا يُّهَا الْإِنْسَانُ مَا غَرَّكَ بِرَبِّهُ الْكَرِيمِ الَّزِيْ خَلَقَكَ فَسَوَّىكَ فَعَدَلَكَ فَيْ آيِّ صُوْرَةٍ مَّا أَرَكَ بَلَا فَعَدَلَكَ كَلَّا بَلُ تُكَذِّبُوْنَ بِالدِّيْنِ نَ انَّ عَلَيْكُمْ لَحْفِظِيْنَ مَوَ انَّ عَلَيْكُمْ لَحْفِظِيْنَ انَّ الْا بَرَارَ لَغِيْ نَعِيْمٍ انَّ الْا بَرَارَ لَغِيْ نَعِيْمٍ مَوَ انَّ الْهُ بَرَارَ لَغِيْ نَعِيْمٍ أَ وَ انَّ الْمُ عَنْهَا بِغَا زَبِيْنَ إِ

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rho \ | \ h \ rho \ | \ rho \ \ rho \ rho \ rho$ 

know what the Day of Judgment is! 19. Again, what should make thee know what the Day of Judgment is! 20. The day when a soul shall have no power to do aught for another =soul! And the command on that day  $\stackrel{!}{\underset{\sim}{\overset{\circ}{\overset{\circ}{\overset{\circ}}}}}$ will be Allāh's.

18. And what should make thee

ؽۉؗۘ؉ڶٳؾڡٛڸڰؙڹڣٛۺۜۑڷؚڹؘڣٛڛۺؘؽٵ؞ ۅؘ١ٛڵٲڡۯؾۉڡٮڂؚ؞ٟٚؾؚڷۅ۞



AT-TATFĪF (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allah. the Gracious the Merciful

2. We unto those who give short measure:

3. Those who, when they take by measure from other people, take it full:

4. But when they give by measure to others or weigh to them, they give them less.

5. Do not such people know that they will be raised again

6. Unto a terrible day,

7. The day when mankind will stand before the Lord of the worlds?

8. Nay! the record of the wicked is in Sijjīn.

9. And what should make thee know what Sijiin is?

10. It is а Book written comprehensively.

11. Woe, on that day, unto those who reject.

12. Who deny the Day of Judgment.

13. And none denies it save every sinful transgressor,

14. Who, when Our Signs are recited unto him, says: 'Fables of the ancients!'

15. Nay, but that which they have

بشير اللهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحْمَمِ () وَيْلُ لِّلْمُطَفِّفِيْنَ أَ الَّذِيْرِبِ إِذَا اكْتَالُوْا عَلَى النَّاسِ **ىشتەڧە**ت وَ إِذَا كَالُوْهُمْ أَوْ وَأَذَنُوْهُمُ اَلا يَظُنُّ أولَئِكَ انَّهُمْ مَّبْعُهْ ثُوْنَ ال ليَوْم عَظِيْم 🖑 يَّةْ مَرْبَقُوْمُ النَّاسُ لِرَبِّ الْعُدَ كَلَّا إِنَّ كِتْتِ الْفُجَّارِ لَغِيْ سِحْيْنِ ٨ وَمَا ٱدْرْىكَ مَاسِجِّيْنُ أَ كتت ممرْقُهُمْ أ <u></u> ۯؽڶؙؾۜۉڡؘئؚۮٟ ڵؚؚۮؗؗؗڡؙػۮؚؚۨؠؽؚؽۨ الَّذِيْنَ يُكَذِّبُوْنَ بِيَوْمِ الدِّيْنِ <sup>(1)</sup> <u>ۅ</u>ؘڡٙٵؠؙڲڹؚٚڹؙڹ؋ٳڵؖٙٳػؙڴۘڡؙۼؾڔٵؿؽؚڡؚؚ۞ إذا تُثلى عَلَيْهِ إليتُنَا قَالَ أَسَاطِيْرُ الْاَوَّ لِبْنَ شَ كَلَّهُ بَلْ ٢٠ رَابَ عَلَى قُلُوْ بِهِمْ مَّا كَانُوْ ا ء ' ا ق p ا غ f ا ظ z ا ظ t ا ف f و 100 م م ا ذ h r | kh r | dh خ l s م و 100 م م ا ث h r | kh r | kh r | dh - 200 م ا ا

(See details of transliteration on page 'p').

earned has rusted their hearts.

16. Nay, they will surely be debarred from *seeing* their Lord on that day.

17. Then, verily, they will burn in Hell,

18. Then it will be said *to them*, 'This is what you used to reject.'

19. Nay! but the record of the virtuous is surely in 'Illiyyīn.

20. And what should make thee know what 'Illiyyūn is?

21. It is a Book written comprehensively.

22. The chosen ones *of God* will witness it.

23. Surely the virtuous *will be* in bliss,

24. Seated on couches, gazing.

25. Thou wilt find in their faces the freshness of bliss.

26. They will be given to drink of a pure sealed beverage,

27. The sealing of it will be *with* musk—for this let the aspirants aspire—

28. And it will be tempered with *the* water of Tasnīm,

29. A spring of which the chosen ones will drink.

30. Those who were guilty used to laugh at those who believed;

ىڭسىكەن 💿 اِنَّهُمْ عَنْ دَّبِّهِمْ يَوْمَغ ڷٞؖٙٙؗڝۧڂٛڂۉٮؙۉڽؖ ثُمَّ إِنَّهُمْ لَصَالُوا الْجَحِيْمِ ١ ثُمَّر يُقَالُ لهٰذَا الَّذِئ ؾؙڲڐ۫ؠٛۅٛڹ۞ كَلَّآاتَ كِتْبَ الْأَبْرَادِ لَغِيْ عِلِّيٍّيْنَ ١ وَمَا ٱدْربكَ مَاعِلّتُوْنَ ٢ كتْتْ مَّرْقُوْمَ أَ تَشْهَدُهُ الْمُقَرَّ بُهْنَ شَ إِنَّ الْأَبْرَارَ لَفِيْ نَعِيْمٍ أَ عَلَى الْأَرَائِكَ يَنْظُرُوْنَ ش تَعْرِفُ فِيْ وُجُوْهِهِمْ نَضْرَةَ النَّعِيْمِ أَ ؽۺڡٙۅٛ<u>ؽ</u>ڡؚڽٛڒۜڿؽۊؚؚ؉ڂٛؾؙۉ*ۄ*ؚ؊ خِتْمُهُ مِسْكَ وَفْ ذَلِكَ فَلْيَتَنَافَ الْمُتَنَافِسُوْنَ ٢ <u>ۅ</u>ؘڡؚۯٙٳڿؙ؋۫ڡؚڽٛؾؘۺڹؽۄؚ عَيْنًا يَشْرَبُ بِهَا الْمُقَرَّبُونَ 🖑 اِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ أَجْرَمُوْا كَانُوْا مِنَ الَّزِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا يَضْحَكُوْنَ ٢

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ i \ s \ of transitieration on page \ p').$ 

عَمَّر Part 30 - ۳۰

31. And when they passed by them, they winked at one another.

32. And when they returned to their families they returned exulting;

33. And when they saw them they said, 'These indeed are the lost ones!'

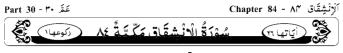
34. But they were not sent as keepers over them.

35. This day, therefore, it is the believers who will laugh at the disbelievers.

36. Seated on couches, gazing.

paid for what they did?

<u>ۅ</u>ٙٳۮٙٵڡؘڗ۠ۉٵؠؚۿؚؚؗۿؽؾػۼٵڡؘۯؙۉؽ۞ؖؖ وَ إِذَا انْقَلَبُوْا إِلَى أَهْلِهِمُ انْقَلَبُوْا فَكِهِيْنَ شَ وَ إِذَا رَأَوْهُمْ قَالُوْا إِنَّ هَٰهُ لَاء لَضَالُهُ نَ ش وَمَا أُرْسِلُوْا عَلَيْهِمْ خُفِظِيْنَ أُ فَالْيَوْمَ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا مِنَ الْكُفَّارِ ؽۻٛڂۘٷؽ۞ عَلَى الْآرَآئِكِ، يَنْظُرُوْنَ ٢ هَلْ تُوَّبَ الْكُفَّارُ مَا كَانُوْا يَفْعَلُونَ ٢ مَعْ اللهِ عَلَيْ عَلَوْنَ ٢



**AL-INSHIQĀQ** (Revealed before IIijrah)

1. In the name of All $\bar{a}h$ , the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. When the heaven bursts asunder,

3. And gives ear to her Lord—and *this* is incumbent upon her—

4. And when the earth is spread out,

5. And casts out *all* that is in her, and becomes empty;

6. And gives ear to her Lord—and *this* is incumbent upon her—

7. Thou, O man, art verily labouring towards thy Lord, a hard labouring; then thou art going to meet Him.

8. Then as for him who is given his book *of record* in his right hand,

9. He will soon have an easy reckoning,

10. And he will return to his household, rejoicing.

11. But as for him who will have his book *of record* given to him behind his back,

12. He will soon call for destruction,

13. And he will burn in a blazing Fire.

14. Verily, *before this* he lived joyfully among his family.
15. He indeed thought that he is

would never return *to God*. 16. Yea! surely, his Lord sees him full well. بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () إذَا السَّمَاءانَشَقَّتُ " وَاذِنَتْ لِرَبِّهَا وَحُقَّتُ " وَاذِنَتْ لِرَبِّهَا وَحُقَّتُ " وَانَقَتْ ما فِيْهَا وَتَخَلَّتُ " وَانَقَتْ ما فِيْهَا وَتَخَلَّتُ " وَاذَتَ فَمُاقِيْهِ وَحُقَّتُ \* يَاتُهَا الْإِنْسَانُ إِنَّكَ كَادِحُ إِلَى رَبِّكَ مَدْحًا فَمُلقِيْهِ أَنْ فَامَّامَنْ أُوْتِي كِتْبَهُ بِيَمِيْنِهِ \* وَامَّامَنْ أُوْتِي كِتْبَهُ وَرَاعَ ظَهْرِهِ \*

> ڣؘڛۉڣؘؾۮڠۉٵڎؙؠؙۉۯٵ۞ ۜۊۜؾڞڶى ڛعؚؽۯٵ۞ ٳٮٚۜۧۿؘػٳؽ؋ۣؽٙ٦ۿڔڸ؋ڡؘۺڔؙۉۯٵ۞ ٳڹۜۿڟؘؾۜ٦ڽٛڵؿؾڂۉڒ۞۫۫

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ \circ \ (3ee \ details \ of \ transliteration \ on \ page \ p').$ 

17. But nay! I call to witness the evening twilight,

18. And the night and *all* that it envelops,

19. And the moon when it becomes full,

20. That you shall assuredly pass on from one stage to another.

21. So what is the matter with them that they believe not,

22. And when the Qur'ān is recited unto them, they do not bow down in submission;

23. On the contrary, those who disbelieve reject *it*.

24. And Allāh knows best what they keep hidden *in their hearts*.

25. So give them tidings of a painful punishment.

26. But *as to* those who believe and do good works, theirs is an unending reward.

فَلَا ٱقْسِمُ بِالشَّفَقِ ﴾ وَالَّيْلِ وَمَاوَسَقَ ﴾ وَالْقَمَرِ إِذَا اتَّسَقَ ﴾ نَتَرْكَبُنَّ طَبَقًا عَنْ طَبَقٍ \* فَمَالَهُمُ لا يُؤْمِنُوْنَ \* وَ إِذَا قُرِئَ عَلَيْهِمُ الْقُرْأَنُ لا يَسْجُدُوْنَ \* بَلِ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا يُكَذِّ بُوْنَ \* وَ اللَّهُ ٱعْلَمُ بِمَا يُوْعُوْنَ \*

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ | \ s \ \circ \ (See \ details \ of \ transliteration \ on \ page \ p').$ 



AL-BURŪJ (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

\*2. By the heaven having mansions *of stars*,

3. And by the Promised Day,

- \*4. And by the Witness and that about whom witness has been borne,
- \*5. Cursed be the Fellows of the Trench—

6. The fire *fed* with fuel—

7. As they sat by it,

8. And they witnessed what they did to the believers.

9. And they hated them not but because they believed in Allāh, the Almighty, the Praiseworthy,

10. To Whom belongs the kingdom of the heavens and the earth; and Allāh is Witness over all things.

11. Those who persecute the believing men and the believing women and then repent not, for them is surely the punishment of Hell, and for them is the punishment of burning.

12. But those who believe and do good works, for them are Gardens

وَ السَّمَاءِذَاتِ الْبُرُوْجِ شَ وَ الْيَوْمِ الْمَوْعُوْدِ ٣ **ۯ**ۺؘاۿڋۊؘۜٛٛٛڡؘۺٛۿۉڋ۞ۛ قُتِلَ أَصْحِبُ الْأُخْدُوْ دِنَّ النَّار ذَاتِ الْوَقُوْدِ 🖑 اذْ هُمْ عَلَيْهَا قُعُوْدُهُ وَّ هُمْ عَلٰى مَا يَفْعَلُوْنَ ب شُهُهُ ذُ وَمَا نَقَمُوْا مِنْهُمْ إِلَّا أَنْ يُؤْمِ باللهِ الْعَزِيْزِ الْحَمِيْدِ أَ الَّذِيْ لَهُ مُلْكُ السَّمٰوتِ وَالْأَرْضِ \* وَ اللهُ عَلَى كُلَّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيدً \* ادب اللَّذِيْرِي فَتَنُوا الْمُؤْمِنِيْرِ وَ الْمُؤْمِنِتِ ثُمَّ لَمْ بَتُوْبُوْا فَلَهُمْ عَذَابُ جَهَنَّمَرَوَ لَهُمْ عَذَابُ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ أَمَنُوْا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ

بشمر الله الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيْمِ ()

\*2. By the heaven having constellations,
\*4. By the testifier and the one who is testified.
\*5. Cursed be the people of the trenches—

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ r & | \ h \ r & | \ kh \ r & | \ dh \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s &$ 

Part	30	- #•	عَمَّر
------	----	------	--------

through which streams flow. That is the great triumph.

13. Surely the seizing of thy Lord is severe.

\*14. He it is Who originates and reproduces;

15. And He is the Most Forgiving, the Loving;

16. The Lord of the Throne, the Lord of honour;

\*17. Doer of whatever He wills.

18. Has *not* the story of the hosts come to thee?

19. Of Pharaoh and Thamūd?

20. Nay, but those who disbelieve *persist* in rejecting *the truth*.

- \*21. And Allāh encompasses *them* from before them and from behind them.
  - 22. Nay, but it is a Glorious Qur'an,

23. In a well guarded tablet.

تَبَرَى مَنْتَ تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَرُهُ ذَلِكَ الْفَوْزُ الْكَبِيْرُ شَ اِنَّ بَطْشَ رَبِّكَ لَشَرِيدًا شَ اِنَّ بَطْشَ رَبِّكَ لَشَرِيدًا شَ اِنَّهُ هُوَ يُبْدِئُ وَ يُعِيدُ شَ وَ هُوَ الْحَفُوْرُ الْوَدُوْدُ فَ ذُو الْحَرْشِ الْمَجِيدُ شَ فَحَالَ لِمَا يُرِيدُ فَ هُلْ ٱتْسَكَ حَدِيْتُ الْجُنُوْدِ شَ فَرْعَوْنَ وَ تَمُوْدَ أَنْ بَلِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا فِيْ تَكْذِيْبٍ أَ وَ اللّٰهُ مِنْ وَ رَائِهِ مُ مُحِيدً شَ

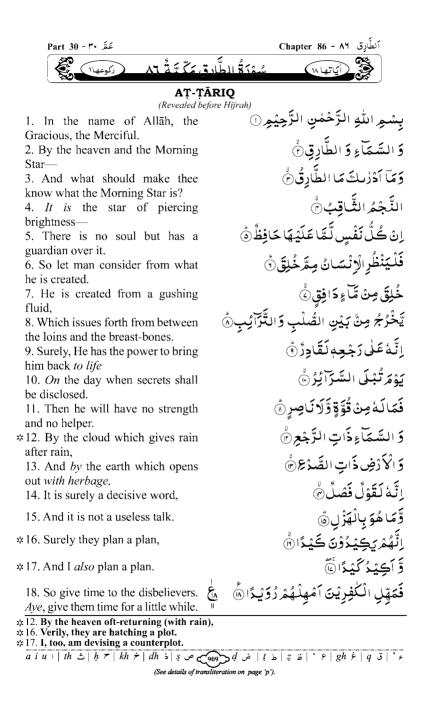
بى سو حراق مېيىم نيى كۇچ تىخفۇزلۈڭ

\*14. He it is Who initiates and repeats.

\*17. A thorough Executer of what He wills.

Er

 $<sup>\</sup>texttt{*21}.$  And Allāh encompasses them in a manner they perceive not.





**AL-A'LĀ** (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. Glorify the name of thy Lord, the Most High,

3. Who creates and perfects,

4. And Who designs and guides,

5. And Who brings forth the pasturage,

6. Then turns it black, rotten rubbish.

7. We shall teach thee *the Qur'ān*, and thou shalt forget *it* not,

8. Except as Allāh wills. Surely, He knows *what is* open and what is hidden.

9. And We shall facilitate for thee *every* facility.

10. So go on reminding; surely, reminding is profitable.

11. He who fears will soon heed;

12. But the reprobate will turn aside from it,

13. He who is to enter the great Fire.

14. Then he will neither die therein nor live.

15. Verily, he *truly* prospers who purifies himself,

16. And remembers the name of his Lord and offers Prayers.

17. But you prefer the life of this world,

بشمر الله الرَّحْمن الرَّحِيْمِ () سَبِّح اسْمَرَدَبِّكَ الْأَعْلَى الْ الَّذِيْ خَلَقَ فَسَوَّى شَ وَ الَّذِيْ قَدَّرَ فَهَدِي ٢ وَ الَّذِيْ أَخْرَجَ الْمَرْغِي ٢ فَحَعَلَهُ غُثًاءً أَجْهُونُ أَ **سَنُقْرِئُكَ فَلَا تَنْسَى** المكاشاء الله مانتَه تعْبَهُ الْجَهْرَ وَمَا يَخْفِي ٢ ۇ ئېتىرك لىكىشاي أَ فَذَجَرْ إِنْ نَفَعَتِ الذِّحُرِي ۞ سَيَزَكَ مَنْ تَخْشَى أَ وَيَتَحَنَّبُهَا الْأَشْقَى شَ الَّذِيْ يَصْلَى النَّارَ الْكُبْرِي شَ ثُمَرَ كَا يَمُوْتُ فِيْهَا وَلَا يَحْلِي شَ قَدْ أَفْلَحَ مَنْ تَزَكِّي أَ وَذَكَرَ اسْمَرَرَبِّهِ فَصَلَّى أَ كُلْ تُؤْثِرُوْنَ الْحَلْمَةَ الدُّنْكَاشَ

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ th \ rhop | \ hh \ rhop | \ rhop |$ 

عَمَّر ۳۰ Part 30 - ۳۰	AL-AL'Ā	آلآعلٰ Chapter 87 - ۸۷
18. Whereas the Hereafter is	better	وَالْأَخِرَةُ خَيْرٌ وَ ٱبْغَى ١
and more lasting. 19. This indeed is <i>what is tau</i>	g <i>ht</i> in	اِنَّ لِهٰذَا لَغِي الصُّحُفِ الْأُوْ لِي أَ
the former Scriptures— 20. The Scriptures of Abrahar Moses.	m and $\xi$ .	صُحْفِ إِبْارِهِيْمَرَوَ مُوْسَى ٢



AL-GHĀSHIYAH (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. Has there come to thee the news of the overwhelming *calamity*?

3. *Some* faces on that day will be downcast;

4. Toiling, weary.

5. They shall enter a burning Fire;

6. *And* will be made to drink from a boiling spring;

7. They will have no food save that of dry, bitter and thorny herbage,

8. Which will neither fatten, nor satisfy hunger.

9. And some faces on that day will be joyful,

10. Well pleased with their labour,

11. In a lofty Garden,

12. Wherein thou wilt hear no idle talk;

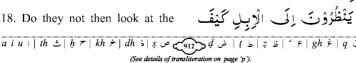
13. Therein is a running spring,

14. Therein are raised couches,

15. And goblets properly placed,

16. And cushions *beautifully* ranged,

17. And carpets tastefully spread.



empli

بشمر الله الرَّحْمن الرَّحْمه () هَلْ ٱتْعَلَى حَدِيْتُ الْغَاشِيَةِ ش ۇجُوْهُ يَوْمَئِذٍ خَاشْعَةً أ عَامِلَةً نَّاصِبَةً أُ تَصْلَى نَارًا حَامتَةً تُشقّٰى مِنْ عَيْنِ إِنِيَةٍ أَ لَنْسَ لَهُمْ طَعَامً إِلَّا مِنْ ضَرِيْعٍ ٥ لايشمن وَلَا سُغْنَى مِنْ حُوْعٍ ٢ وُجُوْلاً يَوْمَبُذ نَّاعِمَةً أَ لِّسَعْدِهَا رَاضِيَةً أَ فى جَنَّة عَاليَة أَ لاتشمع فثقالاغتة فشهَا عَبْنٌ حَارِيَةُ شَ فنها سُرُدٌ مَّرْفُهُ عَةً وَّا كُوَاكَ مَوْضُوْعَةُ أَنَ وَّ نَمَادِقُ مَصْفُوْفَةُ أَشَ وَّ زَرَايٌّ مَبْثُوْثَةً ۞ أفَلَا يَنْظُرُوْتَ إِلَى الْإِيهِ ء' | ق q | غ k | q ' اظ z | ط

عَمَّر ۳۰ - Part 30

وَالَحَهِ السَّيمَاءِ كَيْفَ دُفِعَتْ (

وَالَحِيالَا دُضِ كَيْفَ سُطِحَتْ 🕅

فَسُعَذَّبُهُ اللهُ الْعَذَاتِ الْأَجْبَرَ ٢

وَإِلَى الْجِبَالِ كَيْفَ نُصِبَتْ

فَذَكِّرْ دانَّهَا ٱنْتَ مُذَكِّرْ m

لَسْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ بِمُصَّيْطِر ش

إِلَّا مَنْ تَهَ لَّى وَ كَفَرَ شَ

انَّ الكَنْنَا إِيَا بَهُمْ شَ

ثُمَّ إِنَّ عَلَيْنَا حِسَا بَهُمْ ٢

<u>ب (الله</u>

camel, how it is created?

19. And at the heaven, how it is raised high?

\*20. And at the mountains, how they are set up?

21. And at the earth, how it is spread out?

22. Admonish, therefore, for thou art but an admonisher;

\*23. Thou hast no authority to *compel* them.

24. But whoever turns away and disbelieves,

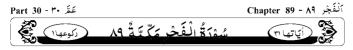
25. Allāh will punish him with the greatest punishment.

26. Unto Us surely is their return,

\*20. And at the mountains, how they are **firmly rooted**?

\*23. You are not a warden over them.

<sup>27.</sup> Then, surely, it is for Us to call .



AL-FAJR (Revealed before Hijrah)

 In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.
 By the Dawn,

3. And the Ten Nights,

4. And the Even and the Odd,

5. And the Night when it moves on *to its end*,

6. Is there *not* in it a strong evidence for a man of understanding?

7. Hast thou not seen how thy Lord dealt with ' $\bar{A}d$ —

8. *The tribe of* Iram, possessors of lofty buildings,

\*9. The like of whom have not been created in *these* parts—

10. And *with* Thamūd who hewed out rocks in the valley,

11. And *with* Pharaoh, lord of vast camps?

\*12. Who transgressed in the cities,

13. And wrought much corruption therein.

14. Thy Lord then let fall on them the whip of punishment.

15. Surely thy Lord is on the watch.

16. As for man, when his Lord tries him and honours him and bestows

بشمرائله الرَّحْمٰن الرَّحِيْمِ () وَ الْفَجْرِ خَ وَلَيّالٍ عَشْرِجُ وَّ الشَّفْعِ وَالْوَتُرِ الْ وَ الَّيْلِ إِذَا يَشْرِقُ هَا، فَاذَلِكَ قَسَمٌ لِّذَى حِجْر **(**) ٱڵۿڗ**ؾۯػؽڣؘڣؘۼ**ڶؘۯؠٞ۠ڮٛؠۼٳۮۣ<sup>۞</sup> إرَ مَرذَات الْعِمَادِ () الَّتِيْ لَمْ يُخْلَقْ مِثْلُهَا فِي الْبِلَادِنَّ وَ ثَمُوْدَ الَّذِيْنَ جَابُوا الصَّخْرَ بالْوَادِ وَ فِرْعَوْنَ ذِي الْأَوْ تَادِ أَنَّ الَّذِيْنَ طَغَوْا فِي الْبِلَادِ 🖑 فَاَحْثَرُوْا فَسْهَا الْفَسَادَ ٢ كَ سَوْطَ عَذَاب فكصت علدهم زثه اِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَبِالْحِرْصَادِ فَاَمَّا الْانْسَارِبُ اذَا مَا ابْتَلْ

\*9. Buildings like theirs were never built before in the lands.\*12. Who transgressed in the lands.

عَمَّر Part 30 - ۳۰

favours on him, he says, 'My Lord has honoured me.'

17. But when He tries him and straitens for him his *means of* subsistence, he says, 'My Lord has disgraced me.'

18. Nay, but you honour not the orphan,

19. And you urge not one another to feed the poor,

20. And you devour the heritage of other people wholly,

21. And you love wealth with exceeding love.

\*22. Nay, when the earth is completely broken into pieces and made level;

23. And thy Lord comes and *also* the angels ranged in rows after rows;

24. And Hell is brought near that day; on that day man will remember, but of what avail shall be his remembrance?

25. He will say, 'O would that I had sent on *some good works* for my life *here*!'

26. So on that day none can punish like unto His punishment,

27. And none can bind like unto His binding;

28. And thou, O soul at peace!

۲ بَنْهُ فَاَحْرَمَهُ وَ نَعَمَهُ اللَّهُ فَيَقُوْلُ رَبِّيَ ٱ نُرْمَنِ اللَّٰهُ وَ اَمَّا إِذَا مَا ابْتَلْمَهُ فَقَدَرَ عَلَيْهِ رِزْقَهُ الْفَيَقُوْلُ رَبِّيْ آَهَانَنِ الْ عَرَّرَ بَلْ تُنْرِمُوْنَ الْيَتِيْمَ الْمِسْكِيْنِ الْ وَتَاحُلُوْنَ التُّرَاثَ آ نُوَرَ لَمَّا الْمِسْكِيْنِ الْ وَتَاحُلُوْنَ التُّرَاثَ آ نُوَر لَمَّا الْمِسْكِيْنِ الْ يَتَر إِذَا دُكَّتِ الْأَرْضُ دَكَّا تُكَارًا الْمَا الْمَا لَا الْمَا مَنْ عَلَى الْمَا مَا الْمَا الْمَالْمَا الْمَا الْمَا الْمَالَ الْمَالْ الْمَالْمَا الْمَا الْمَا الْمَا الْمَا الْمَالْمَا الْمَالْ الْمَا الْمَا الْمَا الْمَا الْمَالْمَا الْمَالْمَا الْمَالْمَا الْمَا الْمَالْمَا الْمَالْمَا الْمَالْمَا الْمَالْمَا الْمَالْمَالْمَالْمَا الْمَالْمَالْمَا الْمَالْمَا الْمَالْمَا الْمَالْمَالْمَالْمَالْمَالْمَالْمَا الْمَالْمَا الْمَالْمَالْمَا الْمَالْمَا الْمَالْمَالْمَالْمَا الْمَالْمَالْمَالْمَالْمَا الْمَالَالْمَالْمَالْمَالُ لَالْمَالْمَالْمَالْمَالْمَا الْمَالْمَالْمَا الْمَالْمَا الْمَالْمَالْمَالْمَا الْمَالَ الْمَالْمَا الْمَالْمَالْمَالْمَالْمَالُ مَالْمَالْمَالْمَالْمَالُ الْمَالَالَ الْمَالْمَالْمَالَالْمَالْمَالَ الْلَالْمَالُ الْلَالْمَالْمَالْمَالْمَا الْمَالَالْمَالْمَالَ الْلَالْمَالَ الْلُلْمَالْلَالُ

وَّ جَاءَ رَبُّكَ وَالْمَلَكُ صَفًّا صَفًّا صَ

ۘۜۅؘڿؚؖٵڝٛٵؾۉۛڡٮؙؚؚڂؙ۪ڹؚؚڿؘۿڹٚۜڡٙڒڐؾۉڡؠؙڂٟ ؾۜؾؘۮؘػۧۯٵٛڸؚڹٛ؊ڽؙۅؘٵؿٚ۠ڶڡؙٳٮڋؚٚڂ۠ۯؽؖ ؾۊۢۅٛڶؗڸؽؾڹؽۣۊٙڒڡٛڐڔڝؾٳؾۣ۞۫

> ڣؘؽۅٛڡڹؙؚۮۭڵؖٳؽػۮؚۨڹۘٵۼۮؘٵڹۿٙٲػۮؙؖۺ۠ ۊؘۜڵٳؽۉؿۊؙۏڞؘٵڡٙۿٙٲڂۮ۫ۿ

ؽٙٱؾ<u></u>ۧؾؙڐۿٵڶڹۧٛڣٛۺٵڷؙؙؗؗؗؗڡڟٛػؽؙؚڹٞڐؙۿؖ

 $\pm$  22. Nay, when the earth is pounded a thorough pounding;

عَمَّر ۳۰ Part 30 - ۳۰	AL-FAJR	اَلْفَجْر ۸۹ - Chapter 89
29. Return to thy Lord well pleas with Him and He well pleased w		ا (جعِنَى إلى رَبِّكِ رَاضِيَةً مَّرْضِيَّةً أَنَّ
<i>thee.</i> 30. So enter thou among My chose	en	فَادْخُلِيْ فِيْ عِبْدِيْ جَ
servants, 31. And enter thou My Garden.		وَادْخُبِيْ جَنَّتِيْ شَ



AL-BALAD (Revealed before IIijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. Nay, but I do swear by this city-

3. And thou art dwelling in this city—

4. And *I swear by* the begetter and whom he begot,

5. We have surely created man to *face* hardships.

6. Does he think that no one has power over him?

7. He says, 'I have spent enormous wealth.'

8. Does he think that no one sees him?

9. Have We not given him two eyes,

10. And a tongue and two lips?

- \*11. And We have pointed out to him the two highways of good and evil.
- \*12. But he attempted not the ascent *courageously*.
- \*13. And what should make thee know what the ascent is?14. *It is* the freeing of a slave.

15. Or feeding in a day of hunger

16. An orphan near of kin,

بشيرالله الرَّحْمن الرَّحِثم () لَآ ٱقْسِمُ بِهٰذَا الْبَلَدِ وَ ٱنْتَ حِلٌّ بِهٰذَا الْبَلَدِ الْ وَوَالِدٍوَّمَاوَلَدَ لَقَدْ خَلَقْنَا الْانْسَانَ فَيْ كَبَدِ ٥ اَ يَحْسَبُ اَنْ لَّنْ يَقْدِرَ عَلَيْهِ اَحَدَّ<sup>6</sup> الْحَ كَقُوْلُ أَهْلَكْتُ مَالًا لُّتَدًا ٥ أ تحسب أن لله يربع أحد أ ٱلَمْ نَجْعَلْ لَّهُ عَنْنَتُنَ وَلِسَانًا وَ شَفَتَيْن وَ هَدَيْنُهُ النَّحْدَيْنِ أَ فكرافتحة العقتة وَمَا آدْ بِكَمَا الْعَقَيَةُ فَكُّ رَقَعَة اَوْ اِطْعُمَرِ **فِيْ يَوْمِرِ ذِيْ مَ**سْ تتثمًا ذَا مَقْرَبَه

\*11. And We showed him two ascending paths of nobility.

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u & \mid \mid th & \vdots \mid h \ \tau \mid kh \ \dot{\tau} \mid dh \ \dot{s} \mid \delta & s \ \underbrace{917}_{917} & \phi \ \dot{s} \mid th \ \dot{s} \mid \dot$ 

<sup>\*12.</sup> But he did not follow the path of 'Aqabah.

Part	30	- #•	عَمّر
------	----	------	-------

17. Or a poor man lying in the dust.

18. Again, he should have been of those who believe and exhort one another to perseverance and exhort one another to mercy.

19. These are the people of the right hand.

20. But those who disbelieve Our Signs, they are the people of the left hand.

\*21. Around them will be a fire  $\xi_{1}$  closed over.

\*21. Upon them is to leap a fire kept enclosed.

ٱوْ مِشْكِنْنًا ذَا مَتْرَبَةٍ (») ثُمَّرَكَانَ مِنَ الَّبَذِينَ أَمَنُوْا وَ تَوَاصَوْا بِالصَّبْرِ وَتَوَاصَوْا بِالْمَرْحَمَةِ ٱولَئِكَ أَصْحُبُ الْمَيْمَنَةِ أَ وَ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا بِالْيَتِنَاهُمْ أَصْحُبُ الْمَشْكَمَة عَلَيْهِمْ نَارُ مُؤْصَدَةً أَ

عَمَّر ۳۰ - Part 30 Chapter 91 - 91 91 4 2 7 ÷1. 2.

ASH-SHAMS (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

\*2. By the sun and its growing brightness,

3. And *by* the moon when it follows it (the sun),

4. And *by* the day when it reveals its glory,

5. And by the night when it draws a veil over it,

6. And by the heaven and its making,

7. And by the earth and its spreading out,

8. And by the soul and its perfection—

9. And He revealed to it what is wrong for it and what is right for it—

\*10. He indeed *truly* prospers who purifies it,

11. And he who corrupts it is ruined.

12. *The tribe of* Thamūd denied *the truth* because of their rebelliousness.

13. When the most wretched among them got up,

14. Then the Messenger of Allāh said, '*Leave alone* the she-camel of Allāh, and *let* her drink.'

سمرايله الرَّحْمن الرَّجنم () ۅؘٳڶۺۜۧٞۿڛۅؘڞؙڂٮۿٳ؆ۜ وَ الْقَمَرِ إِذَا تَلْهَا ] وَ النَّهَارِ إِذَا جَلُّهَا ﴾ وَ الَّيْلِ إِذَا يَغْشِبِهَا ٥ وَ السَّمَاءِ وَمَا بَنْهُا اللَّ وَ الْأَدْضِ وَمَا طَحْيِفَاتٌ **وَنَفْسٍ وَّمَا سَةٍ بِهَا** فَٱلْهَمَهَا فُحُوْدَهَا وَتَقْوِيهَا قُ قَدْ ٱفْلَحَ مَنْ زَصّْهَا أَنَّ وَقَدْخَاتَ مَنْ دَشْعَاشُ كَذَّبَتْ تُمُوْدُ بِطَغْوْ بِهَا ﴾ اذانْبَعَثَ ٱشْقْيْهَا ١ فَقَالَ لَهُمْ رَسُوْلُ اللهِ نَاقَةَ اللهِ

وَ سُقْلِهَا ٢

\*2. By the sun and the time when it begins to radiate, \*10. Surely, he prospers who augments it,

 $\begin{array}{cccc} a \ i \ u & | \ th \ th \ r & | \ h \ r & | \ kh \ r & | \ dh \ s & | \ s & | \ fh \ fh \ r & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s & | \ s$ 

عَمَّر Part 30 - ۳۰	ASH-SHAM	s Chapter 91 - ۹۱ الشَّمْس ا
*15. But they rejected him	and ,	فَكَذَّبُوْهُ فَحَقَرُوْهَا الله فَرَمْدَمَ عَلَيْهِمْ
hamstrung her, so their I destroyed them completely beca of their sin, and made it (destruct	Lord ause	ڒؖڹٞۿۿڔڹؚۮؘڹٛۛؠؚۿؚؚؚۿؚۏ <b>ڣؘ</b> ؊ۊ۠ٮۿؘٵۨ۞۫
overtake all of them alike. 16. And He cared not for consequences thereof.	1	وَلَا يَخَافُ عُقْبِيهَا <sup>®</sup>

\*15. But they rejected him and hamstrung her, so their Lord destroyed them completely because of their sin, and levelled them to the ground.



**AL-LAIL** (Revealed before Hijrah)

2. By the night when it covers up!

3. And *by* the day when it brightens up,

4. And *by* the creating of the male and the female,

5. Surely, your strivings are diverse.

6. Then as for him who gives and is righteous,

\*7. And testifies to *the truth of* what is right,

8. We will facilitate for him *every* facility.

 But as for him who is niggardly and is *disdainfully* indifferent,
 And rejects what is right,

11. We will make easy for him the path to distress.

12. And his wealth shall not avail him when he perishes.

13. Surely it is for Us to guide;

14. And to Us belongs the Hereafter as well as the present world.

15. So I warn you of a flaming Fire.

16. None shall enter it but the most wicked one,

17. Who rejects *the truth* and turns *his* back.

\*7. And he testifies to all that is good,

بشير الله الرَّحْمن الرَّحْمر () وَ الَّيْلِ إِذَا يَغْشَى اللَّهُ وَ النَّهَادِ إِذَا تَجَلَّى خُ وَمَا خَلَقَ الذَّكَرَ وَالْأُنْتَى خُ اللَّ سَعْمَكُمْ لَشَحًّى هُ فَأَمَّامَدْ أَعْطَى وَ إِنَّفِي اللَّهِ إِنَّ وَصَدَّقَ بِالْحُشِنْيُ فَسَنُبَسَرُهُ لِلْيُشَاي أ وَ اَمَّامَنْ بَحْلَ وَ اسْتَغْنِي أَ وَكَذَّبَ بِالْحُسْنِي الْ فَسَنْبَسِّرُة لِلْعُشرِي أ وَمَا يُغْنِيْ عَنْهِ مَالُهُ إِذَا تَرَدِّي أَ انَّ عَلَيْنَا لَيْهُدِي أَنَّ وَ إِنَّ لَنَا لَلْأَجْرَةَ وَ الْأُوْلِي ٢ فَانْذَدْ تُكُمْ نَارًا تَلَظَّى أَ لَا يَصْلِيقَا الله الْكَشْعَى الله

الَّذِيْ كَذَّبَ وَتَوَلَّى ١

وَلَسَوْفَ يَرْضِي 💮

18. But the righteous one shall be kept away from it,

19. Who gives his wealth to become purified.

20. And he owes no favour to anyone, which is to be repaid,

21. Except that he gives his wealth to seek the pleasure of his Lord, the Most High.

22. And soon will He be well & pleased with him.

_
وَ سَيُجَنَّبُهَا الْاَ ثَقَى ۞
ٵ <sup>ڷ</sup> ۜڿؚؽ <i>ؙ</i> ؽۊۢؾۣٛڡؘٲڬ؋ؙؽؾؘڒؘڴ۫۞۫
<u>ۅ</u> ؘڡؘٳٳؘڬۜۮٟ؏ڹٛۮ؇ؘڝؚڽٛڹۨڠڡڐٟؾؙڿٛڒٙؽ؇ؖ
إِلَّا ابْتِغَاءَوَجْهِ رَبِّهِ الْاَعْلَى ﴾
F 1 . M . M .



AD-DUHĀ (Revealed before Hijrah)

2. By the growing brightness of the forenoon,

3. And *by* the night when it becomes still,

4. Thy Lord has not forsaken thee, nor is He displeased *with thee*.

5. Surely *every hour* that follows is better for thee than *the one* that precedes.

6. And thy Lord will soon give thee and thou wilst be well pleased.

7. Did He not find thee an orphan and give *thee* shelter?

8. And He found thee wandering in search *for Him* and guided thee *unto Himself*.

9. And He found thee in want and enriched *thee*.

10. So the orphan, oppress not,

- \*11. And him who seeks *thy help*, chide not,
- \*12. And the bounty of thy Lord, the proclaim.

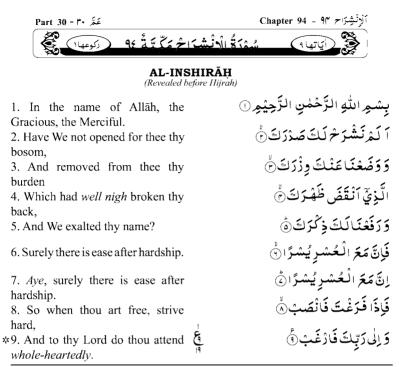
بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () وَالضَّحْى الَيْلِ إذَا سَجْى مَاوَدَّعَكَ رَبُّكَ وَمَاقَلٰى ﴿ وَلَلْأَخِرَةُ خَيْرًَ لَكَ مِنَ الْأُوْلَى ﴿

ۅؘڵۺۅٛڣؘؽڂڟؚؽڮٙڒڹؙؖڮۧ؋ؘؾۯۻ۠؈ ٱڵۿڔؾڿؚۮڮؘؾؾؚؽڡٵڣؘٳۏۑ۞ٞ ۅؘۅؘجؘۮڰۻؘٳٙڴۜ؋ڣؘۄڐۑ۞ٚ

> وَوَجَدَكَ عَآئِلًا فَٱغْلَى فَاتَا الْيَتِيْمَ فَلَا تَقْهَرُ وَآمَّا السَّآئِلَ فَلَا تَنْهَرُ \* وَآمَّا بِنِعْمَةٍ رَبِّكَ فَحَدِّثُ شُ

### \*11. And as for the beggar, chide him not,

\*12. And as for the bounty of your Lord do relate it to others.



\*9. And to thy Lord do you turn seeking Him eagerly.

عَمَّر ۳۰ - Part 30 اَلتَّبْن 10 - Chapter 95 - 95

AT-TĪN (Revealed before Hijrah)

 In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.
 By the Fig and the Olive,

3. And by Mount Sinai,

- \*4. And by this Town of Security,
- \*5. Surely, We have created man in the best make;
- \*6. Then, *if he works iniquity*, We reject him as the lowest of the low,7. Except those who believe and do good works; so for them is an unending reward.

8. Then what is there to give the lie to thee after *this* with regard to the Judgment?

9. Is not Allah the Best of judges?

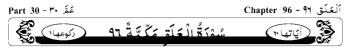
بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () وَ التِّيْنِ وَ الزَّيْتُوْنِ ) وَ طُوْرِ سِيْنِيْنَ ) وَ هٰذَا الْبَلَدِ الْآمِيْنِ ] لَقَدْ خَلَقْنَ الْإِنْسَاتَ فِيْ آحْسَنِ تَقْوِيْمٍ أَ تَقْرَدَدُنْهُ آشفَلَ سَافِلِيْنَ أَ فَمَا يُكَذِّ بُكَ بَعْدُ بِالزِّيْنِ () أَلَيْسَ اللهُ بِآحْكَمِ الْحُبَمِيْنَ أَ

\*4. And by this Town, the abode of peace.

\*5. Surely, We have created man in the best of creative plans.

\*6. Then We reverted him to the state of the lowest of the low.

Ę



AL-'ALAQ (Revealed before Hijrah)

- 1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.
- \*2. Convey thou in the name of thy Lord Who created,
- \*3. Created man from a clot of blood.
- \*4. Convey! And thy Lord is Most Generous,
- \*5. Who taught *man* by the pen,
  - 6. Taught man what he knew not.
  - 7. Nay! man does indeed transgress,
  - 8. Because he thinks himself to be independent.
  - 9. Surely, unto thy Lord is the return.
  - 10. Hast thou seen him who forbids
  - 11. A servant of Ours when he prays?
- \*12. Tell me if he (Our servant) follows the guidance
- \*13. Or enjoins righteousness, *what* will be the end of the forbidder?
- \*14. Tell me if he (the forbidder) rejects and turns his back,

بشمرالله الرَّحْمن الرَّحِثم () إِقْرَاْبِاسْمِرَبِّكَ الَّذِيْ خَلَقَ شَ خَلَقَ الْإِنْسَانَ مِنْ عَلَق أَ اقْرَأْدَدَتُكَ الْأَخْرَمُ () الَّذِيْ عَلَّمَ بِالْقَلَمِ فَ عَلَّمَ الْانْسَانَ مَالَمْ تَعْلَمْ أَن ڪَلَّر انَّ الْانْسَانَ لَيَطْغِي ا <u>ٱن تَالاً اسْتَغْخِي ٨</u> اِنَّ الْيُ رَبِّكَ الرُّجْعِي () ٱرَءَيْتَ الَّذِيْ يَنْهَى عَبْدًا إِذَا صَلَّى ١ اَ دَءَيْتَ إِنْ كَانَ عَلَى إِلْيَهُ إِي اللَّهُ آ<br/>
و<br/>
آ<br/>
ث<br/>
أ<br/>
أ اَدَءَيْتَ إِنْ كَذَّبَ وَ تَوَلَّى ١

- \*2. Recite in the name of your Lord Who created,
- **\*3**. Created man from **an adhesive elot.**
- \*4. Recite! And your Lord is the Noblest.
- \*5. Who taught by the pen.
- \*12. Beware what if he were to be on the right,
- **\***13. Or had admonished righteousness?

\*14. Again have you considered if he falsified the truth instead and turned away,

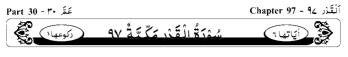
 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ i \ s \ of transliteration on page 'p').$ 

عَمَّر ٣٠ - Part 30	AL-'ALA	کُلَعَکَق Q Chapter 96 - ۹۹
*15. Does he not know that sees <i>him</i> ?		ٱكَمْرَيْحْلَمْ بِأَنَّ اللَّهَ يَرْى ١
*16. Nay, if he desist not, W	/e will	كَلَا لَئِنْ لَمْ يَنْتَهِ لا لَنَسْفَعًا
assuredly <i>seize and</i> drag him forelock,	by the	ۑؚٵڵڹۜٵڝؚؿۊ۬ؖؖۜ۞
*17. A forelock lying, sinful.		ڹؘٳڝؾڐؚ۪ۜػٳۜۜۛ <u>ڔ</u> ۬ڹڐۭڂؘٳڟؚڹٞڐ۪۞۫
*18. Then let him call his asso	ciates,	فَلْيَدْعُ نَادِي <u>َ</u> هٔ
19. We too will call Our ang punishment who will thrus	5	سَنَدْعُ الزَّبَانِيَةَ ۞
<i>into Hell.</i> 20. Nay, yield not thou to hin prostrate thyself and draw n	/ 102	كَلَّا ؞لَا تُطِعْهُ وَاسْجُدْ وَاقْتَرِبْ ۖ الْ
God.		

\*15. Does he not realise that Allāh sees?

\*16. Nay, if he desist not, We will certainly drag him by the forelock,

- \*17. A forelock false, sinful.
- \*18. Then let him call his companions,



بشم الله الرَّحْمن الرَّجِنُم ()

إِنَّا ٱنْزَلْنْهُ فِي لَيْلَةِ الْقَدْرِ ٢

وَمَآ ٱدْرِىكَ مَالَيْلَةُ الْقَدْرِ ٥

ۣ ۑؚٳۮ۬ڹ ڒؾؚۿؚۯ؞ڝڽٛڝؙ<u>ڵ</u>ٳؘۿڔ

لَيْلَةُ الْقَدْرِة خَيْرٌ مِّنْ ٱلْفِ شَهْرِ أَ

تَنَزَّلُ الْمَلْئِكَةُ وَ الرُّوْحُ فِيْهَا

AL-QADR (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

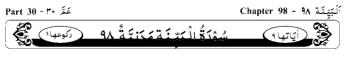
2. Surely, We sent it down on the Night of Destiny.

 And what should make thee know what the Night of Destiny is?
 The Night of Destiny is better than a thousand months.

- \*5. Therein descend angels and the Spirit by the command of their Lord—with every matter.
- سَلْمُ شَرْمِي حَتَّى مَطْلَعِ الْفَجْرِ ثَ لِجَ أَنَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَي الْفَجْرِ عَلَي أَنَى الل dawn.

\$5. Therein descend angels and the Spirit with their Lord's decree concerning everything.

\*6. Peace—so will it be even at the rising of the dawn.



AL-BAYYINAH (Revealed after Hijrah)

2. Those who disbelieve from among the People of the Book and the idolaters would not desist *from disbelief* until there came to them the clear evidence—

- \*3. A Messenger from Allāh, reciting *unto them the* pure Scriptures.
- \*4.Therein are lasting commandments.

5. And those to whom the Book was given did not become divided until after clear evidence had come to them.

6. And they were not commanded but to serve Allāh, being sincere to Him in obedience, *and* being upright, and to observe Prayer, and pay the Zakāt. And that is the religion *of the people* of the right path.

7. Verily, those who disbelieve from among the People of the Book and the idolaters will be in the Fire of Hell, abiding therein. They are the worst of creatures.

8. Verily, those who believe and do good works—they are the best of

بشمرالله الرَّحْمن الرَّحِثم () لَمْ يَكُن اللَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا مِنْ أَهْل الْكِتْبِ وَالْمُشْرِكِيْنَ مُنْفَكِّيْنَ حَتَّى تَاتِيَهُمُ الْبَيِّنَةُ أَ رَسُوْلُ مِّنَ اللهِ يَتْلُوْا صُحُفً مُطَفَّةً شَ فِيْهَا كُتُبَ قَيِّمَةً أُ وَمَا تَفَرَّقَ الَّذِيْنَ أَوْتُوا الْكِتْبَ إِلَّا مِنْ بَعْدِ مَاجَاءَتْهُمُ الْبَيِّنَةُ ٥ وَمَنَّ أُصِرُوْٓا إِلَّا لِيَعْبُدُوا اللَّهُ مُخْلِصِيْنَ لَهُ الدَّيْنَ لَهُ مَنْفَاءً وَيُقِيْهُوا الصَّلْوةَ وَيُؤْتُوا الزَّكْمةَ وَذٰلِكَ دِيْنُ الْقَيِّمَةِ ( اِتَ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا مِنْ اَهْلِ الْكِتْبِ وَ الْمُشْرِكِيْنَ فِيْ نَارِ جَهَنَّمَ خَلِدِيْنَ فِيْهَا د أُولَبِّكَ هُمْ شَرُّ الْبَرِيَّةِ ٥ إِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّلِحُتِ ا

**<sup>\*</sup>**3. A Messenger from Alläh recites Scriptures purified. **\***4. Therein are the everlasting teachings.

creatures.

9. Their reward is with their Lord— Gardens of Eternity, through which streams flow; they will abide therein for ever. Allāh is well pleased with them, and they are well pleased with Him. That is for him who fears his Lord.

ٱولَّمِٰكَ هُمْ خَيْرُ الْبَرِيَّةِ ۞ جَزَّاؤُهُمْ عِنْدَ دَبِّهِمْ جَنَّتُ عَدْبٍ تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْاَنْهُرُ خْلِرِيْنَ فِيْهَآ اَبَدًا - دَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمْ وَ دَضُوْا عَنْـهُ -جْلِكَ لِمَنْ خَشِيَ دَبَّهُ ۞



AZ-ZILZĀL (Revealed before Hijrah)

 In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.
 When the earth is shaken with her *violent* shaking,

3. And the earth brings forth her burdens,

4. And man says, 'What is the matter with her?'

5. That day will she tell her news,

\*6. For thy Lord will have revealed about her.

7. On that day will men come forth in scattered groups that they may be shown *the results of* their works.

8. Then whose does an atom's weight of good will see it,

9. And whoso does an atom's weight of evil will *also* see it.

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () اِذَا زُلْزِلَتِ الْاَرْضُ زِلْزَ الَهَا () وَ آخْرَجَتِ الْاَرْضُ اَتْقَالَهَا () وَ قَالَ الْإِنْسَانُ مَالَهَا () يَوْ مَئِذٍ تُحَدِّثُ اَخْبَارَهَا () يَوْ مَئِذٍ يَصُدُرُ النَّاسُ اَشْتَاتًا لَّ لِيُرَوْا اَعْمَالَهُمْ () فَمَنْ يَعْمَلُ مِثْقَالَ ذَرَّةٍ خَيْرًا يَرَةُ () وَ مَنْ يَعْمَلُ مِثْقَالَ ذَرَّةٍ شَرًّا يَرَةُ ()

\*6. It will be because your Lord would have so revealed to her.



AL-'ĀDIYĀT (Revealed before Hijrah)

2. By the snorting chargers of the warriors,

3. Striking sparks of fire,

4. And making raids at dawn,

5. And raising clouds of dust thereby,

\*6. And penetrating thereby into the centre of *the enemy* forces,

7. Surely, man is ungrateful to his Lord;

8. And surely, he is a witness unto that;

9. And surely, he is very keen for the love of wealth.

10. Does not such a one know that when those in the graves are raised, 11. And that which is in the breasts

is brought forth, 12. Surely their Lord will, on that the day, be fully Aware of them.

\*6. And penetrating thereby the heart of the enemy ranks.

بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () وَ الْعَدِيتِ ضَبْحًا () فَالْمُوْرِيتِ قَدْحًا () فَالْمُوْرِيتِ صُبْحًا () فَالَمُغِيْرَتِ مُبْحًا () فَوَسَطْنَ بِه جَمْعًا () فَوَسَطْنَ بِه جَمْعًا () وَ إِنَّهُ عَلْى ذَلِكَ لَشَهِيْدَ () وَ إِنَّهُ لِحُتِ الْخَيْرِ لَشَرِيدَ () افَلَا يَعْلَمُ إِذَا بُعْثِرَ مَا فِي الْقُبُوْرِ () وَ حُصِّلَ مَا فِي الصَّدُوْرِ ()



AL-QĀRI'AH (Revealed before Hijrah)

 In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.
 The great Calamity!

3. What is the great Calamity?

4. And what should make thee know what the great Calamity is?5. The day when mankind will be like scattered moths,

6. And the mountains will be like carded wool.

7. Then, as for him whose scales are heavy,

8. He will have a pleasant life.

9. But as for him whose scales are light,

\*10. Hell will be his *nursing* mother.

11. And what should make thee know what that is?12. *It is* a burning Fire.

وَ تَكُوْنُ الْجِبَالُ كَالَعِهْنِ like الْمَنْفُوْشِ ۞ فَامَّامَنْ ثَقُلَتْ مَوَازِيْنُهْ ۞ فَامَّامَنْ خَفَّتْ مَوَازِيْنُهُ ۞ وَامَّامَنْ خَفَّتْ مَوَازِيْنُهُ ۞ فَامُوْ هُ هَا وِيَةً ۞

وَاتَّمَ مَنْ خَفَّتْ مَوَازِيْنُهُ أَنَ فَاتُهُهُ هَاوِيَةً أَنَّ وَمَا آدَرْ لَكَ مَاهِيَهُ أَنَّ نَازَ حَامِيَةً أَنَ

بشمر الله الرَّحْمٰن الرَّحِيْم

وَمَآ آذريكَ مَا الْقَارِعَةُ شُ

تَوْمَر تَكُوْتُ النَّاسُ

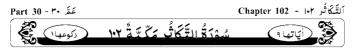
ٱلْقَارِعَةُ

مَا الْقَارِعَةُ أَ

الْمَنْثُمْ ثَانَهُ الْمُ

\*10. His mother will be 'Hāwiyah'.

<u>ب</u>



AT-TAKĀTHUR (Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

\*2. Mutual rivalry in *seeking worldly* increase diverts you *from God* 

\*3. Till you reach the graves.

4. Nay! you will soon come to know.

5. Nay again! you will soon come to know.

\*6. Nay! if you only knew with certain knowledge,

7. You will surely see Hell *in this very life*.

8. Aye, you will surely see it with the eye of certainty.

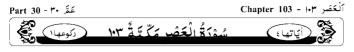
9. Then, on that day you shall be called to account about the *worldly* favours.

بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () ٱلْهٰىكُمُ التَّكَاثُرُ () حَتَّى ذُرْتُمُ الْمَقَابِرَ () كَلَّ سَوْفَ تَعْلَمُوْنَ () تُمَرَكَلَا سَوْفَ تَعْلَمُوْنَ () كَلَا لَوْ تَعْلَمُوْنَ عِلْمَ الْمَقِيْنِ () لَتَرَوُنَّ الْجَحِيْمَ () شُمَرَ لَتُسْتَلُنَّ يَوْمَئِذٍ عَنِ النَّعِيْمِ () إِلْمُ

\*2. Vying with each other for amassing wealth had made you oblivious,

\*3. Even you reached the graveyards.

\*6. Nay, were you to know the certain knowledge,



AL-'AȘR (Revealed before Hijrah)

لي ۲۸

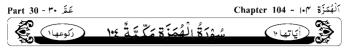
 In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.
 \*2. By the *fleeting* Time,

3. Surely, man is in a state of loss,

4. Except those who believe and do good works, and exhort one another to *accept* truth, and exhort one another to be steadfast.

\*2. By the *testimony* of time,

بِشمِرائلْو الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () وَ الْحَصْرِ حُ اِنَّ الْإِنْسَانَ لَغِيْ خُسْرٍ حُ اِلَّا الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّلِحْتِ وَ تَوَاصَوْا بِالْحَقِّبِ لَه وَ تَوَاصَوْا بِالصَّبْرِ حُ



**AL-HUMAZAH** (Revealed before Hijrah)

2. Woe to every backbiter, slanderer,

3. Who amasses wealth and counts it time after time.

4. He thinks that his wealth will make him immortal.

- \*5. Nay! he shall surely be cast into the crushing punishment.
- \*6. And what should make thee know what the crushing punishment is?

7. It is Allāh's kindled fire,

\*8. Which rises over the hearts.

\*9. It will be closed in on them

\*10. In the form of extended columns.

\*5. Nay, he shall surely be cast into 'Al-Hutamah'.

**\***6. And what should make **you** know what the **'Al-Ḥuṭamah'** is.

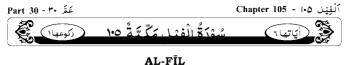
\*8. Which will leap at hearts.

\*9. It will be enclosed against them.

\*10. In extended columns.

بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () وَيُلَ رِّحُلِّ هُمَزَةٍ لُّمَزَةٍ أُ إِلَّذِيْ جَمَعَ مَالاً وَ عَدَّدَهٔ أُ يَحْسَبُ آنَّ مَالَهُ آخْلَدَهُ أُ كَلَّا لَيُنْبَذَنَ فِي الْحُطَمَةُ أُ

> َنَارُ اللَّهِ الْمُوْقَدَةُ ۗ الَّتِيْ تَطَّلِعُ عَلَى الْافْئِدَةِ ۞ إِنَّهَا عَلَيْهِمْ مُؤْصَدَةً ۞ فِيْ عَمَدٍ مُّمَدَّدَةٍ ۞



(Revealed before Hijrah)

2. Hast thou not seen how thy Lord dealt with the People of the Elephant?<sup>‡</sup>

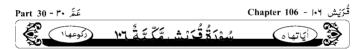
3. Did He not cause their plan to miscarry?

4. And He sent against them swarms of birds,

5. *Which ate their carrion*, striking them against stones of clay.

6. And *thus* made them like broken Estraw, eaten up.

بشمراللهِ الرَّحْمٰنِ الرَّ اَ لَهُ ثَبَ كَنْفَ فَعَ د گخصف



### AL-QURAISH

(Revealed before Hijrah)

1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

- \*2. Because of the attachment of the Quraish—
- \*3. *His* making them attached *to their* journey in winter and summer—
- \*4. They should worship the Lord of this House,

5. Who has fed them against hunger, and has given them security against fear.

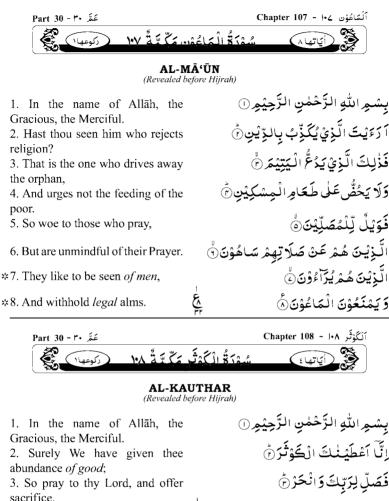
بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () لِإِيْلَفِ قُرَيْشٍ " الْفِهِم رِحْلَةَ الشِّتَآءِ وَ الصَّيْفِ " فَلْيَحْبُدُوْا رَبَّ هٰذَا الْبَيْتِ" الَّذِيَ اَطْحَمَهُمْ مِّنْ جُوْعٍ ذَوَ أَمَنَهُمْ مِّنْ خَوْفٍ أَ

‡ Abraha, the Christian viceroy in Yemen of the King of Abyssinia.

- \*106:2. To bind the Quraish together,
- \*106:3. And to promote their alliance We have devised trade journeys of the winter and the summer—

8

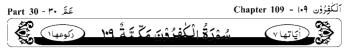
\*106:4. Hence they should worship the Lord of this House,



## اِنَّا ٱعْطَيْنْكَ الْكَوْثَرَ ] فَصَلٍّ لِرَبِّكَ وَانْحَرْ ٣ إِنَّ شَانِئَكَ هُوَ الْأَبْتَرُ شَ

### \*107:7. Those who show off. \*107:8. And they deprive people of even small benefits.

 $a i u \mid h$   $\uparrow h \tau \mid kh \dot{\tau} \mid dh \Rightarrow s$   $\circ \gamma_{38}$ ء' اق q ا \$ gh \$ | d ' 4 | ظ z | ط إ (See details of transliteration on page 'p')



AL-KĀFIRŪN (Revealed before Hijrah)

 In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.
 Say, 'O ve disbelievers!

3. 'I worship not that which you worship;

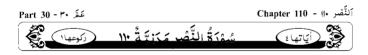
4. 'Nor worship you what I worship.

5. 'And I am not *going* to worship that which you worship;

6. 'Nor will you worship what I worship.

7. 'For you your religion, and for a me my religion.'

بشمرالله الرَّحْمَن الرَّحِيْمِ () قُلْ نَاكُما الْحُفِرُوْنَ أَ لَآ أَعْبُدُمَا تَعْبُدُوْنَ ش وَكَآ ٱنْتُمْ عْبِدُوْنَ مَآ ٱعْبُدُ أَ **وَلَآ اَنَ**اعَابِدۡمَّاعَبَدٛتُّمْ۞ وَلا آنْتُمْرغبدُوْنَ مَا اَعْبُدُ الْ <u>لَحُمْ دِيْنُكُمْ وَ لِيَ دِيْنِ نَ</u>



**AN-NAȘR** (Revealed after Hijrah)

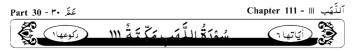
1. In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.

2. When the help of Allāh comes, and the victory,

3. And thou seest men entering the religion of Allāh in troops,

4. Glorify thy Lord, with *His* praise, and seek forgiveness of Him. Surely He is Oft-Returning with compassion.

بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ آ إِذَا جَاءَنَصُرُ اللَّهِ وَ الْفَتْحُ وَ رَآيْتَ النَّاسَ يَدْخُلُوْنَ فِيْ دِيْنِ اللَّهِ آفْوَاجًا فَسَبِّحْ بِحَمْدٍ رَبِّكَ وَ اسْتَغْفِرْهُ إِنَّهُ كَانَ تَوَّابًا ﴾



**AL-LAHAB** (Revealed before Hijrah)

\*2. Perished be the two hands of Abū Lahab, and he will perish.

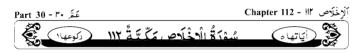
3. His wealth and what he has earned shall avail him not.

4. Soon shall he enter into a blazing fire;

\*5. And his wife *too*, who goes about slandering.

6. Round her neck shall be a halter  $\xi$  of twisted palm-fibre.

بشمرائله الرَّحْمَن الرَّجِثُمِ () تَبَّتْ يَدَآ أَبِيْ لَهَبِ وَّتَبَّ أَ مَآ أَغْنى عَنْهُ مُالُهُ وَ مَا حَسَتَ ش سَيَصْلَى نَارًا ذَاتَ لَهَب أَ وَّ امْرَا تُهُ حَمَّالَةَ الْحَطَبِ أَ فْ جِندها حَبْلُ مِّنْ مَّسَد أَ



AL-IKHLĀS (Revealed before Hijrah)

 In the name of Allāh, the Gracious, the Merciful.
 Say, 'He is Allāh, the One;

3. 'Allāh, the Independent and Besought of all.

4. 'He begets not, nor is He begotten;

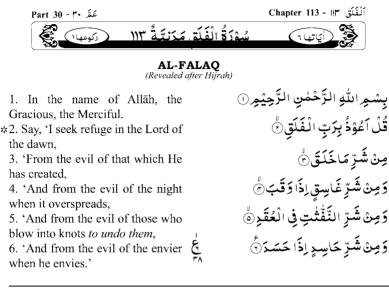
5. 'And there is none like unto  $\xi_{2}$  Him.'

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ ( قُلْ هُوَ اللَّهُ اَحَدَّ أَ اللَّهُ الصَّمَدُ أَ كَمْ يَلِدُهُ وَلَمْ يُوْلَدُ خُ وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَّهُ كُفُوًا اَحَدَ هُ

\*111:2. Perished be the two hands of Abū Lahab, and so perish he.

**Note:** Abū Lahab, *father of the flames,* is applicable to a person of fiery and rebellious nature and to one who inflames others.

\*111:5. And his woman too, who goes about carrying the firewood.



AN-NĀS (Revealed after Hijrah)

2. Say, 'I seek refuge in the Lord of mankind,

3. 'The King of mankind,

4. 'The God of mankind,

5. 'From the evil of the sneaking whisperer,

6. 'Who whispers into the hearts of men,

7. 'From among the Jinn and  $\xi_{r,q}$  mankind.'

rah) بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ () قُلْ اَعُوْذُ بِرَبِّ النَّاسِ خُ مَلِكِ النَّاسِ خُ رِلْهِ النَّاسِ خُ مِنْ شَرِّ الْوَسُوَاسِ دَالْخَنَّاسِ وَلْ الَّذِيْ يُوَسُوسُ فِيْ صُدُوْدِ النَّاسِ فِّ

مِنَ الْجِنَّةِ وَالنَّاسِ ٥

**\*** 113:2. Say, 'I seek refuge with the Lord of **cleaving**,:

# Prayer offered at the completion of the recitation of the Holy Qur'ān

ٱللَّهُمَّ ادْحَمْنِيْ بِالْقُرْانِ وَاجْعَلْهُ لِنَيْ اِمَامًا وَّنُوْرًا وَّهُدًى وَّ رَحْمَةً ٱللَّهُمَّ ذَكِّرْ نِيْمِنْهُ مَانَسِيْتُ وَعَلِّمْنِيْ مِنْهُ مَاجَهِلْتُ وَادْ زُقْنِيْ تِلَاوَتَهُ إِنَاءَ الَّيْلِ وَالنَّهَارِ وَاجْعَلْهُ لِيْ حُجَّةً يَّا رَبَ الْعْلَمِيْنَ

O Allāh have mercy on me with (the blessings) of the Great Qur'ān. Make it for me a Model, Light, Guidance and Mercy. O my Allāh remind me whatever I have forgotten of it and teach me what I do not know of it. Grant me its recitation in the watches of the night and in the hours of day. O Lord of the worlds make it an Authority for me for my benefit. Amin

### SOME ARABIC WORDS EXPLAINED

- Abū Lahab: His real name was 'Abdul-'Uzzā and he was an uncle of the Holy Prophet<sup>si</sup>.
  Al-Jūdī: is one of those mountains which divide Armenia on the south from Mesopotamia and that part of Assyria which is inhabited by the Curds, from whom the mountain took the name of Cardū or Gardu but the Greeks turned it into Gordyaci. The remains of the ark were to be seen on the Gordyaen mountains, and Emperor Heraclius is said to have gone from the town of Thamanin up to the mountain al-Jūdī and saw the place of the ark. There was also formerly a famous monastery on one of these mountains called *the monastery of the ark*.
- Allāh: The proper name of God.
- *Aş-Şafā wal-Marwah*: Two hills near the Ka'bah in Mecca which Arabian history and the traditions of Islām connect with the story of Hagar and Ishmael. Abraham left them in the wilderness near these hills. They stand as a monument to Hagar's travail when she ran between them seven times in search of water for Ishmael, and seven circuits between these hills constitute one of the rites of the Pilgrimage.
- '*Arafāt*: The name given to a plain or valley near Mecca where pilgrims halt in the latter portion of the ninth day of Dhū'l- Hijjāh. It is nine miles from Mecca and the halt of the pilgrims at this place forms one of the principal ceremonies of the Pilgrimage.
- *Badr*: Literally meaning 'full moon,' is the name of a place on the route between Mecca and Medina. Here the first regular battle took place between Muslims and the Quraish of Mecca in which the Quraishite power received a severe shaking.
- *Bahīrah*: A name given by pagan Arabs to a she-camel (according to some also an ewe or a she-goat) which they let loose to feed, after slitting its ears. It was dedicated to some god and its milk was not used, nor its back.
- Ba'l: The name of a god, probably the sun-god.
- *Becca*: is the name given to the valley of Mecca. The word is also considered by some to be the same as Mecca, its  $m\bar{n}m$  having been changed into  $b\bar{a}$ .
- Dhun-Nūn or Ṣaḥibul-Hūt: The Prophet Jonah.
- *Dhul-Qarnain*: mentioned in the Qur'ān refers to King Cyrus, the founder of the Medo-Persian empire which represented the two horns of the ram of Daniel's famous dream.
- Hajj: Pilgrimage to the Ka'bah.
- *Hām* or *Hāmi*: A camel forbidden to be used by the Arabs for riding or carrying burdens. The she-camel was neither ridden nor shorn of her hair and was not debarred from pasture or water.
- *Hunain*: Scene of an important battle between the Holy Prophet<sup>sa</sup> and certain pagan tribes of Arabia in 8 A.H. The place lies to the south-east of Mecca, about 15 miles from it.
- *Iblīs*: is a being who contains little of good and much of evil and who, on account of his having despaired of God's mercy, owing to his disobedience, is left perplexed and confounded. *Iblīs* may be said to represent the powers of evil as distinguished from the powers of good.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ (943) + \dot{s} \ \dot{s} \ (943) + \dot{s} \ \dot{s}$ 

#### SOME ARABIC WORDS EXPLAINED

*Idrīs*: Enoch of the Bible.

- Jālūt: In the Bible the parallel name is Goliath (I Sam. 17: 4) which means, running, ravaging and destroying spirits or 'a leader' or 'a giant'.
- Jinn: This word has been applied in the Qur'an to the following:

(a)Evil spirits which inspire evil thoughts in the minds of men. They are the agents of Satan;

(b) Some imaginary beings whom the infidels worshipped but who existed nowhere in the world;

(c) The inhabitants of northern hilly tracts of Europe, of white and red colour, whom other peoples looked upon as beings separate from other human beings and who lived detached from the eivilized peoples of Asia but who were destined to make great material progress in the latter days and to lead a great revolt against religion;

(d) Peoples belonging to alien religions and nationalities; and

(c) Wild and savage peoples who in pre-historic times, before man had developed enough morally to be given a revealed code of laws, lived in caves and hollows of the earth and were subject to no rules of conduct.

- *Ka*'*bah*: The sacred House at Mecca to which Muslims turn their faces while praying. *Mann*: The root meaning of this word is: (1) a favour; (2) anything obtained without
  - trouble or difficulty; (3) honey-dew.
- *Mash 'arul-Harām*: is the name given to a small hill in Muzdalifah which lies between Meeca and 'Arafāt. It is about six miles from Meeca. Here the pilgrims stop for the night after their return from 'Arafāt on the evening of the ninth day of the month of Hajj.
- *Qiblah*: Literally meaning direction to which a person turns while praying, refers to the Ka'bah at Meeea.
- Quraish: A famous tribe of Mecca to which the Holy Prophet<sup>sa</sup> belonged.
- $R\bar{a}$  *inā*: The word means, 'look to us', but with a little change of the accent the word means, a foolish or conceited person.
- $S\bar{a}$ '*ibah*: A she-camel set free by the Arabs to go wherever she pleased, generally as an offering to the gods. Often a she-camel having given birth to ten female young ones was let loose to pasture where she would, and she was not ridden nor was her milk drunk except by her young.
- Salwā: A whitish bird resembling a quail found in some parts of Arabia and the neighbouring countries. The root meaning of this word is: (1) whatever renders a person contented and happy; (2) honey.

Shahru Ramadān: The Islamic month of fasting.

*Tālūt*: In the Bible the parallel name is Saul (I Sam. 10: 23).

*Tuwā*: The name of the valley where the first manifestation of God to Moses took place. *'Umrah*: Lesser Pilgrimage in which some of the rites of the Pilgrimage are left out. Unzurnā: The word means, 'have regard for us'.

*Wādiun-Naml*: The name of a valley which is situated between Jibrūn and 'Asqalān, and Namlah is the name of a tribe.

*Waşīlah*: A she-camel that was let loose by the Arabs in the name of a god after she had given birth to seven female ones consecutively. If, at the seventh birth, she bore a pair, male and female, these were also let loose.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \tau \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \dot$ 

### SOME ARABIC WORDS EXPLAINED

- Zaid: A freed-slave of the Holy Prophet<sup>sa</sup> to whom was married (and afterwards divorced by him) Zainab, the daughter of the Holy Prophet's<sup>sa</sup> aunt.
- Zakāt: Literally meaning increase, purification; technically signifies the obligatory alms prescribed by Islām.
- Zaqqūm: It is a dust-coloured tree, having small round leaves without thorns. It has a pungent odour and is bitter. The word also means, any deadly food.

### Index

Reference to chapters is given before colon followed by reference to verse(s). Multiple references to a topic are separated by semicolon(s). AARON (Prophet Hārūn) be appointed to assist him. 20:30-36;26:14;28:35. Moses prays that — is appointed Prophet. 4:164; 6:85; 10:76; 19:54; 21:49. — opposes worship of calf. 20:91. Moses angry with over worship of calf by his people. 7:151; 20:93, 94. Moses prays for forgiveness of —\_\_\_\_\_7:152. 37:115. Allāh's favours on — ABRAHAM (Prophet Ibrāhīm) Truth about — is in the Holy Qur'ān. 19:42. was of the party of Noah. 37:84. 6:75. warns his father against idol worship. was sent to people who worshipped idols and stars.
 6:77-79; 21:53. - reasons with his people against worship of stars. 6:77-79; 37:89-91. — breaks idols and exposes their weakness. 21:58, 59; 37:94. — cast into the fire. 21:69, 70; 37:98. emigration of. 21:72: 37:100. — prays for his father's forgiveness. 9:114; 19:48; 26:87; 60:5. receives Allāh's commands and fulfils them. 2:125. receives glad tidings of birth of Ishmael.\_\_\_\_\_37:102. — given good news of birth of Isaac.\_\_\_\_\_ 11:72: 37:113. — is given the news of birth of Jacob. 11:72; 21:73. dreams of sacrificing his son Ishmael. 37:103. — leaves Ishmael in a barren valley. 14:38. builds the House of Allah. 2:128. prays with Ishmael for the raising of a Messenger of Allah among people of Mecca. 2:128-130. commanded to proclaim the Pilgrimage unto mankind. 22:28 - and his guest messengers who brought the news of the punishment of the people of Lot. \_\_\_\_\_11:71, 77; 51:33. brings roasted calf for guests.\_\_\_\_\_11:70. — pleads with Allāh for the people of Lot. 11.75 argues with king.\_\_\_\_ 2:259. enquires about renaissance of his people. 2:261. was most truthful. 19:42. and Isaac and Jacob were men of power and vision. 38:46. \_\_\_\_ ABLUTION Performance of — before şalāt. 5:7. ABŪ LAHAB \_\_\_\_\_111:2-6. — and his wife.  $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ (h \ 7 \ | \ kh \ \dot{r} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ (see details of transitieration on page \ p').$ 

ACTIONS	
— consequences of	17:14
ACTIONS — GOOD AND EVIL	
See under Deeds	
ADAM	
— was the first Prophet	2:31
Surprise of angels on — being appointed Khalīfah.	2:31
- was given knowledge of things created and was made aware of Divi	
Angels were commanded to assist 2:35; 7:12; 15:30:	; 17:62; 20:117
- was commanded to keep away from one tree.	
<ul> <li>covers himself with leaves of the tree of heaven</li> </ul>	
(i.e. began to cover up his mistakes by doing good deeds).	7:23
did not disobey designedly.	20:116
<ul> <li>was created by the two hands of Allāh</li> </ul>	
(i.e. was equipped with physical, moral and spiritual faculties).	38:76
was instructed in elementary cultural values.	20:119, 120
— dwelt in garden.	
— was commanded to emigrate	
was created out of clay.	
— had two sons.	
ADMINISTRATION OF PUBLIC AFFAIRS	
Entrusting authority in the hands of those best fitted to discharge it.	. 4:59
Chosen representatives of people to consult them in	
— by mutual consultation.	42:39
Obligatory to obey Allah and His Messenger and those in author	ity. 4:60
Exercising authority over people equitably and with justice.	
Safeguarding defence and security of state.	
ADOPTION	
Adopted sons not recognised.	33:5
ADORNMENT	
of oneself is allowed	7:33
ADULTERY	
— is forbidden	17:33: 25:69
punishment of	
Evidence required to prove charge of—	24:5
Punishment for loose behaviour short of —.	4:16, 17
Accusing wife of — and punishment for false accusation.	
Accusing chaste women of —	
Adulterer marrying an adulteress or idolatress.	24.3
AFFLICTIONS	21.1
	2.156 150
Purpose behind — AGREEMENTS (See under Covenants)	2,150-158

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{\varsigma} \ (se \ details of transliteration on page 'p').$ 

AL-A'RĀF (THE ELEVATED PLACES) People of — means the true believers ALLĀH	
	7:47
Existence of —2:22; 2:29; 3:3; 3:19; 6:74; 1	3:3, 4;22: 19; 87:2-6
Unity of —.	2:164; 112:2
Unity of —	<u></u>
- is the Light of the heavens and the earth.	24:36
None is like unto —.	42:12; 112:5
Human eyes cannot see	6:104
<ul> <li>manifests Himself through attributes.</li> </ul>	6:104
- shows His servants way to reach Him.	
Effort to meet — necessary.	
All creation needs	112:3
— has detailed knowledge of every thing.	2:256; 10:62
— closer to man than his jugular vein	
alone knows the unknown.	27:66
- knows the overt and the hidden.	
- has all power to fulfil His decrees	
chooses Messengers to guide mankind.	22:76
<ul> <li>makes His Messengers prevail over opponent.</li> </ul>	58:22
— sends angels to help the steadfast.	41:31, 32
<ul> <li>sends angels to help the steadfast.</li> <li>has no partners.</li> </ul>	_2:117; 6:164; 25:3
— is free from all defects.	2:33
- has no progenv. 2:117:	4:172; 6:101; 18:5, 6
did not take any wife or son unto Himself.	17:112; 72:4
— did not beget nor is begotten.	112:4
— has no associates.	9:31
is Holy and Exalted and is far above attributes	
which idolaters claim for their gods	17:44
— not subject to slumber.	2:256
not burdened by care of heavens or earth.	2:256
- not tired by creating heavens or carth.	50:39
— never forgets.	19:65; 20:53
does not wrong anyone.	3:183; 10:45
does not wrong anyone is the First, the Last, the Manifest and the Hidden	57:4
<ul> <li>never enjoins foul deeds.</li> </ul>	7:29
— is not fed	6:15; 51:58
<ul> <li>is not fed1</li> <li>never destroys any township without warning1</li> </ul>	7:16; 26:209; 28:60
All things submit to His will and are obedient to the laws made b	oy —13:16
Laws of — never change.	17:78; 35:44
alone has knowledge of future and past.	20: 111
One should not despair of the merey of —. 6:13, 55; 7:157; 10:59; 11:12	
- alone has power to bestow life. $a i u + b \Rightarrow h \tau + kh \dot{\tau} + dh \Rightarrow s = \sigma = \sigma \Rightarrow d \Rightarrow t =  z  =  z $	

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \$ 

Index

=

—'s Will prevails.	22:15; 22:19; 85:17
— has full power over His decree.	12:22
- takes into account every action howsoever small	11 it may be 31:17
Manifold reward for people spending in cause of -	
— helps believers.	30:48
Allāh's Throne rests on water.	11:8
Forger of lie against — never prospers.	10:18
- shall punish the mockery of unbelievers.	
Man's nature bears witness to Existence of	7:173, 174
— is the Creator of heavens and earth. 2:165; 14:3	
— answers the prayers of supplicant.	
The Will of and His Messengers always prevail.	
Consequences of rejecting —'s commandments.	
— provides sustenance for all.	
Meeting with alone gives real peace of mind.	89:28-30
— has many attributes	7:181; 59:23-25
Perfect attributes belong to - alone.	7:181; 59:25
(i) ALLĀH, ASSOCIATING PARTNERS WITH	
— is forbidden	1 10
— is a grievous wrong	
No forgiveness for .	4:49; 4:117
One should not obey parents in —.	
Discordance in universe if there were more gods that	
Idolaters's pretext for.	
— in Allāh's person is wrong.	12:41: 112:2. 3
— in the attributes of Allāh is disallowed.	
Asking forgiveness for idolater is forbidden.	9:113
People seeking help from others than Allāh can nev	
Reasons against —.	27:60-66
People take other gods than Allāh so that they may be	
Weakness of those who take other gods beside Allāh	
Arguments against —	
False gods do not create anything but are themselv	res created 16.21
False gods are dead.	
Human nature reject—.	16:54
(ii) ALLĀH, ATTRIBUTES OF	10.5
Abaser of the haughty, (Al-Mudhill)	3:27
All-Aware, (Al-Khabīr)	4:36: 22:64: 64:9: 66:4: 67:15
All-Hearing, (Al-Samī <sup>+</sup> )	4:59; 22:62; 24:61; 40:21
All-Knowing, (Al-'Alīm)	
All-Seeing, (Al-Başīr)	
Answerer of prayers, (Al-Mujīb)	
Appreciating, the Most (A1-Shakūr)	11:62 35:35
Appreciating, the Most $(A1-\text{Snakur})$ $i \ u \   \ h \ \tau   \ h \ \tau   \ dh \ i   \ s \ (950)$	

(See details of transliteration on page 'p').

Attributes, One of Exalted (Rafiʻud-Darajāt)	40:
Awarder of appropriate punishment, Avenger. (A	Al-Muntaqim) 3:5; 39:
Beneficent, (Al-Barr)	52:
Besought of all, the Independent, (As-Samad)	112
Bestower, The Great (Al-Wahhāb)	3:9: 38:
Bestower of Favours, (Al-Mun'im)	
$\mathbf{D}_{-}$	3:
Bestower of Security, (Al-Mu'min)	
Bounty, The Possessor of (Dhuttaul)	4(
Bountiful, All-Embracing, (Al-Wāsi')	
Compassionate, (Ar-Ra'ūf)	3:31: 24:
Creator, (Al-Khāliq)	36:82; 59:
Creators, The Best of (Aḥsanul-Khāliqīn)	
Destroyer, The (Al-Mumīt)	40:69: 50:44: 5
Director to the right way, (Ar-Rāshid)	10.09, 50.11, 51
Disposer of Affairs, The Keeper. (Al-Wakīl)	3.174.4.87.11.13.17.3.33
Effacer of sins (Al-'Afuww)	
Enlarger of the means of subsistence, (Al-Bāsi	+150, 22.01, 50
Exalted, (Al-Mutakabbir)	
Exalter (Ar Defr')	59:
Exalter, (Ar-Rafīʻ)	40:
Fashioner, (Al-Muşawwir) First, (Al-Awwal)	59:
Forbearing, (Al-Halīm)	2:226; 22:60; 33:52; 64:
Forgiver, The Great (Al-Ghaffār)	
Forgiver of Sin, (Ghāfiri-zzamb)	40
Forgiving, Liberal in (Wāsi'ul-Maghfirat)	53:
Forgiving, The Most (Al-Ghafūr)	
Friend,(Al-Waliyy)	4:46;12:102;42:10,
Gatherer, Assembler of mankind on the Day of	
Generous, The Most (Al-Akram)	96
Glorious, (Al-Majīd)	85:
Gracious, (Ar-Raḥmān)	
Great, (Al-'Azīm)	42:5; 56:
Great, Incomparably (Al-Kabīr)	4:35;22:63;31:31;34:
Guardian, (Al-Ḥafīẓ)	34:
Guardian,(Al-Wakīl)	4:1
Guide, (Al-Hadī)	22:
Helper,(An-Nașīr)	4:
Hidden, One through whom hidden reality of eve	
High, (Al-'Alī)	4:35; 22:63; 31:31; 42:5; 42:
High, The Most (Al-Mutaʿāl)	13:10; 87:2; 92:
Holy One, (Al-Quddūs)	<u>59:</u>
Incomprehensible, The knower of all subtletics,	
The Benignant, (Al-Latīf)	

Index

 $\begin{array}{c|c} \hline a \ i \ u \ ee \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \varsigma \ \overbrace{91}{9} \\ \hline g_{1} \ \dot{s} \ \dot{$ 

Indulgent, The Most (Al-'Afuww)	4:4
Inheritor, (A1-Wārith)	15:24; 21:90; 28:5
	34:2
Judges, The Best of (Khairul-Hākimīn)	
King of Mankind, (Malikin-Nās)	114
Knower of the unseen and the seen, ('Ālimul-Ghaibi	wash-Shahādah) 59:2
Last,(Al-Ākhir)	57
Life-giver, (Al-Muhyī)	30:51; 40:6
Light, (An-Nūr)	
Living, (Al-Ḥayy)	2:256; 3
	1:2; 5:2
Lord of Great Ascents, (Dhul-Ma'ārij)	70
Lord of Honour, (A1-Majīd)	
Lord of Majesty, (Dhul-Jalāl)	55:2
Lord of Retribution, (Dhuntiqām)	39:3
Lord of Sovereignty, (Mālikal-Mulk)	3:2
Lord of the Throne, (Dhul 'Arsh)	21:23; 40:16; 85:1
Loving, (Al-Wadūd)	11:91; 85:1
Maker, (Al-Bārī)	59:2
Manifest Truth, (Al-Haqqul-Mubīn)	
Manifest, He to whose existence every created thing c	learly point. (Az-Zāhir) 57:
Master of the Day of Judgement, (Māliki Yaumiddīn)	
Master, The Excellent (Ni <sup>•</sup> mal-Maulā)	
Merciful,(Ar-Raḥīm)	
Mighty, (Al-'Azīz)	
Nigh, The Nearest One, (Al-Qarīb)	
Noble,(Al-Karīm)	27:4
Oft-returning with Compassion,	
The Acceptor of Repentance, (At-Tawwab)	2:55; 4:65; 24:11; 49:13; 110
Omnipotent, (Al-Muqtadir)	54:43,5
One, The (Al-Wāḥid)	13:17; 38:66; 39
~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	34:2
Opener of doors of success for mankind, (Al-Fattāh	
Opener of doors of success for mankind, (Al-Fattāḥ Originator, The Author of Life, (Al-Badī <sup>*</sup> )	2:118; 30:28; 85:1
Opener of doors of success for mankind, (Al-Fattāḥ Originator, The Author of Life, (Al-Badī') Pcace, The Source of (As-Salām)	2:118; 30:28; 85:1
Peace, The Source of (As-Salām)	59:2
Peace, The Source of (As-Salām) Possessor of Power and Authority, (Al-Qadīr) Powerful, (Al-Qawī)	59:2 16:71; 30:55; 64 22:75; 33:26; 40:23; 51:5
Peace, The Source of (As-Salām) Possessor of Power and Authority, (Al-Qadīr) Powerful, (Al-Qawī)	59:2 16:71; 30:55; 64 22:75; 33:26; 40:23; 51:5
Peace, The Source of (As-Salām) Possessor of Power and Authority, (Al-Qadīr) Powerful, (Al-Qawī) Praiseworthy, (Al-Hamīd)	59:2 16:71; 30:55; 64 22:75; 33:26; 40:23; 51:5 22:65; 31:27; 41:43; 42:29; 60
Peace, The Source of (As-Salām) Possessor of Power and Authority, (Al-Qadīr) Powerful, (Al-Qawī) Praiseworthy, (Al-Hamīd) Preserver, He Who preserves the faculties of all living this Protector, (Al-Muhaimin)	59:2 16:71; 30:55; 64 22:75; 33:26; 40:23; 51:5 22:65; 31:27; 41:43; 42:29; 60 ngs, The Powerful, (Al-Muqīt) 4:8 59:2
Peace, The Source of (As-Salām) Possessor of Power and Authority, (Al-Qadīr) Powerful, (Al-Qawī) Praiseworthy, (Al-Hamīd) Preserver, He Who preserves the faculties of all living this Protector, (Al-Muhaimin)	59:2 16:71; 30:55; 64 22:75; 33:26; 40:23; 51:5 22:65; 31:27; 41:43; 42:29; 60 ngs, The Powerful, (Al-Muqīt) 4:8 59:2
Peace, The Source of (As-Salām) Possessor of Power and Authority, (Al-Qadīr) Powerful, (Al-Qawī) Praiseworthy, (Al-Hamīd) Preserver, He Who preserves the faculties of all living thi Protector, (Al-Muhaimin) Provider, Best (Khairur-Rāziqīn)	59:2 16:71; 30:55; 64 22:75; 33:26; 40:23; 51:5 22:65; 31:27; 41:43; 42:29; 60 ngs, The Powerful, (Al-Muqīt) 4:8 59:2 5:15; 22:59; 23:73; 34:40; 62:1 40
Opener of doors of success for mankind, (Al-Fattāḥ Originator, The Author of Life, (Al-Badī') Peace, The Source of (As-Salām) Possessor of Power and Authority, (Al-Qadīr) Powerful, (Al-Qawī) Praiseworthy, (Al-Hamīd) Preserver, He Who preserves the faculties of all living thir Protector, (Al-Muhaimin) Provider, Best (Khairur-Rāziqīn) Punishment, Severe in (Shadīdul-'Iqāb) Reckoner, (Al-Hasīb)	59:2 16:71; 30:55; 64 22:75; 33:26; 40:23; 51:5 22:65; 31:27; 41:43; 42:29; 60 ngs, The Powerful, (Al-Muqīt) 4:8 59:2 5:15; 22:59; 23:73; 34:40; 62:1

(See details of transliteration on page 'p').

_30:28; 85:14.
40:4.
3:5.
56; 3:3; 20:112.
1:27;60:7;64:7.
59:29.
51:59.
59:24.
39:37.
0; 38:66; 39:5.
51:59.
10:33.
112:2.
33:53.
0;59:25;64:19.
30;33:56;34:48.
0,55.50,51.10.
_14:35; 16:19.
27:74.
2/,/4.
45:20.
2:258.
2.238. 4:46.
42:10.
42.10.
:42; 59:2; 62:2.
43; 40:56; 87:2.
50:40, 41.
52:50.
76:27.
2:31; 40:8.
13:14.
15.14.
38:19, 20.
_21:80; 34:11.
_21.80, 54.11.
2:256.
2:236. 50:17.
41:48.
20:8.
6:4. 6:60.
.6:60 ۶ '   ت q   ۶ م

(See details of transliteration on page 'p').

Index
-------

- of secret counsels.	58:8
(vii) ALLĀH, LOVE OF	
— for those who trust in Him.	3:160
— gains one His blessings.	27:9
<ul> <li>— secured by turning to Him</li> </ul>	2:223
— for the steadfast	3:147
— those who fulfil their duty.	3:77; 9:4, 7
— for those who judge equitably.	
— for those who do good to others	2:196; 3:135, 149
— can be won by all who strive for it	29:70
(viii) ALLĀH, MEETING WITH	
Those who do not believe in — are arrogant.	16:23; 25:22
(ix) ALLĀH, MERCY OF	
Sinners can obtain —.	39:54
— embraces every thing	
— is boundless.	10:59; 39:54; 40:8
Allāh has charged Himself with mercy.	6:13, 55
None should despair of —.	12:88; 39:54
Man has been created to be recipient of —.	11:120
— is for him who sues for forgiveness	4:111
(x) ALLĀH, REMEMBRANCE OF	
Peace of mind is attained through —	13:29
Increase of courage and faith through—	
Prosperity is attained through —	62:11
(xi) ALLĀH'S REVEALING HIMSELF TO MAN	
Allāh reveals Himself through His chosen servants.	4:164-166
Allah has revealed Himself through Messengers to every nation	n. 10:48
Allāh has sent Warners to all people.	35:25
Allāh reveals Himself in various forms.	42:52, 53
Disbelievers are also shown significant true dreams.	
(xii) ALLĀH, SEEKING FORGIVENESS OF	
— is a means of attaining prosperity and strength.	11:53; 71:11-13
By — one absorbs His mercy.	
By — one protects oneself from His punishment.	
(xiii) ALLĀH, SIGNS OF	
— mean His commandments.	2:243
Believers are commanded to keep away from those who mock at —	4:141
(xiv) ALLĀH, SPENDING IN THE CAUSE OF	
— is obligatory 2	:196; 57:8, 11; 64:17
Warning against holding back from—.	2:196; 47:39
— should be of the best	
Benefit of —.	64:17, 18

— after victory does not equal — before it	
- should not be followed by reproaches.	
Allāh multiplies His favours unto those who are —.	
How much should one be —.	2:22
On whom should one spend for Allāh's cause.	
— openly as well as secretly	2:27
shall prosper	2:4-0
Glad tidings for —	22:35, 30
Recompense of —	2;21.
	3:1
— bear witness to the Unity of Allāh The righteous believe in —.	
Disbelieving in is straying away from right path.	
— do as they are commanded by Allāh.	4.13
<ul> <li>do as they are commanded by Anali.</li> <li>have no sex.</li> </ul>	00.
Coming of —.	
— and Spirit descend by command of Allāh.	0.112, 159, 10.54, 25.22, 2.
have only that much knowledge as they are given.	2:3
<ul> <li>differ in their capacities and strength.</li> </ul>	
— bear the throne (i.e. the attributes of the Lord).	
Guardian .	13:12
Recording—	82:11-12
ANGELS, DUTIES OF	02000 0
i. Convey the word of Allāh.	22:7
ii. Take charge of souls.	32:12
iii. Bring punishment on enemics of Prophets.	6:159; 96:1
iv. Help believers and give them glad tidings.	41:31-3
v. Create awe and fear in the minds of enemies of Prophets	
vi. Bear witness to Unity of Allāh	
vii. Vouchsafe the truth of Prophets	4:16
	39:70
ix. Ask forgiveness for those who believe.	
x. Pray for blessings to be sent on believers and on the Hol	
xi. Keep peoples' records.	82:11-12
xii. Make believers firm.	8:13
ANṢĀRS (THE HELPERS)	
Allāh is pleased with —.	9:100
Allāh has turned with mercy to	9:11
APOSTATE	
No damage is caused to Allāh's religion by anyone becomi	ing an—3:14
Promise of guiding large numbers of people in place of p	erson who becomes an5:5:
No secular penalty for an2:218; 3:87 a i u   th ث $h \tau   kh \dot{\tau}   dh$ ذ و و جرب عن ج اخ اث $h \tau   c h$	7-91; 3:145; 4:138; 5:55; 16:10

(See details of transliteration on page 'p').

6:138. 5:59, 60; 43:18. 16:60. 21:37. 11:38; 23:28. 20:40. 6:165. 30:5; 54:45-49. 8:20. 3:14. 124; 8:10; 8:18.
5:59, 60; 43:18. 16:60. 21:37. _11:38; 23:28. 20:40. 
5:59, 60; 43:18. 16:60. 21:37. _11:38; 23:28. 20:40. 
16:60. 21:37. 11:38; 23:28. 20:40. 6:165. 6:165. 6:165. 8:20. 3:14.
21:37 11:38; 23:28 20:40 6:165 6:165 8:20 3:14
11:38; 23:28 20:40 6:165 8:20 3:14
20:40 6:165 _30:5; 54:45-49. 8:20 3:14
20:40 6:165 _30:5; 54:45-49. 8:20 3:14
6:165 _30:5; 54:45-49 8:20 3:14
_30:5; 54:45-49 8:20 3:14
_30:5; 54:45-49 8:20 3:14
8:20
8:20
3:14
124.8.10.8.18
8:12
8:43
8:48, 49
8:51, 52
8:71
48:11
48:19
60:13
60:13
3:97
2:126
3:98
2:126; 3:98
5:98
17:2
52:5,6
5:115
2:139
23:101
33:11-26

Index

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \varsigma \ \varsigma_{956} \ \varsigma_{956} \ d \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{t} \ b \ | \ z \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ | \ gh \ \dot{s} \ | \ q \ \ddot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s$ 

	0.25
— of Hunain	9:25.
— of Khaibar	33:28
— of Tabūk	48:12.
— of Uhud BEGGING	_3:122, 123, 128, 153-156.
— is discountenanced.	2:274; 4:33.
BELIEF (ĪMĀN)	
— explained.	49:15, 16.
alone is not enough	3:180; 29:3, 4.
Difference between — and satisfaction of mind.	2:261.
Commandment of believing in Allāh and the Messenger3:1	
— in all Prophets and their Books.	
Reward of — and sacrifice of wealth and person for the caus	e of Allāh. 61:11-13; 64:10.
— in life Hereafter	
— goes with good deeds	2:26; 18:89; 41:9; 95:7.
Seeing Signs of Allah strengthens faith.	9:124: 33:22, 23: 47:18.
— at the approach of punishment is not acceptable.	10:52, 53, 91-93; 40:86.
BELIEVERS, THE TRUE	, , , , ,
Qualities of—2:4-6, 166, 286; 8:3-5, 7	5, 76; 9:124; 24:52, 53, 63;
	; 32:16, 17; 42:24; 58:23.
— firmly stand on sure knowledge.	12:109.
Allāh is the friend of —.	2:258; 3:69; 8:20; 47:12.
Allāh takes it upon Himself to help —	
High ranks for —.	
— will receive great bounties from Allāh.	33:48.
Allāh guides — out of darkness into the light.	2:258.
— are free from fear or grief	5:70: 6:49.
Allāh adds to the guidance of —	47:18.
Seeking pleasure of Allāh is the main objective of —	9:72.
Successful believers,	23:2-12.
Good actions of — will not be disregarded.	21:95.
- are promised delightful abodes and Gardens of Eterni	
— will have forgiveness and honourable provision.	
Honourable reward prepared for —	
Great reward promised for —.	
Unending reward for —.	41:9: 84:26: 95:7.
<ul> <li>hasten to do good works and are foremost in them.</li> </ul>	23:62.
BIBLE, The	
Perversion of —.	2:80; 5:14, 16.
BOOKS	,,,,,
Prophecy of the spread of —.	81:11.
$a \ i \ u \   \ th \ \dot{o} \   \ h \ \tau \   \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \   \ dh \ \dot{s} \ \phi \ \delta \ \delta$	ء ' اق q   غ gh   ۶ ' اظ z

Index	
BOOKS, THE MOTHER OF THE (UMMUL-KITĀB)	13:40; 43:5.
Holy Qur'ān is —.	2.0
— is the exalted Book full of wisdom.	43:5.
BOOK, THE PEOPLE OF THE (AHLUL-KITĀB)	
— could not be reformed without the advent of the Holy Prophet.	98:2-4.
<ul> <li>refers to Jews and Christians.</li> </ul>	4:154, 172.
— called to Unity of Allāh.	
— will continue to believe in Jesus' death on the cross,	4:160.
BROTHERHOOD	
— of man is ordained by Islām	3:104; 49:11, 14.
BURDEN	
Bearing one's own —.	29:13, 14; 35:19.
CAIN	
— son of Adam	5:28-32.
CALF, THE GOLDEN	
Worship of —.	_2:52; 7:149; 20:91.
CAMELS	
Prophecy relating to - given up as means of transportation.	81:5.
CATTLE	
— ereated for the benefit of man. 6:143-145; 16:6, 67, 81; 23	3:22; 39:7; 40:80, 81.
CHARITY	
	2:262, 266.
<ul> <li>rendered worthless by reproach or injury.</li> </ul>	
Kind word and forgiveness is better than - followed by reproad	
Good things alone to be given in	2:268.
Secret — better than open —.	
Allāh rewards those who give in —.	2:275.
CHILDREN	
- should not cause diversion from remembrance of Allāh.	
Destroying — or not giving them education or not bringing them u	
properly, for fear of poverty forbidden.	6:152; 17:32.
Prayer for pure offspring.	3:39.
Prayer for righteousness among offspring.	
Birth of daughter no cause for grief.	16:59, 60.
Supervision of — in religious matters	19:56; 20:133.
Good treatment of parents by1	7:24, 25; 46:16, 18.
CHRISTIANITY	
<ul> <li>has exceeded limits in deifying a mortal.</li> </ul>	4:172.
Wrong doetrine of the sonship of God.	9:30, 31.
Doetrine of Trinity is unacceptable.	5:74, 75.
Doctrine of Vicarious Atonement is wrong.	
Prophecy of the rise of —.	

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ h \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid \ dh \ \dot{s} \ (s \ e^{958}) \ c^{958}) \ \dot{s} \ \dot$ 

	10 22 45 20 102 10
Prophecy of fall of — after its second success.	18:33-45; 20:103-10
Period of the rise of — is ten centuries	20:104
Wealth of Christians a trial for them.	20:132
Western philosophy and its refutation.	82:7-13
CLOUDS, THE	
Allāh raises —.	13:13
Provision of water on earth by —	15:23
Allāh sends — wherever He pleases	24;44
Rain, hailstones and irrigation of vast areas.	24:44; 30:49-5
Rain from — proof of Allāh's existence and Unity.	2:165
COMMUNITY, THE SPIRITUAL	
Persons included in the blessed group	4:70, 7
CONJUGAL RELATIONSHIP	
Object of —.	30:22
CONTRACTS	
<ul> <li>should be reduced to writing.</li> </ul>	2:283
Two witnesses for —	2:28
CONTROVERSY	
The proper method of —.	16.126. 20.4
COUNSEL	10.120, 29.4
	2.1(0. 42.2)
— is necessary in all important administrative matters.	3:160; 42:39
COVENANTS	5 <b>1</b> ( 0 <b>2</b> 0)
Fulfilment of —.	
Repudiation of —	8:59
CREATION, SPIRITUAL	
<ul> <li>like that of the body is gradual.</li> </ul>	22:6, 7
For each stage of physical creation there is a stage of —.	23:13-18
CREATION OF MAN	
Man was not created without purpose.	23:116; 75:37
Stages in the —22:6; 23:13-15; 35:12	; 39:7; 40:68; 86:6-8
Man created in the best of moulds.	95:
Purpose of the—	51:57
Man created of one species.	4:2: 16:73: 30:22
CREATION OF UNIVERSE	
— was not without purpose	21.17 18
<ul> <li>was not without pulpose</li> <li>was in accordance with requirements of wisdom</li> </ul>	15:86: 39:6: 46:4
Everything in universe is coordinated	and adjusted
and there is no disorder, discord, or incongruity.	0/:2-:
Universe subjected to man14:33-35	; 10:11-15; 45:13,14
DACOITS AND ROBBERS	
Punishment of —,	5:34
DAVID (PROPHET DĀWŪD)	
اظ z   ط i u \   th ث   ḥ 7   kh ┾   dh أ ف الج ووجوح ص ۶ إذ dh أ + 7   kh ┾   dh أ ث أ + 7   th	

— fights people of Palestine.	2:252.
<ul> <li>defeats his enemies and establishes his kingdom.</li> </ul>	2:252
Allāh strengthens —'s kingdom	
— was made vicegerent on earth.	38:27.
Allāh honoured — with great knowledge.	27:16.
Allāh bestowed His grace upon —	
— was taught skill of making coats of mail	21:81.
—'s manufacture of coats of mail.	
Subjection of (the dwellers of) Mountains and the Birds (righteous pa	
to celebrate Allāh's praises with —21:8	
Unsuccessful attempts of —'s enemies to attack him.	38:22.
— and the simile of the ewes	38:24.
— seeking forgiveness of his Lord	38:25.
Supplications of — for forgiveness were not due to the commission	of any sin. 38:26.
— and Solomon decide case of the crop.	
Book of — was not a law-giving Book.	
DAY	
One — equal to 1,000 years	22:48; 32:6.
One — equal to fifty thousand years	
DEAD PEOPLE	
— never return to this world2:29; 21:96; 23:10	00, 101; 39:59, 60.
Spiritually — could be raised in this world.	8:25, 43.
DEATH	
— meaning departing this life.	19:24.
— meaning pain and torment.	
— meaning sleep.	20.12
No one dies except by Allāh's command.	3:146.
Each person must taste —3	:186; 21:36; 29:58.
No everlasting life in this world.	21:35, 36.
No return to this world possible after —21:96;	23:100, 101; 39:43.
Two lives (i.e. worldly life and life after death) and	
two —s (i.e. state before birth and death after life)	40:12.
— also means low spiritual state.	2:57.
— and life refer to the rise and fall of peoples and nations.	29:21.
Raising dead to life.	
The spiritually dead.	
DEATH, LIFE AFTER	
Promise of a second life after death.	2:29; 53:48.
Need for the life Hereafter.	10:5.
— is permanent life	29:65; 40:40.
— is better than life in this world4	:78; 12:110; 17:22.
Mercy for believers in — and punishment for non-believers.	16:28-33.

Only the believers will gain from —	17:72, 73
Every action will be taken into account in the world Hereafter.	
Believers will be rewarded in the	2:26
Those who strive for gains in the — will be favoured by Allah.	17:20
Believers will see Allāh in —	75:24
Punishment in — will be greater	39:27
Grievous punishment for disbelievers in	
Disbelievers have no firm ground	
to stand on concerning the second life6:30, 31; 16:39; 10:EEDS	17:50-52; 36:79-82
Holy Prophet <sup>sa</sup> had the excellent morals.	68:5
Holy Prophet <sup>sa</sup> was the excellent exemplar.	
Evil — are the result of disbelief in the life Hereafter.	
Weighing of good and evil —.	
DEEDS, GOOD	
— will be rewarded tenfold.	6:161
endure	18:47
Basic principles of —2:208; 4:75; 5:17; 6:1	63; 60:2; 92:19-22
Covenants, fulfilment of 2:178; 5:2; 16:92;	17:35; 23:9; 70:33
Chastity17:33; 23:6-8; 24:31, 34, 61; 25:	69; 33:36; 70:30-32
Cleanliness2:223;4:4	
	3:135
Cooperation.	5:3
Courage2:178; 3:173-175; 9:40; 20:7 Employees, good treatment of	3, 74; 33:40; 46:14
Employees, good treatment of	4:37
Enjoining good and forbidding evil.	3:111
Evidence, giving of true	_4:136; 5:9; 25:73
Excelling in doing good.	2:149
Feeding the hungry.	76:9; 90:15-17
Forgiveness. 2:110;3:135,160;4:150;5:14;7:200;12:93;24	
Good, doing of         2:190           Gratefulness.         2:153,173,186,244;3:145;5:7,90;	5; 3:135; 5:94; 7:57
Gratefulness. 2:153,173,186,244;3:145;5:7,90;	14:8;39:8,67;46:16
Humility6:64;7:14,56,147;16:24,30;17:38;28	:84;31:19,20;40:36
Justice5:9;	;6:153;16:91;49:10
Looks, Casting down of	24:31, 32
Neighbours, good treatment of	4:37
	4:37; 17:24, 25
Patience. 2:46,154,156,178;11:12;13:23;16:127,128;28:81;29:60	
Peace-making between people.	4:115; 49:10
Perseverance.	13:23; 41:31-33
Poor, care of the2:84, 178, 216; 4:9, 3	7; 8:42; 9:61; 17:27
24:23; 30:39; 51:20	

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ h \ \tau \ \mid \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ \underbrace{9_{01}}_{9_{01}} \ \mathfrak{a} \ \dot{s} \ \mid \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s} \ \mid \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s} \ \mid \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s}$ 

Purity.	_2:223; 5:7; 9:103, 108; 24:22; 33:34; 74:5; 87:15; 91:10, 1
	2:178;16:91;30:3
Self control.	4:136; 7:202; 18:29; 30:30; 38:27; 79:41, 4
	of Allāh2:178; 17:2
Suspicion, avoiding	49:1
	<sup>5</sup> 2:284; 4:59; 23:9; 70:3
	4:136;5:120;9:119;17:82;22:31;25:73;33:25,36,71;39:3
	2:208,263;11:52;59:10;64:17;76:9,10;92:20,2
DEEDS, EVIL	2.200,203,11192,39110,01117,1003,10192,203,2
Adultery.	17:3
Arrogance	2:35, 88; 4:174; 7:37, 41, 49, 76, 77, 89, 13
	205,00,1174,757,11,19,70,77,09,15
	:75,76;39:60;40:48,49;41:16,39;45:32;46:11,21;71:8;74:2
	49:1
Boasting	57:2
	49:1
	49:1
-	39:5
F	112
Extravagance.	7:32; 17:27, 2
	e has no knowledge. 17:3
0	2:220; 5:91,9
Haughtiness	
	alk23:4; 74:4
	83:2- 83:2-
Nick naming	4:38; 47:39; 57:25; 59:10; 64:1
Dorfidu	4:38, 47.39, 37.23, 39.10, 04.1
Talling lies	
Theft.	
DEFAMATORY SPEECH	5:3
Allāh dislikes public utter	ance of —4:14 S THE GREAT, OF PERSIA)
Mention of —.	
	e rising sun in the east (i.e. Baluchistan and Afghanistan
	ng of the sun in the west (i.e. the Black Sea)18:87-9
Construction of rampart b	y —,18:96, 9 DISBELIEVERS (KUFFĀR)

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ th \ \overset{\circ}{=} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \overset{\circ}{=} \ | \ \overset{\circ}{=} \ \overset{\circ}{$ 

Index	
— is denying belief in the existence of Allāh	2:29.
— meaning denial of Allāh's favours.	
— meaning denial of anything.	2:257.
Iron chains (of self imposed customs) round the necks of disbelievers	36:9.
Superstitions of Meccan disbelievers	5:104.
Disbelievers will not prosper.	10:70, 71.
Actions of disbelievers will not help them in Hereafter.	11:17.
Reason for — is that they prefer this world to the life Hereafter.	
Reason why angels do not descend on disbelievers.	17:96.
End of disbelievers.	68:18-34.
Severe punishment for disbelievers	83:8.
Hearts of — are like stones.	2:25.
All actions of — will be in vain.	2:218.
Reason why — will not get reward	78:28.
<ul> <li>— will get external as well as internal burning punishment</li> </ul>	85:11.
— will be surrounded by punishment from all sides.	
Angels will descend on — merely to punish them DISCIPLES	25:23, 24.
- of Jesus called helpers of Allāh	3:53.
DISSENSION	
Evils of —.	3:104, 106; 8:47.
DIVORCE (See under WOMEN) DOWRY (See under WOME EARTH (AL-ARD)	N)
	41:10, 11.
Capacity of — to supply food Creation of — and heavens in six periods or stages11:8;	; 32:5; 41:10, 11.
Creation of — is a proof of Allāh's existence as it would continue supp	lying
the required food for mankind.	
— was created along with the rest of the solar system.	
— revolves round its axis.	
— is round.	EE 10
Prophecy of spreading out of —	84:4.
Vision of the king of —.	12:44.
People of — afflicted with plagues.	
ELEPHANTS, THE PEOPLE OF THE	
— were the hordes of Abraha, the Abyssinian Governor of Yen	ien
who had come to invade Mecca.	105:2.
ELIAS	105.2.
	37:124.
— warned his people against the worship of idols.	37:126.
People treated — as liar.	
Generations which followed him revered him.	37:130.

Index	
ELISHA	
— was of the best	38:49.
ENOCH (PROPHET IDRĪS)	
— was steadfast.	21:86.
— was truthful man and a Prophet	19:57.
— was exalted to a lofty station.	
EQUALITY	
All believers are brothers.	3:104; 49:11.
Mankind are equal.	
EVIDENCE	
Calling of witnesses and putting everything in writing in their	presence while borrowing
or contracting and entering into agreements.	2:283.
Two female witnesses in lieu of one male witness	
so that one may refresh the memory of the other.	2:283.
Witnesses to a will.	
— when doubtful can be rebutted.	
Witnesses of eyes, ears and skins in the hereafter	
EVIL	
Human beings are created pure	
and have option of following good or	76:3, 4; 90:9-11; 91:8, 9.
Prohibition of overt and secret —	6:121, 152; 7:34.
Punishment of should be proportionate thereto. 6:	
	7:29.
Man's conscience reprimands him on actions.	7:23; 75:3.
	2:82.
	11:115.
forgiven through repentance3:136, 13	7; 4:111; 16:120; 42:26.
Hatred of is innate in man.	49:8; 91:8, 9.
Following in the footsteps of the Holy Prophetsa guards fro	om . 3:32.
Prayer guards from —.	29:46.
— is to be accounted for when it is deliberate.	2:226; 5:90; 20:116.
EVOLUTION	
Allah has created man in different forms and in different condi	itions. 71:15, 18.
EZECHIEL (DHUL-KIFL)	
Nebuchadnazar's destruction of Jerusalem and -'s seeing in a	vision the town
and its inhabitants over a hundred years' time.	2:260.
EZRA	
Jews taking — as the Son of God.	9:30.
FAITH, THE LIGHT OF	
Allah brings the believers out of every kind of darkness into l	light2:258; 57:13.
FASTING (See under WORSHIP)	
$a i u + t h \Rightarrow h \tau + b h \Rightarrow d h \Rightarrow a \sigma \sigma d \Rightarrow t + t r$	······································

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{\varsigma} \ (s \ e^{964}) \ \phi \ \dot{\varsigma} \ | \ \dot{\varsigma} \ \dot$ 

Index	
FIG	
— refers to Adam and to the fact that human mind has been cr	eated
in the image of Allāh.	95:2
FIRE	
— meaning war.	5:65
Moses sees — in a vision on his return from Midian.	
Simile of — in wet wood.	
Smokeless in the latter days.	
FLAMES, LUMINOUS	00.00
pursue those who listen stealthily.	15.19.37.11.72.10
FOOD	
Guidance for —.	5:5
Eating — that is good in addition to being lawful —.	
— affects conduct.	23:52
All good — is lawful for believers	23:92
Earth and the problem of supply.	
FOOD, FORBIDDEN	
That which dies of itself is —	2:174; 5:4
Blood is —.	2:174: 5:4: 16:116
	<u></u> 2:17 1, 5:1, 16:116 74; 5:4; 6:146; 16:116
That on which the name of any other than Allāh has been invoked. 2	
-	beaten to death
or killed by a fall or gored to death is —.	5:4
Flesh of animal which a wild animal has killed	
except which has been properly slaughtered is —.	5:4
Flesh of an animal which has been slaughtered at an altar is	
e e	
Eating that on which the name of Allah has not been pronounced FORGIVENESS	is —0:122
	42.41
Reward of of an injury is with Allāh.	42:41
FORNICATION (See under ADULTERY)	
GABRIEL	2.00
-	2:98, 99
GAMBLING (See under DEEDS, EVIL)	
GOG AND MAGOG	10.05 100
Gog Easterns and Magog Westerns.	
War between —.	18:100
will spread over the whole world	
Believers will not taste the punishment of —.	
Islām will rise again after the eruption of —.	21:98
GOLIATH (JĀLŪT)	
Defeat of —	2:250, 252
$a \ i \ u \   \ th \ th \   \ h \ \tau \   \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \   \ dh \ s \ s \ (965) \ f \ s \ (965) \ f \ s \ v \ (965) \ f \ s \ v \ s \ s \ s \ s \ s \ s \ s \ s$	'   ق q   ¢   gh ؛ '
(Dec animo of namenation of page p).	

GOSPEL	
	3:4; 5:47, 48.
Description of the followers of the Holy Prophet <sup>sa</sup> in the	48:30.
GRAVE	
Spiritual — in addition to the ordinary	80:22.
Prophecy of old —s being opened up in latter days.	82:5.
Being raised from the — meaning being spiritually lifted.	100:10.
GROVE, DWELLERS OF THE	
Allāh's punishment fell on — because they rejected His Messengers GUARDIANSHIP	50:15
Guardian acting for ward.	2:283
Guardian in cases of minor or of persons of weak understanding.	4:6, 7
GUIDANCE	
— for proper function after Allāh had given everything its form.	20:51
Allāh guides whomsoever He pleases towards right path.	
Allāh adds to of those who follow .	
Without Allāh's help no one can have —.	
For — faith and righteous conduct are needed.	
does not help those who turn away.	
Prayer for perfect —.	
<ul> <li>is promised to those who submit completely.</li> </ul>	3:21
Following is the way to prosperity.	2:6
HĀRŪT AND MĀRŪT	
Wise men of Babylon were —	2:103
HAJJ (See under WORSHIP)	
HĀMĀN	
— was the commander of Pharaoh's army.	
was Pharaoh's Minister of Public works.	28:39; 40:37
HEART	
Veil on —	18:58
Blindness of .	22:47
Scaling up of —30:60; 40:3	36; 42:25; 63:4
HEAVEN (SKY)	
created with purpose.	
— built with Allāh's hands	51:48
Early state of — a gaseous form	
— and earth were a solid mass which was split asunder.	
Seven -s created in two different periods or stages.	41:13
- and earth created in six different periods.	
— is a roof.	2:23
<ul> <li>is a roof well guarded and affording protection.</li> </ul>	
Planets move round their orbits in	36:41.

Paths of stars in—.       51:8.         is without a support.       31:11.         Relation of food with       10:32.         —s rolled up in Alläh's right hand i.e. exercising full control over them.       39:68.         — opening up and becoming all doors (i.e. several signs appearing and believers being favoured with His blessings and punishment descending on non-believers. 78:20.         — being laid bare (i.e. sciences of astronomy and space making progress).       81:12.         — being rent asunder.       77:10; 82:2.         — becoming like molten copper (i.e. because of intense heat).       70:9.         adorned with planets.       37:7; 41:13; 67:6.         Pieces of — falling down as punishment by way of rain and storm.       17:93; 26:188; 34:10.         All things are sent down from —.       15:22; 40:14.         HELL       — worst abode and a wretched place of rest.       113:19.         — helps towards spiritual rebirth.       1019:9:12.         — not everlasting.       11:108.         Foods of —.       88:7, 8.         Freezing cold water and boiling hot water drinks for inmates of —.       78:26, 27.         Dwellers of in this world moving between it and boiling water       (i.e. facing trouble on all sides).       55:45.         Zaqūm food of inmates of —.       83:16, 17.       17:73.         — is a state of being amidst deat
<ul> <li>s rolled up in Alläh's right hand i.e. exercising full control over them39:68.</li> <li>opening up and becoming all doors (i.e. several signs appearing and believers being favoured with His blessings and punishment descending on non-believers78:20.</li> <li>being laid bare (i.e. sciences of astronomy and space making progress)81:12.</li> <li>being rent asunder77:10; 82:2.</li> <li>becoming like molten copper (i.e. because of intense heat)70:9. adorned with planets37:7; 41:13; 67:6.</li> <li>Pieces offalling down as punishment by way of rain and storm17:93; 26:188; 34:10.</li> <li>All things are sent down from15:22; 40:14.</li> <li>HELL</li> <li>worst abode and a wretched place of rest13:19.</li> <li>Hereafter in addition to the in this world18:101; 19:72; 29:55.</li> <li>helps towards spiritual rebirth101:9-12.</li> <li>not everlasting11:108.</li> <li>Foods of</li></ul>
<ul> <li>opening up and becoming all doors (i.e. several signs appearing and believers being favoured with His blessings and punishment descending on non-believers. 78:20.</li> <li>being laid bare (i.e. sciences of astronomy and space making progress). 81:12.</li> <li>being rent asunder</li></ul>
<ul> <li>opening up and becoming all doors (i.e. several signs appearing and believers being favoured with His blessings and punishment descending on non-believers. 78:20.</li> <li>being laid bare (i.e. sciences of astronomy and space making progress). 81:12.</li> <li>being rent asunder</li></ul>
<ul> <li>being laid bare (i.e. seiences of astronomy and space making progress). 81:12.</li> <li>being rent asunder</li></ul>
<ul> <li>being laid bare (i.e. seiences of astronomy and space making progress). 81:12.</li> <li>being rent asunder</li></ul>
<ul> <li>being rent asunder</li></ul>
<ul> <li>becoming like molten copper (i.e. because of intense heat)70:9. adorned with planets37:7; 41:13; 67:6.</li> <li>Pieces of — falling down as punishment by way of rain and storm17:93; 26:188; 34:10.</li> <li>All things are sent down from —15:22; 40:14.</li> <li>HELL</li> <li>worst abode and a wretched place of rest13:19.</li> <li>Hereafter in addition to the — in this world18:101; 19:72; 29:55.</li> <li>helps towards spiritual rebirth101:9-12.</li> <li>not everlasting11:108.</li> <li>Foods of —</li></ul>
adorned with planets.       37:7; 41:13; 67:6.         Pieces of — falling down as punishment by way of rain and storm.       17:93; 26:188; 34:10.         All things are sent down from —.       15:22; 40:14.         HELL       15:22; 40:14.         — worst abode and a wretched place of rest.       13:19.         — Hereafter in addition to the — in this world.       18:101; 19:72; 29:55.         — helps towards spiritual rebirth.       101:9-12.         — not everlasting.       11:108.         Foods of —.       88:7, 8.         Freezing cold water and boiling hot water drinks for inmates of —.       78:26, 27.         Dwellers of in this world moving between it and boiling water       55:45.         Zaqūm food of inmates of —.       56:53.         results from spiritual blindness.       17:73.         — is a state of being amidst death but not dying.       14:18.         Being debarred from Allāh is —.       26:92.         — lies in ambush for the rebellious.       78:22-31.         Manifestation of — in this life.       79:37.         Nineteen angels guard the fire of .       74:31, 32.
All things are sent down from
All things are sent down from
HELL       — worst abode and a wretched place of rest.       13:19.         — Hereafter in addition to the — in this world.       18:101; 19:72; 29:55.         — helps towards spiritual rebirth.       101:9-12.         — not everlasting.       11:108.         Foods of —.       88:7, 8.         Freezing cold water and boiling hot water drinks for inmates of —.       78:26, 27.         Dwellers of in this world moving between it and boiling water       (i.e. facing trouble on all sides).
<ul> <li>Hereafter in addition to the — in this world18:101; 19:72; 29:55.</li> <li>helps towards spiritual rebirth101:9-12.</li> <li>not everlasting11:108.</li> <li>Foods of —</li></ul>
<ul> <li>Hereafter in addition to the — in this world18:101; 19:72; 29:55.</li> <li>helps towards spiritual rebirth101:9-12.</li> <li>not everlasting11:108.</li> <li>Foods of —</li></ul>
— helps towards spiritual rebirth.       101:9-12.         — not everlasting.       11:108.         Foods of —.       88:7, 8.         Freezing cold water and boiling hot water drinks for inmates of —.       78:26, 27.         Dwellers of in this world moving between it and boiling water       78:26, 27.         Dwellers of in this world moving between it and boiling water       55:45.         Zaqqūm food of inmates of —.       56:53.         results from spiritual blindness.       17:73.         — is a state of being amidst death but not dying.       14:18.         Being debarred from Allāh is —.       104:7, 8.         shall be brought into full view.       26:92.         — lies in ambush for the rebellious.       78:22-31.         Manifestation of — in this life.       79:37.         Nineteen angels guard the fire of .       74:31, 32.
— not everlasting.       11:108.         Foods of —.       88:7, 8.         Freezing cold water and boiling hot water drinks for inmates of —.       78:26, 27.         Dwellers of in this world moving between it and boiling water       55:45.         Zaqqūm food of inmates of —.       56:53.         results from spiritual blindness.       17:73.         — is a state of being amidst death but not dying.       14:18.         Being debarred from Allāh is —.       83:16, 17.         Fire of — rises within the heart.       104:7, 8.         shall be brought into full view.       26:92.         — lies in ambush for the rebellious.       78:22-31.         Manifestation of — in this life.       79:37.         Nineteen angels guard the fire of .       74:31, 32.
Foods of —.       88:7, 8.         Freezing cold water and boiling hot water drinks for inmates of —.       78:26, 27.         Dwellers of in this world moving between it and boiling water       55:45.         Zaqqūm food of inmates of —.       56:53.         results from spiritual blindness.       17:73.         — is a state of being amidst death but not dying.       14:18.         Being debarred from Allāh is —.       83:16, 17.         Fire of — rises within the heart.       104:7, 8.         shall be brought into full view.       26:92.         — lies in ambush for the rebellious.       78:22-31.         Manifestation of — in this life.       79:37.         Nineteen angels guard the fire of .       74:31, 32.
Dwellers of in this world moving between it and boiling water       55:45.         Zaqqūm food of inmates of —.       56:53.         results from spiritual blindness.       17:73.         — is a state of being amidst death but not dying.       14:18.         Being debarred from Allāh is —.       83:16, 17.         Fire of — rises within the heart.       104:7, 8.         shall be brought into full view.       26:92.         — lies in ambush for the rebellious.       78:22-31.         Manifestation of — in this life.       79:37.         Nineteen angels guard the fire of .       74:31, 32.
Dwellers of in this world moving between it and boiling water       55:45.         Zaqqūm food of inmates of —.       56:53.         results from spiritual blindness.       17:73.         — is a state of being amidst death but not dying.       14:18.         Being debarred from Allāh is —.       83:16, 17.         Fire of — rises within the heart.       104:7, 8.         shall be brought into full view.       26:92.         — lies in ambush for the rebellious.       78:22-31.         Manifestation of — in this life.       79:37.         Nineteen angels guard the fire of .       74:31, 32.
(i.e. facing trouble on all sides).       55:45.         Zaqqūm food of inmates of —.       56:53.         results from spiritual blindness.       17:73.         — is a state of being amidst death but not dying.       14:18.         Being debarred from Allāh is —.       83:16, 17.         Fire of — rises within the heart.       104:7, 8.         shall be brought into full view.       26:92.         — lies in ambush for the rebellious.       78:22-31.         Manifestation of — in this life.       79:37.         Nineteen angels guard the fire of       74:31, 32.
Zaqqūm food of inmates of —.       56:53.         results from spiritual blindness.       17:73.         — is a state of being amidst death but not dying.       14:18.         Being debarred from Allāh is —.       83:16, 17.         Fire of — rises within the heart.       104:7, 8.         shall be brought into full view.       26:92.         — lies in ambush for the rebellious.       78:22-31.         Manifestation of — in this life.       79:37.         Nineteen angels guard the fire of       74:31, 32.
results from spiritual blindness.       17:73.         — is a state of being amidst death but not dying.       14:18.         Being debarred from Allāh is —.       83:16, 17.         Fire of — rises within the heart.       104:7, 8.         shall be brought into full view.       26:92.         — lies in ambush for the rebellious.       78:22-31.         Manifestation of — in this life.       79:37.         Nineteen angels guard the fire of       74:31, 32.
— is a state of being amidst death but not dying.       14:18.         Being debarred from Allāh is —.       83:16, 17.         Fire of — rises within the heart.       104:7, 8.         shall be brought into full view.       26:92.         — lies in ambush for the rebellious.       78:22-31.         Manifestation of — in this life.       79:37.         Nineteen angels guard the fire of       74:31, 32.
Being debarred from Allāh is —.       83:16, 17.         Fire of — rises within the heart.       104:7, 8.         shall be brought into full view.       26:92.         — lies in ambush for the rebellious.       78:22-31.         Manifestation of — in this life.       79:37.         Nineteen angels guard the fire of       74:31, 32.
Fire of — rises within the heart.       104:7, 8.         shall be brought into full view.       26:92.         — lies in ambush for the rebellious.       78:22-31.         Manifestation of — in this life.       79:37.         Nineteen angels guard the fire of       74:31, 32.
shall be brought into full view.       26:92.         — lies in ambush for the rebellious.       78:22-31.         Manifestation of — in this life.       79:37.         Nineteen angels guard the fire of       74:31, 32.
— lies in ambush for the rebellious.       78:22-31.         Manifestation of — in this life.       79:37.         Nineteen angels guard the fire of       74:31, 32.
Manifestation of — in this life.       79:37.         Nineteen angels guard the fire of       74:31, 32.
Nineteen angels guard the fire of74:31, 32.
Roar of — fire, (i.e. excessive heat). $25:13; 67:8.$
Seven gates of — and passage of allotted number of non-believers
through each of them15:45.
Stones fuel of fire
Every stubborn rebellious one will enter into — fire 19:70-72.
Righteous people shall not hear a whisper of —21:102, 103.
fire being caused to blaze up;
(i.e. in latter days sin will spread so much that — fire will be near the sinners)81:13.
HOLY LAND, THE
— i.e. Palestine5:22.
Banī Isrā'īl disobeyed Moses and so were turned away from5:27.
Jews to be gathered together in — in the latter days17:105.
<ul> <li>will ultimately belong to the Muslims21:106-113.</li> </ul>
HOLY SPIRIT, THE
$a \ i \ u \ i \ b \ f \ b \ f \ b \ f \ b \ f \ b \ f \ b \ f \ b \ f \ b \ f \ b \ f \ b \ b$

Index Jesus was strengthened with —. 2: 254. — descends from Allāh with the truth and strengthens believers. 16:103. HOME LIFE Privacy of -. 24:28-30. Intermingling of sexes prohibited. 24:31, 32; 33:60. HOMICIDE (See under MURDER) HOUSE, THE ANCIENT circuits of -... 22:30. HOUSEHOLD, THE PEOPLE OF THE (AHLI-BAIT) meaning the spouses of Abraham. 11:74. — meaning spouses of the Holy Prophet Muhammad<sup>sa</sup>. 33:34; 66:5. Purity of ---. 33:34. HUDAIBIYYAH. TRUCE OF secured the safety of the Muslims in Mecca.
 48:25, 26. Victory gained at ---. 48:2. HUDHUD was Commander of Solomon's forces. 27:21. HUMILITY Turning away from others in pride or walking haughtily on earth is forbidden. 31:19. Believers enjoined to observe ---.\_\_\_\_ 31:20. HUNAIN Allāh helped the believer on the day of —. 9:25-27. HUNTING Lawful to eat what birds of prey and beasts (trained and taught by one) have hunted or caught for one. 5: 5. HUSBAND & WIFE RELATIONSHIP (See under WOMEN) HYPOCRITES - tried to turn Immigrants against the Helpers and both against the Holy Prophet<sup>a</sup>. 63:8, 9. — find fault with the Holy Prophet<sup>sa</sup>. 9:50, 58, 61. \_\_\_\_59:12. incited the disbelievers. - attempted to frighten the Muslims. 4:84. — have a diseased heart. 2:11. create disorder. 2:13. Leaders of — are satans. 2:15. Excuses of -. 2:15. \_\_\_\_ actually disbelieve but they pretend that they believe. 2:18. Two faces of —. 4:73, 74. Double policy of ---. 4:144. Grievous punishment in store for —. 4:139. take disbelievers as their friends. \_\_\_\_ 4:140. Taking error in exchange for guidance is a losing business for -... 2:17. — are called deaf because they insist on doing evil. 2:19.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \dot{c} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ \overset{(96)}{\longrightarrow} \ \mathfrak{s} \ d \ \overset{(1)}{\longrightarrow} \ b \ | \ z \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ h \ \dot{s} \ | \ gh \ \dot{s} \ | \ s \ \dot{s} \ (see details of transliteration on page 'p').$ 

Index are called dumb because they cannot express themselves to remove their doubts. 2:19. are called blind because they do not see the beneficial change that Islām had brought in Muslims. 2:19. IBLĪS refused to make obeisance to Adam. 2:35; 7:12, 13; 15:32; 17:62; 18:51; 20:117. Reason of refusal of — to make obeisance was arrogance. 2:35; 38:75. was not an angel but was one of the jinn. 18: 51. IDOL WORSHIP Reason for ----. 39:4. Allāh's command to refrain from -. 32:31. Noah's people had different idols as their gods. 71:24. Noah preached Unity of Allāh to his people but they insisted on —. 71:8, 9. Hūd's people were idol worshippers.\_\_\_\_\_ 11:54. 26:72. Abraham's people worshipped idols. Reason for not worshipping Lat, Uzza, and Manat 53:20-24. Helplessness of idols. 22:74: Reason for not worshipping false gods. 21:23. Every prophet has a mission to wipe away —, 16:37. Abraham's prayer for security from-.\_\_\_\_14:36. INFANTICIDE — is forbidden. 17:32. INHERITANCE Law of —. 4:8, 9, 12, 13, 177. Making a will of one's property and its distribution. 2:181. Changing a will is a sin. \_\_\_\_\_ 2:182. Partiality or a wrong by a testator may be corrected. 2:183. Division of the property left is fixed by Allāh. 4:12. At the time of distribution other relatives, orphans. the poor and the needy should not be forgotten. 4:9. Share of heirs. 4:12. Husbands are heirs of their wives. 4:13. Wives are heirs of their husbands. 4:13. Distribution of the property of one dying without any issue. 4:13, 177. INTERCESSION No one can intercede with Allah without His permission. 2:256. Those whom they call beside Allah possess no power of -. 43:87. Holy Prophet<sup>sa</sup> could intercede as he bore witness to the truth. 20:110; 34:24; 43:87. - with Allah for non-believers. 6:52. Angels can intercede with Allāh with His permission. 53:27. Righteous and evil ----. 4:86. **INTOXICANTS** forbidden. 2:220;5:91,92.  $a \, i \, u \, \mid \, h \stackrel{\circ}{=} | \stackrel{h}{\tau} - | \stackrel{h}{kh} \stackrel{\tau}{\tau} | \stackrel{dh}{dh} \stackrel{\circ}{=} 0 \stackrel{\circ}{$ 

Index	
INVOKING ALLĀH IN SUPPORT OF THE TRUTH	H (MUBĀHALAH)
Invitation to Jews for .	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Invitation to Christians for —.	3:62.
ISAAC	
Abraham was given glad tidings of —'s birth.	11:72; 37:113; 51:29.
—'s mother was frightened on hearing the news.	11:72
—'s mother beat her face on the glad news and cried.	51:30
Allāh bestowed His blessings on —	37:114
Abraham, — and Jacob men of strong hands and powerful	vision
i.e. active and far-sighted.	38:46.
<ul> <li>and Jacob were leaders who guided their people</li> </ul>	
and were the recipients of revelation.	21.73.74
ISHMAEL (PROPHET ISMĀʿĪL)	
Truth in the Qur'ān about —.	19:55.
— was the eldest son of Abraham.	
Abraham's dream about slaughtering his son .	37:103
- rather than Isaac was the one to be sacrificed.	37:103-106
Sacrificing — meant to leave him in the waterless	
and foodless valley of Mecca.	37.108.14.38
was the Messenger and Prophet	
<ul> <li>— strictly kept his promise</li></ul>	19:55.
<ul> <li>enjoined prayer and alms-giving on his people</li> </ul>	19:56
ISLĀM	19.50.
Name was given so that its followers be completely submerg	redin Allah 2.113.6.154 163
Allāh gave the name of — to this religion.	
Fundamental principles of —,	2:4, 5
— is the only acceptable religion.	
— is the true religion with Allāh There is no compulsion in .	
By embracing — one does not confer a favour on anyone	
Guidance is found in — alone.	
No other religion is better than	4:126.
No hardship in —.	2:186; 5:7; 22:79
— is a strong handle to grasp	31:23
One can enter the favoured group by following —.	
— is likened unto a good tree.	
<ul> <li>does not recognise any privilege.</li> </ul>	
— enjoins justice even towards an enemy.	5:9
<ul> <li>enjoins kindness and justice towards non-believers.</li> </ul>	
enjoins good treatment of all.	4:37
— is the same as the religion of Noah, Abraham, Moses an	
Prophecy of triumph of	13:42.

Prophecy of rise of — in the first three centuries	
and of its decline in the following ten centuries.	32:6.
— requires faith in all prophets.	
Preaching of — made obligatory for believers.	9:122.
ISRĀ'	
Prophet Muhammad <sup>sa</sup> went on a journey in a vision	
from Masjidul-Harām to Masjidal-Agsā.	17:2.
The — was a clear vision.	17:61.
ISRAEL, THE CHILDREN OF (BANĪ ISRĀ'ĪL)	
Israel was the name of Jacob.	3:94; 19:59.
— had a superiority over other nations during their time.	2:48; 2:123.
Allāh's continuous favour on —.	2:48; 2:123.
<ul> <li>restored to Banī Isrā'īl.</li> </ul>	2:249.
Cruelties of Pharaoh on —2:50; 7	:142; 14:7; 28:5.
Moses was sent to rescue from Pharaoh's tyranny.	28:6.
Moses calls on Pharaoh not to afflict — and seeks their freedom.	7:106; 20:48.
Pharaoh and his chiefs promised to set - free if their affliction was rem	oved
but they broke their promise	43:50, 51.
Allāh's direction to Moses to lead — out of Egypt. 20:	78; 26:53; 44:24.
Crossing the sea by — and drowning of Pharaoh and his people2:5	1; 7:137; 17:104.
Number of — at the time of exodus.	2:244.
Shade of clouds over — as they marched through Sinai desert.	2:58; 7:161.
Desire of to revert to idol worship after safely crossing the sea.	
— demand water from Moses who under Divine direction strikes a pa	
and water flows out.	2:61; 7:161.
Sending down of Manna and Salwā	2:58.
Moses left for the Mount and in his absence — took a calf for worship.	
Moses punished the idol worshippers.	
Burning of the calf.	20:98.
Allāh commands — to slaughter a cow.	2:68-70.
Desire of to eat vegetables and other produce instead of Manna and	1 Salwā. 2:62.
— were taken to the foot of the Mount for a covenant.	
Chiefs of — were overtaken by an earthquake.	
— ask Moses to see Allāh face to face.	2.57
Moses orders — to enter Palestine but they refuse.	
rejected the signs of Allāh and killed the Prophets.	2:62.
— transgressed in the matter of Sabbath and became despised like ap	
Prophecy of Jews being afflicted till the Day of Resurrection.	
Demand of — for a king, the appointment of Gideon,	
and their test through rivulet i.e. excessive wealth.	2:247. 250
Establishment of kingship in through David.	
Twelve spiritual leaders in —.	5:13.
Prophethood and kingship in —.	5.21
— cursed by Jesus and David.	5:79.

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{\varsigma} \ (se \ details of transliteration on page 'p').$ 

Perversion of the Book by —.	2:80
I'TIKĀF	
Observance of —.	2:188
JACOB	
Abraham's wife was given the glad news of the birth of .	
Israel was —'s name.	3:94
— abstained from certain articles of food.	3:94
—'s admonition to his sons to stand firm on the Unity of Allah and	
	2:133, 134
JIHĀD (STRIVING IN THE CAUSE OF ALLĀH)	
— is enjoined on the believers.	22:79
The great — (i.e. preaching the Word of Allāh).	
— with one's wealth.	8:73
In — one should not transgress limits.	2:19
Reward for the believer whether he becomes a martyr or is victorious in	
Commandment of — was not only for the Holy Prophet <sup>sa</sup> but was also for the	believers. 4:85
JERUSALEM	
Destruction and rebuilding of	
Destruction of — by the Babylonians	17:0
destroyed by the Romans.	17:8
IESUS	
Mary was given the glad news of the birth of —.	3:46; 19:2
Mary's surprise at the good news.	3:48; 19:2
After —' birth Mary was commanded to keep a fast of silence.	
— was born at a time when the dates had become ripe.	19:20
— talked wisely in his childhood.	3:4
Mary takes — to her people.	19:23
was Prophet to the children of Israel.	3:50
Creation of birds by — (i.e. he gave spiritual training to ordinary human l who thereafter soared high in the spiritual atmosphere)	3:50; 5:11
declared clean the blind and lepers.	
<ul> <li>gave life to the (spiritually) dead.</li> <li>was given the knowledge of Torah.</li> </ul>	5:11
<ul> <li>— was given the knowledge of Torah.</li> <li>Jews disbelieved in — while the disciples believed in him.</li> </ul>	
	5:112
was sent with clear signs and was strengthened by the holy spirit.	
Jews planned to crucify — but Alläh had promised to save him from death on the	
	4:15
<ul> <li>did not die on the cross, but fainted and was taken down</li> </ul>	4.150
while still in that condition.	2:73; 4:15
	2.75, 4.150
— went to an elevated region with running streams (Kashmir)	
after having escaped death on the cross.	23:5
— died a natural death.	23.5

<ul> <li>—' prayer for a banquet (worldly provision) for his people.</li> <li>was born as the word (prophecy) of God.</li> <li>3</li> <li>Kalimatuhū used for — meaning— the Sign of Allāh.</li> </ul>	
Kalimatuhū used for — meaning— the Sign of Allāh.	46. 4.172
	.40, 4.172. 173-21-38
<ul> <li>was granted high spiritual status.</li> <li>came in fulfilment of the Old Testament prophecies3:51;</li> </ul>	<u></u> 5.40. 5.47. 61.7
<ul> <li>was Allāh's servant and His Prophet</li></ul>	10.31
was Analysis servant and this Hopfiet.     was merely a Messenger of Allāh.	
<ul> <li>was interfy a Messenger of Analized</li> <li>was enjoined to say his prayers, give alms and treat his mother well.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>preached the Unity of Allāh to his people3:52; 5:118; 19</li> </ul>	
They are disbelievers who take as God5:52, 5:110, 15	·18 73 74
Proof that — and his mother were not gods	5.76
— was created out of elay.	3:60.
Jews and Christians will continue to believe in the death of — on the cross.	
<ul> <li>not son of Alläh.</li> </ul>	9:30.
was born without the agency of a father3:48;	
Verses of the Holy Qur'an testifying	17.21, 22.
to the death of—	·94· 21·35
JEWS	.94,21.55.
- are those who have incurred Allāh's displeasure.	1.7
<ul> <li>are enjoined not to exceed the limits in the matter of religion.</li> </ul>	
Betrayal of Muslims by — at the battle of Ahzāb and their disgrace.	33.27 28
Expedition against Banū Nadīr and their expulsion.	
JINN	
Allāh has created — and the men for His worship.	51:57.
- arc people who dominate.	
Iblīs was amongst the —.	18:51.
are the dominant ones and men are common people	
(i.e. the dwellers of mountains) under David's suzerainty.	
— who came to meet the Holy Prophet <sup>ss</sup> were the Jews of Naşībain.	
<ul> <li>who calle to meet the register were the sews of Augustani.</li> <li>who listened to the recitation of the Holy Qur'ān were Jews from places</li> </ul>	
outside Mecca.	72:2.
Meaning of — having been created from fire is that they are easily roused.	
JOB (PROPHET AYYŪB)	
Mention of —4:164; 6:85; 21:84,	85: 38:42
<ul> <li>lived in a hilly territory.</li> </ul>	38:45
was tormented by his enemies.	38:42.
<ul> <li>— was directed to emigrate</li></ul>	38.43
<ul> <li>meet his family after emigrating21</li> </ul>	·85: 38:44
JOHN (PROPHET YAḤYĀ)	,
-'s birth was announced by the angels to Zachariah while praying.	3:40: 19:8
was given the name by Allāh Himself.	19:8.
— was given the knowledge of Torah and judgment from early childhood.	
—'s picty and righteousness.	
fulfils some of the old prophecies.	3:40.
$a i u \downarrow h \Rightarrow h = r h + r h + h \Rightarrow s \Rightarrow \sigma \sigma \sigma T \to d \Rightarrow  t =  z \Rightarrow  t + r   gh \Rightarrow r h \Rightarrow r $	

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \delta \ of \ (37)$ (See details of transliteration on page 'p').

Index	
-------	--

—'s attempt to travel by boat Boat faced a storm and was thrown overboard	37:141 37:142
A whale swallowed — and then it vomited him out.	
Gourd plant was caused to grow over him.	37:147
was sent as a messenger to a hundred thousand people.	37:148
—'s $$ people, because of their believing in him, were provided for JOSEPH (PROPHET $Y\bar{U}SUF)$	_
Prophecy about the Holy Prophetsa in the events of the life of	
-'s devotion to Allah in his childhood and his seeing true drean	
Jacob advises not to relate his dream to his brothers.	
's brothers were jealous of him	
-'s brothers plan to kill him.	12:10
's brothers take him to the wood and cast him in a deep well.	
—'s brothers report falsely to Jacob that a wolf had devoured him. was sold to the caravan by his brothers.	
	12:20, 21
'Azīz's wife tried to seduce — against his will.	12:22
'Azīz's wife invites women of the town who acclaim — as an ange	
was imprisoned.	12:36
<ul> <li>was given knowledge of the interpretation of narrated matters</li> </ul>	
—'s interpretation of the King's vision.	12:48, 49
— was released from prison and appointed Chief Treasurer of E	
Famine in Egypt and —'s brothers eame to him for corn.	
—'s brothers came twice to Egypt	
and brought their brother Bin Yāmīn (Benjamin) with them.	
Jacob instructs them to enter through different gates.	
Allāh's plan to keep Bin Yāmīn in Egypt.	12:77
— puts his drinking cup in his brother's sack.	
forgives his brothers.	12:93
Holy Prophet's <sup>88</sup> forgiveness in contrast to —'s forgiveness.	12:93
— sends his shirt to his father.	12:94
Jacob goes with his family to Egypt and receives him.	12:100
-'s followers believed after his death that no Prophet would app JUDGMENT, THE DAY OF	_
The answer to what is. $a i u +   th \div   h \tau   kh \div   dh \diamond   s \Leftrightarrow (974) + (1 + 1) + ($	51:13-15; 82:18-20

Index	
JUSTICE	
Believers are enjoined to act with .	5:9.
JUSTICE, ADMINISTRATION OF PUBLIC	
Obligation of judicial determination of disputes.	4:66.
Decision of the judge must be accepted.	
Injunction on —.	4:136; 5:9.
KA'BAH (See under BAIT-UL-ḤARĀM)	
KAUTHAR (i.e. ABUNDANCE OF GOOD)	
Holy Prophet <sup>sa</sup> given	108:2.
KHĀTAMUN-NABIYYĪN	
Door of Prophethood not closed2:	39; 40:35; 72:8.
Prophet Muhammadsa as Khātamun Nabiyyīn, (i.e. the most exalted Me KHILĀFAT	ssenger). 33:41.
Promise to establish — in Islam KNOWLEDGE	24:56.
A person with — is better than one without it.	39:10.
— bestows understanding.	39:10.
Acquisition of — is urged.	96:4-6.
Travelling in search of .	18:66, 67.
People with true — alone fear Allāh.	
Allāh will raise the status of those who possess —.	58:12.
Believers are enjoined to get religious	9:122.
Holy Prophet <sup>sa</sup> enjoined to pray for increase of —	20:115.
Prophets are favoured with — from Allāh.	
Prophets are raised to be teachers of mankind	2:152.
Qur'ān enjoins the study of Nature.3:191, 192; 10:6, 7; 13:4, 5; 16:11-17; 1	17:13; 35:28, 29.
Qur'ān enjoins the study of the conditions of different countries. 17:22; 2 Qur'ān enjoins the study of	
the history of different nations12:112; 30:10; 33:63; 3	5:44, 45; 40:22.
Man can rule the forces of nature with —17:71; 21:8 KORAH (QĀRŪN)	80-83; 45:13, 14.
— was from amongst Banī Isrā'īl	28:77.
's arrogance towards Banī Isrā'īl.	28:77.
— was the keeper of the treasury.	28:77.
-'s arrogance and his punishment.	28:79, 82.
LAILATUL-QADR (NIGHT OF DESTINY)	
Meaning of —.	97:2-6.
LAW (SHARΑAT)	
Object of the is to lighten the burden of mankind	4:29.
— is a struggle with hardships.	90:5.
$a \ i \ u \   \ th \ \dot{v} \   \ kh \ \dot{r} \   \ dh \ \dot{s} \ \phi \ \phi \ \phi \ b \ c \ \phi \ b \ c \ b \ c \ b \ c \ b \ c \ b \ c \ b \ c \ b \ c \ b \ c \ b \ c \ b \ c \ b \ c \ b \ c \ b \ c \ b \ c \ b \ c \ b \ c \ c$	ء'   ت q   غ gh

— here is but a pastime and Hereafter is the true —	20:65
Contrast between this — and the Hereafter.	
Man created with purpose	
Water is the source of —,	23.11021:31.
Fuer thing is exceed in raise	36:37; 51:50.
Everything is created in pairs	
Evolution of man18:38; 23:1	13-15; 40:68; 53:33; 71:15-19.
LIFE, THE GOAL OF	
— is the meeting with Allāh	
— is determined by man's deeds in this life.	
	50:19; 82:11-13; 83:8-19.
begins to manifest itself in this life.	41:31-33; 55:47; 89:28-31.
— is fuller manifestation of values. 39:70; 50:22-24;	57:13; 69:19; 86:9, 10; 99:7-9.
Progress in the — will be unceasing.	35:35, 36; 39:21; 86:9.
LIFE, WORLDLY	
Non-believers desire the —.	2:201, 213.
— is inferior to the life Hereafter	3:16; 4:78; 9:38.
is a brief sojourn in contrast to the world Hereafter.	23:115.
LIQUOR (See under INTOXICANTS) LOAN	
	2.282
Transaction of should be in writing.	
Period of — must be fixed	
Presence of witnesses.	2:283.
LOT (PROPHET LŪŢ)	27.124
— was one of the Messengers	37:134.
— mentioned along with Abraham and Ishmael.	
believed in Abraham and migrated with him.	21:72; 29:27.
Evil way of the people of —.	
<ul> <li>warns his people to stop their evil ways.</li> </ul>	
—'s people forbid his entertaining strangers.	15:71.
—'s people reject him and threaten to exile him.	
—'s people ask for punishment.	
—'s prayer.	29:31.
Warning of the destruction of —'s people15:	
— is perturbed on arrival of messengers.	29:34.
People of — visited him on the arrival of messengers.	11:79; 15:68.
commanded to leave town during night.	11:82; 15:66.
— told not to look back	15:66.
—'s people were smothered under	
rain of stones7:85; 11:83, 84	4; 15:75; 26:174; 27:59; 54:35.
Rejecting — was to reject all the prophets.	54:34.
Disbelievers are like the wife of Noah and of —.	66:11.
given wisdom and knowledge and was righteous.	
$\frac{-}{a \ i \ u \   \ th \ th \ h \ \tau \   \ kh \ \tau \   \ dh \ s \ v} \frac{-}{q \ r_0} $	
a r u + in C + in 7 + in 7 + un s + 5 C = 976 + in 7 + 2 See details of transliteration on page (n').	

LOTE — TREE OF THE BOUNDARY (SIDRATUL-M	MUNTAHĀ)
Mention of	53:15
MAN (INS)	
— is hasty by nature.	21:38
Object of creating —.	51:57
— is created to worship Allāh.	1:5; 51:57
Nature of — is to believe in Allāh	57:9
— is born with nature made by Allāh.	
<ul> <li>has unlimited capacity for progress.</li> </ul>	
was created in the best make.	95:5
<ul> <li>has capacity of receiving revelation.</li> </ul>	15:29, 30
Allāh has shown the way of good and evil to —.	76:4; 90:11; 91:9
is free to act as he choose.	41:41
Allāh provides facilities for — according to his action.	92:6-11
All things have been subordinated to —.	2:30; 22:66; 31:21; 45:14
should seek the protection of Allāh alone.	2:42
Allah does not require of any — that which is beyond his capacity	y. 2:234, 287; 23:63; 65:8
-'s desiring only this world shall have no share in the Hereafte	
	4:29
Those who desire good in this life and in the Hereafter will have a	good reward. 2:202; 42:21
— is enjoined to treat his parents kindly.	
— has been created from nothingness.	
Mankind were one community in the beginning.	
is created out of clay.	
Allāh fashioned — in the womb.	3:7
— should repel evil with that which is best.	
Divine spirit is breathed into	32:10
Ungratefulness of —	10:13; 11:10-12; 41:52
Threefold duty of —.	
will live and die on earth.	7:26
Best garment for — is righteousness	7:27
Stages in the physical growth of —	22:6; 23:13-15
Punishment of for disbelieving after believing:	3:107
Creation of — in threefold darkness.	39:7
— shall be tried in his possessions and in his person.	2:156-158; 3:187
—'s possessions and children are a trial	
—'s complete submission to Allāh is most beneficial.	2:132: 4:126
— is impatient.	
— is most contentious	18:55
— is prone to despair.	30:37; 41:50
loves wealth and is niggardly.	17:101; 89:21
— is prone to transgress.	
is subject to loss without faith and righteousness.	103.3 4

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid \ th \ \stackrel{\circ}{=} \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ i \ s \ o \ (see details of transliteration on page 'p'). \end{array}$ 

Index	
— is superior to other creation.	17:7
MARRIAGE (See under WOMEN)	
MARTYRS	
— live an eternal life.	3:170
MARY	
Qur'ān mentions true events of the life of	3:45; 19:17
—, her family and her birth.	3:36, 3
— was the ward of Zachariah.	3:38
was provided for by Allāh.	3:38
—, her piety, chastity and high status.	
— was truthful	5:70
was chosen of Allāh.	3:43
Visit of angel in the form of a man was a vision.	19:11
MECCA	
is called Mecca because of abundance of blessings.	3:9'
— is also called <i>Balad-al-Amīn</i> i.e. town of security.	95:
Abraham's prayer for — and its security.	
is made sacred.	27:92
Prophecy of return of the Holy Prophet <sup>sa</sup> to — after emigra	ation. 17:81; 28:86; 90:
Efforts necessary for the return to	2:15
Prophecy of the security of .	28:51
	3:9'
Jewish objections met by the conquest of —	
Prophecy of the conquest of .	13:32
MEEKNESS	
Believers should cultivate —.	25:64; 31:19, 20
MENSTRUATION	
Purification from —.	2:22
MESSENGERS (See also under PROPHETS)	
All — dubbed sorcerers and madmen.	51:53
It is wrong to compare —.	2:137, 286; 3:85; 4:15:
Rejection of one Messenger is rejection of all	
— shall be witnesses.	
MESSIAH	
— was the servant of Allāh.	4:17
MIDIAN	
	7:86; 9:70; 11:8:
MIGRATION IN THE CAUSE OF ALLAH	
One who emigrates in the cause of Allāh shall have plent	v. 2:219: 3:196: 4:90. 98-10
8:73;.9	
MI'RĀJ	
Holy Prophet <sup>sa</sup> had the vision of — twice.	53:14
$a \ i \ u \ \mid   \ th \ th$ ا ث $h \  au \mid kh \  au \mid dh$ ن $h \ \pi \mid h$ ا ث $h \ \pi \mid h$ ، $h \ \pi \mid h$ ، $h \ \pi \mid h$	'   ت q   غ gh   ۶ '   ظ z   ط
(See details of transliteration on page 'p')	

No mistake in seeing the vision —	53:18.
— of Moses	
MONASTICISM	
— was not prescribed by Allāh but was self-imposed by the Christians.	57:28.
MONTH OF HARĀM	
Sanctity of the	2:218.
MONTHS. THE TWELVE	
The number of —	9:36.
Sacred months.	2:195; 9:36.
MOON, THE	
— and its stages.	36:40,41.
Lunar system in Islām.	2:190.
— gets light from the sun	71:17.
Crescent —.	36:40.
has reference to the Reformers who would follow the Holy Prophets	ı
(i.e. the sun) and would get their light from him.	91:3.
— signifies Arab power.	54:2.
Reckoning time by the	2:190.
Prophecy of eclipse of the sun and — on the advent of Mahdi.	75:9, 10.
MORAL TEACHINGS (See under DEEDS)	
MOSES (PROPHET MŪSĀ)	
Qur'an gives the true events of the life of	19:52.
Purpose of advent of — was to free Israel from the cruelties and	
bondage of Pharaoh and to foster their progress.	28:6, 7.
—, birth of, and his being east afloat in the river in an ark.	
Pharaoh's daughter picks — out of the river.	
refused wet-nurses and was restored to his mother.	
— was given wisdom and knowledge	
— smote Copt with his fist and caused his death.	20:41; 28:16.
— was repentant.	28:16, 17.
Chiefs of Pharaoh's people counselled together to kill — and he was warm	ed28:21.
<ul> <li>emigrates to Midian.</li> </ul>	_20:41; 28:23.
<ul> <li>helps two women to water their flocks at the well of Midian.</li> </ul>	28:24, 25.
<ul> <li>receives offer of marriage on condition of staying in Midian</li> </ul>	
for eight years serving the family.	28:28.
<ul> <li>returns from Midian with his family.</li> </ul>	28:30.
perceived fire near Mount Sinai. 20:1	1; 27:8; 28:30.
— sees his rod as a serpent and is frightened. 7:108; 20:21, 22	2; 27:11; 28:32.
— perceives his hand turned white without any ill effects7:109	; 20:23; 28:33.
had shown nine signs to Pharaoh. 7:134;	17:102; 27:13.
<ul> <li>prays Aaron be appointed to assist him20:30—36</li> </ul>	; 26:14; 28:35.
— and Aaron commanded to go to Pharaoh20:43	-45; 26:16-18.
and Aaron preached to Pharaoh. 7:105, 106; 10:76-79	
$\overline{a \ i \ u \   \ th \ c}   \ h \ \tau   \ kh \ \dot{\tau}   \ dh \ \dot{s}   \ \delta \ \gamma \ g $	
$\begin{array}{c} a \mid a \mid \langle n \mid 0 \rangle \mid \langle n \mid 0 \mid 0 \rangle \mid \langle n \mid 0 \mid 0 \rangle \mid \langle n \mid 0 \mid$	

— had a debate with Pharaoh.	
Pharaoh demanded Sign from —	7:107; 26:32.
— showed his signs	7:108, 109; 79:21.
Pharaoh called his magicians who challenged —7:112-1	
Truth about magicians' tricks.	7:117, 118.
Magicians admitted their defeat and believed in	122 20 21 27 42 40
	123; 20:71; 26:47-49.
Pharaoh determined to kill — who came to know about it.	
Punishment of Pharaoh's people.	7:131-134.
People of Pharaoh begged — to pray for warding off the punishmen	
Because of the fear of Pharaoh only a few youths believed in	10:84.
ordered his people to build their houses facing each others.	
- prayed for punishment on Pharaoh and his people.	10:89.
<ul> <li>is commanded by Allāh to lead Banī Isrā'īl out of Egypt.</li> </ul>	
Pharaoh pursued and was drowned	44:24-30.
<ul> <li>— with his people passed safely through the sea.</li> </ul>	10:91.
— and his people crossed the sea at low tide	2:51; 44:25.
Pharaoh, when drowning, said he believed in the God of	10:91.
<ul> <li>— was called for forty days to the Mount.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>— saw a spiritual sight on the Mount.</li> </ul>	20:10, 11.
wishes to see Allāh face to face.	7:144.
Allāh speaks to — and gives him the tablets.	7:145, 146.
— returns to his people and condemns Sāmirī.	7:151; 20:96-98.
leads chiefs of his people to the side of the Mount.	
<ul> <li>orders Banī Isrā'īl to enter the Holy Land, their refusal and their</li> </ul>	punishment. 5:22-27.
— orders Banī Isrā'īl to slaughter a cow.	2:68.
Mi'rāj of and his meeting Holy Prophet Muḥammadsa.	18:61-83.
False accusation against —.	33:70.
MOSQUE	
— open to all mankind.	22:26.
No one should obstruct worship of Allāh in —.	2:115.
Masjidul-Ḥarām and Masjidal-Aqṣā	17:2.
<ul> <li>which the hypocrites built to hide Abū 'Āmir.</li> </ul>	
MOUNT SINAI	
—, the witness of.	52:2; 95:3.
— and its olives.	23:21.
MOUNTAINS	
Creation of —.	41:11.
Purpose of the creation of —.	16:16; 31:11.
Thamūd hewed for their dwellings.	7:75; 15:83; 26:150.
Noah's ark landed on Jūdī.	11:45.
— (i.e. the dwellers of —) repeat the praises of Allah with Davi	id. 34:11.
signify dwellers of mountains.	21:80; 38:19.
signify dwellers of mountains. $a i u + h \Rightarrow   h \neq   kh \neq   dh \Rightarrow (2980)$ عن $(t =   t = $	
(See details of transliteration on page 'p').	1 1 200 / 1 4 0 1 9
( where of the providence of page p).	

Index
-------

— also used for the powerful people.	20:106.
Destruction of —.	_52:11; 70:10; 101:6.
MUHAMMAD <sup>SA</sup> , THE HOLY PROPHET	
— possessed perfect qualities.	20:2.
— mentioned by name in the Qur'ān3:14	45; 33:41; 47:3; 48:30.
Qur'ān was revealed to15:88; 16	:45; 26:193-196; 47:3.
-'s likeness unto Moses.	73:16.
Prophecies about — in Torah and Gospel.	7:158; 46:11, 13.
received revelation from Allāh as did previous Prophets.	4:164; 42:4.
— was not an innovation as a Prophet.	46:10.
—'s highest status in nearness to Allāh.	53:9.
is the Seal of the Prophets	33:41.
— is the Perfect Leader.	36:2.
Those who pledge allegiance to — pledge allegiance to Allāh.	
Whoso obeys obeys Allāh.	4:81.
— is sent as a mercy for all mankind.	21:108.
— is of the Messengers of Allāh.	36:4.
is Allāh's Messenger for all mankind.	4:80; 7:159; 34:29.
Abraham's prayer was fulfilled in the person of —.	2: 130.
Allāh took a covenant from the people through the Prophets	
that they would believe in and help him.	3:82.
Promise of Divine protection for —	5:68.
— was guarded and helped by the angels.	
yearned that mankind should believe.	18:7; 26:4; 93:8.
— possessed excellent moral qualities.	68:5.
— is described as a lamp which gives bright light.	33:47.
By following one can win the love of Allah.	3:32.
By following — one becomes heir to Allah's blessings and	
can achieve the highest spiritual status.	4:70.
— did not know reading or writing.	20.40
— was sent after a break in the series of Prophets.	
Allāh would not punish disbelievers of Mecca while — was amo	ong them. 8:34.
Isrā' of — from Masjidul-Ḥarām to Masjidal-Aqṣā	
Mi'rāj of —	
Allāh and His angels send blessings on —.	33:57.
Believers commanded to submit disputes to — for decision.	4:66.
Spiritually dead resurrected through .	8:25.
	2:130; 62:2, 3.
Wives of — as mothers of believers.	33:7.
People who malign shall have severe punishment.	9:61; 33:58.
— was enjoined to be affectionate towards the believers.	
Concern of — for his followers.	3:160; 9:128.
	96:10, 11.
اظ z اط t ا ف أم رووي ص ş اذ dh أ ا ا ث h ت الم ا ع ا ا ث ا	ء ' اق q أغ gh ? ،
(See details of transliteration on page 'p').	

Non-believers plotted to murder —.	8:31.
Emigration of — to Medina.	
Divine assurance given to of his return to Mecca.	
Hypocrites took objection to distribution of charity money by —.	20:00: 9:58
Hypocrites objected that — listened to complaints against them.	
did not have the knowledge of the unknown.	6:51.
— never demanded any reward from the people6:91; 1	2:105: 23:73.
— wished only that people should turn to Allāh.	25:58.
— was enjoined to continue his worship of his Lord till his death.	
was enjoined to convey the revelation which he received to the peop	
Accusation of unbelievers refuted that — was a lunatic.	68:3-7.
Non-believers raised same objections against —	
as were raised against previous Prophets.	41:44.
Non-believers asked — why Allāh did not speak to them.	2:119.
Non-believers demanded why — did not bring a Sign2:119	; 6:38; 7:204.
Objection that — was taught the Qur'ān by someone else.	16:104.
Objection that — had no treasures, gardens, or royal grandeur.	11:13; 25:9.
Demand for miracles from —.	
<ul> <li>— was told to endure steadfastly</li> </ul>	
their mockery and persecution	27:71; 36:77.
<ul> <li>was commanded to be alert and ever ready for spreading the truth.</li> </ul>	
Success of — in the propagation of Islām.	110:3.
was thereupon commanded to seek Allah's protection and His bless	
<ul> <li>— was an excellent and perfect man.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Prophecy of treasures and palaces being given to —'s followers.</li> </ul>	25:11.
Commandments addressed to	
are the commandments to his people as well10: 95; 17:24, 25; 3	30: 39; 65: 2.
Prophecy for the advent of a witness to testify to the truth of	
Pure life of — before his claim to prophethood.	10:17.
's message was universal7:159; 10:58;	
<ul> <li>— was excellent exemplar for mankind.</li> </ul>	33:22.
— was favoured with abundance of good.	108:2.
MUHAMMAD'S <sup>sa</sup> COMPANIONS	
Higher spiritual status of .	48:30.
Emigrants and Helpers and their sacrifices.	
Helpers' love for the Emigrants.	59:10.
Love of for each other.	48: 30.
Allāh pleased with Emigrants and Helpers.	<u>9:100.</u>
Allāh pleased with pledge of believers at Hudaibiyyah.	48:19.
High spirit of sacrifice of — despite their poverty.	
Believers enjoined to remember sacrifices of—.	18:29.
Prayer of the Holy Prophetsa for companions who were ready for any sacri	
Efforts of — for the cause of Islam37:2-4; 79	
	5:220; 37:166.
aiu ا ط با ا ف ا ب ب ب ب ب م ب ع ا خ ا ط + ا ف ا ب ب ب م ع ا خ ا ط + ا ف ا ب ب ع ا خ ا م ا ا ا ا ا ا	ء '   ق q   غ
(See details of transliteration on page 'p')	

Index	
MUḤAMMAD <sup>sa</sup> , WIVES OF	
— are as mothers of Muslims.	33:7.
Marrying any of — is unlawful.	33:54.
Status and deportment of —.	33:31-34
- called upon to choose between worldly life and devotion to faith.	33:29, 30
Holy Prophet <sup>sa</sup> confided a secret to one of his wives and she failed to kee	p it66:4
Holy Prophet <sup>sa</sup> gave up cating honey to please his wives.	66:2
Hypoerites malign 'Ā'ishah.	24:12
'Ā'ishah eleared of accusation.	24:17
Marriage of Holy Prophet <sup>sa</sup> with Zainab was enjoined by Allah.	33:38.
MURDER	
— is forbidden4:93, 94; 1	7: 34; 25: 69
Punishment for —.	4:93.
Kinds of murder.	4:93, 94.
Law of retaliation —.	2:179
MUSLIMS	
To outstrip each other in doing good is the goal of —.	2:149
— were averse to fighting.	2:217
— are the best people for they are raised for the good of mankind.	3:111
<ul> <li>forbidden to fight in Sacred Month but may defend themselves against ag</li> </ul>	gression, 2:218.
Restriction on fraternisation of — with disbelievers.	3:29
NATIONS	
Doom of — at the end of their assigned term of rise.	7:35
- are destroyed when they transgress.	
— cannot rise until they amend themselves.	
NATURAL RELIGION	
Right religion is the —.	30:31
NATURE, DIVERSITY OF	
Signs in the —	13:4, 5
NATURE, HARMONY IN	
No incongruity or flaw in universe	67:4, 5
NEEDY AND THE POOR	
Duty of looking after the —51	:20; 90:15-17
	107:4
NICKNAMES	
Calling another by — is forbidden.	49:12
NIGGARDLINESS	
— is forbidden.	3:181; 4:38
NOAH (PROPHET NŪĄ)	
Prophecy about the Holy Prophet <sup>sa</sup> in the events of the life of—.	11:50
<ul> <li>chosen as a Prophet by Allāh.</li> </ul>	3:34
— preaches to his people7:60; 10:72; 11:26, 27; 2	23:24; 71:2-21
a i u \   th ث   ḥ 7   kh ┾   dh خ   ج 🔊 🕹 من ۶   خ h ۲   kh ┾   dh خ   ۶ من به در در الم	ء'   ق q   څ ۱

—'s people reject him.	7:65: 10:74: 11:28: 23:25: 54:10.
	11:33.
— builds the Ark and his people mock at him.	11:38, 39,
Flood came as punishment on his people and —	
is told to take the needed animals in the Ark with him.	11:41, 42: 23:28.
—'s son refuses to go into Ark and is drowned.	
	26:120.
<ul> <li>makes his supplication to Allāh on behalf of his s</li> </ul>	
—'s Ark settles on Mount Jūdī.	
's flood is a Sign for people.	54:16.
Prophethood in —'s progeny	57:27.
-'s rejection is the rejection of all Prophets.	
OATHS	20.100.
Allāh will not call you to account for vain —.	2.226
Guarding of — Expiation of .	5:90; 66:3.
Expiation of	
<ul> <li>should not be bloken.</li> <li>should not be made means of deceit.</li> </ul>	
Vowing abstinence from wives.	10.93, 93. 2:227, 228.
OBEDIENCE & SUBMISSION	2.227, 228.
Allāh enjoins on you — to Him and His Messenger	3.133 173
to Allāh and His Prophet <sup>sa</sup> leads to the highest spin	
<ul> <li>to Allāh and His Messenger leads to success</li> </ul>	
Obedience of Messenger is obedience of Allāh.	
Obedience of those in authority is enjoined.	
Messengers are sent to be obeyed.	4:65.
Those who love Allāh are enjoined to follow the Holy P OCEANS	
Prophecy of joining the —.	55:20, 21.
Prophecy of huge ships sailing on — ORBS	55: 25.
Movement of — in their spheres.	21:34.
ORPHANS	
— not to be oppressed.	93:10.
Feeding of —	
Care of —	
Property of — should be safeguarded.	4:3; 6:153; 17:35.
Penalty for misappropriation of property of .	4:11.
Proper upbringing of —	4:7.
Equitable treatment of —.	4:128.
PARABLES OR SIMILITUDES OF	
— person kindling fire	2:18.
— heavy rain and lightning.	2:20, 21.
$\frac{1}{a  i  u     th \stackrel{\circ}{\rightarrow}    h  \tau     kh \stackrel{\circ}{\rightarrow}    dh \stackrel{\circ}{\rightarrow}    s \stackrel{\circ}{\rightarrow} _{984} \frac{1}{2}  d \stackrel{\circ}{\rightarrow} \frac{1}{4}$	/
$\begin{array}{c c} u \ t \ u \   \ in \ \Box \   \ in \ \Box \   \ in \ C \   \ in \ \Box \ \Box \   \ in \ \Box \ $	

	a gnat.	2:27.
	birds obeying call.	2:261.
	grain of corn growing seven cars.	
	seeds sown on stones.	
	garden on elevated ground.	2:266.
	garden smitten by a fiery whirlwind.	2:267.
	one bewildered.	( 72
	one who rejects Divine Signs.	7:176, 177.
	thirsty dog.	
	flood of rainwater bearing foam	13:18.
	good tree.	14:25, 26.
	evil tree.	14.07
_	pure and pleasant milk.	
	liquor and wholesome food.	16:68.
	bee	
	slave and free man.	16:76.
	dumb man and of one who enjoins justice.	16:77.
	one who breaks her strong yarn to pieces.	16:93.
	secure and peaceful city which neglected the favours of Alla	
	arrogant rich man and humble poor man.	
	vanity of life of this world.	18:46.
		22:32.
	helplessness of those who are called upon beside Allah.	22:74.
	Light of heavens and earth.	
	mirage in the desert.	24:40.
	thick darkness in a vast and deep sea.	24:41.
	spider who makes a house.	29:42.
	master and slave cannot be partners.	30:29.
	slave belonging to several people.	39:30.
_	ass carrying a load of books.	62:6.
	arrogant owners of a garden	
PARAI		
Life	in —, Fruits of —.	2:26.
Exte	ent of —	3:134; 57:22.
Fulf	ilment of all desires of soul in —	41:32. 33.
	after death and — in this world.	19:62: 55:47.
Eart		2:36.
	ellers of — shall not be driven out of it.	15:49.
Des	cription of — symbolical.	13:36: 47:16: 57:13.
No	one can conceive reality of	
Beli	evers will be led towards —	39:74.
High	1 status of dwellers in —.	83:19-21.
Beli	evers shall enjoy in this world as well	55.47
	$  th \circ   h \tau   kh \dot{\tau}   dh \circ   \delta = \frac{1}{285} \frac{1}{285} \frac{1}{2}   h \circ h \cdot   \delta = \frac{1}{285} \frac{1}$	
aiu	$  in  in  r    \kappa n  \tau    an  s  s  s  s  s  s  s  s  s  $	$\gamma \mid gn \mid \gamma \mid q \mid o \mid ' \varsigma$

Index	
PARADISE (DESCRIPTION)	
Dwellers of — shall suffer neither heat nor cold.	76:14.
No vain talk in .	19:63.
	37:59, 60; 44:57.
Dwellers in — will be vouchsafed sight of Allāh.	
Pleasure of Allāh will be greatest reward in —.	9:72.
PARADISE (THE DISTINGUISHING FEATURES)	
Fruits and shade of — shall be everlasting.	13:36.
Greatest favour of — will be the attainment of Allāh's pleasure.	3:16; 9:72.
Delightful dwelling places in —	9:72.
Lofty mansions in —.	25:76; 39:21.
Abundance of water, milk, wine, and honey in - will never lose their tast	e, 47:16.
Gardens and rivers of 3:16, 196, 199; 4:14,	58, 123; 5:13, 86;
7:44; 9:72, 89, 100; 10:10; 13:36; 22:15, 24; 25:11; 47:16; 58	8:23; 61:13; 64:10.
Thrones in	15:48.
Carpeted floors in —.	55:55.
Carpets and cushions in —.	88:16, 17.
Pure drink of	83:26-29.
Wine of — will not induce levity or sin.	52:24.
Fountains tempered with camphor in —.	
Fountains tempered with ginger in	76:18.
Fountain called Salsabīl in —.	76:19.
Fountains tempered with Tasnīm in —.	83:28.
Sustenance in —.	19:63.
Food and drink in .	77:43, 44.
Bananas and lote trees in —.	56:29, 30.
Dates and pomegranates in —.	55:69.
Grapes in —	78:33.
All kinds of fruits in —.	55:53; 77:43.
Fruits in — as rewards of good deeds.	
Clustered fruits of —.	76:15.
Meat of birds in —	56:22.
Shade of .	13:36.
Green garments of fine silk in —	18:32.
Bracelets of gold in —.	18:32; 35:34.
Gold and silver cups in	43:72.
Vessels of polished silver in —	76:16, 17.
Pure spouses in —.	3:16; 4:58.
Chaste women with restrained looks and large eyes in	
Youths waiting on dwellers of —52	::25; 56:18; 76:20.
	13:24, 25.
PARADISE, PEOPLE ENTERING	
Believers who act righteously.	2:26.
$a i u \mid th \stackrel{\circ}{=} h \tau \mid kh \stackrel{\circ}{=}   h $	ء '   ق q   غ gh

Righteous who are mindful of their duty to Allah to the utmos	ct 2.124 127
e :	st
Those who are foremost in obedience to Allāh.	
	54.04
Hose of the right hand	
PARENTS	00.51
Treating — kindly is enjoined.	17:24: 29:9: 31:14
Prayer for — is enjoined	
Obeying in all matters excepting <i>shirk</i> is enjoined.	29:9
PEACE	
Suing for — through weakness is forbidden.	47:36
When enemy is inclined towards so should you be.	
PEOPLE, THE (THE TRIBES)	
	7:66;11:51
Punishment of destructive wind on .	46:25, 26
2. — of Thamūd	
Sign of a she-camel for —	11:65
hamstrung the she-camel and according to the warning	
Earthquake seized —.	
<ul> <li>lay prostrate when the punishment came.</li> </ul>	
3. Dwellers of the Wood (Ashābul-Aikah)	
People of Shoaib were called —	15:79
— and their place	
4. of Tubba'	
— and their destruction.	44:38; 50:15
5. — of Well (Aṣḥābur-Rass)	
were a section of the tribe of Thamūd.	25:39
6. — of the Elephant. (Aṣḥābul-Fīl)	
— were Abraha, Abysainian king's Governor in Yemen, and h	
Design of against Baitullah and their destruction.	105:3
7. Sabian,	5:70
8. — of Cave (Aṣḥābul-Kahf)	
Situation of the Cave.	18:18
Number of —	18:23
Length of period — lived in the Cave.	
Dog of—	18:19
9. Dwellers of the Rock (Ashābul-Hijr)	
Punishmentof—	15:81-85
PHARAOH	
Qur'ān affirms body of — was preserved.	10:93
Curse on —'s people in this world and in the Hereafter.	11:100; 28:43

Index	
PLAGUE	
Eruption of — during latter days for not believing in Allāh's Signs	27.83
PLEDGE	
— with possession.	2:284.
POET	
Muḥammad was not a —.	36:70; 69:42.
Characteristics of —s.	
POLYGAMY	
Permission for —.	4:4.
Equality between wives.	4:4.
Neglect of one wife and preference of another not permitted.	4:130.
POLYTHEISM	
— is gravest sin	4:49; 4:117.
— is devoid of basis.	30:36.
POOR	
Care for the —69:3	
PRAYER (SALAT, FASTING, HAJJ and ZAKAT, See und	er WORSHIP)
Need for —	25:78.
Unto Allāh alone is the —.	_7: 195; 13:15; 46:6.
- of the distressed person is heard.	27:63.
Allāh's promise to answer — of His people.	2:187; 40:61.
Even if the deed is good — should be continued for it.	
<ul> <li>taught by Allāh absorbs His blessings more effectively.</li> </ul>	2:38.
Supplicant should seek good in both worlds.	2:201, 202; 4:135.
Offer — to God and be steadfast in it	
	19:60.
PRAYERS OF THE HOLY QUR'AN FOR	
Guidance along straight path	
— peace and provision. (Abraham's Prayer)	2:127.
— for the acceptance of prayers and for	
being taught the method of worship. (Abraham's and Ishmael's	
<ul> <li>seeking good here and in Hereafter.</li> </ul>	
— help against disbelievers. (Țalūt's prayer)	2:251.
— imploring Allāh's forgiveness. (Prayer of Believers)	
— being saved from punishment and for Allāh's help. (Believers'	
Prayer that our hearts might not become perverse after guidance. (B	
— forgiveness of sins	
— grace and help	3:27, 28.
Divine favour. (Prayer of the disciples of Jesus)	
<ul> <li>steadfastness.</li> <li>being saved from the Fire.</li> </ul>	
forgiveness of sins and removal of ills	3:192.
<ul> <li>forgiveness of sins and removal of ills.</li> </ul>	

	Index	
	seeking refuge from oppressors	4:76
	distinction between the faithful and the disobedient. (Prayer of Moses	
	being counted among the righteous.	5:84, 85
_	prosperity. (Prayer of Jesus for his people)	5:115
_	forgiveness of error. (Prayer of Adam and his wife)	
	triumph of truth over falsehood.	7:90
_	Allāh's merey7:1	50, 152, 156
_	good here and Hereafter.	7:157
	deliverance from evil of enemies.	10:86, 87
	destruction of oppressors.	10:89
_	security in a boat or vessel.	
_	security while riding or driving.	43:14, 15
	being joined to the righteous. (Prayer of Joseph)	12:102
_	self and progeny. (Prayer of Abraham)	
_	parents	17:25
_	entering or coming out of a place or building.	17:81
_	mercy and guidance.	18:11
_	righteous offspring. (Prayer of Zachariah)	9:5-7;21:90
_	success in the propagation of truth. (Prayer of Moses)	
	increase of knowledge	20:115
-	deliverance from distress. (Prayer of Job)	21:84
-	security against consequences of default. (Prayer of Jonah)	21:88
		21:113
-	victory over those who reject the truth. (Noah's prayer)	
-	a safe landing. (Noah's prayer)	
-	not being counted with the wrong doers.	23:94, 95
	seeking refuge from incitements of evil ones.	
_	forgiveness of sins and mercy.	23:110
_	forgiveness and mercy.	23:119
		25:66, 67
-	family and children3:39; 14:36-42; 17:25; 19:5-7; 25:75; 2	6:170; 27:20
	37:101;	
_	wisdom and being counted among the righteous. (Prayer of Abraham)	26:84-90
	victory of truth.	_26:118, 119
_		26:170
_	being grateful and being among the righteous. (Prayer of Solomon)	27:20
	peace on the righteous.	27:60
	forgiveness. (Prayer of Moses)	28:17
	deliverance from unjust people. (Prayer of Moses)	28:22
	seeking good from Allāh. (Prayer of Moses)	28:25
	help against wicked people. (Prayer of Lot)	
	a righteous son. (Prayer of Abraham)	37:101
	forgiveness and grant of vast kingdom. (Prayer of Solomon)	38:36
	deliverance from hell and all evil.	40:8-10
u l	th ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا	·  ق q  غ
u I	$  th \stackrel{\circ}{=} h \stackrel{\sigma}{=}   \frac{d}{dt} \stackrel{\circ}{=} \frac{d}{dt} \stackrel{\circ}$	8 9 3 1

<sup>(</sup>See details of transliteration on page 'p').

— appreciation of Allāh's favour.	46:16
<ul> <li>help from Allāh when overcome. (Prayer of Noah)</li> </ul>	54:11.
— deliverance from rancour.	59:11.
— seeking protection against the non-believers. (Prayer of Abraham	n's people) 60:5, 6.
— perfection of Allāh's blessings.	66:9
deliverance from Pharaoh and wrongdoers. (Prayer of Pharaoh's	
— forgiveness of all believers. (Prayer of Noah)	71:29.
	113:2-6; 114:2-5.
PRAYER, DAILY (Salāt; See under WORSHIP)	
PREDESTINATION (Taqdīr i.e. determining the measure of e	everything)
Meaning of —.	7: 35; 57:23, 24
Allāh has determined the measure of everything.	
Good or evil befalls as result of Divine law.	
Man is free to act as he chooses but must face the consequences there	of74:39.
Believers and non-believers are both helped.	17:21.
PRISONERS OF WAR (See under WAR)	
PRIVACY	
Personal	24:59,60.
PROPERTY	
— is a means of support	
should not be acquired unlawfully or unjustly.	2:189; 4:30.
PROPHECIES, GENERAL	
<ul> <li>either contain glad news or give warning</li></ul>	18:57.
	9; 43:50, 51; 44:16.
Fulfilment of — bearing glad tidings can be postponed by	
failure to comply with conditions.	5:27.
Prophet is justified if some of his are fulfilled during his lifetime.	
PROPHECIES OF THE HOLY QUR'AN (See under QUR'A	
Holy Prophet's <sup>sa</sup> emigration from Mecca and his return to it.	
Battle of Badr and victory for Muslims.	30:6; 79:7.
Battle of Aḥzāb	
	56:4.
Byzantines overpowering the Persians and then being overpowered by	
Jews occupying Palestine.	
Muslims reoccupying Palestine.	21:106, 107.
Appearance of Gog and Magog and events thereafter.	21:97-105.
Opening of Suez and Panama canals	55:20, 21; 82:4.
Huge ships floating on seas.	55:25.
Jews, abasement of	3:113; 7:168.
People of the Book accepting Islām.	3:200.
Transportation, development of means of —.	_16:9; 36:43; 81:5.
Blasting off of mountains i.e. great kingdoms.	
Cosmic rays and nuclear bombs.	44:11; 55:36.
$a i u + b \stackrel{()}{=} h \tau + kh \dot{\tau} + dh \overset{()}{=} \eta \tau + kh \dot{\tau} + b \dot{\tau} \overset{()}{=} \eta \dot{\tau} + b \dot{\tau} \overset{()}{=} h \dot{\tau} + b \dot{\tau} +$	ء'   ق q   \$ gh

Animals being gathered in zoological gardens.	81:6.
Peoples and nations coming together.	
Criminal justice, administration of	81:9.
Books, increase in publication of	81:11.
Geology, mineralogy and astronomy, progress of	
Earth, reaching out of to other planets.	
Tombs being laid open.	82:5.
Sin, increase of	81:13.
Atheism, spread of	
Islam, rise of after decline	
Wars and earthquakes.	
Earth revealing its treasures.	99:3.
Latter Days, signs of	81:3-17
Discovery of new countries and continents.	
Earth yielding up its hidden treasures.	
Safeguarding of Qur'ān by Allāh	
Spread of Islām after emigration.	
World wars and nations being gathered together.	
Destruction of atomic powers.	
PROPHETS	
Allāh revealed some of His secrets to	3.180.72.27 28
are innocent and are safeguarded from error	
Prophet and Messenger are synonymous.	
	20:135; 28:48.
— were sent to all people	
Superiority of some Prophets over others.	
Two kinds of , the law-bearing and non-law-bearing.	2:254: 5:45: 36:15
Qur'ān makes mention of a few — only.	
Same objections raised against all —	41:44: 51:53, 54,
Disbelieving one Prophet is disbelieving all —.	4.151
submit themselves to the will of Allāh	10.73
Only men are raised as —.	
Allāh chooses the — Himself.	
Purpose of — is to purify people and to guide them to their Lord.	79.18-20
— cannot act unfaithfully.	3:162.
Sinlessness of —.	21:28.
False do not prosper.	69:45-48.
- are the rope of Allāh which should be held fast.	3:104: 6:160: 8:47.
All — are opposed and mocked at6:113; 21:42;	
	2:215.
Satan puts obstacles in the way of what the — seek after but always	fails. 22:53.
— were accused of being bribed for acting as agents of others	
were accused of madness or of being magicians.	34:44; 51:53.
$\frac{1}{a \ i \ u \   \ th \ c} \frac{1}{b \ r} \frac{1}{b \ r}$	;,;100;
$a i u \mid in = [n, 7]   kn   an   s = 0$	$r \mid gn \mid r \mid q \mid o \mid f $

Index	
— were charged with falsehood.	3:185; 34:46
- are helped by Allah in this world as well as in the Hereafter	r37:172, 173; 40:52
— are human beings14:12	; 18:111; 19:59; 21:8, 9
<ul> <li>marry and have children.</li> </ul>	13:39
	21:9; 25:8, 21
do not fear anyone except Allāh	33:40
— receive revelation in the language of their people.	14:5
<ul> <li>— convey message of Allāh to the people.</li> </ul>	5:100; 33:40
' duty is to warn people and to give them glad tidings.	6:49
<ul> <li>do not ask for any reward from the people.</li> </ul>	11:30, 52
<ul> <li>and their followers always prevail over others.</li> </ul>	40:52; 58:22
Attempts of people to kill their	
Not all — were given the Book separately.	2:214
All — have a common mission of establishing Unity of Allāh.	23:53
Reason why and believers suffer from afflictions.	2:156, 215
Unreasonable demands of the opponents of —	2:119
is inflicted for disregarding the warnings of Allāh's Messeng	ore 6.122.17.16.42.2
Allāh does not inflict — unjustly	
Purpose of — is to reform	23.77,70
follows upon transgression and injustice	22.46-52
Delay in	
for addition y.	
— for calumniating chaste woman	
is warded off by seeking forgiveness.	8:34
— serves as an example and lesson.	2:61
Repentance and amendment avert —	5.40
	5:40
averted from the people of Jonah	5:40 10:99
Allāh's mercy averts —.	5;40 10:99
Allāh's mercy averts — ARDAH (Veil, for Women)	5:40 10:99 7:15
Allāh's mercy averts — ARDAH (Veil, for Women) Directions about —	5:40 10:99 7:157 24:31, 32, 61; 33:60
Allāh's mercy averts — ARDAH (Veil, for Women) Directions about — Old women, exemption for —	5:40 10:99 7:157 24:31, 32, 61; 33:60 24:61
Allāh's mercy averts — ARDAH (Veil, for Women) Directions about — Old women, exemption for — Privacy, periods of	5:40 10:99 7:157 24:31, 32, 61; 33:60 24:61
Allāh's mercy averts —ARDAH (Veil, for Women) Directions about — Old women, exemption for — Privacy, periods of DURAISH	5:40 10:99 7:157 24:31, 32, 61; 33:60 24:61 24:59
Allāh's mercy averts —	5:40 10:99 7:15 24:31, 32, 61; 33:60 24:60 24:59 106:2-5
Allāh's mercy averts —	5:40 10:99 7:15 24:31, 32, 61; 33:60 24:6 24:59 106:2-5 17:107; 25:33, 34
Allāh's mercy averts —	5:40 10:99 7:157 24:31, 32, 61; 33:60 24:61 24:55 106:2-5 106:2-5 17:107; 25:33, 34
Allāh's mercy averts —	5:40 10:99 7:15 24:31, 32, 61; 33:60 24:60 24:59 106:2-5 17:107; 25:33, 34 16:99

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{\varsigma} \ (sequence for a line of transliteration on page 'p').$ 

	lse celled the Book	15:2
	also called the Book alled pure Scriptures comprising everlasting commandm	
	promise to guard	
	vives good tidings and warns.	10.08
	s an Exhortation for those who fear Allāh.	
	s a revelation from the Creator of heavens and earth.	
	•	
— u	liscriminates between truth and untruth	25.2
— v	vas mentioned in Scriptures of previous Prophets.	20.197, 198
	s healing, guidance and mercy for believers.	
	peaks at every level.	18:55; 59:28; 59:22
	epeatedly exhorts observation, reflection,	2.270
	exercises of reason, and understanding.	2:270
	onstantly exhorts towards remembrance of Allāh through	
	i) observation,	51:22; 3:192
		2:220, 267; 7:185; 34:47
(	iii) meditation,6 iv) exercise of reason and understanding,6	4:83; 47:25
	iv) exercise of reason and understanding,6	:152; 16:13; 23:81; 28:61
		20:115; 29:44; 35:29
(	vi) pondering over intellectual problems,	9:122; 17:45
(*	vii) fostering of spiritual vision,	7:199; 11:21; 28:73
	viii) gratitude to Allāh,	14:8; 16:15; 23:79; 56:71
	tion why was not revealed all at once.	25:33
5	tion why a written book was not sent directly from heav	
	tion why — was not revealed through a great man	
	contains verses with decisive meanings and verses suscep	tible
0	of different interpretations	3:8; 39:24
— у	rields new truths and fresh guidance in every age and at a	all levels18:110
Compa	anions of the Holy Prophet <sup>sa</sup> were exalted by —	80:17
is	s a widely read Book	27:2
— is	s a Light and clear Book guiding along the paths of peac	ce5:16, 17
Falseh	ood shall never approach —	41:43
Every	one desiring to go straight can benefit from	81:29
i	s a Book honoured and well guarded.	85:22, 23
— is	s decisive and definite.	86:14, 15
	comprises all basic commandments.	
	liscourages seeking regulation of everything by Divine c	
	s free from all doubt.	
	s a guide for the righteous.	2:3
	expounds all that is needed by mankind for complete fulfi	
	of life and furnishes guidance and is a mercy for those wh	
	enjoins worship of Allāh.	
	isdom comprehended in — is inexhaustible.	18:110; 31:28

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ th \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \underbrace{993}_{993} \ o \ \dot{s} \ \dot$ 

<ul> <li>is peerless and cannot be matched.</li> </ul>	2:24; 10:39; 11:14, 15; 17:89; 52:35
— was revealed on a blessed night.	
— is free from discrepancies.	4:83
RECORDING ANGELS	
— know all actions of man	82:11-13
REPENTANCE	
<ul> <li>— wins Allāh's forgiveness and mercy.</li> </ul>	2:161
<ul> <li>— is possible at all times.</li> </ul>	3:90
Seeking forgiveness of Allāh along with	11:4
Allāh forgives all sins.	39:54
— should be sincere	66:9
Allāh accepts true .	9:104; 42:26
<ul> <li>— converts evil propensities into good ones.</li> </ul>	25:71
Doing good after — is true —.	25:72
Whose is accepted.	4:18; 16:120
Whose — is not accepted.	4:19
RESURRECTION DAY (QIYĀMAH)	
There is no doubt about	4:88
<ul> <li>also designated the Hour.</li> </ul>	20:16
— of each individual.	19:96
also signifies day of downfall or ruin.	17:52; 40:60; 54:2; 70:43-45
RESURRECTION AFTER DEATH	
— is a certainty.	2:49; 22:8; 23:116; 58:19
-	2:57, 74, 261; 6:37; 8:25; 30:51; 41:40
RESURRECTION OF THE DEAD	
Physically dead cannot be brought back to life of	
also signifies revival of a people	7:58
Prophets revive the spiritually dead and not the	
Jesus gave life to the spiritually dead.	5:111
RETALIATION, LAW OF (QIṢĀṢ)	<b>2</b> 1 <b>2</b> 0, 100
— safeguards human life	2:179, 180
REVELATION	4 1 4 4 1 4 5 5 1 1 2 20 20 20 0
— vouchsafed to Prophets as well as others	4:164, 165; 5:112; 20:39; 28:8
— is a universal experience	4:165; 10:48; 35:25; 40:79
— is received in the language of the recipient	
— forms of	42:52
— descends upon the heart	2:98; 26:193-195; 53:11, 12
No spiritual life without —	21:31
ib received by chosen servants or rinam	
<ul> <li>stimulates reflection.</li> <li>also significs inspiration.</li> </ul>	16:45

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \varsigma \ \varphi_{994} \ \circ \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \dot$ 

Basis of       4:41, 79, 80; 6:161.         RIBĀ (INTEREST)       2:276, 277, 279; 3:131; 30:40.         - is forbidden.       2:276, 277, 279; 3:131; 30:40.         - does not promote true prosperity.       30:40.         Warning of evil consequences of taking       2:280.         RIGHTEOUSNESS (TAQWĀ)          , attainment of, through worship of Allāh.       2:22.         -, what constitutes.       2:178.         Killing of evil desires by piety and       2:55.         RIGHTS OF MANKIND       2:55.         - and obligations in respect thereof.       4:37-41; 17:24-40; 25:64-73.         SABĀ' ( <i>See under</i> SOLOMON)       Sign for the people of       27:23-45.         SABBATH       Observance and violation of by the Jews.       2:66, 67; 4:48, 155; 7:164; 16:125.         SACRIFICE       2:2:35.       should be offered to Allāh alone.       22:35.         Flesh or blood of sacrified animal does not reach Allāh       2:159.         SALĀT ( <i>See under</i> WORSHIP)       SÅLÄH, PROPHET       2:159.         - was sent to the people of Thamūd.       7:74; 11:62; 27:46.         Name of's people was Aşhābul Hijr.       1:62.         Nine mischief-mongers in's town.       7:74; 11:62; 26:156.         People of       7:74; 11:62; 26:156.	Index	
RIBA (INTEREST)	REWARDS AND PUNISHMENTS	
RIBA (INTEREST)       2:276, 277, 279; 3:131; 30:40.         — does not promote true prosperity.       30:40.         Warning of evil consequences of taking —.       2:280.         RIGHTEOUSNESS (TAQWĀ)       2:222.         —, what constitutes.       2:178.         Killing of evil desires by piety and —.       2:55.         RIGHTS OF MANKIND       2:55.         — and obligations in respect thereof.       4:37-41; 17:24-40; 25:64-73.         SABĀ' (See under SOLOMON)       Sign for the people of —.         Sign for the people of —.       2:166, 67; 4:48, 155; 7:164; 16:125.         SABBATH       Observance and violation of — by the Jews.       2:66, 67; 4:48, 155; 7:164; 16:125.         SACRIFICE	Basis of —.	4:41, 79, 80; 6:161.
— does not promote true prosperity.       30:40.         Warning of evil consequences of taking —.       2:280.         RIGHTEOUSNESS (TAQWĀ)       2:220.         , attainment of, through worship of Allāh.       2:22.         —, what constitutes.       2:178.         Killing of evil desires by piety and —.       2:55.         RIGHTS OF MANKIND       4:37-41; 17:24-40; 25:64-73.         SABĀ' (See under SOLOMON)       Sign for the people of —.         SABBATH       27:23-45.         Observance and violation of — by the Jews.       2:66, 67; 4:48, 155; 7:164; 16:125.         SACRIFICE	RIBĀ (INTEREST)	
— does not promote true prosperity.       30:40.         Warning of evil consequences of taking —.       2:280.         RIGHTEOUSNESS (TAQWĀ)       2:220.         , attainment of, through worship of Allāh.       2:22.         —, what constitutes.       2:178.         Killing of evil desires by piety and —.       2:55.         RIGHTS OF MANKIND       4:37-41; 17:24-40; 25:64-73.         SABĀ' (See under SOLOMON)       Sign for the people of —.         SABBATH       27:23-45.         Observance and violation of — by the Jews.       2:66, 67; 4:48, 155; 7:164; 16:125.         SACRIFICE	— is forbidden.	2:276, 277, 279; 3:131; 30:40.
Warning of cvil consequences of taking —.       2:280.         RIGHTEOUSNESS (TAQWĀ)       .         , attainment of, through worship of Allāh.       2:22.         —, what constitutes.       2:178.         Killing of evil desires by piety and —.       2:178.         RIGHTS OF MANKIND       2:55.         RIGHTS OF MANKIND       4:37-41; 17:24-40; 25:64-73.         SABĀ' ( <i>See under</i> SOLOMON)       Sign for the people of —.       4:37-41; 17:24-40; 25:64-73.         SABATH       Observance and violation of — by the Jews.       2:66, 67; 4:48, 155; 7:164; 16:125.         SACRIFICE	<ul> <li>does not promote true prosperity.</li> </ul>	30:40.
RIGHTEOUSNESS (TAQWĀ)       2:22.         —, what constitutes.       2:178.         Killing of evil desires by piety and —.       2:55.         RIGHTS OF MANKIND       2:55.         — and obligations in respect thereof.       4:37-41; 17:24-40; 25:64-73.         SABĀ' (See under SOLOMON)       34:16-22.         Sign for the pcople of —.       34:16-22.         Queen of — and Solomon.       27:23-45.         SABBATH       Observance and violation of — by the Jews.       2:66, 67; 4:48, 155; 7:164; 16:125.         SACRIFICE	Warning of evil consequences of taking —.	2:280.
, attainment of, through worship of Alläh.       2:22.         —, what constitutes.       2:178.         Killing of evil desires by piety and —.       2:55.         RIGHTS OF MANKIND       2:55.         — and obligations in respect thereof.       4:37-41; 17:24-40; 25:64-73.         SABĀ' (See under SOLOMON)       34:16-22.         Queen of — and Solomon.       27:23-45.         SABBATH       Observance and violation of — by the Jews.       2:66, 67; 4:48, 155; 7:164; 16:125.         SACRIFICE		
<ul> <li>, what constitutes</li></ul>		2:22.
Killing of evil desires by piety and —.       2:55.         RIGHTS OF MANKIND       4:37-41; 17:24-40; 25:64-73.         SABÅ' (See under SOLOMON)       34:16-22.         Queen of — and Solomon.       27:23-45.         SABATH       22:66, 67; 4:48, 155; 7:164; 16:125.         SACRIFICE       22:35.         — should be offered to Allāh alone.       22:35.         Flesh or blood of sacrified animal does not reach Allāh       22:38.         SAFĀ AND MARWAH       21:59.         are the Signs of Allāh.       21:59.         SALĪH, PROPHET       5ALIĻ, PROPHET         — was sent to the people of Thamūd.       7:74; 11:62; 27:46.         Name of —'s people was Ashābul Hijr.       15:81.         admonished his people to ask forgiveness of Allāh.       11:62.         Nine mischief-mongers in —'s town.       27:49.         Plan to kill — at night.       7:74; 11:65; 26:156.         People of — hamstrung the she-camel.       7:79, 80; 11:68.         —'s people accused him of being bewitched, or working on behalf of someone cles.       26:142; 54:24.         SALVATION       Promise of — for the righteous.       26: 19:73.		
RIGHTS OF MANKIND         — and obligations in respect thereof.       4:37-41; 17:24-40; 25:64-73.         SABĀ' (See under SOLOMON)       34:16-22.         Sign for the people of —.       27:23-45.         SABBATH       Observance and violation of — by the Jews.       2:66, 67; 4:48, 155; 7:164; 16:125.         SACRIFICE	Killing of evil desires by piety and —.	2:55.
SABĀ' (See under SOLOMON)         Sign for the people of	RIGHTS OF MANKIND	
SABĀ' (See under SOLOMON)         Sign for the people of	— and obligations in respect thereof.	4:37-41; 17:24-40; 25:64-73.
Sign for the people of	SABĀ' (See under SOLOMON)	
Queen of — and Solomon		34:16-22.
SABBATH         Observance and violation of — by the Jews2:66, 67; 4:48, 155; 7:164; 16:125.         SACRIFICE         —, rites of, appointed for every people22:35.         — should be offered to Allāh alone22:35.         Flesh or blood of sacrified animal does not reach Allāh         but it is the spirit inspiring the sacrified that reaches Him22: 38.         SAFĀ AND MARWAH         are the Signs of Allāh21:59.         SALĀT (See under WORSHIP)         SĀLĪH, PROPHET         — was sent to the people of Thamūd7:74; 11:62; 27:46.         Name of —'s people was Ashābul Hijr15:81.         admonished his people to ask forgiveness of Allāh11:62; 27:49.         Plan to kill — at night27:50.         Sign of she-camel for the people of —7:74; 11:65; 26:156.         People of7:78; 26:158.         People of punished for their transgression7:79, 80; 11:68.         —'s people accused him of being bewitched, or working on behalf of someone clsc26:154.         Disbelieving—was to reject all Prophets26:122.         SALVATION      2:6; 19:73.		
SACRIFICE	SABBATH	
SACRIFICE	Observance and violation of — by the Jews. $2:6$	56, 67; 4:48, 155; 7:164; 16:125.
<ul> <li>should be offered to Allāh alone.</li> <li>22:35.</li> <li>Flesh or blood of sacrified animal does not reach Allāh</li> <li>but it is the spirit inspiring the sacrified that reaches Him.</li> <li>22: 38.</li> <li>ŞAFĀ AND MARWAH</li> <li>are the Signs of Allāh.</li> <li>2:159.</li> <li>ŞALĀT (<i>See under</i> WORSHIP)</li> <li>ŞĀLIH, PROPHET</li> <li>was sent to the people of Thamūd.</li> <li>7:74; 11:62; 27:46.</li> <li>Name of —'s people was Aṣḥābul Ḥijr.</li> <li>15:81.</li> <li>admonished his people to ask forgiveness of Allāh.</li> <li>21:59.</li> <li>Sign of she-camel for the people of —.</li> <li>7:74; 11:65; 26:156.</li> <li>People of punished for their transgression.</li> <li>7:79, 80; 11:68.</li> <li>-'s people accused him of being bewitched, or working on behalf of someone else.</li> <li>26:142; 54:24.</li> <li>SALVATION</li> <li>Promise of — for the righteous.</li> <li>26: 19:73.</li> </ul>	SACRIFICE	
<ul> <li>should be offered to Allāh alone.</li> <li>22:35.</li> <li>Flesh or blood of sacrified animal does not reach Allāh</li> <li>but it is the spirit inspiring the sacrified that reaches Him.</li> <li>22: 38.</li> <li>ŞAFĀ AND MARWAH</li> <li>are the Signs of Allāh.</li> <li>2:159.</li> <li>ŞALĀT (<i>See under</i> WORSHIP)</li> <li>ŞĀLIH, PROPHET</li> <li>was sent to the people of Thamūd.</li> <li>7:74; 11:62; 27:46.</li> <li>Name of —'s people was Aṣḥābul Ḥijr.</li> <li>15:81.</li> <li>admonished his people to ask forgiveness of Allāh.</li> <li>21:59.</li> <li>Sign of she-camel for the people of —.</li> <li>7:74; 11:65; 26:156.</li> <li>People of punished for their transgression.</li> <li>7:79, 80; 11:68.</li> <li>-'s people accused him of being bewitched, or working on behalf of someone else.</li> <li>26:142; 54:24.</li> <li>SALVATION</li> <li>Promise of — for the righteous.</li> <li>26: 19:73.</li> </ul>	—, rites of, appointed for every people.	22:35.
Flesh or blood of sacrified animal does not reach Allāh         but it is the spirit inspiring the sacrified that reaches Him.       22: 38.         SAFĀ AND MARWAH       2:159.         sALĀT (See under WORSHIP)       5         SALĪH, PROPHET       7:74; 11:62; 27:46.         Name of —'s people was Aṣḥābul Ḥijr.       15:81.         admonished his people to ask forgiveness of Allāh.       21:59.         Nine mischief-mongers in —'s town.       27:49.         Plan to kill — at night.       27:50.         Sign of she-camel for the people of —.       7:74; 11:65; 26:156.         People of — hamstrung the she-camel.       7:78; 26:158.         People of punished for their transgression.       7:79, 80; 11:68.         —'s people accused him of being bewitched, or working on behalf of someone else.       26:142; 54:24.         SALVATION       Promise of — for the righteous.       26:142; 54:24.		
SAFĀ AND MARWAH       2:159.         are the Signs of Allāh.       2:159.         SALĀT (See under WORSHIP)       SALĪT, PROPHET         — was sent to the people of Thamūd.       7:74; 11:62; 27:46.         Name of —'s people was Ashābul Hijr.       15:81.         admonished his people to ask forgiveness of Allāh.       11:62.         Nine mischief-mongers in —'s town.       27:49.         Plan to kill — at night.       27:50.         Sign of she-camel for the people of —.       7:74; 11:65; 26:156.         People of — hamstrung the she-camel.       7:78; 26:158.         People of punished for their transgression.       7:79, 80; 11:68.         —'s people accused him of being bewitched, or working on behalf of someone clse.       26:142; 54:24.         SALVATION       Promise of — for the righteous.       2:6; 19:73.		
are the Signs of Allāh.       2:159.         SALĀT (See under WORSHIP)       SALĪH, PROPHET         — was sent to the people of Thamūd.       7:74; 11:62; 27:46.         Name of —'s people was Aṣḥābul Hijr.       15:81.         admonished his people to ask forgiveness of Allāh.       11:62.         Nine mischief-mongers in —'s town.       27:49.         Plan to kill — at night.       27:50.         Sign of she-camel for the people of —.       7:74; 11:65; 26:156.         People of — hamstrung the she-camel.       7:78; 26:158.         People of punished for their transgression.       7:79, 80; 11:68.         —'s people accused him of being bewitched, or working on behalf of someone else.       26:142; 54:24.         SALVATION       Promise of — for the righteous.       2:6; 19:73.	but it is the spirit inspiring the sacrificed that reaches Hir	n. 22: 38.
SALĀT (See under WORSHIP)         SĀLIḤ, PROPHET         — was sent to the people of Thamūd7:74; 11:62; 27:46.         Name of —'s people was Aṣḥābul Ḥijr15:81.         admonished his people to ask forgiveness of Allāh11:62.         Nine mischief-mongers in —'s town27:49.         Plan to kill — at night27:50.         Sign of she-camel for the people of —7:74; 11:65; 26:156.         People of7:78; 26:158.         People of7:79, 80; 11:68.         —'s people accused him of being bewitched, or working on behalf of someone else26:154.         Disbelieving—was to reject all Prophets26:142; 54:24.         SALVATION         Promise of — for the righteous2:6; 19:73.	ŞAFĀ AND MARWAH	
ALIH, PROPHET	are the Signs of Allāh.	2:159.
ALIH, PROPHET	ŞALĀT (See under WORSHIP)	
Name of —'s people was Aşhābul Hijr.       15:81.         admonished his people to ask forgiveness of Allāh.       11:62.         Nine mischief-mongers in —'s town.       27:49.         Plan to kill — at night.       27:50.         Sign of she-camel for the pcople of —.       7:74; 11:65; 26:156.         People of — hamstrung the she-camel.       7:78; 26:158.         People of punished for their transgression.       7:79, 80; 11:68.         —'s people accused him of being bewitched, or working on behalf of someone else.       26:142; 54:24.         SALVATION       Promise of — for the righteous.       2:6; 19:73.	ŞĀLIH, PROPHET	
Name of —'s people was Ashābul Hijr.       15:81.         admonished his people to ask forgiveness of Allāh.       11:62.         Nine mischief-mongers in —'s town.       27:49.         Plan to kill — at night.       27:50.         Sign of she-camel for the people of —.       7:74; 11:65; 26:156.         People of — hamstrung the she-camel.       7:78; 26:158.         People of punished for their transgression.       7:79, 80; 11:68.         —'s people accused him of being bewitched, or working on behalf of someone else.       26:154.         Disbelieving—was to reject all Prophets.       26:142; 54:24.         SALVATION       Promise of — for the righteous.       2:6; 19:73.	— was sent to the people of Thamūd.	7:74; 11:62; 27:46.
admonished his people to ask forgiveness of Allāh.       11:62.         Nine mischief-mongers in —'s town.       27:49.         Plan to kill — at night.       27:50.         Sign of she-camel for the people of —.       7:74; 11:65; 26:156.         People of — hamstrung the she-camel.       7:78; 26:158.         People of punished for their transgression.       7:79, 80; 11:68.         —'s people accused him of being bewitched, or working on behalf of someone else.       26:154.         Disbelieving—was to reject all Prophets.       26:142; 54:24.         SALVATION       Promise of — for the righteous.       2:6; 19:73.		
Nine mischief-mongers in —'s town.       27:49.         Plan to kill — at night.       27:50.         Sign of she-camel for the people of —.       7:74; 11:65; 26:156.         People of — hamstrung the she-camel.       7:78; 26:158.         People of — punished for their transgression.       7:79, 80; 11:68.         —'s people accused him of being bewitched, or working on behalf of someone else.       26:142; 54:24.         Disbelieving—was to reject all Prophets.       26:142; 54:24.         SALVATION       Promise of — for the righteous.       2:6; 19:73.	admonished his people to ask forgiveness of Allah	n. 11:62.
Plan to kill — at night.       27:50.         Sign of she-camel for the people of —.       7:74; 11:65; 26:156.         People of — hamstrung the she-camel.       7:78; 26:158.         People of punished for their transgression.       7:79, 80; 11:68.         —'s people accused him of being bewitched, or working on behalf of someone else.       26:154.         Disbelieving—was to reject all Prophets.       26:142; 54:24.         SALVATION       Promise of — for the righteous.       2:6; 19:73.		
Sign of she-camel for the people of	Plan to kill — at night.	27:50.
People of	Sign of she-camel for the people of —.	7:74; 11:65; 26:156.
People of punished for their transgression.       7:79, 80; 11:68.         —'s people accused him of being bewitched, or working on behalf of someone else.       26:154.         Disbelieving—was to reject all Prophets.       26:142; 54:24.         SALVATION       Promise of — for the righteous.       2:6; 19:73.		
<ul> <li>'s people accused him of being bewitched, or working on behalf of someone else26:154. Disbelieving—was to reject all Prophets</li></ul>		
Disbelieving—was to reject all Prophets.       26:142; 54:24.         SALVATION       2:6; 19:73.         Promise of — for the righteous.       2:6; 19:73.		behalf of someone else. 26:154.
SALVATION Promise of — for the righteous2:6; 19:73.		
	SALVATION	,
	Promise of — for the righteous.	2:6; 19:73.
— through prayer 2:187.		
— from evil. 8:30.	— from evil.	
ء : ا ذ 4   أ ث ا ا خ 1   ط ب ا ف أ م وووس ص ؟ اذ h ا خ ا أ ث أ أ ث أ ا ث أ ا ث أ ا	$a i u + t h + h \tau + h \dot{\tau} + dh \dot{\tau} + s \cdot \phi \cdot \sigma d \dot{\tau} + t t$	$ z : \cdot s ah \dot{s} a$ ; $ \dot{s} \dot{s} a$

(See details of transliteration on page 'p').

Index	
— through purification of soul	91:10
- through seeking forgiveness, and following guidance.	3:136; 39:54-56
— is everlasting.	11:109; 18:109; 95:7
Belief in all revealed Books is necessary for —.	2:5
SĀMIRĪ	
produced a calf for worship when Moses had gone to t	
Moses questioned — about his conduct.	20:90
<ul> <li>had turned away from obedience.</li> </ul>	
Punishment of	20:9
SATAN	
- has no power over those who believe and put their trust in	Allāh16:100
has power only over those who make friends	
with him and set up equals to Allah.	
<ul> <li>had no connection with creation of universe.</li> </ul>	
watches man but man does not perceive him.	
— is the declared enemy of man17:54; 2	25:30; 35:7; 36:61; 43:6
<ul> <li>eaused Adam to slip.</li> </ul>	
has a fiery temperament.	
— is an evil companion.	4:3
— was granted respite	
was abased.	7:1-
— lies in wait for people to persuade them to abuse Divine	
<ul> <li>prompts people to evil practices.</li> </ul>	
makes false promises.	14:2:
<ul> <li>incites unbelievers to disobedience.</li> </ul>	19:84
<ul> <li>misleads his friends through inspiring them with fear.</li> </ul>	3:17
places obstacles in the way of Prophets.	22:53, 54
<ul> <li>is prototype of all wicked persons.</li> </ul>	2:103; 38:42; 43:3
— should be shunned.	2:16
has recourse to futile devices.	4:7
How to guard oneself against —.	7:201, 20
— has no power of his own but takes advantage of people's w	eaknesses14:23; 15:42
— was rejected and cast away by Allāh.	15:35, 3
Whoever make friends with — is bound to be led astray.	22::
SAUL (KING ṬĀLŪT)	
— appointed king.	2:24
Companions of — were put to test by means of the river.	2:250
SCANDAL MONGERING	
Prohibition of —.	24:24-2′
SEAS, THE CONFLUENCE OF TWO	
— means the end of Mosaic dispensation and the beginning of Isl	lamic dispensation. 18:61
SERVANTS OF GRACIOUS ALLĀH	• –

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \varsigma \ \varsigma \ (See \ details \ of transliteration \ on \ page \ p').$ 

— walk on earth in dignified manner.	25:64
— say 'peace' when addressed by the ignorant.	25:64
— pass their nights in worship of Allāh.	25:65
— beseech Allāh to avert the punishment	25:66
— are neither niggardly nor extravagant but are moderate in spe	ending. 25:68
do not associate partners with Allah nor kill any person unlay	
nor commit adultery.	25:69
— do not bear false witness.	25:73
Reward of	25:76, 77
SHU'AIB, PROPHET	
— was sent to Midian tribes.	7:86; 11:85; 29:37
admonished his people to give full measure and full weight.	7:86; 11:85, 86
-'s people threatened to expel him from his town.	7:89
—'s people seized by earthquake.	7:92; 11:95, 96
SLANDER	, ,
Prohibition of —.	24:5, 24-27; 104:2
SLAVES	
procuring freedom of, is highly meritorious2:178; 4: SOLOMON (PROPHET SULAIMĀN) was heir of David.	93; 5:90; 9:60; 90:14 27:17
was favoured with special knowledge by Allāh.	
<ul> <li>was bestowed everything by Allāh.</li> </ul>	
Propaganda of rebels against —.	
Winds were subjected to	
— (i.e. his people carried on trade in sailing boats).	21:82: 34:13: 38:37
Deep-water divers in —'s service.	21:83
Jinn (i.e. gentile artisans) made palaces, statues, large cooking ves	
and reservoirs for —.	
	.54:1.5, 14
Jinn (i.e. expert workmen, builders and divers) owed allegiance to	
Jinn (i.e. expert workmen, builders and divers) owed allegiance to Satans (i.e. giants and slaves) who worked for him were in fetters.	27:40; 38:38
Satans (i.e. giants and slaves) who worked for him were in fetters.	0 —27:40; 38:38 38:38, 39
Satans (i.e. giants and slaves) who worked for him were in fetters	27:40; 38:38 38:38, 39 34:13
Satans (i.e. giants and slaves) who worked for him were in fetters. —'s factories manufactured articles from molten copper. Three divisions of —'s army, (gentiles, Jews and saintly people).	0 —27:40; 38:38 38:38, 39 34:13 27:18
Satans (i.e. giants and slaves) who worked for him were in fetters. —'s factories manufactured articles from molten copper. Three divisions of —'s army, (gentiles, Jews and saintly people). — was taught the language of the sacred scriptures.	0 —27:40; 38:38 38:38, 39 34:13 27:18 27:17
Satans (i.e. giants and slaves) who worked for him were in fetters. —'s factories manufactured articles from molten copper. Three divisions of —'s army, (gentiles, Jews and saintly people). — was taught the language of the sacred scriptures. —'s army moved to the valley of Naml.	0 —27:40; 38:38 38:38, 39 34:13 27:18 27:17 27:19
Satans (i.e. giants and slaves) who worked for him were in fetters.         —'s factories manufactured articles from molten copper.         Three divisions of —'s army, (gentiles, Jews and saintly people).         — was taught the language of the sacred scriptures.         —'s army moved to the valley of Naml.         — invited Queen of Sabā' to submit.	
Satans (i.e. giants and slaves) who worked for him were in fetters.         —'s factories manufactured articles from molten copper.         Three divisions of —'s army, (gentiles, Jews and saintly people).         — was taught the language of the sacred scriptures.         —'s army moved to the valley of Naml.         — invited Queen of Sabā' to submit.         Queen of Sabā' sent gifts to —.	
Satans (i.e. giants and slaves) who worked for him were in fetters.         —'s factories manufactured articles from molten copper.         Three divisions of —'s army, (gentiles, Jews and saintly people).         — was taught the language of the sacred scriptures.         —'s army moved to the valley of Naml.         — invited Queen of Sabā' to submit.         Queen of Sabā' sent gifts to —.         — orders a throne better than that of Queen of Sabā'.	
Satans (i.e. giants and slaves) who worked for him were in fetters.         —'s factories manufactured articles from molten copper.         Three divisions of —'s army, (gentiles, Jews and saintly people).         — was taught the language of the sacred scriptures.         —'s army moved to the valley of Naml.         — invited Queen of Sabā' to submit.         Queen of Sabā' sent gifts to —.         — orders a throne better than that of Queen of Sabā'.         Queen of Sabā' goes to — and believes in Allāh.	
Satans (i.e. giants and slaves) who worked for him were in fetters.         —'s factories manufactured articles from molten copper.         Three divisions of —'s army, (gentiles, Jews and saintly people).         — was taught the language of the sacred scriptures.         —'s army moved to the valley of Naml.         — invited Queen of Sabā' to submit.         Queen of Sabā' sent gifts to —.         — orders a throne better than that of Queen of Sabā'.         Queen of Sabā' goes to — and believes in Allāh.         —'s love for noble steeds.	
Satans (i.e. giants and slaves) who worked for him were in fetters.         —'s factories manufactured articles from molten copper.         Three divisions of —'s army, (gentiles, Jews and saintly people).         — was taught the language of the sacred scriptures.         —'s army moved to the valley of Naml.         — invited Queen of Sabā' to submit.         Queen of Sabā' sent gifts to —.         — orders a throne better than that of Queen of Sabā'.         Queen of Sabā' goes to — and believes in Allāh.	38:38, 39 34:13 27:18 27:17 27:19 27:29-32 27:36 27:39-42 27:43-45 38:32-34 38:35

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \varsigma \ \varsigma \ (997) \ \delta \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \dot{$ 

Index	
— was bestowed a high rank in the eyes of Allāh.	38: 41.
SONSHIP OF GOD	102 10 (0 10 5 ( 10 2( 10 01 02
Doctrine of — condemned2:117; 6:101,	102; 10:69; 18:5, 6; 19:36; 19:91-93; 23:92; 37:150-160; 39:5; 112:2-4.
SOUL, HUMAN (RŪḤ)	23.92, 37.130-100, 39.3, 112.2-4.
is Allāh's creation.	17:86.
—, purification of, is salvation	91:10
— at rest	
Self-accusing	75:3
SPIRIT	
— means mercy from Allāh.	4:172.
Rūh means angel.	
Faithful —.	
God breathes His spirit into man	
i.e. man can receive the revelation.	15:30; 21:92; 32:10; 38:73.
STATE	
International relations.	16:93, 95; 60:9, 10.
Government by consultation.	
Best fitted persons to be placed in authority.	4:59.
Justice as basis of rule4:59, 10	6-108, 136; 5:9; 16:91; 38:27; 42:16
Obedience to authority.	4:60.
War, obligatory or permissible	2:191-194; 4:76; 8:40; 22:40-42.
Peace.	8:56-64;9:1-4.
STEADFASTNESS	
— in seeking help of Allāh enjoined on believers	2:154.
Allāh is with those who show —.	2:154
Trials of fear, hunger and loss of wealth and lives an	d fruits
but good news for the patient.	2:156.
Truly patient persons.	2:157.
STRAIGHT PATH	
	1:6.
Prophet MUHAMMAD <sup>sa</sup> followed the—	
Prophet MUHAMMAD <sup>sa</sup> guides to the —	14:2, 3; 23:74, 75; 42:53.
Qur'ān guides to the —.	5:17.
SUN, THE	
<ul> <li>radiates light and the moon reflects lustre and</li> </ul>	
each has stages determined for it.	10:6; 25:62.
<ul> <li>and moon are made subservient and glide along</li> </ul>	
Harmony of spheres illumined by — and moon.	
Eclipse of — and moon, significance of	75:8, 10.
<ul> <li>determining shadow, significance of</li> </ul>	25:46, 47.
— no object of worship	41:38.
$a i u \mid h \stackrel{\circ}{\sim} h \stackrel{\tau}{\sim} kh \stackrel{\tau}{\sim} dh \stackrel{\circ}{\scriptscriptstyle{>}} s \stackrel{\sigma}{\sim} \sigma_{00} \stackrel{\sigma}{\sim} d$	t b   z b   ' 8   gh \$   a 5   ' 6

 $\begin{array}{c|c} a \ i \ u \ \mid h \ & \uparrow \ \mid h \ \tau \ \mid h \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid dh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid dh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid dh \ \dot{\tau} \ \mid \dot{\tau} \ \dot{\tau} \ , \dot{\tau} \ \dot{\tau} \ \dot{\tau} \ \dot{\tau} \ ,$ 

Index	
SWINE, FLESH OF	
Unlawful to eat . 2:17	4; 5:4; 6:146; 16:116.
TABLET, WELL PRESERVED	
Holy Qur'ān contained in —.	85:23.
TABLETS OF MOSES	
<ul> <li>— contained directions on all matters.</li> </ul>	7:146.
<ul> <li>thrown aside by Moses in his wrath and picked up by him</li> </ul>	
when his wrath subsided.	7:151, 155.
TABŪK, THE EXPEDITION TO	
Muslims enjoined to march forth to —.	9:41.
Length of the journey to —.	9:42.
ŢĀGHŪT	
<ul> <li>are transgressors who exceed all bound</li> </ul>	
and must be shunned2:257, 258; 4:52, 61,	77; 5:61; 16:37; 39:18.
TAYAMMUM (Symbolic Ablution)	
—, when permissible.	4:44; 5:7.
THEFT	
Punishment for —.	5:39.
TORAH	
<ul> <li>was revealed to Moses, containing guidance and light</li> </ul>	
and all necessary instructions for Banī Isrā'īl3:4; 5:45; 6:155	; 23:50; 28:44; 37:118.
Mosaic Prophets decided according to	5:45.
Prophecies concerning the Holy Prophet <sup>sa</sup> of Islām in —	7:158; 48:30.
Those who profess belief in — but do not carry out its commandmen	nts62:6.
Promise of ample provision to believers in - if they had believe	
People of invited to believe in the Holy Prophet <sup>sa</sup> .	5:16, 17, 20.
	_2:80; 3:79; 5:14, 16.
TOWNS, MOTHER OF (UMMUL-QURĀ)	
Mecca as	6:93.
TRADE	
— is lawful	2:276; 4:30.
should not divert attention from Prayer or remembrance of Allāh	
which is most profitable.	_61:11-14; 35: 30, 31.
Taking error in exchange for guidance is wasteful —.	2:17.
TREATIES	9:4,7,12,13.
TRINITY	
condemnation of —.	4:172; 5:74.
TRUMPET	
Blowing of6:74; 18:100; 20:103; 23:102; 27:88; 36:52; 39:6	9; 50:21; 69:14; 78:19.
UĻUD	
Battle of —	3:122, 123.
$a \ i \ u \   \ h \ 2 \   \ h \ 7 \   \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \   \ dh \ \dot{s} \   \ s \ 0 \ 999 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \$	، '   ق q أ ج gh ، ?   ع ' ۶

Index
-------

Enemy returned to Mecca frustrated	3:128
lessons to be drawn from	3:140-144, 153-172
Causes of misfortune at —.	3:153, 154
Muslims got the upper hand at first.	3:153
Enemy assumed offensive after retreat.	3:154
Murmurs of hypocrites at	3:155
	3:156
Holy Prophet <sup>sa</sup> dealt with them gently.	3:160
WAR	
— is a conflagration and Allāh's purpose is to put it out.	5:65
<ul> <li>is permitted against aggression.</li> </ul>	
is permitted in defence of freedom of religion.	2:194
Transgression not permitted in —	2:191, 193, 194; 16:127
Fighting to be stopped if enemy is inclined to do so but no	t out of fear8:62, 63; 47:36
Treaties must be observed.	9:4
Justice must be observed despite hostility.	5:9
Duty to safeguard security.	8:61
Duty to be on guard.	2,201
Duty to be steadfast in battle.	
Those killed in just — are martyrs.	2:155; 3:141, 170
Armageddon.	
Organisation for stopping —.	49:10, 11
WAR, PRISONERS OF	
can only be taken in course of regular fighting.	8:68
— should be released as a favour or in return for ransom	
Marriage may be arranged for —	24:33
Conditional release of .	24:34
WATER (Revelation)	
— as source of life.	11:8; 21:31
WISE, THE	
Characteristics of —.	13:20-25
WITNESSES	
Requirement of two male - or one male and two female -	
for facility of preservation of evidence.	2:283
Will, attestation of, by two —.	5:107-109
WOMAN	
(i) GENERAL	
Spiritual equality between men and women.	3:196; 33:36; 57:13
Bounty of Allāh that	
He has created your mates of the same species	7:190; 16:73; 30:22; 42:12
The has created your mates of the same species.	
Men are guardians over women.	4:35

#### Index

— is permanent relationship	
Permission to marry up to four wives	4
Equal treatment of wives.	4:130; 33
Person fearing he may not deal justly with more wives	
than one should marry only one wife.	
Reciprocal rights and obligations.	
Confining women guilty of misbehaviour.	
Relationship of husband and wife is like that of garment and wearer	
, a source of comfort for each other.	7:19
Beneficence between each other.	
— is a binding covenant.	4:2
is obligatory, subject to means.	
<ul> <li>with idolaters is forbidden.</li> </ul>	
Object of —.	2;2
Proposal for during women's waiting period is forbidden.	
Marrying women under compulsion is forbidden.	
Women with whom marriage is forbidden.	4:23-
Divorced women and widows are free to remarry.	2:233, 235, 2
	2:241;65:2
(iii) DOWRY	
on marriage prescribed.	4:
Substitute for —	2:2
Wife may remit —.	4
(iv) COHABITATION	
— forbidden during menstruation period.	2:2:
	2:1
forbidden during fast	
— forbidden during period of pilgrimage.	2:1
—, object of	2:2
(v) WAITING PERIOD ('IDDAT) BEFORE REMARRI	AGE
—, observance of	65
— for widow	2:2
— for a divorced woman	2:2
— for a pregnant woman.	65
— for women who do not menstruate	65
(vi) DIVORCE	
Procedure for —	2:230, 2
Revocable —	2:2
Irrevocable —.	2:2
Arrangements concerning children after —	2:2
(vii) PERIOD OF GIVING SUCK	
— is two years.	2:2
$u \mid   th \stackrel{\circ}{\to} h^{\frac{1}{p}} \tau \mid kh^{\frac{1}{p}}   dh \stackrel{\circ}{\to}   s \mid s \stackrel{\circ}{\to} \underbrace{(100)}_{100} \frac{1}{p} \stackrel{\circ}{\to}   s \mid s \stackrel{\circ}{\to} \frac{1}{p}   s \mid s$	

(viii) VOWING ABSTINENCE FROM WIVES, (ĪLĀ')	
period of maximum waiting.	2:227, 22
ORM OF THE EARTH (DĀBBATUL ARD)	
— meaning one following low desires.	34:1
— meaning germs of plague.	
ORSHIP	
Object of —.	1:5; 2:2
(i) ŞALĀT; (NAMĀZ OR OBLIGATORY PRAYER)	
Obligatory —.	4:104; 24:
Ablution for .	5
Prohibition against offering - when not in full control of senses or in	astate of impurity. 4:4
Postures of —	22:2
Times of2:239; 4:104; 1	1:115: 17:79: 30:18.
Observance of —2:44, 111, 278; 5:50	6: 8:4; 9:71; 27:4; 31
Watching over —.	2:2:
— when it may be shortened	4:10
, form of, in face of the enemy.	
Friday—	62:10-
Tahajjud (prayer before dawn).	
<ul> <li>safeguards against misconduct.</li> </ul>	
constancy in .	70:2
-, neglect of, condemned.	107:5
Exhorting others to performance of —.	
Offering — in congregation.	
Offering with propriety and in a state of purity.	4:44; 7::
Allāh provides for those who are constant in —.	
(ii) FASTING	
— prescribed during month of Ramadān.	2:184-18
Exemption from	
Expiation for —.	2:18
(iii) PILGRIMAGE (HAJJ)	
is obligatory upon every Muslim who can afford the journe	y. 3:9
Directions concerning —.	
Punishment for those who hinder people from the Sacred Mosque	e. 22::
Abraham was commanded to proclaim — unto mankind.	
Object of	22:29-3
(iv) ZAKĀT (CAPITAL LEVY)	
— prescribed 2:1	11; 22:79; 24:57; 73:
objects of —.	9:0
disbursement of .	

 $a \ i \ u \ | \ h \ \tau \ | \ kh \ \dot{\tau} \ | \ dh \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \ \dot{s} \ | \ \dot{s} \$ 

Inden	
ZACHARIAH	
Allāh's favour bestowed upon—.	3:39-42; 19:3-12.
ZAKĀT — (See Under WORSHIP)	

Index

	in hi	is notes t	o this edition	
Word	Ref.	Page	Word Re	f. Pag
Ākhirah	29:21	576	Minhum2:2:	54 56
Aghrainā	5:15	150	Muqtaşid 37:1	14 658
Akābira mujrimīhā	6:124	197	Muşaddiqan 3:4	,5 67
Al-Fātihah	43:5	720	Nakkirū lahā 'arshahā 27:	39 548
Al-Furqān Al-Qāri'ah	3:5	67	Naqīb5:	13 149
Al-Qāri <sup>‡</sup> ah	69:5	854	Qabla mautihī 4:10	50 141
An tamīda bikum	16:16	377	Qā'imam bil qist 3:	19 70
Aqīmuşşalāta	10:88	300	Qatta'na aidiyahunna 12:	32 331
As-sāʻah	43:62	727	Qayyim12:4	41 333
'Asainā	4:47	116	Rafa'a4:15	59 141
Ațțair	38:20	665	Ribbiyvīn 3:14	17 92
Adha	2:223	4/	Sābiq bilkhairāt         37:1           Şadra         6:12           Šā'ibah         5:10	14 658
'Aẓīm Baḥīrah	6:16	177	Sadra 6:12	26 197
Bahīrah	5:104	169	Sā'ibah 5:10	)4169
Baidun	37:50	653	I Sami'nā wa at'anā 4:4	47 116
Baidum maknūn	37:50	653	Sau'ātuhumā 20:12	22 455
Dābbah	34:15	623	Shubbiha4:15	58 140
Dīnul-Qayyimah12:	$\overline{41}, 30:31$	333	l Taklīmā 4:10	65 143
Faraddū aidiyahum			Tayyib 2:10	59 34
fī afwāhihim	14:10	356	Thiyābaka74 Ukhrā29:2	:5 874
Fī sabīlillāh	4:101	128	Ukhrā 29:2	$21^{}576$
Fu'ād	32:10	602	Ulā'ika 11:1	18 308
Fī sabīlillāh Fu'ād Hāmi	5:104	170	$\int \overline{U}$ lil amri minkum 4.6	60 119
Huwa baidatul bala	ad 37:50	653	Ummah 11:1	8 308
Ikhtilāfan kathīrar	1 <sup>-</sup> 4:83 <sup>-</sup>	123	Ummul-Kitāb 43 Ummul-Qurā 42	:5 720
Innā bikullin kāfirū	in 28:49	565	Ummul-Qurā 42:	:8 710
Innalladhīna	4:158	140	Waj'alū buyūtakum	
Isran	2:287	66	giblatan 10:8	38 300
Ivvākum	34:41	628		04 169
İyyākum Idturra Jibāl	6:146	202	Yakhrusūn 6:11	195 195
Jibāl	38:19	665	Yakhruṣūn6:1 Yalbisakum6:6	56 186
Jannah	7:21	209	Yuhadhdhiru kumullahu	
Junuban	4:44	115	nafsahū3:2	
Junuban Kahlan	5:111	172	1 Zabūr 4.16	$54 \overline{143}$
Kahlan Kun fayakūn	2:118	24		56 404
Kursī	2:256	57	1 Zalim 3/:1	14 658
Lahū	18:2		Zālimul linafsihī 37:1	14658
Maghdūb	1:7	1	Zulm37:12	14 658
Mā'idah	16.16	377	·	

Explanatory List of some Quranic Words and Expressions as explained by Ḥaḍrat Mirzā Ṭāhir Aḥmad Fourth Successor of the Promised Messiah<sup>as</sup> in his notes to this edition

# List of References of Proposed Translations by Hadrat Mirzā Tāhir Ahmad Fourth Successor of the Promised Messiah<sup>as</sup>

First number indicates reference, then comes page number. References without brackets indicate proposed translation only. References in brackets indicate explanatory note only and references in brackets with starlet indicate proposed translation with note.

Al-Fātiḥah		(3:174)	92	(4:159)	140
(1:7)*	1	3:153	93	(4:160) (4:164)* (4:165)	141
Al-Baqarah		(3:154)	94	(4:164)*	143
2:7		3:160	96	(4:165)	143
2:11	$\frac{2}{3}$	3:170	98	Al-Mā'idah	-
(2:19)	4	3:185 3:194	100	(5:3)*	146
2:26	5	3:194	102	(5:13)	$^{-}149$
2:31	7	An-Nisā'		(5:14)*	150
2:35	8	4:2	105	(5:15)	150
2:76	15	4:4	105	(5:21)*	152
2:113	23	(4:6)*	106	5:42	156
(2:118)	_24	4:7	106	5.56	160
(2:139)	28	4:13	108	5:65	161
(2:147)*	30	4:7 4:13 (4:36)*	114	5.07	162
2:167	_34	(4:44)*	115	5:74	163
(2:169)*	_34	(4:47)	116	5:76	164
(2:179)	36	4:48	117	5:80	165
(2:188)	39	4:58	_118	5:91	_167
(2:189)	- 39	(4:60) <sup>∗</sup>	_119	5:92	_167
(2:223)* (2:254) (2:256)*	_47	4:63	_119	(5:102)*	_169
(2:254)	56	(4:67)	120	(5:104)	_169
(2:256)*	_57	(4:83)	_123	5:106	_170
2:268	60	(4:84)	124	(5:108)*	_171
(2:277)	_62	4:86	_124	5:109	$_{171}$
(2:287)	_65	(4:87)	_124	5:110	_172
Āl-e-'Imrān		4:93	_126	(5:111)	_172
(3:4,5)*	67	(4:101)	128	Al-An'ām	
3:16	69	4:104	_129	6:4	_175
(3:19)	70	4:106	_130	6:7	175
(3:29)	72	4:114	131	6:13	$_{177}$
3:37	_73	4:115	131	(6:16)	_177
(3:74)*	_80	4:118	132	6:18	_177
3:80	81	4:120	132	6:19	_177
3:114	87	4:130	_134	6:20	_178
3:131	90	4:136	_135	6:25	_178
3:134	90	4:143	_137	6:37	_181
3:139	91	4:154	139 139	6:40 6:41	$\frac{181}{181}$
5.157		(4:158)			

6:46	182	7:204	242	Yūnus	
6:50	183	Al-Anfāl		10:3	284
6:57	184	8:18	245	10:4	284
(6:66)*	185	8:28	247	10:6	285
6:69	186	8:37	248	10:13	286
(6:74)*	187	8:43	249	10:14	286
6:90	190	8:48	251	10:16	287
6:92	190	8:56	252	10:18	287
6:111	194	8:72	255	10:19	287
(6:117)	195	8:73	255	10:20	287
6:121	196	At-Taubah		10:21	288
(6:124)*	197	9:3	257	10:22	288
(6:126)*	197	9:4	257	10:23	288
6:137	199	9:5	257	10:24	289
6:138	199	9:12	259	10:25	289
6:140	200	9:17	260	10:29	290
6:144	201	9:18	260	10:30	290
(6:146)	202	9:26	262	10:32	291
6:149	202	9:29	262	10:33	291
6:150	203	9:30	262	10:35	291
6:152	203	9:36	264	10:37	292
6:155	204	9:38	264	10:41	292
6:162	206	9:47	266	10:42	292
6:165	206	9:59	268	10:46	293
6:166	206	9:61	269	10:47	293
Āl-A'rāf		9:74 9:78	271 272	10:51	294
7:5	207	9:78	$-\frac{272}{273}$	10:56	295
(7:21)*	209	9:81	-273 273	10:62	296
7:32	211	9:95	-275 276	10:64	296
7:38	213	9:93	-276 276	10:66	296
7:41	213	9:100	277	10:67	296
7:79	220	9:100	278	10:68	297
7:86	221	9:104	278	10:71	297
7:90	222	9:105	-278	10:73	298
7:103	224	9:100	278	10:74	298
7:157	233	9:109	-278 279	10:84	299
7:158	233	9:110	279	(10:88)*	300
7:159	234 234	9:111	279	10:89	300
7:160 7:165	-234 235	9:118	281	10:91	301
7:165	-235 235	9:120	281	10:92	301
7:172	-235 237	9:120	282	Hūd	-
7:172	-237	9:123	-282	11:2	305
7:190	-240	9:126	282	11:4	305
		I 7,120	_205		

C1006

11:7	306	Ar-Ra'd		16:85	388
(11:18)*	308	13:4	346	16:91	389
11:35	311	13:5	346	16:97	390
11:68	316	13:7	347	16:107	392
11:71	317	13:15	348	16:113	393
11.72	317	13:40		16:116	393
(11:79)*	318	Ibrāhīm		16:118	394
(11:82)	318	(14:40)	356	(16:121)*	394
11:86	319	14:15	358	16:122	394
11:92	320	14:18	358	(16:125)*	395
11:99	321	14:19	358	Banī Isrā'ī	1
11:100	322	14:20	358	17:2	396
11:115	324	14:34	361	17:6	396
Yūsuf		14:41	362	17:8	
12:3	326	14:47	363	17:12	397
12:4	326	14:53	364	17:13	398
12:7	326	Al-Hijr		17:14	398
12:16	328	15:11	366	17:17	398
12:19	328	15:17	366	17:24	399
12:21	329	15:27	367	17:30	_400
12:22	329	15:28	367	17:47	_403
12:23	329	15:48	369	(17:56)*	404
12:25	329	15:56	370	17:105	_411
$(12:3\overline{2})$		15:72	371	17:107	_412
(12:41)	333	15:80	371	17:111	_412
12:44	333	15:86	372	Al-Kahf	
12:50	334	15:89	372	(18:2)*	_413
12:51	_334	15:90	372	18:12 18:18	414 415
12:52	335	15:91	373	18:18	415
12:53	335	(15:92)*	373	(18:22)*	416
12:54	335	An-Naḥl		18:23	417
12:59	336	16:3	375	18:27	417
12:60	336	16:6	375	18:38	419
12:69	338	16:12	376	18:45	420
12:81	340	(16:16)*	377	18:47	421
12:84	340	16:44	381	18:51	422
12:85	340	16:45	381	18:56	422
12:86	341	16:53	383	18:62	424
12:91	341	16:61	384	18:64	424
12:102	343	16:70	385	18:70	425
12:105	343	16:71	385	18:104	429
12:109	344	16:80	387	Maryam	
12:111	344	16:84	388	19:24	433
		~~~~			

C1007

19:26	433	22:76	485	25:69	523
19:70	438	22:77	485	25:75	524
19:87	440	Al-Mu'ı		25:76	524
Tā Hā		23:10	487	Ash-Shu	'arā'
20:12	443	23:21	488	26:15	527
20:16	443	23:25	489	26:22	527
20:23	443	23:31	490	26:43	529
20:26	444	23:38	491	26:65	531
20:28		23:51	492	26:73	531
20:45	445	23:53	492	26:80	532
20:61	447	23:54	492	26:90	532
20:85	450	23:58	493	26:92	532
20:89	451	23:72	494	26:108	534
(20:95)	451	23:88	496	26:126	535
20:109	453	23:98	497	26:130	535
20:114	454	23:103	497	26:136	535
20:122	455	23:104	498	26:144	536
20:130	456	23:105	498	26:149	536
20:130	457	23:109	498	26:157	537
Al-Anbiya		23:117	499	26:163	537
21:4	458	An-N	lūr	26:169	538
21:4	458	24:3	500	26:174	538
21:11	459	24:16	502	26:179	538
21:14	459	24:23	503	26:183	539
21:23	460	24:32	505	26:184	539
(21:64)*	465	24:34	506	26:185	539
21:70	466	24:37	507	26:199	540
21:88	468	24:38	507	26:200	540
21:92	469	24:40	508	26:212	541
21:95	470	24:46	509	An-Na	
21:106	471	24:55	510	27:13	544
21:107	471	24:61	512	27:19	545
Al-Hajj		24:63	513	27:20	545
22:2	473	24:65	514	27:21	545
22:3	473	Al-Fu	rqān	27:22	545
(22:6)*	474	25:24	518	27:34	547
22:12	475	25:28	518	(27:39)*	548
22:25	477	25:40	520	27:41	548
22:30	478	25:41	520	27:42	549
22:31	478	25:53	521	(27:45)	
22:36	479	25:56	522	27:48	550
22:64	483	25:60	522	27:51	550
(22:66)*	484	25:62	523	27:53	550
		-		-	

C 1008

27:56	551	29:62	582	35:37	637
27:57	551	Ar-Rūm		35:46	639
27:60	551	(30:31)*		Yā Sīn	
27:73	553	30.37	-590	36:9	640
27:82	554	30:37 30:44 30:58	591	36:31	643
27:83	554	30.58	593	1 10.18	043
27:85	555	Luqmān		36:39	643
27:86	555	31.29	599		044
27:86 27:89	555	31:29 As-Sajdah		36:56	645
		(32:10)*	602	30:09	047
Al-Qaşaş 28:4	557	32:22	603	36:70	647
28:9	558	Al-Aḥzāb		36:71 36:76 36:83	647
28:9 28:11	558	33:5	606	36:76	648
28:12	558	33:6	606		
28:13	558	33:6 33:7 33:11	607	Aş-Şaffāt	
28:13 28:14	559		000	37:7 37:9 37:12 37:20	650
28:16	559	33:16	608	37:9	_650
28:16 28:19	560	33:21	609	37:12	650
28:25 28:29	561	33:34	612	37:20	_651
28:29	562	33:47	614	37:29	_652
28:31	562	33:49	015	(37:50)	_653
28:33	562	33:50	615	37:80 37:85	_655
28:39 (28:48)* (28:40)*	563	33:52	616	37:85	_656
(28:48)*	565	33:54	616	37:87	_656
(20:49)	303	33:58	617	37:104	_657
28:50	566	33:60 33:61 33:70	618	(37:114)*	_658
28:67	568	33:61	618	37:118	_658
28:72	569	55.70	017	37:142 37:152	_660
28:73	569	33:72	619	37:152	660 661
28:77 28:82	570	33:73	620	37:159	_001
28:82	571	Sabā'		Şād	(())
Al-'Ankab		34:11 (34:15) 34:17	622	38:6 38:7	663
29:3	573	(34:15)	623	38:7	663
29:7 29:9	573	54.17	024	20:0	_003
29:9	574	34:35 (34:41)*	627	38:9	_663
29:11 29:14	574	(34:41)*	_628	38:13	664
29:14	575	34:50	629	38:14	664
29:15	575	(34:53)	630	38:15	664
29:15 29:17 (29:21)* 29:30	575	34:54	_630	38:16 38:18	664 665
(29:21)*		Fāțir		30:10	
29:30 29:39 20:45	$-\frac{377}{570}$	35:9	_632	(38:19)	005 665
29:39		35:11 35:16	_632	(38:20) 38:21	005 665
<u> </u>		35:16	_634	50.21	_005

C1009

38:33667		Muḥammad
38:34 667	41:25 703	47:3749
38:36 667	41:26 703	47:5749
38:43 668	41:36 705	47:6750
38:44 668	41:40 706	47:7750
38:46 669	41:41 706	47:21752
38:47 669	41:48 707	47:25753
38:65 670	41:49 708	47:32 753
38:76 671	41:52 708	47:36754
38:89 672	41:54 708	Al-Fatḥ
Az-Zumar	Ash-Shūrā	48:7756
39:3 673	42:4 710	48:13758
39:5 673		48:24760
39:7 674		48:27761
39:10 675		48:30761
39:17 676		Al-Ḥujurāt
39:29 678		49:2 763
39:30 678		49:4 763
39:43 680		49:5 763
39:46 680		49:12 765
39:57 682		49:13 765
39:62 683		49:14 765
39:68 684		49:18 766
Al-Mu'min	43:16 721	Oāf
40:11 687	43:24 722	50:2 767
40:13 687		50:17 768
40:15 688	43:33 724	50:43 771
40:16 688	43:40 725	Adh-Dhāriyāt
40:17 688	43:45725	51:2 772
40:21 689	43:58 727	51:3 772
40:22 689	(43:62)*727	51:4 772
40:26 690	43:70 728	51:5 772
40:27 690		51:9 772
40:31 691		51:10 772
40:33691		51:11 772
40:37692	45.10 720	51:12 772
40:57695	45.10 729	51:15 773
40:65696	45:24 739	51:20 773
Hā Mīm As-Sajdah	45.28 740	51:29 774
41:4700	45:36 741	51:40 775
41:6700		51:48 776
41:10701	46.10 745	51:56 776
41:11701	46:28 747	51:60 777
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	I, , , , ,

List of References of Proposed Translations

(1010)

Aţ-Ţūr	770
52:10	_778
52:11	778
52:20	779
52:35	780
52:36	780
52:45	781
52:46	781
An-Najm	
53:2	_783
53:7	783
53:8	783
53:12	783
53:25	784
53:26	784
53:31	785
53:33	785
53:40	786
53:41	786
53:54	787
53:55	787
Al-Qamar	
54:25	790
54:29	790
54:30	790
Ar-Raḥmān	_
55:5	793
55:20	794
55:32	795
55:36	795
55:47	796
55:49	796
Al-Wāqi'ah	
56:3	799
56:4	799
56:9	799
56:10	799
56:14	799
56:15	800
56:24	800
56:28	800
56:39	801
56:40	801

56:42	801
56:56	_
20:20	_802
56:58	802
56:62	803
56:66	803
56:76	804
56:82	
	804
56:91	805
56:92	805
Al-Hadīd	
57:18	809
57:22	810
57:26	810
57:28	811
Al-Mujādala	h
58:13	815
58:14	815
Al-Hashr	
59:7	819
59:10	819
59:10	_820
59:20	821
59:23	822
59:24	822
Al-Mumtahin:	ah
60:3	823
As-Saf	_025
61:6	827
61:15	829
Al-Munāfiqū	
63:5	832
63:8	833
At-Taghābur	1
64:3	835
64:4	835
64:7	835
64:17 64:17	
64:1/	837
At-Taḥrm	
65:2	838
65:5	839
65:7	839
At-Taḥrīm	
66:3	842
66:10	_844

Al-Mulk	
67:5	_845
67:12	_846
67:13	_846
67:31	_848
Al-Qalam	
68:23	850
68:25	850
68:26	850
68:32	851
68:53	853
Al-Hāqqah	_
(69:5)*	_854
69:11	855
69:18	_855
69:28	_856
69:37	_857
69:45	_857
69:47	_857
69:48	_857
Al-Ma'ārij	
70:26	_860
70:29	_860
70:35	861
70:44	_862
Nūķ	~ ~ •
71:8	_863
71:9	_863
71:11	_864
71:14	_864
71:15	_864
71:16	_864
71:18	_864
71:19	_864
71:27	_865
Al-Jinn	
72:27	_869
72:28	_870
Al-Muzzamm	
73:2	_871
73:18	_872

¢

Al-Muddaththir	Al-Burūj	96:12926
74:4 874	85:2 907	96:13 926
(74:5)*874	85:4907 85:5907 85:14008	920
74:27875	85:5 907	96:15 927
74:28875	85:14908 85:17908 85:21008	96:16 927
74:29 875	85:17 908	96:17927
74:30 875	85:21908	96:16         927           96:17         927           96:18         927
74:29       875         74:30       875         74:43       877	At-Tārig	Al-Oadr
Al-Qiyāmah	At-Ţāriq 86:12909	97:5 <u>928</u> 97:6 <u>928</u>
75:3 878	86:16 909 86:17 909	97:6928
75:6 878	86:17 909	l Al-Bavvinah
75:3878 75:6878 75:15879	Al-Ghāshiyah	98:3929 98:4929
75:21 879	88:20913	98:4929
75:22 879	88.73 013	AL-LIILAI
75:22879 75:37880	Al-Fair	99:6931
Ad-Dahr	Al-Fajr           89:9         914           89:12         914           89:22         915	Al-'Ādiyāt
76:3 881	89:12 914	100:6932
76:17     882       76:22     883       76:31     884	89:22 915	Al-Qāri'ah
76:22 883	Al-Balad	101:10933
76:31 884	90.11 917	At-Takāthur
	90:12 917	102:2934
77:2 885	90:13 917	102:3 <u>934</u> 102:6 <u>934</u>
77:3 885	90:12         917           90:13         917           90:21         918	102:6934
Ai-Wursalat           77:2         885           77:3         885           77:4         885           77:5         885           77:6         885           77:7         885           77:33         887           77:34         887	Ash-Shams	Al-'Aṣr
77:5885	91:2 919	103:2935
77:6885	91:10919 91:15920	Al-Humazah
77:7885	91:15920	104:5936
77:33887	I Al-Lail	104:6936
77:34887	92:7921	104:8 936
1311 1 141/4	Aḍ-Đuḥā	101:5       936         104:6       936         104:8       936         104:9       936         104:10       936
78:3889	93:11 923 93:12 923	Quraish
78:12889	93:12923	106:2 <u>937</u>
78:19890 78:25890	Al-Inshirāņ	106.2 937
78:25 890	94:9924	106:3 <u>937</u> 106:4 <u>937</u>
78:26     890       78:27     890       78:38     891	At-Tīn	Al-Mā'ūn
78:38 891	95:4 925	107:7938
An-Nāzi'āt	95:5 <u>925</u> 95:6 <u>925</u>	107:8 938
79:2 <u>892</u>	41-'Alaq	Al-Lahab
79.3 892	96.2 926	(111:2)*940
79:4 892	96:2926 96:3926	111:5940
79:5 892	96:4926	Al-Falaq
79:3     892       79:4     892       79:5     892       79:6     892	96:5926	113:2941

List of References of Proposed Translations

C1012